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HYMENOPTERA.-Vol. I.

WASPS AND BEES

BY

LIEUT.-COLONEL C T BINGHAM.



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INTRODUCTION.

HYWENOPTERA.

THE Order Hymenoptera comprises the Sawfies, the Gallflies, the Ichneumons, the Ants, the Sand- and Wood-wasps, the Wasps

proper, and the Bees

It is now generally admitted that Hymenoptera have a right to be considered the most highly developed mentally of all insects Certain forms, as the ants, the social bees, and wasps, live in large communities, have a regular and organized division of classes and labour, and frequently maintain complex social relations with insects of other orders that, as guests or parasites, harbour in their nests

The Hymenoptera are distinguished from all other insects by

the following general characters —

Mandibles always present and conspicuous, even when the rest of the oral parts are more or less changed and bnormal. In the higher forms, the thotax and abdomen are remarkably modified. The first segment of the abdomen is separated from the remaining segments by a complex and extremely flexible joint, and is united to the posterior portion of the thorax, forming with it a consolidated mass, which has appropriately been called the "alitrunk' by Dr. Sharp. Wings four, membranous, with comparatively few nervures, enclosing spaces or cells irregular in shape and limited in number, the posterior wings smaller than the anterior Abdomen in the female furnished at its apex, with a saw, borer, ovipositor, or sting

Larva in the more highly developed genera and families always vermiform and footless, but in some of the lower forms with thoracic and abdominal legs, the latter frequently numerous Pupa mactive, the parts as in the image, but more or less

colourless and enveloped in a thin delicate membrane

The head of a hymenopterous insect is quite free from the thorax and often remarkably mobile. It varies but little in shape the vertex (figs 1, 2, & 3, a) is usually more or less convex and transverse, very often broad and subquadrate, the check (fig 1, b) has behind the eye, and when the lower rim of the latter does not extend down to the base of the mandibles it includes the space between the eyes and the mandibles, the compound eyes (fig 1, c, figs 2 & 3, d, d) occupy the sides of the head, and are built up generally of many facets, but in some of the ants are reduced to one facet. On the vertex (sometimes a little below it) are placed

the simple eyes or ocelli (figs 2 & 3, b), three in number, these may be present or absent, complete, or distorted as in some of the Sphegidæ Below the vertex is the front (figs 2 & 3, c), on which are inserted the antennæ (fig 1, d-f, figs 2 & 3, e-f) The parts of the autenna are the scape (fig 1, d, figs 2 & 3, e, e) and the flagellum (fig 1, e-f, figs 2 & 3, f, f) The scape or basal joint of the antenna is sometimes elongate as in the Heterogyna or Ants

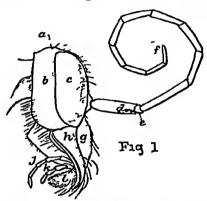


Fig 1—Salus aureosericeus Side view of head much enlarged—a, vertex, b, check, c, compound eye, d, scape of antenna, e-f, fingellum of antenna, g, clypeus h, mandible, j, maxillar, palpus, h, labial palpus, l, portion of maxilla

the flagellum is, as a rule, divided into eleven joints in the female and twelve in the male, the apical joint or joints in the latter sex being sometimes more or less modified, e g, curved into a hook as in some of the Diploptera, spined and excavate below as in some of the Fossores (Bembea), or dilated and flattened as in a few of Below the base of the autennæ is a more or less the Anthophila conspicuous and shield-like plate called the clypeus (figs 1, 2, & 3, q), the form of which affords valuable specific or, sometimes, generic Beneath the clypeus and hinged on to its anterior margin is the labrum (figs 2 & 3, h) this is variable in size and form, and is frequently entirely concealed underneath the clypeus, while in a few genera it is exserted and elongate to an extraordinary extent. The part underneath the labrum is the extraordinary extent The mandibles (fig 1, h figs 2 & 3, 1, 1) are hinged epipharynx to the apex of the cheeks below and fold over or under the labrum, under all modifications in size and shape they remain conspicuously cutting or crushing machines On the underside of the lower or face portion of the head is a hollow into which fit the softer mouth-parts when at rest These latter consist chiefly of the labium and the maxillæ (figs 4 & 5) The labrum is attached to the side walls of the buccal hollow, through narrow joints, the lora and the cardines The upper portion of the labium forms the submentum and mentum, from the apex of the latter at the sides spring the labial palpi (fig 4, k, k), and from between the labial palpi, the *ligula* or tongue (fig 4, m), ensheathed at base by the *paraglossæ* (fig 4, l, l) Both the ligula and paraglossæ are very variable in form. On each side of the labium are the *maxillæ* (fig 5), sheath-like organs with a basal portion, the *stipes* (fig 5, n), and an apical lobe, the *galea* (fig 5, p)

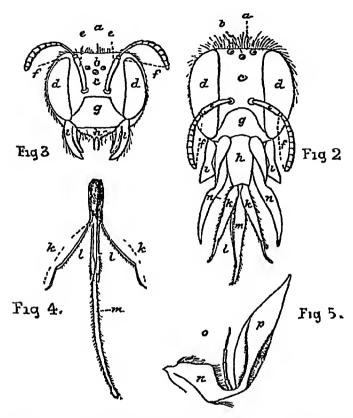


Fig 2—Common Honey-bee (Apis mellifera) Front view of head much enlarged a, vertex, b, ocelli, c, front, d, d, compound eyes, c, e, scape of antennæ, f, f, flagellum of antennæ, q, clypeus, h, labrum, i, i, mandibles, h, h, labral palpi, l, one of the paraglossæ of the tongue, m, ligula or tongue, n, maxilla

Fig 3—Xylocopa dissimilis Front view of head much enlarged a, vertex, b, ocelli, c, front, d, d, compound eves, e, e, scape of antenna, f, f,

flagellum of antenne, g, clypeus, h, labrum, t, i, mandibles

Fig 4—Xylocopa dissimilis Labium much enlarged k, k, labial palpi, l, l, paraglosse, m, ligula

Fig 5—Xylocopa dissimilis Maxilla much enlarged n, stipes, o, maxillary palpus, p, galea

Close to the junction of the stipes with the galea springs the mavillary palpus (fig 5, o) The form and structure of the mouthparts are of great value in the classification of the Hymenoptera

The thorax proper is composed of three segments—the pro-, meso-, and metathorax The prothorax is remarkable for the

detachment of the side pieces (fig 8, α a) from the notum and their great development. In many species these side pieces completely overlie the prosternum. The mesothorar consists of a broad, generally convex plate, the mesonotum (fig 6, α , & fig 7, α), a posterior portion, the scutum or scutellum (fig 6, α , & fig 7, α),

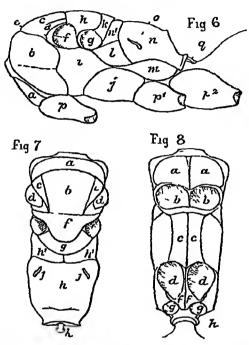


Fig 6—Salins aureosenceus Side view of alitimal or thorax and median segment, much enlarged a prosternum, b pronotum, c, mesonotum, d, parapside of mesonotum, c, tegula, f, site of articulation of fore wing, g, site of articulation of hind wing h, scutchium, i, episternum, gepimeron (2 & j united form the mesopleuron) h, postscitchium of anterior portion of metanotum, n, posterior portion of metanotum, n, epimeron (1 & m united form the metapleuron), n, 1st true abdominal segment, the median segment or propodeum, o, false stigmata, p, p, p, come of legs, q, inniculus

Fig 7—Thor ix seen from above a, pronotium, b, mesonotium, c, c, parapsides of mesonotium, d, d, tegulæ of fore wings, f, soutellium, g, postscutellium, h^{t} , h^{t} , posterior portion of metanotium, h, median segment, f, f, false

stigmati, I, funculus

Fig 8—Thomas from below a, a, side pieces of prothorm overlying the prosternum, b b, d d, q g, sites of articulation of the legs, c, c, mesosternum, f, f, metasternum, h, ventral plate of median segment

side pieces, the episternum (fig 6, 1) and epimeron (fig 6, 1), these two united making up the mesopleuron, and lastly the mesosternum (fig 8, c, c). The mesonotum is frequently divided by oblique longitudinal grooves, the side pieces being called the parapsides (fig 6, d, & fig 7, c, c). The metathorar similarly has

a dorsal plate, the metanotum (fig 6, k, n^{i} ; fig 7, g, h^{i} , h^{i}), the anterior portion of which is called the postscutellum, side pieces, episternum (fig 6, l) and epimeron (fig 6, m), the two together forming the metapleuron, and the metasternum (fig 8, f, f)

In all the higher Hymenoptera, as noted above, the basal segment of the abdomen is closely amalgamated with the metathorax (fig 6, n, & fig 7, h) This segment has been variously called "Latreille's segment," the "propodeum," or the "median segment"

Throughout this work I have preferred to use the term "median segment" as being most generally known. The median segment has very often short oblique lateral slits or grooves with their anterior edge raised and prominent these slits or grooves are the so-called "talse stigmata" (fig. 7, j, j). The ventral plate of the median segment (fig. 8, h) cau generally be made out with but little difficulty. The sculpture of the thorax and of the median segment is largely used in the discrimination of the species.

The appendages of the thorax are the legs and the wings. The legs, as in all insects, are six in number, attached to the underside of the thorax by their basal joints, the cox a (fig 9, a) the fore legs are articulated to the prothorax, the intermediate pair to the mesothorax, and the posterior to the metathorax. Below the cox are the trochanters (fig 9, b) these may be simple, in one piece, as in the bulk of the Aculeuta, or in two with an articulation between, as in most of the Parastica Articulated to the trochanters below are the femora (fig 9, c), below these the tibia (fig 9, d), and below the tibia the tarsi (fig 9, f). The tarsus in Hymenoptera is 5-jointed, with very few exceptions the basal joint (fig 9, g) or metatarsus is usually the longest, the apical joint (fig 9, l) is invariably provided with two claws (fig 9, m, m), which may be simple, bifid, or dentate beneath. Between the claws lies the pad or pulvillus, which, however, is absent in many genera

The legs of Hymenoptera, especially the tibiæ and tars, are as a rule more or less furnished with spines, stiff hairs, or pubescence of some kind, the presence or absence and disposition of which afford valuable characters for the discrimination of species and even of genera

The wings (figs 10 and 11) are invariably four in number, and nearly always present in the imago in both seves. The females, and more rarely the males in a few forms, are apterous. Among the Heterogyna, or Ants, the fully-developed females and the males only are provided with wings, the neuters or workers (more correctly the females with arrested development) being apterous. The anterior wings are attached to the sides of the mesothorax (fig. 6 f., site of attachment of fore wing), and the points of junction are protected and covered by little plates or shields, the tegulæ (fig. 6, e., fig. 7, d, d). The posterior wings are borne by the metathorax, and their points of junction with the thorax are slightly lower in a vertical direction than those of the fore wings.

The wings, as already stated above, are membranous, divided by nervures into irregular spaces or cells which in the fore wing are never more than twenty in number, and in the hind wing fifteen

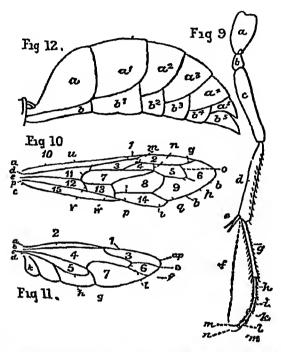


Fig 9—Hind leg of Salius aureoversceus a, coxa, b, trochanter, c, femur, d, tibia, e, tibial calcaria, f, tarsus, g-l, joints of tarsus, m, claws, n, pulvillus

n, pulvillus

Fig 10—Fore wing a, anterior margin, b, apical margin, c, posterior margin d, postcoetal nervure, e, externo-medial nervure, f, anal nervure, g, radial nervure, h, cubital nervure, t, discoidal nervure, m, n, o, 1st, 2nd, and 3rd transverse cubital nervures, p, q, 1st and 2nd recurrent nervures, u, basal or medial nervure, v, w, 1st and 2nd transverse subbasal, or submedial nervures 1, stigma, 2, radial cell, 3, 4, 5, and 6, cubital cells, 7, 8, 9, discoidal cells, 10, costal cell, 11, basal or medial cell, 12, 13, subbasal or submedial celle, 14, apical cell, 15, anal cell.

Fig 11—Hind wing a, anterior or costal margin, b, postcostal nervure, c, medial nervure, d, anal nervure, e, radial nervure, f, cubital nervure, g, discordal nervure, h, transverse anal nervure, l, anal lobe, l, transverse cubital nervure 1, site of the hamuli or little hooks which catch on to the fore wing during flight, 2, costal cell, 3, radial cell, 4, medial cell, 5, anal cell, 6, cubital cell, 7, discordal cell

Fig 12—Abdomen, Q $a, a^1, a^2, a^3, a^4, a^5$, dorsal segments, $b, b^1, b^2, b^3, b^4, b^5$, ventral segments

The winged Hymenoptera are, as a rule, capable of swift and sustained flight. For this purpose they possess a wonderful arrangement (one of the most beautiful in nature) for linking

together during flight the fore and hind wings. Examined with a good lens, the fore wing is seen to have a fold along its posterior margin, while on the anterior or costal margin of the hind wing a row of hook-shaped bristles or hairs can be easily detected. When the wings are expanded these hooks, or hamili as they are called, catch on firmly to the fold in the fore wing, and the fore and hind wing on each side are enabled to act in concert, having the appearance and all the firmness of a single expanded membrane. The names of the nervures and cells in the wings are included in the explanation under figures 10 and 11. The number and disposition of these nervures and cells are of considerable importance in the classification of the Hymenoptera.

The abdomen (fig 12) is attached to the thorax direct or through the median segment, the articulation being either broad and not very flexible, as in the lower forms, or narrow and possessed of the utmost flexibility, as in the bulk of the families into which the Hymenoptera are divided. So remarkable is this flexibility, that a bee or a wasp is not only able to twist its abdomen and sting in all d rections posteriorly, but many species can, and do, double the abdomen underneath the thorax, and protrude the sting in front

of the head

As a rule the abdomen, in the higher Hymenoptera, consists of six visible segments in the female and of seven segments in the male, each segment formed by a dorsal and a ventral plate (fig. 12, $a-a^5$, $b-b^5$)

The epipygium, or dorsal portion of the apical abdominal segment, and the hypopygium, or ventral portion of the same, together form what is called the pygidium. Occasionally the term "pygidial area" is used, and refers to a portion of the epipygium which in certain forms is margined and flat, not convex *

The Hymenoptera fall naturally into two great divisions or suborders, characterized by the difference in the articulation of the abdomen with the thorax referred to above, and by more profound differences in the form and life-history of the larve. The external difference in the imago may be tabulated as follows—

I Suborder SESSILIVENTRES

Median segment (1st true abdominal segment) not completely amalgamated with the thorax, the joint between the thorax and abdomen broad

^{*} For an accurate and full account of the external and internal anatomy of the Hymenoptera, see the 'Cambridge Natural History,' Vol V, Part Insects, by Dr D Sharp

II Suborder PETIOLATA

Median segment (1st true abdominal segment) completely amal-

gamated with the thorax, joint between the thorax (including the median segment) and the abdomen slender, highly mobile

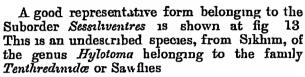


Fig 13
Hylotoma, sp 2 1

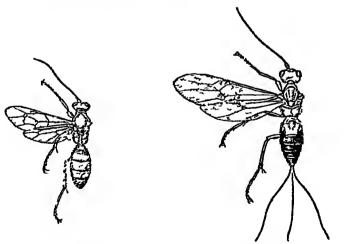
The Suborder *Petrolata*, containing by far the larger number of the families in the Order, can be subdivided into the

(1) Parasitica —Trochanters of the legs in two portions with an articulation between female furnished with an ovipositor

(2) ACULEATA —Trochanters undivided, female furnished with a sting

The character derived from the trochanters is hable to exceptions Some of the *Ichneumonidæ*, which belong to the division Parasition, have undivided trochanters, while on the other hand some of the *Sphegidæ* (e g, the genus *Nysson*), true aculeates, are markedly ditrochous

The wing-neuration in the *Ichneumonidæ*, however, is generally so marked that, with a little care, confusion between the forms in the different divisions can be avoided



Tig 14 —Ichneumon sp?, ♀ ‡

Fig 15 -Bracon deceptor, Sm Q 1

Figures 14 and 15 show representative Indian examples of the Parasitica helonging to the families Ichneumonidæ and Braconido

The Aculeata have been divided into Series or Tribes All divisions, however, more comprehensive than families must be considered more or less conventional

Key to the Tribes of the Aculeata

A Apical abdominal segments highly retractile, abdomen with only three, four, or five visible segments, wings when at rest without a longitudinal fold

TUBULIFERA.

B Apical abdominal segments not so retractile, abdomen generally with six (Ω) or seven (δ) visible segments, wings when at rest with or without a longitudinal fold

 Hairs not plumose or branched, basal joint of posterior tars; not dilated

a' Wings when at rest without a longitudinal fold

a² Petiole of abdomen with one or more scales or nodes species social

b² Petiole of abdomen simple species solitary

b' Wings when at rest with a longitudinal fold

b Hairs of the thorax plumose or branched, basal joint of posterior tarsi more or less HETEROGYNA.

FOSSORES

DIPLOPTERA.

ANTHOPHILA.

The present volume takes in only the Fossores, Diploptera, and Anthophila

Key to the Families of the Fossores

A Posterior lateral angles of pronotum produced back to the base of the wings

a A deep constriction between 1st and 2nd ventral segments of abdomen

a' Intermediate coxe contiguous Qapterous

b' Intermediate coxe widely separated Q winged

b No construction between 1st and 2nd ventral segments of abdomen

a' Fosterior legs short, not reaching much beyond apex of abdomen

a² Eyes emarginate on inner side Ψ winged

b² Eyes not emarginate on inner side Ω

b' Posterior legs long, reaching well beyond apex of abdomen, eyes not emarginate on inner side.

B Posterior lateral angles of pronotum not produced back to base of the wings, pronotum often forming a mere collar Mutillidæ

Scoludæ.

*Sapygıdæ

Thynnidæ.

Pompılıdæ.

Sphegidæ

^{*} Not known to occur in India

Key to the Families of the Diploptera

A Intermediate legs armed with one tibial calcar, claws of tarsi bifid or dentate species solitary

Eumenidæ

B Intermediate legs armed with two tibial calcaria, claws of tarsi simple species social

Vespidæ

Key to the Families of the Anthophila

A Tongue short, obtuse, emarginate or bifid at apex

Colletidæ

B Tongue short and acute, or long (sometimes very long) and acute, never emarginate

Apıdæ

The arrangement of the Hymenoptera in this volume, so far as the primary divisions go, is based on the classification adopted by Dr D Sharp in the Cambridge Natural History volume on Peripatus, Myriapods, and Insects In the divisions of the Aculeate section of the suborder Petrolata I have followed, with certain modifications, the arrangement given in Mr E Saunders' valuable work on the Hymenoptera Aculeata of the British With regard to the Anthophila, I agree with Mr Saunders that the distinction between the bees with obtuse emarginate tongues and the bees with acute non-emarginate or simple tongues is of greater importance than the distinction between the usually accepted divisions of the tribe, Andrenulæ and Apida On the other hand, I have preferred to place the whole of the bees with acute tongues under the family Apida, as there seems to me no choice between this and dividing them into several families or subfamilies, as proposed by Schmiedeknecht, Dalla Torre, and others

The present volume appears under the disadvantage of being the first attempt at describing the Wasps and Bees of India as a whole, no complete list even has hitherto been published, nor have the Hymenoptera received nearly as much attention from Indian naturalists as the Lepidoptera Whilst, therefore, it may be hoped that this book will direct the attention of observers and collectors in India to a most interesting though somewhat neglected order of insects, and that it will facilitate the identification of the species which occur, it must be remembered that not only is our general knowledge of the Indian Hymenoptera very incomplete, but our information as to the distribution of the species hitherto recorded is singularly imperfect many of the species described in the following pages no more exact locality is known than "India" Some species to which an Indian origin was erroneously assigned by the older writers are omitted in the present work, and it is probable that a few more

here included may not occur within the area now under British rule, but the majority of the forms recorded as Indian have doubtless been obtained from some part of India, Ceylon, or Burma, and it is to be hoped that all these will be rediscovered and the area they inhabit precisely determined

The few species of which I have been unable to examine specimens are distinguished by an asterisk prefixed to the serial

number, thus *960

For material I have had my own large collections, made partly in the North-West Provinces, and during one season in Sikhim, but chiefly during the last twelve years in Burma and Tenasserim

I have to thank the Authorities of the British Museum for free access to the rich collections contained in the Natural History Museum at South Kensington. To Dr. P. Magrett, of Milan, Dr. R. Gestro, of the Museo Civico, Genoa, and Mons E. André, of Gray, Haute-Saône, France, my warmest acknowledgments are due for the generous loan of many types and specimens. Above all, however, I am indebted to Mr. G. A. James Rothney, who very generously placed at my disposal the whole of his large and varied collection made during several years' residence in Bengal and the North-West Piovinces of India. I have to thank also Miss A. Brook, Col. Yerbury, Mr. F. Moller, Mr. E. E. Green, Mr. W. D. Cumming, Mr. T. A. Heuxwell, Mr. A. Weston, and other friends, for very kindly sending to me collections of Hymenoptera from various parts of India, Burma, and Ceylon.

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SYSTEMATIC INDEX.

	Page	1	Page
Tribe Fossores	1	32 buddha, Cam	21
		33 coronata, Fabr	21
Fam 1 MUTILLIDÆ	1	34 decora, Smith	21
	_	35 trimaculata, Cam	22
1 Apterogyna, Latr	1	36 argenteomaculata,	
1 mutilloides, Smith	2	Smith	22
2 Mutilla, Linn	2	37 kohli, Magi	23
1 maximinæ, Maqi	10	38 cotesi, Cam	23
2 pulchrinella, <i>Magr</i>	10	39 nobilis, Smith	24
3 ninnii, Magi	11	40 laminella, Mayı	24
4 feæ, Mayı	11	41 cassiope, Smith	24
5 lilliputiana, André	11	42 sex-maculata, Sued	25
6 tudungulata, Mayr	11	43 agnata, Andre	25
7 soror, Sauss	12	44 insularis, Cam	25
8 pulch iceps, Cam	12	45 serratula, Cam	26
9 pectino-spinata, Magr	12	46 dissimulanda, Magr	26
10 niveosignata, Andié	13	47 rotlineyi, Cam	27
11 dimidiata Lepel	13	48 pandora, Smith	27
12 vicinissima, Ĝi ibodo	13	49 kanthellæ, Cam	28
13 ruficrus, Rad MS	14	50 maculiceps, André	28
14 interrupta, Oliv	14	51 nigi igena, Andi é	29
15 subintrans, Rad & Sich	15	52 ieticulata, Smith	29
16 colabensis, Andie	15	53 ocellata, Sauss	29
17 ceylanensis, Rad &		54 maculo-fasciata, Sauss	29
Sich	15	55 vanegata, Smith	30
18 aulica, Smith	15	56 funeraria, Smith	30
19 hexaops, Saus	16	57 arenama, Fabr	30
20 valida, Cam	16	58 semiaurata, Smith	31
21 wroughtom, Cam	16	59 remota, Cam	31
22 pulla, André	17	60 cicatrificera, Andi é	31
23 blanda, Smith	17	61 aunifions, Smith	32
24 constanceæ, Cam	17	62 diversa, Smith	32
25 pondicherensis, Rad &		63 dives, Smith	32
Sich	18	61 chrysophthalma, Klug	33
26 rufitarsis, Snuth	18	65 nudiceps, Andre	33
27 dunga, Bungh	18	66 erythrocera, Cam	33
28 subglabra, André	19	67 regia, Smith	34
29 conjungenda, Magr	19	68 æstuans, Geist	34
30 kirbyi, Magi	20	69 auriez, Smith	34
31 tenasserimica, Magr	20	70 humbertiana, Sauss	35

95 stephani, Maqn 43 96 analis, Lepel 44 97 subanalis, Magn 44 98 tornatorei, Maqn 45 99 pilosella, Maqn 45 100 unifasciata, Smith 45 101 posephi, Maqn 45 102 gribodoi, Maqn 46 103 handlirschi, Magr 46 104 emergenda, Magn 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 exiloides, Magn 48 108 circumscribenda, Magn 48 109 discreta, Cam 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 min and Smith 50 115 provida, Cain 50 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 117 autipennis, Bingh 69 2 Myzine, Lati 69 2 mindalenesis (Magr) 69 4 finscipennis, Smith 69 4 finscipennis, Smith 66 5 combinsta, Smith 66 6 anthinacina, Smith 66 7 claipennis, Bingh 66 7 claipennis, Bingh 66 7 claipennis, Smith 66 7 claipennis, Smith 66 7 claipennis, Smith 66 11 orientalis, Smith 66 12 lieta, Bingh 77 13 burmanica, Bingh 77 13 burmanica, Bingh 77 14 petioleta, Cam 40 15 gribodoi, Magr 50 16 ribiginosa, I'abi 7 17 hemorrhoidalis, Fabi 70 18 veiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51	e
Taylor, Rad & Sich	3
78 trichocondyla, Andi & 30 74 bicineta, Sauss 36 75 kauares, Cam 36 76 atomus, Andi & 37 77 denticollis, Motsch 37 78 coronandelica, Motsch 37 79 veda, Cam 37 80 parilla, Smith 38 81 lunariasciata, Andi & 38 82 puerilis, Cam 39 83 poonensis, Cam 39 84 runiventitis, Smith 39 85 auropalliata, Andre 39 86 optima, Smith 40 87 pulchriventitis, Cam 40 88 metallica, Cam 41 90 pulchrina, Smith 41 91 tavlori, Andre 42 92 argentipes, Smith 42 93 quilenta, Smith 42 94 schletteieri, Magr 43 95 stepham, Magr 45 100 unifasciata, Smith 45 101 poephi, Magr 46 102 gribodo, Magr 46 103 handlirschi, Magr 47 106 emery, Magr 47 107 eviloides, Magr 48 108 circumscribenda, Magr 47 107 eviloides, Magr 48 100 carana, Smith 47 101 emery, Magr 47 102 mindostana, Smith 47 103 emery, Magr 47 104 mindostana, Smith 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emery, Magr 47 107 eviloides, Magr 48 108 circumscribenda, Magr 48 109 discreta, Cam 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 min anda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejtsqudes, Magr 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeburyi, Cam 51 11 luteus, Westw 2 fascatus, Smith 55 55 6acutus, Smith 58 2 finsciatus, Smith 58 2 fumipanis,	1
74 bicineta, Sauss 36 75 kauare, Cam 36 76 atomus, Andi é 37 77 denticollis, Motsch 37 78 coromandelica, Motsch 37 80 pusilla, Smith 38 81 lunarfasciata, Andi é 38 82 puerlis, Cam 38 83 poonaensis, Cam 39 84 rufiventiris, Smith 39 85 auropalluata, Andre 30 86 optima, Smith 40 87 pulchriventitis, Cam 40 88 perelleganis, Cam 41 90 pereleganis, Cam 41 90 pereleganis, Cam 41 90 pereleganis, Smith 41 90 pereleganis, Smith 41 90 pereleganis, Smith 42 91 argentipes, Smith 42 92 argentipes, Smith 42 93 of lenti, Smith 42 94 schletteier, Magr 43 95 stephani, Magr 44 97 subanalis, Magr 45 98 plosella, Magr 45 100 peephi, Magr 45 </td <td></td>	
Taulous	5
Tank	5
76 atomus, Analé 37 77 dentreollis, Motsch 37 78 coromandelica, Motsch 37 78 coromandelica, Motsch 37 79 veda, Cam 37 80 purslla, Smith 38 81 lunarifascata, Andié 38 82 puerilis, Cam 38 83 poonaensis, Cam 38 84 poonaensis, Cam 39 85 auropalliata, Andre 39 86 optima, Smith 40 87 pulchriventias, Cam 41 89 perelegans, Cam 41 90 pulchriventias, Cam 41 91 taxlori, Andre 42 92 argentipes, Smith 42 93 oy alenta, Smith 42 94 schletteieri, Magr 43 95 stepham, Magr 45 100 unifascata, Smith 47 100 unifascata, Smith 47 101 exilondes, Magr 46 102 gribodoi, Magr 46 103 handlirschi, Magr 46 104 emergenda, Magr 46 105 emeryi, Magr 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 exilondes, Magr 48 108 circumscribenda, Magr 48 109 discreta, Cam 49 111 antennata, Smith 47 100 exilondes, Magr 40 112 dilecta, Cam 40 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 mit anda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 117 rufo-femorata, Smith 56 1 rufo-femorata, Smith 58 2 fumipennia, Smith 58 2 compressa, Smith 59 1 rufo-femorata, Smith 59 1 rufo-	
77 dentrolles, Motsch 37 78 coromandelica, Motsch 37 78 coromandelica, Motsch 37 79 veda, Cam 37 80 pu-illa, Smith 38 81 lunarifasciata, Andi \(\) 38 82 puerilis, Cam 38 83 poonaensis, Cam 39 84 rufiventiis, Smith 39 85 auropalliata, Andre 39 86 optima, Smith 40 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 40 88 metallica, Cam 41 90 pulchrina, Smith 41 91 taxlor, Andre 42 92 argentipes, Smith 42 93 opilenta, Smith 42 94 schletteieri, Magr 43 95 tornatorei, Magr 44 97 subanalis, Magi 45 100 unifasciata, Smith 45 101 poephi, Magi 45 102 pilodo, Magi 46 103 handlirschi, Magr 46 104 emergenda, Magi 47 105 emeryi, Magr 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 exilodes, Magi 48 108 circumscribenda, Magi 47 109 discreta, Cam 48 110 cariana, Magr 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 min anda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugodes, Magr 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 verburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Kluu 51	ß
78 coromandelica, Motsch 37 79 veda, Cam 37 79 veda, Cam 37 79 veda, Cam 37 80 pusulla, Smith 38 81 lunarifasciata, Andi é 38 82 puerlis, Cam 38 83 poonaensis, Cam 39 84 rufiventiis, Smith 39 85 auropalliata, Andre 39 86 optima, Smith 40 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 41 89 perelegans, Cam 41 90 pilchrina, Smith 41 91 taxlori, Andre 42 92 argentipes, Smith 42 93 optima, Smith 42 93 optima, Smith 42 94 schletteieri, Magr 43 95 stepham, Magr 43 96 analis, Lipel 44 97 subanalis, Magr 45 100 unifasciata, Smith 45 102 gribodoi, Magr 46 103 handlirschi, Magr 46 104 emergenda, Magr 46 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 exiloides, Magr 47 108 circumscribenda, Magr 48 109 discreta, Cam 48 110 caranan, Magr 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 40 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 mit and Smith 50 116 sejugodes, Magr 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 verburyi, Cam 51 118 peduuculata, Klua 51 11 print, Pair Amith 58 2 fumipennis, Smith 58 2 fumipennis, Smith 58 2 fumipennis, Smith 58 2 compressa, Smith 59 4 cassiope, Cam 59 6 liviata, Magr 60 1 vinta, Mag	
79 veda, Cam	
80 pu-illa, Smith 38 81 lunarifasciata, Andi é 38 82 puernis, Cam 38 83 poonaensis, Cam 39 84 rufiventiis, Smith 39 85 auropalliata, Andre 39 86 optima, Smith 40 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 40 88 metallica, Cam 41 90 pulchrina, Smith 41 91 tavlori, Andre 42 92 argentipes, Smith 42 93 oj ulenta, Smith 42 94 schletteieri, Magr 43 95 stephani, Magi 44 97 subanalis, Magi 44 98 tornatorei, Magi 45 100 pulsella, Magi 45 101 joeephi, Magi 45 102 pulsodoi, Magi 46 103 handlirschi, Magi 46 104 emergenda, Magi 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 eviloides, Magi 48 108 circumscribenda, Magi 48 109 discreta, Cam 49 111 antennata, Smith 47 107 eviloides, Magi 48 108 circumscribenda, Magi 48 109 discreta, Cam 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 min anda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugo.des, Magr 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Kluo 51	
81 Iunarfasciata, Andi é 82 puerlis, Cam 83 poonaensis, Cam 84 ruiventiis, Smith 85 auropalliata, Andre 86 optima, Smith 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 88 metallica, Cam 89 pulchriventiis, Cam 80 pulchriventiis, Cam 81 perlegans, Cam 81 miplicata, Cam 82 ruiventiis, Smith 83 poonaensis, Cam 84 ruiventiis, Smith 85 auropalliata, Andre 86 optima, Smith 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 80 implicata, Cam 81 miplicata, Cam 81 miplicata, Cam 81 miplicata, Cam 82 ruiventiis, Smith 89 pulchriventiis, Smith 80 metallica, Cam 81 miplicata, Cam 91 conisueta, Smith 91 taxlori, Andre 92 argentipes, Smith 92 argentipes, Smith 93 taxlori, Smith 94 schletteer, Magr 95 stephani, Magn 96 analis, Lepel 97 subanalis, Magn 98 tornatorei, Magn 99 plosella, Magn 99 plosella, Magn 99 plosella, Magn 90 unifasciata, Smith 90 unifasciata, Smith 90 plosella, Magn 90 tornatorei, Magn 91 taxlori, Smith 91 taxlori, Smith 92 taxlori, Smith 93 taxlori, Smith 94 taxlori, Smith 95 taxlori, Smith 96 taxlori, Cam 97 incrsa, Cam 97 incrsa, Cam 98 implicata, Cam 99 coissieta, Smith 91 taxlori, Smith 91 taxlori, Smith 91 taxlori, Smith 91 taxlori, Smith 92 taxlori, Smith 93 policarinata (Magr) 94 taxlori, Smith 95 taxlori, Smith 96 taxlori, Smith 97 taxlori, Smith 98 tornatore, Smith 99 plosella, Magn 90 analis, Lepel 91 taxlori, Smith 91 taxlori, Cam 91 taxlori, Smith 91 taxlori, Smith 92 taxlori, Smith 93 taxlori, Smith 94 taxlori, Smith 95 taxlori, Smith 96 taxlori, Smith 97 taxlori, Smith 98 taxlori, Smith 99 plosella, Magn 90 analis, Lepel 91 taxlori, Smith 92 taxlori, Smith 93 taxlori, Smith 94 taxlori, Smith 95 taxlori, Smith 96 taxlori, Smith 97 taxlori, Smith 98 taxlori, Smith 99 taxlori, Smith 90 taxlori, Smith 91 taxlori, Smith 91 taxlori, Smith 92 taxlori, Smith 93 taxlori, Smith 94 taxlori,	
82 puerlis, Cam 83 pooneensis, Cam 84 rufiventiis, Smith 85 auropalliata, Andre 86 optima, Smith 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 88 metallica, Cam 89 perelegans, Cam 80 perelegans, Cam 81 milliand, Smith 81 perelegans, Cam 82 metallica, Cam 83 optima, Smith 84 perelegans, Cam 85 milliand, Cam 86 optima, Smith 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 86 optima, Smith 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 87 metallica, Cam 88 milliand, Cam 80 milliand, Cam 81 milliand, Cam 81 milliand, Smith 81 indires, Cam 82 milliand, Smith 83 perelegans, Cam 84 milliand, Smith 85 flavipennis, Smith 86 liviata, Magr 86 liviata, Magr 97 incisa, Cam 80 milliand, Cam 90 consucta, Smith 91 indires, Smith 92 indires, Smith 93 optical living, Smith 94 consucta, Cam 95 indires, Cam 96 liviata, Magr 97 incisa, Cam 97 incisa, Cam 98 implicata, Cam 99 consucta, Cam 90 intindens, Smith 91 indires, Smith 92 indires, Smith 93 policarinata (Magr) 94 indires, Smith 94 consucta, Cam 95 indirentis, Smith 96 liviata, Magr 97 incisa, Cam 97 incisa, Cam 90 intindens, Smith 91 indires, Smith 91 indire	
83 pooneensis, Cam 84 ruinventiis, Smith 85 auropalliata, Andre 86 optima, Smith 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 88 metallica, Cam 89 pulchriventiis, Cam 80 pulchriventiis, Cam 81 implicata, Cam 81 implicata, Cam 82 implicata, Cam 83 implicata, Cam 84 implicata, Cam 85 auropalliata, Andre 86 optima, Smith 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 86 intrina, Magr 97 incisa, Cam 87 incisa, Cam 87 implicata, Cam 88 implicata, Cam 90 coissieta, Smith 91 intridens, Smith 92 intridens, Smith 93 coissieta, Smith 94 critical, Magr 95 intripendia, Magr 96 coissieta, Cam 97 incisa, Cam 98 implicata, Cam 97 incisa, Cam 97 incisa, Cam 98 implicata, Cam 99 coissieta, Smith 99 coissieta, Smith 99 policarinata (Magr 91 intridens, Smith 90 intridens, Smith 91 intridens	_
84 rufiventiis, Sinth 85 auropalliata, Andre 86 optima, Smith 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 88 metallica, Cam 89 perelegans, Cann 90 pilchrina, Smith 91 taxlori, Andre 92 argentipes, Smith 93 opilchrina, Smith 94 schletteieri, Magr 95 stephani, Magr 96 analis, Lipel 97 subanalis, Magr 98 tornatorei, Magr 99 pilosella, Magr 100 unifasciata, Smith 101 posephi, Magr 102 gribodoi, Magr 103 handlirschi, Magr 104 emergenda, Magr 105 indostana, Smith 107 exiloides, Magr 108 circumscribenda, Magr 109 discreta, Cam 110 cariana, Magr 111 antennata, Smith 120 viiiia, Magr 141 tuifipes, Smith 111 tuifipes, Smith 112 viiiia, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 14 ciythrocera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuita, Smith 17 auiipennis, Bingh 18 tricoloi, Smith 19 pulchrina, Magr 19 youna, Cam 10 nitindeus, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 12 viiiia, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 14 ciythrocera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuita, Smith 17 auiipennis, Smith 18 madinspatana, Smith 19 midata, Smith 10 anthinacina, Smith 10 intindeus, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 12 viiiia, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 13 policarinata (Magr) 14 ciythrocera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuita, Cam 16 hirsuita, Cam 17 auiipennis, Smith 18 madinspatana, Smith 19 midata, Smith 10 midata, Smith 10 anthindeus, Smith 10 intindeus, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 12 viiiia, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 14 ciythrocera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuita, Smith 17 auiipennis, Smith 18 tricoloi, Smith 19 madinspatana, Smith 10 antindeus, Smith 10 hirsuita, Smith 10 intindeus, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 12 viiiia, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 13 policarinata (Magr) 14 ciythrocera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuita, Smith 17 auiipennis, Smith 18 ciythrocera, Cam 19 midata, Smith 10 antindeus, Smith 10 hirsuita, Smith 10 intindeus, Smith 10 intindeus, Smith 11 tuifipes, Smith 12 viiiia, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 14 ciythrocera, Cam 15 inscinerv	
85 auropalliata, Andre 86 optima, Smith 87 pulchriventiis, Cam 88 metallica, Cam 89 perelegans, Cam 90 pulchrina, Smith 91 tavlori, Andre 92 argentipes, Smith 93 oj alenta, Smith 95 stephani, Magr 96 tornatorei, Magr 97 torlore, Magr 98 tornatorei, Magr 99 polosella, Magr 99 polosella, Magr 100 unifasciata, Smith 101 josephi, Magr 102 gribodoi, Magr 103 handlirschi, Magr 104 emergenda, Magr 105 indostana, Smith 106 emeryi, Magr 107 eviloides, Magr 108 circumscribenda, Magr 109 discreta, Cam 100 discreta, Cam 101 josephi, Magr 101 demeryi, Magr 102 gribodoi, Magr 103 handlirschi, Magr 104 emergenda, Magr 105 indostana, Smith 107 eviloides, Magr 108 circumscribenda, Magr 109 discreta, Cam 109 discreta, Cam 100 discreta, Cam 100 discreta, Cam 101 josephi, Magr 102 gribodoi, Magr 103 handlirschi, Magr 104 emergenda, Magr 105 indostana, Smith 107 eviloides, Magr 108 circumscribenda, Magr 109 discreta, Cam 100 discreta, Ca	
86 optima, Smith 87 pulchriventris, Cam 88 metallica, Cam 89 perelegans, Cam 90 pulchrina, Smith 90 pulchrina, Smith 91 taylori, Andre 92 argentipes, Smith 93 opilenta, Smith 94 schletter, Magr 95 stephani, Magr 96 analis, Lipel 97 subanalis, Magr 98 tornatorei, Magr 99 pulosella, Magr 99 pulosella, Magr 101 josephi, Magr 102 gribodoi, Magr 103 handlirschi, Magr 104 emergenda, Magr 105 indostana, Smith 106 emeryi, Magr 107 eyiloides, Magr 108 circumscribenda, Magr 109 discreta, Cam 110 cariana, Magr 111 antennata, Smith 12 vicina, Magr 142 lieta, Cam 143 policarinata (Magr) 144 ciy throcera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuta, Smith 17 autipennis, Bingh 18 trinoloi, Smith 19 madiuspatana, Smith 10 madiuspatana, Smith 10 anthiacina, Smith 10 anthiacina, Smith 10 anthiacina, Smith 10 discreta, Cam 110 cariana, Magr 111 antennata, Smith 112 lieta, Smith 113 perversa, Cam 114 mit anda, Smith 115 provida, Cam 116 sejugodes, Magr 117 rifo-dorsata, Cam 118 yeiburyi, Cam 119 pedunculata, Klug 119 pedunculata, Klug 110 carians, Smith 110 capitala, Cam 111 intiples, Smith 111 rifipes, Smith 111 rifipes, Smith 112 vicina, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 13 policarinata (Magr) 13 policarinata (Magr) 14 ciy throcera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuta, Smith 17 autipennis, Smith 17 autipennis, Smith 18 combinata, Smith 19 anthiacina, Smith 10 antinideus, Smith 10 hirideus, Smith 11 utipes, Smith 11 rifipes, Smith 12 vicina, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 13 policarinata (Magr) 13 policarinata (Magr) 14 cry throcera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuta, Smith 17 autipennis, Smith 18 ciy throcera, Cam 18 tery throcera, Cam 19 policarinata (Magr) 10 handlirseli, Magr 10 trifice of maliana, Smith 10 anthiacina, Smith 10 anthiacina, Smith 10 anthiacina, Smith 10 anthiacina, Smith 10 discreta, Cam 11 rifipes, Smith 11 rifipes, Smith 12 vicina, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 13 policarinata (Magr) 14	
87 pulchriventiis, Cam 88 metallica, Cam 89 perelegans, Cam 90 pulchrina, Smith 41 91 taylori, Andre 42 92 argentipes, Smith 42 93 of pilenta, Smith 42 94 schletter, Magr 43 95 stephani, Magr 44 97 subanalis, Lepel 44 97 subanalis, Magr 45 99 pilosella, Magr 46 100 unifacciata, Smith 47 101 josephi, Magr 102 gribodoi, Magr 103 handhischi, Magr 104 emergenda, Magr 105 indostana, Smith 45 100 unifacciata, Smith 46 101 josephi, Magr 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 eyloides, Magr 108 circumscribenda, Magr 48 109 discreta, Cam 110 cariana, Magr 48 100 discreta, Cam 111 antennata, Smith 47 101 antennata, Smith 47 102 gribodoi, Magr 48 103 handhischi, Magr 49 104 emergenda, Magr 47 105 indostana, Smith 45 46 47 48 48 49 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	. =-
88 metallica, Cam 90 perlegans, Cann 91 tax lori, Andre 91 tax lori, Andre 92 argentipes, Smith 93 of plenta, Smith 94 schletterer, Magr 95 stephan, Magi 96 analis, Lepel 97 subanalis, Magi 98 tornatorei, Magi 99 plosella, Magi 99 plosella, Magi 100 unifasciata, Smith 101 posephi, Magi 102 gribodoi, Magi 103 handlirschi, Magi 104 emergenda, Magi 105 indostana, Smith 106 emeryi, Magi 107 exiloides, Magi 108 circumseribenda, Magi 109 discreta, Cam 110 cariana, Magi 111 usipes, Smith 112 vicina, Magi 113 policarinata (Magi) 114 circinata (Magi) 115 inscinervis, Cam 115 inscinervis, Cam 12 vicina, Magi 13 policarinata (Magi) 14 circinata (Magi) 14 circinata, Smith 16 hirsuta, Smith 16 hirsuta, Smith 17 auripennis, Bungh 18 tricoloi, Smith 19 madiuspatana, Smith 10 madiuspatana, Smith 10 anthricera, Cam 10 hirsutals, Smith 12 vicina, Magi 14 crythrocera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuta, Smith 16 hirsuta, Smith 17 auripennis, Bungh 18 tricoloi, Smith 19 madiuspatana, Smith 10 anthricera, Cam 10 hirsutals, Smith 12 vicina, Magi 14 crythrocera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuta, Smith 16 hirsuta, Smith 17 auripennis, Bungh 18 tricoloi, Smith 19 madiuspatana, Smith 10 tricoloi, Smith 10 anthricera, Cam 10 hirsuta, Smith 10 hirsuta, Smith 10 hirsuta, Smith 10 tripennis, S	_
89 perelegans, Cam 90 pulchrina, Smith 91 tavlori, Andre 92 argentipes, Smith 93 of plenta, Smith 94 schletteri, Magr 95 stepham, Magr 96 analis, Lepel 97 subanalis, Magr 98 tornatorei, Magr 99 pilosella, Magr 99 pilosella, Magr 100 unifasciata, Smith 101 josephi, Magr 102 gubodoi, Magr 103 haudhrschi, Magr 105 indostana, Smith 107 eviloides, Magr 108 circumscribenda, Magr 109 discreta, Cam 110 antennata, Smith 110 carana, Magr 111 antennata, Smith 112 vicina, Magr 12 vicina, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 14 city throcera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuta, Smith 17 auripennis, Bingh 18 tricolor, Smith 19 mindalensis (Magr) 18 tricolor, Smith 19 mindalensis (Magr) 10 discreta, Cam 10 pallida, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 12 leeta, Bingh 13 burmanica, Bingh 14 petiolita, Smith 15 capitata, Smith 16 sejugodes, Magr 17 rifo-dorsata, Cam 18 veiburyi, Cam 119 peducculata, Klug 11 intiples, Smith 12 vicina, Magr 13 policarinata (Magr) 13 policarinata (Magr) 14 city throcera, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuta, Smith 17 auripennis, Bingh 18 tricolor, Smith 19 madiuspatana, Smith 19 auripennis, Bingh 10 tricolor, Smith 10 auripennis, Bingh 10 tricolor, Smith 10 auripennis, Bingh 10 tricolor, Smith 10 auripennis, Smith	
90 pulchrina, Smith 41 13 policarinata (Magi) 62 argentipes, Smith 42 14 ciy throcera, Cam 63 of illenta, Smith 42 15 inscinervis, Cam 63 stephani, Magi 43 96 analis, Lepel 44 97 subanalis, Magi 45 100 unifasciata, Smith 45 101 posephi, Magi 45 102 gribodoi, Magi 46 103 haudhrschi, Magi 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magi 48 109 discreta, Cam 109 discreta, Cam 110 antennata, Smith 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 113 perversa, Cam 15 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuita, Smith 60 hirsuita, S	
91 favlori, Andre 92 argentipes, Smith 93 of plenta, Smith 94 schletterer, Magr 95 stephani, Magr 96 analis, Lepel 97 subanalis, Magr 98 tornatorei, Magr 99 pilosella, Magr 99 pilosella, Magr 100 unifasciata, Smith 101 josephi, Magr 102 gribodoi, Magr 103 handlirseli, Magr 104 emergenda, Magr 105 indostana, Smith 10 unifasciata, Smith 10 podiscreta, Cam 10 discreta, Cam 10 discreta, Cam 10 discreta, Cam 11 antennata, Smith 11 perversa, Cam 11 sejigoides, Magr 115 inscinervis, Cam 16 hirsuta, Smith 17 auitpennis, Bingh 18 discreta, Smith 19 pilosella, Magr 10 madiuspatana, Smith 2 madiuspatana, Smith 2 madiuspatana, Smith 4 finscipennis, Smith 6 anthracina, Smith 6 anthracina, Smith 10 pallida, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 12 leeta, Bingh 13 burmanica, Bingh 14 petiolata, Smith 15 provida, Cam 16 rubignosa, Tabi 17 indoata, Smith 18 verbury, Cam 19 femoir hoodalis, Fubi 19 pedunculata, Klug	
92 argentipes, Smith 42 93 of plenta, Smith 42 94 schletter, Magr 43 95 stephani, Magr 43 96 analis, Lepel 44 97 subanalis, Magr 45 99 pilosella, Magr 45 100 unifasciata, Smith 45 101 josephi, Magr 46 102 gribodoi, Magr 46 103 handlirschi, Magr 46 104 emergenda, Magr 46 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 eviloides, Magr 48 108 circumscribenda, Magr 49 110 cariana, Magr 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 min anda, Smith 50 115 inscinervis, Cam 65 16 hirstin, Smith 65 17 aunipennis, Smigh 62 2 Myzine, Lati 62 2 Myzine, Lati 62 2 mandalensis (Magr 63 3 tricolor, Smith 66 4 finscipennis, Smith 66 6 anthiacina, Smith 67 7 claripennis, Smith	32
93 of plenta, Smith 94 schletterer, Magr 95 stephani, Magr 96 analis, Lipel 97 subanalis, Magr 98 tornatorei, Magr 99 pilosella, Magr 100 unifasciata, Smith 101 posephi, Magr 102 gribodoi, Magr 103 handlirschi, Magr 104 emergenda, Magr 105 indostana, Smith 106 emeryi, Magr 107 exiloides, Magr 108 circumscribenda, Magr 109 discreta, Cam 100 ligenal, Smith 101 perversa, Cam 102 gribodoi, Magr 103 handlirschi, Magr 104 emergenda, Magr 105 indostana, Smith 107 exiloides, Magr 108 circumscribenda, Magr 109 discreta, Cam 100 ligenal, Smith 100 ligenal, Smith 100 emeryi, Magr 101 orientalis, Smith 101 orientalis, Smith 102 ligenal, Smith 103 handlirschi, Magr 104 emergenda, Magr 105 inscinervis, Cam 1 madiuspatana, Smith 2 madiuspatana, Smith 3 tricoloi, Swith 4 finscipennis, Bingh 6 madiuspatana, Smith 6 combusta, Smith 6 anthiacina, Smith 6 anthiacina, Smith 6 anthiacina, Smith 6 anthiacina, Smith 7 claipennis, Bingh 6 anthiacina, Smith 7 claipennis, Bingh 6 anthiacina, Smith 7 dimindata, Guér 6 anthiacina, Smith 7 dimindata, Smith 7 claipennis, Bingh 8 dimidialersis (Magr 10 pallida, Smith 10 pallida, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 12 lieta, Bingh 7 dimindata, Smith 13 burmanica, Bingh 7 dimindata, Smith 14 petiolita, Smith 15 popular, Smith 16 inscinervis, Cam 16 inscinervis,	
94 schletterer, Magr 43 95 stephani, Magr 43 96 analis, Lepel 44 97 subanalis, Magr 45 98 tornatorer, Magr 45 100 unifasciata, Smith 45 101 josephi, Magr 45 102 gribodoi, Magr 46 103 handlirschi, Magr 46 104 emergenda, Magr 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 exiloides, Magr 48 108 circumscribenda, Magr 48 109 discreta, Cam 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 min and Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 117 refo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 11 onentalis, Smith 61 12 indost, Smith 70 13 burmanica, Bingh 71 14 petiolita, Smith 71 15 capitata, Gue: 6 rubiginosa, Tabi 71 16 refordorsata, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51	
95 stepham, Maq, 43 96 analis, Lepel 44 97 subanalis, Mag, 44 98 tornatore, Maq, 45 99 pilosella, Maq, 45 100 unifasciata, Smith 45 101 josephi, Maq, 46 102 gribodo, Maq, 46 103 handlirschi, Magr 46 104 emergenda, Mag, 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 exiloides, Magr 48 108 circumscribenda, Mag, 48 109 discreta, Cam 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 min and Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 117 autipennis, Bingh 69 2 Myzine, Lat; 64 2 mandalenes (Maqr) 69 3 tricoloi, Smith 69 4 fuscipennis, Smith 69 4 fuscipennis, Smith 60 4 fuscipennis, Smith 60 4 fuscipennis, Smith 60 6 anthracina, Smith 60 7 claripennis, Bingh 60 6 anthracina, Smith 60 7 claripennis, Bingh 60 7 claripennis, Smith 60 7 claripennis, Bingh 60 7 claripennis, Smith 60 7 claripennis, Bingh 60 8 dimidates coins, Bingh 60 11 orientalis, Smith 60 11 pallida, Smith 60 11 petiolota, Smith 70 11 autipennis, Bingh 60 4 fuscipennis, Bingh 60 6 anthracina, Smith 60 7 claripennis, Bingh 60 7 claripennis, Smith 60 7 claripennis, Bingh 60 7 claripennis, Smith 60 7 claripennis, Smith 60 7 claripennis, Smith 60 7 claripennis, Bingh 60 7 claripennis, Smith 60 7 claripennis, Bingh 60 8 dimidate.coius, Bingh 60 8 dimidate.coius, Bingh 61 8 dimidate.coius, Bingh 61 9 dimidate, Smith 61 11 orientalis, Smith 61 12 petiolota, Smith 61 13 burmanica, Bingh 70 14 petiolota, Smith 70 14 petiolota, Smith 70 15 political recommendation of the fuscipential smith 60 7 claripennis, Bingh 60 8 dimidate.coius, Bingh 60 8 d	33
96 analis, Lepel 97 subanalis, Magn 98 tornatorei, Magn 99 pilosella, Magn 100 unifasciata, Smith 101 posephi, Magn 102 gribodoi, Magn 103 handlirschi, Magn 104 emergenda, Magn 105 indostana, Smith 107 exiloides, Magn 108 circumscribenda, Magn 109 discreta, Cum 110 cariana, Magn 111 antennata, Smith 112 dilecta, Cam 113 perversa, Cam 114 min anda, Smith 115 provida, Cain 116 sejugoides, Magn 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 118 yeiburyi, Cam 119 pedunculata, Klua 2 mandalenesis (Magn) 3 tricoloi, Smith 4 finscipennis, Smith 4 finscipennis, Smith 6 anthracina, Smith 7 claripennis, Bringh 6 anthracina, Smith 7 claripennis, Smith 8 dimidiat.comis, Bringh 11 orientalis, Smith 12 leeta, Bringh 13 burmannica, Bringh 14 petioleta, Smith 15 capitata, Smith 16 capitata, Gue 17 rufo-dorsata, Cam 17 rufo-dorsata, Cam 18 yeiburyi, Cam 19 pedunculata, Klua 19 retoleta, Smith 10 cariana, Magr 10 pallida, Smith 11 predicta, Smith 11 cariana, Bringh 12 leeta, Bringh 13 burmannica, Bringh 14 petioleta, Smith 15 combinata, Smith 16 cariana, Smith 17 cariana, Smith 18 cariana, Smith 19 pedunculata, Klua 19 retoleta, Cam 10 pallida, Smith 10 pallida, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 12 leeta, Bringh 13 burmannica, Bringh 14 petioleta, Smith 15 combinata, Smith 16 cariana, Smith 17 claripennis, Smith 18 burmannica, Smith 19 petioleta, Cam 10 pallida, Smith 10 pallida, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 12 leeta, Bringh 13 burmannica, Bringh 14 petioleta, Smith 15 combinata, Smith 16 cariana, Smith 17 claripennis, Smith 18 burmannica, Smith 19 petioleta, Cam 10 pallida, Smith 10 pallida, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 12 leeta, Bringh 13 burmannica, Bringh 14 petioleta, Smith 15 combinata, Smith 16 cariana, Smith 17 cariana, Magr 18 burmannica, Bringh 19 cariana, Smith 10 pallida, Smith 10 pallida, Smith 10 pallida, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 12 leeta, Bringh	34
97 subanalis, Magn 98 tornatorei, Magn 99 pilosella, Magn 100 unifasciata, Smith 101 josephi, Magn 102 gribodoi, Magn 103 handlirschi, Magn 104 emergenda, Magn 105 indostana, Smith 106 emeryi, Magn 107 exiloides, Magn 108 circumscribenda, Magn 109 discreta, Cam 110 cariana, Magn 111 antennata, Smith 112 dilecta, Cam 113 perversa, Cam 114 mii anda, Smith 115 provida, Cam 116 sejugoides, Magn 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 118 yeiburyi, Cam 119 pedunculata, Klua 11 madiaspatana, Smith 12 mandalenesi (Magn) 13 tricoloi, Swith 14 finicipennis, Smith 15 combinsta, Smith 16 anthiacina, Smith 16 anthiacina, Smith 17 claipennis, Bringh 18 dimidiat.coims, Bringh 19 dimidiata, Guér 10 pallida, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 12 læta, Bringh 13 burmanica, Bringh 14 petiolita, Smith 15 capitata, Smith 16 rubiginosa, I'abi 17 hemorrhoidalis, Fabi 18 erratica, Smith	64
98 tornatore, Magn 45 99 pilosella, Magn 45 100 unifasciata, Anuth 45 101 josephi, Magn 45 102 gribodoi, Magn 46 103 handlirschi, Magn 46 104 emergenda, Magn 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 exiloides, Magn 48 108 circumscribenda, Magn 48 109 discreta, Cam 48 110 cariana, Magr 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 minanda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 117 rifo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 55 2 mandalenesis (Magr) 3 tricoloi, Swith 60 4 finstipenns, Smith 60 4 dimidata. Coins, Bringh 61 11 orientalis, Smith 60 11 pallida, Smith 60 11 pallida, Smith 60 11 pallida, Smith 60 11 pallida, Smith 70 12 leeta, Bringh 70 13 tricoloi, Swith 60 4 finstipenns, Smith 60 4 indicated. Coins 50 6 dimidate. Coins 50 6 dimidate. Coins 6 7 dimidate. Coins 6	85
99 pilosella, Magn 100 unifasciata, Smith 101 josephi, Magn 102 gribodoi, Magn 103 handlirschi, Magn 104 emergenda, Magn 105 indostana, Smith 107 exiloides, Magn 108 circumscribenda, Magn 109 discreta, Cam 110 cariana, Magr 111 antennata, Smith 112 dilecta, Cam 113 perversa, Cam 114 mii anda, Smith 115 provida, Cam 116 sejugoides, Magr 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 118 yeiburyi, Cam 119 pedunculata, Klua 119 pedunculata, Klua 110 tircioloi, Smith 15 combinsta, Smith 16 anthi acina, Smith 16 anthi acina, Smith 17 claipennis, Bringh 18 dimidiat.coms, Bringh 19 dimidiata, Guér 10 pallida, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 11 orientalis, Smith 12 læta, Bmigh 13 burmanica, Bringh 14 petiolata, Smith 15 capitata, Smith 16 rubiginosa, Tabi 17 hemorrhoidalis, Fabi 18 erratica, Smith	G6
100 unifasciata, Smith 45 101 josephi, Magi 45 102 gribodoi, Magi 46 103 handlirschi, Magi 46 104 emergenda, Magi 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magi 47 107 exiloides, Magi 48 108 circumscribenda, Magi 48 109 discreta, Cam 48 110 cariana, Magi 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 mii anda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magi 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 110 cariana, Kinth 50 111 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 111 pedunculata, Klua 51 112 dilecta, Smith 50 113 pedunculata, Klua 51 114 mii anda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51	66
101 poseph, Magn 45 102 gnibodoi, Magn 46 103 handlirschi, Magr 46 104 emergenda, Magn 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 exiloides, Magn 48 108 circumscribenda, Magn 48 109 discreta, Cam 48 110 cariana, Magr 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 min and Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 5 combista, Smith 6 6 anthinacina, Smith 6 7 claupennis, Bingh 6 7 claupennis, Bingh 6 10 pallida, Smith 6 11 orientalis, Smith 6 11 orientalis, Smith 7 12 læta, Bingh 7 13 burmanica, Bingh 7 14 petiolata, Smith 7 15 capitata, Smith 7 16 rubignosa, Tabi 7 17 hemorrhoidalis, Fabi 7 18 erratica, Smith 7	67
102 gribodoi, Maga 46 103 handlirschi, Maga 46 104 emergenda, Maga 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Maga 48 108 circumscribenda, Maga 48 109 discreta, Cum 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 49 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 mii anda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Maga 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 10 anthiacina, Smith 6 7 claippennis, Brigh 6 8 dirudat.coins, Brigh 6 10 pallida, Smith 6 11 orientalis, Smith 12 leta, Brigh 7 12 leta, Brigh 7 13 burmanica, Brigh 7 14 petiolita, Smith 7 15 capitata, Smith 7 16 capitata, Gue 7 17 hemorrhoidalis, Fubi 7 18 erratica, Smith 7	67
103 handhrschi, Magr 46 104 emergenda, Magr 47 105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 exholdes, Magr 48 108 circumscribenda, Magr 48 109 discreta, Cam 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 40 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 min anda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 110 carines, Bingh 6 111 orientalis, Smith 6 111 orientalis, Smith 6 112 leta, Bingh 7 113 burmanica, Bingh 7 114 petiolita, Smith 7 12 opalina, Smith 7 13 tynanthina, Kii by 7 15 capitata, Gue 6 16 rubiginosa, I'abi 7 17 hemorrhoidalis, Fabi 7 18 erratica, Smith 7	67
104 emergenda, Magr	68
105 indostana, Smith 47 106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 eviloides, Magr 48 108 circumscribenda, Magr 48 109 discreta, Cum 48 110 cariana, Magr 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 40 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 min and a, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 8 erratica, Smith 6 100 pallida, Smith 6 100 pallida, Smith 7 100 pallida, Smith	68
106 emeryi, Magr 47 107 exiloides, Magr 48 108 circumscribenda, Magr 48 109 discreta, Cum 48 110 cariana, Magr 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 40 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 minanda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51	68
107 exiloides, Magn 48 108 circumscribenda, Magn 48 109 discreta, Cum 48 110 cariana, Magn 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 40 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 minanda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magn 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 110 orientalis, Smith 12 læta, Bingh 77 13 burmanica, Bingh 77 14 petiolita, Smith 77 15 copilia, Smith 77 16 capitata, Guen 77 17 hæmoirhoidalis, Fubn 77 18 erratica, Smith 78	69
108 circumscribenda, Magr 48 109 discreta, Cum 48 110 cariana, Magr 49 111 antennata, Smith 49 112 dilecta, Cam 40 113 perversa, Cam 50 114 miranda, Smith 50 115 provida, Cam 50 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 119 pedunculata, Klua 51 110 cariana, Mingh 77 12 læta, Bingh 77 13 burmanica, Bingh 77 14 petiolita, Smith 77 15 copilia, Smith 77 16 capitata, Guen 77 17 hæmorhodalis, Fubn 77 18 erratica, Smith 77	69
109 discreta, Cam 110 cariana, Magr 111 antennata, Smith 112 dilecta, Cam 113 perversa, Cam 114 miranda, Smith 115 provida, Cam 116 sejugoides, Magr 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 118 yeiburyi, Cam 119 pedunculata, Klua 13 birmanica, Brigh 14 petiolita, Smith 13 Scolia, Iabr 1 nudata, Smith 2 opalina, Smith 3 tyriantlinia, Kni by 4 procei, Illiq 5 capitata, Guei 6 ribiginosa, Iabi 7 hemorrhoidalis, Fubi 8 erratica, Smith	70
110 cariana, Magr 111 antennata, Smith 112 dilecta, Cam 113 perversa, Cam 114 minanda, Smith 115 provida, Cam 116 sejigoides, Magr 117 rifo-dorsata, Cam 118 yeiburyi, Cam 119 pedunculata, Klua 119 pedunculata, Klua 11 petiolata, Smith 12 opalita, Smith 13 Scolia, Fabr 1 nudata, Smith 2 opalita, Smith 2 opalita, Smith 3 tyriantlinia, Kir by 4 procei, Illiq 5 capitata, Guer 6 ribiginosa, Tabi 7 hemorrhoidalis, Fabr 8 erratica, Smith	70
111 antennata, Smith 112 dilecta, Cam 113 perversa, Cam 114 min anda, Smith 115 provida, Cam 116 sejugoides, Magr 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 118 yeiburyi, Cam 119 pedunculata, Klug 51 51 52 53 53 56 51 51 51 51 52 53 56 57 56 57 58 6 rubiginosa, Tabi 7 6 rubiginosa, Tabi 7 6 hemorrhoidalis, Fabi 8 erratica, Smith	70
112 dilecta, Cam 113 perversa, Cam 114 min and a, Smith 115 provida, Cam 116 sejugoides, Magr 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 118 yeiburyi, Cam 119 pedunculata, Klua 11 nudata, Smith 2 opalina, Smith 3 tynanthina, Kir by 4 procei, Illiq 5 capitata, Gue 6 rubiginosa, I'abi 7 hemorrhoidalis, Fabi 8 erratica, Smith	71
113 perversa, Cam 114 minanda, Smith 115 provida, Cam 116 sejugoides, Magr 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 118 yeiburyi, Cam 119 pedunculata, Klug 50 2 opalina, Smith 3 tynanthina, Kirby 4 procei, Illiq 5 capitata, Gue 6 rubiginosa, I'abi 7 hemorrhoidalis, Fubi 8 erratica, Smith	74
114 min and a, Smith 50 3 tynanthina, Kn by 7 115 provida, Cam 50 4 procei, Illing 7 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 5 capitata, Guen 51 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 6 rubiginosa, Ilabi 7 hemoirhoidalis, Fabi 7 119 pedunculata, Klug 51 8 erratica, Smith	75
115 provida, Cam 50 4 procei, Illiq 7 116 sejugoides, Magr 50 5 capitata, Guen 7 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 6 rubiginosa, Ilabi 7 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 7 hæmoirhoidalis, Fabi 7 119 pedunculata, Kluq 51 8 erratica, Smith	75
116 sejugoides, Magr 50 5 capitata, Gues 7 117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 6 rubiginosa, Ilabi 7 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 7 hæmoirhoidalis, Fabi 7 119 pedunculata, Klug 51 8 erratica, Smith	75
117 rufo-dorsata, Cam 51 6 rubiginosa, Ilabi 118 yeiburyi, Cam 51 7 hæmoirhoidalis, Fabi 119 pedunculata, Klug 51 8 erratica, Smith	76
118 yeiburyi, Câm 51 7 hæmoirhoidalis, Fabi 7	76
119 pedunculata, Klug 51 8 erratica, Smith	77
The production was the same of	77
9 elizabethæ, Bingh	78
— 10 man londa (m P C - Z /	79
11 b lupata, Sauss	79
1 Mathesa Tut. 201 - '	79
1 bicolor, Cam 53 13 obscura, Lepel	80
	80
,	

	_		_
15 fulgifions Course	Page		Page 111
15 fulvifrons, Sauss	81		
16 nobilis, Sauss	81		112
17 humeralis, Sauss 18 cucullata, Bingh	82		112
10 lowers Smith	82	9 pedunculata (Smith)	112
19 læviceps, Smith 20 cyanipennis, Fubr	82		113
21 carbonaria, Sauss	83		113
22 redtenbacheri, Sauss	83		114
23 cærulans, Lepel	83	13 blanda (Guer)	114
24 indica, Saus	81	14 clypeata, Bingh	114
25 quadripustulata, Fahr	81	15 albilabris, Bingh	115
26 sikkimensis, Bingh	85	16 stulta, Bingh	115
27 histrionica, Fabr	86	17 tineta (Smith)	116
28 desidiosa, Bingh	86	18 bipennis (Sauss)	116
29 vivida, Smith	67	19 hypsipyle, Bingh	116
30 venusta, Smith	88	20 veda, Cam	117
31 kn by, Magi	88	21 alarıs (Sauss)	117
32 specifica, Smith	89	22 lier icula, Bingh	118
33 eliformis, Sauss	89	23 micromegala (Sauss)	118
4 Elis, Fabi	89	24 callisto (Smth)	119
1 litigiosa (Smith)	90	25 acricula, Bingh	119
2 orientalis, Cam	90	26 erigone, Bingh	119
3 tristis, Sauss	92	27 ægina (Smith)	120
4 erigone, Bingh	92	28 rava, Bungh	120
5 rubio-maculata (Smith)	93	29 nana (Sauss)	121
6 bella, Bingh	93	30 juno (Cam)	121
7 eximia (Smith)	94	31 cerulea (Smith)	121
8 iris (Lepel)	91	4 Salius, Tobi	122
9 cevlonica (Kirby)	94	1 anthracinus (Smith)	126
10 Inctuosa Smith)	95	2 satelles, Bingh	127
11 annulata (Fabr)	96	3 bellicosus (Smith)	127
12 lindenii (<i>Lepel</i>)	96	4 aureosencens (Guer)	127
13 grossa (Fabi)	97	5 ceylonicus (Sauss)	128
14 habrocoma (Smith)	97	6 fulvipennis (Fabr)	129
15 prismatica (Smith)	98	7 perplexus (Smith)	130
16 hirsuta, Sauss	98	8 rubidus (Bingh)	130
17 thoracica (Fabr)	99	9 ichneumoneus (Guer)	130
18 fimbriata (Buim)	99	10 sycophanta (Gribodo)	131
19 asiatica, Sauss	100	11 ducalis (Smith)	131
20 reticulate, Cam	100	12 cæruleopennis (Sauss)	132
21 cyanea, Sauss & Sich	100	13 fenestratus (Smith)	152
5 Liacos, Guér	101	14 veda, Cam	133
1 analis (Fabr)	101	15 sineusis (Smith)	133
2 fulvopicta, Cam	102	16 indicus, Cam 17 smithu, Bingh	134
7	100	17 smithii, Bingh 18 tuberculatus (Radosz)	134 135
Fam 4 Pompilidæ	102		135
1 Macromeils, Lepel	103	20	136
1 violacea, Lepci	105	20 venatorius, Bingh 21 placidus, Bingh	136
2 Paragema, Bungh	105	22 præstabilis, Bingh	136
1 argentifrons (Smith)	106	23 ncer, Buigh	137
3 Pseudagema, Kohl	106	24 bipartitus (Lepel)	137
1 honesta (Smith)	109	25 con-anguineus (Sauss)	
2 atalanta (Smith)	109	26 fulgidipennis (Sauss)	138
3 deceptrix, (Smith)	110	27 iridipennis (Smith)	139
4 frauenteldrana (Sauss	_	28 madraspatanus (Smith)	139
•		4	

	Page	20 marriagus Sineth	Page 167
29 mirandus, Cam	139	39 perplexus, Smith	167
30 properus, Bingh	140	40 parthenope, Cam	167
31 crinitus (Bingh)	140	41 bioculatus, Bingh	168
32 exilipes, Bingh	141	42 unifasciatus, Smith	168
33 nicevillii, Bingh	141	43 alıcıæ, Bınyh	169
34 terrenus, Bingh	141	44 rothneys, Cam	169
35 flavus (Fubr)	142	45 pedcstris, Smith	170
36 grassator, Bungh	143	46 cameroni, Bingh	170
37 sericosoma (Smith)	143	47 circe, Cam	171
38 verticalis (Smith)	144	48 ilus, Bingh	
39 momus, Bingh	144	49 dimidiatipennis(Sauss)	171
40 obsonator, Bungh	144	50 hecate, Cam	172
41 valentulus, Bingh	145	51 mirandus (Sauss)	172
42 geminus, Bingh	145	52 myrmecoldes, Bingh	173
43 electus, Cam	140	53 luscrosus, Bingh	173
44 rothneyi, Cam	146	6 Ceropales, Latr	
45 cotesi, Cam	146	1 ornata, Smith	174 174
5 Pompilus, Fabr	147	2 fuscipennis, Smith	
1 analia, Falr	150	3 flavo-picta, Smith	175
2 zeus, Cam	150	4 annulitarsis, Cam /	175
3 wroughton, Cam	151	5 permix, Bingh	176
4 fenestratus, Smth	151	6 albovanegata, Cam	176
5 acceptus, Bingh	151	7 claripennis, Cain	176
6 arrogans, Smith	152	7 Aporus, Spin	177
7 decoratus, Smith	152	1 bengalensis, Cam	178
8 vagabundus, Smith	153	2 orientalis (Cam)	178
9 capitosus, Smith	153	3 cotesi, Cam	178
10 vivax, Cam	154	Fam 5 Sphrgidæ	179
11 subsericeus, Sauss	154		182
12 herbigradus, Bingh	155	1 Astata, Lati	
13 maculipes, Smith	155	1 nigricans, Cam	183
14 mitis, Smith	155	2 orientalis, Smith	183
15 dehliensis, Cam	156	3 maculifrons, Cam	183
16 incognitus, Cam	156	4 agilis, Smith	184
17 lucidulus (Sauss)	156 157	5 tarda, <i>Cam</i> 2 Tachytes. <i>Panz</i>	184
18 orientalis (Cam)	158		185
19 multipictus, Smith	158	1 yerburyı, Bınqh	186
20 infestus, Bingh 21 ariadne, Cam	159	2 fervida, Smith	186
	159	3 conspicua (Smith)	187
22 reflexus, Smith	160	4 erythropoda, Cam	18 7 188
23 leucophæus, Smith 24 limbatus, Smith	160	5 tarsata, Smith	
95 unhimmatus Smeth	160	6 monetaria, Smith	188 189
25 ephippiatus, Smith 26 lascivus, Cam	161	7 saundersu, Bungh	
27 vitiosus, Smith	161	8 sinensis, Sinith	189 190
28 zebra, Cam	162	9 modesta, Sm th	190
29 comptus, Lepcl	162	10 ornatipes, Cam	190
30 mæstus, Bingh	163	11 nitidula (Fabr)	191
31 atripes, Smith	163	12 vicina, Cam	
32 pedalis, Cam	163	13 vishnu, Cam 3 Tachysphex, Kohl	191 192
33 beatus, Cam	164	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
34 bracatus, Bingh	164	1 bengalensis, Cam.	193 193
35 dædalus, Bingh	165	2 testacerpes, Bungh	194
36 canifrons, Smith	165	3 runceps, Cam	
37 simillimus, Smith	166	4 argyreus (Smith)	194
38 ignobilis, Sauss	166	5 erythrogaster, Cam	195 195
oo .Eoomo, oans	100	6 rufo-niger, Bingh	TAO

	70		10
A Tame Tak	Page 195	5 coloratum Smith	Page 226
4 Larra, Lati	- 1	5 coloratum, Smith	226
1 elegans, Bingh	197	6 obsonator, Smith	226
2 fuscipennis, Cam	197	7 rejector, Smith	
3 tisiphone (Smith)	198	8 bicolor, Smith	227
4 sumatrana, Kohl	198	9 gracilescens, Smith	227
5 carbonaria (Smith)	198	16 Amniophila, Kirby	228
6 eratica, Bingh	199	1 atripes, Smith	229
7 similima (Smith)	199	2 humbertiana, Sauss	230
8 maura (Fab_1)	199	3 dimidiata, Smith	230
9 nana, Bingh	200	4 basalis, Smith	231
10 rufipes (Smith)	200	5 vagabunda, Smith	231
11 nigriventris, Cam	201	6 nigripes, Smith	231
5 Notogonia, Costa	201	7 lævigata, Smith	231
1 subtessellata (Smith)	202	8 elegans, Smith	232
2 deplanata, Kohl	203	9 smithi, Baly	232
3 jaculatiry (Smith)	203	10 brevipennis, Bingh	232
4 laboriosa (Smith)	204	11 punctata, Smith	233
5 tristis (Smith)	204	12 fuscipenms, Smith	233
6 Liris, Fabi	205	13 læta, Burgh	234
1 aurata (<i>Fab</i> 1)	206	14 hirticeps Cam	234
2 nigripennis, Cam	206	15 apicata, Bingh	234
3 ducalis (Smith)	207	16 mandibulata, Kirby	234
4 hæmorihoidalis(Fabr	207	17 erythrocephala (Fabr	235
7 Paraluus, Kohl	208	17 Sceliphron, Klug	235
1 faceta, Bingh	208	1 intrudens (Sinith)	236
8 Lyroda, Say	208	2 spinolæ (Lepel)	237
1 formosa (Smith)	209	3 madraspatanum (Fabr	237
2 venusta, Bungh	210	4 coromandelicum (Lepe	(1)238
9 Pragetra, Rits	210	5 solieii (Lepel)	238
1 ruficornis, Cam	211	6 bilineatum (Smith)	238
2 fasciatipennis, Cam	211	7 javanum (Lepel)	239
10 Lianthrena, Bingh	212	8 formosum (Smith)	239
1 kohln, Bingh	213	9 violaceum (Fabi)	240
11 Palarus, Lati	213	18 Spher, Linn	241
1 quentalis, Kohl	214	l' lobatus, Fabr	242
12 Miscophus, Jin me	215	2 regalis (Smith)	243
1 rothneys, Bungh	215	3 splendidus (Fabr)	243
13 Gastrosericus, Spin	216	4 fulvo-hirtus, Bingh.	244
1 rothneys, Cam	216	5 nivosus (Smith)	244
2 wroughton, Cam	217	6 ægyptius, Lepel	245
14 Pison, Spin	217	7 vicinus, Lepel	24 5
1 rugosum, Smith	218	8 xanthopterus, Cam	246
2 suspiciosum, Smith	219	9 morosus, Smith	246
3 punctifrons, Shuck	219	10 maurus, Smith	247
4 argentatum (Shuck)	220	11 aurifrons, Simith	247
5 striolatum, Cam	220	12 luterpennis, Mocs	247
6 kohlu, Bmgh	220	13 nigripes, Smith	248
7 erythropus, Kohl	221	14 mais, Bingh	249
8 10thneyi, Cam	221	15 nigellus, Smith	249
9 agile (Smith)	222	16 umbrosus, Chiest	250
10 obliteratum (Smith)	222	17 aurulentus, Faor	250
15 Trypoxylon, Late	222	18 edax, Bingh	251
1 pileatum, Smith	224	19 viduatus, Christ	252
2 intrudens, Smith	. 224	19 Ampulex, Jui ine	253
3 canaliculatum, Cam	225	1 compressa (Fabr)	254
4 buddha, Cam	225	2 constanceæ (Cam)	255
•			

			•	
		Page	1	Page
	3 ruficornis (Cam)	255	5 trepanda, Dahlb	288
	4 novaræ, Sauss	256	6 orientalis, Handl	289
	5 latifrons, Kohl	256	7 borrei, Handl	289
	6 cognata, Kohl	257	8 latitarsus, Handl	289
	7 sikkimensis (Kriechb)	257	' 9 pinguis, Handl	290
	8 crudelis, Bingh	258	10 fossoria, Smith	290
20		259	11 indica, Handl	291
	1 taprobanæ, Smith	260	12 hesione, Bingh	291
	2 bipunctatus, Buigh	260	13 taschenbergu, Handl	292
21	Trirhogina, Westro	260	14 ovans, Bingh .	292
	1 cærulea, Westw	261	15 westonii, Bingh	293
	2 prismatica, Smith	262	31 Philanthus, Fabr	293
22		262	1 nigriceps, Bingh	295
	1 pulcherrimus, Buigh	26.3	2 depredator, Smith	295
	2 orientalis, Cam	263	3 basalis, Smith	296
		264	4 ordinarius, Bingh	296
	3 rufiventris, Cam	264		297
92	4 clavatus, Cam,	265	5 avidus, Bingh 6 elegans. Smith	297
23	Pemphredon, Lati			298
0.4	1 fuscipennis, Cam	265 90e	/	
24		266	8 concinnus, Bingh	298
	1 congruus, Walk	266	9 pulcherrimus, Smith	299
~-	2 niger, Motsch	267	32 Cercei 18, Latr	299
25	Passalœcus, Shuck	267	1 albopicta, Smith	301
	1 levipes, Bingh	268	2 rothneyı, Cam	302
26	Nysson, Latr	268	3 orientalia, Smith	302
	1 rugosus, Cam	269	4 humbertiana, Sauss	303
	2 erythropoda, Cam	269	5 dentata, Cam	303
	3 basalis, Smith	269	6 tetradonta, Cam	304
27	Helioryctes, Smith	270	7 sulphures, Cam	305
	1 assimilis, Bingh	271	8 pictiventris, Dahlb	305
28		271	9 flavopicta, Smith	306
	1 ornatus (Smith)	272	10 wroughtoni, Cam	306
	2 alipes, Bingh	273	11 instabilis, Smith	307
	3 amatorius, Smith	273	12 pulchra, Cam	308
	4 greem, Bungh	274	13 vishnu, Cam	308
	5 impiger, Bingh	274	14 vigilans, Simth	308
	6 politus, Bingh	275	15 tristis, Cam	309
	7 pictus, Smith	275	16 felox, Smith	309
29	Stizus, Lati	276	17 mastogaster, Smith	310
	1 vespiformis (Fabr)	277	19 uniformata Ceneth	310
	2 calopteryx, Handl	278	18 unifasciata, Smith	311
	3 cornutus (Smith)		19 nebulosa, Cam	311
	A blandens (Smith)	278	20 hilaris, Smith	
	4 blandinus (Smith)	279	21 bifasciata, Guér	312
	5 biclipeatus (Christ)	279	22 elizabethæ, Bingh	312
	6 rufescens (Smith)	280	23 pentadonta, Cam	312
	7 melleus (Smith)	280	24 kirbyi, Bingh	313
	8 reversus (Smith)	281	33 Oxybelus, Lati	314
	9 lateralis, Cam	281	1 squamosus, Smith	315
	10 prismaticus (Sinith)	282	2 robustus, Cam	315
	11 melanoxanthus (Smuh)		3 sabulosus, Smith	316
30	Bembex, Oliv	284	4 agilis, Smith	316
	1 lunata, Fabr	285	5 tridentatus, Smith	317
	2 melancholica, Smith	286	6 nanus, Bingh	317
	3 buddha, Handl	287	7 ruficornis, Smith	317
	4 sulphurescens, Dahlb	287	8 æstuosus, Bingh	318
			- constant and and and	

	Page [7	Page
9 insularis, Kohl	318		348
10 flavipes, Cam	319		349
11 fulvopilosus, Cam	. 319		349
12 canescens, Cam	320		350
13 lewisi, Cam	320	 	350
34 Crabro, Fabr .	321	3 impavida, Bingh	351
1 opifex, Bingh	323		351
2 brookii, Bingh .	323		353
3 buddha, Cam	323		35 4
	324	3 cuprespenne, Bingh	354
4 orientalis, Cam	324	1 1	354
5 flavopictus, Smith	325		355
6 odontophorus, Cam	325		355
7 ardens, Cam	326		356
8 sodalis, Bingh	326 326		357
9 insignis, Smith			
10 spinifrons, Bingh	327		357
11 auricomus, Bingh	327		358
12 quadriceps, Bingh	327		358
13 argentatus (Lepel)	328		359
14 bellus (Cam)	328		359
15 palitans, Bingh	329		360
16 fuscipennis, Lepel	329		360
17 nanus, Cam	330		363
18 nitidus (Cam)	330		363
			364
Triba Dinlantera	331		364
Tribe Diploptera	001		365
Fam 1 EUMFNIDÆ .	331		365
		7 miniatus, Sauss	366
1 Zethus, Fabr	332	8 diffinis, Sauss	366
1 ceylonicus, Sauss	333	9 fraternus, Bingh	366
2 dolosus, Bingh	333	10 confluentus, Smith	367
2 Eumenes, Latr	3,33	11 fragilis, Smith	367
1 quadrispinosa, Sauss	33 6	12 multipictus, Smith	368
2 depressa, Sauss	337	13 ceylonicus, Sauss	368
3 brevirostrata, Sauss	337	14 bipustulatus, Sauss	369
4 indiana, Sauss	338	15 ovalis, Sauss	369
5 humbertiana, Sauss	338	16 guttatus (Smith)	370
6 architectus, Smith	339	17 fistulosus, Sauss	370
7 punctata, Šauss	339	18 humbertianus, Sauss	371
8 affinissima, Sauss	340	19 burmanicus, Bingh	371
9 circinalis, Fabr	. 340	20 icarioides, Bingh	372
10 xanthura, Sauss	. 341	21 tinctipennis, Walk	372
11 petrolata, Fabr	341	22 intendens, Walk	373
12 dimidiatipennis, Saus	s 342	7 Pterochilus, Klug	373
13 esuriens, Fabr	342	1 pulchellus, Šmith	374
14 gracilis, Sauss	343	8 Alastor, Lepel	374
15 conica, Fabr ,	343	1 variolosus, Bingh	375
16 elegans, Sauss .	344		
17 edwardsn, Sauss	344	E 9 E	0~~
18 flavopicta, Blanch	345	Fam 2 VFSPIDÆ	375
19 arcuata (Fab.)	346	1 Ischnogaster, Guer	376
20 blanchardi, Sauss	347	1 micans, Sauss	378
21 curvata, Sauss	347	2 fraterna, Bingh	378
22 lenis, Bingh	347	3 scitula, Bingh	379
23 exigua, Sauss	348	4 rufomaculata, Bingh	379
VOL I		c	
· -		•	

		Page		Page
	5 nigrifrons, Smith	379	2 Prosopis, Fabi	4 09
	6 nitidipennis, Sauss	380	1 mixta, Smith	410
	7 eximia, Bingh	380	2 strenua, Cam	411
2	Belonogaster, Sauss .	381	3 mustela, Vachal	411
	l indica (Sauss)	382	4 fear, Vachal	411
3		382	5 fervida, Smith	412
	1 orientalis, Sauss	383	6 scutula, Vachal	412
	2 stigma, Smith	384	7 absoluta, Cam	412
	3 indica, Sauss	384	8 bellicosa, Cain	413
	4 sumatrensis, Sauss	385	9 monilicornis (Motsch)	413
4	Icaria, Sauss	385		
	1 guttatipennis, Sauss	387	Fam 2 APIDÆ	414
	2 ferruginea (Fubi)	387	ram 2 APIDÆ	414
	3 marginata (Lepel)	. 388	1 Sphecodes, Latr	416
	4 variegata (Smith)	388	1 apicatus, Sauth	416
	5 artifex, Sauss	389	2 fumipennis, Sunth	417
	6 sumatræ (Webei)	389	3 albifions, Smith	417
	7 speciosa, Sauss	390	4 montanus, Smith	418
	8 ungulata, Bingh	391	5 crassicornis, Smith	418
	9 aristocratica, Sauss	391	6 iridipennis, Smith	418
	10 aberrans, Grib	391	7 rubripes, Spin	419
	11 scitula, Bingh	392	2 Halictus, Lati	419
_	12 formosa, Sauss	392	1 splendidulus, Tachal	423
5	Paraicaria, Gilb	392	2 albescens, Smith	423
_	1 bicolor, Grib	392	3 tristis, Vachal	424
ช	Polistes, Latr	393	4 semiærinus, Vachal	424
	1 schach (Fabi	394	5 catullus, Vachal	424
	2 sulcatus, Smith	395	6 trudus, Cam	425
	3 hoplites, Sauss	395	7 dasygnster, Vachal	425
	4 sagittarius, Sauss	395	8 alphenus, Cam	426
	5 stigma (Fabi)	396	9 grandiceps, Cam	426
	6 maculipennia, Sauss	896	10 rachalii, Bingh	426
	7 assamensis, Bingh	397	11 discursus, Cuin	427
	8 adustus, Bingh	397	12 pulchriventris, Cani	427
77	9 hebræus (Fabi)	398	13 proteus, Vachal	428
7	Vespa, Linn	399	14 subopacus, Smith	428
	1 dorylloides, Sauss	400	15 taprobance, Cam	428
	2 magnifica, Smith	401 401	16 lucidiusculus, Vachal	429
	3 ducilis, Sinith	402	17 agrestis, Smita	429
	4 cincta, Fabi	403	18 timidus, Smith	429
	5 orientalis, Linn 6 basalis, Smith	403	19 gutturosus, Vachal	430
	7 bicolor, Fabi	404	20 propinguis, Smith	430
	8 structor, Smith	404	21 vernalis, Smith	430
	9 velutina, Lepel	405	22 buccinus, Tachal	431
	10 analis, Fabi	405	23 vicinus, Tachal	431
	11 flaviceps, Sunth	406	24 spodiozonius, Tachal	431
	12 vivax, Smith	406	25 cameronn, Bingh	432
	13 auraria, Smith	407	26 ranthognathus, Smith	432
	20 Gararia, Olleton	401	27 wroughtom, Cam	432
T	ribe Anthophil a	408	28 invidus, Can	433
			29 fear, Vachul	433
_	am 1 COLLITIDA	408	30 funbriatus, Smith	433
1		408	31 garrulus, Cam	434
	1 dudgeomi. Bingh	409	32 constructus, Smith	434

		D 1		D
	33 fimbriatellus, Vachal	Page 434	23 aurata, Buigh	Page 458
		435	20 aursta, Dingh	459
	34 ducalis, Bingh	435	24 terminata, Smith	459
	35 lucidipennis, Smith	436	25 fuscipennis, Smith	
	36 rugolatus, Smith		5 Steganomus, Rits	460
	37 cuniculus, Vachal	436	1 nodicornis, Smith	460
	38 funebris, Cam	436	6 Ctenoplectra, Smith	461
	39 ciris, Cam	436	1 apicalis, Smith	462
	40 vishnu, Cam	437	2 chalybea, Smith	462
	41 salutator, Cam	437	3 cornuta, Grib	462
	42 buddha, Cam	437	7 Nomada, Scop	463
	43 intricatus, Vachal	438	1 decorata Smith	464
	44 reticulatus, Vachal	438	2 solitaria, Smith	464
	45 senescens, Smuth	438	3 lusca, Smith	405
	46 xystonotus, Vachal	439	4 adusta, Smith	465
	47 amitinus, Vachal	439	8 Systropha, Klug	466
	48 rufo-zonatus, Vachal	439	1 difformis, Smith	466
	49 hodomus, Vachal	440	9 Thaumatosoma, Smth	467
	50 dissimulandus, Cam	440	1 burmanicum, Bingh	467
	51 serenus, Cam	440	10 Osmia, Panz	468
3	Andrena, <i>Fabr</i>	440	1 adm, Bungh	468
	1 torrida, Smith	442	11 Lathurgus, Latr	469
	2 rothneyı, Cam	443	1 atratus, Smith	469
	3 communs, Smith	443	2 dentipes, Smith	470
	4 mephistophelica, Cam	443	12 Megachile, Latr	470
	5 gracillima, Cam	414	1 anthracina, Smith	473
	6 anonyma, Cam	444	2 elizabethæ, Bingh	474
	7 floridula, Smith	444	3 carbonama, Smith	474
	8 phædra, Cam	444	4 semivestita (Smith)	474
	9 sacrissima, Cam	$\hat{4}\hat{4}\hat{5}$	5 tuberculata, Smith	475
	10 morosa, Cam	445	6 atrata, Smith	475
	11 reticulata, Cam	445	7 heteroptera, Suh	475
	12 mollis, Smith	446	8 ardens, Smith	475
	13 harmetæ, Bmgh	440	9 bellula, Bingh	476
1	Nomia, Latr	447	10 stulta, Bingh	476
4		449	11 fulvovestita, Smith	477
	1 elliotii, Smith	449		477
	2 westwoodii, Giib	450	12 bicolor (Fabi) 13 frateina, Smith	478
	3 chalybeata, Smith	450		
	4 curvipes, Fabr	451	14 quartinæ, Grib	478 479
	5 thoracica, Smith	451	15 mystacea (Fabi) 16 conjuncta, Smith	
	6 formosa, Smith	452		479 480
	7 iridescens, Smith	452	17 disjuncta (Fabr)	
	8 albofusciata, Smith		18 relata, Smith	480
	9 carmata, Smith	453 453	19 montreols, Smith	480
	10 basalis, Smith	453	20 badia, Bingh	481
	11 floralis, Smith		21 bhavanæ, Bingh	481
	12 pilipes, Smith	454	22 dimidiata, Smith	482
	13 antennata, Smith	454	23 velutina, Smith	482
	14 auritrons, Smith	455	24 ceylonica, Bingh	482
	15 capitata, Smith	455 456	25 lanata (Fabi)	483
	16 combusta, Smith	456	26 umbripennis, Smith	483
	17 clypeata, Smith	456	27 amputata, Smith	484
	18 fervida, Smith	456	28 penetrata, Smith	484
	19 oxybeloides, Smith	457	29 buddhæ, Dall Torr	484
	20 rustica, Westro	457	30 vestita, Smith	48 5
	21 vincta, Walker	458	31 cephalotes, Smith	485
	22 scutellata, Smith	45 8	32 faceta, Bingh	486

		_	1	
	99 amenomete Radorzi	Page 486	9 cuneatus, Smith	Page 514
	33 griseopicta, Radoszk 34 pulchripes, Cam	486	10 confusus, Smith	514
	35 nana, Bingh	487	11 argentifrons, Smith	515
	36 albifrons, Smith	487	20 Melecta, Lati	515
	37 femorata, Smith	488	1 himalayana, Bingh	516
	38 vigilans, Smith	488	21 Crocisa, Juine	516
	39 hera, Bingh	489	1 emurginata, Lepel	517
	40 chlorigaster, Cam	489	2 histino ($Fabi$)	518
	41 tricincta, Bingh	489	3 namosa, Lepel	518
	42 moelleri, Bingh	490	4 minuta, Rad	519
	43 steloides, Bingh	490	5 massurn, Rad	519
13		490	22 Tetralonia, Spin	520
	1 lachrymosum, Smith	492	1 duvaucelii, Lepel	520
	2 flavomaculatum, Cum	492	2 himalayensis, Bingh	521
	3 pulchellum, Klug	493	23 Habropoda, Smith	<i>5</i> 21
	4 imitator, Smith	493	1 radoszkowskii (Dall	~00
	5 ardens, Smith	494	Torr)	522
	6 ordinatum, Smith	494	2 magrettii, Buigh	523
	7 latipes, Bingh	495	3 moellen, Bingh	523
	8 fraternum, Bungh	495	24 Anthophora, Lati	523
	9 orientale, Bingh	495	1 bicineta (Fabr)	525 526
14	10 rasorium, Smith Stelis, Panz	496 496	2 croces, Bingh 3 cingulata (Fabr)	526
14	1 parvula, Cam	497	4 zonata (Linn)	527
	2 cornuta, Bingh	497	5 niveo-cincta, Smith	527
15		498	6 confusa, Smith	528
10	1 abdominalis (Smith)	499	7 fallax, Smith	528
	2 carbonaria (Smith)	499	8 insularia, Smith	529
16	Ceratina, Lati	499	9 quadrifasciata (Villers)	
	1 viildissima, Dall Tori	501	10 traterna, Bingh	529
	2 propinqua, Cam	501	11 fimbriate, Smith	530
	3 sexmaculata, Smith	501	12 candida, Smith	531
	4 taprobanæ, Cam	502	13 violacea, Lepel	<i>5</i> 31
	5 picta, Smith	502	14 brookiæ, <i>Bingh</i>	532
	6 perforatrix, Smith	502	15 himalayensis, Rad	532
	7 hieroglyphica, Smith	503	16 pulcherrinia, Bingh	532
	8 moderata, Cam	504	25 Xylocopa, Lati	533
	9 beata, Cam	501	1 latipes $(Drwy)$	586
	10 lepida, Smith	505	2 tenuiscapa, Westw	537
37	11 simillima, Smith	505 505	3 acutipennis, Smith	537
17	Allodape, Lepel 1 cupulifera, Vachal	506	4 pictifrons, Smith 5 auripennis Lepel	538 538
	2 marginata, Smith	507	5 auripennis <i>Lepel</i> 6 dissimilis, <i>Lepel</i>	538
	3 parvula, Smith	507	7 nigrocærulea, Smith	539
18	Heriades, Spin	507	8 fenestrata (Fab.)	539
	1 aureocincta, Bingh	508	9 amethystma, Fabi	540
	2 parvula, Bingh	508	10 iridipennis, Lepel	540
19	Coelioxys, Lati	508	11 sestuans (Linn)	540
	1 decipiens, Spin	510	11 æstuans (<i>Linn</i>) 12 verticalis, <i>Lepel</i>	541
	2 fuscipennis, Smith	511	13 bryorum (Fabr)	541
	3 angulatus, Smith	511	14 basalis, Smith	542
	4 ducalis, Smith	513	15 albofasciata, Sich	542
	5 minutus, Smith	512	16 collaris, Lepel	543
	6 capitatus, Smith	512	17 rufescens, Smith	543
	7 basalis, Smith	513		544
	8 sexmaculatus, Cam	513	10 flavonigiescens, Smith	544

		Page		Pare
26	Bombus, Latr	511	22 orientalis, Smith	5 55
	1 rufofasciatus, Smith	517	23 longiceps, Smith	555
	2 montivagus, Smith	517	27 Parthyrns, Lepcl	555
	3 magrettii, <i>Grib</i>	518	1 bellardii, Grib	556
	4 channicus, Grib	548	28 Apis, Linn	556
	5 trifasciatus, Smith	518	1 dorasta, Fabr	557
	6 personatus, Smith	518	2 indica, Fabr	558
	7 tunicatus, Smith	519	3 floren, Tubr	559
	8 eximius, Smith	519	29 Melipona, Illig	559
	9 flavescers, Smith	550	l vidun, Lepel	561
	10 melanurus, Lepel	550	2 atripes (Smith)	561
	11 assamensis, Bingh	550	3 collina (Smith)	562
		551	4 apicalis (Smith)	562
	12 andamanus, Grib			562
	13 atrocinctus, Smith	551	5 camfrons (Smith)	562 562
	14 funerarius, Smith	551	7 ventralis (Smith)	
	15 terminalis, Smith	552	8 leviceps (Smith)	563
	16 flavothoracicus, Bingh	552	8 smithii, Bingh	563
	17 festivus, Smith	553	9 indipennia (Smith)	563
	18 miniatus, Bingh	553	10 pretents (Walk)	564
	19 vallestris, Smith	553	11 Inten, Bingh	564
	20 hemorrhoidalis, Smith	554	12 thoracica (Smith)	564
	21 similimus, Smith	554	t i	

STRTEMATIC INDEX.

XXIX



TRIBE FOSSORES.

Family MUTILLIDÆ

The insects belonging to this family have been called "Solitary Ants" With the true ants, however, they have no very close affinity, but belong to the Fossores The sexes, 3 and 2, are solitary, there are no neuters. The 3 is winged, the pronotum is produced back at its lateral angles to the base of the wings, the fore wing has at least one closed cubital cell, the 1st discoidal cell is always shorter than the 1st submedial cell, and the apex of the abdomen is armed with one or more spines or blunt teeth. The 2 is apterous, has the legs stout, fitted for digging, the tibix spinose, the tarsi ciliated, the basal joint of the latter cylindrical and not pubescent on the inside

Key to the Genera

- a Abdomen in Q and 3 with deep constrictions between 1st and 2nd, and 2nd and 3rd segments
- b Abdomen in Q and 3 with no such constriction, or if constricted the constriction only between the 1st and 2nd segments
- 1 APTEROGINA, p 1
- 2 MUTILLA, p 2

Genus APTEROGYNA

Scolia, part, Fabi Ent Syst 11, p 228 (1793) Apterogyna, Latr Gen Crust Ins 1v, p 121 (1809)

Type, A olivieri, Latr Range India and Africa

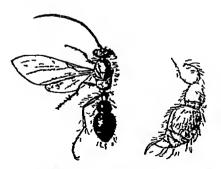


Fig 1 - Apterogyna mutilloides, &

Characters mostly those of Mutilla Antennæ setaceous, nearly as long as the head and body united, scape elongate, mandibles arched, subdentate, abdomen with the 1st and 2nd segments VOL I.

nodiform, ocelli (3) prominent, placed in a triangle on vertex, wings (3) moderately broad, fore wing with the cells much reduced, well removed from the apical margin, only one cubital cell, anal segment of abdomen in 3 with an up-curved spine

- 1 Apterogyna mutilloides, Smith, Cat 111, p 64, 2 d, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 137
- Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen very coarsely punctured, the punctures running into longitudinal coarse strike on the posterior portion of the pronotum and on the abdomen Black, the antennæ, the vertex and front of the head, the occiput, thorax, and 1st abdominal segment red, the legs obscurely dark chestnutred, the whole head, thorax, and abdomen covered with glistening silvery white hairs

3 Similar in colour, with similar pubescence, but the head nearly black, the antennæ longer, more filiform, and darker, the pubescence on the apical segments of the abdomen more dense,

wings hyaline, lightly fuscous, with a brownish tint

Hab India (Smith), Allahabad, North-West Provinces Q Length 17 mm 3. Length 12, exp 22 mm

Genus MUTILLA

Mutilla, Linn Syst Nat 1, p 966 (1767) Tiphia, pt, Rossi, Faun Etrusc 11, p 68 (1790)

Type, M europæa, Lann Range. Both hemispheres

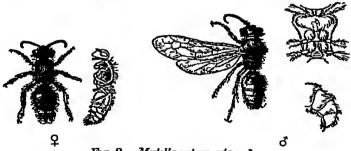


Fig 2 -Mutilla interrupta

O Head orbicular, sometimes subquadrate, eyes generally small and round, ocelli absent, antennæ subhliform, rarely selaceous, inserted low down just above the very short clypeus, their bases moderately wide apart, clypeus generally small, mandibles unidentate as a rule, thorax more or less rectangular or quadrate, sometimes oval, occasionally much narrowed and compressed anteriorly or posteriorly, legs short, robust, spinose, abdomen ovate, 1st segment subpyriform, occasionally narrowed and petiolate, furnished beneath with a carina, which is occasionally, but very rarely, absent, anal segment with an elongate acute sting often exserted

Head transverse, compressed, sometimes orbicular or subtriangular eves generally more or less emarginate on the inside, in some species ovate or round, ocelli three, placed in a triangle on the vertex, mandibles arcuate, generally tridentate at apex, thorax short, massive, tegulæ usually large, sometimes remarkably so. Wings broad and ample, the fore wing with three in some species only two, cubital cells, the 2nd and 3rd each receive a recurrent nervure, when only two cubital cells are present, the 2nd recurrent nervure is obsolete. Legs long and pubescent Abdomen ovate, generally strongly curved downwards towards apex, the apex armed with blunt teeth or spines, the 1st segment sometimes petiolate.

Key to the Species

Females *

A Head black, thorax red a Second abdominal segment with two spots, the spots lateral a The spots of yellow or golden pubes-Apical margin of 2nd abdominal segment with a transverse fascia of yellow or golden pubescence First abdominal segment black, with a semilunar spot of yellow M maximinæ, p 10 pubescence b3 First abdominal segment entirely black a4 Anal segment rufo-ferruginous as Lateral spots on 2nd abdominal segment small, marginal M milch mella, p 10 tascia very narrow b5 Lateral spots on 2nd abdominal segment large, marginal M ninnu, p 11 tascia broad b4 Anal segment black as Transverse band on 2ud and 3rd segments broadly interrupted in the middle M fea, p 11 b5 Transverse band on 2nd and 3rd segments entire M hlliputiana, p 11 b2 Apical margin of 2nd abdominal segment without a transverse faccia a' Fourth abdominal segment with a transverse fascia of yellow or golden pubescence Head with golden pubescence M pulchriceps, p 12 b' Head without golden pubescence as Thorax posteriorly armed with M tridungulata, p 11 two teeth b⁵ Thorax not so armed M soro, p 12 [p 12 5 Fourth abdominal segment without a transverse fascia M pectino-spinata,

^{*} In many species only one sex is known

ь

b' The spots of white pubescence a- Apical margin of 1st abdominal seg- ment ciliated with yellow pubes-	
(ence	M nu eosignata, p 13
b2 Apical margin of 1st abdominal seg-	112 moneymon, p 20
ment not ciliated with yellow pubes-	
cence, segment entirely black	
a' Third abdominal segment with an	
entile transverse pubescent white	
band on apical margin	M dimidiata, p 13
b' Third abdominal segment with a	22 diminution, p 20
tiansverse pubescent white band	
on apical margin broadly inter-	
rupted in the middle	
at Fourth abdominal segment with-	
out a distinct band or elongate	
opots on either side	M vicinissima, p 13
b' Fourth abdominal segment with	Ziz Dieniscomina, p. 10
a distinct medially interrupted	
band on its apical margin	
a ⁵ Length under 7 mm	M ruficrus, p 14
b ⁵ Length over 10 mm	2.2 (1.9 to 1.0) P 2.2
as Posterior margin of thorax	
truncate, the punctures on	
the truncation lunning into	
strace	M interrupta, p 14
b ⁶ Posterior margin of thorax	in the state of th
truncate, the punctures on	
the truncation not running	
into striæ	M subintians, p 15
c ³ Thud abdominal segment with a	,,,
lateral more or less circular or	
oblong spot	
a' The lateral spot at base of the	
segment	M colabensis, p 15
b4 The lateral spot in the middle on	•
either side or past the middle,	
close to the margin of the seg-	
ment	
a° A lateral spot on the 4th seg-	
ment	
a ^s Legs red	M ceylanensis, p 15
b ⁶ Legs black	
a ⁷ Antenuæ black	M aulica, p 15
b ⁷ Antennæ ferruginous	M hexaops, p 16
b' No spot on the 4th segment	M ralida, p 16
d3 Third segment entirely black, im-	TP 11 1/
maculate	M wroughtons, p 16
Second abdominal segment with two spots,	
the spots medial, one above the other	7/
a' The spots golden b' The spots silvery white	M pulla, p 17
a ² Third abdominal segment with silvery	
pubescence a^3 Thorax rounded posteriorly	
a' Head black	M blanda, p 17
6 Head silvery	M constancea, p 17
	2.2 Communicati, p 11

b3 Thorax transverse or truncate	
posteriorly	
a^{*} First abdominal segment with a transverse band of silvery pubes-	
cence at apex	M pondicherensis, p 18
b' First abdominal segment without	, , ,
any transverse band	
a ⁵ Apical margin of 2nd with a transverse silvery band in	
addition to the spots .	M rufitarsis, p 18
b ⁵ Apical margin of 2nd without	76 10
a transverse band b ² Third abdominal segment without	M aurga, p 18
any silvery pubescence	M subglabra, p 19
c Second abdominal segment with a single	• , •
spot of golden or silvery pubescence a' Spot golden yellow	
a^2 First abdominal segment with a	
transverse band or fimbria of yellow	
pubescence on its apical margin	
a ³ Ventral carina on 1st abdominal segment emarginate	M conjungenda, p 19
b ³ Ventral carina on 1st abdominal	
segment dentate	M kirbyn, p 20
b ² First abdominal segment without a transverse band or fimbria of yellow	
pubescence on its apical margin	
a ³ Second abdominal segment with a	
transverse band of yellow pubes- cence on its apical margin in	
addition to the spot	M tenasserimica, p 20
b ³ Second abdominal segment with-	
out a transverse band of yellow	M buddha, p 21
pubecence on its aper b' Spot silvery white	m vacana, p 21
a- First abdominal segment ciliated with	
white hairs	M coronata, p 21.
b ² First abdominal segment not ciliated with white hairs	
a ³ Second abdominal segment with	
a transverse band of white	
pubescence on its apical margin, in addition to the spot	M decora, p 21
b ³ Second abdominal segment with	_
no transverse pubescent band	M trimaculata, p 22
d Second abdominal segment with three spots of golden or silvery pubescence	
a' One spot at base, two on the margin	
a Vertex of head with a spot of white	[p 22]
pubescence b^2 Vertex without any such spot	M argenteomaculata, M kohli, p 23
b' All three spots on the margin	M cotesi, p 23
c' All three spots near base e Second abdominal segment immaculate	M nobilis, p 24
a' First abdominal segment with one spot	
near base, and a transverse band of	
yellow pubescence on its apical margin	M laminella, p 24

	M cassiope, p 24 M sex-maculata, p 25
a^2 Apex of the thorax truncate b^- Apex of the thorax bluntly 10 unded c^2 Apex of the thorax angular	M agnata, p 25 M insularis, p 25 M seriatula, p 26 M dissimulanda, p 26
B Head black vaniegated with red or ferru-	
b Second abdominal segment with four pubescent white spots or marks	M 10thneys, p 27
a' Three of the spots in a triangle above, the 4th medially on the apical margin b' One spot on each side near base, two on the apical margin	M pandora, p 27
a' Posterior lateral angles of the thorax	M kanthellæ, 7 28
b ² Posterior lateral angles of the thorax	
c Second abdominal segment with two pu-	M maculiceps, p 28
bescent white spots or marks, one at base iound, the other on apical margin semi-circular d Second abdominal segment with no spots, but a fascia on its apical margin of white	M nıgrıgena, p 28
pubescence	M reticulata, p 29
e Second abdominal segment with one spot of white pubescence	
 a' Third abdominal segment with a spot of white pubescence b' Third abdominal segment with a broad 	M ocellata, p 29
fascia of silvery pubescence C Head and thoiax both black	M maculo-fasciata,
a Second abdominal segment black, with a medial spot of golden pubescence	M variegata, p 30
b Second abdominal segment black, with a lunate mark of silvery pubescence	M funeraria, p 30
c Second abdominal segment black, with a medial round spot near base, and a broad transverse band of yellowish-white pubes-	
'd Second abdominal segment not spotted, but otherwise coloured	M arenaria, p 30
 a' Abdominal segments 1-5 covered with golden pubescence, 6th segment black b' First and second segments and basal margin of third with transverse bands 	M semiaurata, p 31
of golden pubescence	M remota, p 31

MUTILLA 7

D Head and thorax 1ed	
a Second abdominal segment with a spot of	
golden pubescence on each side	
a' With a transverse band of pubescence	
on its apical margin also	
a^2 The band golden yellow in colour	M cicatrificera, p 31
b^2 The band yellowish white	M aurifrons, p 32
b' Without a transverse band of pubescence	• , •
on its apical maigin	
a ² Third abdominal segment with a spot	
on each side	
a ³ The spots of golden pubescence	M duersa, p 32
b ³ The spots of silvery pubescence	M dives, p 32
b2 Third abdominal segment with a	06 7 777
single medial spot	M chrysophthalma,
c ² Third abdominal segment with a trans-	[p 33
verse band of golden pubescence,	
or covered wholly with it	Il andreas = 22
a ³ Pygndium striate	M nudiceps, p 33
 b³ Pygidium punctate b Second abdominal segment with two medial 	M erythroccia, p 33
silvery spots, one above the other	M regia, p 34
c Second abdominal segment with a silvery	22 /tgta, p 01
white spot on each side	M æstuans, p 34
d Second abdominal segment without spots,	, P
but with a transverse band of golden or	
silvery pubescence	
a' Band of golden pubescence	
a^2 At base only	M aurifer, p 34
b^2 At both base and apex	M humbertiana, p 35
c^2 At apex only	-
a ³ Thorax with a conical projection	
or tooth on each side	
a Abdomen petiolate	
a ⁵ First abdominal segment with	36 -7 - 7 1
a transverse fascia at apex	M placida, v до
65 First abdominal segment with-	W 25
out a transverse fascia at apex bi Abdomen not petiolate	M trushoondule n 20
b ³ Thorax with no lateral conical pro-	M trichocondyla, p 3C
jection of tooth	
jection of tooth a* Thorax anteriorly transverse	M bicincta, p 36
b4 Thorax anteriorly arched, sub-	12 diditional p do
angulai	M kauaræ, p 36
b' Band of silvery pubescence	7.
a ² Third and following abdominal seg-	
ments also with transverse bands of	
silvery pubescence	M-atomus, p 37
b2 Third and following abdominal seg-	
ments black, without bands of silvery	
pubescence	
a ^{3*} Basal abdominal segment broadly	M
brown in the middle b ³ Basal abdominal segment not	M denticollis, p 37
broadly brown in the middle—	
black .	M coroman elica, p 37

e Second abdominal segment with a single	
spot of golden yellow or white pubescence	
a' Spot of golden pubescence	
a- The first abdominal segment black,	
unmaculate	
a ³ Thorax with a lateral conical pro-	
jection or tooth	M veda, p 37
b ³ Thorax without a lateral conical	and beauty p or
projection or tooth	M pusilla, p 38
	12 pusinu, p oc
b ² First abdominal segment maculate	
a ³ Thorax dentate posteriorly, with a	Mr. Zeeren erfore er orden
medial spine	M lunar ifasciata,
b ³ Thorax not dentate or spined pos-	[p 38
tenorly	M puerelis, p 38
b' Spot of silvery pubescence	
a- Apical margin of 2nd abdominal seg-	
ment with a transverse band also	
of white pubescence	M poonaensis, p 39
b ² Apical margin of 2nd abdominal seg-	
ment with a spot only of white	
pubescence	M sufivents is, p 39
f Second abdominal segment with three or	
more spots of silvery or golden pubescence	
a' The spots silvery	
a ² Four spots	
a Abdonien netiolate	M auropalliata, p 39
a ³ Abdomen petiolate b ³ Abdomen not petiolate	M optima, p 40
b' Three spots	[p 40
a' Abdomen black	M and have an and ma
And Andream John Conviler Live	M mulch wentris,
b' Abdomen deep cærulean blue	M metallica, p 41
b' The spots golden	M per elegans, p 41
g Second abdominal segment black, immacu-	70.0° 7 8 47
late	M pulchima, p 41
E Head brown, thorax red or brown, posteriorly	
ıcd	
a Thorax red	M taylors, p 42
b Thorax brown, changing to ferruginous red	my.o. v, p 12
posteriorly	M angentipes, p 42
P000011011J	in the difference in 42
Males	
A Thorax black	
a Abdomen more or less red	
a' Wings fuscous, paler at the base	76 7 . 40
u ² Basal abdominal segment only 1ed	M opulenta, p 42
b ² Second abdominal segment only red	M argentcomaculata,
c First, second, and third abdominal	[p 22
segments red	
a ³ Fourth abdominal segment with an	
ill-defined silvery transverse pu-	
bescent fascia	M schletteren, p 43
b' Fourth abdominal segment with a	_
well-defined golden transverse	
pubescent fascia	M stephani, p 43
& First to the fourth abdominal seg-	~ ' *
menta red	
a ³ Length 11–13 mm	M analis, p 44
b^3 Length 15–17 mm /	
	M interiunta. v 14
	M interiupta, p 14

MUTILLA

e ² Second to the fifth abdominal seg-	
ments red a ³ Front between the antennæ with a	M subguales m 41
short spinous process b^3 Front between the antennæ with-	M subanahs, p 41
out a spine f^2 First to the fifth abdominal segments	M tornatores, p 45
red b' Wings dark fuscous, with a purple	M pillosella, p 45
effulgence	35 6 . 45
a ² Basal two abdominal segments red	M unifasciata, p 45
 b² Base and apical margin of 1st and base of 2nd abdominal segment red c² Basal three abdominal segments red 	M josephi, p 45
a ³ Length 11–12 mm	M gribodoi, p 46
b^3 Length b^3 mm .	M handlirschi, p 46
d ² Second to fifth abdominal segments red a ³ Scutellum raised, produced at back	
into a sharp conical tubercle a Length 12 mm	M emergenda, p 47
b4 Length over 18 mm	14 emergenau, p =1
a ⁵ Head and thorax with silvery	
pubescence	M dimidiata, p 13
b' Head and thorax with black pubescence	M indostana, p 47
63 Scutellum not tuberculate	M emerys, p 47
b Abdomen entirely black	J./ F
a' Head sloping backwards, longitudinally	
striate	
a ² Basal four abdominal segments with transverse bands of white pubescence	M eziloides, p 48
b ² Basal three abdominal segments with	[p 48
transi erse bands of white pubescence	M circumscribenda,
b' Head rounded, not sloping backwards,	MC 2
punctured	M discreta, p 48
B Thorax red, abdomen chiefly or wholly black a Head black	
a' A transverse band on margin of 2nd and	
the whole of the 3rd abdominal seg-	
ment with white or yellow pubescence	35 (0
a ² The pubescence white b ² The pubescence yellow	M carrana, p 49
b' Apical margins of basal three segments	M conjungenda, p 19
with bands of white puhescence c' Apical maigins of basal three segments	M antennata, p 49
black	M dilecta, p 49
b Head red	
a' Basal abdominal segments red, remaining segments black	M pedunculata, p 51
b' Abdomen black, with white pubescent	22 Petersonates, p 01
spots	M rothneys, p 27
c' Abdomen entirely black d' Abdomen with 3rd and 4th segments	M percesa, p 50
d' Abdomen with 3rd and 4th segments covered with golden pubescence	
a ² Scutellum with a tooth on each side	
posteriorly	M aurifer, p 34
b- Scutellum not dentate	M puelegans, p 41

C Thorax partly black, partly red

a Thorax anteriorly red, posteriorly black

a' Basal abdominal segment not petiolate

a- Abdomen with white pubescence

a' Third and fourth segments with a

spot of white pubescence on

either side

b' Third and fourth segments without

any such spots, plain black

b' Abdomen with golden pubescence

b' Basal abdominal segment much narrowed

and petiolate

b Thorax anteriorly black, posteriorly red

D Thorax metallic blue

M muanda, p 50

M provida, p 50 M nobilis, p 24

M sejugoides, p 50 M iufodoisata, p 51 M yerburyi, p 51

- 2 Mutilla maximinæ, Magi Ann Mus Civ Gen (2) xii, 1892, p 218, Q
- Head in front and the vertex coarsely and deeply punctured, thoral narrow, subquadrangular, lightly convey, slightly constricted in the middle on the disc, densely and minutely longitudinally striate, very slightly reticulate, the margins undulate, in some places slightly toothed, the lateral angles above somewhat dentate, the plate of the scutellum absent, pleura smooth and shining, the carma on the basal ventral segment absent, the 2nd segment of the abdomen above densely pubescent, the base of the anal segment sugosely punctate Black, the thorax, the coxe, and basal half of the femora rufo-ferruginous, an oval semilunar spot of yellowish pile on the posterior margin of the 1st abdominal segment, two small spots of the same near the anterior margin of the 2nd segment, and a broadly-arched fascia on its posterior margin, short linear yellowish maculæ also on the posterior margins of the 3rd, 4th, and 5th segments, the anal segment with long sparse grey, and the 2nd segment above with dense black pubescence

Hab Karen Hills, Burma Q Length 8 mm

- 3 Mutilla pulchrinella, Magi Ann Mus Civ Gen (2ª) xii, 1892, p 212, Q
- P Head nearly as wide as the thorax, in front rugose, above longitudinally punctate, thorax in front and in the middle coarsely rugose, posteriorly punctured, the punctures running into wide reticulations, the plate of the scutellum short, broad, slightly elevated, the lateral margins of the thorax nearly entire, barely sinuate, the 1st abdominal segment shining, sparsely punctured, no carina on its ventral side, the 2nd segment broadly smooth and shining at base, above lightly punctured with sparse pubescence, the whole head, thorax, and abdomen covered sparingly with long grey pubescence Black,—the thorax, the legs (the tibiæ and tarsi excepted), the mandibles except at their apex, the scape of the antennæ, and the anal segment of the abdomen rufoferruginous, two small, round, widely separated spots on the 2nd

segment of the abdomen, a narrow band on its apical margin, and a wider one on the apical margin of the 3rd segment, of golden-yellow pile

Hab Kai en Hills, Burma Q Length 5 mm

4 Mutilla ninnii, Magi Ann Mus Civ Gen (2a) vii, 1892, p 211, 2

A Head with coarse longitudinal deep strime, thorax rectangular, the sides excavated, the dorsum convex, the whole densely and minutely reticulate, the scutellium without a lamina, the posterior margin of the thorax slightly emarginate, and with slightly prominent papillee, the 1st segment of the abdomen obsoletely longitudinally carnate, head and legs with a sparse silvery pubescence. Black, the thorax, the scape of the antenno, and the anal segment rufoferruginous, the 2nd abdominal segment with two oval distinct maculæ above, its posterior margin with a broad fascia, the 3rd and anal segments with yellowish silky pile, the antenno and the legs, more especially of the latter, the femora, and tarsi rufo-ferruginous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma Q Length 6 min

5 Mutilla feæ, Magi Ann Mus Civ Gen (21) \(\)\, 1892, p 210, \(\)

Q Closely allied to M dimidiata, Fabi, but distinguished by the more minute sculpturing of the thoiax, by the 1st ventral segment of the abdomen being distinctly carnated, and by the position of the spots of yellow pile on the 2nd, and of the fascize on the apical margins of the 2nd and 3id abdominal segments, of these fascize the 1st is narrow and widely interrupted in the middle, and the 2nd is broad and less widely interrupted

Hab Bhamo, Upper Burma Q Length 11 mm

6 Mutilla lilliputiana, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, pp 465, 476, Q

Q Closely resembling M agnata, Andre, but very much smaller head minutely punctured, thorax short, very broad, nearly square, slightly wider in front than posteriorly, a narrow transverse collar between it and the head. Head and abdomen black, thorax red, scape and basal two joints of the flagellum of the antennæ and the legs testaceous red, two large contiguous spots on the vertex of the head, two others near the base of the 2nd abdominal segment, the posterior margin of the latter broadly, and the 3rd segment above covered with golden ferruginous pubescence, the rest of the abdomen with black pubescence

Hab Colaba, Bombay Q Length 3 mm

7 Mutilla tridungulata, Magi Ann Mus Civ Gen (2ª) ui, 1892, p 269, 5, Q

A Head wider than the thorax, coarsely longitudinally rugose, thorax elongate, constricted in the middle, posteriorly emarginate and armed with two stout teeth, the plate of the scutellum short

and of the usual width, with two other laminæ placed triangularly above and somewhat prominent, the posterior portion of the therax with longitudinal rugose folds furnished with prominent papillæ placed in lines, the 1st abdominal segment above with coarse oval punctures, beneath with a carma emarginate in the middle and bent downwards. Black, the thorax, the mandibles in the middle, and the apex of the abdomen rufo-ferruginous, the 2nd abdominal segment above with two oval yellowish spots of silky pile, the 3rd and 4th segments with a fascia of the same coloured pile, which in some varieties is interrupted medially. The anal segment has on both sides long, and the legs short and sparse, yellowish pile

Hab Palon, Burma, Karen Hills at low elevations 2

Length 9 mm

- 8 Mutilla soror, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1867, p 354, pl 8, fig 3, Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 306
- Q Head punctured, thorax more coarsely punctured and retaculate, abdomen densely pubescent, thorax from above square Head and abdomen black, thorax red, the antennæ and legs black, the scape of the former and the coxæ of the legs reddish, the pubescence on the legs golden, on the abdomen black, with two large maculæ on the 2nd segment, the 3rd and 4th segments above clothed with golden pubescence

Hab Ceylon Q Length 8 mm

- 9 Mutilia pulchriceps, Cam Mem Manch L. Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 121, 130, pl iv, fig 17
- Q Closely allied to and resembling M soror, Sauss, differs in having the head covered densely with golden pile, and the sides of the thorax being irregularly concave, not straight

 Hab Poona (Wroughton) Q Length 8 mm
- 10 Mutilla pectino-spinata, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2^a) xii, 1892, p 212, Q
- Q The scape of the antennæ strongly curved, nearly half the length of the flagellum, head coarsely longitudinally channelled, thorax narrow, subrectangular, scarcely constricted in the middle, the sides irregularly emarginate, and spinose, posteriorly abruptly truncate, the upper margin with ten spinose papillæ, two long ones in the middle subarcuate, and four smaller ones on each side, the dorsal portion of the thorax longitudinally reticulate, the pleuræ smooth and shining, the posterior face of the metanotum coarsely reticulate towards the apex, with minute black striæ and ovate spots, the 2nd abdominal segment with black pubescence, densely lugosely punctate, the 1st ventral segment with a linear carina very prominent. Black, with greyish-yellow pubescence, the thorax, the intermediate femora, and the anal segment with two

large oval maculæ, the 3rd and 5th segments with obsolete (probably due to attrition) fasciæ of greyish-yellow pile

Hab Rangoon, Burma Q Length 13 mm

- 11 Mutilla niveosignata, Andi ε, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, pp 465, 480, Ω
- A Head, thorax, and abdomen coarsely and elosely punctured and studded with erect hairs, head orbicular, strongly convex in front thorax from above rectangular, truncate in front and posteriorly, the sides crenulate along the upper margin, smooth below, with the metapleurae coarsely punctured, the truncation at apex smooth Black, the pubescence black, the thorax above red, a narrow margin anteriorly black, abdomen with dense black pubescence, the basal segment nearly bare, cliated on its posterior margin with jellow hairs, 2nd and 3rd segments with two oval spots covered with snow-white pubescence

Hab Poona, Orissa Q Length 10 mm

- 12 Mutilla dimidiata, Lepel Hym 111, p 628, d, Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 285, d
- Q Head about as wide as the thorax, striate in front, the stried running into fine reticulations, thorax punctured, coarsely so posteriorly, from above rectangular, the sides slightly emarginate, the abdomen pubescent, the base of the 4th, 5th, and 6th segments finely punctured. Black, the thorax red, the femora of the legs beneath rufescent, abdomen with a round pubescent spot on each side at base of the 2nd segment, a broad medially interrupted fascia on the 3rd, a squarish spot on each side of the 4th, and a fringe on each side of the 6th, of silvery hairs
- d Herd, thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, punctured coarsely on the thorax, on the head the punctures are finer, and on the abdomen more sparsely scattered, the mesonotum with four longitudinal carinæ; median segment reticulate under the pubescence, somewhat truncate posteriorly, with a medial irregularly V-shaped carina and a short outwardly divergent carina on either side at base. Black, the pubescence silvery white on the head and thorax, red on the red portions of the abdomen, the abdomen red, with the basal and apical segments black, wings dark fuscous, with a purple effulgence

Hab Bengal, North-West Provinces, Bombay, Madras, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, extending to the east as far as Luzon and Timor 2 Length 12-15 mm 6. Length 18-20, exp 38-43

- 13 Mutilla vicinissima, Gribodo, Ann Mus Civ Gen (22) 1, 1884, p 364, 28, Q
- Q Head, therax, and abdomen punctured, the punctures very coarse and deep on the head and thorax, more shallow on the abdomen, on the thorax in certain lights they seem to run into

reticulations, head orbicular, slightly wider than the thorax, the eyes subspheroidal, small, thorax from above broadly rectangular, the anterior and posterior margins lounded, the apex steeply sloped. Head and abdomen black, thorax dark red, the apical joint of the flagellum of the antennæ testaceous, the whole head, thorax, and abdomen covered with short erect black hairs, the abdomen also with recumbent stiff black pubescence, a round spot on each side of the 2nd segment above, a broad elongate spot on each side on the apical margin of the 3rd, with some indistinct smaller markings on the sides of the other segments covered with white pubescence

Hab Muhla, Upper Burma Q Length 9 mm

- 14 Mutilla ruficrus, Rad MS, Magr Ann Mus Cu Gen (2") x11, 1892, p 205
- Q Very closely resembling *M subintrans*, Rad, differs in being smaller, the head and thorax being more lightly punctured, the abdomen less pubescent, and the ventral carina on it less distinct

Hab Bhamo, Upper Burma, Karen Hills Q Length 5-7 mm

- 15. Mutilla interrupta, Oliv Encycl Méth vin, p 62 Mutilla repræsentans, Smith, Cat in, p 35, Q
- Q Head not so wide as the thorax, closely and not very coarsely punctured, the scape of the antennæ and the clypeus pubescent, eyes ovate, thorax rectangular, coarsely punctured, the sides excavate and smooth, posteriorly vertically truncate, the punctures on the posterior face running into vertical striæ, abdomen pubescent above, beneath smooth with the margins of the segments finely punctured Black, the base and apex of the antennæ, the base of the mandibles, and the thorax red, legs and abdomen beneath rufo-fuscous, two round spots on the 2nd abdominal segment above, and lateral oblong spots on the 3rd and 4th segments covered with silky silvery pile, the apical segment fringed laterally with silvery hairs
- Head and thorax coarsely punctured and sparsely pubescent, the clypeus and cheeks more densely so, mesonotum with three parallel longitudinal carinæ, the median segment long, narrowed posteriorly and coarsely reticulate, from the base three central parallel longitudinal carinæ run to half the length of the segment, the two outer ones meeting in a rounded loop beyond the apex of the central carina, abdomen smooth and shining, subpetiolate Black, the pubescence on the head and thorax silvery, the basal four segments of the abdomen red, wings clear hyaline at base, light fuscous, with a purplish effulgence beyond the basal nervure of the fore wing and beyond the anal cell in the hind wing

Hab North-West Provinces, Bengal, Madras, Burma, Tenasserim, extending to China Q Length 10-11 mm & Length

15-17, exp 28-33 mm.

- 16 Mutilla subintrans, Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 228, \$\times\$, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2\(\frac{1}{2}\)) xii, 1892, p 203
- Closely allied to and resembling M interrupta, Oliv, but of stouter build and more coarsely punctured on the thorax, head wider than the thorax, collar transversely striate, thorax from above rectangular, the sides emarginate, vertically truncate posteriorly, punctured, the punctures not running into striæ, abdomen pubescent above, beneath the basal segment with a prominent longitudinal carna, the apical margins of the segments coarsely punctured Coloration precisely similar to that of M interrupta

Hab Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserim Q. Length 12 mm

- 17 Mutilla colabensis, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, рр 466, 475, ♀
- Head and thorax somewhat coarsely punctured and covered with erect hairs, abdomen densely pubescent, head from above slightly rectangular, not strongly convex in front, broader than the thorax, the latter from above rectangular, the edes parallel, the angles somewhat rounded Head and abdomen black, the thorax above red below and the sides with a narrow margin all round above black, the pubescence on the abdomen jet-black, a round spot on the front of the head, an oval spot on each side close to the base of the 2nd, and another on each side close to the base of the 3rd abdominal segment, covered with snow-white pubescence

Hab Colaba, Bombay Length 6 mm

- 18 Mutilla ceylanensis, Rad & Suh Hor Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 247, ♀
- Head coarsely punctured, thorax striate-punctate, abdomen pubescent, eyes large, round, thorax squarish with the angles rounded, abdomen subsessile Head and abdomen black, thorax red, abdomen with black pubescence, two round spots in the middle of the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th segments of white pubescence, the sides of the segments and the apical segment culiated with white hairs, legs red, with scattered white hairs

Hab Ceylon ♀ Length 9 mm

Unknown to me, but from the description I should say very close to M seamaculata, Swed, if not identical with it

19 Mutilla aulica *, Smith, Cat 111, p 37, Q

Head and thorax closely and coarsely, abdomen finely

^{*} The following species described by Olivier (Encycl Méth vin, p 61, 2) from 'Les Indes Orientales" has not, so far as I know, been procured of late years by any collector -

[&]quot;M rugosa Q Hirta, nigra, thorace postice, abdominis primo segmento secundoque basi, rufo-aureo pilosis, secundi apice, tertio, quarto, quintoque nigris, albo-tripunctatis"—Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ress vi, 1869, p 259 Radozkovsky and Sichel also regard M bengalensis, Lepel, as probably a variety of the above

punctured and pubescent, the pubescence short, thick, velvety, with a mixture of long black hairs, thorax above slightly convex, rectangular, the sides excavated, smooth, the median segment posteriorly truncate, the pronotum anteriorly rounded, narrowed into a collar towards the head—Black, the thorax above obscurely dark red, a circular spot on the vertex of the head, an oblong patch on the sides of the thorax, and a sublateral spot on each side of the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th segments of the abdomen, of white pubescence

Var The spot on the vertex obsolete or absent, thorax some-

times black

Hab Northern India, Ceylon Q Length 6-8 mm Type in British Museum

- 20 Mutilla hexaops, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1867, p 356, pl 8, fig 6
- Q Closely allied to and resembling *M sexmaculata*, Swed, but constantly smaller, the antennæ ferruginous, the thorax red not black, the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th segments with a round spot on each side covered with white pubescence

Hab Ceylon Q Length 7 mm

21 Mutilla valida, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen evenly, rather closely and coarsely punctured, densely pubescent, thorax suboval, the lateral margins lightly crenulate, the sides slightly excavated, smooth, with two fine oblique carinæ, median segment posteriorly slightly but distinctly emarginate. Black, the mesonotum, scutellum, post-scutellum, and median segment above red, this colour extending halfway down the posterior face, but not on the sides of the median segment, pubescence fuscous, with some white hairs on the legs and pectus, a spot behind the eyes, a patch on the mesopleuræ, and large circular sublateral spots on the 2nd and 3rd segments of the abdomen, white, the middle of the apical margins of segments 1-3 above with fusco-fulvous pubescence

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 7 mm Type in coll

Rothney

- *22 Mutilla wroughtoni, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 123, 127, pl 1v, fig 15, \$\Q22\$
- "Black, the thorax above rufous, the base of the 2nd abdominal segment with two oval white marks Antennæ stout, the 3rd joint about one-half longer than the 4th Head broader than the thorax, coarsely rugosely punctured, eyes moderate, oblong, the head well developed behind them Thorax more coarsely rugose than the head, the pleu æ apparently impunctate, the sides of the thorax above rough, becoming gradually dilated to the apex, the apex of the median segment oblique, black Abdomen shorter than the head and thorax united, the subsessile pygidium apparently punctured, covered with long hairs The upper surface

of the insect has the hair black, the ventral longer and whitish Legs covered with white hairs.

"Length 8½ mm"
Hab Poona (Wroughton)

- 23 Mutilla pulla, André, Jow Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, pp 464, 473, Q
- P Head, thorax, and abdomen very finely and closely punctured, on the front running into longitudinal striæ, head wider than the thorax, thorax rounded in front and at apex, and rounded convexly from front to apex, the antennæ long and proportionately very thick. Head and abdomen black, the scape and basal joint of the flagellum of the antennæ, the thorax, and legs red, an oval medial spot near the base, and a broad lunate one, on the apical margin of the 2nd abdominal segment, covered with pale golden pubescence

Hub Canara, Bombay Presidency Q Length 5 mm

24 Mutilla blanda, Smith, Cat 111, p 32, Q

Q Head and thorax closely and coarsely, and the abdomen finely punctured and pubescent thorax from above nearly oval, anteriorly and posteriorly broadly rounded, the sides excavated and smooth, the lateral margins above crenulate, abdomen broad, short, about as long as the head and thorax together, the apical segment innely longitudinally striate on the sides. Black, the thorax above and on the sides red, the pubescence white, thin, and scattered, two median spots, one at the base and one on the posterior margin of the 2nd segment, and the whole of the 3rd segment above, covered with glittering silvery pubescence

Hab India, Ceylon 2 Length 7 mm Type in the British

Museum

- *25 Mutilla constanceæ, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 118, 134, pl 1, fig 10, Q
- "? Black, the thorax pale ferruginous above, an irregular mark on the base and apex of the second segment and the third segment white Antennæ with the third joint about one quarter longer than the fourth, the first at apex, the second and the terminal beneath more or less piecous. Head not much wider than the thorax, coarsely punctured, densely covered with silvery hair, the antennal tubercles piecous, acculate Eyes oval, moderate, reaching quite close to the top of the head. Thorax quadrate, rounded at base and apex, the sides rough, slightly concave, above coarsely longitudinally punctured, the pleuræ impunctate, densely covered with white hairs. Abdomen as long as the head and thorax united, subsessile, dilated at the base of second segment, becoming gradually narrowed to the apex, coarsely punctured, in

the middle bearing rufous hairs, the sides with silvery hair, pygidium rufous, longitudinally striate the ventral segments tringed with long silvery hairs. Legs covered with long silvery hairs, the tibial spines testaceous, the spurs white"

Hab Poona Q Length a little over 6 mm

- 26 Mutilla pondicherensis, Rad & Sich Hor. Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 204, Ω
- P Head and thorax punctured, rugose, abdomen pubescent, the head moderately wide, covered with scattered pubescence, antennæ slightly thickened in the middle, thorax from above squarish, rugose, truncate posteriorly, the truncation rugulose, the sides covered with a decumbent pubescence, 1st segment of the abdomen carnated, the pygidium flat and longitudinally striate. Black, the thorax red, the pubescence on the head and thorax silvery, on the abdomen black, the apical margin of the 1st, two medial spots, one above the other, on the 2nd segment, and the 3rd segment above covered with silvery pubescence, legs black with scattered silvery hairs

Hab Pondichery Q Length 11 mm

- 27 Mutilla rufitarsis, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 199

 ² Mutilla taprobanæ, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892,
 p 125
- A Head and thorax finely, regularly, and very closely punctured, abdomen densely pubescent, head orbicular, narrower than the thorax, thorax rectangular, broad, anteriorly and posteriorly roundly truncate, abdomen short, wide, broadly oval, punctured under the pubescence, the pygidium finely longitudinally striate Head, legs, and abdomen black, with black pubescence, thorax red, a large round spot in the middle of the 2nd abdominal segment close to the base, another smaller on the middle of the apical margin, with the narrow apical margin itself, and the whole of the 3rd segment above covered with silvery white pubescence

Hub India (Smith) Q Length 11 mm

From the description it seems to me that M taprobana, Cam, is only a variety of this species

28 Mutilla durga

Mutilla dives, Cam (ned Smith, Cat v, p 32) Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

Q Head and thorax coarsely, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, head small, not so wide as the thorax, eyes large, oval, thorax from above nearly rectangular, anteriorly and posteriorly almost transverse, the sides deeply excavated, coarsely reticulate, abdomen densely pubescent. Black, the thorax in the middle red, leaving a narrow black margin all round, a circular median spot at the base of the 2nd abdominal segment, another close to the apical margin, and the entire 3rd segment above

MUTILLA 19

covered with silvery white pubescence, the sides and ventral segments fringed with white hairs

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 8 mm Type in coll

Rothney.

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- 29 Mutilla subglabra, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, pp 464, 472, Q
- Q Head, thorax, and basal two abdominal segments minutely and closely punctured, and covered with short erect hairs, head orbicular, antennæ long and massive, but less so than in M pulla, thorax from above narrowly rectangular, the front and apex steeper, and not so rounded as in M pulla. Head and abdomen black, thorax red, antennæ black, with the scape and basal joint of the flagellum red, legs brown, tarsi testaceous a medial oval spot near the base, and a large round spot at the apex of the 2nd abdominal segment covered with silvery pubescence

Hab Canara, Bombay Presidency Q Length 4 mm

30 Mutilla conjungenda, Magi Ann Mus Civ Gen (2º) xii, 1892, p 214, & d

Head coarsely and deeply punctured and rugose, about the width of the thorax, thorax short, posteriorly rounded, anteniorly and in the middle minutely reticulate, posteriorly more coarsely reticulate with the papillæ distinct, the plate of the scutellium small, scarcely projecting, the pleure smooth and opaque, pilose, the 1st abdominal segment above pilose, carrying beneath a distinct emarginate carina, the 2nd segment densely pubescent above, beneath shining and sparsely punctured Black, the basal halt of the mandibles, the base of the antennæ, and the thorn infoterruginous, a fimbria of silky yellow pubescence on the posterior margins of the 1st and anal segments above and on the posterior margins of all the ventral segments, a spot on the middle above of the 2nd segment, a transverse band on its posterior margin, and the whole of the 3rd segment covered with the same pubescence, the transverse band on the margin of the 2nd segment is produced anteriorly into a triangular point in the middle, the 1st segment at base above covered with griseous, the 2nd with black pubescence

d Head strongly punctured and rugose, slightly shining, eyes ovate, lightly emarginate, the ocellar area raised and bearing a carna down the middle, the mandibles flat, branched, strongly dilated, tridentate, pro- and mesonotum minutely punctured, metanotum with broad reticulations, the inedian portion obsoletely lanceolate, pro- and mesopleuræ punctured, metapleuræ smooth and shining, the 1st ventral segment carnated, the carna distinct, linear and lightly emarginate in the middle Black, thorax rufo-ferruginous, the pectus black, wings light fuscous with a violet effulgence, the base hyaline, the tegulæ black, the 1st abdominal segment with a marginal imbria, the

 $\mathfrak{g} 2$

2nd with a transverse band on its apical margin, the 3rd and anal segments covered with yellow pubescence, the 1st and 2nd abdominal segments punctured above and below

Hab Upper Burma Q Length 7 mm & Length 9, exp

18 mm

- 31 Mutilla kirbyi, Magr Ann Mus Cw Gen (2°) λιι, 1892, p 216, Q
- Head and anterior two-thirds of the thorax very coarsely rugose reticulate, posterior portion punctured, the punctures running into longitudinal papillose striæ, the plate of the scutellum wide, prominent, the lateral angles set with distinct papille, the pleuræ smooth, opaque, basal abdominal segment aciculately punctured above, beneath the ventral carina distinctly dentate. 2nd segment above densely pubescent, beneath somewhat coarsely and strongly punctured, the remaining segments above with long pubescence, beneath shining, minutely transversely stirolate, the lateral angles and apical margins moderately punctured, anal segment above minutely longitudinally striate, the apex emarginate Black, the thorax, the anterior and intermediate coxe and femora almost entirely, and the basal abdominal segment widely rufoferruginous, the base and apex of the scope and the flagellum of the antennæ beneath nigio ferruginous, abdomen with the apical margin of the 1st segment, a median pyriform oval spot, and narrow transverse band on the apical margin of the 2nd, the 3rd entirely, and the anal segment on both sides covered with golden fulvous pubescence, the pubescence short and dense on the 3rd, longer and less dense on the anal segment, the 2nd-5th ventral segments ciliated on their posterior margins with yellow hairs, the head and thorax above covered with black, the sternum, metathorax, basal abdominal segment, and legs with grey pile, the palpi and the spines of the tibiæ and tarsi testaceous vellow

Var The basal abdominal segment totally black Hab Karen Hills, Burma Q Length 12 mm

- 32 Mutilla tenasserimica, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2ª) xii, 1892, p 214, 2
- Q Head densely minutely punctured, thorax narrow, rectangular posteriorly, abruptly truncate, anteriorly and in the middle above minutely reticulate, posteriorly the reticulations are larger, the plate of the scutellum obsolete in certain cases the papillæ scarcely prominent, the pleuræ shining, the 1st abdominal segment above smooth and shining, its posterior margin somewhat minutely punctured, the ventral carina obsolete or barely observable, the abdomen densely set with silvery, and the legs with black pubescence. Black, the thorax, base of the mandibles, and scape of the antennæ at base and apex ferruginous red, a large spot at the base of the 2nd abdominal segment, an arched transverse band on

MUTILLA 21

its posterior margin, the 3rd segment entirely, and the posterior margin of the 4th segment covered with silky yellow pile

Hab Tenasserim (Meetan) Q Length 5 mm

- *33 Mutilla buddha, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 117, 132
- "Q Black, the thorax ferruginous, an oval spot on the base of second segment and the whole of the third pale golden-fulvous Head narrower than thorax, very coarsely punctured, almost reticulated, eyes large, oval, antennal tubercles impunctate, vertex not much raised above the eyes, roundly convex, the clypeus fringed with long fulvous, the rest of the head sparsely with fuscous hairs, mandibles piceous in the middle Scape covered with pale fulvous hairs, the flagellum with a pale down, brownish beneath, the third joint not much longer than the fourth, shorter than the fourth and fifth united Thorax coarsely longitudinally reticulated, the pleuræ entirely impunctate, becoming gradually but not much narrowed from extreme base to apex, the edges rough, but without any distinct tubercles, apex of median segment obliquely sloped Abdomen longer than the head and thorax united, the first segment dilated, the second segment longitudinally punctured, the others with their apices shining, impunctate, glabrous, the pygidium coarsely punctured, the extreme apex finely transversely structe, the apical ventral segments fringed with long tulvous hairs Legs the femora sparsely covered with longish blackish hairs, the tibiæ and tarsi thickly with pale fulvogolden, the calcaria and the bristles on the underside of the tarsi rufous, the four tibial spines stout, black

"Hab Poons (Wroughton) Q Length 11 mm"

- 34. Mutilla coronata, Fabi Ent Syst 11, p 369, Sauss Novaia Reise, Hym p 106, Q
- Q Head, thorax, and 2nd abdominal segment coarsely punctured, thorax posteriorly rounded, sloped transversely, rugose and granular, armed above at base with a minute erect lamella, abdomen densely pubescent. Head and abdomen black, thorax red, with cinereous pubescence on the sides, fuscous above, the basal segment of the abdomen ciliated with whitish fulvous hairs, 2nd segment with a round spot close to the base covered with white pubescence, the margin of the segment sometimes ciliated with white hairs, 3rd segment with white pubescence beneath, antennæ and legs black, the scape of the former rufescent.

Hab Europe, Ceylon (Sauss) 2 Length 10 mm

³⁵ Mutilla decora, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 200, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2a) All, 1892, p 213

Q Head and thorax sparsely, abdomen densely pubescent,

head finely and closely, thorax less finely punctured, eves nearly round, thorax squarish in front, posteriorly rounded, with a steep slope, 1st ventral segment strongly longitudinally carriate Black, the antenne, legs, and base of the 1st abdominal segment rufescent, the thorax red, a round spot in the middle above on the 2nd abdominal segment, a transverse band, widest in the middle on its posterior margin, and the 3rd segment above covered with silvery white pubescence

Hab Penang, Bhamo, Upper Burma, Rangoon district.

Lower Burma Q Length 7-8 mm

36 Mutilla trimaculata, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 122, 126

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured and pubescent, the pubescence consisting of thin rather longish erect hairs, the thorax from above long, oval, with the ends anteriorly and posteriorly bload, widely rounded, beneath, the sides are excavated and smooth Black, the thorax and legs dark red, the apex of the 1st, 2nd, and 4th segments of the abdomen above with a spot of glistening white pubescence

Hab Poona, Western India 2 Length 5 mm Type in coll

Rothney

37 Mutilla argenteomaculata, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 199, \$\varphi\$ \$\varphi\$\$ \$\delta\$\$



Fig 3 Mutilla argenteomaculata, Q 4

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen coarsely cribrate, with erect sparsely set hairs, head orbicular, not so wide as the thorax thorax convex, elongate, oval, with the top and bottom of the oval truncate, transverse, and with an acute tubercle on each side at middle, 1st abdominal segment short, subpetiolate, and narrowed, much depressed be neath the level of the base of the 2nd segment, which is nearly vertical. Head and abdomen black, thorax above and 1st abdominal segment red, sides of the thorax ruto-fuscous, sometimes red, the pubescence black, the sides of the

thorax with a little golden pubescence, legs black, a large round macula on the head, three medial spots down the abdomen above (one at the base and one at the apex of the 2nd segment, and one at the apex of the 5th segment) and a spot on each side close to the posterior margin of the 2nd segment covered with silvery white pubescence

d Head, thorax, and abdomen black, the 2nd abdominal segment more or less ferruginous the head, the median segment, and the basal abdominal segment with white pubescence, an ovate spot in the middle of the apical margin of the 2nd segment,

a lateral one on the 3rd, and a medial one on the 5th and 6th of snow-white pubescence, wings fuscous, subhyaline at base

Hab Bombay Ahmedabad (Miss A Brook) \(\text{\$\sigma} \) Length 12-16 mm \(\text{\$\sigma} \) Length 15, exp 29 mm

38 Mutilia kohli, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2º) x11, 1892, p 217, Q

- Head as wide as the thorax, in front longitudinally punctured and rugose, on the vertex coarsely furrowed, thorax suboval, its lateral margins distinctly emarginate and toothed, the pronotum above minutely punctured, mesonotum coarsely and deeply longitudinally reticulate and rugose, plate of the scutellum absent, but in place of it a line of distinct papille on the middle above, metathorax roundly declivous, coarsely reticulate, furnished on the posterior lateral angles with two strong spines, their apices obtuse and sub-bifid, also other smaller acute spines in the middle above, abdomen, particularly at the base of the 1st and on the apical half of the 2nd and following segments, densely and the sides sparsely pubescent, the carina on the 1st ventral segment nearly or completely obsolete Black, thorax fusco-ferruginous, a subrectangular oval macula of yellowish white pubescence on the posterior margin of the 1st abdominal segment, other narrow arched indistinct spots of the same in the middle at the base of the 2nd segment, with two large triangular patches on its apical margin, linear yellow pubescent spots also on the apical margins of the 3rd, 4th, and 5th segments, and the anal segment fringed on both sides with yellowish hairs, the femora and tibiæ sparsely, and the tarsi densely covered with greyish pubescence, the apical margins of the ventral abdominal segments pale and sparsely ciliated, the pubescence on the abdomen above black, and on the sides mixed with grey hairs
 - Var a The scape and apex of the flagellum of the antennæ

rufo-ferruginous

Var b The anterior legs and posterior femora obscurely ferruginous

Hab Bhamo, Upper Burma 2 Length 7 mm

39 Mutilla cotesi, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

Q. Closely resembles M rothneys (p. 27), but the head is more globular, the eyes smaller, circular, and less prominent, the sides of the thorax not studded with sharp spines, but only crenulate, and the median segment has no central spine posteriorly in colour the present species differs in having the head black, with a central spot of white pubescence on the forehead, the sides of the thorax and legs dark red, and the pubescent white spots on the abdomen smaller

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q. Length 8 mm Type in coll Rothney

- 40 Mutilla nobilis, Smith, Cat iii, p 33, &, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 120
- Q Head and thorax coarsely punctured, abdomen densely pubescent, head elongate, half as long again as broad, eyes very small, ovate, thorax from above somewhat irregularly rectangular, narrowed posteriorly, with an inconspicuous acute tubercle on each side before the middle, abdomen very massive, much longer than the head and thorax united. Head and thorax red, antennæ and legs rufo-fuscous, the tibiæ and tarsi with dense golden pubescence, abdomen black, with black pubescence, three large contiguous spots at the base of the 2nd segment, and the 3rd and 4th segments above clothed with bright golden pubescence, the middle spot on the 2nd segment slightly further back than the other two, the band on the 3rd and 4th narrowly interrupted in the middle.
- of Similar, the scape and basal two joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, and the legs pale reddish yellow, the median segment black, steeply sloped, nearly vertical posteriorly, abdomen subpetiolate, the 1st segment and the apical margins of the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th broadly covered with golden pubescence, wings fuscous, subhyaline at base

Hab Madras, Shevaroy Hills. 2 Length 16 mm 6. Length 15-20, evp 30-33 mm

41. Mutilla laminella, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2ª) xii, 1892, p 215, Q

A Head minutely but deeply, thorax more coarsely punctured, the punctures oblong, posteriorly merging into wide reticulation, the apex of the thorax abruptly truncate, the plate of the scutellum narrow, but very prominent, the pleure shining, the ventral carna distinct, its margin roundly talcate. Black, the mandibles (except at apex), the base and apex of the scape of the antenne, and the thorax rufo-terruginous, the apical margins of the 2nd, 3nd, and anal abdominal segments and the tarsi variegated with rufo-testaceous, the whole head and thorax with sparse cinereous, and the abdomen with dense black pubescence, an obsolete spot on the 1st segment above, a fascia on its apical margin, and a subtriangular patch on the middle above of the 3rd segment, of siky yellow pile

Hab Mandalay, Upper Burma Q Length 5 mm

42 Mutilla cassiope, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 86, 9, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) Au, 1892, p 219

A Head, thorax, and abdomen thinly pubescent, the head, thorax, basal two abdominal segments, the base of the 4th and 5th, and the whole of the apical segment closely punctured above, the head and thorax having a granular appearance, the base and apex of the 2nd segment very narrowly, and the apical margins of the

4th and 5th smooth and shining, the punctures on the 2nd segment running into longitudinal striæ, head broad and square, eyes ovate, thorax in front squarish, posteriorly constricted towards the apex Black, the scape and basal joint of the flagellum of the antennæ, the thorax, and the coxæ and temora of all the legs red, the 3rd abdominal segment covered with a dense silvery pile above

Hab Borneo (Smith), Moolayit, Tenasserim (L Fea) Q

Length 5-7 mm

- 43 Mutilla sex-maculata, Swed (nec Smith) Nouv Act Holm viii, 1787, p 286, Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 246
- Q Head and thorax closely punctured, with a thin scattered pubescence, abdomen densely pubescent, head orbicular, thorax truncate in front and posteriorly, from above irregularly rectangular, slightly broader posteriorly than in front, slightly constricted in the middle, abdomen massive, long, much longer than the head and thorax united Black, the thorax above red, two oblong spots close to the base of the 1st abdominal segment, two others on its apical margin, and two on the 3rd segment, of snowwhite pubescence

Hab Punjab, Allahabad, Barrackpore, Bombay 2 Length

11-17 mm

- 44 Mutilla agnata, Andié, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, pp 466, 479, Q
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, pubescent, the thorax nearly bare, with sparse erect time hairs, head very orbicular, strongly convex in front, narrower than the thorax, eyes very large, subovate, thorax from above elongate, rectangular, the lateral margins slightly waved anteriorly, widely arched posteriorly, truncate, the truncation punctured, 1st abdominal segment very short, its posterior margin above depressed well beneath the base of the 2nd segment. Head black, covered with a rather thin short golden pubescence, the scape and basal two joints of the antennæ and the legs teiruginous, the apical portion of the flagellum brown, thorax red, abdomen black, the basal half and the narrow apical margin of the 2nd, and the whole of the rest of the segments above, covered with ferruginous golden pubescence, the anterior border of the golden pubescence on the 2nd segment medially emarginate

Hab Canara, Bombay Presidency Q Length 7-12 mm

- *45 Mutilla insularis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 119, 133
- "? The antennæ and head black, thorax ferruginous, abdomen black with two large oval united fasciæ on the second segment, the third segment and the apex of the fourth golden fulvous, legs black, the femora for the greater part ferruginous

Head coarsely rugosely punctured, the hairs fulvous Eyes large, oblong, reaching quite close to the top of the head, which is slightly convex. Antennal tubercles red, shining, finely striated. Antennæ inclining to piceous beneath towards the base, the third joint twice the length of the fourth, the second and third joint subequal. Thorax bluntly rounded at base and apex, twice the length of head, more strongly punctured than the head, the pleuræ punctured except at the apex, the sides of the thorax above rough, almost straight, pygidium longitudinally striated, the sides fringed with long fulvous hair, apical ventral segment slightly fringed with fulvous hair, the basal segment with large deep punctures, the others with the punctures much smaller. Legs covered thickly with long pale fulvous hairs, rufo-fulvous on the tarsi, the calcaria, the tibial spines four, pale

"Hab Trincomali, Coylon Q Length 11 mm"

*46 Mutilla serratula, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 122, 133, pl 1, fig 12

"Black, the thorax red, the scape and legs pale rufotestaceous, the apex of second abdominal segment with a pale fulvous band (dilated in the middle) Head as wide as the thorax. coarsely punctured, the antennal tubercles unpunctate, pale testaceous, as well as the clypeus, mandibles reddish, the apices piceous black, eyes large, oval, reaching close to the top of the head third joint of antenna about one-half longer than the fourth sides of the thorax coarsely irregularly serrate, contracted in the middle, closely and coarsely longitudinally punctured, the aper of median segment above A-shaped, coarsely serrated, the acute apex terminating in a spine. The sides of the median segment serrate, the pleuræ impunctate First abdominal segment not dilated, the apical pale testaceous, impunctate, the apical ventral segments fringed with pale fulvous hairs. Tibiæ and tarsi sparingly covered with testaceous hairs, the apices of femora Tibiæ and tarsi fuscous

"Hab Poona Q Length 5 mm"

47 Mutilla dissimulanda, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) x11, 1892, p 219, Q

Q Head in front and on the vertex very coarsely rugose, cribrate and reticulate, thorax minutely reticulate, the plate of the scutellum wide, scarcely projecting, the margins and angles of the metathorax above with projecting papillæ, its posterior portion longitudinally striate with smaller projecting papillæ, pleuræ smooth and shining, the 1st abdominal segment above minutely punctured and accoulate, the ventral carina distinct, the 2nd, 4th, and 5th segments above pubescent, the first of these on the ventral side shining, coarsely and densely punctured, the remainder minutely transversely striate beneath, their apical

margins punctured, the anal segment minutely longitudinally striate, its apex emarginate, legs sparsely pubescent. Black, the mandibles in the middle, the scape of the antennæ at base and apex, the thorax, trochanters, and basal half of the femora rufoferruginous, abdomen opaque, sparsely clothed with black pubescence, dense on the 2nd, 4th, and 5th segments above, the 2nd segment has on its apical margin a narrow, and the 3rd segment a wide transverse band of silky white pubescence, the margins of the 3rd, 4th, and 5th ventral segments cliated with silvery hairs, the legs sparsely clothed with yellowish pile, the tarsal spines rufotestaceous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma Q Length 11 mm

48 Mutilla rothneyi, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

A Head and thorax coarsely and closely, and the abdomen finely and closely punctured, the punctures on the head and thorax running into longitudinal striæ, head subquadrate, as wide as the thorax, eyes very prominent, oval, slightly laterally compressed, collar much raised, on a level with the head and thorax, thorax from above rectangular, the sides set with sharp short spines, excavated below and smooth, the median segment with a single sharp central spine posteriorly, abdomen as long as the head and thorax, the basal segment constricted at its posterior margin Head in front and on the vertex, and the thorax above dark red, the cheeks behind the eyes, the sides of the thorax, legs and abdomen black, the last with black pubescence and five circular pubescent white spots—one at the base above the 1st, two lateral and one central at the posterior margin of the 2nd, and one in the middle of the posterior margin of the 4th segment

Closely resembles the Q, but the median segment is larger proportionally and more clearly marked off from the thorax, the lateral and posterior spines are smaller, and the sides of the thorax are more deeply excavated. Colour almost precisely similar, but the red is more diffused over the head, the pleuræ are covered with a thin sericeous silvery pile, and there are two additional spots on the abdomen, one in the middle of the apical margin of the 5th, the other on the 6th segment wings absent (evidently

accidentally lost) in the type and only specimen known

Hab Bairackpore, Bengal Q Length 8 mm & Length 9 mm Types in coll Rothney

A very distinct species, the d is M contracta, Cam

49 Mutilla pandora, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 85, Q, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) vii, 1892, p 220

A Head anteriorly minutely and closely striate thorax finely and closely punctured, abdomen densely pubescent, head very little wider than the thorax, eves ovate, the outer orbits straighter

than the inner, thorax in front transverse, posteriorly sharply

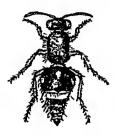


Fig 4
Mutilla pandora,
Q 3

tiuncate, the face of the truncation smooth but opaque Black, the scape and first joint of the flagellum of the antenuæ rufescent, the vertex and back of the head, the thorax, and the base of the 1st abdominal segment red, three large spots placed in a triangle on the 2nd segment above, a lunate elongate spot in the middle of its posterior margin a band covering the 3rd segment, and the sides of the apical segment with silvery white pubescence

Hab Bhamo, Upper Burma (L Fea), Bor-

neo, Sarawak Q Length 10 mm

50 Mutilla kanthellæ*, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 119, 124

Q Head and thorax closely and coarsely, and abdomen finely punctured and pubescent, head subglobose, not broader than the thorax, eyes ovate, thorax from above longish rectangular, the lateral margins crenulate and lightly emarginate, median segment rounded posteriorly, its lateral angles produced into a sharp well-marked tooth, abdomen broad, short, much broader than the thorax Black, a spot on the vertex and the thorax in the middle deep red, the margins of the latter above, in front, and on the sides narrowly black, abdomen with five pubescent white spots—one at the apex of the basal segment, two sublateral close to the base, and two close to each other on the apical margin of the 2nd segment

Hab Kanthellar, Ceylon Q Length 12 mm Type in coll

Rothney

51 Mutilla maculiceps, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc vin, 1893, . pp 468, 481, ♀

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, the head, thorax, and the basal segment of the abdomen somewhat coarsely punctured, head not strongly convex in front, compressed and narrowed at the back, thorax suboval, rounded anteriorly, narrowed and somewhat sloping posteriorly, the sides smooth. Head, thorax round the margins narrowly, and abdomen black, the thorax along the middle above ferruginous red, antennæ and legs black, the basal two segments of the abdomen beneath obscurely red, the pubescence on the middle of the thorax golden, on the abdomen black, a large spot on the front and vertex of the head, a spot on either side at the base and two similar smaller ones at the apex of the 2nd abdominal segment, with two still smaller ones on the 3rd segment, covered with snow-white pubescence

Hab Poons, Bombay Presidency Q Length 7 mm

^{*} The original spelling of this name, Lauthella, is a mietake or misprint

- 52 Mutilla nigrigena, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc vin, 1893, pp 464, 471, Ω
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and somewhat coarsely punctured, apical segment of the last longitudinally striate above, head orbicular, convex in front, wider than the thorax, this latter slightly convex above, rectangular, the sides parallel, its anterior margin more aiched than the posterior. Head and abdomen black, the vertex and front of the head and the thorax red. scape of the antennæ and the legs reddish, the flagellum reddish (or black), abdomen with black pubescence, a round spot at the base and a semicircular spot and a fringe on the apical margin of the 2nd segment, of white pubescence, a similar but ill-defined spot of white pubescence in the middle of the 3rd and 4th segments, and a few scattered white hairs on the sides of and beneath the segments

Hab Canara, Bombay Presidency Q Length 31 to 5 mm

53 Mutilla reticulata, Smith, Cat in, p 35, Q

Q Head and thorax very coarsely cribrate, sparsely covered with erect hairs, head slightly wider than the thorax, the eyes ovate and small, thorax from above rectangular, anteriorly and posteriorly nearly transverse, the sides excavated, the face of the emarginate portions coarsely punctured abdomen longitudinally deeply striate, pubescent above. Head, legs, and abdomen black, the basal two segments of the last with transverse bands on their apical margins, and the 3rd segment with lengthened lateral spots of silvery pubescence.

Hab India (Smith) 2 Length 10 mm

54 Mutilla ocellata, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1867, p 356, pl 8, fig 5, Ω, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 120

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, the punctures finer on the abdomen than on the head and thorax, head broad, globose, eyes oval, thorax from above rectangular, the anterior and posterior margins nearly transverse, the lateral margins towards the apex crenulate and slightly emarginate, the pleuræ excavated, pro- and mesopleuræ smooth, metapleuræ punctured, abdomen short, pubescent. Head and abdomen black, thorax red, the vertex of the head between the eyes, also the forehead, suffused with red, legs black, the pubescence on them whitish, a small round median spot at the apex of the 1st, a larger spot at the apex of the 2nd, and another of a size between the two at the apex of the 3rd abdominal segment, of snow-white pubescence, the sides and apex of the abdomen with some white hairs

Hab Ceylon 2 Length 8-12 mm

55 Mutilla maculo-fasciata, Sauss Hym Nov Rewe, p 107, Ω

P Head barely as wide as the thorax, densely punctured,

granular, thorax elongate-quadrate, somewhat wide, nearly half as long again as broad, the sides straight, above densely punctured, the mesopleuræ excavated, the metapleuræ punctured, 2nd abdominal segment above densely, beneath sparsely punctured, pygidium punctured and striolate. Head black, the vertex and tront rufescent, antennæ rufo-fuscous, mandibles and clypeus tuscous black, thorax red, abdomen nigro-fuscous, a spot at the base of the 2nd segment and broad fascia on the 3rd segment of silvery pubescence, the remaining segments with whitish hairs, apical segment red, legs black, the temora rufescent

Var The whole of the head red, the fascia on the 3rd segment

rupted in the middle

Hab Ceylon, Timor, Luzon Q Length 7 mm

56 Mutilla variegata, Smith, Cat m, p 39, 2

Q Head and thorax closely and somewhat coarsely rugose, the punctures running into reticulations on the disc of the thorax, this latter transverse in front, broadening towards the middle and suddenly and somewhat acutely narrowed posteriorly, the sides flat, punctured, with a broad oblique ridge in the middle, abdomen longitudinally, closely, and deeply striate above, pubescent; the 1st ventral segment without a carina Black, the head, thorax, and legs with griseous, and the abdomen with black pubescence, the apical margins of the basal three segments with transverse bands of glittering golden hairs, continued on the underside on the 2nd and 3rd, and with a large round spot of the same on the middle of the 2nd segment above

Hab Burma, extending up to North China Q Length

15 mm

57 Mutilla funeraria, Smith, Cat 111, p 37, Q

A Head and thorax closely and finely punctured, head about as wide as the thorax, eyes large in proportion, ovate, thorax long, anteriorly produced into a collar or neck, posteriorly slightly narrowed and steeply sloped, the sides very slightly emarginate and smooth, abdomen still more finely punctured, pubescent above Black, a lunate mark on the apical margin of the 2nd abdominal segment and the extreme apex of the abdomen with silvery white hairs

Hab Northern India (Smith) Q Length 11 mm

- 58 Mutilla arenaria, Fabr Mant Ins 1, p 312, 18, Smuth, Cat 111, p 9, 53, Rad Hor Soc Ent Ross viii, 1869, p 242

 Mutilla desertorum, Rad Bull Soc Nat Mosc 1865, p 452, pl viii, fig 4, var
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, the pubescence hiding most of the puncturing and sculpture of the body, head orbicular, scarcely so wide as the thorax, thorax strongly convex above, broader in front than behind, anteriorly

MUTILLA 31

transverse with the lateral angles somewhat rounded, posteriorly concavo-truncate, abdomen petiolate, the basal segment small, narrowed much depressed below the base of the 2nd segment, pygidium longitudinally and coarsely striate. Black, with black pubescence, a round spot on the front, the thorax above, a medial round spot near the base of the 2nd abdominal segment, a very broad transverse fascia, angularly emarginate in the middle anteriorly, on the apical margin of the same, and an ovate spot at the base of the 6th extending on to the apical margins of the 4th and 5th segments, covered with pale yellowish-white pubescence

Hab Karáchi, Bombay Q Length 11-15 mm

*59 Mutilla semiaurata, Smith, Cat 111, p 36, Q o

"Q Length 5 lines (about 11 mm) Black, the head, mesothorax anteriorly, metathorax and legs clothed with silvery-white pubescence, the abdomen densely clothed with bright pale golden pubescence except the apical segment, which is black, and has a central silvery-white pubescent spot, beneath, the margins of the segments are fringed with silvery hairs, the 2nd segment coarsely punctured and having a central longitudinal carina

"d Clothed as in the other sex, the eyes ovate, the wings dark

fuscous, palest towards their base

" Hab India (Smith) ?

60 Mutilla remota, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

A Head, thorax, and abdomen coarsely but closely and evenly punctured, pubescent, thorax suboval, the emarginate hollows on the sides with the keel between them slight, the face of the emarginations as closely and coarsely punctured as the rest of the thorax. Black, the pubescence black on the tibie and tarsi of the legs and the apex of the median segment golden yellow; abdomen with broad transverse bands of golden-yellow pubescence on the apical margins of the 1st and 2nd and the base of the 3rd segment, the 4th segment entirely covered with the same, the inner orbits narrowly, the outer orbits broadly, and the sides of the pronotum obscure red

Hab Trincomali, Ceylon Q Length 15 mm Type in coll

Rothney This species may be the Q of M. exacta, Smith

61 Mutilla cicatrificera, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1898, pp 466, 477, Q

Q Head, thorax, and basal two abdominal segments above very coarsely and closely, and the bases of the remaining segments finely punctured, the head and thorax covered with erect fine hairs, the abdomen densely pubescent, head orbicular, strongly convex in front, thorax from above rectangular, anteriorly transverse, but with a sort of collar between it and the head, the lateral margins crenulate, the apex somewhat sloping, 2nd ventral

segment with a medial carina at base. Head, thorax, and legs dark red, abdomen black, two large round confluent spots at base above, and the narrow apical margin of the 2nd segment, with broad apical bands on the remaining segments, covered with ferruginous golden pubescence.

Hab Canara, Bombay Presidency Q Length 11 mm

62 Mutilla aurifrons, Smith, Cat 111, p 31, ♀

Q "Length 5 lines (about 11 mm) Brownish-red, the sides of the thorax and abdomen having some dusky stains, the face and vertex densely clothed with short bright golden pubescence, the antennæ ferruginous, having the flagellum fuscous above, except the two or three basal joints. Thorax elongate-ovate, slightly narrowed behind, legs bright ferruginous and having a pale glittering pubescence. Abdomen the second segment having two minute spots of golden pubescence, its apical margin having a fascia of vellowish-white pubescence, and being notched in the middle, the following segments have a thick marginal fringe of bright reddish-yellow pubescence."

Hab India (Smith) Unknown to me

- *63 Mutilla diversa, Smith, Cat 111, p 32, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 118
- Q "Head and thorax red, the former rounded at the sides and narrowed anteriorly, antennæ and mandibles red, the legs red and having a thin pale glittering pubescence, the head and the thorax above thinly covered with erect black heirs. Abdomen black, the basal segment having a patch and the 2nd and 3rd segments an ovate spot on each side on their apical margins of pale golden pubescence, beneath obscure red."

Had India (Smith) Q Length 41 lines = about 10 mm

- 64 Mutilla dives, Smith, Cat in, p 32, 172, 2, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 118
- Q Head rather finely longitudinally punctate and thinly pubescent, thorax more coarsely punctured, from above subrect-angular, broader posteriorly than in front, the sides emarginate, the pleuræ smooth, with no dividing carinæ between the promeso- and metapleuræ, abdomen densely pubescent above, smooth and shining beneath, the 2nd-5th ventral segments fimbriated along their apical margins. Head and thorax red, legs dark rufo-piceous, tarsi paler, the pubescence pale golden, the calcaria white, abdomen black above with black pubescence, the 2nd segment has two lateral elongate oval spots of rich golden pubescence, the 3rd two quadrate silvery spots, the 5th a silvery spot on the apical margin above in the middle, beneath, the abdomen is testaceous red

Hab India (Smith). Q. Length 6-10 mm

- 65 Mutilla chrysophthalma, Klug, Symb Phys, Ins dec 1, no 17, pl v, fig 3, Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ross 1869, p 232
- Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen very roughly rugose, with scarlike ridges, thorax scarcely so broad as the head, rather elongate Head, thorax, and abdomen red, head with the occiput covered with black, the front with white pubescence, thorax above with scattered black hairs, abdomen above slightly fuscous, with black pubescence, the 2nd segment with a large round spot on each side, 3rd and 4th segments with a medial smaller spot of golden pubescence, legs red, with white pubescence

Hab Ceylon, Arabia Q. Length 11 mm

- 66 Mutilla nudiceps, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, pp 466, 480, Q
- Q. Closely resembles M agnata, André Differs in having the head red, concolorous with the thorax, the head and thorax covered with sparse erect brown hairs, the 1st segment of the abdomen longer, the ferruginous golden pubescence at base of the 2nd segment above reduced to two large, almost confluent round spots, and the legs reddish not ferruginous The pygidium in M agnata is punctured, in M nudiceps longitudinally strongly striate

Hab Canara, Poona, Bombay Presidency. Q Length 9-

12 mm

- *67 Mutilla erythrocera, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 118, 131
- "Antennæ, bead, thorax, and legs for the greater part ferruginous, abdomen black, two large round maculæ on the 2nd segment, and the 3rd and 4th segments golden-fulvous Head coarsely rugosely punctured, and sparsely covered with long blackish hairs, the hairs on the clypeus pale fulyous; antennal tubercles shining, impunctate. Palpi testaceous, eves small, oval, in length about as long as the third antenual joint, and situated before the lateral middle line of the head, a e the space behind them is greater Vertex roundly convex The third antennal joint than in front not quite twice the length of the fourth, which is longer than the Thorax more coarsely Head wider than the thorax punctured than the head, the mesonotum impunctate, the proand metapleuræ rugose; the sides of the mesothorax rough, very slightly concave, eyes [? sides] of median segment bluntly serrate Abdomen about as long as the head and thorax united, the hairs on the 1st and 2nd segments black Pygidium apparently finely punctured, ventral segment fringed with fulvous hairs femora and cove piceous, tibie and tarsi ferruginous, the tibial spines (6 in a row) black, the hair long, and pale fullous

"Hab Poons (Wioughton) Q. Length 9 mm" Unknown

to me

- 68 Mutilla regia, Smith, Cat in, p 38, Q Mutilla comottii, Gribodo, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) 1, 1884, p 365, Q
- Q Head and thorax closely and not very coarselv, abdomen more finely punctured, head globular, eyes large, oval, thorax above slightly convex, the lateral margins crenulate, the meso-and metapleuræ excavated, smooth and shining, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a very steep slope to the apex, abdomen long, longer than the head and thorax, pubescent. Head and thorax red, abdomen deep cærulean blue, a circular spot on the middle of the pronotum anteriorly and four spots along the median line of the abdomen (one basal, one apical on the 2nd segment, and an apical one on the 4th and 5th) of white silvery pubescence, a line on the apical margin and the sides of the 2nd segment also with silvery white pubescence

Hab Northern India 2 Length 9-11 mm Type in the

British Museum

I cannot find any points of difference between M regia, Smith, and M comottiv, Gribodo

- 69. Mutilla estuans, Gerst Peters, Reise, Mosamb v, p 487, pl 31, fig 6, 2, Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 223
- Q Head and thorax rugose, strongly punctured, abdomen subsessile, pubescent, eyes ovate, thorax subquadrate, lightly constricted in the middle, truncate posteriorly, 1st ventral segment armed with two teeth and with the carina slightly emarginate Head and thorax red, abdomen black, with black pubescence, antennæ reddish, legs dark brown, 2nd abdominal segment with a round spot of white pubescence on each side near the base, and the 3rd and 4th segments with broad medially interrupted bands of the same

Hab Ceylon, Mozambique, South Africa Q Length 6-12 mm

- 70 Mutilla aurifex, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 198, Q J, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 117
- A Head and thorax coarsely longitudinally punctured, abdomen densely pubescent above, beneath smooth and shining, rather finely punctured, the posterior margins of the 2nd-5th segments fimbriated, eves small, subovate, thorax from above irregularly rectangular, somewhat broader anteriorly than at the apex, the lateral margins with a strong conical tooth in the middle the pleural smooth, the pleural carinæ well developed. Head and thorax red, the antennæ and legs brown, with golden pubescence, abdomen black with black pubescence, a spot, coming to a point posteriorly, at the base of the 1st segment, a broad band at the base of the 2nd, and the 3rd and 4th segments above completely, covered with golden pubescence—the band at the base of the 2nd segment is be-emarginate posteriorly, and there is a line of black pubescence

down the middle of the 3rd and 4th segments, the fimbria on the

segments beneath golden

3 similar, but wants the pubescent spot on the basal and the black median line on the 3rd and 4th abdominal segments. It has also the median segment covered with golden pubescence, the sides of the segment being laterally flattened and depressed, and its posterior lateral angles tuberculate, the scutellum is prominent, projecting posteriorly, the margin incised and bearing a strong lateral tooth on each of its posterior angles, wings hyaline at base, fuscous beyond

Hab Bombar Q Length 11-14 mm & Length 15-16,

exp 32-34 mm.

- 71. Mutilla humbertiana, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1867, p 353, pl 8, fig 2, Q, Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 305
- Q Head and thorax strongly and coarsely punctured, abdomen pubescent, head as wide as the thorax, orbicular, thorax rectangular, slightly constricted in the middle, transverse in front, roundly truncate posteriorly. Head and thorax of an obscure dark red, abdomen black, 2nd segment with a broad band at base and a narrow one on its apical margin, both bands medially interrupted, and 3rd segment with a complete band, of golden yellow pubescence, anal segment punctured and fringed with golden yellow bairs antennæ reddish, with their apical joints black; legs brown, chiated with golden hairs

Hab Trincomali, Ceylon Q Length 10-14 mm

- 72 Mutilla placida, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 198, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 120
- Q Head small, not so wide as the thorax, the latter subovate, almost kite-shaped, being broad and rounded anteriorly and very considerably narrowed towards the apex, the lateral margins crenulate, toothed in the middle, head and thorax coarsely longitudinally punctured, the pleuræ emarginate and as coarsely punctured as the rest of the thorax. Head, thorax, and legs red, abdomen black, with black pubescence the basal segment constricted and campanulate, forming a sort of pedicel to the rest of the abdomen, the basal three segments with broad transverse bands of golden pubescence, above, on their apical margins

Hab Bombay Q Length 12 mm Type in the British

Museum.

- Mutilla aureo-rubra, Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 304
 Mutilla egregia, Sauss (nec Klug) Ann Soc Ent Fr 1867, p 351, pl 8, fig 1, 2
- Q Head, thorax, and basal two segments of the abdomen coarsely punctured, the rest of the abdomen more sparsely and finely punctured, head nearly as wide as the thorax, thorax

elongate, rounded anteriorly, constricted posteriorly, carrying a little before the middle on each side a pointed tubercle, 1st abdominal segment petiolate, swollen posteriorly. Head and thorax dark red, abdomen black, sparsely pubescent, antennæ black, legs black, ciliated with golden yellow hairs, the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments with transverse bands of golden pubescence.

Hab Trincomali, Ceylon Q Length 13-15 mm

- 74 Mutilla trichocondyla, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, pp 468, 483, 2
- Q Head, thorax, and the 2nd abdominal segment coarsely reticulate, head and thorax sparsely pubescent with stiff hairs, abdomen densely pubescent, head square, very nearly as broad as the thorax, the occiput transverse, thorax from above broader anteriorly than posteriorly, with two blunt triangular teeth on each side, the hinder the smaller, the posterior margin roundly truncate, the base of the 2nd abdominal segment bare and smooth Black, the head and thorax dark red, the latter with the sides and apex narrowly edged with black, the scape of the antennæ and the legs brownish red, the flagellum ferruginous, the posterior margin of the 2nd, the whole of the 3rd, and the sides of the 2nd-5th abdominal segments covered with golden yellow pubescence, the band on the 2nd segment slightly interrupted in the middle

Hab Canara, Bombay Presidency Q Length 13 mm

- 75 Mutilla bicincta, Sauss Ann Soc Ent F: 1867, p 355, pl 8, fig 4, Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 306
- P Head and thorax somewhat finely punctured, abdomen pubescent, head as wide as the thorax, orbicular, thorax from above broadly rectangular, with a slight constriction in the middle, abdomen subsessile. Head and thorax red, abdomen black, the posterior margins of the 2nd and 3rd segments with transverse bands of golden pubescence, the ventral carina on the 1st segment emarginate and studded with golden hairs, legs for the greater part red, with golden pubescence

Hab Ceylon Q Length 13 mm

- 76 Mutilla kauaræ, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (') v, 1892, pp 119, 134
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen coarsely punctured, the head and abdomen pubescent, the punctures on the thorax running into longitudinal striæ, the pronotum anteriorly widely arched or subangular, the median segment posteriorly truncate, the truncation slightly convex, the sides of the thorax deeply emarginate, smooth, abdomen broad, not longer than the head and thorax united. Head, thorax, and legs red, abdomen black, the head and a broad transverse band on the posterior margins of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments covered with dense ferruginous golden pubescence, the

slightly fuscous, abdomen black with black pubescence, a large central spot of pale golden pubescence on the apical margins of the first three segments above, and the extreme apex of the abdomen clothed with white hairs

Hab Ceylon Q. Length 8 mm Type in coll Rothney

- *84 Mutilla poonaensis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 121, 129
- 2 "Head, thorax, and base of abdomen rufo-testaceous, abdomen black, with a purplish gloss, a small white mark on the second segment near the base and a band on its apex glistening white Antennæ of moderate length, stout, the third joint not much longer than the fourth Head a little broader than the thorax, closely and coarsely punctured, covered with white glistening bairs: the antennal tubercles impunctate, eyes large, oblong, reaching oute close to the head Thorax much more closely punctured than the head, the prothorax rounded in front, the median segment with a gradual rounded slope to the apex, coarsely punctured, mesopleuræ shiving, impunctate, the thorax covered with longish, fuscous to glistening white hairs Abdomen subpetiolate, narrowed at the base, pygidium impunctate, covered with long fuscous and white hairs Legs covered with long white hairs, the calcaria white The sides of the thorax slightly narrowed from base to apex

"Hab Poons (Wroughton) Q. Length 6 mm" Unknown to

me

- *85 Mutilla rufiventris, Smith, Cat in, p 36, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 121
- Q "Head, thorax, and legs ferruginous, head subovate, rather wider than the thorax, sparingly and finely punctured, antennæ ferruginous Thorax oblong, longitudinally rugose, legs rufotestaceous, varying in depth of colour and having a sparing glittering white pubescence Abdomen, the basal segment has an ovate spot in the middle of its apical margin, and in the middle of the apical margins of the 2nd and 3rd segments is a half-circular spot of silvery white pubescence, the entire abdomen thinly sprinkled with long white hairs, the extreme apex of the abdomen as well as beneath ferruginous

"Hab India (coll W W Saunders, Esq)" Q Length 2-3 lines

=about 45-7 mm.

- 86 Mutilla auropalliata, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, (893, pp 467, 482, Q
- A Head, thorax, and basal two segments of the abdomen coarsely punctured, the head and the anterior two-thirds of the thorax above densely pubescent, the pubescence hiding the sculpturing, head orbicular, convex in front, about as broad as the thorax, the thorax ovate, somewhat rounded in front, narrowed

has laterally a broad tooth roundly incised at the apex, the sides are not contracted nor serrate, only waved, and the median segment is rounded

Hab Poona (Wroughton) Q Length 5 mm. Unknown to

*81 Mutilla pusilla, Smith, Cat 111, p 37, Q

"9 Length 2 lines (about 5 mm) Head, thorax, and legs ferruginous, head about the same width as the thorax and strongly punctured Thorax oblong-quadrate, roughly punctured, legs pale rufo-testaceous, the femora, tibiæ, and joints of the tarsi palest towards their bases, the legs sprinkled with a bright glittering silvery white pubescence, the calcaria white Abdomen black, the extreme base and apex ferruginous; the 2nd segment having at its base a central ovate spot of golden pubescence, its apical margin fringed with silvery hairs, also a spot of the same colour in the middle of the following segments, beneath, the margins of the segments fringed with silvery hairs."

Hab Northern India (Smith)

82 Mutilla lunarifasciata, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, pp 466, 470, Ω

9 Head, thorax, and abdomen closely punctured, the punctures fine on the head, rather coarser on the trorax and base of the 2nd abdominal segment, with a tendency on the thorax to form longitudinal strim, abdomen densely pubescent, head orbicular, strongly convex in front, thorax irregularly quadrangular, strongly convex above, anteriorly and posteriorly rounded, the sides waved at the upper margins, the posterior margin denticulate, with a short spine in the middle. Head and thorax dark reddish ferruginous, the scape of the antennæ brownish, the flagellum black, the legs pale ferruginous, with scattered yellow hairs, abdomen black, with black pubescence, 1st segment nearly covered by a large triangular spot, extending on to the base of the 2nd segment, of golden yellow pubescence, apical margins of the 2nd and 3rd segments with transverse lunate spots of the same pubescence, and the apical segment with a few yellow hairs

Hab Colaba, Bombay Q. Length 7 mm

83 Mutilla puerilis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc ali (1897)

Q. Head broad, subquadrate above, eyes rather small, subcircular, the upper part slightly narrowed and prolonged upwards and backwards, head coarsely and rather distantly, thorax closely and coarsely, and abdomen innely punctured, pubescent, thorax from above oblong, the lateral margins lightly crenulate, the sides strongly excavated, smooth, the apex rounded, the pronotum in front almost transverse, the anterior lateral angles slightly produced Head and thorax red, the face above the base of the antennæ

slightly fuscous; abdomen black with black pubescence, a large central spot of pale golden pubescence on the apical margins of the first three segments above, and the extreme apex of the abdomen clothed with white hairs

Hab Ceylon 2 Length 8 mm. Type in coll Rothney

- *84 Mutilla poonaensis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 121, 129
- Q "Head, thorax, and base of abdomen rufo-testaceous, abdomen black, with a purplish gloss, a small white mark on the second segment near the base and a band on its apex glistening white Anteunæ of moderate length, stout, the third joint not much longer than the fourth. Head a little broader than the thorax, closely and coarsely punctured, covered with white glistening hairs; the autennal tubercles impunctate, eyes large, oblong, reaching quite close to the head. Thorax much more closely punctured than the head, the prothorax rounded in front, the median segment with a gradual rounded slope to the apex, coarsely punctured, mesopleuræ shining, impunctate, the thorax covered with longish, fuscous to glistening white hairs. Abdomen subpetiolate, narrowed at the base, pygidium impunctate, covered with long fuscous and white hairs. Legs covered with long white hairs, the calcaria white. The sides of the thorax slightly narrowed from base to apex.

"Hab Poons (Wroughton) Q Length 6 mm." Unknown to

me.

- *85 Mutilla rufiventris, Smith, Cat 111, p 36, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 121
- 2 "Head, thorax, and legs ferruginous, head subovate, rather wider than the thorax, sparingly and finely punctured, antennæ terruginous Thorax oblong, longitudinally rugose, legs rufotestaceous, varying in depth of colour and having a sparing glittering white pubescence. Abdomen, the basal segment has an ovate spot in the middle of its apical margin, and in the middle of the apical margins of the 2nd and 3rd segments is a half-circular spot of silvery white pubescence, the entire abdomen thinly sprinkled with long white hairs, the extreme apex of the abdomen as well as beneath ferruginous

"Hab India (coll W W Saunders, Esq)" Q Length 2-3 lines = about 45-7 mm.

- =about 4 5-7 mm.
- 86 Mutilla auropalliata, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, pp 467, 482, Ω
- Q Head, thorax, and basal two segments of the abdomen coarsely punctured, the head and the anterior two-thirds of the thorax above densely pubescent, the pubescence hiding the sculpturing, head orbicular, convex in front, about as broad as the thorax, the thorax ovate, somewhat rounded in front, narrowed

posteriorly, the basal segment of the abdomen much narrowed, tlat and somewhat obliquely truncate anteriorly and constricted at its apical margin. Head, thorax, legs, and basal segment of abdomen dark red, the rest of the abdomen black with black pubescence, the red colour on the head and anterior two-thirds of the thorax above covered with dense matted pale gold pubescence, the basal half of the 2nd abdominal segment dark red in certain light's, with a medial round spot at its base and three similar subapical spots above covered with silvery pubescence

Hab Poons Q Length 85 mm

*87 Mutilla optima, Smith, Cat in p 34, Q

Q "Length 3 lines (=7 millim) Head, thorax, and legs ferruginous, the pubescence on the face silvery, that on the vertex gold-coloured, tips of the mandibles piceous Thorax subovate, narrowed behind, thinly sprinkled with golden hairs, and having at the sides a few long black and also a few white ones, the legs have a glittering silvery pubescence, the spines which arm the intermediate and posterior tibis externally, and also those at the apex of the joints of the tarsi, black, the calcaria pale testaceous Abdomen black, the basal joint red, and having a spot above, a second ovate spot at the base of the 2nd segment and a third at its apex in the middle, and a larger one at each side, of bright glittering silvery pubescence, the 3rd segment has a central spot of the same colour and brilliancy, beneath rufo-piceous at the base, and having the apical margins of the 2nd and 3rd segments fringed with silvery white pubescence"

Hab India (Smith)

*88 Mutilla pulchriventris, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 121, 127

"Head and antennæ red, the latter covered on the top thickly with pale golden pubescence, hiding the ground-colour, thorax dull red, abdomen, a small spot longer than broad at the base and two broader than long on the apex of the 2nd segment, white, legs red, the femora and tibiæ more or less purple Head wider than the thorax; eyes large, oval, reaching quite close to the top of Thorax elongate, rounded at the base and apex, the head concave near the middle, distinctly narrowed towards the apex, above coarsely punctured, the median segment with the punctures larger, deeper, rounder, and more widely separated, pleuræ coppery, the meso covered thickly with white hair, the mesonotum with long black hair, and with a short white glistening sparse pubes-Abdomen oval, wider than the thorax, narrowed at base and apex, closely punctured and bearing long black hairs, pygidium impunctate, from the apex of the penultimate segment spring two masses of white hair Legs covered with pale hair, there are three rows of tibial spines, the calcaria white

Hab Poons (Wroughton) Length 9 mm." Unknown to me

MUTILLA 41

- 89 Mutilla metallica, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 120, 128
- Q Closely allied to *M regia*, Smith, differs in the head and thorax being somewhat more coarsely punctured, the pronotum anteriorly and the median segment posteriorly more rounded, and the basal segment of the abdomen narrowed at base almost into a short petiole. Head and thorax of a darker red than in *M regia*, the head above and in front with glistening golden pubescence, abdomen deep cærulean blue, a spot at the base of the 2nd segment, two spots in the middle at its margin, and two smaller spots laterally at the base of the 4th segment, of white pubescence

Hab Trincomali, Ceylon Q Length 8 mm

90 Mutilla perelegans, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen rugosely punctured, the punctures large, deep, oblong, and almost confluent in places on the head, thorax, and sides of the 2nd abdominal segment, the head and thorax with a thin covering of erect stiff hairs, the sides of the thorax excavated above the intermediate and above and a little behind the anterior coxe, with a strong keel between the excavated portions, these latter smooth. Head and thorax red, the erect stiff hairs black, the pubescence beneath and on the legs glittering golden yellow, abdomen black, with black pubescence, a median circular spot of ferruginous pubescence close to the base of the 2nd segment above, and a lateral oblong spot of golden pubescence at its posterior margin, 3rd segment above entirely covered with golden pubescence

d Similar, but with the median segment posteriorly emarginate, the sides prolonged backwards into conical well-marked tubercles, the 2nd abdominal segment wants the spot of ferruginous pubescence at base, but has the lateral marginal spots nearly meeting in the centre above, and the 4th as well as the 3rd segment is clothed with golden pubescence, wing dark fuscous, hyaline at

hase

Hab Western and Southern India, Tenasserim Q Length 12 mm & Length 17, exp 27 mm Type in coll Rothney

91 Mutilla pulchrina, Smith, Cat 111, p 34, Q

P Head and thorax coarsely cribrate, with a few scattered hairs, eyes small, nearly round, thorax rectangular, more rounded in front than posteriorly, the sides slightly excavate, with two blunt projections along the upper margin, from each of which an oblique carina crosses the pleuræ, abdomen coarsely punctured, the 1st, 2nd, 5th, and following segments with sparse, and the 3rd and 4th with dense pubescence, the 1st ventral segment strongly carinated down the middle Head, thorax, and legs dark purplish red, abdomen black, with black pubescence, the pubescence on the 3rd and 4th segments rich golden yellow.

d similar, with similar pubescence, the median segment short, reticulate, the sides produced back into long sharp tubercles Head, thorax in front, and the legs red, median segment and abdomen black, an additional band of yellow pubescence on the apical margin of the 2nd segment, wings clear hyaline at base, fuscous beyond the basal nervure in the tore and the anal cell in the hind wing

Hab Madras Q Length 17 mm & Length 15, exp 28 mm

92 Mutilla taylori, André, Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, pp 467, 469, Q

Q Head and thorax coarsely punctured and sparsely covered with erect hairs, abdomen more densely pubescent, head nearly as wide as the thorax, orbicular, thorax rectangular, the sides parallel, irregularly denticulate, posterior margin transverse, denticulate above, with the middle tooth produced into a spine, sides of the thorax smooth, posteriorly shining, finely and closely punctured, 2nd abdominal segment densely punctured Head brown, the front and vertex and the thorax red, scape of the antennæ and the basal joint of the flagellum, and the legs obscurely red, abdomen black, an oval spot in the middle of the 1st, a semicircular one at the apical margin of the 2nd, and a smaller one at the apical margin of the 2nd, and a smaller one at

Hab Orissa (Taylor) Length 5 mm

93 Mutilla argentipes, Smith, Cat 111, p 31, \$\times\$

Head, thorax, and basal two abdominal segments coarsely reticulate punctate, the rest of the abdomen less coarsely punctured, head small, orbicular, not nearly so wide as the thorax, thorax much broader in front than posteriorly, anteriorly rounded, posteriorly roundly truncate, with an acute prominent tubercle on each side before the middle, abdomen petiolate, basal segment short, campanulate, its posterior margin much depressed below the roundly truncate anterior margin of the 2nd abdominal segment Obscurely fuscous brown, with sparse fuscous pubescence, the thorax gradually changing into terruginous posteriorly and covered with sparse short golden pubescence, basal two-thirds of the 2nd abdominal segment also feiruginous, with golden pubescence, a large round spot on the head, a spot in the middle of the 2nd abdominal segment, and a spot on each side near the apical margin, also a smaller round spot in the middle of each of the following three segments, covered with silvery white pubescence, legs black, with a little silvery pubescence above

Hab Bombay ♀ Length 9-12 mm

94 Mutilla opulenta, Smith, Cat 111, p 34, &

& Head coarsely punctured, densely pubescent above and on the front, a hollow on each side of the base of the antennæ leading MUTILLA. 43

to the clypeus, the depression and the clypeus smooth and shining and well below the plane of the front above the antennæ, thorax coarsely and closely punctured and densely pubescent, the scutellum with the sides raised obliquely and forming a tubercle at the apex, median segment above wide, flat, transversely truncate posteriorly, the sides emarginate, abdomen coarsely punctured, the apical margins of all the segments above and of the apical six beneath with transverse densely pubescent bands. Black, the base of the mandibles, the clypeus, the scape of the antennæ, tegulæ of the wings, the legs, and the basal segment of the abdomen chestnutred, the pubescence rich chrome-yellow, on the scutellum and apical two abdominal segments rufo-fuscous, wings clear hyaline at base, fuscous suffused with purplish beyond the basal nervure in the fore, and the anal cell in the hind wing

Hab India (Smith) & Length 17, eap 28 mm.

95 Mutilla schlettereri, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xii, 1892, p 230, 3

d. Head and front longitudinally finely striate, with a narrow



Fig 5 - Mutilla schlettereri, 3 &

impressed line from the anterior ocellus to between the bases of the antennæ, thorax rugosely punctured, the punctures on the scutellum fine and delicate, the median segment rounded posteriorly, with a steep slope, narrowed towards the apex and delicately reticulate, abdomen very finely punctured Black, covered with a thin, short, erect, silvery pubesence, the posterior half, sometimes the whole, of the 1st abdominal segment and the 2nd and 3rd segments red, the pubescence forming transverse, somewhat ill-defined bands on the

apical margins of the 4th and 5th segments above, wings light fusco-hyaline, clearer towards the base; the tegulæ very large, lamellar, and testaceous along their outer margins

Hab Karen Hills, Burma, Sikhim, 1000 ft. 3. Length 11-12, exp 24 mm A very distinct species

96 Mutilla stephani, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xii, 1892, p 227, 5

d Head, the vertex minutely rugose punctate; mesonotum above coarsely and deeply punctured, bearing four longitudinal, parallel, more or less distinctly marked and broad lines, with also a medial carina, median segment widely reticulate, with a central longitudinal turrow at base, abdominal segments sparsely and minutely punctured, the basal three shining, the second bearing a prominent transversely compressed gibbosity above, the ventral carina on the basal segment barely projecting, sublinear, the

pleuræ, legs, and part of the margins of the ventral segments of



Fig 6—Mutilla stephani, 3 3

the abdomen with yellowish-grey pile Black, the basal three segments widely rufo-ferruginons, head in front, cheeks, and clypeus covered with silvery, the vertex with golden pile, the pronotum on its posterior margin widely, the base of the median segment and submarginal fasciæ on the 3rd and 4th abdominal segments clothed with pale golden-yellow pile, wings smoky violaceous, the base hyaline, the tegulæ broad, nigro-piceous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma. J. Length

12-16 mm

97 Mutilia analis, Lèpel Hym 111, p 630, Rad & Sich Hor Soc Ent Ross vi, 1869, p 284, Magr Ann Mus Cu Gen (2°) xii, 1892, p 222

d. Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, the pubescence on the median segment dense, short, and matted, head above shining, finely punctured, mesonotum strongly punctured, rugose, with longitudinal carine, scutellium tuberculate, not so prominently as in M dimidiata, median segment reticulate, roundly truncate posteriorly, with a central longitudinal and two lateral outwardly divergent short carine at base, abdomen above sparsely punctured, the punctures shallow Black, the pubescence silvery, the basal four segments of the abdomen red, the base of the 1st segment fuscous black, wings dark fusco-byaline, clearer towards their base

Hab Bengal; Kumaun, Delhi, Allahabad, Madras, Pegu Hills, Lower Burma, Bhamo, Upper Burma; Tenasserim, Ceylon c. Length 11-13, exp. 26-28 mm.

98 Mutilla subanalis, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2*) xn, 1892, p 223, d

d Head and thorax coarsely, abdomen sparsely punctured and shining, head, on the face, front and vertex, the pronotum, the mesopleurse, and the median segment above densely, the scutellum and legs less densely pubescent, the front between the antennæ furnished with a short spinous process; posterior margin of the pronotum slightly arched; mesonotum with two parallel longitudinal shallow furrows, the posterior lateral angles slightly raised and prominent, scutellum somewhat raised and rounded, the tegulæ of the wing large and dilated Black, the abdomen rufoferrugmous, the 1st, 6th, and 7th segments black, the pubescence on the head and thorax silvery grey, darker on the scutellum and legs, on the first five abdominal segments it is fulvous, deepening to golden yellow on their posterior margins, and black on the apical two segments; wings light fuscous, their base hyaline, the

fore wing iridescent, the radial cell short, the apex truncate, three complete cubital cells not extending beyond the apex of the radial cell

Hab Upper Burma 6. Length 9-10, exp 21 mm

- 99. Mutilla tornatorei, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) x11, 1892, p 230, d
- Resembles M. analis, Lepel, but is a stouter-built insect, with the head and thorax more punctured and rugose, the median segment with wider coarser reticulations, and the sparse puncturing on the abdomen confined to the basal two segments, rest of the segments smooth and shining Black, the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th abdominal segments, and apical two-thirds of the 5th above red; wings dark fuscous, clearer and hyaline towards base.

Hab Rangoon district, Lower Burma of Length 12, exp

26 mm

- 100 Mutilla pilosella, Mayr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xii, 1892, p 220, d
- o. Head and thorax coarsely rugose punctate, inner orbits of the eyes triangularly emarginate, posterior margin of the pronotum obtusely arched; mesonotum above longitudinally bisulcate, scutellum raised, prominent, its apex obtuse, tegulæ of the wings large and shining abdomen smooth and shining Black, head, thorax, and legs clothed with a dense white pubescent pile, the first five abdominal segments red, covered with white and yellow pile, wings with more than the apical half fuscous, the base subhyaline, the fore wing with three complete cubital cells, the radial cell lanceolate, its apex slightly rounded, tegulæ piceous

Hab Upper Burma. d. Length 10; exp 22 mm

- 101 Mutilla unifasciata, Smith, Cat in, p 38, o
- d. Head and thorax anteriorly closely and coarsely punctured, the punctures running into reticulations on the vertex and mesonotum, the disc of the latter with five parallel longitudinal carinæ, scutellum prominent, raised, median segment depressed, coarsely and widely reticulate, slightly narrowed posteriorly, with a steep slope to the apex, and three central parallel longitudinal carinæ from base, the whole head and legs covered very sparingly with long soft hairs, abdomen, the basal two segments distantly punctured and very slightly pubescent, the 3rd segment densely, the remaining segments slightly pubescent. Black, the basal two segments bright red, the pubescence silvery white, on the apical four segments black, wings fuscous, hyaline at base

Hab Northern India (Smith) 3. Length 16, erp 36 mm

- 102 Mutilla josephi, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) x11, 1892, p 228, d
 - d Vertex of the head shining, scarcely punctured, the front

densely puhescent, pro- and mesonotum and disc of scutellum lightly punctured, sparsely pubescent, densely so on the margin of the pronotum, median segment sparsely pilose, broadly reticulate and punctured, bearing a wide lanceolate furrow, the disc of the mesonotum with two longitudinally impressed lines, the basal and 2nd segments of the abdomen above shining, somewhat smooth, the 2nd and remaining segments densely punctured beneath, wings dark fuscous, effulgent, the 1st ventral segment with a linear, somewhat prominent carina Black, the base and apical margin of the 1st abdominal segment, and more than half the base above and below of the 2nd, with the apex of the scape of the antennæ and the tegulæ of the wings widely, rufo-ferruginous: the margin of the 2nd abdominal segment, and wide fascize on the 3rd and 4th segments covered with golden pubescence, the apical segments with black pubescence, the pubescence on the head and thorax golden

Hab Karen Hills, Burma & Length 12; exp 26 mm.

103 Mutilla gribodoi, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xii, 1592, p 229, 3

densely punctate, the punctures running into reticulations, the scutellum somewhat raised and gibbous, the mesonotum with two parallel impressed lines, postscutellum rugose, substriolate, median segment with a lanceolate furrow above, but on account of the pubescence barely distinguishable, the ventral carina on the 1st abdominal segment not much produced, 1st and 2nd abdominal segments coarsely and strongly, the remaining segments somewhat smooth and sparingly punctured. Head, thorax, and legs black, abdomen red, variegated with black, head, pronotum, and the margins of the abdominal segments with griseous yellow pile, median segment clothed densely with silky white, and legs and base of the abdomen sparingly with long griseous pubescence, the 2nd and 3rd segments of the abdomen entirely, the apical half of the 1st sometimes widely, rufo-ferruginous, often entirely black or entirely red, wings fuscous, with a violet effulgence

Hab Rangoon District, Karen Hills, Burma d. Length 11-

12 mm

104 Mutilla handlırschi, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2.) xii, 1892, p 227, 3

d Vertex of the head opaque, sparsely pubescent, pronotum smooth, posterior angles minutely punctured, mesonotum densely punctured, with two longitudinal furrows, the suture dividing off the scutellum deep and minutely punctured, metanotum reticulate, the median area above distinct, mesopleuræ obsoletely reticulate, wings light fuscous, pubescent, the tegulæ small and somewhat round, abdomen above and below rugosely punctate, sparsely pubescent, the basal segment narrow, bell-shaped, the 2nd slightly

gibbous Black, the basal two and base of the 3rd abdominal segment red, the pubescence griseous

Hab Karen Hills of Length 5 mm.

- 105 Mutilla emergenda, Magr Ann. Mus Civ Gen (2°) xu, 1892, p 222, d
- d The front near the base of the antennæ incrassate and projecting, the vertex of the head punctured, pronotum opaque, reticulate and rugose, mesonotum above shining coarsely and deeply punctured, bearing two deep parallel longitudinal furrows: the median dorsal line slightly raised, the two lateral ones obsoletely marked, scutellum raised, prominent, obscurely spined, coarsely punctured, its apex smooth and shining, obliquely truncate, the posterior lateral angles of the mesonotum at apex slightly ruised and prominent, tegulæ of the wings large, bell-Black, head in front, cheeks, pronotum, the mesopleuræ, and the legs with long and sparse, and the metanotum with short and dense silvery white pubescence. 1st abdominal segment black, shining, and smooth, sparsely and coarsely punctured at wide intervals, its posterior margin ferruginous, with white pubescence, 2nd-5th segments rufo-ferruginous, the apical half of the 5th black, with white pubescence, apical two segments black, with black pubescence, wings obscurely fusco-violaceous, the fore wing with three complete cubital cells

Hab Upper Burma of Length 12 mm

- 106 Mutilla indostana, Smith, Cat iii, p 33, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 119
- d Head somewhat finely, thorax more coarsely punctured and rugose, mesonotum convex, broad, with three longitudinal parallel carinæ, scutellum tuberculate, rising to an acute point posteriorly, median segment flattish above, depressed below the level of the postscutellum, broad and somewhat square, sharply but obliquely truncate posteriorly, the whole surface coarsely reticulate, a medial broad line from base above, not reaching the verge of the truncation, smooth, bordered by parallel carinæ, abdomen, the basal two segments rather coarsely, the remainder more finely punctured Black, the 2nd-5th segments of the abdomen red, the head, thorax, median segment, legs, base and apex of the abdomen studded with black, the 2nd-5th segments with glittering golden yellow hairs, wings very dark fuscous with a purple effulgence

Hab India, Ceylon (Yerbury) 5. Length 21; exp 43 mm

- 107 Mutilla emeryi, Maqr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2*) xii, 1892, p 225, d
- d Head on the vertex punctured, the inner margin of the eyes with a sinus, the front, clypeus, cheeks, and scape of the antennæ densely, and the mandibles sparsely pubescent, the pubescence on

the mandibles long, the posterior margin of the pronotum obtusely arched, with a wide pubescent fascia, mesopleuræ densely, the legs sparsely pubescent, mesonotum coarsely punctured above. the disc with a median longitudinal carina, and other parallel carine, two on each side, the outer ones short, the posterior lateral angles subprominent, the tegulæ large, campanulate, scutellum slightly elevated, reticulate, the anterior balf of the median segment above densely pubescent, hiding the sculpture of the surface, abdomen smooth and shining, minutely and sparsely punctured, pubescent, the ventral anal segment with a round concave impressed mark, and close to the apex two curved spines Black, the abdomen rufo-ferruginous, the base of the 1st, the apex of the 6th, and the whole of the apical segment black, the pubescence on the head white, on the thorax fulvous white, and on the abdomen graseous, with the margins of the segments golden. the anal segment with a little reddish hair, the calcaria of the tibiæ white, the spines on the tarsi ferruginous, the wings fuscous, lightly suffused with purplish effulgence, the radial cell lanceolate. the aper truncate, and three complete cubital cells not extending beyond the apex of the radial cell

Hab Bhamo, Upper Burma &. Length 15, exp 31 mm

- 108 Mutilia exiloides, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2,) vii, 1892, p 232, d
- d Head, viewed from the front, subtriangular above, flat and sloping backwards, longitudinally finely striate, thorax densely punctured and rugose, median segment somewhat coarsely reticulate abdomen elongate, slender, fusiform, the bases of the segments sparsely punctured and shining Jet-black, covered more or less densely with silvery white pubescence, which forms dense silvery transverse bands on the basal four abdominal segments above, the apical three segments with black pubescence, wings fuscous with a purple effulgence, hyaline at base

Hab Karen Hills, Burma of Length 12, exp 25 mm

- 109 Mutilla circumscribenda, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) vii, 1892, p 233, d
- & Extremely close to *M eviloides*, of which it may be only a larger form. The head is not so prominently subtriangular, produced backwards, the abdomen is not so slender, and the bacal three (not four) segments only are banded with silvery white pubescence.

Hab Karen Hills, Burma. J Length 14-15, exp 28 mm

- 110 Mutilla discreta, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc ali (1897) Mutilla nigra, Bingh (nec Smith) A M N H (6) avi, 1895, p 440
- d Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, head and pronotum finely and closely, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum coarsely, and abdomen somewhat more finely and distantly punctured, the median segment posteriorly rounded, with a steep slope,

the punctures on the middle above very large, coarse, and almost confluent, the scutellum prominent, the tegulæ large, the mesonotum above the tegulæ, longitudinally and broadly grooved Black, the pubescence white and glittering, forming narrow bands or fringes on the posterior margins of the first four abdominal segments, wings fuscous, hyaline at base, nervures dark brown, tegulæ black

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim, and the Malayan region as

far as the Philippines Length 11-12, eap 22-23 mm

- 111 Mutilla cariana, Magr Ann Mus Cu Gen (2*) xii, 1892, p 231, d
- Head and thorax somewhat coarsely punctured and rugose, median segment rounded, reticulate posteriorly, abdomen finely punctured and shining, scutellum produced posteriorly, transverse, with a dentate process at the lateral angles. Black, the scape and 1st joint of the flagellum of the antennæ rufescent, the thorax red, abdomen thinly pubescent, a transverse band on the posterior margin of the 2nd and the whole of the 3rd segment above covered with silvery pubescence, wings hyaline at base, light fuscous for three-fourths of their length towards the apex, the costal margin of the fore wing darker fuscous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma & Length 95, exp. 20 mm

- 112 Mutilla antennata, Smith, Cat in, p 31, 5, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 116
- Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured, the abdomen sparsely pubescent, head subtriangular above, with three shallow grooves down the front, not as wide as the thorax, eyes emarginate, thorax transverse anteriorly, tegulæ large, rounded posteriorly, median segment with a rounded slope at the back and a central longitudinal narrow groove bordered by a carina on either side Head and abdomen black, thorax red, antennæ fusco-ferruginous, tegulæ pale along the posterior margins, abdomen with the segments clothed with white hairs, in some specimens forming broad bands on the apical margins of the first three segments, legs black, wings hyaline, broadly tuscescent along their apical margins

Hab India (Smith), Pegu Hills, Burma of Length 10, eap

22 mm

- 113 Mutilla dilecta, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xl1 (1897)
- d Closely resembles M antennata, Smith, of which it may be only a variety differs chiefly in having the median segment shorter, more rounded posteriorly and more coarsely reticulate, in the antennæ being slightly thinner, and in the abdomen being more sparsely punctured. In colour it differs in wanting the three transverse bands of pale golden pubescence on the abdomen and in having the tegulæ black, not red

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal & Length 8, crp. 13 mm

Type in coll Rothney

114 Mutilla perversa, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

d Head and thorax finely punctured, thirdly pubescent, median segment coarsely reticulate, abdomen smooth and shining, the pubescence, especially on the apical four segments, longer and closer than on the head and thorax, the scutellum and postscutellum raised, prominent, and coarsely punctured. Head of a dark obscure reddish black, thorax red, abdomen black, the pubescence cinereous, wings fusco-hyaline, nervures testaceous, tegulæ red

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal & Length 5, evp 10 mm

Type in coll Rothney

*115 Mutilla miranda, Smith, Cat 111, p 33, o

" & Length 6 lines (= 135 mm) Head ferruginous, narrower than the thorax, eyes emarginate, antennæ black. The prothorax and mesothorax ferruginous, metathorax and thorax beneath as well as the legs black, the latter clothed with pale glittering pubescence, the metathorax broad, produced at its lateral angles, the wings brown, their base hyaline. Abdomen black, the second segment having on each side a large spot of white pubescence, the third and fourth segments clothed with white pubescence."

Hab India (Smith)

116 Mutilla provida, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

d Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and rather closely punctured, thinly pubescent, the punctures on the mesonotum coarser than on the rest of the body, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a steep slope to the apex, coarsely reticulate above Black, the prothorax above and on the pleuræ, and the mesonotum red, the pubescence white, the wings fusco-hyaline, nervures dark testaceous, tegulæ red

Hab Bombay & Length 7, exp 13 mm Type in coll

Rothney

Mutilla sejugoides Mutilla (Dasylabris) sejugoides, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xii, 1892, p 234, 5

d Head, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and abdomen somewhat coarsely, pronotum finely and closely punctured. Head, thorax, and abdomen more or less pubescent, head from above broad, flattish, almost square, mesonotum with two abbreviated longitudinal furrows bounded by fine caring on each side, median segment reticulate, rounded posteriorly, abdomen with the 1st segment narrowed into a sort of petiole, which viewed sideways is subapically swollen above as in certain forms of Social Wasps (Icaria) Black, the pro- and mesonotum and pro- and mesopleurge red, the pubescence black, the transverse bands on the apical

margin of the petiole and following two segments silvery white, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence

Hab Bhamo, Upper Burma, Karen Hills of. Length 12-14,

27 mm

118 Mutilla 1 ufo-dorsata, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

d Head, pronotum in front, the median segment above, and basal segment of abdomen densely pubescent, head and thorax closely and inther coarsely, and abdomen more finely punctured, median segment short, posteriorly and laterally truncate, the inner orbits of the eyes above notched, making the eyes almost reniform; head broad, nearly transverse posteriorly. Black, the pubescence hoary white, the mesonotum and scutellum dull dark red, the abdomen obscurely dark blue, wings fuscous, hyaline at base, nervures dark brown, tegulæ black

Hab North-West Provinces & Length 13, exp 24 mm

Type in coll Rothney

119 Mutilla yerburyi Mutilla yerburghi *, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, pp 123, 135

d Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and not very coarsely punctured, pubescent, the mesonotum with two abbreviated longitudinal parallel grooves, median segment short, rounded posteriorly and coarsely reticulate, abdomen with the 1st segment narrowed and petiolate at base and slightly constricted at apex. Metallic blue, the pubescence white, the antennæ and tarsi fuscous black, wings hyaline, nervures brown, tegulæ blue

Hab Trincomali, Ceylon & Length 11, erp 18 mm

- 120 Mutilla pedunculata, Klug, Symb Phys, Ins dec 1, no 24, pl 5, fig 10, Smith, Cat ni, p 12
- d Head sparsely and finely, thorax and basal two segments of the abdomen more closely and coarsely punctured, the apical segments smooth, with fine long soft pubescence, the antennæ long, filiform, the vertex raised, with a deep short fuirow behind each posterior ocellus, mesonotum with two parallel longitudinal grooves, median segment rounded posteriorly, rather coarsely reticulate, the basal segment of the abdomen at base narrowed into a petiole, its apical margin slightly constricted. Head, thorax, and basal segment of abdomen light brownish red, antennæ and legs pale testaceous red. 2nd and following segments of the abdomen black, pubescence whitish, wings hyaline, the apex of the fore wing light fuscous, nervures pale testaceous, tegulæ red

Hab Arabia, Egypt, Western India, Ceylon & Iength 10, exp 11 mm

^{*} Owing to a misapprehension, I fancy, Mr Cameron has misspelt Col Yerbury's name I restore the true spelling

52 THYNNIDÆ.

Family THYNNIDÆ.

The insects belonging to the typical genus Thynnus are chiefly Australian, none being found within our limits. The males of all the Thynnua are winged, the females apterous. Two Indian genera, Methoca and Iswara, are related to Thynnus and are classed generally in the family Thynnua. Iswara is also allied in form and in the venation of the wings to Myzine, a genus of the Scolidae.

Head in female small, in male the width of the thorax, thorax in female subrectangular, constricted posteriorly, in male oval, the pronotum reaching back to the base of the wings, abdomen more or less massive, the anal segment in the male of the two genera found in India with an up-curved spine

Key to the Genera

a Margins of the abdominal segments strongly constricted in the male

METHOCA, p 52

b Maigins of the abdominal segments not constricted in the male .

ISWARA, p 54

Genus METHOCA

Mcthoca, Latr Hist Nat Ins xiii, p 268, Q (1805) Mutilla, pt, Jurine, Hym p 266 (1807) Tenygia, Lati Gen Crust et Ins 11, p 115, d (1809)

Type, M schneumonoides, Latr Range Both hemispheres

A Head subglobose, eyes oval, ocelli in a triangle on the vertex, antenue filiform, inserted low down just above bree of



Fig 7
Methoca smithin, d 3

clypeus, their bases somewhat widely separated, the flagellum about the length of the thorax, clypeus subtriangular, mandibles curved. Thorax doubly constricted, rounded at the base and apex, legs long and slender, the coxe very robust, femora subclavate, the tarsi elongate. Abdomen ovate, petiolate

d Head transverse, broad, flat anteriorly, convex behind, eyes prominent,

ocelli large, antennæ filiform, the scape short, the joints of the flagellum beyond the 3rd slightly arched. Thorax elongate oval, sometimes considerably narrowed posteriorly, fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell elougate, the apex nearly reaching the apex of the wing, the first transverse cubital nervure faint, in some specimens almost obsolete, the 2nd cubital cell narrowed towards the marginal, the 3rd cubital cell the longest and narrowed at apex towards the marginal, legs mod rately

METHOCA 53

long, very slender The abdomen elongate, subdepressed and flattened above, the margins of the segments strongly constricted,

anal segment with an up-curved spine

So far the female of only one species has been recorded from India. A key to the males of the three known Indian species is given

Key to the Species

a Antennæ and legs black

a' Anterior tibiæ with a yellow stripe in front b' Anterior tibiæ entirely black

M orientalis, p 53 M smithu, p 53

b Antennæ red, legs black variegated with red

M sugoso, p 54

121 Methoca bicolor, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the face, the sides of the thorax, the legs, and abdomen thinly pubescent, the base of the scutellum transversely and the sides obliquely striate, the antennæ are stout, the base of the joints constricted, the apical joints very gradually getting thicker. Red, the head black, the basal joints of the antennæ red, the legs dark castaneous, almost black, the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen black, the extreme apex rutescent

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 7 mm Type in coll

Rothney

*122 Methoca orientalis, Smith, Cat 111, p 66, o

"¿ Length 7 lines Black, head coarsely punctured, the base of the mandibles yellow, the clypeus and mandibles covered with long cinereous pubescence, the entire insect is thinly covered with similar pubescence, which is most dense on the sides of the metathorax, the thorax strongly punctured, closely so on the metathorax, which has a central abbreviated impressed line at the base, the anterior tibiæ have a vellow stripe in front, the calcaria pale testaceous, the claws ferruginous, wings fusco-hyaline, the nervures black. Abdomen black, with a slight metallic lustre, finely and distantly punctured, the margins of the segments constricted, the extreme lateral margins rufo-piceous."

Hab Northern India (Smith) Unknown to me

- 123 Methoca smithii, Magi Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) 111, 1892, p 259

 Methoca orientalis, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 35, 5 (nec Smith, Cat in p 66, 5)
- d Head, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum finely and closely punctured, pronotum and abdomen smooth, the latter polished and shining, clypeus with its anterior margin waved, and with a small cubercle at base, mesonotum with two parallel impressed lines on the disc and transversely striate posteriorly,

median segment very coarsely rugose, basal segment of abdomen narrowed, remainder with a remarkably deep constriction between each pair above and below Black, head, thorax, and abdomen (the abdomen especially beneath) covered with a thin soft hoary pubescence antennæ opaque, dull black, eig massive proportionately, legs with the tibiæ and tarsi piceous, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ dark testaceous

Hab Bengal, Karen Hills, Burma, Tenasserim & Length 7,

erp 12 mm 2 unknown

124 Methoca rugosa, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc ali (1897)

d Head closely and coarsely punctured, antennæ incrassate, opaque, pronotum transversely striate, with a broad posterior smooth margin, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment coarsely reticulate, the last obliquely but sharply truncate at apex, abdomen smooth and shining above, sparsely punctured at the sides, the margins of the segments with deep subapical transverse constrictions. Jet-black the scape and basal four joints of the antennæ, the trochanters, femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the anterior, and the apex of the femora, with the underside of the tibiæ of the intermediate legs, red, a little pubescence on the underside of the scape of the antennæ, and the apex of the mandibles reddish, wings hyaline for nearly half their length from base, fuscous beyond

Hab Ceylon & Length 16, exp 24 mm Type in coll

Rothney

Genus ISWARA

Iswara, Westw Trans Ent Soc (new ser) 1, p 232 (1851)

Type, I luteus, Westw

Range India

Head moderately large, eyes with the inner orbits straight, barely emarginate, clypeus small, bilobed, labrum concealed, mandibles slender, cuived, the apex acute and



Fig 8
Iswara luteus, 5

mandibles slender, curved, the apex acute and with a small tubercular tooth on the inside, labiai palpi 3-jointed, the joints subequal, maxillary palpi minute, also 3-jointed, the basal joint the shortest, the 2nd longer, its apex thickened, antennæ long, filiform, 13-jointed in the male Thorax oblong, subcylindrical, the pronotum laterally reaching up to the base of the wings, scutellum quadrate, postscutellum transverse, median segment rounded, bearing an impression on either side, wings of moderate size, stigma large, radial cell appendiculated, three cubital cells, 2nd subtriangular, receiving the 1st recur-

rent nervure, 3rd subquadrate, receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure,

ISWARA 55

legs moderately long and stout Abdomen oval, the 2nd segment bearing a semicircular impression on its posterior margin

Only males are known The female will probably, when found,

prove to be apterous

Key to the Species

a Abdomen yellow, with ferruginous transverse bands luteus, p 55
b Abdomen black, with white transverse bands fasciatus, p 55

- 125 Iswara luteus, Westw Trans Ent Soc 1850, p 233, d, pl vn, figs 5 & 5 a-5f, Smith, Cat vn, p 65
- d Head, thorax, and abdomen shining, with sparse, scattered, fine, shallow punctures, confined on the abdomen chiefly to the bases of the segments, head nearly as wide as thorax, subglobular, the cheeks not much developed, eyes remarkably large, clypeus convex, transversely subovate, postscutellum raised, slightly gibbous, median segment roundly truncate posteriorly and pubescent, abdomen long, narrow, depressed above, subcylindrical below. Head black, the base of the mandibles and the antennæ yellow, the thorax, median segment, and abdomen pale yellow, a stripe on each side of the mesonotum and broad transverse bands, widest in the middle, on the posterior margins of the first six segments of the abdomen pale ferruginous, legs whitish yellow, wings lacteous hyaline

Hab Sind, Western India & Length 15, exp 26 mm

- *126 Iswara fasciatus, Smith, A M N H (4) xu, 1873, p 253, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 137
- "Black, variegated with vellow and white spots and fascie, with the legs entirely pale. Head black, antenne fulvous, the scape in front, the clypeus, and mandibles vellowish white, the tips of the latter ferruginous, thorax black, the prothorax, a large square spot tridentate at its anterior margin, the tegulæ, scutellum and postscutellum, a large subquadrate macula beneath the wings, and the legs pale yellow, the coxe and femora at their base above more or less tuscous, wings hyaline, nervures of anterior wing black, those of the posterior fuscous, abdomen black, 1st segment with a white apical tascia, on the other segments it is basal, broad, occupying two-thirds of the segments, and each fascia is narrow in the middle, being angularly incised at the posterior maigin, beneath, the fasciae on the segments are deeply incised and become oblong divergent inaculæ"

Hab Sind (Smith) & Length 6 lines = about 13 mm

Family SCOLIIDÆ

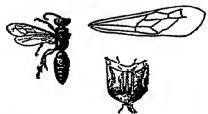
Fossorial Wasps of varying size, none minute, some very large. bodies heavy, massive in the female, more slender in the male, mandibles strongly arched, large in proportion, and often considerably wider about the middle than at the base, antennæ in female short. cornute, or arched, in male longer, filitorm, eyes either emarginate or simple, ocelli always present, in a triangle on the vertex Thorax of moderate length, the posterior angles of the pronotum prolonged back to the base of the wings, median segment equal to or shorter than the mesonotum, rounded, truncate, sometimes emarginate posterrorly, legs short, stout, and (except in the males of Tiphia and Myzine) more or less densely clothed above with stiff hairs and spines, intermediate core widely separated, intermediate tibia with one apical spur*, the apex of the posterior legs generally not reaching up to the aper of the abdomen, wings broad and ample, the neuration in certain genera stopping at a considerable distance from the apical margin of the wing, fore wing with one radial, and at least two cubital cells, the 1st discoidal cell not particularly lengthened, always shorter than the medial cell Abdomen generally massive and long, the 1st ventral segment always separated from the 2nd by a deep construction or furrow, the apex in the male furnished with one or more spines

Key to the Genera

A Inner orbits of the eyes not emarginate †	
A Inner orbits of the eyes not emarginate † a Fore wing with two cubital cells	Тирнил, р 56
b Fore wing with three cubital cells	Tiphia, p 56 Myzine, p 64
B Inner orbits of the eyes emarginate	• •
B Inner orbits of the eyes emarginate a Fore wing with only one recurrent nervure	Scolia, p 71
b Fore wing with two recurrent nervures	
a' The recurrent nervures received separately in	
the 2nd cubital cell	Elis, p 89
b' The recurrent nervures uniting and received	• •
n the 2nd cubital cell as one	Liacos, p 101

Genus TIPHIA

Tiphia pt, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 223 (1793)
Bethylus, pt, Panz Krit Revis Faun Deutschl 11, p 133 (1806)



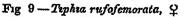






Fig 10 —Wing and apex of abdomen Tiphia, 3

^{*} Except Myzine Q, which has two intermediate tibial spurs

[†] In Myzine of the inner orbits are curved outwards, scarcely emarginate

TIPHIA 57

Type, T femorata, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head as wide as the thorax, pronotum transverse anteriorly, median segment truncate posteriorly, sides of thorax excavated, fore wing with the radial cell open at apex in \$\Pi\$, closed in the \$\delta\$, two cubital cells each receiving a recurrent nervure, abdomen elongate oval, basal segment narrower than the 2nd, more or less constricted at the apex, anal segment in \$\delta\$ furnished with a recurved spine

Key to the Species

A Wings distinctly fuscous Legs black a Intermediate and posterior femora red T rufo-femorata, p 58 b Intermediate and posterior femora black a' Pronotum smooth or with a very scattered punctures, wings daik fuscous, hyaline at Q length 16-18 min T fumipennis, p 58 b' Pronotum anterioily closely punctured, fore wing darker than hind wing, paler along apical margin ♀ lĕngtlı 13 mm T compressa, p 59 Wings hyaline or flavo- or fusco-hyaline a Legs entirely black Intermediate and posterioi femora red, abdomen black T cassiope, p 59 Intermediate and posterior femora black a² Median segment with five longitudinal carinæ a' Carınæ parallel posterior margin of basal abdominal segment T flavipennis, p 59 punctured Outer two carnee on each side converging posteriorly, posterior margin of basal abdominal segment shortly longitudinally T lyrata, p 60 stuolate b. Median segment with three longitudinal carinæ a³ Median segment rugose a4 Clypeus incised at apex T incisa, p 60 b' Olypeus produced at apex, the T implicata, p 61 sides widely emarginate b3 Median segment smooth or only slightly punctured a4 Basal and greater part of 2nd abdominal segment im-T consueta, p 61 punctate b^4 Basal and 2nd abdominal segments more or less closely T intrudens, p 61 punctured

b Legs red or ferruginous a' Median segment with three longitudinal carinæ

Abdomen black

b2 Abdomen black, variegated with vellowish white

b' Median segment with five longitudinal carinæ

c Legs black, all the tibiæ and tarsi more or less testaceous

a' Median segment with five longitudinal carinæ

b' Median segment with three longitudinal carinæ

 a^2 Antennæ reddish b^2 Antennæ distinctly black

a Third and succeeding abdominal segments with conspicuous fulvous pubescence

b3 Third and succeeding abdominal segments covered with short

soft scattered white hairs O Wings golden yellow, hind wing much paler, in striking contrast with fore wing T rufipes, p 61

T vicina, p 62

T policarinata, p 62

T flavipennis J, p 59

T erythrocera, p 63

T fuscinervis, p 63

T Irrsuta, p 63

T auripennis, p 64

127 Tiphia rufo-femorata, Smith, Cat 111, p 83, 2, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 115

Head, thorax in front, and abdomen with fine scattered punctures, median segment smooth above, subquadrate, nearly flat, the sides obliquely and the apex vertically truncate, the verge of the truncation strongly reflexed, from the base of the segment three central longitudinal carinæ run to the verge of the truncation, the space between them and on either side smooth and shining, abdomen with the basal segment campanulate, constricted along the apical margin Black, the mandibles darkish red, the intermediate and posterior femora bright red, wings fusco-hyaline, nervures piceous, tegulæ black

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon Length 12. ያ

exp 23 mm

- 128 Tiphia fumipennis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 90, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 116
- Head, pronotum in front, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum coarsely punctured, median segment smooth above, subquadrate, obliquely truncate at the sides and vertically at the apex from the base of the segment run three central longitudinal carinæ to the verge of the truncation, which is strongly reflexed, the space between them and the space on both sides smooth and shining, but the carinæ themselves are each of them bordered on both sides by a row of very fine punctures, abdomen smooth, the basal segment polished, impunctate except for a subapical row of fine punctures, the remaining segments sparingly punctured, the punctures fine and denser on the apical segments Black, a thin

TIPHIA 59

guseous pubescence on the head, thorax in front, and apical half of the abdomen, the extreme apex of the anal segment ferruginous

Hab Tenasserim, Borneo Q Length 16-18, evp 24-28 min

- 129 Tiphia compressa, Smith, Cat iii, p 82, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 115
- Head, pronotum in front, sides of the median segment, legs, and abdomen thinly pubescent, the head, pro- and mesonotum closely and rather coarsely punctured, abdomen above and below finely punctured, on the basal two segments the punctures are somewhat sparser and finer, median segment above convex subquadrate, the sides obliquely and the aper vertically truncate, the sides longitudinally striate, the truncation at apex smooth and shining, slightly concave above, the median segment has three central, longitudinal, parallel carinæ, running from the base to the transverse carina on the veige of the truncation at apex, the space between the carinæ very slightly rugose, abdomen with the basal segment campanulate, slightly constricted at the apical Black and shunng, the pubescence whitish, the intermediate and posterior femora beneath castaneous, wings-fore wing fusco-hyaline, clearer at base, hind wing hyaline, nervures testaceous tegulæ black

d sımılar

- Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, China, Philippines Q Length 13, exp 24 mm & slightly smaller
- 130. Tiphia cassiope, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)
- Q Closely resembles T rufo-femorata, Smith, but is very much smaller, the head is more globular, and, as well as the pronotum, not so coarsely punctured, the median segment is comparatively longer and narrower towards the apex, which is more obliquely truncate, the three median carinæ are not so well-marked and raised, and the central one does not nearly reach the verge of the truncation, the abdomen is much more sparsely and finely punctured, and the wings are hyaline, not fuscous Like T rufo-femorata, T cassiope has the intermediate and posterior femora red Hab Mussooree Q Length 7, eap 13 mm Type in coll Rothney
- 131 Tiphia flavipennis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 91, ♀
- A Head, pronotum anteriorly, mesonotum in the middle, and the 2nd and succeeding segments of the abdomen finely punctured, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the sides of the mesonotum, and the basal segment of the abdomen impunctate, the scutellum and postscutellum with a few scattered punctures, the whole insect polished and shining, the clypeus with two blunt projecting teeth at the apex, median segment with the usual three central longitudinal carinæ from the base of the segment to the

verge of the truncated apex, and two abbreviated carinæ in the Black, with a thin short hoary pubescence intermediate spaces on the clypeus, legs, and posterior portion of the abdomen, mandibles broadly reddish in the middle, antennæ slightly fulvous beneath, wings hyaline, the fore wing with a flavo-fuscous tint,

nervures and tegulæ along the outer margins testaceous

d (T clypealis, Cam MS) Similar, but smaller, more pubescent, the apical margin of the clypeus curved, rufescent, the apex of the antennæ also rufescent, the fore tibiæ and tarsi testaceous, the median segment with the five longitudinal carinæ as in the Q. the basal segment of the abdomen with a subapical row of punctures. and the remaining segments more closely punctured

Hab Mussooree, Tenasserim, Borneo Ω Length 10-11.

J Length 7, exp 12 mm exp 16 mm

132. Tiphia lyrata, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (21) xii, 1892, p 252, 2

Head and the basal half of the pronotum coarsely but somewhat sparsely, and the middle of the mesonotum in front of the scutellum rather more closely punctured, sides smooth and shining, scutellum smooth, its posterior margin with a few punctures, postscutellum smooth and shining, median segment opaque, furnished with five carinæ above, forming a maik shaped something like the Greek lyra, the median carina straight, unbroken, the two lateral arched and converging, truncated a little past the middle of the area, the two external also arched and converging and produced to the apex of the segment, the included space, as well as the surface of the segment outside, opaque and lightly rugulose, the basal segment of the abdomen smooth, beautifully polished, its extreme apical margin emarginate, and shortly but obsoletely longitudinally striate, the remaining segments less shining, minutely punctured, chiefly in the middle of the apical margin Black and shining, with silvery pubescence, the mandibles and the anal segment of the abdomen above rufoferrugmous, the apices of the femora and the tegulæ of the wings fusco-ferreginous, the posterior margin of the pronotum flavo-testaceous, wings flavo-hyaline, nervures testaceous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma ♀ Length 7-8, erp 12 mm

133 Tiphia incisa, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc ali (1897)

of Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, finely and closely punctured, clypeus anteriorly fringed with long hairs, incised in the middle, median segment finely rugulose, obliquely truncate at apex, with the usual three central longitudinal carine, abdomen with the posterior margins of the segments fimbriated and the apical three or four segments studded with short fine hairs Black, the pubescence cinereous, wings hyaline, nervures and stigma dark testaceous brown, tegulæ black

Type in coll Hab Mussooree of Length 10, exp 18 mm

Rothney.

134 Tiphia implicata, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc vli (1897)

TIPHIA.

d Head, pronotum, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum closely and finely punctured, median segment somewhat coarsely reticulate, obliquely truncate at apex, the space between the usual three median longitudinal carinæ transversely striate, abdomen with the middle of the segments above finely punctured; the head, thorax in front, the median segment laterally, and the abdomen covered with a thin short pubescence, the clypeus anteriorly broadly produced in the middle the sides widely emarginate Black, the pubescence cinereous, wings hyaline, fuscescent towards the apex, nervures and stigma dark testaceous brown, tegulæ black

Hab Mussooree & Length 9, exp 17 mm Type in coll. Rothney

- 135 Tiphia consueta, Smith, New Sp Hym B M. p 184, Ω, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) τ, 1892, p 116

 Methoca nigra *, Bingh P Z S 1896, p 427, Ω
- Q Head, pronotum in front, and the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen with a thin scanty pubescence, head, pronotum in front, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum closely punctured, median segment smooth and shining, the sides obliquely and the apex vertically truncate, three central, longitudinal, parallel carinæ running from the base to the verge of the truncation, the space between them very minutely punctured, abdomen shining, the basal segment and great part of the basal portion of the 2nd segment impunctate, the apical margin of the latter and succeeding segments with transverse bands of rather sparse and fine punctures, the basal segment at apex not much constricted Black, the wings hyaline, fuscescent on the apical half of both fore and hind wing

Hab Ceylon 2 Length 9, exp. 16 mm

136 Tiphia intrudens, Smith, Jour. Linn Soc 1863, p 25, 2 &

Q Resembles T compressa, Smith, differs in being smaller and more slender, in having the posterior margins of the pronotum and of the segments of the abdomen narrowly testaceous; the apex of the abdomen, nervures and tegulæ of the wings testaceous instead of black, and in the thorax and abdomen being much more sparingly punctured

Hab Bengal, Mysol This species will probably also be found in Burma, Tenasserim, and the whole Indo-Malayan subregion.

Length 11, eap 20 mm of slightly smaller

137 Tiphia rufipes, Smith, Cat 111, p 83, 2; Cam Mem Manch L. Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 115

P Head, pronotum in front, mesonotum, scutellum, and

^{*} By mistake identified as a Methoca

62 scolide

postscutellum closely punctured, median segment smooth and somewhat shining, subconvex above, the sides obliquely and the extreme apex vertically truncate, three central longitudinal carinæ running from base to the verge of the truncation, the space between them and on either side very smooth and highly polished, abdomen sparsely punctured all over, the punctures fine and more dense towards the apex Black, the mandibles, antennæ, and the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of all the legs testaceous red, the head, thorax, and abdomen with a thin and scanty whitish pubescence, wings hyaline, very slightly fuscescent on the apical half, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Northern India, Burma Q Length 7, exp 13 mm

138 Tiphia vicina. Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (21) x11, 1892, p 251, Q

Head and thorax sparsely punctured, the disc of the mesonotum cribrate, median segment above smooth, shining, furnished with three posteriorly convergent, impressed, median longitudinal lines, the metapleura posteriorly rugosely opaque, closely striate, abdomen—the basal segment shining, its posterior margin with a subapical row, broadening at the sides, of coarse punctures, the 2nd smooth, the semaning segments moderately rugosely punctured, clypeus, scape of the antennæ beneath, and the apical margins of the abdominal segments pilose, the intermediate and posterior tibiæ covered with rigid hairs over silky Black, shining, the palpi and the intermediate and posterior femora pale rufo-ferruginous, the mandibles flagellum of the antennæ beneath, tegulæ, anterior legs, intermediate and posterior tibiæ and tarsi, and the anal segment of the abdomen above obscurely ferruginous red, a yellowish-white narrow transverse band subapically on the basal abdominal segment above, and at the base of the 2nd and 3rd segments above and below, pubescence white, the silky pile on the intermediate and posterior tibiæ silvery, wings hyaline, nervures subfuscous

Hab Bhamo, Upper Burma Q Length 9 mm

- 139 Tiphia policarinata, Magi Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xii, 1892, p 250, Ω
- Q Head, pronotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and abdomen above sparsely and lightly punctured, the posterior margin of the pronotum broadly smooth, mesonotum cribrate, a few shining distinct patches on the sides, median segment smooth, subopaque, furnished with five (sometimes, owing to the lateral grooves, becoming many) parallel carinæ Black, shining, the mandibles, antennæ (the scape often excepted), the tegulæ, legs (except the coxæ), and the apical abdominal segment above broadly ferruginous red, wings yellowish, nervures testaceous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma Q Length 52-7 mm

140 Tiphia erythrocera, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

P Head, pronotum in front, and mesonotum closely punctured, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the scutellum and post-scutellum smooth, the median segment smooth, with a few scattered punctures, obliquely truncate at apex; the usual three central longitudinal carina, the middle one abbreviated, not half the length of the outer two, abdomen finely punctured, the whole head, thorax in front and on the sides, and abdomen covered with a thin pubescence. Black, the mandibles and antenna dark red, the tibia and tarsi of the legs testaceous brown or castaneous, pubescence on the head in front and on the tibia and tarsi fulvous golden, on the abdomen cinereous; wings hyalme, nervures, stigma, and tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Mussooree Q Length 8, exp 15 mm.

141. Tiphia fuscinervis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

d Head, pro- and mesonotum rugosely punctate, median segment and the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen more finely punctured, median segment comparatively long and narrow, the central carine not so conspicuous as in other species, the space between them finely rugose; basal and 2nd segments of the abdomen shining, the punctures on the basal segment coarser than on the rest of the abdomen, the apical five segments densely pubescent Black, with a thin whitish pubescence on the head and thorax, the pubescence on the apical five segments fulvous, the antennæ obscurely reddish beneath, the apex of the tibiæ and the tarsi of the legs dark testaceous, wings hyaline, with the nervures pale testaceous, the tegulæ black

Hab Mussooree of Length 8, exp 17 mm

142 Tiphia hirsuta, Smith, Cat iii, p 83, 5, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 115

d Head, the pronotum in front, the sides of the median segment, and the abdomen pubescent, the vertex of the head and the mesonotum in front with rather coarse punctures; the clypeus, front of the face, pronotum, apex of the mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen finely punctured, the basal segment of the abdomen, and the basal margins broadly of the 2nd and 3rd segments smooth and impunctate; the median segment above convex, the sides sharply and obliquely sloping inwards, finely longitudinally striate, the apex vertically truncate, the margin of the truncation above and at the sides with a raised carina, also above, from the base of the median segment, three central longitudinal subparallel carinæ run to the verge of the truncation, the space between the carinæ obscurely transversely striate, abdomen with the basal segment strongly constricted at its posterior margin. Black, the pubescence

64 SCOLIIDÆ

short and whitish in colour, the anterior and intermediate tibine and tarsi testaceous, wings hyaline, fore wing slightly fuscescent on the apical half, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab North India, Bengal & Length 10, exp 17 mm

143 Tiphia auripennis, n sp

Q. Head in front, above the base of the antenna, pronotum anteriorly, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum coarsely punctured, median segment large, subquadrate, slightly convex above, concavo-truncate posteriorly, with the usual three central longitudinal carina, the middle one not reaching the transverse carina on the verge of the truncation, abdomen with the basal and 2nd segments coarsely punctured at base and on the sides, 3rd, 4th, and 5th segments above with a broad subapical band of finer punctures, apical segment densely punctured and studded with stiff hairs. Jet-black and shining, with thin long whitish pubescence, tanged with ferruginous on the apical segment, wings hyaline, with a rich golden-yellow tange, the hind wings lighter than the fore wings

Hab Sylhet, Assam Q Length 16, exp 26 mm

Genus MYZINE

Scoha, pt, Fabi Ent Syst 11, p 236 (1793)
Tiphia, pt, Fabi Ent Syst 11, p 225 (1793)
Elis, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 248 (1801)
Myzine, Latr Hist Nat Ins XIII, p 269 (1805)
Sapyge, pt, Panz Krit Revis Faun Deutschl p 87 (1806)
Plesia, Jurine, Hym p 150 (1807)



Fig 11
Myzine dimidiaticornis, of \(\frac{1}{4}\)

Type, M serfasciata, Rossi



Fig 12 Myzine madraspatana, Q

Range Both hemispheres
Characters those of the family Fore wing with one radial and
three cubital cells always present, the radial cell always closed,
never open as in Tiphia 2 The neuration of the fole wing in
3 and 2 very different Eyes in 3 subemarginate within,
intermediate tibise in 2 with two apical spurs Apex of abdoing
in 3 with a strong recurved spine

Key to the Species

A Females only known

a Wings fuscous

a Black, 2nd, 3rd, and base of the 4th abdominal segment red, hind wing hyaline at base

b' Black, 1-5 abdominal segments red, both wings hyaline at base

c' Black, abdomen water, and Black, wings wholly dark fuscous

& Wings hyaline or subhyaline

a' Abdomen entirely red b Abdomen entirely black

a2 Mandibles and antennæ black, 2nd segment with a transverse impressed line at base

b2 Mandibles and the flagellum of the antennæ dull red, 2nd segment without an impressed line

B Males only known

a Wings fuscous, broadly hyaline at base Olypeus, scape, and basal four joints of the flagellum of the ante uæ red

b' Clypeus and antennæ black

b Wings hyaline

a' Yellow with black markings

Abdomen with the posterior maigins of the 2-6 segments widely and deeply emarginate

Abdomen with posterior margins of segments normal, transverse, not emarginate

Black, abdomen immaculate

Mandibles, flagellum of the antennæ beneath, and the legs obscurely reddish, pronotum longitudinally strute at the sides

62 Mandibles, antennæ, and legs black, pronotum not streate at the sides

c' Black, abdomen with bi-emarginate, narrow transverse yellow bands on the apical margins of the 2-6 segments

M madraspatana, p 65

M mandalensis, p 66 M tricolor, p 66 M fuscipennis, p 67

M combusta, p 67

M anthracina, p 67

M clavipennis, p 68

M dimidiaticornis, p 68 M dimidiata, p 68

M pallida, p. 69

M orientalis, p 69

M læta, p 70

M burmanica, p 70

M petiolata, p 70

144 Myzine madraspatana, Smith, Cat 111, p 72, ♀, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 114

Head, pro- and mesonotum, and scutellum rugose, roughly and coarsely punctured, the median segment anteriorly and down the middle and the postscutellum smooth and shining the former truncate posteriorly, with an abbreviated longitudinally impressed line, enclosed by parallel carinæ, at its base, abdomen smooth, finely and distantly punctured Black, the 2nd, 3rd, and base of YOL I

66 SCOLIDÆ

the 4th segment of the abdomen dark red, wings dark fuscous, the hind wing hyaline at base

Hab Southern India Q Length 19, esp 32 mm Type in

the British Museum

145 Myzine mandalensis Plesia mandalensis, Magr Ann Mus Civ Gen (2a) xii, 1892, p 257, Q

Head, scape, and basal joint of the flagellum of the antennæ sparsely but somewhat deeply punctured, a large space on the vertex smooth and shining, clypeus subopaque, minutely punctate. rugose, with a median longitudinal carina, pronotum large, wide, elongated into a neck anteriorly, transversely striate, posteriorly somewhat closely punctured, the extreme margin smooth and arched, propleuræ with raised striæ, the disc of the mesonotum smooth, the median area broad, sparsely punctured and marked off by two oblique impressed lines, the lateral portions also smooth and marked off by two other impressed lines, scutellum trapeziform, shining and sparsely punctured, postscutellum narrow, smooth and shining, mesopleuræ lightly punctured, median segment opaque, minutely or obsoletely rugose and reticulate, a central longitudinal groove from base, with a carina along the middle of the groove, the sides of the segment with dense silky grey pile, the legs with silvery pile, the intermediate and posterior tibiæ having a mixture of short and long spoon-shaped hairs chiefly on the outside, the calcaria with silvery pubescence, abdominal segments shining sparsely punctured Head, thorax, and legs black, abdomen obscure rufo-ferruginous the anal segment fuscous, anterior wings at base distinctly hyaline with an admixture of smoky fuscous, having four longitudinal hyaline lines. posterior wings hyaline, the extreme apex somewhat fuscescent, the mandibles and the flagellum of the antennæ at apex fuscous, the palpı and tegulæ of the wings flavo-testaceous

Hab Mandalay, Upper Burma Q Length 9-10 mm

146 Myzine tricolor, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 91, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 115

Q Head between the base of the antennæ and the posterior ocelli, pronotum, mesonotum except a narrow margin anteriorly, scutellum, and postscutellum with coarse shallow punctures, median segment convex above, obliquely truncate posteriorly, at base finely and distantly and towards the apex more coarsely and densely punctured, the punctures most dense on the face of the truncation, a central shallow longitudinal groove at base above, cribrate at bottom, narrowing from base to apex, which does not reach the verge of the truncation, abdomen smooth, with scattered punctures, the basal segment at base vertically truncate, the face of the truncation smooth. Black, the head deep red, the apical 7 or 8 joints of the flagellum of the

MYZINE 67

autennæ fuscous, abdomen with blue and violet tints, wings fuscous, hyaline at base, nerviires dark testaceous brown, tegulæ black

Hab Assam, Borneo Q Length 19-21, exp 28 mm

- 147 Myzine fuscipennis, Smith, Cat iii, p 72, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 114
- Q Head with a few widely spaced coarse punctures, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and postscutellum rather more closely and coarsely punctured, median segment finely transversely rugulose, with an abrupt steep slope at apex, and a central longitudinal short groove at base above, the groove bounded on each side by a fine shining carina, legs and abdomen thinly pubescent, the base of the 1st segment of the latter coarsely punctured, the remaining segments with a few fine scattered punctures. Black and shining, the pubescence whitish, the flagellum of the antennæ opaque alutaceous, wings fuscous brown, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 11-14, erp 18-20 mm

- 148 Myzine combusta, Smith, New Sp. Hym B M p 179, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 113
- Head in front, the anterior lateral angles of the pronotum, the pro- and mesopleuræ closely and coarsely punctured, almost cribrate, the vertex of the head, the pronotum anteriorly in the middle, and its broad posterior margin, the mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment smooth, dull and opaque, the median segment concavo-truncate posteriorly, the verge of the truncation above with two or three coarse transverse grooves, a small raised space at the base coarsely punctured, the metapleuræ obliquely striate, abdomen smooth and shining, segments 3-5 above with a very few scattered punctures, the apical segment coarsely and closely punctured and studded with stiff hairs Black, the mandibles, the flagellum of the antennæ, the femora, tibie, and tarsi of the legs, and the abdomen ferruginous red, the mesonotum with a square mark in the middle orange-yellow, bounded on each side by a broad longitudinal band of ferruginous red, the margins of the abdominal segments shaded with fuscous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab India Q Length 19, exp 30 mm

- 149 Myzine anthracina, Smith, Cat iii, p 71, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 1131
- Q The head and thorax with large scattered punctures, median segment finely punctured, with a central smooth shining line at its base, legs and abdomen beneath thinly pubescent, abdomen above shining, the segments finely punctured at their basal margins,

68 SCOLIDÆ

the punctures larger and more scattered posteriorly, the 2nd segment with a transverse impressed line at its apical margin Black, the pubescence cinereous white, the spines on the legs pale testaceous, wings subhyaline, faintly clouded at their apical margins

Hab India Q Length 13, evp 23 mm

150 Myzine claripennis, n sp

A Head, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, median segment, and abdomen smooth and shining, with only a few scattered punctures and some stiff sparsely placed hairs on the scape of the antennæ beneath, on the back of the head, and on the sides and ventral segments of the abdomen, legs somewhat more densely pubescent, pronotum, especially at base, rather closely punctured, median segment at base with a short, subtriangular, ceutral, longitudinal impression. Jet-black, the pubescence glistening white, mandibles and the flagellum of the antennæ beneath dull red wings hyaline, lightly infuscated towards the apex

Var Head and abdomen slightly more closely and finely punctured, tibiæ and tarsi piceous, wings somewhat more

fuscescent

Hab Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 9-11, evp 16-18 mm Type in the British Museum

- 151 Myzine dimidiaticornis, Bingh Jour Linn Soc, Zool xxv, 1896, p 423, o
- Head, thorax, and basal segment of the abdomen coarsely punctured, the rest of the abdominal segments smooth and shining, with a few scattered punctures, antennæ short and thick, pronotum long, truncate anteriorly, median segment subcylindrical, truncate posteriorly, with a central longitudinal well-marked carina, meeting a short transverse one at the margin of the truncation, abdomen long, subcylindrical, the segments strongly contracted at their bases, the apical recurved spine large. Black, the abdomen with brilliant blue and purple reflections, the mandibles, clypeus, scape, and basal four joints of the flagellum of the antennæ and the frontal tubercles above the base of the scape dark red, wings hyaline for their basal half, dark fuscous with a purple effulgence beyond

Hab Kumaun, North India of Length 14 mm, exp 24 mm

- 152 Myzine dimidiata, Guer Dict pitt d'Hist Nat v, p 575, d, Smith, Cat in, p 71, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 113

 Myzine nitida, Cam (nec Smith) t c p 114
- d Head, thorax, and abdomen thinly pubescent, the pubescence on the clypeus longer and thicker than on the rest of the head and body, front above the base of the antennæ and up to the ocelli very

MYZINE 69

closely and coarsely punctured, vertex and the region of the occiling impunctate, pronotum in front, mesonotum, scutellum and post-scutellum closely punctured, the posterior margin of the pronotum smooth, the mesonotum with a deeply marked V-shaped groove, median segment rugose, rounded posteriorly, abdomen smooth, shining, with only a few very fine punctures above. Jet-black, the abdomen with blue and violet tints, the mandibles at base, the apex of the clypeus, the fore tibix in front, and the fore tarsi pale yellow, wings hyaline for about a third of their length from base, beyond fuscous suffused with blue and violet

Hab Bombay, Bengal & Length 15, exp 24 mm

153 Myzine pallida, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 179, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 115

d Head shining, with a few scattered punctures, thorax and abdomen smooth, opaque, median segment short, posteriorly obliquely truncate, an obscure short central longitudinal groove at base, abodmen long, longer than the head and thorax together, segments 2-6 above with their posterior margins widely and deeply emarginate. Pale whitish yellow, the head black, the mandibles, clypeus, and scape of the antennæ whitish yellow, the flagellum of the antennæ, a stripe over the tegulæ, and broad transverse bands at the base of the abdominal segments above dark testaceous brown, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures testaceous brown tegulæ yellow.

Hab North-West Provinces, India. d Length 7-9, eap

13 mm

154 Myzine orientalis, Smith, New Sp. Hym B. M. p. 179, 3, Cam Mem Manch L. Ph. Soc. (4) v, 1892, p. 115

d Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured the punctures light and inconspicuous. Head in front, the median segment posteriorly, and the base of the 1st abdominal segment with long hairs, elypeus with its anterior margin arched, much broader than high, the sides turned up, antennæ very long and filiform, median segment short, concavo-truncate posteriorly, abdomen tapering gradually to the apex from the 2nd segment, basal segment slightly constricted along the apical margin. Variegated with pale yellow and black, the mandibles, clypeus, scape, pronotum in front, postscutellum, the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs, and broad median transverse bands on segments 1-6 of the abdomen pale whitish yellow, the mesonotum with a large square macula at apex, and the centre of the scutellum orange-yellow, the rest of the parts black, wings hyaline and iridescent, faintly yellowish at the apex of the fore wing, nervures dark testaceous, tegulæ yellow.

Hab Baluchistan & Length 12, exp 22 mm. Type in

the British Museum

70 SCOLIIDÆ

155 Myzine læta, n sp

Head—the clypeus with long soft hairs, the front above the antennæ closely punctured, the punctures on the vertex and about the ocelli fewer and more widely spaced, the pronotum punctured in the middle, longitudinally striate at the sides, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, median segment, and abdomen sparsely punctured, the basal three segments of the last almost smooth and shining above, the basal segment itself petiolate, swollen towards the apex, which is strongly constricted. Black, the pubescence on the clypeus white, the mandibles, flagellum of the antennæ beneath, the coxæ, trochanters, femora, tibiæ, and tarsi obscurely reddish, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous.

Hab Moulinein, Tenasserim & Length 11, exp 16 mm

156. Myzine burmanica, n sp

d Closely resembles M leta, but the head is more closely, evenly, and coarsely punctured, the pronotum is punctured not striate at the sides, the punctures on the mesonotum and median segment are finer and closer, on the latter running into obscure transverse striæ, the antennæ and legs are distinctly black, not dull reddish, and the wings are more or less fuscescent on the disc and towards the apex

Hab Burma, Tenasserim & Length 10, exp 18 mm

Type in the British Museum

157 Myzine petiolata, Smith, Cat in, p 72, &, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 115

d Head above the antennæ rather closely and coarsely, and the vertex, pronotum, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum more innely punctured, median segment rounded posteriorly, finely rugulose, with an abbreviated central longitudinal groove near the base, abdomen petiolate, the apical half of the basal segment globose, the base of the 2nd segment strongly, the bases of the rest lightly constricted, the whole abdomen, but especially the basal segment above, smooth and shining. Black, the base of the mandibles, the clypeus, the apex of a semicircular projection above the base of the antennæ, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the anterior tibiæ and tarsi, the base and apex of the intermediate and posterior tibiæ and tarsi, and bi-emarginate narrow transverse bands on segments 2-6 of the abdomen posteriorly, yellow, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal & Length 12, exp 17 mm

Genus SCOLIA.

Scolia, Fabr Syst Ent p 355 (1775)
Tiphia, pt, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 223 (1793)
Scolia, pt, Smith, Cat 111, p 85 (1855)
Scolia (subgen Triscolia and Discolia), Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 14 (1864)

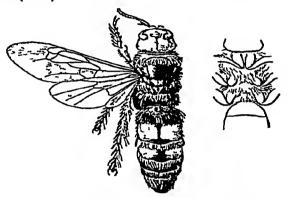


Fig 13 -Scolia (Triscolia) hamorrhoidalis, Q

Type, S flavifrons, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Characters those of the family * Fore wing with one radial and three (subgenus Triscolia = Scolia vera) or two (subgenus Discolia) cubital cells and one recurrent nervure

Key to the Species

A Fore wing with three cubital cells

a Head, thorax, and abdomen entirely black, without yellow or red markings, wings dark fuscous

a' Vertex of head and disc of mesonotum closely punctured

b' Vertex of head and disc of mesonotum smooth, polished, with only a few scattered purctures

a² Basal half of 1st abdominal segment smooth, polished, with very few scattered punctures, wings fuscous with a brilliant green effulgence

b² Basal half of the 1st abdominal segment coarsely and rather closely punctured, wings fuscous with violet and purple effulgence S nudata, p 74

S opalina, p 75

S tyrianthina, p 75

^{*}Properly Scolia, Elis, and Liacos constitute but one genus, with varying wing neuration, but as this is remarkably constant in each of the divisions, it is convenient to regard the differences as generic. For the purpose of distinguishing the three genera, the number and form of the recurrent nervures in the fore wing have been chosen

b Head, thorax, or abdomen, or all three, black, variegated with yellow or ferru-

ginous red, wings fuscous

a' Head, thorax, and abdomen all variegated with orange-yellow (\$\varphi\$)

Length 48-54 mm

b' Head only orange-red, rest of thorax and abdomen black (\$\delta\$) Length 18-21 mm

c' Head (♀) orange-red, (♂) black, 4th and following segments of abdomen more or less ferruginous red with ferruginous pubescence (2 3) Length 28 35 mm

c Head, thorax, and abdomen variegated with black, yellow, and ferruginous red,

wings deep full o-hyaline

B Fore wing with 2 cubital cells

a Wings fuscous

a' Antennæ more or less yellow or orangeyellow or red

a Head-front and vertex orange-yellow. a³ Antennæ, scape, and flagellum entirely orange-red

Antennæ with scape black, flagellum orange-red or yellow, 3rd abdominal segment at base above with a yellow fascia

Antennæ with scape and one or basal joints of flagellum orange-red or yellow, rest of flagellum fuscous black, abdomen

without yellow markings

b2 Head black

a³ Antennæ orange-red, scape basal joint of flagellum black, wings with purple effulgence

a4 3rd segment of abdomen with a

lateral vellow spot

b⁴ Abdomen wholly black Antennæ with scape ferruginous red, flagellum bright yellow wings with a coppery golden effulgence

Antennæ wholly black

a² Head with front and vertex more or less marked with yellow

a³ Comparatively large, over 20 mm

long

a⁴ Wings fuscous with a violet and

median seggolden effulgence, median seg-ment closely and profoundly

punctured, cribrate
b' Wings dark fuscous with a blue and purple effulgence, median segment less closely punctured, not cribrate

S proces, p 75

S capitata, p 76

S rubiginosa, p 76

S hæmorrhoidalis, p 77

S erratica, p 77

S elizabethæ ♀, p 78

S molesta, p 79

S bilunata, p 79 S au eipennis, p 79

S obscura, p 80

S bhamoensis, p 80

S fullifions Q, p. 81

c' Wings light fuscous with a rosy effulgence, median segment very spaisely punctured

b3 Smaller, under 18 mm long

at Vertex and front wholly orangered or yellow, sides of pronotum above yellow

b⁴ Front below vertex with a cowlshaped black mark, sides of pronotum above black

62 Head wholly black

a³ Head, thorax, and abdomen wholly black

 a^t Front above base of antennæ and up to posterior ocelli rassed
 a⁵ Vertex smooth, impunctate
 b⁵ Vertex closely punctured

b⁴ Front between base of antenne and ocelli with a subquadrate depression

c⁴ Front between base of antenne and ocelli normal, rounded, neither raised nor depressed

a⁵ Median segment posteriorly deeply emarginate

b⁵ Median segment posteriorly truncate, not emarginate

b' Head and thorax black, abdomen black variegated with yellow or ferruginous red

a⁴ 2nd to 5th abdominal segments fringed thickly with ferruginousred hairs, apical segment ferruginous with ferruginous pubescence

5° 2nd to 5th abdominal segments, or any of them, with lateral maculæ or transverse bands at the base red

c¹ The sides of pronotum as well as abdomen variegated with yellow or orange-yellow

d¹ Only 3rd and 4th abdominal segments variegated with yellow

b Wings light brownish, or fusco- or flavohyaline

a' Head, thorax, and abdomen variegated with yellow, sometimes also with ferruginous

a² Vertex and front of the head wholly yellow

a³ Thorax and abdomen variegated with black and yellow only, base of 1st abdominal segment tuberculate above, disc of mesonotum smooth, impunctate

S nobilis, p 81

S humerales 2, p 81

S cucullata, p 82

S læviceps, p 82 S cyanipennis, p 82

S carbonarra, p 83

S redtenbachers, p 83

S carulans, p 83

S indica, p 84

[p 84 S quadripustulata,

S humeralis 3, p 81

S fulvifions d, p 81

S sikkimensis, p 85

b3 Thorax and abdomen variegated with black, yellow, and ferruginous, 1st abdominal segment not tuberculate, disc of mesonotum closely punctured

Vertex and front of head variegated black and yellow

a³ Antennæ orange-red
 b³ Antennæ black

a* Posterior lateral angles of median segment yellow

b4 Posterior lateral angles of median segment deep red

ci Posterior lateral angles of median

segment black

black

Abdomen-1st segment black, 2nd broadly yellow in the middle above, 3rd with large yellow lateral maculæ, remaining segments black

b' Abdomen-2nd segment with yellow lateral maculæ, 3rd segment with a transverse yellow band deeply emarginate above and below, remaining

segments black c* Head wholly black b' The whole head, thorax, and abdomen S histironica, p 86

S elizabethæ &, p 78

S desidiosa, p 86

S monda, 7 87

S venusta, p 88

S Lirbyi, p 88 S specifica, p 89

S eliformis, p 89

A Fore wing with three cubital cells

158 Scolia nudata, Smith, Cat 111, p 110, Q, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 38, 9 3

Head and abdomen somewhat sparsely but coarsely punctured, thorax densely punctured, clypeus slightly convex, smooth and shining in the middle, punctured at the sides, its anterior margin rounded, the space round the ocelli on the vertex and behind the eyes smooth and shining, the sides of the postscutellum with oblique divergent strim, the central portion of the median segment almost cribrate, legs stout, punctured, covered with stiff pubescence and spines, abdomen as wide as the thorax, the basal 4 segments with the puncturing widely spaced in the middle above Black, the abdomen with purple and blue iridescent shades in certain lights, wings very dark fuscous with a deep purple effulgence, a sparse scattered black pubescence covers the whole insect, and becomes somewhat dense on the apical two segments of the abdomen

d similar, but smaller and slighter, clypeus subtriangular, its anterior margin transverse in the middle, oblique at the sides, the wings lighter fuscous, with hyaline spaces in the 2nd and 3rd

cubital, the discoidal, and submedial cells

Hab Assam, Burma, Tenasserim ♀ Length 15-19, exp 38 mm d Length 14, eap 29 mm

SCOLIA 75

- 159 Scolia opalina, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 89, \$\mathbb{Q}\$ 5, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 42, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 100

 Scolia unimaculata, Kirby, Thans Ent Soc 1889, p 446, \$\mathbb{Q}\$
- Q. Strongly punctured and sparsely pubescent, clypeus oval, its posterior margin tuberculate in the middle just below the base of the antennæ, anterior bent downwards and arched, the face in front the vertex, the middle of the mesonotum, a central space above on the basal three segments of the abdomen, and a space along the middle of the whole of the ventral segments with distinct but sparse and scattered punctures, the pro- and metanotum, the sides of the thorax and of the abdomen more closely punctured Black, with splendid prismatic purple and green colours reflected in certain lights, wings dark fuscous brown, with a brilliant green effulgence, the cell enclosed by the recurrent nervure flavo-hyaline.

Hab Sikhim; Tenasserim, Borneo Q Length 40-45, exp.

80-87 mm & Length 19, exp 46 mm.

- 160. Scolia tyrianthina, Kirby, Trans Ent Soc 1889, p 446, pl 57, fig 2, 2
- Q Head and thorax coarsely and somewhat closely punctured, abdomen more sparsely and finely punctured, the vertex above the ocelli, the disc of the mesonotum, and the median portion of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments smooth, or with only a few scattered punctures; the punctures on the basal segment of the abdomen anteriorly coarse like those on the thorax, two parallel abbreviated lateral furrows on the disc of the mesonotum Intense black, with short black pubescence on the back of the head, sides of the thorax and of the abdomen, the last with a brilliant purple effulgence in certain lights, wings very dark fuscous, with a magnificent purple and violet effulgence

Hab Andaman Islands, Tenasserim Q Length 21, exp 38 mm

- 161 Scolia procer, Illig Mag, Ino 1, p 196, Q of Scolia procera, Lepel Hym 111, p 519, Smith, Cat 111, p 111 Scolia patricialis, Burm Abh Nat Ges Halle, 1, pt. 4, p 19
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, in parts pubescent and punctured, the disc of the clypeus raised in the middle, subconcave on each side, coarsely punctured, its anterior margin rounded, the front, the mesonotum in the centre, and the middle of the abdominal segments, above and below, at their base smooth and shining; the vertex, the prothorax in front, the mesonotum anteriorly, at the sides and at the apex, the scutellum and postscutellum, the median segment, and the apex and sides of the abdominal segments with coarse punctures, dense on some parts; legs densely spined and pubescent with stiff hairs. Black, the front of the face above the antennæ up to the vertex, the shoulders of the pronotum, the scutellum in the middle and a spot on the

76 SCOLLIDÆ

postscutellum, a crescentic mark in the middle of the 1st segment of the abdomen, and a large rectangular spot on each side of the 3rd segment at base chrome-yellow, the vertex of the head, the front of the pronotum and of the mesonotum, the sides of the median segment, and the apical margins and sides of the abdomin il segments with stiff coarse black pubescence, wings dark fuscous brown, with a splendid purple and green effulgence

differs in having in addition the clypeus, the vertex, and a broad line behind the eyes yellow. Varieties have the thorax and 1st segment of the abdomen entirely black, or the median segment inaculate and the spots at the base of the 3rd segment joined into a stripe, or the posterior margin of the 1st segment with an

additional stripe yellowish, and the fringe of hairs fulvous

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim, extending to Sumatra, Borneo, and Java 2 Length 48-54, exp 94-100 mm & Length 40-48, exp 80-88 mm

162 Scolia capitata, Guér Voy Coq 11, pt 2, p 248, Burm Abh Nat Ges Halle, 1, pt 4, p 20, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 47, Q 3, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 102 Scolia ruficeps, Smith, Cat 111, p 111

A Head smooth, with a few scattered punctures, thorax closely, abdomen more sparsely punctured, clypeus transversely



Fig 14.—Scolia capitata, Q

oval, closely punctured at the sides, a square portion in the middle raised, smooth, the space around the anterior occilius and a line below the vertex smooth. Black, the head blood-red, the thorax and abdomen with iridescent blue and purple tints in certain lights, wings brown with a golden effulgence.

of similar, but with the wings darker

Varieties have the anterior legs variegated with yellow or ferruginous, or the front and scape of the antennæ black

Hab Kumaun, Sikhim, Calcutta, Burma, Tenasserini to the Philippine Islands & Length 18-21, exp 36-40 min & Length 12-20, exp 34-37 mm

163 Scolia rubiginosa, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 280, Smith, Cat 111, p 111, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 45, Q & Scolia ornata, Lepel Hym 111, p 517

Q Head except the clypeus, disc of the mesonotum, the scutellum, and the central portion of the first four abdominal segments above smooth and shining, the pronotum, the sides and front of the mesonotum, the median segment, and the sides and apical margins of segments 1-4 of the abdomen coarsely and closely punctured, the legs thickly covered with spines and stiff hairs. Black, the head except the clypeus and mandibles, and segments 3-6 of the abdomen red, the pubescence at the back of the head and

SCOLIA 77

on the black parts black, ferruginous red on the red portions, wings dark fuscous brown, with a brilliant purple effulgence

The σ resembles the φ , but is more pubescent, more closely and densely punctured, and has the head smaller in proportion and black. Varieties may have any or all of the following parts—the head (φ and σ) and the 3rd and apical segments of the abdomen—either partially or totally black, with black pubescence

Hab Kumaun, Sikhim, Calcutta, S India, Assam, Burma, Tenasserim, Siam to Malacca, Borneo, and Java Q Length 28-35, exp 44-66 mm & Length 24-27, exp 54-62 mm

- 164 Scolia hæmorrhoidalis, Fab. Mant 1, p 280, Lepel Hym
 111, p 522, Smith, Cat 111, p 110
 Sphex radula, Sulz (nec Fabr) Abgel Gesch Ins p 192, tab
 xxvi, fig 4, 3
 Scolia erythiocephala, Klug, Web & Mohi, Beitr 1, p 23, Q
 Scolia insignis, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1858, p 197, pl v, fig 1,
 Q, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 47
- Head, pro- and mesonotum anteriorly, scutellum, and segments 2-4 of the abdomen smooth, with only a few scattered coarse punctures, the apex of the mesonotum, the median segment, and the basal segment of the abdomen closely punctured, the clypeus in the middle vertically and the postscutellum transversely rugose, the median segment short, truncate posteriorly, the apex emarginate, legs densely pubescent and spinose Variegated with black, yellow, and red, with black and ferruginous pubescence, the clypeus, the autennæ, region of the ocelli, pro- and mesonotum, postscutellum, median segment, legs, and abdomen black, the head above, the base of the antennæ, and the scutellum red; the 2nd and 3rd segments of the abdomen with a large yellow macula on each side at base above, the pubescence on the clypeus around the base of the antennæ, on the pronotum, on the middle of the median segment, and on the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen ferruginous red, that on the sides of the thorax, the legs, and basal segment of the abdomen black, on the legs mixed with some ferruginous hairs wings deep fulvo-hyaline, broadly but lightly fuscescent along the apical and posterior margins, nervures testaceous brown, tegulæ black

of similar, but with the head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured all over, the head and scutellum are black, not red, and the ferruginous pubescence extends over the vertex of the head, the mesonotum, and scutellum

Hab Southern Europe, Persia, Karáchi, Punjab?; Kashmir Q Length 40-45; exp 68-74 mm & Length 25-31, exp. 48-56 mm

B Fore wing with two cubital cells.

Scolia erratica, Smith, Cat 111, p 88
 Scolia verticalis, Burm Abh Nat Ges Halle, 1, pt 4, p 37 (nec Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 234)
 Scolia westermanni, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fi 1858, p 212, Q

78 SCOLIDÆ

Q Head smooth, with only a very few scattered punctures, thorax and abdomen coarsely punctured, the punctures on segments 2-5 of the latter rather sparse, clypeus with a central subtriangular raised portion, above which there is an abbreviated vertical furrow, median segment short, posteriorly truncate, the truncation concave, legs pubescent and spinose, abdomen pseudosessile, about as long as the head and thorax together Black, the head brick-red, the sides and anterior margin of the clypeus narrowly blackish, wings dark fuscous, with a rich purple effulgence

of similar, but smaller, with porrect thick antenne, and wanting the raised central subtrangular plane on the clypeus,

wings lighter in colour, with less of the purple effulgence

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Sumatra, Java Q Length 17-19, exp 30-32 mm. 3. Length 13-15, exp 31-32 mm

166 Scolia elizabethæ, n sp

Q Head smooth, thorax closely and coarsely punctured, the posterior margin of the pronotum narrowly, the median portion of the mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum smooth, the median segment more closely punctured than the rest, posteriorly concave-truncate, the abdomen not so closely punctured, the basil segments shiping. Black, the back of the head, the pronotum,



Fig 15 —Scolia elizabethæ, 3

Black, the back of the head, the pronotum, sides of the thorax, median segment, legs, and posterior margins of the segments of the abdomen covered with a thin black pubescence, the mandibles fringed beneath with long reddish hairs, the flagellum of the antenne, the head in front and above the base of the scape, and the basal half of the 3rd segment of the abdomen above deep reddish yellow, wings fuscous, with a brilliant purple effulgence

of similar, but slighter, covered all over with a thin heavy pubescence mixed with some black hairs, and differing in having the flagellum of the antennæ of a deeper fulvous-red, and

the clypeus, a transverse mark in front above the base of the antennæ, but not quite up to the anterior occillus, a narrow line behind the eyes, the anterior lateral angles of the pronotum, and a large spot laterally at the base of the 3rd segment of the abdomen clear straw-yellow, the abdomen has indescent purple gleams in certain lights, and the wings are light fusco-hyaline, with the costal margin and apex of fore wing broadly fuscous, having a purple effulgence

Var & The lateral yellow spots at the base of the 3rd segment

of the abdomen obsolete

Hab Sikhim above 4000 feet, the higher hill forests in Tenasseriin and Karennee 2 Length 22-25, exp 48-51 mm d Length 19-23, exp 40-45 mm

SCOLIA 79

167 Scolia molesta, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 111, Q &, Cam.

Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 104

Scolia erratica, Sauss (nec Smith) Ann Soc Ent Fr 1858, p 211,

Q, Stettin ent Zeit 1859, p 187, Q &

Q Closely resembles S erratica, Smith, differs in the mesonotum on the disc bring smooth with only a few scattered punctures, and in having, on the whole, the thorax and abdomen less closely punctured than that species, in colour S molesta has the antennæ with the scape and only one or two of the basal joints of the flagellum red, while in S erratica the antennæ are entirely red

3 Differs from the same sex of S erratica in having the thorax less densely punctured, in the abdomen having a brilliant purple

effulgence, and the wings being of a lighter colour

Hab Tenasserim, Siam, Singapore, Sumatra, Java, Borneo Q Length 24-27, exp 42-44 mm & Length 19-22, exp 38-40 mm

- 168 Scolia bilunata, Sauss Ann Soc Ent F: 1858, p 212, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 115, &, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 105
 Scolia bengalensis, Cam t c p 104, & &
- Q Densely punctured and pubescent the clypeus in the middle, the vertex, and forehead smooth, with only a few punctures, the abdomen with finer punctures, beneath the base of the 2nd and following segments smooth, legs with strong and stiff hairs Black, the flagellum of the antennæ, except the basal joint, brickred, the 3rd segment of the abdomen with a large yellow spot on each side, the anterior tarsi obscurely piceous, wings dark fuscous suffused with violet, paler at the apical and posterior margins

3 similar, but has only the apex of the antennæ fulvous, and the 4th not the 3rd segment of the abdomen bimaculated. The 2 sometimes has lateral spots also on the 4th, and the 3 on the 5th segment of the abdomen

Hab Nepal, Poona, Bangalore Q Length 18-25, exp. 32-42 mm & Length 15-19, exp 24-28 mm

- 169 Scolia aureipennis, Lepel Hym 111, p 525, Q, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 109, Q &, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 103

 Scolia jurinei, Sauss Melan Hym (Mém Soc Phys H N Geneve, 11v) p 45

 Scolia instabilis, Smi t Ca 1 111, p 88

 Scolia ruficornis, Klug, Web & Mohi, Beitr 1, p 25
- Q Head smooth, with a few distant punctures; thorax and abdomen more closely punctured, the latter slightly pubescent, clypeus smooth and shining in the centre, with stiff hairs on each side and round the base of the antennæ, scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment smooth, with a few coarse scattered punctures,

80 scolidæ

abdomen more finely punctured, the sides of the 2nd and 5th segments smooth and without punctures Black, the flagellum of the antennæ except the basal joint red, the pubescence on the sides of the clypeus and about the base of antennæ ferruginous, the rest black, wings fuscous, with purple, coppery, and green reflections

similar, more finely punctured and more pubescent, the flagellum of the antennæ fuscous, above fulvous-red, the abdomen

with brilliant prismatic tints of purple and blue

Hab Sikhim, Malabar, Tenasserim, Java, and the Philippines Q Length 29-44, exp 48-54 mm & a little smaller

- 170 Scolia obscura, Lepel Hym 111, p 527, Q, Smith, Cat 111, p 89, Siws & Sich Cat Scol p 113, Cam Mem Munch L Ph Soc (4) 1, 1892, p 104
- Head, thorax, and abdomen very sparsely punctured, the punctures somewhat closer on the pronotum, anterior half of the mesonotum, and on the 4th and 5th abdominal segments above. the vertex of the head, the posterior half of the mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, median segment, and basal two segments of the abdomen with only a very few distant punctures, median segment short, sloping laterally from a central longitudinal line, concavo-truncate posteriorly, abdomen massive, the basal segment Black, with black and scanty ferruginous tuberculate above pubescence, head in front, pro- and mesonotum anteriorly and the basal segment of the abdomen with a ferruginous tint, the antennæ bright yellow, the scape nigro-ferruginous, the legs and apical segment of the abdomen ferruginous, studded with stiff ferruginous hairs, wings fuscous with a coppery, in certain lights a golden, effulgence, nervures and tegulæ ferruginous

Hab Bengal 2 Length 18, eap 36 mm

- 171 Scolia bhamoensis, Magretti, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2ⁿ) xii, 1892, p 239, Ω
- Q Herd, the pronotum, and propleuræ somewhat closely, the meso- and metanotum densely and deeply punctured, cribrate, the meso- and metapleuræ smooth, shining posteriorly, slightly punctured, the basal abdominal segment coarsely and deeply, the 2nd and 3rd sparsely, and the remaining segments still more slightly punctured, head and pronotum with a thin short pubescence, the tarsi and the abdomen beneath covered with long hairs Black, the head (the mandibles, the apical margin of the clypeus, the base of the antennæ, and a line above the ocelli excepted), the lateral angles of the pronotum, and a minute line on the margin of the mesonotum above the tegulæ golden or rufo-ferruginous, abdomen above suffused with a blue and purple effulgence, the pubescence on the head and pronotum yellow, on the legs and abdomen black, wings fuscous, with violet and golden effulgence

Hab Bhamo, Upper Burma Q Length 22 mm

SCOLIA 81

172 Scolia fulvifrons, Sauss Mel Hym p 43, pl —, fig 11, Q, Sauss & Such Cat Scol p 116, Q σ, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 106
Scolia personata, Smith, Cat 111, p 91
P Scolia bipunctata, Klug, Web & Mohr, Beitr Naturh 1, p 36

3. Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and finely punctured and pubescent, the pubescence thick and close on each side of the clypeus, on the back of the head, the pronotum in front, the sides of the thorax, the legs, and abdomen; the anterior ocellus sunk in a pit, a short transverse furrow immediately behind the posterior ocelli, the disc of the mesonotum smooth, the median segment very short, posteriorly concavo-truncate, abdomen very long, nearly twice the length of the head and thorax together Black, the 3rd and the apical half of the 4th segment yellow the pubescence black on the black parts of the body, fulvous red on the yellow Var The head in front yellow

2 similar, but with the vertex of the head and two lateral

spots on the 3rd segment of the abdomen yellow

- Hab India (Sauss), Sylhet, Assam, Burma; Tenasserim, Singapore 2. "Length 37, exp 68 mm" & Length 35, exp 68 mm
- Note—I have described the male in full, as neither in my own nor the British Museum collections are there any female specimens.
- *173 Scolia nobilis, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1858, p 214, Q, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 117, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 106
- 2 "Of large or medium size, shining, head impunctate, with fulvous pubescence, front and vertex yellow, antennæ black, their base ferruginons, thorax with fulvous pubescence, densely punctured, cribrate, anteriorly, in the middle and on the scutellium shining, impunctate, metathorax with cinereous pile, shining, lightly punctured, the base of the abdomen with fulvous pubescence, the 2nd and 3rd segments with two spots or bands vellow, the apical segment with fuscous hairs, legs red, wings pale fuscous with a rosy effulgence Length 25 mm, wing 21 mm "Hab India"
- 174 Scolia humeralis, Sauss Cat Scol, Mantissa, 11, p 321, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 102 Scolia scapulata, Gribodo, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2^a) 1, 1884, p 362
- Q Head smooth, the thorax and abdomen punctured, clypeus transversely oval, pubescent at the sides, the centre of the median segment and the apex of the scutellum and postscutellum smooth, median segment very short, posteriorly truncate, the truncation convex, abdomen pseudosessile Black, the head above the base of the antennæ, the shoulders of the prothorax, and a square vol 1

macula on each side of the base of the 3rd and 4th segments of the abdomen fulvous red, the pubescence on the abdomen above black, on the clypeus, the back of the head, and the ventral segments of the abdomen silvery white

of similar, but the head black, with only the emargination of the eyes fulvous red —Varieties have one or both spots on the abdomen reduced to mere specks, or the spot on the 4th segment

entirely wanting

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, extending to the Malay Peninsula

Tenash 13-17 can ♀ Length 14-18, exp 26-32 mm ♂ Length 13-17, eap 28-30 mm

175 Scolia cucullata, n sp

Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the head, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and abdomen with a few irregularly scattered coarse and deep punctures, pronotum and median segment more closely and finely punctured, the latter posteriorly concave, with the lateral posterior angles somewhat produced, the abdomen pseudosessile, as long as the head and thorax together, the legs densely pubescent and spinose Black, the head deep red, the mandibles, clypeus, a cowl-shaped mark below the vertex, and the antennæ black, the 3rd and 4th abdominal segments with large deep red maculæ on each side, wings dark fuscous, with a brilliant purple effulgence

Hab Sikhim, Bengal Q Length 16, exp 27 mm

176 Scolia læviceps, Smith, Cat m, p 91, Q 3, Sauss & Sich Cat

- Head smooth, two or three scattered punctures on the front above the antennæ, thorax and abdomen closely punctured, the punctures finer on the latter, clypeus prominent, with a slight pubescent hollow on each side, back of the head, pronotum in front, and abdomen laterally and beneath thinly pubescent Black, the pubescence cinereous, that on the legs and abdomen fuscous black
- d similar, with erect black pubescence, the thorax and abdomen with finer and closer punctures, the front above the base of the antennæ, and as far as the posterior ocelli raised and marked with a few fine-punctures Wings in both sexes fuscous, with a purple effulgence.

Ĥab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, China Q. Length 15-17,

exp 30 mm & Length 12-16, exp 24-30 mm

- 177 Scolia cyanipennis, Fubr Syst Prez p 244, Smith, Cat iii, p 90, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 103, 2, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 102
- Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and very closely punctured, the front below the posterior ocelli nearly smooth above,

SCOLIA. 83

raised and projecting over the base of the antennæ, its inferior half thickly and finely punctured, median segment broad, concavotruncate, smooth and shining laterally at the base, basal segment of abdomen campanulate. Black, with sparse black pubescence on the back of the head, the sides of the thorax, the legs, and abdomen, the last with a purple indescent effulgence, wings dark, fuscous at the base, with a purple and, at apex, with a coppery golden effulgence

of similar, but slighter, and with the wings of a lighter colour.

Hab Ceylon, Java 2. Length 18, exp 26 mm of slightly

smaller

*178 Scolia carbonaria, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1858, p 210, Q Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 106, Q &, Cam Mem Manch L. Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 103

Q "Of largish size, black and pubescent, head and thorax lightly punctured all over, shining, abdomen highly polished and suffused with blue and violet tints, the base constricted, not tuberculate, the apex densely punctured, the flattened calcar of the anterior tibiæ testaceous, wings fuscous black with violet, purple, and blue effulgence, the costal margin obscure

d densely punctured The front between the antennæ and the ceelli with a quadrate depression transversely carinate, obtuse below, above markedly so Abdomen densely and profoundly punctured, with a bluish tint Wings fusco-violaceous, with violet,

coppery, and deep blue effulgence, the costa black

"Hab India Q. Length 28, wing 22 mm & Length 22, wing 17 mm"

- *179. Scolia redtenbacheri, Sauss. Stettin ent Zeit 1859, p 186, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 105, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 103
- Q "Of small size, length of S maura, Fabr (i e 18-25 mm); black, shining, the pubescence entirely black, abdomen and metanotum suffused with violet tints, thorax cribrate, but the middle of the mesonotum and the lateral lobes smooth, sparsely punctured, the metanotum deeply emarginate, the 1st abdominal segment slender, funnel-shaped, wings of a fuscous purple of More slender, densely punctured all over Length 24, wing 14 mm"

Hab Barrackpore, Java

- 180 Scolia cærulans, Lepel Hym 111, p 526, Smith, Cat 111, p 87, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 104, 5
- d Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and somewhat coarsely punctured, clypeus scutiform, subconvex, its anterior margin rather acute in the middle, mesonotum with two short, parallel, longitudinally impressed lines on the disc above the tegulæ, the scutellum large, prominent, median segment short, sloped posteriorly, truncate at apex, the truncation slightly concave, legs

G 2

84 SCOLIDÆ

short, pubescent and spinose, abdomen long, much longer than the head and thorax together, the basal segment narrow and contracted Black, with black pubescence on the head, the apex of the median segment, and on the apical two segments of the abdomen above, the abdomen in certain lights with blue and purple reflections, wings fuscous, with a golden and coppery effulgence, nervures and tegulæ brownish black

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim & Length 27-30, evp

49-54 mm

181 Scolia indica, Sauss Mel Hym p 46, pl —, fig 10, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 119, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 106
Scolia ignita, Smith, Cat in, p 101, Q

Q The head flat above and smooth, the front of the face and between the antennæ thickly punctured and pubescent, the clypeus with its anterior margin subtriangular and narrowly smooth, thorax with coarse deep punctures, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the middle of the mesonotum, of the post-scutellum, and of the median segment smooth and impunctate, the abdomen also smooth and impunctate, or with a very few scattered punctures above and below Black, with black pubescence on the front of the face and legs, the sides of the clypeus with a little silvery pile on each side, and the 2nd to the 5th segments of the abdomen with broad bands of stiff ferruginous-red hairs continued below, the apical segment entirely covered with ferruginous pubescence, wings fuscous brown, with purple reflections

of similar, more slightly made, much more finely and closely punctured on the abdomen as well as on the head and thorax, the clypeus convex, almost round, wings of a lighter fuscous brown, the pubescence on the apical segments of the abdomen of a much

lighter ferruginous colour

Hab Sylhet, North Bengal, Kumaun, Travancore, Burma, Tenasserim 2 Length 30-40, exp 48-56 mm & Length 20, exp 42 mm

182. Scolia quadripustulata, Fabr Spec Ins 1, p 453, id Ent Syst n, p 234, id Syst Piez p 244, Lepel Hym 111, p 528, Smith, Cat 111, p 87

Larra quadripustulata, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 222

Scolia bipunctata, Fabr Syst Piez p 244

Scolia bipunctata (**) et sex-pustulata, Klug, Web & Mohr, Beitr Naturk 1, pp 35 & 36

Scolia fasciato-punctata, Guer Voy Coq 11, pt 2, p 254

Scolia fervida, Smith, A M N H (2) 12, 1852, p 46, \$\frac{1}{2}\$

Scolia stizus, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 118, \$\frac{1}{2}\$

Q Head and segments 2-5 of the abdomen sparsely and rather coarsely, and the thorax and basal and apical abdominal segments more densely punctured, the clypeus in the middle, the vertex of the head, and the disc of the mesonotum smooth and shining, median

SCOLIA 85

segment short posteriorly, truncate and concave, legs densely pubescent and spinose, abdomen pseudosessile, longer than the head and thorax together Black, with black pubescence, that on the legs and apical segment of the abdomen reddish brown in certain lights, colouring of the abdomen very variable, any or all of segments 2–5 may have red lateral maculæ, sometimes coalescing in the middle of the segment above and forming a broad fascia at its base, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence

o similar, but smaller and slighter, with thick porrect antennæ,

which occasionally have an obscure reddish tint at apex

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Tenasserim, extending to Sumatra and Java & Length 15-21, eap 27-35 mm 3. Length 11-16, exp 20-29 mm

183. Scolia sikkimensis, Bingh Jour Linn Soc, Zool xxv, 1896, p 423, 9 &

2 Closely allied to S histrionica, Fabr, but differs as follows -The clypeus has the middle raised, triangular, flat, and smooth, without punctures, above this a short carina runs up between the bases of the antennæ, the puncturing on the mesonotum and scutellum is much sparser, leaving a central space perfectly bare and smooth, the median segment is narrower, and less concave posteriorly, the basal segment of the abdomen is tuberculate above, more contracted, and somewhat more closely punctured In colour the clypeus, the front to a little above the base of the antennæ, the apical nine joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, the whole of the thorax except the posterior lateral angles of the median segment, the basal and apical three segments of the abdomen, a narrow fascia above at base of the 2nd, and the apical margins of the 2nd and 3rd segments are black, the front below the vertex, the occiput, the posterior lateral angles of the median segment, a small spot on each side at base of the 1st abdominal segment, the bases of the 2nd and 3rd and a lengthened lateral subapical spot on the 4th, yellow, the scape and basal two joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, and the temora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs red with reddish pubescence, which also covers sparsely the thorax and basal segment of the abdomen beneath, the pectus, the coxe, and trochanters, and the whole of the abdomen are black wings brownish hyaline, a long streak beyond the cubital cells and the costal margin of the fore wing darker brown

of The head and thorax prumose, closely punctured, the sbdomen smooth, shining, with scattered punctures, the median segment not truncate but with a steep slope to the apex, the abdomen subfusiform, with the basal segment contracted Black, the clypeus, the emargination of the eyes, the front below the vertex, a streak behind the eyes, the pronotum, the sides of the prothorax, the tegulæ, a longitudinal streak above them on the mesonotum, the apex of the scutellum and postscutellum in the middle, the sides and a triangular spot in the middle at the apex

86 SCOLITE

of the median segment, the anterior coxe in front, femora, tible, and tars, the intermediate femora and a streak on the tible above, the posterior coxe in front and the femora, a large spot on each side at base of the 1st segment of the abdomen, the base of the 2nd broadly, and the whole 3rd and 4th above, yellow beneath, the abdomen has a yellow band on the 3rd and yellow lateral markings on the 2nd and 4th segments wings somewhat lighter in colour than in the \mathcal{Q}

Hab Sikhim, Bengal Q Length 20-23, exp 43-45 mm

d Length 19-22, exp 40-44 mm

184. Scolia histrionica, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 256, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 121, Q
Scolia picteti, Sauss Mel Hym p 42, Q
Scolia pulchra, Smith, Cat 111, p 88, Q

2. Head above and abdomen sparsely but coarsely punctured, the clypeus and front to a little above the antennæ, the thorax, and apical two segments of the abdomen above and below densely punctured, the vertex broad, very slightly convex, median segment short, posteriorly truncate, concave, with the posterior lateral angles produced, legs pubescent and thickly spinose, abdomen broad, pseudosessile, the basal segment slightly tuberculate in the Variegated with black, red, and yellow, the middle above pubescence reddish, the posterior margins of the abdominal segments ciliated with a mixture of red and black hairs, the clypeus, the face to a little above the antennæ, the region of the ocelli, the mesonotum, the apical margins of the basal three segments of the abdomen, and a median longitudinal streak on the 3rd and 4th, black, the black marking on the basal segment is widest in the middle, that on the 2nd is doubly emarginate anteriorly, the front above, the vertex, back of the head, sides of the pronotum, and bases of segments 2-4 of the abdomen above, yellow, the antennæ, the pronotum in the middle, the scutellum, postscutellum, median segment, legs, basal half of the 1st and apical two segments of the abdomen above, red, wings brownish hyaline, opaque along the nervures of the fore wing, and with an opaque spot in the 2nd discordal cell and a brownish cloud at the apex beyond the radial cell, nervures testaceous brown, tegulæ red

Hab North-west Provinces, Bengal, Bangalore, Burma,

Tenasserim. 2 Length 22-25, erp 41-44 mm

- 185. Scolia desidiosa, Bingh Jour Linn Soc, Zool xxv, 1896, p 424, Q
- Q Head and abdomen sparsely punctured, thorax finely and closely punctured, clypeus transversely oval, reticulate in the middle, punctured at the sides, the space around the ocelli, on the vertex, and behind the eyes smooth and shining, the mesonotum and scutellum in the middle with the punctures coarser and more widely spaced, median segment very short, truncate, the sides a

SCOLIA 87

httle produced posteriorly and sparsely punctured, legs densely pubescent and spinose, abdomen smooth and shining, the



Fig 16 —Scolia (Discolia) desidiosa,

punctures fine and scattered, the apical maigins of the segments ciliated above and below with stiff hairs, the apical segment densely and finely punctured and pubescent Variegated with black and yellow, the pubescence above and below whitish, the cilia on the segments of the abdomen above black, two spots on the front above the base of the antennæ, the lateral angles of the pronotum, a spot on the mesopleuræ beneath the wings, the cutellum and postscutellum in the middle, the posterior lateral angles of the median segment, and large irregular markings on

each side of segments 1—1 of the abdomen, chrome-yellow, the rest of the head, thorax, and abdomen black, the 2nd segment has a black circular spot on each side within the yellow maculæ, the maculæ on the 3rd segment nearly coalesce, those on the 4th are generally united by a narrow line, wings fusco-hyaline, with a distinctly yellow wash, indescent, somewhat darker along the costal margin nervures testaceous brown, tegulæ black

 σ similar, but smaller and slighter, the clypeus is yellow, there are no yellow spots on the front, there is a yellow line on all the tibiæ above, and the apical margins of segments 1–5 are yellow, with the anterior margins of these bands on segments 1–4 emarginate anteriorly, beneath, ventral segments 2–4 have a longish yellow spot laterally, wings much lighter than in the Ω

Hab Sikhim, Tenasserim Q Length 21, eap 36 mm & Length 18, exp. 32 mm

186. Scolia vivida, Smith, Cat iii, p 89, 5, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 123, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 107

Head, thorax, and abdomen with fine and close but shallow punctures, and a thin short pubescence—clypeus vertically suboval, its anterior margin rounded, posterior truncate, median segment very short, concavo-truncate, abdomen long, basal segment very slightly constricted at margin—Black, with cinereous pubescence, the clypeus, a spot above it, the mandibles, outer orbits of the eyes, the sides of the pronotum, a patch under the wings, a narrow stripe on the pectus, the scutellum, postscutellum, and abdomen yellow, the median segment laterally deep red, the base and posterior margin of the 1st abdominal segment, and the base of the 2nd-4th with the whole of the apical three segments, black, legs black variegated with yellow, wings hyaline, the fore wing rufescent fulvous along the costal margin, with the apex fuscous anteriorly

Hab Madras, Poona & Length 15, exp 25 mm Q un-

known

88 scolidæ

- 187. Scolia venusta, Smith, Cat in, p 90, Q 3, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 120, Q 3
- Q Head, and the 2nd and 3rd segments of the abdomen sparsely punctured, thorax, basal, 4th, and apical segments closely punctured, head slightly convex in front, an impressed vertical line from the anterior occilius down the front to the base of the antennæ, median segment with a steep slope to the apex, which is abruptly truncate, legs pubescent and thickly spinose, abdomen pseudosessile, a little longer than the head and thorax together. Black, with rufo-ferruginous pubescence, hairs, and spines, a broad transverse stripe beneath the vertex not reaching the emargination of the eyes, a broad band above on the 2nd and the 3rd segment of the abdomen above, yellow, the band on the 2nd segment with an elongate lateral spot, wings brownish hyaline, the costal margin of the fore wing darker with a faint fuscescent cloud at the apex, nervures and tegulæ testaceous brown
- of similar, the head and thorax closely and rather coarsely punctured, abdomen more densely and finely punctured, the head and thorax clothed with dense, and the abdomen with a more sparse, short, soft, yellowish pubescence Black, two lateral spots on the pronotum, the 2nd and 3rd, apical margin of the 4th, and long lateral spots on the 5th segment of the abdomen above, yellow, beneath, the abdomen is black with subtriangular lateral yellow spots on segments 2-5, those on the 5th segment being taint and barely indicated, wings somewhat lighter than in the \$\Phi\$

Hab Kumaun, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 18, exp 40 mm & Length 18-20, exp 42-44 mm

188 Scolia kirbyi, Magnetti, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2ⁿ) xii, 1892, p 244, Q & Scolia floridula, Bingh Jour Linn Soc, Zool xxv, 1896, p 425

Q Head in front smooth, the space below the antennæ and around the ocelli coarsely punctured, the disc of the thorax cribrate, the thorax posteriorly, and the abdomen less densely, but distinctly and somewhat profoundly punctured Black, shining, abdomen suffused with blue, the thorax in front fringed with reddish and posteriorly with dense cinereous yellow hairs, head in front, vertex, sides of the pronotum, scutellum, a small round lateral spot at base of the 1st abdominal segment, a suboval lateral spot at the base of the 2nd, a broad line deeply emarginate above and below on the 3rd, and the anterior femora and tibiæ, citron-yellow, wings flavo-hyaline, the costal margin of the front wing opaquely fusco-ferruginous, and the apex with a light fusco-violaceous oval spot, tegulæ rufo-ferruginous

of similar, but differing in having the vertex of the head black, the postscutellum and the femora and tibiæ of all the legs yellow Hab Karen Hills, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 19 mm

d Length 16 mm

189 Scolia specifica, Smith, Cat 111, p 89, Q, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 117, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 106

Q Very finely and closely punctured, the region of the occili somewhat smooth, with a transverse slightly arched furrow passing over the posterior occili, median segment with the sides angular and produced, the apex strongly concave, abdomen stout, longer than the head and thorax together, basal segment subtuberculate above Black with black pubesence, the pronotum laterally, and the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th segments laterally marked with yellow, two minute yellow spots at the base of the 5th segment above, wings fuscous with a purple effulgence

Var The pronotum entirely black, the wings fusco-hyaline,

slightly purplish at apex

Hab India (Smith) 2 Length 19-25, exp 36-40 mm

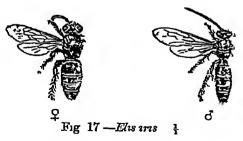
190 Scolia eliformis, Sauss Ann Soc Ent F: 1858, p 215, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 120, &, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 107

d Head, thorax, and abdomen densely and strongly punctured, the clypeus subtriangular, convex, its anterior margin arched, smooth and shining, with only a few scattered punctures, basal segment of the abdomen slightly constricted. Black with black pubescence, segments 2-4 of the abdomen cliated with grey hairs above and below, wings light fuscous, subhyaline, nervures and tegulæ black, an oblique hyaline streak in the 1st cubital cell

Hab Southern India; Ceylon & Length 28, erp 53 mm 2 unknown

Genus ELIS.

Elis, Fabr Syst Piez p 249 (1804)
Campsomeris, Lepel Hym 111, p 496 (1845)
Colpa, pt, Lepel Hym 111, p 534 (1845)
Scolia, pt, Smith, Cat 111, p 85 (1855)
Elis (subgen Trielis and Dielis), Sauss & Sich Cat Scol pp 140, 161 (1864)



Type, E sercincia, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Characters those of the family Fore wing with one radial, and three (subgen Trielis), or two (subgen Dielis) cubital cells and

90 scolidæ

two recurrent nervures received separately by the 2nd cubital cell In this genus there is often a very considerable difference in the style of coloration in the two sexes of the same species

Subgen Triells with 3 cubital cells and 2 recurrent nervures

Key to the Species

a Head red above, abdomen variegated with red
 b Head, thorax, and abdomen wholly black
 E litigiosa, p 90
 E orientalis, p 90

191 Elis litigiosa Scolia litigiosa, Smith, Cat in, p 113, Q Elis litigiosa, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 158, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 112

Head smooth, with a few coarse punctures, clypeus vertically striate, front between and above the base of the antennæ strongly convex, a deeply impressed transverse line level with the emargination of the eyes, receiving in the middle an inter-antennal vertically impressed line starting from the base of the clypeus, thorax with the pronotum truncate in front, and the median segment concavo-truncate posteriorly sparsely and coarsely punctured on the pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and postscutellum, and densely on the middle above and posterior face of the median segment, abdomen sparsely punctured, the base of the 3rd and middle of the 4th segment above smooth and shining Black, the head except the apex of the clypeus and the antennæ, the pronotum, and the 3rd and 4th segments of the abdomen above red, apex of the clypeus, the antennæ, the pronotum in the middle anteriorly, and a central obscure line down the middle of the 3rd and 4th abdominal segments, rufo-piceous, wings dark fuscous with green reflections

Hab India Q Length 22, exp 38 mm of unknown

- 192 Elis orientalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 112
- The clypeus and the front and head above, the mesonotum and the abdomen above sparingly punctured, the rest of the head and thorax densely and coarsely punctured, the space above the antennæ finely and closely punctured, the pronotum and median segment very short, the latter abruptly truncate posterior'y and with a central longitudinal carina ending at the edge of the truncation, the parapsidal furrows well marked and continued down the face of the truncation, which is smooth and shining between the furrows, legs stout, studded with spines and stiff hairs, abdomen massive and long, much longer than the head and thorax put together, basal segment slightly constricted, the segments above and beneath with long scattered pubescence, the ventral segments smooth at base, with subapical broad bands of punctures

EIIS 91

Subgen Dielis with 2 cubital cells and 2 recurrent nervures

Key to the Species

neg w me siponts	
A 9 known, d unknown u Abdomen wholly black	
a' Wings flavo-hyaline b' Wings dark fuscous	E habrocoma, p 97
 a² Head and thorax with white or fulvous pubescence, abdomen with black b² Head and thorax with black pubescence, abdomen with black, segments 	E fimbriata, p 99
1-3 fimbriated with white b Abdomen red or black, with reddish or	E tristis, p 92
yellow markings a' Abdomen wholly castaneous red b' Abdomen black, the 2nd segment with	E engone, p 92
lateral yellow marks, 3rd and following segments fuscous red c' Abdomen black, segments 1–3 with	[p 93] E rubromaculata,
lateral yellow maculæ a² Thorax wholly black b² Thorax black with yellow markings	E bella, p 93 E evimia, p 94
B 2 and 3 both known	
Females .	
a Abdomen with uninterrupted transverse yellow bands above Wings flavo- or fulvo-hyaline, with a subspical fuscous spot on the fore wing	
a' Antennæ black b' Antennæ fulvous red	E 1118, p 94 E ceylonica, p 94
 Abdomen with lateral yellow spots or broad medially-interrupted bands Abdomen wholly black 	E luctuosa, p 95
a' Wings clear hyaline, with a subapical fuscous spot in the fore wing, occiput	
finely and closely punctured b' Wings flavo-hyaline, with a subapical	E annulata, p 96
fuscous spot in the fore wing occiput smooth, impunctate c' Wings flavo-hyaline, without a subapical	E lindenu, p 96
spot in fore wing a Length 25–30 mm b Length 20–22 mm	E grossa, p 97 E prismatica, p 98
c ² Length 8 mm d' Wings fuscous	E hn suta, p 98
 a² Basal four abdominal segments ciliated with black hairs b² Basal four abdominal segments ciliated 	L thoracica, p 99
with cinereous hairs c ² Basal four abdominal segments ciliated	E asiatica, p 100 [p 96
with fulvous golden hairs	E kndenu (var),

Males

a Clypeus entirely yellow	
a' Basal segment constricted	E ceylonica, p 94
b' Basal segment not constricted	E 11 is, p 94
b Clypeus yellow, the centre black	-, -
a' Posterior margins of segments 1-4 with	
transverse yellow bands	
a^2 Length 13-22 mm	E annulata, p 96
δ^2 Length 9 mm	E hirsuta, p 98
b' Posterior margin of segments 1-5 with	72
transverse yellow bands	
a ² Scutellum with yellow markings	E grossa, p 97
b ² Scutellum wholly black	E prismatica, p 98
c' Posterior maigins of abdominal segments	1 /1
without yellow markings	E thoracica, p 99
c Base of clypeus black, anterior half yellow	E lindenii, p 96
d Clypeus entirely black	,1
a' Abdomen black, segments 2 and 3 with	
lateral yellow spots	E luctuosa, p 95
b' Abdomen black, segments 1-4 with their	71
margins white or yellow	
a ² Wings fusco-hyaline	E asiatica, p 100
b ² Wings deep feiruginous .	E cyanea*, p 100
c' Abdomen entirely black	E reticulata*, p 100
	, ,

193 Elis tristis, Sauss Stettin ent Zeit 1859, p 265, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 193, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 110

A Head above smooth, almost impunctate, sides and base of the clypeus and the space above the antennæ closely punctured and pubescent, an inter antennal carina at right angles to a waved transverse one crossing the front about the level of the emargination of the eyes, thorax above coarsely and closely punctured, disc of the mesonotum and the pleuræ smooth and shining, median segment finely punctured, concavo-truncate posteriorly, abdomen long, sparsely punctured, the punctures very shallow and ill-defined Intensely black, with black pubescence, segments 1-3 of the abdomen fringed, narrowly in the middle, broadening at the sides, with snow-white hairs, wings dark fuscous, with a blue and purple effulgence, nervures piceous, tegulæshining black

Hab "India orientali" (Sauss), Mergui, Tenasserim, Pulo Penang, Singapore, Java Q Length 29-38, evp 44-48 mm d unknown

194 Elis erigone, n sp

A Head, the vertex, and cheeks smooth, the front above the base of the antennæ and the base of the clypeus pubescent, the former somewhat coarsely punctured, the apical half of the

^{*} Of E cyanea and E reticulata only the males are known

93 ELIS

clypeus longitudinally rugose, pronotum and the back of the head densely pubescent, the mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum and median segment coarsely but not very closely punctured, sparsely the median segment concavo-truncate posteriorly. above in the middle subtuberculate, abdomen broad, segments 1-4 smooth, fimbriated posteriorly, 5th and 6th coarsely punctured and set with stiff hairs Vertex of the head, mesonotum. scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment black, mandibles, clypeus, antennæ, pronotum in front, legs, and abdomen castaneous pubercence hoary white, reddish on the median segment, legs, and abdomen, wings hyaline and iridescent, suffused with a brownish tint, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Var The whole head, thorax, and abdomen castaneous red Hab The Deccan Q Length 18-21, exp 30-40 mm in the British Museum

195 Elis rubro-maculata

Scolia rubro-maculata, Smith, Cat III, p 99, Ç Elis rubro-maculata, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 196, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 110

Head and thorax coarsely and closely punctured, shining, abdomen smooth and shining, with a few fine scattered punctures. the region of the ocelli, the disc of the mesonotum, the scutellium. postscutellum, and median segment smooth and almost impunctate, the 2nd to the 5th abdominal segments with one or two submarginal rows of punctures, the apical segment closely and finely Black, the head with mixed black and cinereous punctured pubescence, the legs and basal two abdominal segments fringed with black hairs, the 2nd segment with a lateral vellow macula, the base of the 3rd and the following segments deep fuscous red, with the pubescence more or less ferruginous red

India (Smith), Burma, Tenasserim; Java (Sauss).

♀ Length 33-40, exp 62 mm

196 Elis bella, n sp

Head and thorax pubescent, very closely and coarsely punctured and rugose under the pubescence, front above the antennæ remarkably prominent and convex, unlike any species known to me. clypeus smooth, its apex angular, the sides oblique. median segment short, concavo-truncate posteriorly, the face of the truncation as closely punctured as the rest of the thorax, and with the punctures running into vertical striæ, the pleuræ impunctate. prumose, abdomen stout, opaque, the posterior margins of the segments fimbriated, the anal segment studded with short stiff Black, the posterior margins of abdominal segments 1-3 with abbreviated lateral linear yellow marks, pubescence on the head and thorax ferruginous, the pleuræ covered with silvery pile, the fimbria on the apical margins of segments 1-3 of the abdomen snow-white, and on the 4th and 5th black, the

legs covered with a mixture of black and white stiff hairs and spines, wings flavo-hyaline, fuscous towards the apex, nervures testaceous brown, tegulæ reddish

Var The wings light fuscous

Hab Assam, Tenasserum Q Length 19-25, evp 36-46 mm. 3 unknown

*197. Elis eximia.

Scolia eximia, Smith, Cat iii, p 99, Q Elis eximia, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 195, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 110

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, with only a few scattered punctures on the head and thorax Black, a large macula on the sides of the pronotum in front of the insertion of the wings, the postscutellum, and a spot on each side of the median segment yellow, the wings dark brown with a splendid purple indescence, the pubescence and spines on the legs black, an ovate macula on each side of the first and three following abdominal segments yellow, those on the 2nd and 3rd largest

Hab India Q Length 11 lines (24 mm) Unknown to me

The type specimen is not now in the British Museum

198 Elis 1712,

Colpa iris, Lepel Hym iii, p 547, c Scolia iris, Burm Abh Nat Ges Halle, 1, pt 4, p 26, Smith, Cat iii, p 100 Elis phalerata, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1858, p 233 Elis iris, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol. p 201, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 111

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, head and abdomen with a few scattered punctures, thorax, except on the centre of the mesonotum, coarsely and closely punctured Black, the head and thorax covered with coarse fulvous-red pubescence, legs ferruginous red, with coarse fulvous-red spines and stiff hairs, abdomen with the margins of segments 1-4 narrowly yellow above and with a fringe of stiff fulvous-yellow hairs, the apical two segments studded with stiff black hairs, wings fulvo-hyaline, the apex of each fore wing with a dark fuscous macula

Var The apex of the clypeus and labrum yellow Sometimes the abdomen has the segments fringed with cinereous

hairs

of similar, but more slender, with the clypeus, the posterior

margin of the pronotum, and the tegulæ-yellow

Hab Sikhini, Southern India, Ceylon, Burma, Tenasseim, Java Q Length 16-18, exp 32-35 mm. & Length 12-17, exp 30-32 mm

199 Elis ceylonica

Campsomeris ceylonica, Kirby, Trans Ent Soc 1889, p 462, Q d, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 111

9 Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, the pubescence thick

ELIS 95

and long on the head, the thorax, and on the median segment above, head and thorax closely and somewhat coarsely punctured, the region of the ocelli and the vertex smooth, the median segment posteriorly concavo-truncate, finely punctured, abdomen smooth, each segment having a double subapical transverse row of punctures. Black, the pubescence rich ferruginous red, the mandibles, clypeus, antennæ, and legs red, the pleuræ and sides of the median segment covered with dense golden pile; the apical margins above of abdominal segments 1-3 with transverse bands of rich dark yellow, these bands on the 2nd and 3rd segments much broader in the middle, with the sides of the broad portion slightly incurved or emarginate, wings flavo-hyaline, the costal margin of the front wing rufescent or ferruginous, and the apex with a large subapical spot of fuscous, nervures and tegulæ yellow

d similar, but slighter, the pubescence not so dense, the basal segment of the abdomen constricted, and the wings having only an indication of the subapical fuscous spot, in colour it differs in having the clypeus, the pronotum in front, and a broad transverse

band on the 4th abdominal segment also yellow

Hab Ceylon Q Length 15-18, exp 28-32 mm & Length 14-17, evp 28-30 mm

200 Elis luctuosa

Scola luctuosa, Smith, Cat III, p 101, Q
Scola quadriguttulata, Sauss (nec Burm) Mel Hym p 58, fig 12
Elis luctuosa, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 194, Q &, Cam Mem
Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 110

2 Head and thorax punctured, shining, abdomen smooth, with



Fig 18
Elis luctuosa, Q

a few distant punctures, the front between the antennæ very closely and coarsely punctured, the region of the ocelli, the centre of the mesonotum, the scutellum and post-scutellum smooth, the punctures few and distant, abdomen—the basal segment, the posterior margins of the 2nd and 3rd and the whole of the 4th and 5th segments with a few scattered punctures, the basal three-fourths of the 2nd and 3rd and the apical segments dull and opaque Black, the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments with yellow lateral spots, the front and the back of the

head with a little cinereous pubescence, the pubescence on the abdomen and legs black

J. The abdomen has a blue effulgence

Var with the yellow lateral spots also on the 1st and 4th segments of the abdomen, minute, or entirely wanting

Hab Sylhet, Assam, Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Malacca;

Java, Philippines. 2 Length 33-44, exp 46-56 mm

96 scolidæ

201 Elis annulata

Tiphia annulata, Tabr Lnt Syst 11, p 225, Q, Syst Picz p 234
Campsomeris servilli, Lepcl (nec Guer) Hym 111, p 501
Scolia annulata, Smith, Cat 111, p 100
Elis annulata, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 196, Q &, Cam Mem
Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 110

Q Head, with the vertex and clypeus in the middle smooth, the face above the antennæ densely punetured, with a median short vertical groove, the face in front slightly, the occiput and pronotum anteriorly densely pubescent, thorix with large scattered punctures, the disc of the mesonotum almost impunctate, median segment short, concavo-truncate posteriorly, the punctures in the middle closer, and on the sides above much finer and closer, abdomen—segments 1-4 smooth, nearly impunctate, fimbriated posteriorly, the 5th and 6th segments closely and coarsely punctured and set with stiff rigid hairs. Black, the pubescence white, on the apical segments of the abdomen above it is black, wings hyaline, with a large purplish-fuscous spot at apex.

o Smaller, more slonder, the basel segment of the ablomen constructed, and all the segments with widely, scattered shellow coarse punctures, head and thorax covered with cinercous pubescence, the clypeus on each side yellow, and segments 1-5 of the abdomen with transverse yellow bands on the posterior margins

Var. The pronotum, scutellum, and legs variegated with yellow,

wings byrlino with a tinge of yellow

Hab North-West Provinces, Sikhim, Southern India, Burms, Tenasserim, China, Japan, and Malayan subregion Q Length 15-25, exp 28-40 mm. J. Length 13-22, exp 28-36 mm

202 Elis lindenii

Campsomeris lindenn, Lepel Hyre in, p 500, Q ? Scolia quadrifasciata, I ahr Int Syst Suppl p 255, 3 Scolia radula, Kluy (nec Tahr), Web & Mohr, Beitr Naturk 1, p 30 Elis lindenn, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 204, Cam Mem Manch I Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 112

Q Head and thorax pubescent, sparsely punctured, the punctures finer and closer about the base of the antenne, the clypeus, front, and vertex of the head, the disc of the mesonotum, and the abdomen smooth, the last opaque, with the posterior margins of 1st to 4th or 5th segments fimbrated, median segment very short, concavo-truncate posteriorly, the middle above the truncation slightly produced Black, the pubescence fulvous, golden, heary-cinereous, or white; wings flavo-hyaline, with a fuscous spot at apex

Var Wings altogether fuscous

of Punctured all over, shining The clypeus anteriorly, the posterior margin of the pronoture two spots on the scutellum, and transverse fascie on the posterior margins of the 1st to 4th or 5th segments of the abdomen yellow, these fascie anteriorly emarginate, legs variegated with yellow; wings light flavo-hydine

ELIS 97

Hab Throughout Eastern and Southern India (Calcutta, Sikhim, Kumaun, North-West Provinces, Madras), Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserim, Java, China, Japan, and the Malayan subregion Q Length 17-22, exp 35-42 mm & Length 16-21, exp 32-40 mm

203 Elis grossa

Tiphia grossa, Fabr Syst Piez p 232, Q Scolia giossa, Burm Abh Nat Ges Halle, 1, pt 4, p 23, Q 5, Smith, (at in p 99 Elis grossa, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 199, Q 5, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1802, p 111

A Head from a little beneath the anterior occilius to the base of the clypeus very closely and not coarsely punctured, vertex and



Fig 17
Llis grossa, d

lower part of clypeus smooth, back of the head and pronotum densely pubescent, mesonotum anteriorly, scutellum moderately, and postscutellum and median segment very finely and densely punctured, the last short, concavo-truncate posteriorly, and pubescent above in the middle, abdomen smooth, opaque, segments 1-4 above fimbriated and with a few scattered punctures, 5th and 6th closely and coarsely punctured and set with stiff hairs Black, the pubescence on the head and thorax fulvous, the fimbriæ on the abdomen hoary white, the bairs on the apical two segments

black, the hairs and spines on the legs mixed black and hoary white, wings light fusco-hyaline with a slight purple effulgence

Slighter, the basal segment of the abdomen narrower than the 2nd, the whole head, thorax, and abdomen moderately punctured and covered with a thin cinereo-fulvous pubescence, the abdomen with indescent tints in certain lights. Black, the clypeus except its narrow anterior margin and a spot in the middle, a broad band on the posterior border of the pronotum, two large confluent spots on the scutellum and two on the post-scutellum, a short line on the anterior femora below and on the tibiæ above, a lengthened spot on the intermediate tibiæ above, and broad transverse bands on the posterior margins of the 1st to 4th abdominal segments above, yellow, wings a lighter fusco-hyaline than in the Ω

Hab Northern India, Sikhim, Madras, Assam, Burma, Tenasserim, Java 2 Length 25-30, eap 46-52 mm & Length 23, exp 44 mm

204 Elis habrocoma

Scola habrocoma, Smith, Cat 111, p 100, Q Elis habrocoma, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 198, Q. Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 111 98 SCOLIIDÆ

Q Closely resembles E grossa, Fabr, but is a larger, stouter-built insect, the head and thorax are much more closely (even on the vertex of the former) and coarsely punctured, and the pubescence on the head, thorax, and legs, with the fimbriæ on the segments of the abdomen, are a rich golden fulvous, with no mixture of white hairs, wings flavo-hyaline suffused with a purplish tint

Hab India (Smith), Sikhim, Assam, and Upper Burma

2 Length 34-36, erp 58-62 mm

205 Elis prismatica

Scolia prismatica, Smith, Cat in, p 102, \$\varphi\$ Elis prismatica, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 199

Q Head and thorax closely and rather coarsely punctured, the clypeus, the region of the ocelli, and the disc of the mesonotum smooth, median segment posteriorly concavo-truncate, closely and minutely punctured, abdomen, the basal four segments sparsely, the apical two strongly punctured, head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, the pubescence thick and long on the head and on the thorax anteriorly, on the abdomen it forms transverse fimbrize on the posterior margins of segments 1-4 Black, the pubescence ferruginous, the pleuræ and the sides of the median segment covered with dense golden pile, the abdomen with iridescent tints in certain lights, wings flavo-hyaline, slightly fuscous beyond the basal nervure, and in certain lights having a purplish effulgence

d similar, but the pubescence cinereous, the abdomen with brighter iridescent tints, the clipeus yellow, black in the middle, and the abdomen punctured, with transverse yellow binds on segments 1-4 above and on segments 2-5 on the ventral side,

the basal segment constricted

Hab Sikhim, Buima, Tenasserim, China Q Length 20-22, eap 40-44 mm & Length 18-21, exp 38-40 mm

- 206 Elis hirsuta, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1858, p 234, Sauss ξ Sich Cat Scol p 200, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 111
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, very thinly pubescent, the pubescence long on the head and thorax and forming fimbrize on the posterior margins of the abdominal segments above and below, the lateral angles of the pronotum, the mesonotum anteriorly, the scutellum and postscutellum with a few scattered punctures Black, the mandibles, the clypeus, and flagellum of the antennæ beneath rather bright castaneous, the femora, tidize, and tarsi of the legs and the pygidial area obscurely castaneous, the last studded with short stift reddish hairs, the pubescence elsewhere silvery white, wings flavo-hyaline suffused with a purplish indescence
- of Slighter, the antennæ filiform and very long, about twice the length of the head and thorax united, head, thorax, and

ELIS 99

abdomen black, covered with erect cinereous pubescence, the clypeus, except a spot in the middle, the posterior margin of the pronotum broadly, the scutellum and postscutellum, the posterior margins of the dorsal abdominal segments 1-5 and vential 2-5, yellow, the legs variegated with yellow, the wings as in the $\mathfrak P$

Hab Tranquebar (Saussure), Calcutta Q Length 10, exp

16 mm & Length 9, exp 15 mm

207 Elis thoracica

Tiphia thoracica, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 254
Sphex albicollis, Christ, Naturg Ins p 260, pl 26, fig 1, \$\times\$
Sphex flavifrons, Christ, Naturg Ins p 261, pl 26, fig 2, \$\times\$
Campsomeris aureicollis, Lepel Hym in, p 499, \$\times\$
Scohe aureicollis, Smith, Cat in, p 101

PElis azurea, Sauss Stettin ent Zeit 1859, p 267, \$\tilde{\text{c}}\$
Elis thoracica, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 188, \$\times\$, Cam Mem
Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, p 108

Q Head smooth, the front between the antennæ and a little above their bases pubescent closely and finely punctured, back of the head and pronotum with erect bushy pubescence, mesonotum with a thin covering of scattered hairs, the thorax anteriorly rather coarsely, and the scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment above less coarsely punctured, median segment projecting above in the middle posteriorly concave below the projection, subtuberculate, the sides smooth, abdomen opaque, with a velvety pruinosity, the posterior margins of the segments fimbriated Black, the pubescence on the occiput and pronotum hoary white, sometimes rich fulvous (vai aureicollis), rest of the pubescence black, wings from light to dark fuscous brown, with a purple effulgence.

⁹ Slighter, sparsely punctured, the vertex of the head smooth, the basal segment of the abdomen constricted, the pubescence enereous or fulvous Black, the clypeus yellow with a central black mark, the segments of the abdomen posteriorly fimbriated with cinereous pubescence, above suffused with blue and violet

tints, wings flavo-hyaline

Hab Kumaun, Sikhim, Bangalore, Madras, Burma, Tenasserim, Chini, Java & Q Length 18-21, exp 32-38 mm

208 Elis fimbriata

Scolia thoracica, Klug (nec Fabi) Weber u Mohr, Beitr Naturk 1, p 33

Campsomeris collaris, Lepel (nec Fabi) Hym 111, p 498 Scolia fimbilita, Burm Abh Nat Ges Halle, 1, pt 4, p 25, Smith,

Cat III, p 100

Elis fimbriata, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 189, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 109

Q Very closely resembles E thoracica, Fabr but is always much larger, and has the mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum much more closely punctured. Like E thoracica, there is a variety with fulvous-red pubescence on the occiput and thorax in front

100 SCOLIIDÆ

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim Ceylon, Java 9 Length 24-28, erp 42-50 mm

- *209 Elis asiatica, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1858, p 231, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 190, Q 3, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 109
- Q Of medium size or large, stoutly built, punctured, head and thorax pubescent, the disc of the mesonotum often glabrous, the pleuræ prumose Black, the pubescence on the head and thorax fulvous or cinereous, on the legs and base of the abdomen cinereous, and segments 1-3 fimbriated with cinereous pubescence, the rest of the pubescence black, the pleuræ with silvery pile, wings fuscous suffused with violet

Var The tegulæ sometimes ferruginous, the thorax beneath with cinereous pubescence, the abdomen indescent, or the 4th

abdominal segment also fimbriated with cinereous hairs

of Of the same size as the female, thorax pruinose, with silky pile, and covered with cinereous hairs, abdomen bluish, segments 1-4 with white or yellow margins, the wings fusco-hyaline, the costal margin fuscous

Hab India, Java (Sauss) Q Length 24-32, wing 18-24 mm

- *210 Elis reticulata, Cam Mem Manch I. Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 109, 3
- "Head, thorax, and abdomen covered with long bairs, the clypeus at base, the front and space between the antennæ, and the thorax closely and coarsely punctured, the head above and the abdomen with scattered punctures, the apex of the scutellum, the apex of the mesopleuræ, and the base of the metapleuræ smooth the pronotum anteriorly, and the apex of the median segment transverse Black, the pubescence black, the abdomen shining and suffused with a bluish tinge, wings fusco-violaceous

"Hab Poona, Bombay & Length 19 mm"

- *211 Elis cyanea, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 323, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 112
- "Head and thorax spaisely, the metanotum densely punctured and pruinose, abdomen narrow, the 1st segment very long, its base petiolate Slender, black, with cinereous pubescence, the metanotum with silvery pile, abdomen shot with violet tints, the mandibles, lateral stripes on the clypeus, the inner orbits, a line on the pronotum, and narrow fascia on the margins of abdominal segments 1—4 yellow, wing ferruginous hyaline, suffused with a golden effulgence, nervires fusco-ferruginous, the apex beyond the cells slightly fuscous, the tegulæ fuscous

"Hab Nicobars of Length 15, wing 111 mm"

101

Genus LIACOS *

Liacos, Guér Voy Coq, Zool 11, pt 2, p 246 (1830) Scolia, pt Smith, Cat in, p 85 (1855) Liacos (subgen Triliacos and Deliacos), Sauss & Sich Cat Scot p 33 (1864)



Fig 20 — Fore wing, Liacos (Triliacos) analis

Type, L analis, Fabr

Range Ethiopian, Oriental, and Australian regions.

Characters those of the family Fore wing with one radial, and three (Tribucos) or two (Diliacos) cubital cells, and two recurrent nervures which unite and reach the 2nd cubital cell as one nervure Sexes, so far as known in the Indian species, alike in coloration

Key to the Species

a With reddish ferruginous pubescence on the abdomen

L analis, p 101 L fulvopicta, p 102

b With fulvous pubescence on the abdomen

212 Liacos analis

Scolia analis, Fabr Syst Piez p 245
Scolia dimidiata, Guér Voy Coq, Zool 11, pt 2, p 247, 5
Campsomeris urvillii, Lepel Hym 11, p 503, 5
Scolia erythrosoma, Burm Abh Nat Ges Halle, 1, pt 4, p 15,
Smith, Cat 111, p 113
Scolia penangeness, Sauss Mel Hym p 39
Linear realization of the statement of

Liacos analis et erythrosoma, Sauss & Sich Cat Scol p 33, Q d, & p 35, Q o

P Head and the disc of the mesonotum smooth and shining, with a few scattered punctures, pronotum, base and apex of mesonotum, the median segment, and abdomen closely punctured clypeus broad, slightly convex, an abbreviated vertically impressed line above the base of the antennæ at right angles to a transverse furrow beneath the anterior ocellus, the mesonotum with two short parallel longitudinal and the scutellum with a median longitudinal furrow, median segment rather steeply sloped posteriorly, the apex truncate Black, with black pubescence, the apical segment red with ferruginous pubescence, wings dark fuscous with purple, coppery or golden effulgence, nervures and tegulæ black

d similar but smaller, slighter, with longer and porrect antennæ, the head, thorax, and abdomen more closely punctured The colour of the abdomen in this species varies greatly—it may be

^{*} The name Leaces is an anagram of Scolia

wholly red (var enythrosoma), or any of the 1-5 ♀, 1-6 ♂, segments

may be red or black

Hab Throughout India, Burma, and Tenasserim, extending into the Malayan and even into the Australian subregions Q Length 26-33, exp 45-50 mm & Length 19-22, exp 38-44 mm

213 Lacos fulvopicta (Pl I, fig 4)

Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) v, 1892, p 98, d

o Closely resembles some forms of L analis, Fabr, but differs in having the apical half of the abdomen fulvous with fulvous pubescence, not ferruginous, in the head, thorax, and abdomen, especially the last, being much more closely punctured, and being on the whole, sex for sex, a stouter, broader insect

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal & Length 25, eap 44 mm

Type in coll Rothney

Family POMPILIDÆ

Fossorial and predatorial wasps of very varying size, containing some very small species as well as some of the largest forms

among the Hymenoptera

Head more or less lenticular in shape Prothorax of variable size and length, the pronotum, however, always reaching back to the base of the wings Wings generally long and ample, in one genus only (Parapompilus*) extraordinarily short, fore wing with one radial and two or three complete cubital cells † When two cubital cells only are present, the 2nd receives both the recuirent nervures, when there are three cubital cells, the 2nd receives the 1st, and the 3rd the 2nd recuirent nervure Legs long, reaching well beyond the apex of the abdomen, armatuic of the legs variable, dependent on function Abdomen pseudosessile, never actually petiolate as in some of the Sphegidæ, but the basal segment of the abdomen at its attachment to the median segment is often attenuated

The difference between the seves is well marked, sometimes it is very striking. The males are, as a rule, smaller, and more slenderly built, the antennæ are porrect, in the temales these organs, after death, are convolute at apex ‡. The apical three abdominal segments in the male are essentially different from those in the female. It the median segment is not included, the female has siz, the male seven visible abdominal segments.

* Not known to occur in India

[†] In the genus Ceropales, by the extension of the cubital nervure to the margin of the wing, a 4th complete cubital cell is formed, but the character is not constant

[‡] Except in the gerus Ceropales, the females of which have porrect antennæ

The species of *Pompilidæ* generally make their nests in the ground, in burrows dug by the female, or in holes in trees, chinks in the floors or walls of wooden houses, or in the hollows of bamboos *Agenia*, *Pseudagenia*, *Paragenia*, and, I suspect, *Macromeris* too, construct little earthen shells for nests. As a rule, spiders are provided as food for the future brood, but one or two species are prelatorial on crickets (*Gryllidæ*), cockroaches (*Blatta*), and Coleoptera. No parasitic forms are known among the *Pompilidæ*.

Key to the Genera

A Fore wing with three complete cubital cells

a Thorax below in front of the intermediate

Therax below in front of the intermediate cover produced into literal tubercles

b Thorax below not tuberculate

a' Second ventral segment with a transverse furrow

a² Posterior tibiæ grooved above, not cylindrical

a^d Posterior tibiæ smooth, or with only a few minute spines, nevel serrate

a4 Joints of anterior tarsi much attenuated at base, intermediate coxe in 5 produced into remarkable tubercles anteriorly

b⁴ Joints of anterior tarsi normal, not attenuate at base, intermediate coxe in 3 not tuberculate

b' Posterior tibiæ moie or less thickly spinose, in Q generally serrate

b Posterior tibiæ cylindrical, with minute spines

b' Second ventral segment without a transverse furrow

a- Anterior tibiæ and tarsi ciliated on the outer side

b² Anterior tibiæ and tarsi not spinose or ciliated

B Fore wing with two complete cubital cells only

MACROMERIS, p 103

PARAGENIA, p 105

PSEUDAGFNIA, p 106

Salius, p 122

Pompilus (group Ferreola), p 169

Pompilus, p 147

Crropales, p 173

Aporus, p 177

Genus MACROMERIS

Macroments, Lepel Guér Mag Zool 1, pl 29 (1831), id Hym 111, p 463 (1845), Smith, Cat 111, p 181, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 41

Type, M splendida, Lepel

Range The Oriental region, extending to New Guinea

Head flat, thorax massive, with lateral tubercles beneath, in front of the intermediate coxe, the tubercles somewhat in the

shape of mammæ, legs massive, especially the coxæ and femora, which in the 3 are disproportionately thick, with the femora sometimes flattened beneath into thin laminæ, and serrated, the serrations blunt, tibiæ and tarsi absolutely without spines and bearing only a little thin covering of long soft hairs. Wings very broad, the fore wing with the radial cell rounded at apex, three cubital cells, the 2nd, slightly smaller than the 1st or the 3rd, receives the 1st recurrent nervure towards the apex, the 3rd cubital cell receives the 2nd recurrent nervure about the middle, basal nervure interstitial, or taking its rise beyond the apex of the 1st submedial cell, the cubital nervure in the hind wing interstitial with the transverse anal nervure.

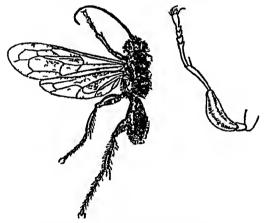




Fig 22—Side view of thorax showing tubercle in front of intermediate

Fig 21 -Macromeris molacea, &

The habits of the species belonging to this genus are almost unknown. Once I observed a female carrying some large hairy spiders (*Heteropoda venatoria*) to a chink in a deserted wooden house, in the forests in Tenasserim, and there is no doubt she was

storing these as food for her future progeny

Only three species are known, of which, so far as I know, only one, M violaceo Lepel, is found within our limits Smith, however (loc cit), gives M splendida as coming from India too, but there is no specimen of it from India in the British Museum collection, noi have I seen it in any other collection from India, Burma, Tenasserim, or Ceylon—It, as well as the third species recently described by me (Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 438), may occur, I give, therefore, a key to easily discriminate the three species

Key to the Species

A Wings dark fuscous

a Wings coppery, golden or ferruginous at base, dark fuscous brown, with a rich purple and blue effulgence on the apical half

M splendida

b Wings entirely dark fuscous throughout, with a rich purple and blue effulgence M B Wings flavo-hyaline M

M violacea, p 105 M castanea

So far as I know, M splendida and M castanea occur only in Java and the Indo-Malayan subregion

214 Macromeris violacea, Lepel Guer Mag Zool 1891 pl 30, 3, id Hym 111, p 464, 3, Smith, Cat 111, p 181, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1891, p 435

Macromeris indipeniis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1859, p 156, \$\rightarrow\$ 3, var

P Head, pro- and mesonotum densely prumose, scutellum,



Fig 23 — Macromeris violacea, Q 1

postscutellum, and legs smooth and shining, median segment above finely rugose,
abdomen sparsely prumose, with a very
short recumbent pile, head and thorax
with scattered long pubescence, somewhat
dense on the clypeus legs long, the tibiæ
and tarsi without spines, the coxæ and
femora stout, thick, abdomen fusiform,
subpetiolate, the apical two segments
studded with long erect hais Black,
with beautiful purple and blue reflections
in certain lights, the metanotum dull and
opaque, the pubescence on the head,
thorax, and apex of the abdomen velvety
black, wings dark brown, with a most
builliant purple effulgence changing in
different lights

of Precisely similar in colour and pubescence, differs only in the form of the

coxe and femora of the legs, which, as noted in the description of the genus, are immensely thickened, and in some specimens (var *indipennis*, Sm) the femora are laminated below and the edge serrate

Hab India generally, except in the very dry regions, Andamans, Assam, Burma, Tenasserim, and the Malayan region right through to New Guinea Q Length 25-30, eap 58-66 mm d Length 22-26, eap 56-60 mm

Genus PARAGENIA

Mecromens, pt, Smith (nec Lepel) Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 97 Paragema, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 429

Type, P argentifions, Smith

Range The Indo-Malayan subregion

Head in front slightly convex, eyes with the inner orbits arcuate and converging above and below, extending beneath to the base of the mandibles, thorax, especially in the male, massive, median

segment rounded posteriorly, with a rather steep slope to the apex.

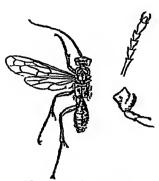


Fig 24 -Paragenia argentifrons, &

and a median longitudinal shallow furrow. legs long, the coxe and femora (d) massive, fore tarsus with the joints i emarkably attenuate at their bases, posterior coam (d) produced anteriorly into a prominent conical tubercle, armature of the legs feeble, the posterior tibiæ and tarsi with a few minute spines, anterior tibiæ with a row of minute spines on the outside (2), claws unidentate at base below, wings as in Pseudagenra, abdomen fusiform, the base attenuate, almost petiolate, the 2nd ventral segment with a transverse furrow at base

The only species at present known has the habits of Pseudagema I found it in July making little clay cells like Eumenes and filling them with spiders (Araneus)

215 Paragenia argentifrons

Macromeris argentifrons, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 97, 2 d, Cam Mem Munch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 436 Paragenia argentifrons, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 429

Head and the thorax in front opaque, densely prumose, abdomen with sparser pile, smooth and shining, the sides of the postscutellum obliquely and the base of the median segment transversely structe, the rest of the median segment with a rounded slope to its apex and obscure fine irregular striæ, legs long, the tibiæ and taisi with minute spines, abdomen fusiform, with a distinct petiole Black, the face in front, the thorax above and at the sides, the coxe and the trochanters of the legs clothed with a glittering silvery pile, having a green tint in certain lights, the anterior femora above, and the intermediate and posterior pair ferruginous red, the abdomen covered with a thin silky pile, the wings flavo-hyaline, the tegulæ and nervures testaceous blown

of The thorax more massive, the abdomen shorter, the joints of the anterior tarsi at base extremely attenuated, and the cove of the intermediate legs produced anteriorly into an obtuse tubeicle

Hab Sikhim, Assam, Burma and Tenasserim, extending to the Malayan region Q Length 17-20, exp 35-40 mm & Length 16-20, erp 33-40 mm

Genus PSEUDAGENIA

Spher, pt, Erama, pt, Ceropales, pt, Fabr Syst Piez (1804)

Agenra, Dahlb (nec Schootte) Hym Liu 1, p 454 (1845)
Anophus, pt, Lepel Hym 111, p 440 (1845)
Pompilus, pt, Smith, Cat 111, p 118 (1855)
Pilpomus, pt, Costa, Faun Regn Nap, Imenot Acul, Pompili, p 3 (1859)

Pseudagenia, Kohl, Verh zoul-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 42

Type, P carbonaria, Scop
Range Over both hemispheres

General form of the insect long and slender, with long unarmed legs, the fore tarsi not ciliated, and the spines on the tible and tarsi small and inconspicuous, or altogether wanting, wings with three cubital cells, the 3rd always much larger than the 2nd, abdomen shortly petiolate, the 2nd ventral segment with a transverse furrow

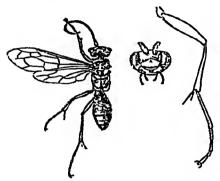


Fig 25 -Pseudagenia clypeata, Q 3

The insects belonging to this genus, so far as known, build little clay cells, like *Sceliphron* and *Eumenes*, and fill them with spiders, as provision for the larvæ

Key to the Species

A Wings yellow, apex infuscate a Head, thorax, and abdomen black a' Head, thorax, and abdomen covered with P honesta, p 109 dense ghstening golden pile b' Head, thorax, and abdomen without golden pile, head and thorax marked with yellow P atalanta, p 109 b Head, thorax, and abdomen pale reddish yellow P deceptrii, p 110 Head, thorax, and basal half of abdomen p 110 red, apical half of abdomen black $m{P}$ frauenfeldrana, B Wings fuscous or fusco-hyaline a Fore wing fuscous, hind wing hyaline a' Fore wing entirely dark fuscous with a purple effulgence P artemis, p 111 Forewing hyaline at base, dark fuscous for apical two-thirds P danae, p 111 b Both wings entirely fuscous a' Wings light fusco-hyaline a² Head, thorax, and abdomen black with a blue tint in certain lights P arrel, p 112 b2 Head and thorax black, abdomen red Median segment lightly transversely striate, not or scarcely sulcate down the middle P concolor, p 112

b³ Median segment markedly transversely striate, with a narrow medial longitudinal furrow c² Head, greater part of thorax, and abdomen red, median segment black b' Wings dark fuscous with violet and purple effulgence a² Abdomen red b² Abdomen black C Wings clear hyaline a Head, thorax, and abdomen metallic blue b Head, thorax, and abdomen black a' Clypeus white or with lateral white spots a² Abdomen black b² Abdomen black b² Abdomen black, posterior margins of	P pedunculata, p 112 P obsoleta, p 118 P insularis, p 118 P plebeja, p 114 P blanda, p 114 R chypeata, p 114
the segments nairowly white b' Clypeus black a ² Thorax in front transverse, the inferior lateral angles anteriorly produced b ² Thorax in front rounded, the inferior lateral angles not produced D Wings clear hyaline, or hyaline with a yel-	P albilabris, p 115 P stulta, p 115 P wincta, p 116
lowish tint, with one fuscous subapical fascia a Median segment narrowly furrowed down the middle a' Posterior femora red a² Clypeus and sides of face in front white b² Clypeus and sides of face in front black b' Posterior femora black a² Basal nervure of fore wing interstitial b² Basal nervure of fore wing not interstitial b Median segment not furrowed down the middle E Wings clear hyaline, or hyaline with a yellow tinge, with two fuscous fasciæ on the fore wing a Thoias black	P bipennis, p 116 P hypsipyle, p 116 P veda, p 117 P alaris, p 117 P lævicula, p 118
a' Inner fascia on wings narrower than outer a² Median segment long, sulcate down the middle a³ Minute (L 6 mm), a red spot in sinus of eyes b³ Larger (L 14-17 mm), no red spot in sinus of eyes b² Median segment not sulcate down the middle b' Inner fascia broader than outer b Thorax red	P micromegala, p 118 P callisto, p 119 P acricula, p 119 P erigone, p 119 P ægira, p 120

F Wings hyaline or flavo-hyaline, the apex fuscous

a Abdomen black, or black with grey or silvery pile

a' Wings with a decided yellow tinge, posterior tibiæ immaculate

b' Wings hyaline without any yellow tinge, posterior tibiæ with a yellow spot at base above

b Abdomen red

G Wings hyaline, the disc of the fore wing with faint fuscous spots or clouds

P rava, p 120

P nana, p 121 P juno, p 121

P cærulea, p 121

216 Pseudagenia honesta

Pompilus honestus, Smith, Cat in, p 144, Q (nec Agenia honesta, Smith, Jour Linn Suc 1861, p 80), Cam Mem Manch L Ph Suc (4) 17, 1891, p 459

Q 3 Head, thorax, and abdomen densely prumose, antennæ and legs except the coxæ bare and smooth, clypeus convex, oval, its anterior margin toothed in the middle, eyes converging at the

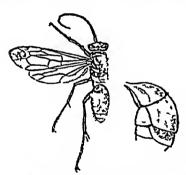


Fig 20 — Pseudagenia honesta, Q +

vertex, median segment with a rounded slope posteriorly, transversely striate and with a shallow medial longitudinal furrow at apex legs long, the tibiæ nearly smooth with only a few minute spines abdomen subpetiolate. Head, thorax, and abdomen black, but in fresh specimens so densely covered with a thick golden pile intermixed with long golden hairs, that none of the ground-colour shows through, antennæ and legs ferruginous, wings flavo-hyaline, the apex of the fore wing beyond the 2nd cubital cell

fuscous, nervures and tegulæ ferrugmous

Hab India, Burma, and Tenasserim

Length 17-22,

Length 32-38 mm

Length 14-16, enp 32-36 mm

217 Pseudagema atalanta

Agenia atalanta, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 94, 5 Pseudagenia atalanta, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 17, 1891, p 436

d Head, thorax in front, and abdomen smooth, median segment with a thin, short, scanty pubescence, clypeus large, convex, its anterior margin transverse, oblique at the sides, front with a deep vertically impressed line from the anterior occilius to between the base of the antennæ, scutellum and postscutellum very prominent, laterally compressed and tuberculate, median segment with a steep slope, rounded posteriorly, lightly transversely striate above, and with a short subtriangular deeply impressed furrow at apex,

abdomen fusiform Black, the clypeus, the sides of the face up to the vertex, a line behind the eyes, a broad stripe on the posterior margin of the pronotum, a square spot at apex of mesonotum, the scutellum and postscutellum in the middle, and the apex of the femora, the tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs chrome-yellow, the posterior tabiæ at apex, and the apical joint of the intermediate and posterior tarsi fuscous, wings flavo-hyaline with a golden lustre, the apex deeply infuscated

Hab Sylhet, probably also Burma and Tenasserim, the Malay

subregion as far as Celebes & Length 16, exp 34 mm

218 Pseudagenia deceptrix

Pompilus deceptor, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1859, p 12, 3 (nec Agenia recte Pseudagenia deceptor, Smith, A M N H (4) xi, 1873, p 447)

Q Head and thorax in front dull, opaque, very finely and minutely punctured, median segment transversely striate, abdomen smooth, polished and shining, clypeus subconvex, its anterior margin produced, subangular in the middle, oblique at the sides, pronotum very short, anteriorly somewhat truncate, the truncation rounded, median segment long, bulging at the sides, rounded posteriorly, with a very gradual slope to the apex, and bearing a medial, broad, but shallow longitudinal furrow, legs long, the tibix and tarsi with very minute spines, abdomen short, petiolate, not so long as the thorax Pale reddish yellow, the apical three joints of the flagellum of the antennæ fuscous, wings light flavo-hyaline, the apex beyond the 1st cubital cell broadly and lightly pubescent

o similar but slighter, the vertex and mesonotum generally

fuscous black

Hab Bengal, Burma, Tenasserim, Celebes Q Length 15-18, exp 34-38 mm & Length 13, exp 35 mm

219 Pseudagenia frauenfeldiana

Agenia frauenfeldians, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym. p 53, pl 111, fig 35 Pseudagenia frauenfeldiana, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 17,

1891, p 437

P Head, thorax in front, and abdomen smooth, but not shining, the clypeus convex, its anterior margin rounded and projecting, the postscutellum and median segment transversely striated, the former with a longitudinal broad sulcation in the middle, the latter with a rounded regular slope to its apex, legs long, their armature feeble, the tibue almost smooth, abdomen subpetiolate and fusiform. Variegated with red and black, the head red, the face above the antennæ with a crown-shaped mark and above this a broad V-shaped macula, black, thorax and abdomen red, the sides, the apex of the metanotum, the coxe and trochanters, the apical half of the 2nd and the whole of the following segments of the abdomen black; wings flavo-hyaline, the

apex of the fore wing fuscous from beyond the middle of the 2nd cubital cell, nervures and tegulæ testaceous. Specimens vary in having more or less of the red or the black colour predominant

Hab Tenasserim, Java Q Length 11-14, exp 18-23 mm

d unknown

- 220 Pseudagenia artemis, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 427, Q
- Q Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and abdomen smooth and shining, metanotum and the pleuræ transverselv striate, clypens convex, its anterior margin subangular, median segment with a rounded steep slope to its apex, legs long, the intermediate and posterior tibiæ and tarsi with very minute spines, almost smooth, abdomen with the basal segment less petiolate than in most of the species of the genus. Dark cobaltblue, the antennæ, femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs opaque black, the fore wing dark fuscous with a purple effulgence, the hind wing hyaline, very slightly pubescent at apex, nervures and tegulæ piceous, the face in front, the sides of the thorax, and the median segment covered with a soft sparse silvery white pubescence

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 19, exp 40 mm

- 221 Pseudagenia danae, Bungh Jour Bomb N H Soc 1896, p 205, Q J, pl 1, fig 12, Q
- Q Head, thorax, and the coxe of the legs densely prunose, abdomen thinly prunose, the antennæ, trochanters, femora, tibiæ, and tarsi bare and smooth, clypeus oval, convex, its anterior margin narrowly smooth and shining, median segment with a rounded slope posteriorly, a broad shallow furrow down the middle, two shorter lateral ones, and coarse transverse striations, legs long, with the tibiæ and tarsi smooth, or with only very minute short spines, abdomen subpetiolate Black, the head, thorax, and the coxæ of the legs covered with dense golden pile, the scape of the antennæ, the trochanters, femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs ferruginous, the fore wing hyaline up to the basal nervure, beyond fuscous, hind wing hyaline with a very thin silvery pile, the posterior margins of the segments testaceous
- The head, thorax, and abdomen covered with a sericeous silvery pile, very dense on the sides of the clypeus and the inner margin of the eyes, the whole of the antennæ, the trochanters, this above and the tarsi of the anterior legs, and the trochanters and tarsi of the intermediate and posterior legs more or less fuscous black, the femora, thise below of the anterior, the femora and tibise of the intermediate and posterior legs, with the basal two segments of the abdomen, terruginous red; the wings are fuscohyaline, a little paler at base

Hab Sikhim, Assam, Burma, and Tenasselim Q Length 17-25, exp 36-41 mm & Length 12-15, exp 29-32 mm

- 222 Pseudagenia ariel, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 436 & 439
- Prumose, head convex in front, eyes slightly converging beneath, clypeus convex, subtriangular, toothed in the middle, an indistinct vertical furiow on the front, the pronotum short, broad, rounded antenorly, median segment with a rather steep slope to apex, transversely striate, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi nearly smooth, abdomen petiolate, the petiole short Black, with deep blue tints in certain lights, the antennæ, tibiæ, and tarsi opaque black, the clypeus, front of the head, and sides of the median segment with dense silvery pile and some long white hairs, wings subhyaline, slightly suffused with fuscous

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Tenasserim Q Length 9, erp

20 mm

223 Pseudagenia concolor.

Agenia concolor, Sauss Novana Rense, Hym p 54, & Pseudagenia concolor, Cam Mem Munch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 437

Resembles *P* unsular is, Sauss, but is more slender in form, with the thorax strongly compressed, narrower, and longer, clypeus long, transversely truncate, labrum transverse and subemarginate, postscutellum obsoletely striate on both sides, metanotum with no median sulca and not transversely striate, abdomen slender, fusiform, vertically compressed, nearly as long as the head and thorax put together Black, the head, thorax, and coxæ with silvery pile, the apex of the mandibles and the palpi ferruginous, legs and abdomen red, the coxæ and tarsi pubescent, wings obscurely fuscous, with a violet and purple effulgence, the apical margin slightly darker

Hab Ceylon of Length 14, erp 27 mm

224 Pseudagenia pedunculata

Pompilus pedunculatus, Smith, Cat 111, p 145, 9 Salius pedunculatus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891 p 452

Q Head, thorax in front, and abdomen smooth, median segment transversely striate, clypeus transversely oval, its anterior margin rounded and toothed in the middle, front with an obscure impressed line from the anterior occllus to between the base of the antennæ, pronotum short, rounded in front, and considerably narrowed towards the head, median segment rounded and prominent, with an obscure impressed line longitudinally down the middle, legs long, rather stout, the tibiæ and tarsi with minute spines, abdomen shorter than the thorax, petiolate Head thorax, and the coxæ of the legs black, the trochanters, femora

tibiæ, and taisi bright orange-brown, abdomen reddish brown, the fore wing fusco-hyaline, the hind wing hyaline, lightly fuscescent towards the apex

Hab N India, Sikhim, Barrackpore Q Length 12-15,

cxp 23-25 mm

225 Pseudagenia obsoleta

Agenia obsoleta, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 56, Q, pl 111, hg 37, 3 Pseudagenia obsoleta, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1891, p 438

Head not so wide as the thorax, clypeus emarginate, labrum large, oval the front of the face flat, divided by a vertical furrow, and tuberculate below, eyes parallel, thorax long, quadrate, truncate antenorly and posteriorly, pronotum short, posterior margin arched, scutellim and postscutellum raised in the middle and laterally compressed, median segment cubical in form. abruptly truncate posteriorly, above smooth or slightly punctured. abdomen sessile, ovate, vertically flattened, finely and densely Head, autenuæ, pro- and mesonotum, tegulæ, the scutellum, legs, and abdomen red, the head and tholax with golden red pile, the rest of the thorax and the coxe with black, sometimes fulvous-tinted pile, the margins of the segments of the abdomen above black in the middle, wings fuscous, with a fulvous and towards the apex violet effulgence Varieties have the metanotum marked with ied, or entirely red, and the core reddish, others are more slender, with the margination of the clypeus angular, the thorax entirely black with cinereous and silvery pıle

Hab Ceylon 2 Length 17, erp 32 mm

*226 Pseudagenia insularis

Agenia insularis, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 55, Q Pseudagenia insularis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 437

Q Allied to P obsoleta, Sauss, but abundantly different Clypeus longer, convex, its anterior margin arched, and incised in the middle, and winkled, frontal tubercle subtruncate, the sinus deeper, pronotum with the posterior margin subcaniculate, arched and markedly angular, scutellum convex, postscutellum divided by an obsolete tuirow and obliquely striate on the sides, median segment not truncate, slightly sloping, convex, with a central longitudinal furrow, abdomen fusiform and compressed vertically Head and thorax black, abdomen and legs red, the covæ and extreme base of the abdomen black wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence

Hab Ceylon 2 Length 17, exp 32 mm

I have not seen either this species or P concolor, Sauss, which seems closely allied to it. Both, so far as their description goes, seem to be very similar to P pedunculata, Smith. It is possible that all three are forms of one species.

227 Pseudagenia plebeja Agenia plebeja, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 57, d Pseudagenia plebeja, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1891,

d Head prumose thorax and abdomen smooth, clypeus convex, its anterior margin widely emarginate, the front with a vertical furrow, tuberculate above the antennæ, pronotum short, subangular, its postenor margin arched, the suture profound, median segment rounded posteriorly, short, abdomen longitudinally and very finely accoulate. Head with cinereous, sometimes yellowish pile, thorax and abdomen with fuscous hairs, and an obscure subpurple or chalybeous priniosity, the antennæ beneath, a spot on the middle of the mandibles, a spot on the front along the interior orbits, a stripe behind the eyes, with the tegulæ, fuscorufous, legs with a fuscous and anteriorly rufescent pile, wings fuscous with a violet effulgence

Hab Ceylon & Length 17, exp 32 mm

228 Pseudagenia blanda

Pompilus blandus, Guér Voy Coq, Zool 11, pt 2, p 260, Smith, Cut 111, p 143

Anoplius cyaneus, Lepel Hym 111, p 446

Agenia blanda, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1867, p 354 Pseudagenia blanda, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 436

A Head, fore part of the thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, median segment transversely striated, clypeus convex its anterior margin acutely arcuate, posterior bisinuate, the median segment with a rounded slope to its apex, the tibiæ of the legs smooth, the tarsi with minute spines on the inner side, abdomen subpetiolate. Clear shining metallic blue, the antennæ and legs dull black, the basal two-thirds of the posterior femora blood-red, the wings hyaline, the tegulæ and nervures piceous, beneath, the abdomen is black with only the basal segment blue, the head rather densely, the sides of the thorax and abdomen more lightly covered with silvery pile.

Hab India, Burma, Ceylon, extending to Malacca, Borneo, and

Celebes 2 Length 12-14, erp 24-27 mm

229 Pseudagenia clypeata, Bingh Jour Linn Suc 1896, p 427

Prumose, the head a little broader than the thotax, clypeus large and prominent, convex and transversely suboval, pronotum short, the anterior angles square, the posterior margin very slightly arched, almost transverse, median segment about as long as the rest of the thorax, rounded posteriorly, with a steep slope to its apex, obsoletely transversely striate, and bearing a central longitudinally impressed line, legs long, the tibia and tarsi with minute spines, almost smooth, abdomen short, petiolate, somewhat globular Black, with a silvery pile very dense on the clypeus, sides of the face, and on the median segment, the clypeus with a

large white macula on each side, the anterior tibiæ and tarsi testaceous, the intermediate femora at apex, and the posterior femora except at the extreme base light orange-red, wings hyaline, brilliantly iridescent in certain lights, nervures and tegulæ testaceous. In some specimens the clypens is entirely white

d similar, but slighter and smaller, the anterior femora, tibiæ, and tarsi, and the intermediate and posterior femora completely

light orange-red

Hub Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 9-12, exp 17-23 mm d Length 7-9, exp 14-17 mm

230 Pseudagenia albilabris, n sp

Head, thorax, and abdomen prumose, the clypeus large, convex, its anterior margin transverse and slightly waved convergent above, pronotum short, rounded, and very steep anteriorly median segment long, rounded, with a gradual slope to the aper, and a central longitudinally impressed line, its anterior lobe deeply sulcated in the middle and obsoletely transversely striate, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi smooth, the long calcaria of the hind tibiæ about halt the length of the metatarsus, abdomen petiolate, fusiform, about as long as the head and thorax together Black, with a thin silvery pile, the palpi, labrum, mandibles at apex. clypeus except an obscure spot in the centre, face to a little apove the base of the antennæ in the middle and up to the vertex along the inner orbits of the eyes, the scape of the antennæ in front, the anterior coxe in front, the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi, the posterior margins of segments 2-4 of the abdomen, with a large subtriangular macula on each side of the 6th, and the apical segment, vellowish white, the intermediate and posterior femora light orange-red, the tibiæ and tarsi dusky black, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous Hab Kumaun, N India & Length 10, eap 18 mm

231 Pseudagenia stulta, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 428, Q

Q Prumose, head wider than the thorax, strongly convex anteriorly, clypeus narrow, transverse, pronotum very square in front, anteriorly almost emarginate, the lateral angles produced, the thorax in front finely punctured, the median segment rounded posteriorly, finely cribrate, its apex with an abbreviated, shallow, central longitudinal furrow legs with the tibiæ and tarsi minutely spined, abdomen petiolate, as long as the thorax, shining and somewhat acculate Black, the clypeus and front with glittering silvery pile, the coxæ, trochanters, femora, tibiæ and tarsi of the anterior, and the coxæ, trochanters, and femora of the intermediate and posterior legs blood-red, wings hyaline and indescent, the nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 11, exp 26 mm

232 Pseudagenia tincta

Pompilus tinctus, Smith, Cat 111, p 145, Q Agenia tincta, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1867, p 354 Agenia mutabilis, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, 1870, p 186, Q Pseudagenia tincta, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 437, 441 Pseudagenia mutabilis, Cam t c p 437

Prumose, clypeus transversely oval, convex, its anterior maigin boldly arched, pronotum short, its posterior margin widely arched, median segment broad, rounded, rather steep at apey, with a central longitudinally impressed line, legs smooth, the tibia and tarsi unarmed, abdomen distinctly petiolate, the petiole short Black, with soft, thin, rather longish silvery white pile, most dense on the clypeus, the sides of the face, and apex of the median segment, the legs obscurely testaceous the posterior femora except at apex pale red, posterior margins of the segments of the abdomen narrowly testaceous The colour of the legs varies, in some specimens it is black with the posterior, or posterior and intermediate, or all the femora more or less red

d similar, differs in having the median segment and the petiole of the abdomen comparatively much longer Both sexes have the wings hyaline and iridescent, and the nervures and tegula

testaceous

Hab North-West Provinces, Sikhim, and Barrackpole in India, Burma and Tenasserim Q Length 9-11, exp 14 mm d Length 7-9, eap 14 mm



Fig 27 -Pseudagenia bipennis, ું કે

Pseudagenia bipennis

Agenia bipennis, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym р 52, б Pseudagenia bipenuis, Cam Mem L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 436

Resembles P alaris, Sauss, but is smaller and more slender, the head is not so wide in proportion to the thorax, and the anterior and intermediate coxe in front, the labrum, apex of the mandibles, sides of the clypeus, and the inner orbits of the eyes are yellowish white, and the posterioi femora dull orange-red

Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon Hab

J Length 9 eap 17 mm

234 Pseudagenia hypsipyle, Bingh Journ Bomb N H Soc 1893, p 370

Head, thorax in front, and abdomen prumose smooth but not shining, clypeus transverse, its anterior margin slightly arcuate, its posterior bisinuate, thorax long the median segment transversely striate, the legs unarmed, almost smooth, abdomen subpetiolate Black, the posterior femora red, the face in front, the sides of the thorax, and the median segment at apex covered with silvery pile, the base of the 1st to the 5th segments of the abdomen with lateral short broad bands of the same, only visible in certain lights, wings hyaline, iridescent, a faint fuscous fascia crossing the fore wing from the radial to the apex of the 2nd discordal cell, nervures and tegulæ testaceous brown

Hab Sikhim. Tenasserim Q Length 16, exp 29 mm &

smaller and slighter

*235 Pseudagenia veda†, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, pp 438, 440

"Black, wings clear hyaline, a small fuscous cloud below and touching the stigma Eyes a little converging, the hinder ocelli separated from each other by a very slightly less distance than they are from the eyes Clypeus short, convex, the apex broadly Occipit slightly concave in the middle strongly accoulate, the verter shining, almost impunctate head except on the vertex densely covered with a silvery pubescence, the vertex with a few fuscous hairs, the lower and outer orbits with some long silvery ones Pronotum shorter than the head, roundly narrowed towards the head, shallowly concave behind Pro- and mesothorax alutaceous, the median segment with a rounded slope, irregularly transversely striated, deeply furrowed down the centre, the sides covered with long whitish hairs Abdomen shining pruinose, having an olive tint, the petiole with a Radial cellule wide, angled where the cubital distinct neck nervures are received, the 2nd cubital cellule at the top distinctly shorter than the 3rd, especially on the lower side, the 1st and 2nd transverse cubital nervures with a slight oblique curve, the 1st recurrent nervure is received a little beyond the middle, the 2nd at a less distance from the base. Legs densely covered with a silvery pile, the long spur of the hind tibie, not much more than one-third of the length of the metatarsus, the front spurs pale, the front tarsi fuscous, the tibiæ with short spines, the metatarsal This species differs from the others in having the basal nervure interstitial, but in other respects it agrees with the generic character

"Length 7 mm"

Hab Poons (Woughton)

236 Pseudagenia alaris

Agenia alaiis, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 52, Q Pseudagenia alaiis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 436

[†] This species was described by Mi Cameron, from specimens in Mr Wroughton's collection. In Mr Rothney's collection there are two specimens of a Pseudagenia (which do not in my way differ from P tincta), labelled P veda in Mr Cameron's writing. As neither corresponds to the published description of veda, I conclude the label has been attached to the two specimens by mistake.

Prumose, head wide, much wider than the thorax, clypeus transversely oval, convex, its anterior margin arched, and with a minute tooth in the middle, pronotum rounded anteriorly and abruptly narrowed towards the head, scutellum and post-scutellum prominent, compressed laterally in the middle, median segment long, obsoletely transversely striate, rounded, with a gradual slope to apex and an obscure shallow central longitudinal sulcation, legs very long and slender, the tibiæ and tarsi with minute spines, abdomen petiolate, fusiform, about the length of the thorax—Black, with a hoary pile, silvery in certain lights on the clypeus and sides of the face, wings hyaline and indescent, obscurely yellow-tinted at base, a pale fuscous cloud occupies the base of the radial, the 2nd and 3rd cubital, and the apex of the 2nd discordal cell, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

& similar, but slighter and smaller.

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon Q Length 11-14, eap 18-21 mm & Length 8-10, exp 18-20 mm

237 Pseudagenia lævicula, n sp

Q Head and thorax opaque, very slightly prumose, abdomen smooth, clypeus subconvex, its anterior margin arched and with a minute tooth in the middle, pronotum short, rounded anteriorly, median segment long, posteriorly rounded, with a gradual slope to the apex and obscure fine transverse striations, legs with the tibize and tarsi very minutely spined, almost smooth, abdomen short, petiolate Black, the clypeus, sides of the face, and sides of the median segment at apex with silvery pile, wings hyaline, indescent, and with a fuscous cloud occupying the apex of the radial and descending into the apex of the 2nd discoidal cell

of very similar, but with the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the anterior legs, and the intermediate and posterior femora light testaceous or orange-red, the calcaria of the intermediate tibiæ

testaceous yellow, of the posterior tibiæ black

Hab Tenasserim 2 Length 7-8, exp 13 mm & Length 6-7, exp 13 mm.

238 Pseudagenia micromegala

Agenia micromegas, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 51, Q, pl 111, fig 33
Pseudagenia micromegas, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 437

Q Prumose, head broader than long, thorax very broad, clypeus subconvex, its anterior margin arched, reflexed in the middle, thorax compressed, pronotum narrowed anteriorly, its posterior margin arched, median segment convexly declivous, with a central longitudinal sulcation, legs long, the tibial calcaria long, abdomen widely subfusiform Black, with dense cinereous pile, the tarsi testaceous brown, the tibial calcaria light testaceous, the front with a rufescent spot in the sinus of the eyes, wings hyaline and

iridescent, with a narrow fuscous fascia along the basal nervure, and another broader one reaching from the base of the radial to the apex of the 2nd discordal cell

Hab Ceylon 2 Length 6, exp 10 mm

239 Pseudagenia callisto

Agenia callisto, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1859, p 154, Q

Q Closely resembles *P alaris*, Sauss, but is more densely covered with silvery pile, which on the abdomen has a tesselated appearance, the median segment is more markedly transversely striate and not sulcated, and the fore wing is crossed by two dark fuscous clouds—one narrow, along the basal nervure, the other much broader, from the base of the radial to the apex of the 2nd discordal cell

d similar, but the intermediate and posterior femora and the base of the abdomen are obscurely orange-red, and the anterior tarsi with the calcaria of the intermediate and posterior tibias testaceous yellow

Hab Tenasserim, Sumatra, Aru Islands; probably extending throughout the Malayan region Q. Length 14-17, exp 28-31 mm & Length 11, exp 26 mm.

240. Pseudagenia acricula, n sp

2. Head, thorax in front, and abdomen smooth, somewhat shining, median segment coarsely transversely rugose, almost cribrate, clypeus transverse, slightly convex, antennæ with the joints of the flagellum constricted at their bases, median segment short, rounded, with a steep slope at apex, where there is a central shallow longitudinal sulcation, legs rather stout, the tibiæ and tarsi very feebly spinose, abdomen petiolate Black, the scape and basal six or seven joints of the flagellum of the antennæ dusky red, the anterior femora, tibiæ, and basal joint of the tarsi, and the intermediate and posterior coxe, trochanters, and femora red wings hyaline, the stigma jet-black, a broad fuscous cloud or bar with the sides sharply and evenly defined occupies the basal threefourths of the radial cell and descends obliquely outwards through the 2nd and 3rd cubital to the 2nd and 3rd discoidal cells, the basal nervure in the fore wing is also shaded narrowly on both sides with fuscous

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 7, exp 15 mm.

241. Pseudagenia erigone, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 426

Q Head and thorax rugose, abdomen smooth and shining, head and pronotum very closely and finely punctured, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum longitudinally, the median segment transversely, and the pleuræ obliquely striate, the striæ very fine on the mesonotum and pleuræ, and coarse on the scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment, legs smooth, with very minute

spines on the tibiæ and on the tarsi beneath, abdomen petiolate Black, the head, pro- and mesonotum, and median segment dull and opaque, the scutellum and abdomen shining, the opique parts covered with an almost imperceptible sparse silvery pile wings hyaline, with two fuscous transverse fasciæ—the first broad, along the basal nervure, and reaching from the costal to the posterior margin of the fore wing, the second narrower, occupying the basal angle of the radial and the apex of the 2nd cubital cell

Hab The Karen Hills, Tenasserim Q Length 13, evp 27 min

242 Pseudagema ægma.

Agenia ægina, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 94 \, 2, idem, 1867, p 355

Pseudagenia ægina, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) r, 1891, p 436

Q & Head and abdomen smooth, thorax finely rugose, clypeus large, convex, orbicular, its anterior margin toothed in the middle, pronotum, mesonotum, and scutellum with very fine punctures, median segment long, abruptly rounded posteriorly and transversely striate, legs long, armed with a few short feeble spines, abdomen subpetiolate. Head, legs, and abdomen black, thorax blood-red wings hyaline, with in the fore wing a shading of fuscous on both sides of the basal nervure, and an irregular transverse fuscous spot beyond, occupying the basal two-thirds of the radial, the 2nd and 3rd cubital cells, and extending into the 2nd and 3rd (incomplete) discoidal cells

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, Borneo & Leight 10, exp 24 mm of slighter and much smaller

243 Pseudagenia rava, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 426

Prumose, the head in front and on the vertex, the pronotum and mesonotum strongly acculate, the clypeus convex, its antenor



F1g 28 Pscudagenia rava, Q

margin rounded and toothed in the middle, a short, deeply impressed line between the bases of the antennæ, the latter stout, convolute, the head posteriorly concave the pronotum square, the anterior angles prominent, the median segment bulging, prominent, lightly transversely striate, the apex rounded and steeply sloped, almost truncate, legs stout, the tibiæ and tarsi slightly spinose, abdomen subpeticlate, long, as long as the thorax, and slightly curved Black, the clypeus and face with dense silvery pile, the anterior margin of the clypeus fringed with long black hairs, the posterior margins of abdominal segments

1-4 with broad bands of silvery pile, produced on the 2nd and 3rd segments angularly forward in the middle, wings flavo-

hyaline, the apical margins from the middle of the radial cell in the fore wing lightly fuscous, nervures and tegulæ testaceous Hab. Bangalore, S India Q Length 10-12, exp 18-21 mm

*244. Pseudagenia nana

Agenia nana, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 55, Q Pseudagenia nana, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4)11, 1891, p 438

Small and slender, the head a little wider than the thorax, the eves convergent above, pronotum posterioily angular, scutellum subconver, median segment posteriorly rounded, the aper vertically truncate, with an obscure furrow, legs slightly Black with greyish-white spinose, the anterior tarsi pectinate pile, the head in front, thorax beneath and on the sides with silvery pile, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot at the base of the posterior tibiæ above, and the tibial calcaria white, the apex of the abdomen fuscescent, wings hyaline, the aper lightly fuscous, the nervures subfuscous

Hab Ceylon 2 Length 8, exp 15 mm
This species is unknown to me, but, from the fact that the anterior tarsi are said to be pectinated. I should say it is more likely to be a Fompilus than a Pseudagenia

245 Pseudagenia juno

Salius juno, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, pp 451,

A Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, opaque, clypeus slightly convey, much broader than high, anteriorly rounded and produced into a tooth in the middle, head broader than the thorax, eyes converging above pronotum rather long, square anteriorly with the anterior lateral angles a little produced, posterior margin angular, median segment long, with a rather steep slope to the apex, posteriorly rounded and lightly transversely striate legs long, the tibiæ smooth, slightly pruinose, the taisi with minute spines, abdomen petiolate, suddenly widened beyond the petiole, Black, the clypeus, front, and coxe of the legs subglobular anteriorly with silvery pile, the abdomen red, the base of the petiole black wings hyaline, aper of the fore wing broadly fuscous, the nervures, tegulæ, the knees, and front tarsi testaceous

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 8, eap 15 mm

Resembles P pedunculata, Smith, but that has the pronotum anteriorly narrowed, not square, and posteriorly arched, not angular

246 Pseudagema cærulea

Pompilus cæruleus, Smith, Cat 1u, p. 147, Q Agenia cærulea, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1867, p 355 Pseudagenia cærulea, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 189, pp 436, 438

Head, mesonotum, scutellum, and sides of the thorax finely punctured, the pronotum anteriorly with scattered distant punctures, median segment rounded posteriorly with a steep slope to its apex, and transversely striate and rugose, a shallow sulcation down the middle, with a longitudinally impressed line on each side close to the stigmata, legs long, armed with only very minute spines, abdomen subpetiolate smooth and shining. Deep shining metallic blue with shades of green in certain lights, antennæ and tarsi opaque black wings hyalme, some fuscous shading along the basal nervure of fore wing and in the 2nd cubital and discordal cells, nervures and tegulæ testaceous brown

Hab India (Bengal), Sumatra Q Length 11-15, exp 27-

31 mm & unknown

Genus SALIUS

Salius, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 124 (1804)
Priocnemis, pt, Schiodte, Mon Pomp, Kroyer's Tidsskr 1837, p 321
Hemipepsis, pt, Priocnemis, pt, Cyphononyx, pt, Homonotus, pt, et Entypus, pt, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 440 et seq (1845)
Pallosoma, pt, Lepel Hym 111 (1845) p 492
Mygnimia, pt, Smith, Cat 111 (1855) p 181
Salius, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 43

Type, S bicolor, Fabr Range Over both hemispheres



Fig 29 -Salius nicevilli, Q 1

Form of the clypeus, pronotum, and median segment very variable wings long and ample, fore wing with 3 cubital cells, the 3rd cubital cell measured on the cubital nervure as long as or longer than the 2nd cubital cell, the latter receives the 1st recurrent nervure after the middle of the cell, and in one group (Mygnimia, Smith) at the extreme apex, interstitial with the 2nd transverse cubital nervure, the 3rd cubital cell receives the 2nd

recurrent nervure before the middle, the basal or transverse medial nervure takes its rise before the apex of the 1st submedial cell, the cubital nervure stops short of the margin of the wing, and the discordal nervure reaches, ordinarily, up to it, in many species a hyaline discordal spot is present, conspicuous when the wing is of a dark shade, in the hind wing the cubital nervure originates, Legs very long, the as a rule, just before the apex of the anal cell apex of the posterior tibia, when the legs are stretched, reaching well beyond the apex of the abdomen (2), the armature of the legs varies, but generally is well developed, the anterior tarsi are ciliated on the outside, the posterior tibiæ are angular or subangular, never quite cylindrical, in most of the species grooved, spined, and serrated, very often strongly so, claws with one or more erect teeth on their under margins, or bifid Abdomen pseudosessile, the 2nd ventral segment with a transverse impressed line or groove, as a rule well-marked in the female, nearly obsolete and difficult of detection in the male

Very little is known of the habits of the species belonging to this genus, which contains some of the largest forms of Hymenoptera in the World Some, like *Pompilus*, make their nests in the ground, digging these themselves, and providing spiders as food for their broods, others make use of holes in trees, and provision their nests with cockroaches, or, like the *Larrida*, with crickets

Key to the Species

A Tarsal claws bidentate a Wings some shade of fulvous yellow a' Head and thorax black a' Wings a peculiar only fuscous vellow S anthracinus, p 126 b2 Wings broadly infuscate at base and apical margin a3 Fore wing with the apical margin infuscate up to the base of the 2nd cubital cell S satelles, p 127 b3 Fore wing with the apical margin infuscate only up to spex of the 3rd cubital cell S bellicosus, p 127 b' Head and thorax ferruginous, with ferruginous pile, or fulvous red Abdomen black a^3 Median segment ferruginous S aureosericeus, p 127 63 Median segment black a' Apical margins of the wings pale S ceylonicus, p 128 b4 Apical margin of fore wing fuscous a⁵ Median segment posteriorly rounded, with a gentie slope to the apex S fulvipennis, p 129 b Median segment posteriorly with a steep slope, almost

S perplexus, p 130

truncate

b ² Abdomen fulvous red a ³ The abdominal segments above with broad transverse black bands b ³ The abdominal segments entirely fulvous red c- Abdomen dull ferruginous yellow Head and thorax obscure blackish castaneous, clypeus, antennæ, and legs below femora with golden ferruginous pile b Wings fuscous or fuscous black, with a	S fenestratus (var) S rubidus, p 180 S rchneumoneus, p 130 S sycophanta, p 131
purple effulgence a' Fore wing with a large subovate spot of silvery pile on the disc b' Wings immaculate	S ducales, p 131
a ² Abdomen black	S caruleopennis, p 132
 b- Abdomen 1ed, or fulvous or ferrugmous 1ed a³ The abdominal segments above marked with broad transverse 	
black bands	S fenesti atus, p 132
b ³ The abdominal segments without transverse bands	
a4 Basal two segments of ab-	
domen black	S veda, p 133
b4 Only basal segment of abdo-	
men black	
a° Head and antennæ fulvous	
or ferrugmous, with ferru- gmous or golden pile	S congress n 123
b ⁵ Head black, antennæ only	S sinensis, p 133
ferrugmous or yellow	S indicus, p 134
c4 The entire abdomen ferru-	
ginous red, only the extreme	2 12 121
base narrowly black	S smithn, p 184
B Trasal claws unidentate or bifid	
a Wings fuscous, fuscous brown or black,	
with generally a bulliant purple-blue	
or green effulgence	G + 7 7 - t 105
a' Head beneath bituberculate b' Head normal, not tuberculate be-	S tuber culatus, p 135
neath	
a^2 Fore wing variegated with yellow	
hyaline spots	S zelotypus, p 135
b ² Fore wing with an irregular yellow	~
livaline patch of bar on the disc	S venator rus, p 136
c ² Fore wing with a portion of the lst discoidal and 2nd submedial	
cells clear hyaline	S placedus, v 136
d ² Both wings entirely fuscous or	-
fuscous brown	
a ³ Head, thorax, and abdomen fulvous red, the last with trans-	
parent black bars	S nicevillii (var), p 141
F CAL MATION NULU	

BALIUS 125

b3 Head and fore part of the thorax with ferruginous golden pubescence Abdomen entirely black a Median segment transversely L 15-18 mm S præstabilis, p 136 striate Median segment not transversely striate L 12 mm S acer, p 137 Abdomen with one or more the apical segments studded with golden ferruginous hairs Apical segment only with ferruginous hairs, claws bifid S bipartitus, p 137 b' Apical two or three segments with ferruginous or golden pubescence, claws with in erect tooth at base below, not bifid S consangumeus, p 138 c3 Head and fore part of the thorax with black pubescence a' Wings with magnificent purple, coppery, and roseate tints Antennæ (6) not cilated S fulgidipennis, p 138 b4 Wings with brilliant green tints Antennæ (d) ciliated S vidipennis, p 139 c4 Wings with dark puiplish tints, not very effulgent Antennæ (3) not chated a Fore tibiæ and tarsi and the antenuæ black S madraspatanus, p 139 5 Fore tibiæ and tarsi and the antennæ beneata fulvous S mirandus, p 139. prow n d' He d, thorax, and abdomen with cinerous silvery pile, wings (Especially the hind wing) light iusco-hyaline S properus, p 140 Wings yellow, or brownish or reddish g yellow Head, thorax, and abdomen covered more or less with longish golden pubescence a² W Wings light flavo-hyaline, without S crinitus, p 140 a discordal spot b2 Wings light brownish, with a distinct discordal spot S exilipes, p 141 b' Head and thorax covered with short velvety pile, abdomen smooth and shining or opaquely pilose, never pubescent Head, thorax, and abdomen red or brownish red, the last with black transverse bars

a3 Of comparatively large size

Wings (Ω L 24-30 mm) deep fulvous red, apical margin S meevillu, p 141 lightly fuscescent b3 Smaller (Q L 20 mm) Wings pale oily brown, fore wing with S terrenus, p 141 a faint fuscous subapical cloud L2 Head and fore part of thorax fulvous or ferruginous yellow, with golden pile a3 Of robust build, median segment coarsely transversely striate S flavus, p 142 b' Of slighter build, median seg-S grassator, p 143 ment finely reticulate c2 Head and the whole of the thorax fulvous or ferruginous yellow, covered, as is the abdomen also, with a thin silky golden pile S sericosoma, p 143 d- Head, thorax, and abdomen black, the head and thorax variegated with yellow markings S verticalis, p 144. c Wings clear hyaline a' Abdomen entirely black, with bands of cinereous silvery pile S momus, p 144 Abdomen entirely yellowish red, the extreme base only black S obsonator, p 144 Abdomen with the basal half red, the apical half black a' Median segment above coarsely reticulate 2 L 16 mm S valentulus, p 145 Median segment above finely transversely strate, slight smaller 2 L 12 mm alighter and S geminus, p. 145 d Wings hyaline, fore wing with fuscous fascize or clouds a' Abdomen with basal half red, apical S electus, p 146 half black Abdomen entirely black, front above base of antennæ with two parallel carinæ and a shining fovea between S rothneys, p 146 \mathbf{them} c' Abdomen entirely black, front not carmated, a shining fovea only S cotest, p 146 present

247 Salius anthracinus

Mygnimia anthracina, Smith, Cat 111, p 183, S Salius anthracina, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 442, 447

Q Clypeus smooth, the rest of the head, the thorax, and abdomen prunose, the median segment at base depressed suddenly and markedly below the postscutellum, and roughly transversely striate, the legs long and slender, the intermediate and posterior tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ serrated, abdomen subpetiolate, somewhat fusiform Deep velvety black, the clypeus alutaceous, the apical three joints of the tarsi

SALIUS. 127

testaceous brown; wings fusco-hyaline, with an oily yellow tinge, the base and the apex broadly dark fuscous

d similar, but with the disc of the wings covered with a fine

short silvery-white sericeous pile

Hab Sylhet, Sikhim, Borneo, Java, Sumatra Q Length 29 exp 62 mm & Length 26, exp 60 mm

248 Salius satelles, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 433

Prunose, the clypeus small, convex, its anterior margin almost transverse in the middle and slightly incurved, the mesonotum broad, subconvey, slightly accoulate, scutellum and postscutellum raised in the middle, very prominent, the latter forming a tubercle, median segment long, somewhat truncate at apex, transversely structed, longitudinally sulcate on each side of a median line, the sides slightly raised, and ending at the apex in well-marked but blunt projections, legs long and slender, the tibiæ and tarsi feebly spinose, abdomen short, vertically compressed, the ventral furrow on the 2nd segment feebly indicated Intensely black, the clypeus alutaceous, the underside of the antennæ slightly fulvous, wings fuscous, with a broad hyaline vellow transverse bar across the disc in the fore wing, extending from the apical half of the basal cell to a little beyond the base of the 2nd cubital and 2nd discoidal cells, nervures fuscous black. yellow on the hyaline portion of the wing, tegulæ black

Hab Tenasserim of Length 22, exp 52 mm

249 Salius bellicosus (Pl I, fig 5) Mygnima bellicosa, Smith, A M N H (4) xii, 1873, p 256 Salius belicosus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 443 Salius hercules, Cam t c pp 444 & 447, 3

Q Closely resembles S sycophanta, Gribodo, but is smaller, has the pronotum shorter, and the median segment longer in proportion, the abdomen smooth and shiping, and more petiolate, and the wings dark fuscous at base up to or a little beyond the basal nervure, then deep flavo-hyaline, with the apex fuscous. The male has the antennæ fuscous above for half their length from base, and the legs darker than in the temale

Var Q With the fuscous colour in the basal portion of the

fore wing not quite reaching up to the basal nervure

Hab Bengal, Nága Hills, Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 35-42, eap 64-82 mm & Length 26-34, exp 56-67 mm Mr Cameron's minute description of S hercules compared with the type of S bellicosus, Smith, in the British Museum, leaves no doubt as to the identity of the two

250 Salius aureosericeus

Pompilus aureosericus, Guér Voy Coq, Zool 11, pt 2, p 256 Mygnimia aureosericea, Smith, Cat 111, p 182 Salius aureosericea, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 443 Salus elizabethæ, Bungh Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, p 372, Q of, pl 1, fig 9, Q

Head, thorax, and abdomen densely prumose, the clypeus

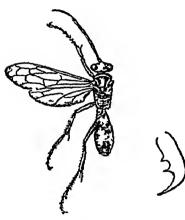


Fig 30 Salius aureosericeus, 3 4

broad, slightly convex, its anterior margin truncate in the middle, front above the base of the aptenne with a broad, shallow sulcation and an abbreviated impressed perpendicular hne down its middle, median segment depressed, at base below the postscutellum rounded and roughly transversely striate, its abex abruptly truncate, the truncation smooth, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ serrated, the abdomen broadly fusiform Head, thorax, and legs ferruginous red, covered on the head, pro- and mesothorax with dense, and on the median segment and legs with more scanty silky golden pile. abdomen black, with velvety black

pile, the apical two segments with reddish golden pile, wings terruginous yellow, with the apex and posterior margin palely fuscescent

of similar, but the median segment is rounded with a regular slope to the apex, the antennæ are subfusiform, and the abdomen somewhat vertically compressed. A variety (chrabethæ) has the abdomen entirely black

Hub S India, Tenasserim, Java 9 Length 28-52, exp

60-84 mm & Length 17-38, exp 44-80 mm

Note—I suspect P qigas, Taschenberg (Zeitsch fur d Ges Naturwiss 1869, p 40) is only a variety of this puzzling species, which affords a good example of the impossibility of separating the genus Mygnimia, Shuck & Smith—Hemipepsis, Dahlbom, from Priochemis, Schiodte—Out of a series of over 70 specimens that I have examined, 40 have the Mygnimia venation, and more than 30 that of the genus Priochemis, but then all the latter have the bidentate claws to the tarsic haracteristic of Mygnimia, and are absolutely identical in sculpture and colouring with the former

251 Salius ceylonicus

Hemipepsis flava, Dahlb Hym Lur 1, p 462, Q var (nec Priocnemis flavus, Dahlb t c p 457)
Mygnima ceylonica, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 64, Q (1867)
Mygnima intermedia, Smith, A M N H (4) vii, 1873, p 257
Priocnemis convexus, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc v, 1890, p 237, Q var ?
Salius ceylonicus, et intermedius, et convexus, Cam Mem Manch

L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1891, pp 443, 444, & 451
Salius intermedius et convexus, Bingh Jour Bomb N II. Soc x,

1896, p 215, nos 3 & 4, pl 11, figs 3 & 4

BALIUS 129

9 Head, thorax in front, and abdoinen pruinose, median segment transversely structe, clypeus broader than high, slightly convex, its anterior margin transverse, or widely but not deeply emarginate, pronotum square, almost transverse in front, with the anterior lateral angles somewhat produced, posteriorly arched, median segment with a gradual slope, the apex abruptly truncate, the face of the truncation smooth and slining, legs robust, long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ grooved but not serrated; abdomen pseudosessile, robust, fusitorm and somewhat Head, pronotum, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutelium, the coxe in front, the temora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the anterior legs, and the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the two posterior pair fulvous red, the head, pro- and mesonotum, and scutellum clothed with a dense golden pile, the median segment, the anterior coxæ at the back, the coxe of the intermediate and posterior legs, and the abdomen black, the last with a velvety black pile having gleams of golden brown in certain lights, wings broad, from pale flavohyaline to deep fulvo-hyaline, the apical margins paler, the nervures and tegulæ fulvous red

σ similar, but slighter and smaller, with porrect antennæ

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, and Ceylon Q Length
20-35, exp 38-64 mm σ Length 18-28, exp 39-53 min

A very variable insect as to size

252 Salius fulvipennis
Sphex fulvipennis, Fabi Ent Syst 11, p 218
Pompilus fulvipennis, Fabr Syst Piez p 198, Smith, Cat 111,
p 144, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 58, \$\rm \delta\$
Hemipepsis fulvipennis, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 462
Salius fulvipennis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 17, 1891, p 444

Head and thorax in front pruinose, median segment transversely striate, abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus convex, its anterior margin transverse in the middle, oblique at the sides, front with a short obsolete vertically impressed line, eyes slightly convergent above, pronotum short, somewhat square anteriorly, its posterior margin widely arched, median segment rather long, posteriorly rounded with a gentle slope to the apex, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ slightly seirate, abdomen pseudosessile, fusiform, as long as the head and thorax Head, protogether, apical segment studded with stiff bairs and mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, apical half of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi, and the apex of the abdomen reddish yellow, the head, pro- and mesonotum covered with a dense short golden pile, the thorax beneath, the median, segment, the coxe, trochanters, and basal half of the femora, and the abdomen except at apex, black, with iridescent tints on the abdomen in certain lights, wings flavo-ferruginous, the apex of the fore wing and apex and narrow posterior margin of the hind wing fuscescent

of similar, but slighter, and with the antennæ porrect. Varies in having the sides of the pro- and mesonotum blackish, and in a vol. 1

specimen from the Andamans the apical three segments are reddish yellow

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Ceylon, the Andamans Q Length 20-24, evp 39-43 mm & Length 20-21, evp 37-40 mm

253 Salius perplexus

Mygnimia perplexa, Smith, Cat 111, p 185, Q

Q Head and thorax in front prumose, median segment rugose, abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus convey wedge-shaped, slightly emarginate anteriorly in the middle, the sides rounded, thorax compact, stout, median segment transversely striate short, with an abrupt slope at the apex, almost truncate, legs stout, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ strongly serrate, abdomen sessile, thick at base and shaiply tapering to the apex, the apical segment studded with stiff hairs. Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellium, postscutellium, apical two-thirds of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi ferringinous, the head, pro- and mesonotum with a thick ferruginous pile, the sides of the thorax, the pectus, median segment, coxæ, and base of the temora, and the abdomen black, the last with a little ferruginous pile on the apical segment, wings ferruginous, the apical margin of fore wing broadly and darkly, and of the hind wing narrowly and lightly fuscous

Hab Sikhim, S India, Tenasserim Q Length 26-31, exp 48-52 mm & somewhat slighter and smaller

254 Salius rubidus.

Mygnima rubida, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc v, 1890, p 238, \mathcal{Q} of Salius rubida, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 445 Salius rubidus, Bingh P Z S 1896, p 435, pl xv, fig 2

A Head and thorax densely prumose, abdomen smooth and shining, head about as wide as the thorax, clypeus convex, anteriorly widely emarginate, and studded with long hairs, front subconcave, eyes convergent above, pronotum short, transverse in front, broadly arched posteriorly, median segment long, with a rather steep slope, and abruptly truncate at apex, transversely and coarsely striate, legs long, strongly spinose, the posterior tibes seriate, abdomen subfusitorm, petiolate, about as long as the thorax. Fulvous golden red all over, the scattered pubescence and thick pile with bright golden tints, the apical margins of segments 1-5 obscurely dusky red, the apex studded with stiff golden hairs, wings rich fulvous red, the apical margins narrowly fuscescent, nervures and tegulæ fulvous red

of similar but smaller, and the antennæ porrect and thick Hab Ceylon Q Length 21-35, exp 48-66 mm of Length 14, exp. 27 mm

255 Salius ichneumoneus

Pompilus ichneumoneus, Guci Voy Coq, Zool pt 2, p 258, 2, Atlas, Ins no 8 fig 13, Smith, Cat 111, p 151

SALIUS 131

- Mygnimia ichneumoniformis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc vi (1862), p 55, iden, xi (1867), p 358
- d Head and thorax prumose, abdomen finely longitudinally accounted, clypeus transversely convex, its anterior margin slightly arched, front concave, with a medial vertically impressed line, pronotism rounded in front, arched posteriorly, scutellum and postscutellum laterally compressed, median segment rounded above and coarsely transversely striate, posteriorly truncate, face of truncation smooth, abdomen vertically flattened, longer than the head and thorax together. A rich ferruginous brown, with two parallel longitudinal black stripes on the mesonotism, and some indistinct black marks on the basal two segments of the abdomen above, the clypeus, the coxe and femora of the legs, and the apical three segments of the abdomen with dense terruginous pile wings ferruginous brown, nervures and tegulæ ferruginous

Hab New Guinea, Ceram Amboyna, and, within our limits, Sikhim, Sylhet In Smith's Catalogue, Brazil is given as a locality, but there is no doubt this is a mistake & Length 20-24, evp 42-46 mm Guérin's description of the Q, of which I have not seen a specimen, corresponds well with the above, he gives the length

as 22 mm

256 Salius sycophanta

Hemipepsis sycophanta, Gribodo, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) 1, 1884, p 359, Q Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 480 Salius severus, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, p 371, id x, 1896, p 215, pl 11, fig 2, Q (nec Spher severus, Diviny, Ill Evot Ins 111, t 42, fig 4)

Q Head and thorax densely prumose, abdomen smooth and shining, in certain lights with a slight primose bloom, having the appearance of fine longitudinal aciculate striæ, clypeus slightly convex, broader than high, posteriorly triemaiginate, anterior margin transverse, oblique at the sides, median segment subcylindrical, somewhat truncate posteriorly, the truncation with a projecting margin which is lightly waved, above, the median segment is irregularly and deeply striate, the pleuræ smooth, abdomen pseudosessile Black with a castaneous hue, the clypeus, antennæ, apex of the femora, the tibiæ and taisi of the legs with dense golden ferruginous pile, wings deep reddish yellow, infuscate at base and more narrowly at apex

Var? "With the head, the prothorax, the tegulæ, and scutellum fusco-fulvous, antennæ yellow 2 Length 28 millim"

(Gribodo)

Hab Southern India, Cevlon?, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length

42-52, exp 80-96 mm & unknown

Note — Salius (Spher) severus, Drury, must be removed from the Indian list, it is an African species

257 Salius ducalis

Mygnimia ducalis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 98, 9 Salius ducalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 44" Q Head, thorax, and abdomen prumose, clypeus broad, convex, wedge-shaped, the anterior margin slightly emarginate, the sides oblique, the forehead below the ocelli markedly sulcate, median segment long, coarsely transversely striate, the apex abruptly truncate, the face of the truncation smooth and shining, legs long, robust, the tibiæ and tarsi stoutly spined abdomen pseudosessile, broad and stout, about as long as the head and thorax together Intensely black, the abdomen with a violet and purple gloss, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence, and a large suborate patch of glittering minute silvery scales on the disc of the fore wing

of similar, smaller, more slender, the abdomen vertically compressed, the front of the head, the scutellum, and postscutellum

alutaceous, the last tuberculate

Mab India, Siam, Borneo Q Length 42, exp 82 mm d Length 26, exp 60 mm

⁻255 Salius cæruleopennis

Mygrimia cæiuleopennis, Sauss Metth Schwerz ent Ges viii, 1893, p 269, Q

I "Black, of slender form, the antennæ, head, pronotum, scutellum, legs, and apical two segments of the abdomen golden vellow, or fulvous red with golden pile, the anterior margin of the clypeus transverse and somewhat reflexed, metathorax truncate and markedly transversely striate, the posterior tibus carinated, the carinæ along their whole length studded with two rows of serrate spines, wings black with a blue effulgence"

Hab India Q Length 22 mm Unknown to me, but from the description I should say closely allied to S consanguments, Sauss, which, however, belongs to the group with unidentate

claws (Priochemis)

259 Salius fenestratus

Mygnima audax, Smith, Cat 111, p 182, \$\times\$ (nec Pompilus audax, Smith, Cat 111, p 136)

Mygnima fenestrata, Smith, Cat 111, p 184, \$\delta\$

Salius audax, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 442

Salius funestus, Cam t c p 444

Q Head and thorax prumose, abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus transverse, convex, its anterior margin truncate or sub-emarginate in the middle, the front of the face concave, bearing a deeply impressed line from the anterior occillus to between the base of the antennæ, and a shallow broad sulcation on each side of it, median segment long, posteriorly with a gradual slope to the apex, which is abruptly truncate, the sides and above with coarse transverse striations, the truncation smooth without striæ, legs long, robust, spinose, the posterior tibiæ serrate, abdomen as long as the head and thorax together, massive, somewhat curved Deep ferruginous red, the pile on the head and thorax dense and velvety with a glistening golden sheen, the extreme

base of the abdomen and the apical margins of segments 1-4



Fig 31 -Salius fenesti atus, Q

above and below broadly black, these bands on the upperside produced angularly forward in the middle, wings deep ferru-ginous red, fuscescent towards the apex and narrowly along the posterior margin In certain lights there is a purple iridescence at the base of the wing

in fresh specimens

The d is similar but of slighter build, with the wings lighter in colour There are two varieties of this insect the typical one (audax of Smith), with the wings coloured as above, and another (fenestrata, Smith, funestus, Cameron), with the wings of a deep brown, having a rich purple effulgence

Hab Sylhet, Sikhim at low elevations, Dawnat Range, Te- Ω Length 32-41, nasserim

eap 66-84 mm 3 Length 27-31, exp 60-70 mm

260 Salius veda, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv 1891, pp 445 &

Head and thorax bearing a thick whitish pile, the median segment with a few fuscous hairs, abdomen shining, slightly prumose, clypeus broadly convex, its apex rounded, the labrum projecting beyond it, a deepish depression on the sides of the clypeus at the base, occiput transverse in the middle, the sides rounded, pronotum a little narrowed anteriorly, median segment with a slight slope to the apex, when it becomes oblique, apex bluntly rounded Black, the abdomen and legs rufous, the scape beneath and orbits and the face obscure yellowish, the flagellum brownish beneath, the coxe and trochanters of the legs and basal two segments of the abdomen black, wings dark smoky-fuscous

Hab Poona, Bombay Length a little over 9 mm Type in

Mr Wroughton's collection

261 Salius sinensis

Pompilus sinensis, Smith, Cat in, p 148 Salius Leta, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 444

9 Head, pro- and mesontum, and scutellum prumose segment coarsely transversely structe, abdomen sessile or pseudosessile, very slightly prumose, the apical segment with stiff bristly hairs, clypeus transversely oval, its anterior margin widely emargnate in the middle, median segment rounded posteriorly, the sides compressed and a little raised. Head, pro- and mesonotum, the scutellum, the legs, and the abdomen, except the basal segment, testaceous red, the face in front, the pio- and mesonotum, and scutellum with glistening golden pile, the thorax on the sides and beneath, the postscutellum, median segment, coxæ of all the legs, and the basal segment of the abdomen black, the remaining segments of the abdomen shaded with fuscous black above, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence

of similar, but the median segment is longer and less markedly stricte, and the testaceous red of the head and thorax is more or less shaded with fuscous. Var læta has the abdomen, except the basal segment, pure testaceous red without any fuscous shading

Hab Burma, Tenasserin, China Q Length 16-24, evp 30-46 mm & Length 14-21, exp 28-40 mm I have carefully examined Smith's types and compared them with a long series in my own collection, the two, Pompilus sinensis and Salius læta, are varieties of one insect

- 262 Salius indicus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 17, 1891, pp 444 & 448, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, p 374, pl 1, fig 10, \$\Q22\$
- Q of Very closely allied to S smithin Bingh, but larger and more stoutly built, the pronotum anteriorly transverse, but the anterior lateral angles not produced the apex of the median segment more vertically truncate, and the transverse striations course. In a very large series of specimens in my collection the whole of the 1st segment of the abdomen is black, and in this point differs from Mr Cameron's description

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim 2 Length 17-25, erp

36-40 mm d Length 15-18, eap 30-38 mm

262 Salius smithii

Mygnimia fervida, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1861, p 82, Q & (nec Piiocnemis fervidus, Smith, Jour Linn Soc iii (1859), p 156)

Q Head and thorax in front shining and with very fine acculate striæ, median segment transversely striate, abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus transverse, subporrect, its anterior margin with the sides oblique and the middle widely emarginate, front flat, with a vertical faintly impressed line from the anterior occllus to between the base of the antennæ, pronotum transverse in front, with the anterior lateral angles prominent, subangularly arched posteriorly, median segment short, roundly truncate posteriorly, legs stout, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ shightly serrate abdomen stout, pseudosessile, about as long as the thorax Head and thorax, the coxæ and trochanters of the legs, and the base of the 1st abdominal segment jet-black, the mandibles, labrum, palpi, antennæ, the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs, apex of the 1st and the whole of the remaining segments of the abdomen ferruginous, the apical segment covered with thick ferru-

SALIUS 135

ginous pubescence, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence, a hyaline spot at the base of the 1st discoidal cell

of similar but smaller, the legs less spinose, the clypeus and

pronotum slightly ferruginous red, the wings of a lighter tint

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Borneo, Celebes, New Guinea & Length 17-19, exp 39 mm & Length 12-15, exp 33-36 inm

*264 Salius tuberculatus

Cyphonony tuberculatus, Radoszkowsky, Bull Soc Nat Mosc 1888, p 470

"Deep blue-black, the head beneath bituberculate wings black

with a violet effulgence

"Female Colour deep blue-black, studded with blackish hairs Clypeus large, convex, the margin (anterior?) transverse, mandibles and antennæ black, the bisal joint of the latter very short, the 2nd very long. The head beneath in the middle with two tubercles in the form of blunt teeth. Thorax opaque, metathorax transversely striate. Abdomen opaque, its apical segment studded with black hairs. Legs black, the coxæ bluish. Wings deep violet with a brilliant effulgence passing into greenish. Length 17½ mm

"Male Similar but the clypeus black Length 181 mm"

Hab Nepal

Unknown to me, but apparently closely resembling S undipennis, which, however, in all the examples of a series of fifty or more in my collection, is destitute of the two tubercles beneath the head

265 Salius zelotypus, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc x, 1896, p 201, pl 1, fig 8, d

d Head, thorax, and abdomen prumose, clypeus large, convex, its anterior margin sharply truncate, the face above the antennæ with an impressed medial vertical line and a short shallow sulcation on each side of it, pro- and mesonotum also with an impressed medial longitudinal line, median segment transversely striate, somewhat compressed at the sides, and with a rounded slope to its aper, legs long, spirose, the posterior tibiæ serrate, abdomen subpetiolate, smooth Deep ferruginous ied, var egated with fuscous black, the vertex, the flagellum of the antennæ above, the mesonotum, the median segment, except a large round macula on each side close to the apex, some irregular marks on the sides of the thorax, and the posterior margins of all the segments of the abdomen, tuscous black wings dark brown with a purple effulgence, an irregular hyaline yellow spot (sometimes divided into two or even three spots) occupies part of the 1st and 2nd discoidal, the 1st cubital, and the 2nd submedial cells in the fore wing, and extends in some specimens on to the costal margin of the hind wing, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

Hab Tenasserim In the British Museum there is one specimen from the Tibet frontier & Length 20-24, exp 48-51 mm

2 unknown

- 266 Salus venatorius, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 437, pl xix, fig 9
- Head, thorax in front, and abdomen smooth, opaque, median segment smooth at base, coarsely transversely structe towards the apex, clypeus slightly convex, its anterior margin arched obliquely at the sides, antennæ thick and slightly fusiform, eyes parallel. the front slightly concave, with an impressed vertical line down the middle, pronotum short, rounded anteriorly, its posterior margin boldly arched, median segment long, not raised, rounded posteriorly, with a very gradual slope to its apex, legs stout and long, the tibiæ and tarsi slightly spinose, abdomen about as long as the thorax, petiolate and subcompressed vertically alutaceous, the head, pronotum, and the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs ferruginous, the apex of the flagellum of the antennæ and the base of the intermediate and posterior femora fuscous, the abdomen with obscure purplish and reddish tints in certain wings fuscous brown, a broad, irregular, hyalino yellow patch on the disc of the fore wing from beyond the aper of the 2nd submedial cell to the apex of the 3rd cubital cell, the nervures and tegulæ fuscous brown, the former testaceous over the hyaline portion

Hab Pegu Yoma, Burma & Length 17, exp 30 mm

267 Salius placidus, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 437

Head and thorax densely prumose, abdomen smooth, opaque, clypeus slightly convex, much broader than high, its anterior margin sharply transverse, the front above the base of the antenno tuberculate, becoming slightly concave above towards the vertex, and with a well-marked and deeply impressed vertical line, antennæ long, the flagellum rather thick, the pronotum short, nearly transverse anteriorly, posteriorly aiched, scutellum and postscutellum large and prominent, median segment long, gently rounded and lightly transversely striate posteriorly, its anterior lobe broad, smooth, without striæ, but with a deep medial longitudinally implessed line, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi only slightly spinose, the posterior tibin grooved but not seriate, abdomen as long as the head and thorax, petiolate, and vertically flattened Black, the head and thorax with a dense silvery-grey pile, the labrum, palpi, mandibles, clypeus, and the inner and outer orbits of the eyes, interrupted broadly on the vertex, yellow, the scape and flagellum of the antennæ below, the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of all the legs, and the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen, pale orange-red, wings fusco-hyaline, the base of the 1st discoidal and upper portion of the 2nd submedial cell clear hyaline, nervures black, tegulæ orange-red

Hab Tenasserim & Length 16, exp 31 mm

268 Salius præstabilis, n sp

d Closely resembles S venatorus, Bingh differs in being much more stoutly built, the median segment is raised longitudinally

SALIUS 137

in the middle and along the sides, with a wide sulcation on each side of the middle ridge, it is more coarsely transversely striate, and the apex is not rounded but truncate, abdomen not vertically compressed and shorter in proportion. In colour the present species has the head, pronotum, mesonotum, scutellum, post-scutellum, the anterior legs, and the apex of the femora, the tibiæ, and tarsi of the intermediate and posterior legs bright ferruginous, the median segment, the coxe, trochanters, and base of the intermediate and posterior legs, and the abdomen black, with a silky golden listre in certain lights, wings dull fuscous throughout, with no hyaline patch, and very slightly effulgent

Varieties have the wing much lighter in colour, nearly hyaline Hab Pegu Yomi, Burma Tenasserim & Length 15-18,

erp 28-30 nim

269 Salius acer, 11 sp

d Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, opaque, clypeus circular, holdly convex, its anterior margin truncate, front concave above the base of the anterior, with an impressed vertical line from the anterior occilius, occilii very prominent, the anterior occilius much larger than the posterior two, pronotum short, somewhat truncate anteriorly, median segment long, with a steep slope, posteriorly almost truncate, legs long, teebly armed, abdomen vertically flattened, longer than the head and thorax united. Black, head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, post-scutellum in the middle, the anterior legs entirely, and the temora, tibiax, and tarsi of the two posterior pair reddish yellow the flagellum of the antennæ at apex and the apical joint of the taisi fuscous, wings light fusco-hyaline, nervures brown, tegulæ reddish yellow.

Hab Ahmedabad & Length 12, erp 22 min 9 unknown

- 270 Salius bipartitus, Pl II, fig 1
 Calicurgus bipartitus, Lepel Hym 111, p 406, Q
 Priocnemis peregrinus, Smith, Trans Lint Soc 1875, p 37
 Salius peregrinus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1891,
 pp 452 & 455, Bingh A M N H (6) xv1, 1895, p 442
- of Prumose, the clypeus subconvex, its anterior margin lounded, posterior bisinuate, mesonotum and scutellum boldly convex, median segment depressed beneath their level, rounded, transversely striated, and somewhat compressed at the sides, legs long, the tibic and tarsi thickly spinose, the posterior tibic serrate abdomen somewhat fusiform and petiolate. Black, the head, pro- and mesonotum, and scutellum covered with a dense, short, silky pile, and, together with the apical half of the femora, the tibic, and tarsi of the legs, of a rich golden yellow, median segment with short black velvety pubescence, abdomen black, the apical segment studded with stiff ferruginous hairs wings dark brown with a rich purple effulgence nervures dark brown, tegulæyellow. A variable species in colour and very variable in size,

the head, mesonotum, and legs have often a considerable admixture of fuscous black with the golden yellow

Hab India, Burma, and Tenasserim, extending to Malacca and the Malay islands as far as the Philippines Q Length 14-30, eap 27-56 mm & Length 12-20 exp 26-43 mm

271 Salius consanguineus

Priocnemis consanguineus, Sauss Noiara Reise, Hym p 62, Q, pl 111, fig 40, Q (1867)

Mygnima sevissima, Smith, A M N H (4) x11, 1873, p 256

Salius sevissima et consanguineus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 445 & 461

Q Head and thorax in front pruinose, median segment lightly transversely striate, abdomen smooth, slightly slinning, clypeus transverse, its anterior margin arched, narrowly smooth along the edge, a vertically impressed line on the front below the anterior occilus, which is large and prominent, median segment short, with a rounded, rather steep slope to its apex, legs long, the tibus and tarsi with short stout spines, abdomen long, pseudosessile, as long as the head and thorax united. Black the head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, the legs below the coxe, the apex of the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th, and the whole of the 5th and apical segments reddish yellow, the head and thorax covered with golden pile, the sides and front of the pronotum, the sides of the mesonotum, the anterior coxe behind, and the base of the posterior and intermediate coxe more or less black, wings brownish fuscous with a slight purple effulgence

Hab Bombay, Bangalore, Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserim

2 Length 19, exp 40 mm

This species may be the Pepsis lusca of Fabricius, the habitat of which is given as Tranquebar. It agrees both with his and Dahlbom's description so far as these go, but both descriptions are too brief for certain identification, I have therefore ignored them altogether

272 Salius fulgidipennis

Priocnemis fulgidipennis, Sanss Novara Reise, Hym p 61, 2 & Mygnimia vitripennis, Smith, A M N H (4) xii, 1873, p 257 Salius fulgidipennis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 451

Salius vitripennis, Cam t c p 446

P Head and thoral prumose anteriorly, median segment rugose and covered with long scattered pubescence, abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus convex, its anterior margin deeply emarginate in the middle, the front of the face concave, the median segment transversely striate and with a rounded steep slope to its apea, at base divided from the postscutellum by a deep transverse turrow, legs long, tibia and tarsi densely spinose, the posterior tibia strongly serrated, abdomen smooth and shining, but minutely accounte Black, the face in front and the antenna beneath alutaceous, the anterior and posterior tibias

obscurely ferruginous on the inside, wings dark brown with a magnificent purple, coppery, and in some lights rose-coloured effulgence

J similar, but the wings more of a green metallic effulgence Hab Malabar, Sikhim, Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserim, extending to the Malay Peninsula and Sumatra 2 Length 28-34, exp 50-62 mm J Length 26, exp 54 mm

273 Salius iridipennis

Mygnimia iridipennis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 98, Q Salius iridipennis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 444

Q Closely resembles S madraspatanus, Smith, differs in having the clypeus transverse anteriorly, not emarginate, the median segment longer and truncate obliquely at the apex, the transverse striations on it being less coarse, and there being no medial longitudinally impressed line, the abdomeu has in some lights a dark purple iridescent pile, and the wings a more brilliant purple and green effulgence, with metallic coppery tints along their apical and posterior margins

of The flagellum of the antennæ from the 5th to the apical

joints ciliated with fine hairs

Hab Sikhim, S India, Burma, Tenasserim to the Malay Peninsula and Borneo Q Length 25-30, exp 51-57 mm & Length 21-24, exp 50-54 mm

274 Salius madraspatanus

Pompilus madiaspatanus, Smith, Cat 111, p 144, Q Salius madraspatanus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 451

Q Head and thorax densely prunose, abdomen sparsely so and somewhat shining, clypeus broad, its anterior margin bent down, narrowly smooth, and widely emarginate in the middle, front subconcave, scutellum raised in the middle, compressed at the sides, median segment with a rounded steep slope to the apex, a medial longitudinally impressed line and coarse transverse striations, legs long, tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ serrate, abdomen as long as the head and thorax united Black, the head and thorax covered with a dense velvety pile, the abdomen with a thin pile, having dull shades of blue in certain lights, wings dark brown with a purple effulgence

of similar, but with the median segment more rounded and less

steeply sloped posteriorly

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Tenasserim, Andamans, Nicobars, and Ceylon & Length 24-28; exp 55-60 mm & Length 18-23, exp 50-56 mm

275 Salius mirandus

Salius miranda *, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 452

^{*} Mr Cameron (l c) simply published the name of this species, no description was given. The type, however, is in Mr Rothney's collection, labelled by Mr Cameron. The description has been drawn up from this

d Head, thorax, and abdomen densely prumose, the head, prothorax in front, the anterior coxe in front, and the sides of the median segment sparsely pubescent, the clypeus somewhat convex, the sides rounded, widely emarginate anteriorly, front slightly convex, an impressed vertical line from the anterior occllus to the base of the antenne, and a transverse furrow on each side of the posterior two occlli, median segment short, truncate posteriorly, with its apex margined, recurred and slightly produced at the sides, abdomen vertically compressed. Black, with the dense velvety pile giving it a purple bloom in certain lights, the flagellum of the antenne beneath and the anterior tibie and tarsi fulvous brown, wings very dark fuscous brown with a rich purple effulgence.

Hab Barrackpoie & Length 14-16, evp 32-35 mm

- 276 Salius properus, Bingh P Z S 1896, p 436, pl av, fig 7, 2
- Prumose, head very little broader than the thorax, clypeus transverse, markedly convex, its anterior margin broadly emarginate, the antennæ long, filiform, and slender, the front and vertex slightly but closely punctured, thorax laterally compressed, pronotum short, square, almost transverse anteriorly, median segment long, rounded, lightly transversely striate posteriorly, the apex with a steep slope, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ strongly seriate, abdomen long, as long as the head and thorax united, stout and massive, its apical segment studded with long hairs. Black, the pronotum anteriorly, the sides and apex of the median segment, and broad bands above at the base of abdominal segments 2-5 with silvery pile, wings fusco-hyaline, the posterior pair paler, nervines and tegulæ dark brown

Hab Ceylon Q Length 12, ap 25 mm

277 Salius crinitus

Priocnemis crimitus, Bingh Jonn Bomb N H Soc v, 1890, p 238

Salius cimitus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1891, p 451, Bingh P Z S 1896, p 436

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen with dense long puhescence, the head and thorax under the pubescence smooth but shining, the median segment finely transversely striate, the abdomen where the pubescence is abiaded brilliantly polished and shining, clypeus boldly convex, broader than high, its anterior margin truncate, median segment short, with a steep slope to the apex, abdomen pseudosessile, not so long as the head and thorax united, legs long, spinose, the posterior tibus serrate. A rich castaneous black, the pubescence glittering terruginous golden, the scape and basal three joints of the flagellum of the antennæ and the legs brownish yellow, the apical portions of the antennæ and the clawjoints of the tarsi fuscous black wings flavo-hyaline, with a golden

SALIUS 141

lustre in certain lights, the apical margin narrowly fuliginous, nervures and tegulæ brownish yellow

of similar, but not pubescent, the head and thorax covered with only a thin short sericeous golden pile, the abdomen black, somewhat alutaceous, castaneous at base of basal segment, wings darker and broadly shaded with light fuscescent

Hab Ceylon ? Length 15-17, exp 33-36 mm d.

Length 16, exp 35 millim

- 278 Salius exilipes, Bingh Jow Bomb N H Soc 1896, p 202, Q, pl 1, fig 9, Q
- Q Closely resembles S crinitus, Bingh, differs in having the thorax longer and less compact, the median segment especially having a very gradual slope to its apex, the abdomen is slighter and distinctly petiolate, the legs are longer, and the wings light brown with a distinct discoidal spot, the 3rd cubital cell is also much narrower at apex than in the preceding species. Like crinitus it is covered, especially on the median segment and the basal segments of the abdomen, with long soft golden pubescence.

Hab Sikhim ? Length 19, exp 36 mm 3 unknown

- 279 Salius nicevillii, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc 1896, p 199, pl 1, fig 7, Q
- Q Closely resembles S fenestratus, Smith, but is smaller and structurally different, the anterior margin of the clypeus is rounded, not truncate or emarginate, the median segment has a steep rounded slope posteriorly, the apex not truncate, the legs are slender and very long in proportion, the abdomen subpetiolate In colour it is not so rich a red as S fenestratus, the black bands on the abdomen are broader and not produced forwards in the middle above

The σ has the wings fuscous yellow and the body of a lighter and more testaceous red As in S fenesivatus, there is a variety with dark brown wings

Hab Tenasserim, Sikhim Andamaiis Q Length 24-30, evp. 46-52 mm & Length 23-25, exp 40-43 mm

- 280 Salius terrenus, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 435, pl xix, fig 8
- Q Head and thorax prumose, median segment finely transversely striate, abdomen finely acciulate, clypeus large, its anterior margin boldly arched and fringed with long hairs, posterior margin transverse, scutellum and postscutellum laterally compressed and very prominent, the former longitudinally and the latter obliquely striate on the sides, median segment with a very steep slope to its apex, very little rounded above, the sides compressed, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi thickly spinose, the posterior tibiæ serrate, abdomen long, petiolate, somewhat curved Dull brownish red, the clypeus, the face in front, and the pro- and

142 POMPILIDÆ.

mesonotum covered with dense golden pile, very brilliant and glittering in certain lights, median segment more or less fuscous, abdomen with the extreme base and posterior margins of the basal three segments broadly black, the bands not continued on the underside, wings pale oily brown, hyaline, and in certain lights indescent, a faint fuscous cloud occupies the 2nd and 3rd cubital, and upper part of the 2nd discoidal cell in the fore wing

d similar, but the wings have a large faint fuscous cloud

beyond the 2nd cubital cell

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 23, evp 44 min & Length 18, exp 40 mm

281 Salius flavus

Sphex flava, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 217

Pompilus flavus, Fabr Syst Piez p 197, P Lepel Hym 111, p 430

Priocnemis flavus, Dahlb Hym Ew 1, p 457

Mygnimia flava, pt, Smith, Cat 111, p 182

Priocnemis humbertianus, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 63, pl 111, fig 41

Salius flavus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 443, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc x, 1896, p 214, pl 11, fig 1 (var)

Salius humbertianus, Cam t c p 451

2 d Prumose, clypeus transverse, subemarginate anteriorly, slightly porrect, pronotum very short, the anterior lateral angles a little produced, median segment transversely striate, sometimes coarsely reticulate, the apex truncate, the base with an obscure, medial, shallow, longitudinal furrow, legs long, the tibim and tarsi thickly spinose, the posterior tibiæ serrate, abdomen pseudosessile, stout, about as long as the thorax Head, pro- and mesonotum, the apical portion of the femora, the tibie and basal joints of the tarsi ferruginous or fulvous yellow, the postscutellum, median segment, head and thorax beneath, coxe, trochanters, base of the femora, the apical joints of the tarsi, and abdomen black, fuscous black on the tarsi, and with more or less of a purple effulgence in certain lights on the abdomen, which again is variable, having sometimes the apical 4, or 3, or 2 segments, or apex only ferriginous, thickly clad with ferruginous hairs, the pile on the head, pro- and mesonotum is dense and of a golden colour, that on the median segment and abdomen purplish black wings rich fulvo-ferruginous, the apex of the fore wing beyond the radial cell and of the hind wing nairowly fuscous with a purple effulgence, nervures and tegulæ ferruginous

Hab Throughout India, Burma, and Ceylon, extending into the Malay Peninsula 2 Length 19-22, exp 38-46 mm &

Length 13-16, exp 28-35 mm

In the Banksian collection, now in the Museum of Natural History at South Kensington, there is a specimen of a Salius labelled "flavus" This, it is probable, was so labelled by Fabricius himself So far as structure and the sculpturing of the head and thorax go, Salius (Priocnemis) humbertianus of Saussure

143

is identical with this The species I took to be the Spher flava of Fabricius (vide Jour Bomb N H Soc 1896, p 214, pl 11, fig 1), I still think is only an extreme variety of that species

SALIUS.

282 Salius grassator, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 436

Head, thorax in front, and abdomen prumose, median segment finely reticulate, clipeus broadly convex, its anterior margin straight, truncate, the front flat, with a vertically impressed hne from the anterior ocellus to between the base of the antennæ. ocelli large, very prominent and close together, pronotum short. rounded in front, its posterior margin boldly arched, scutellum and postscutellum prominent large, and somewhat laterally compressed in the middle median segment rounded posteriorly. with a steep slope to its apex, and bearing a medial longitudinally impressed line, legs long and fairly stout, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ grooved but not serrate, abdomen petiolate, short, about the length of the thorax, and slightly vertically compressed Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum. postscutellum, and legs fulvous, covered with a rich golden pile, median segment and abdomen black, the latter with velvety pile having a golden lustre in certain lights, the basal and apical three segments slightly reddish in the middle, wings light flavo-hyaline, the apex of the fore wing beyond the 1st cubital cell fuscescent

Hab Sikhim & Length 17, erp 36 mm

283 Salius sericosoma

Pompilus sericosoma, Smith, Cat in, p 146, Q Pinochemis sericosoma, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1867, p 354 Salius sericosoma, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 452

Head, thorax in front, and abdomen smooth, pruinose,



Fig 32 Salius sericosoma, P

clypeus transversely oval, its anterior margin slightly rounded, somewhat porrect, the thorax compressed, the median segment with a rounded slope to its apex, furrowed down the middle and regularly transversely striate, legs with the tibic and tarsi thickly spinose, the posterior tibiæ sei rate, abdoinen subpetiolate Head, thorax, legs, and the apical two segments of the abdomen ferruginous, the rest of the abdomen black, the whole insect covered with a thin golden pile, which is very dense on the head and fore part of the thorax, wings golden yellow, nervures and tegulæ ferruginous golden pile is often much abraded on the sides of the thorax and the abdomen, sometimes completely absent on the latter

Hab India, and throughout Burma and Tenasserim to Sumatra and the Maley Peninsula 2 Length 16-21, exp 38-41 mm d very little smaller

284 Salius verticalis

Priocnemis verticalis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 94, idem. 1867, p 354 Salius verticalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 452.

Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc viu, 1893, p 376, pl 1, fig 5, 9

- Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus convex, its anterior margin emarginate in the middle, median segment short, somewhat compressed at the sides, roundly truncate posteriorly, the sides of the postscutellum and the whole of the median segment transversely stricte, legs with the tibie and tars strongly spinose, the tibie of the posterior legs serrate. abdomen subsessile, all the segments above sparsely punctured at Black, the face above the antennæ as high as the vertex. the scape and basal two joints of the antennæ, a broad line on the posterior margin of the pronotum, a square mark on the mesonotum, the middle portion of the scutellum and postscutellum, the apical half of the femora, the tibiæ, and the tarsi of the legs yellow, the apical joint of the last fuscous, the fore part of the mesonotum in fresh specimens with a fine yellow pile, the wings hyaline ochraceous yellow, nervures and tegulæ brownish vellow
- Differs in baying the clypeus and sides of the face broadly yellow, the vertex and the forehead to the base of the antenna, and the whole of the latter except the scape in front black, the wings are of a paler yellow and slightly fuscous at their apex

Hab Southern India, Tenasserim, Malacca, and Borneo Length 23-28, exp 52-58 mm & Length 15, exp 42 mm

285 Salius momus, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc x, 1896, p 203, 2

Prumose, head wider than the thorax, convex in front, the occiput emarginate, clypeus convex, transverse anteriorly, emarginate, pronotum in front transverse, the anterior lateral angles rounded, its posterior margin arched, median segment short, rounded posteriorly, lightly transversely rugose, the apex steep, with a short broad shallow sulcation on each side of the median line, legs stout, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ strongly serrate, abdomen massive, petiolate, as long as the head and thorax united Black, with a hoary grey pile, dense and silvery in certain lights, especially on the clypeus, sides of the face, and apex of the median segment, and forming bands at the bases of the abdominal segments, the apical segment with a thick tuft of reddish-brown hairs, wings hyaline, the apex of the fore wing, and a faint subapical cloud below the radial cell, lightly fuscous, the tegulæ and nervures black

2 Length 13-15, erp 20-24 mm Hab Tenasserim

286 Salius obsonator, n sp

Head and thorax prumose, abdomen smooth, head rather small, narrower than the thorax, clypeus remarkably convex, its SALIUS 145

anterior margin deeply but widely emarginate, pronotum very short, rounded anteriorly, with a very steep slope, not narrowed towards the head, median segment long, raised down the middle, slightly hollowed out at the sides above, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, with indications of serrations on the posterior tibiæ, abdomen not so long as the thorax, and flattened vertically Black, with thin greyish-white pile on the head and thorax, which gets somewhat more dense on the median segment above, the mandibles except at apex, the clypeus, scape and flagellum of the antennæ beneath, the pronotum in front, the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs, and the abdomen except at the extreme base, vellowish red, wings very broad, hyaline, with a very slight brownish tinge, nervures dark brown, tegulæ yellowish red

Hab North-West Provinces, India of Length 13, exp 27 mm

2 unknown

287 Salius valentulus, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 434

Q Head and thorax in front slightly prumose, median segment coarsely reticulate, abdomen smooth, clypeus subconvex, broader than high, its anterior margin widely emarginate, and fringed with stiff hairs, front subtuberculate above the base of the antennæ, and with a short, vertical, deeply impressed line running up to the anterior occilius, pronotum short, arched in front, the anterior lower angles produced, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a very steep slope at apex, where it is slightly concave, legs stout, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ strongly serrate, abdomen petiolate, broadly fusiform. Head, thorax, legs, the apical half of the 3rd and the whole of the following three segments of the abdomen black, the basal two segments and basal half of the 3rd light red wings hyaline, the apex broadly light fuscous, nervures and tegulæ testaceous brown

Hab India & Length 16, eap 30 mm

288 Salius geminus, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 436

Q Head, thorax in front, and abdomen smooth, median segment finely transversely striate clypeus transverse, subporrect, its anterior margin fringed with long hairs and broadly but slightly emarginate, the face in front very finely punctured, the antennæ long and filiform, the front above the base of the latter with an abbreviated deep vertical furrow not reaching the anterior occllus, pronotum rounded in front, its posterior margin arched, median segment rounded posteriorly with a steep slope, the apex somewhat truncate, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi thickly spinose, the posterior tibiæ serrate, abdomen as long as the herd and thorax united, petiolate Head, thorax, and legs black, abdomen bloodred, a subapical band on the 3rd segment above, the 4th and following segments black, the posterior margins of the 3rd, 4th, and 5th segments very narrowly testaceous red, the apical segment densely pabescent, studded with long coarse black hairs, wings

hyaline, the apex of the fore wing beyond the radial cell and the anterior margin of the hind wing at apex lightly fuscescent Hab Mussooree, NW India 2 Length 12, exp 21 mm

- 289 Salius electus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 458 & 470
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the clypeus, and face in front prumose, the latter slightly convex, the pronotum short, somewhat square in front, scutellum large and prominent, median segment short, well below the level of the scutellum and postscutellum, and with a slightly rounded steep slope to the apex, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ strongly serrate, abdomen petiolate, the apex densely villose. Black, the anterior and intermediate tibiæ and tarsi, and the posterior tibiæ at base, with the basal three segments of the abdomen, ferruginous red, the clypeus, sides of the face, median segment, and coxæ on the outside margined with a thin silvery pile visible only in certain lights, wings hyaline, the basal nei vure, on the outside narrowly, the basal two-thirds of the radial, the 2nd and 3rd cubital, and apex of the 2nd discoidal cell fuscous.

 Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q. Length 8. exp. 18 mm
- 290 Salius rothneyi, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 452 & 453
- Q Head and thorax in front very closely and finely punctured, somewhat shining, the median segment very finely transversely striate, abdomen smooth, polished and shining, clypeus large, rounded anteriorly, two short, well-raised parallel carinæ above the base of the antennæ, with a deep shining fovea between them, pronotum short, steep, considerably narrowed towards the head, subangular posteriorly, median segment rounded posteriorly and divided down the middle by a well-marked furrow, not reaching the apex, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the posterior tibiæ seirate, abdomen petiolate, broadly fusiform, as long as the head and thorax united. Jet-black, the clypeus and front with silvery pile, seen only in certain lights, the apical segment of the abdomen studded with short, not very close fulvous pubescence wings hyaline, infuscated along the basal nervure of the fore wing, with a broad fuscous cloud from the radial descending into the 2nd discoidal cell, and the apex of the fore wing fuscescent, nervures and tegulæ black

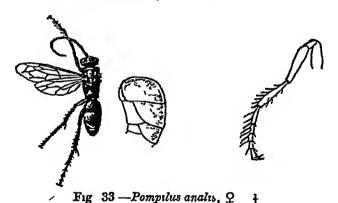
Hab Darjeeling, Barrackpore Q Length 9-10, exp 18-20 mm.

- *291 Salius cotesi, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, pp 451 & 454
- "Similar in coloration of the body to S rothneys, as also in having in the wings three clouds, but abundantly distinct in structure. The clypeus at apex is shining and transverse in the middle, the elongated ridges above the antennæ so prominent

in sothneys are absent, as is also the shining foves, but there is a small carina there, the eyes distinctly diverge beneath, the ocelli are in a triangle and closer to each other, median segment at the apex is more abrupt, the abdomen is longer, being as long as the head and thorax united, and its apical segments are not so thickly haired, the form of the 2nd cubital cellule is very different, the 1st transverse cubital nervure is elbowed at the middle and bends towards the 2nd, making the top of the cellule there about one-fourth of what it is at the bottom, and about one-third the length of the top of the 3rd, at the bottom the 2nd cubital cellule is about three-fourths of the length of the 3rd, the second transverse cubital nervure is sharply elbowed at the top, making the cellule much narrower at the top than at the bottom, where it is rounded broadly at the apex, instead of acutely angled as in rothneys, while the cubital nervure terminates completely there, the 1st recurrent nervure is received a very little beyond the middle, the 2nd at a less distance from the transverse cubital nervure than is the 1st, the radial nervure becomes elbowed about the basal third (and also more sharply), while in rothneys it turns up at the middle of the S cotest also is larger, being 13 mm in length long spur of the hind tibiæ does not reach the middle of the metatarsus, the tibial spines are shorter and fewer"

Hab Southern India

Type in the Indian Museum, Calcutta



Genus POMPILUS

Sphex, pt, Linn Syst Nat 1, p 941 (1767). Evama, pt, et Sphex, pt, Fabr Ent Syst 11, pp 192 & 198 (1793) Pompilus, pt, Fabr Ent Syst Supp p 246 (1798) Ceropales, pt, et Pompilus, pt, Fabr Syst Piez pp 185 & 187 (1804)Pompilus, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 443 (1843)
Calcurgus, Pompilus, Anophus, et Ferreola, Lepel Hym 111, pp 397, 416, 440, & 467 (1845)
Pompilus, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 51

Type, P fuscus, Linnæus Range Both hemispheres.

Form of the clypeus, pronotum, and median segment very variable. Fore wing with three cubital cells, the 2nd and 3rd as a rule subequal, both cubital and discoidal nervures stopping short of the margin of the wing, anterior tibise and tarsi ciliated on the outside, intermediate and posterior tibise and tarsi spinose, the tibise never seriate, claws unidentate at base below, sometimes bifid. Nesting in the ground, in burrows made by the female, the usual provision for the larvee consists of spiders, but I have seen one species carrying small cockroaches to its nest.

Key to the Species

A Wings more or less hvaline. a Wings entirely hyaline a' Abdomen beyond 2nd segment ferruginous P analis, p 150 b' Abdomen with basal three segments ferru-P zeus, p 150 ginous red Abdomen grey and black P wroughtons, [p 151 b Basal half only of wing hyaline a' Thorex red and black a2 Pro- and mesonotum red $m{P}$ cameronu, p 170 b2 Pronotum only red P cn ce, p 170 Thorax entirely black a² Abdomen with grey prumose bands .. P dus, p 171 [p 171 Abdomen deep purplish black, without P dimidiatipennis, bands c² Abdomen with basal three segments fer-[p 15] P fenestratus, luginous red c Wings hyaline, with apical margin fuscous a' Head and thorax black, abdomen entirely P acceptus, p 151 ferruginous red b' Head, thorax, and abdomen black, with yellow or white markings a² Posterior tibis black as Median segment with white or silvery pile P ar rogans, p 152 b³ Median segment with blue pile P decoratus, p 152 b2 Posterior tibies ferruginous [p 153 a³ Fifth abdominal segment with a yellow P vagabundus, fascia above b' Fifth abdominal segment without any P capitosus, p 153 c' Head, thorax, and abdomen entirely black a² Apex of median segment emarginate P hecate, p 171
 b² Apex of median segment rounded
 a³ Third cubital cell of fore wing petiolate P vivax, p 154 P hecate, p 171 b3 Third cubital cell of fore wing not petiolate a. Median segment transversely striate P mirandus, p 172 b⁴ Median segment smooth above a Median segment with a medial P subsericeus, longitudinal furrow above . P herbigradus, b Median segment not furrowed [p 155

d Wings hyaline, with a subapical fuscous cloud	
or bar a' Head, thorax, and abdomen black	P maculipes, p 155.
b' Head and thorax black, abdomen fer-	P mitis, p 155
rugmous B Wings flavo-hyaline	
a Fore wing with a subapical fuscous fascia b Fore wing with a fuscous margin at apex. a' Head, thorax, and abdomen black, the	P dehhensis, [p 156
abdomen with grey prumose bands a^2 Fore wing with the 3rd cubital cell	
petiolate b ² Fore wing with the 3rd cubital cell not	P incognitus, p 156
petiolate	
a Median segment posteriorly stricte on the sides	P lucidulus, p 156
b^3 Median segment posteriorly not stricted a^4 Posterior femora and tibiæ black	P rothneys, p 169
b4 Posterior femora and tibiæ ferru-	P pedestris, p 169
ginous b' Head, thorax, and abdomen variegated with	a peaceones, p 100
yellow and fulvous red a ² With only underside of antennæ fulvous	
red, mesonotum black, immaculate b^2 Abdomen also marked with fulvous red	P orientalis, p 157
a Mesonotum black, with a V-shaped	[p 158
yellow mark b Mesonotum fulvous or ferruginous red,	P multipictus,
ımmaculate	P infestus, p 158
C Wings fusco-hyaline a Thorax black	
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile	P ariadne, p 159
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile	P arıadne, p 159 P reflexus, p 159
 a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibiæ with a white spot at base 	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160]
 a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibiæ with a white spot at base above 	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus,
 a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibiæ with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibiæ without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. 	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P lumbatus, p 160
 a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibiæ with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibiæ without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. a' Mesonotum red 	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160
 a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibie with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibie without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. a' Mesonotum red a² Head black b² Head red 	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus, P lascicus, p 161
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibiæ with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibiæ without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. a' Mesonotum red a² Head black b² Head red b' Mesonotum red marked with black	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus,
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen red and black a² Posterior tibie with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibie without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black a' Mesonotum red a² Head black b² Head red b' Mesonotum red marked with black c' Mesonotum black a² Abdomen red and black	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus, P lascicus, p 161 P vitiosus, p 161 P zebra, p 162
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen red and black a' Posterior tibie with a white spot at base above b' Posterior tibie without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. a' Mesonotum red a' Head black b' Head red b' Mesonotum red marked with black c' Mesonotum black a' Abdomen red and black b' Abdomen wholly black	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus, P lascicus, p 161 P utiosus, p 161
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen red and black a² Posterior tibie with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibie without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. a' Mesonotum red a² Head black b² Head red b' Mesonotum red marked with black c' Mesonotum black a² Abdomen red and black b² Abdomen wholly black b' Abdomen wholly black b' Wings dark fuscous a Wings with lacteous white markings	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus, P lascicus, p 161 P utiosus, p 161 P zebra, p 162 P comptus, p 162
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen red and black a² Posterior tibie with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibie without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black a' Mesonotum red a² Head black b² Head red b' Mesonotum red marked with black c' Mesonotum black c' Mesonotum black a² Abdomen red and black b² Abdomen wholly black D Wings dark fuscous a Wings with lacteous white markings a' Thorax black	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus, P lascicus, p 161 P vitiosus, p 161 P zebra, p 162 P comptus, p 162 P myrmecoides,
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibie with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibie without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. a' Mesonotum red a² Head black b² Head red b' Mesonotum red marked with black c' Mesonotum black c' Mesonotum black a² Abdomen red and black b² Abdomen wholly black D Wings dark fuscous a Wings with lacteous white markings a' Thorax black b' Thorax red	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus, P lascicus, p 161 P vitiosus, p 161 P zebra, p 162 P comptus, p 162 [p 172
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibie with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibie without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. a' Mesonotum red a² Head black b² Head red b' Mesonotum red marked with black c' Mesonotum black a² Abdomen red and black b² Abdomen red and black b² Abdomen wholly black D Wings dark fuscous a Wings with lacteous white markings a' Thorax black b' Thorax red b Wings entirely dark fuscous. a' Abdomen black and red	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus, P lascicus, p 161 P vitiosus, p 161 P zebra, p 162 P comptus, p 162 P myrmecoides,
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibie with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibie without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. a' Mesonotum red a² Head black b² Head red b' Mesonotum red marked with black c' Mesonotum black a² Abdomen red and black b² Abdomen wholly black D Wings dark fuscous a Wings with lacteous white markings a' Thorax black b' Thorax red b Wings entirely dark fuscous. a' Abdomen black and red a² Pronotum black	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus, P lascivus, p 161 P vitiosus, p 161 P zebra, p 162 P comptus, p 162 P myrmecoides, P lusciosus, p 173
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibie with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibie without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. a' Mesonotum red a² Head black b² Head red b' Mesonotum red marked with black c' Mesonotum black c' Mesonotum black a² Abdomen red and black b² Abdomen wholly black D Wings dark fuscous a Wings with lacteous white markings a' Thorax black b' Thorax red b Wings entirely dark fuscous. a' Abdomen black and red a² Pronotum black a' Median segment truncate at apex b' Median segment rounded at apex	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus, P lascicus, p 161 P vitiosus, p 161 P zebra, p 162 P comptus, p 162 P myrmecoides,
a Thorax black a' Abdomen black with silvery pile b' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen red and black c' Abdomen black with bands of grey pile a² Posterior tibie with a white spot at base above b² Posterior tibie without any white spot b Thorax ferruginous red and black. a' Mesonotum red a² Head black b² Head red b' Mesonotum red marked with black c' Mesonotum black c' Mesonotum black a² Abdomen red and black b² Abdomen wholly black D Wings dark fuscous a Wings with lacteous white markings a' Thorax black b' Thorax red b Wings entirely dark fuscous. a' Abdomen black and red a² Pronotum black a³ Median segment truncate at apex	P reflexus, p 159 [p 160 P leucophæus, P limbatus, p 160 [p 160 P ephippiatus, P lascivus, p 161 P introsus, p 161 P zebra, p 162 P comptus, p 162 P myrmecoides, P lusciosus, p 173 P mæstus, p 163

b'. Abdomen entirely black.	
a ² Head and thorax in front ferruginous	
yellow ,	P bracatus, p 164
62. Head and thorax black	
as. Antennæ and tarsı piceous brown	P. dædalus, p 165
b ⁸ Antennæ and tarsi black	
a Median segment more or less steeply	
sloped at apex, or truncate	
a ⁵ Fore wing with 2nd and 3rd cubital cells equal	P camfrons, p 165
b. Fore wing with 2nd cubital cell	[p 166
wider than the 3rd	P simillimus,
c ⁵ Fore wing with 2nd cubital cell	
narrower than the 3rd	P ignobilis, p 166
b' Median segment with a gentle	
rounded slope to the apex, not	
truncate	
a ⁵ Median segment smooth, not longi-	D
tudinally furrowed 5 Median segment with a longitu-	P perplexus, p 167 [p 167
dinal medial furrow .	P parthenope,
	z pur inchopo,
E Wings ferruginous yellow The 2nd abdominal segment with an elongate	[p 167.
ferruginous spot on each side at base	P broculatus,
b The 2nd abdominal segment with a transverse	[p 168
fascia at base above	P unifasciatus,
c The 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments each	
with a transverse fascia at base above	P alicia, p 168
A Clare 1 7	

A Second ventral segment without a transverse furrow

292. Pompilus analis

Sphex analis, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 209
Pompilus analis, Fabr Syst Prez p 188, Smith, Cat 111, p 148,
Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 17, 1891, p 457

Q &. Head, thorax in front, and abdomen smooth and shining; median segment pruinose, opaque-looking, rounded posteriorly, truncate at apex, scutellum large and compressed at the sides, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi with long stout spines Black, the wings hyaline, the nervures and tegulæ dark brown, the female has the 4, and the male the 5 apical segments of the abdomen ferruginous red

Hab. Throughout India, Burma, and Ceylon, and occurring in the Malayan regions as far as Celebes In Burma this is a common species, coming often into houses in search of the little jumping spiders (Attidæ) with which it provisions its nest Q. Length 14-21, exp 27-38 mm & Length 12-15, exp 26-

33 mm

293 Pompilus zeus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 460 & 472, pl 1u, fig 21*

2. Head and thorax finely but very sparsely punctured, clypeus

^{*} The type 18 in Mr Rothney's collection and 18 marked "P cellularis, Cam," in, I believe, Mr Cameron's handwriting nevertheless, Mr Cameron described it under the specific name zeus, probably because cellularis was preoccupied

transverse, subporrect, its anterior margin arched, slightly truncate in the middle, head large, broader than the thorax, somewhat convex in front, concave posteriorly; median segment short, with a rounded gradual slope, becoming abruptly steep at the apex, legs with the tible armed with long, stout, irregularly placed spines, abdomen longer than the head and thorax united, pseudosessile Head and thorax black, the apices of the anterior and the apical two-thirds of the intermediate and posterior femora, the tible of all the legs, and the basal three segments of the abdomen blood-red, the tarsi and the apical three segments fuscous, with a reddish tint, wings hyaline, the apical halt sordid yellow, the 3rd cubital cell in the tore wing subtriangular and remarkably narrow, measuring on the cubital nervure not quite one-third the width of the 2nd cubital cell

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal. Q. Length 9, exp 17 mm

- *294 Pompilus wroughtom, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1V, 1891, pp 460 & 464, pl 111, fig 10
- "Very similar to *P. rothneys*, having the same grey prumose vesture, with the abdominal segments grey and black, and the apex of the median segment concave, the head very little developed behind the eyes, and the abdomen subsessile, but is smaller, narrower, and more slender, the wings are subhyaline throughout, not yellowish or infuscated at apex, the second cubital cellule is much longer at the bottom compared with the third, the third being of the length of the space bounded by the first transverse cubital and the first recurrent, the latter being received at a greater distance from the transverse cubital, the second recurrent is received in the apical fourth of the cellule, not before the middle, and lastly the long spur of the metatarsus (? tibia) reaches almost close to the apex of the metatarsus

' Hab Poons (Wroughton)"

- 295. Pompilus fenestratus, Smith, Cat 111, p 144, Q, Jour Linn Soc 1867, p 352, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 458
- Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, clypeus very convex, its anterior margin boldly arcuate and turned downwards, scutellum raised and prominent; median segment with a smooth rounded slope to its apex, which is recurved, legs with the tibix and tarsi spinose, the spines long and scattered, claws unidentate at base below. Head, thorax, and apical segments of the abdomen black, the former two densely covered with silvery pile, the basal three segments of the abdomen and the base of the 4th ferruginous red, wings hyaline for half their length, fuscous beyond

Hab India (Bengal), Burma Q. Length 8, eip 17 mm

296 Pompilus acceptus

Pompilus elegans, Smith, New Sp Hym B M (1879) p 150, Q (nec Cress. Trans Am Ent Soc 1, 1867, p 109)

Q Head, thorax in front, and abdomen smooth, median segment transversely stricts, with a medial longitudinal furrow, and a short shallow one on each side of it close to the base, clypeus with its anterior margin deeply emarginate, almost blobed, legs with the tibiæ and tarsi moderately spinose. Head and thorax black, abdomen ferruginous red, wings hyaline, with a broad fuscous border at apex, tegulæ and nervures testaceous brown, the clypeus has a broad border anteriorly of silvery pile, which is continued up the inner margin of the eyes, beneath this pile the surface is ferruginous red, and this latter colour is continued round the orbits of the eyes, interrupted, however, on the vertex, a short transverse stripe on the collar, and another along the posterior margin of the pronotum yellow, the posterior femora with the tibial calcaria bright ferruginous

Hab India Q. Length 20, exp 32 mm

The type and another specimen, also a 2, in the British Museum collection are all I have seen

297 Pompilus arrogans, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1873, p 187, Q (nec Smith, 2nd Yark Miss, Hym 1878, p 14, Q)

Obscurely prumose, head not wider than the thorax; clypeus very slightly convex, almost vertical, its anterior margin widely arched, transverse in the middle, thorax stout, laterally compressed, the pronotum with a steep slope anteriorly, scutellum large and prominent, median segment with a rounded steep slope to the apex, which is perceptibly truncate and flat, legs stout, the tibiæ and tarsi with irregular, scattered spines, abdomen pseudosessile, thick at base Black, the clypeus, front of the face, median segment posteriorly, and a transverse fascia at the base of 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments above with hoary pile, an abbieviated narrow line on the inner margin of the eyes, a broader fascia interrapted in the middle on the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot on the posterior tibiæ above, and an elongate spot at the base laterally of the 2nd and 3rd segments of the abdomen yellowish white wings hyaline, broadly infuscate at the apex, nervures and tegulæ black A variety has the anterior margin of the clypeus narrowly and a square spot at the apex of the mesonotum yellowish white, another has in addition to the usual markings a transverse yellow fascia at the base of the 4th and 5th segments of the abdomen above

Hab Tenasserim, Ceylon, Japan. Q. Length 12-15, exp

25-28 mm

298 Pompilus decoratus, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 149

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and somewhat shining, clypeus half-moon-shaped, its posterior margin transverse, anterior boldly arched, the mesonotum with an ill-defined shallow medial longitudinal sulcation and an abbreviated furrow on each side close to the apex, not reaching the anterior margin, median segment rounded, with a gradual slope to the apex, the margin recurved,

legs with stout scattered spines, the anterior tibiæ and tarsi feebly ciliated on the outer side, claws bifid, abdomen longer than the head and thorax, subcylindrical Black, the wings hyaline, with a broad fuscous apical margin to the anterior pair, a narrow line round the orbits of the eyes interrupted on the vertex, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot on the mesonotum, another on the side of the thorax close to the base of the fore wing, a third at the base of the posterior tibiæ, with a large irregular mark on each side of the base of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments, and a fascia at the apex of the 5th segment, yellowish white, the pronotum and median segment are adorned with pale pubescent pile, and the front below the antennæ with silvery pile

Hab Bombay Q. Length 13, exp 21 mm

The type and only known specimen is in the collection of the British Museum, South Kensington.

299 Pompilus vagabundus, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 11 (1858), p 92, 2, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 460

Prumose, head broader than the thorax, clypeus subconvex, its anterior margin slightly arched, almost transverse in the middle, oblique at the sides, pronotum with a wide arch posteriorly, scutellum prominent, the median segment gradually sloped to the apex, where it is slightly depressed in the middle, abdomen pseudosessile, legs with the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the spines stout, the inner calcaria of the intermediate and posterior tibiæ nearly as long as the metatarsus Black; a line on the anterior margin of the clypeus joining two lateral spots on it, the orbits of the eyes except at the top, the scape of the antennæ in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a minute spot on the tegulæ, and transverse fasciæ at the base of the 2nd, 3rd, and 5th abdominal segments, yellow, the fascia on the 2nd segment is interrupted in the middle, that on the 5th is posteriorly emarginate, the flagellum of the antennæ below, and the intermediate and posterior femora and tibiæ, red; wings hyaline, broadly infuscated at apex

The markings are very variable in this species—the clypeus may be without the submarginal line, the yellow may extend up the face to the base of the antennæ, the mesonotum at apex and the scutellum may be marked with yellow, the femora and tibiæ of the anterior as well as of the other legs may be red, and sometimes the yellow fasciæ on the abdomen except on the 2nd segment

are entirely wanting

Hab Sikhim, Burma; Tenasserim, extending to Borneo Q Length 9-14; evp 20-28 mm & Length 12, exp 26 mm

300. Pompilus capitosus, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 147, 2

A Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and covered with a thin silvery pile, the clypeus subconvex, its anterior margin arched, the posterior transverse, scutellum large and prominent, median

segment rounded posteriorly; legs with the tibize and tarsi armed with stout spines. Black, the wings hyaline, fuscous at apex, nervures and tegulæ testaceous brown, the anterior margin of the clypeus, a line along the inner and outer margin of the eyes not meeting on the vertex, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a small transverse spot at the apex of the mesonotum, a spot on each side at base of 2nd abdominal segment, and a broad line at base of the 3rd, yellow, the posterior tibize ferruginous black at base and with a spot of yellow on the outer side

Hab Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 10-12, exp 22-25 mm

o a trifle smaller

- 301 Pompilus vivax, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 460 & 468, pl 111, fig 14
- o. Prumose, the head convex in front, transverse posteriorly, pronotum with a rounded slope anteriorly, its posterior margin acutely angled, median segment rounded, gently sloped to the apex, legs long, the tibie and tarsi with long stout spines; abdomen pseudosessile, short, the basal segment broad and depressed above at base. Black, the head and thorax with hoary grey pile, most dense on the clypeus and sides of the face, the scape in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, and a long streak above at the base of the posterior tibie yellowish white, the median segment at apex, and abdominal segments 1-4 at base, with thick silvery-white decumbent pubescence, wings hyaline, the apex broadly infuscated, the 3rd cubital cell in the fore wing petiolate. A variety has the wings tinted with yellow, and the underside of the flagellum of the antennæ fulvous red

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal & Length 8, exp 16 mm

- 302 Pompilus subsericeus, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 60, fig 39, Ω (1867)
 Pompilus prunosus, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 147, Ω (neo Smith, Cat 111, p 141, Ω)
- Q Densely prumose, the clypeus transverse, its anterior margin slightly arched, head sessile, pronotum long, posteriorly angulated, mesonotum short, with a slight shallow longitudinal medial sulcation at apex, median segment long, gradually rounded to its apex and with a marked longitudinal groove down the middle, legs with the tibia and tarsi slightly spinose, the tibial calcaria long and stout, abdomen subpetiolate, fusiform, and slightly compressed Black, with hoary grey pile, dense on the clypeus, head and face, on the posterior margin of the pronotum, the apex of the mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment, and on the abdomen, where it forms broad bands on the posterior margins of segments 2–5, leaving the base of these segments black and shining; wings hyaline, the apex broadly infuscated, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab. Sikhim, Kumaun, Burma, extending to China 2 Length

10-12, exp 18-21 mm.

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303. Pompilus herbigradus, n sp

Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen prumose, smooth, but not shining, clypeus transverse, subporrect, its anterior margin very slightly arched, nearly straight, pronotum rounded anteriorly, postscutellum and median segment steeply sloped, rounded posteriorly, legs long, spinose, the tibiæ and tarsi with long spines, the abdomen pseudosessile, curved, not so long as the head and thorax united Black, the clypeus, the sides of the face, the thorax more or less, especially at the apex of the median segment, and the base of the segments of the abdomen with silvery pile, which is most dense on the clypeus and on the 1st and 2nd segments of the abdomen, the apical two segments of the latter studded with stiff black hairs; wings hyaline, infuscated at apex, nervures and tegulæ piceous

of similar but slighter, with porrect antennæ, the clypeus is longer and more rounded anteriorly, the abdomen vertically compressed. Varies in the wings being fuscescent for half their length at apex, and the antennæ and anterior legs being piceons.

Hab Sikhim, Tenasserim Q Length 9-12, exp 16-20 mm.

d Length 8-12, exp 17-21 mm

304 Pompilus maculipes, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii (1870), p 186, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 459

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, covered with a thin sericeous silvery grey pile; the clypeus large, subconvex, its anterior margin arched, posterior bismuate; eyes wide apart, their inner margins parallel, scutellum very large and prominent, compressed at the sides; median segment declivous, legs with stout scattered spines, anterior tibiæ and tarsi ciliated on the outer side, claws bifid Black, wings clear hyaline, a pale fuscous spot at the apex, and a fuscous fascia occupying the radial, 2nd and 3rd cubital, and apex of the 2nd discoidal cell in the fore wing, the apical border of the hind wing also fuscous, nervures and tegulæ brown, legs with a white spot at the base of the posterior tibiæ above

Hab Mampuri (N W Provinces), Kumaun, Sikhim, Burma,

and Tenasserim Q Length 8-11; exp 19-22 mm

305 Pompilus mitis, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 148
Pompilus buddha, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891,
pp 457 & 471, pl 111, fig 20

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen s.nooth, clypeus transversely ovate, its anterior and posterior margins arched, scutellum prominent, compressed at the sides, median segment with a steep slope to its apex, legs with stout scattered spines, anterior tibiæ and femora sparingly ciliated on the outer side, claws bifid. Head, thorax, and coxæ black, the rest of the legs and the abdomen ferruginous, the mandibles, clypeus, a line along the inner margin of the eyes, the scape in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, and the tubercles yellowish white; the flagellum of

the antennæ beneath ferruginous; the thorax, coxæ, and femora beneath with silvery pile, wings hyaline, with a fuscous fascia on the fore wing, beyond which the apex of the wing is clear, the extreme base of the abdomen black

Hab Bombay and Central India. 2 Length 9-11, exp 15-

17 mm somewhat smaller

- 306 Pompilus dehliensis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, pp 458 & 465, pl iii, fig 11
- Q Densely prumose, head a little wider than the thorax, clypeus transverse, slightly convex, its anterior margin arched, median segment broad, with a rounded slope to the apex, where the slope is steep with an inward curve, legs stout, the tibie and tarsi with short spines, abdomen longer than the head and thorax united, pseudosessile and massive. Black, with glittering silvery pile, most dense on the clypeus, the pronotum anteriorly, the median segment, and abdomen, on the last it forms a broad band at the base and a narrow band at the posterior margin of each segment, wings hyaline with a yellowish tint, the fore wing with a light fuscous cloud occupying the radial, 2nd and 3rd cubital, and upper part of 2nd discoidal cells

Hab Delhi, N. W. India Q Length 9, exp 16 mm.

- 307. Pompilus incognitus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, pp. 459 & 467, pl iii, fig 13
 ? Pompilus vischnu, Cam t c pp 460 & 469
- Q. This species is identical in form, sculpture, and markings with P pedestris, Smith, but I keep it apart, as the 3rd cubital cell is petiolate, not subtriangular as in pedestris. I have also carefully examined the types * of P vischnu, Cam, in Mr. Rothney's collection, and they as well as the rest of the specimens labelled P. vischnu are, so far as I can make out, nothing more than rather small males of P incognitus. All have the 3rd cubital cell in the fore wing petiolate †

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q. Length 12, exp. 23 mm

J Length 9, exp 17 mm

*308 Pompilus lucidulus Homonotus lucidulus, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 50, fig 31, Q Pompilus lucidulus, Cam Mem Munch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 459

" P Head smooth, sessile, flat in front, sulcated round the base

* Two specimens, both males, are labelled "P wschnu, Cam, Type," in what I believe is Mr Cameron's handwriting

[†] Mr Cameron has made some mistake in his descriptions of Pompilus wivax and Pompilus vischnu Of the former he says (loc cit), "Second cubital cell petiolate," whereas it is the 3rd cubital cell which is petiolate, vide also the Plate figure, which is correct Of P vischnu he says, "Identical in colour of the body and wings to P vivax, differing in the 2nd cubital cell not being petiolate"! The types and all the specimens labelled P vischnu in Mr Rothney's collection have the 3rd (not 2nd) cubital cell petiolate

of the antennæ, front not tuberculate, but the vertex in the middle above almost raised into a tubercle Ocelli somewhat small, placed in little pits, forming a triangle, clypeus flat, smooth, the margin widely truncate, subrugulose convolute, the joints long, the first slender and longest Thorax compressed Pronotum transversely wide, square, anteriorly very nearly sharply truncate, posteriorly somewhat arched, above slightly convex The scutellum triangularly raised in the middle, the apex compressed Postscutellum arched Metathorax somewhat short, roundly truncate, or better roundly sloped, not tuberculate, posteriorly carnate and striated on both sides, anteriorly and in the middle posteriorly smooth, not sulcate, the apical margin well reflexed, the margin obsoletely trilobate, the middle not emarginate; the anterior lobe of the metanotum nearly hidden in the middle strongly striate Abdomen subcompressed, sessile Tibiæ, the intermediate and posterior sparsely spinose (the posterior pair armed with a double series of 4-5 spines), tarsi spinulose —Black, covered with cinereous and silvery pile all over, head strongly ashy-grey; the 1-4 abdominal segments with broad silvery bands, the remainder with glittering grey pile. Wings flavo-hyaline, the apex with a broad intra-marginal cloud, the apical margin narrowly hyaline The radial cell short, the base broad, the apex strongly acuminate; 2nd and 3rd cubitals minute, nearly equal, anteriorly a little narrowed (the interior and outer margin arched anteriorly), the transverse cubital nervure very oblique, the 1st recurrent nervure is received in the middle of the margin, the 2nd a little beyond the middle of the margin; 4th cubital cellule incomplete, very large, the cubital nervure ending a little before the margin of the wing, the discoidal nervure reaching up to the margin

"Hab Ceylon Q Length 10, wing 8 mm"
Unknown to me, but seems to resemble P rothneyi, Cam.

309 Pompilus orientalis
Ceropales orientalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 17, 1891,
p 432, pl 111, fig 4



Fig 34—Pompilus orientalis, of 3

d Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, very slightly pubescent, the pubescence somewhat more dense on the median segment and base of the abdomen, clypeus transversely oval, convex, its anterior margin very slightly emarginate in the middle; median segment somewhat steeply sloped posteriorly, flattened above towards the apex, with the margin transverse; abdomen short, not so long as the head and thorax together, pseudosessile Black; the base of the mandibles, the clypeus except a median square, sometimes triangular portion, the inner and outer orbits interrupted above

at the vertex, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tegulæ, two

approximate spots on the scutellum, a spot on the mesopleura. the apex of the anterior coxe, a spot above them on the prothorax, the greater part of the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi, and large lateral spots at the base of the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 6th abdominal segments above, yellow; the antennæ beneath and the posterior femora sometimes reddish yellow, the tibial spurs long, whitish, the pubescence silvery white, wings hyaline, the apex of fore wing beyond the radial cell fuscous, the nervures pale testaceous

Hab Bengal, Burma, Tenasserim J. Length 9-10, exp. 19 mm

I have examined the type in Mr Rothney's collection and it is a true Pompilus, the fore tibiæ and tarsi being ciliated

310 Pompilus multipictus, Smith, New Sp. Hym B M p 148



Fig 35 -Pompilus multipretus, d

d. Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, slightly prumose, especially so on the median segment, clypeus subconvex, broader than high, its anterior margin arched, from its centre a short wellmarked perpendicular carina runs up to between the antenna, on each side of which the face is hollowed slightly, the scutellum very large and prominent, the median segment with a gently rounded slope to its apex. legs with stout scattered spines, the anterior tibiæ and tarsi feebly ciliated on the outer side, claws bifid Black, variegated with yellow and ferruginous brown, wings flavohyaline, their apex broadly fuscous, tegulæ and nervures testaceous yellow, the clypeus, except a spot at its base above, a broad

stripe along the inner and outer margin of the eyes, not meeting on the vertex, the scape of the antennæ, the prothorax, except an irregular brown mark in front, a V-shaped mark on the mesonotum, a large spot on each side of the scutellum, the apex of the median segment, a line on the mesopleuræ beneath the wings, the coxe in front, the apex of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi of the anterior legs, the bases of the tibiæ, and of the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd joints of the intermediate and posterior tarsi, and the base, above and below, of all except the 1st and apical segments of the abdomen, yellow. A variety has the yellow markings on the face and abdomen more or less ferruginous

Hab Malabar, Sikhim, Tenasserim, Japan & Length 15-18,

2 unknown exp. 28-35 mm

311. Pompilus infestus, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 430

9 Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, the clypeus convex, transversely rectangular, its sides rounded, the front of the face flat, with an abbreviated impressed line running from the anterior ocellus to between the antennæ; median segment short, rounded posteriorly, and with a steep slope to its apex, legs stout with a few scattered spines, anterior tibiæ and tarsi feebly cliated on the outer side. Ferruginous red, the wings flavo-hyaline, broadly infuscated at apex, nervures brown, tegulæ ferruginous, the clypeus, the inner margin of the eyes, a line on the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot on the posterior tibiæ at base, the basal two joints of the intermediate and posterior tarsi, and the 3rd and 4th segments of the abdomen yellow.

Hab Indis Q Length 15; exp 25 mm

The type and only known specimen is in the collection of the British Museum, South Kensington

- 312. Pompilus ariadne, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, pp 457, & 462, pl. ii, figs 7, 7 a
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen prumose, head strikingly concave behind, convex in front and sessile, pronotum long; scutellum and postscutellum somewhat prominent, median segment long, with a gradual slope posteriorly, depressed at apex in the middle, the sides produced into slight conical projections, the whole thorax and also the abdomen, which is pseudosessile, compressed laterally, legs stout, the tibiæ and tarsi slightly spinose Black, the anterior margin of the clypeus, the antennæ beneath, and the tarsi testaceous, the posterior tibial calcaria white; the head above, the pro- and mesonotum, and the segments of the abdomen at base covered with thin silvery pile, wings fusco-hyaline

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal; Tenasserim Q. Length 6-7, exp

11 mm

- 313 Pompilus reflexus, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1873, p 189, Q
 Pompilus familiaris, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 147, Q (nec
 Smith, Cat 111, p 150)
 Pompilus detectus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891,
 pp 458 & 474, pl. 111, fig 25
- Q Head thorax, and legs prumose, abdomen smooth, somewhat shining, head much broader than the thorax, clypeus transverse, its anterior margin porrect, straight in the middle, oblique at the sides; thorax laterally compressed, the median segment rounded posteriorly, the slope at apex steep, legs stout, with the tibie and tarsi sparsely spinose, abdomen pseudosessile, as long as the head and thorax together. Black, the head and thorax in certain lights with silvery pile, most dense on the clypeus, sides of the face, and median segment, the basal abdominal segment except at the extreme base, the 2nd, and basal half of the 3rd ferruginous red, the remainder black, the apex of the anal segment reddish with stiff scattered hairs, wings fusco-hyaline, with a broad darker fuscous margin at apex; nervures and tegulæ testaceous brown

Hub Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim; Japan ♀ Length 10-11; exp 19-21 mm

- 314 Pompilus leucophæus, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 92, d, idem, 1867, p 352
- d Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, densely prunose, clypeus transverse, subconvex, its anterior margin slightly emarginate, thorax long, nearly as long as the abdomen, the median segment with a very slight slope to its apex, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the calcaria of the intermediate and posterior tibiæ about two-thirds the length of the metatarsus, abdomen subpeticlate, slightly flattened vertically. Black, covered with dense slate-coloured pile, which forms broad bands on the abdomen at the base of the segments wings fusco-hvaline, clearer at their base, a large spot on each side on the clypeus, the inner margin of the eyes to above the base of the antennæ, an abbreviated line on the outer margin, and the posterior margin of the pronotum yellow, the antennæ beneath fulvous, the calcaria of the intermediate and posterior legs white

Hab Sikhim; Tenasserim; Malay Peninsula o. Length 11;

exp 22 mm

- 315 Pompilus limbatus, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1861, p 78, &, idem, 1867, p 353
- d Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, prumose, clypeus subconvex, its anterior margin truncate, the pronotum short, its posterior margin arched, the median segment with a steep slope, slightly rounded, and bearing an obscure impressed line down its middle, legs very long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the calcaria of the intermediate and posterior tibiæ nearly as long as the metatirsus, abdomen subpetiolate. Head, thorax, and abdomen blueblack, the sides of the clypeus, the lower portion of the inner margin of the eves, an abbreviated line behind them, and a line on the posterior margin of the pronotum yellow, the antennæ fulvous beneath, the face in front, the sides of the thorax, the coxe, trochanters, and femora, and a band at the base of the 2nd and 3rd segments of the abdomen covered with a thin sericeous silvery pile, wings fusco-hyaline, lighter at the base

Hab Sikhim, Tenasserim, extending to Celebes & Length 16;

exp 30 mm

- 316 Pompilus ephippiatus, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 148
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth the clypeus subconvex, its anterior margin very slightly emarginate, thorax long, prothorax bulging at the sides, broader than the mesothorax, median segment level, rounded and truncate at apex, legs with stout scattered spines, anterior tibie and tarsi cliated on the outer side, claws bifid Black, with the pro- and mesonotum and scutellum ferruginous red, wings fusco-hyaline, with a broad darker fuscous border, a line along the inner margin of the eyes and an abbreviated one behind them yellow, vertex ferruginous, the median segment and legs with a fine changeable silvery pile, and the apical

161

margins of the abdominal segments with fasciæ of the same, which on the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th segments are prolonged forward angularly

Hab Bombay Q Length 12, erp 18 mm

The type and only known specimen is in the collection of the British Museum at South Kensington

- 317. Pompilus lascivus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, pp 459 & 475, pl in, fig 26
 Pompilus ignicolor, Bingh P Z S 1896, p 432, Q, pl xv, fig 2
- P Head and thorax in front very finely granular and opaque, median segment and abdomen pruinose, head broad, broader than the thorax, clypeus transverse, subporrect, its anterior margin widely arched, pronotuin bulging at the shoulders, laterally narrowed towards the head, scutellum large, triangularly compressed in the middle, median segment broad, rounded posteriorly, with a somewhat steep slope to the apex, legs stout, the tibia and tarsi sparsely spinose, abdomen pseudosessile, about as long as the head and thorax together. Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum dull brick-red, median segment and abdomen opaque black, the flagellum of the antennæ, anterior and intermediate legs obscurely tuscous red, wings light fusco-hyaline, clear hyaline at base and extreme apical margin of the fore wing

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Ceylon Q Length 8, exp

14 mm

- *318 Pompilus vitiosus, Smith, J A S B Alvii, pt 2, 1878, p 167, J
- "3 Ferruginous, the thorax with black markings, and the abdomen fusco-ferruginous towards the apex. The antennæ tuscous above, the eyes and tips of the mandibles black, the front before the antennæ pale reddish yellow. The mesothorax with a black longitudinal stripe on each side the thorax at the sides and beneath paler than the disk, and with a golden lustre, the pectus black, wings fusco-hyaline. The extreme base of the abdomen black, the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd segments with their apical margins fusco-ferruginous, the following segments entirely so

"Length 6½ lines"
Hab Tenasserim

This species was procured in December 1876, by Mi Ossian Limborg, somewhere east of Moulinein, probably at the foot of Moolayit, a peak 5000 feet in height, in the Dawnat range. The type is, I believe, in the Museum of the Asiatic Society of Bengal at Calcutta, but I have not seen it, and although I have collected over the same ground as Limborg I have never procured this Pompular.

*319 Pompilus zebra, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, pp 460 & 475, pl iii, fig 27

"Black, the mandibles, apex of clypeus, inner orbits of the eyes to near the top broadly, the outer narrowly, a broad band on the pronotum, tegulæ, the abdomen with a band on the base of the 2nd segment, the 3rd entirely, on the others except a band on the base of the 4th, the apex of the femora broadly, the tibiæ and tars, and the antennæ dull ferrugmous, the head and thorax bearing long white hairs Head a little wider than the thorax. the eyes arcuate above, the rest parallel, ocelly in a triangle, separated from each other by about the same distance that they are from the eves Clypeus short, rounded at the apex Prothorax a little longer than the head, narrowed gradually towards the base Median segment about as long as the prothorax, gradually rounded to the apex, the apical half bearing a dense covering of white hair Abdomen semisessile, a little longer than the head and thorax united, its apex moderately acute, the apical segment Legs densely prumose, stout, the tibie with reddish aciculate spines widely separated, the three middle being the longest, the long white spur of the hind tibiæ reaches beyond the middle of the metatarsus Claws with a thick basal tooth There is no apparent sculpture on the body, there is a narrow furrow in the centre of the front, the occiput convex The stigma is obscure testaceous, the hind wings are only infuscated at the apex

"Length 10-11 mm "Hab Shillong"

*320 Pompilus comptus, Lepel Hym 111, p 425, \$\times\$ Smith, Cat 111, p 144, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 457

"Antennæ blackish, tinted with red below Head black, base of the mandibles reddish, the clypeus and front almost up to the antennæ covered with a silky, silvery pile, above this the orbits of the eyes up to the vertex reddish. Thorax black, the prothorax, the metathorax above, and scutellum reddish Abdomen black, with silvery pile, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th segments with an oval black mark on each side, these spots nearly meeting above Legs black, clothed with silvery pile Wings somewhat fuscous, chiefly at the apex and along the posterior margin The whole usect is covered with this silvery pile, but only such portions have been noted as are conspicuous, from the density of the Prothorax rather long, nearly square, its posterior border arly emarginate. Metathorax rather long, bearing a longiangularly emarginate tudinally impressed line, squarely truncate posteriorly, with two large and semicircular fosettes Third cubital cell narrowed towards the radial, smaller than the second Female "Hab India"

POMPILUS 163

*321 Pompilus mæstus

Pompilus arrogans, Smith, 2nd Yark Miss, Hym 1878, p 14, Q (nec Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1873, p 187, Q)

" Q P ater, abdominis basi rufo-terruginea, alis anticis fuscis

"Black, the head subopaque and finely longitudinally rugulose, the anterior margin of the clypeus slightly rounded, the mandibles rufo-piceous at their apex. Thorax slightly shining above, and having a thin grey sericeous pile, the metathorax concave in the middle posteriorly the anterior wings fuscous, palest at their base, the posterior pair hyaline, with the apex slightly clouded, the second submarginal cell subquadiate, the third longer than the second and slightly narrowed towards the marginal cell, the tarsi thickly spinose, the tibiæ with a few scattered spines, the tips of the cliws of the tarsi ferruginous. Abdomen the three basal segments terruginous, the apical margin of the third and the following segments black. Female, length 6 lines

"Hab Dras, Kargil, and Leh in Ladák Taken in August and

September "

*322 Pompilus atripes, Smith, 2nd Yark Miss, Hym p 14, 9

"Q P niger, abdomine ferrugineo, apice nigro, alis fuscis, antennis crassis

"Black, the head smooth and shiming, very finely punctured, the antennæ much thicker in the middle than is usual in the genus. Thorax finely pilose, shining, and finely punctured above, the posterior margin of the prothorax angulated, the metathorax smooth and shining, with a central impressed line not quite extending to the apex, wings fuscous, clearer towards their base, legs entirely black, as are also the spines and calcaria that arm the tibiæ at their apex, tibiæ only very slightly spinose. Abdomen smooth and shining, the three basal segments ferruginous Female, length 3½ lines (7 mm)

" Hab Murree, Punjab hills "

Unknown to me, but, so far as the description goes, very close to the same author's P reflectus, it not identical with it

Note — Pompilus divisus, Smith, described in the same work as coming from the Sind valley, Kashmir, proved when set out to be not a Pompilus at all but an ichneumon (see Waterhouse's 'Aid,' ii, pl 169, fig 2)

*323 Pompilus pedalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, pp 459 & 461, pl in, fig 6

"Black, the basal two segments entirely and the basal twothirds of the third red, the head and thorax densely covered with grey pile, the wings fusco-violaceous, the base to the transverse basal nervuie subhyaline Eyes arcuate, distinctly converging beneath Ocelli large, in a curve, separated from each other by a much greater distance than they are from the eyes, the anterior in a pit, and an oblique short furrow runs from the posterior Clypeus short, subarcuate The head almost hoary, with a greyishwhite pubescence, on the top it is shorter, convex in front, concave behind Occiput convex Prothorax longer than the head, longer than broad, narrowed towards the head, at apex angled in the centre Median segment as long as the prothorax, with a very slight slope above, the sides at the apex projecting into a longish sharp triangular tooth Abdomen sessile, longer than the head and thorax united, prumose, the apical segment impunctate Antennæ short, about as long as the thorax, stout Legs densely prumose, the hinder tibiæ sparsely spined, the hind tibiæ not much longer than the metatarsus, the long spur of the hind tibiæ reaches to the middle of the latter Claus bifid at apex, the tarsı without a brush "

Hab Barrackpore

No measurements are given nor is the sex mentioned The species is unknown to me

*324 Pompilus beatus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 457 & 473, pl 111, fig 22

"Black, the pronotum with a broad yellow band, the three basal segments of the abdomen, except the apex laterally of the third, red, wings fusco-violaceous Head small, narrower than tne thorax, convex in front, and to a less extent behind sharply arcuate at the top, reaching well back behind laterally, converging a little below Ocelli in a curve, separated from the eyes by a less distance than they are from each other longish from the front view, the clypeus being produced below the eye, its apex transverse Clypeus and cheeks covered with a dense silvery pubescence A narrow furrow on the front Piothorax a little longer than the head, broadly arcuate behind, narrowed a little towards the head Median segment with a gradual slope, and with a transverse ridge at the apex Abdomen sessile, very gradually and slightly narrowed towards the apex, prumose, the two apical segments densely covered with silvery Legs stout, the hinder tibiæ with the spines of pubescence moderate thickness and length, the long spur of the hind tibin reaching close to the apex of the metatarsus Antenna chort, stout, tapering towards the apex Second (? third) cubital cellule subpetiolate

"Hab Bangalore South India (Indian Museum, Calcutta)"

- 325 Pompilus bracatus, Bingh Jour Bomb Nat Hist Soc v, 1890, p 236, Q (non 3), Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1891, p 457
- Q Smooth, prumose, the clypeus subconvex, its anterior margin boldly arched, posterior transverse, bisinuate, the eyes

convergent, above about half the width apait that they are below, the front with an impressed line from the anterior ocellus to between the antennæ, mesonotum with a longitudinal short furrow close to each tegula, median segment with a rounded slope posteriorly, its apical margin recurved, legs with the tibiæ and tarsi thickly spinose, claws unidentate at base below, abdomen pseudosessile Velvety black, wings fuscous, with a broad dark apical margin, the middle of the wings obliquely subhyaline, with a yellowish tint, nervures fuscous, tegulæ ferruginous, head (except a fuscous mark round and below the ocelli), a broad stripe on the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot on the scutellum, and the apical half of the femora, with the tibiæ and tarsi, ferruginous, the apex of the antennæ and the last two joints of the tarsi fuscous, abdomen covered with a short, dense, soft, velvety The o differs in having less of the ferruginous colour about it, and in the tibiæ and tarsi being less spinose

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Japan 2 Length 16-19,

eap 28-35 mm & somewhat smaller

326 Pompilus dædalus, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 429

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus convex, subtriangular, its anterior margin very slightly rounded, nearly transverse, the inner margin of the eyes distinctly curved outwards, a well-marked impressed line from the anterior occllus to between the bases of the autennæ, the occiput transverse almost emarginate, the sides of the mesonotum raised, and a short shallow longitudinal furrow on each side above the tegulæ, the scutellum prominent, the median segment short, truncated at apex, the truncation with obscure transverse striæ, legs stout, the tibiæ and taisi spinose, abdomen pseudosessile, obscurely prumose. Head, thorax, and abdomen black, the antennæ, and the tibiæ and tarsi of all the legs piceous brown, wings fuscous brown, the apex of the radial cell in the fore wing acutely angled, the 2nd and 3rd cubital cells subequal, the posterior margins of the segments of the abdomen narrowly testaceous

Hab Sikhim, Tenasserim 2 Length 15-19, exp 28-36 mm

- 327 Pompilus canifrons, Smith, Cat 111, p 146, Q
 Pilochemis canifrons, Smith, Join Linn Soc 1867, p 354.
 Pompilus atropos, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 146
 Salius canifrons, Cam Mem Manch L Ph. Soc (4) 1v, 1891,
 p 450
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, prunose, clypeus transverse, its anterior margin slightly arched and curved downwards, the scutellum large, compressed at the sides, the median segment short, with a steep, slightly rounded slope to its apex, bearing an obscure longitudinal medial furrow, which does not extend to the apex, legs stout, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the

claws unidentate at base below, not bifid, abdomen sessile, acuminate at apex. Black, the wings dark fuscous, with a purple effulgence, the clypeus, median segment, coxe, trochanters, and base of the femora with a thin silvery pile, the abdomen with bands of cinereous pile at the base of the 1st-5th segments above and below, the apical segment entirely covered with cinereous pile and studded with stiff black hairs. The form of the median segment varies, it is sometimes long with the apex rounded, steep, almost truncate, the cinereous bands on the abdomen are also in some specimens abraded more or less, or completely wanting

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim, Sumatra Q Length 15-

19, erp 29-38 mm

328 Pompilus simillimus, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 149, 2

Q Closely resembles P canifrons and P perplexus, Smith, differs in the median segment being square not rounded, its lateral angles being produced into tubercles, and its posterior face being markedly concave. Like canifions, this species is black, with bands of plumbeous grey pile at the base of the segments of the abdomen, wings fuscous, the 2nd and 3rd cubital cells equal

Hab Calcutta 2 Length 13, exp 26 millim

The type and only specimen I have seen is in the collection of the British Museum, South Kensington

- *329 Pompilus ignobilis, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 60, 2, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 459
- Somewhat stout, smooth Head compressed, well separated from the thorax, ocelli in a triangle, and therefore placed slightly on the slope of the vertex, clypeus short, transverse, a little arcuately emarginate Front sulcate, not at all or but very slightly tuberculate above the antennæ Eves subarcuate, con-Pronotum anteriorly broadly round, posteriorly verging at top Scutellum level in the middle, narrowed posteriorly Metathorax smooth, short, roundly truncate, furrowed, the anterior lobe hidden, smooth on either side, no tubercles on the stigmata Abdomen ovato-conical, longer than the head and thorax, the 2nd and 3rd segments triangularly depressed on the margin not pubescent, but pruinose, head pronotum, and thorax below somewhat cinereous, the clypeus and the lower part of the face silvery, labrum fusco-testaceous, the pleure, metanotum, antennæ legs, and abdomen with bluish-purple pile, the last at apex and The intermediate and posterior tibiæ below with black hairs strongly spinose in rows, the tarsi spinose, beneath with dense minute spines, claws armed beneath with an erect tooth fusco-violaceous, iridescent, the apex submarginally marked by a pale arched line, the extreme apex purplish radial cell lanceolate, the apex acute, 2nd cubital cell much broader than high, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure nearly at the apea, the 3rd cubital cell

POMPILUS 167

a little in shape of a trapezium, receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure a little beyond the middle, the 2nd transverse cubital nervure oblique

"Hab Ceylon Q Length 19, wing 16 millim"

- 330 Pompilus perplexus, Smith, Cat 111, p 147, Q
 Priocnemis perplexus, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1867, p 354
 Pompilus lachesis, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 146
 Salius perplexus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891,
 p 452
- Q Closely resembles *P camfrons*, but is a slighter, smaller insect altogether, the anterior margin of the clypeus is more arched, the thorax longer in proportion, the median segment more rounded posteriorly, the tibiæ and tarsi of the legs less spinose, and the abdomen more cylindrical in form Black, the wings light fuscous, somewhat hyaline at base, abdomen with a purple bloom seen only in certain lights

Hab Sikhim, Tenasserim, Sumatra Q Length 11-14, eap 22-27 mm & somewhat smaller and slighter

- *331 Pompilus parthenope, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 459 & 476
- "Black, the wings fusco-violaceous Eyes almost parallel Ocelli separated from the eyes by a distinctly greater distance than they are from each other Clypeus with the sides rounded, the middle slightly waved and margined Head moderately welldeveloped behind the eyes, the occuput a little concave notum hardly so long as the head, the sides rounded segments (segment?) a little longer than the prothorax, having a gradually rounded slope to the apex, the middle with a wide shallow furrow, alutaceous, covered with a fulvons down men shining, the petiole becoming gradually wider towards the aper, so that it is then more than twice the width of the base Apical segment rugose, thickly covered with stiff hairs second cubital cellule at the top more than twice the length of the third, at the bottom equal in length to it, the third at the top about one-third the length of the bottom, third transverse cubital nervure with a gradual curve to the top, the first recurrent nervure is received near the apex, the second a little beyond the Legs prumose, the spines sparse, the long joint (sic) of the hind tibiæ short, not reaching the middle of the metatarsus "Hab South-east Provinces (Madras) Length 15 min"

332 Pompilus bioculatus, Bingh Journ Linn Soc 1896, p 431

P Head, thorax and abdomen smooth, prumose, the clypens subconvex, its anterior margin arched, its posterior nearly transverse, the scutellum large, compressed at the sides, the median

segment short, with a rounded truncation posteriorly, legs with the



Fig 36 — Pompilus bioculatus,

tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the spines short, stout, and scattered, claws unidentate at base below, abdomen pseudosessile. Black, the head, except an irregular black mark on the front reaching the base of the antennæ, a broad stripe on the posterior margin of the pronotum, a square spot at the apex of the mesonotum, the scutellum in the middle, the legs, except the coxæ, trochanters, base of the femora, and the apical joints of the taisi, and two linear spots at the base of the 2nd segment of the abdomen, ferruginous red, wings terruginous, with their apical

borders broadly fuscous The spots on the abdomen are sometimes obsolete

Hab Sikhim, Burma, extending to China and Japan Q Length 12-17, exp 30-35 mm 3 somewhat smaller.

333 Pompilus unifasciatus (Pl I, fig 7)

Smith, Cat 111, p 145, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 460

Pompilus exortivus, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1873, p 188, 2

Q Head, pro- and mesothorax smooth, very slightly pubescent, median segment covered with a thin soft pubescence, posteriorly rounded, with a steep slope to the apex, legs with the tibus and tails stoutly spinose, abdomen promose, with a thin covering of short recumbent hairs. Ferruginous red, with a silky lustre in certain lights, the wings ferruginous yellow, broadly fuscous at apex, three or four of the apical joints of the intermediate and posterior tarsi and the abdomen black, the latter has a transverse fascia at the base of the 2nd and the whole of the apical segment ferruginous. A variety has the pro- and mesonotum marked with yellow over the ferruginous, others have the median segment shaded with fuscous, and occasionally the basal segment of the abdomen will have stains of ferruginous red

Hab India, Burma, Malacca, China, and Japan Q Length

23-26, erp 45-48 mm 3 somewhat smaller

334 Pompilus aliciæ, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 431, pl xiv, figs 5, 5a

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, very slightly prumose, clypeus broader than high, convex, slightly projecting, somewhat emarginate anteriorly in the middle, prothorax squarish in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum arched, median segment rounded, with a very steep slope to the apex, legs stout, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the spines long and irregular, abdomen subsessile, as long as the head and thorax united, its apical segment studded with stiff hairs. Black, the bisal two-thirds of the clypeus, the front and vertex, the scape of the antennæ, a broad line on the posterior margin of the pronotum, a square spot

POMPILUS 169

at the apex of the mesonotum, the centre of the scutchlum and of the postscuteilum, and the tibiæ and tarsi of the legs ferruginous yellow, wings ferruginous, broadly infuscated at apex, the nervures and tegulæ terruginous, abdomen black with a broad abbreviated ferruginous line at the bases of the 2nd and 3rd segments above the apical segment with pale yellow silky pile and a few long ferruginous hairs

Hab Mergui, South Tenasserim Q Length 20, eap 36 mm

B FERREOLA Group —Second ventral segment with a transverse furrow

- 335 Pompilus rothneyi, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, pp 460 & 463, pl iii, fig 9

 Pompilus hero, Cam t c pp 459 & 466, pl iii, fig 12
- Q Closely resembles P pedestris, Smith, differs in structure in the following points—the clypeus is broader, its anterior margin being transverse, in pedestris the anterior margin is oblique at the sides and widely emarginate in the middle, the pronotum is longer with a more gradual slope anteriorly, the median segment is slightly longer, and the abdomen more sessile and thicker at base. In colour P rothneys has the flagellum of the intennæ below and the posterior femora and tibiæ black instead of red, and there is no yellow fascia on the posterior margin of the pronotum. The two species exist together, but, so far as I have been able to observe, P rothneys frequents the thickest forest, while pedestris is to be found in the open and occasionally comes into houses

Hab Sikhim, Bariackpore, Bengal, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon & Length 11-14, exp 20-24 mm & Length 7-12,

erp 21-23 mm

- 336 Pompilus pedestris, Smith, Cat 111, p 147
 Priocnemis pedestris, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1867, p 354
 Salius pedestris, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 452
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen densely prumose, the clypeus transverse, its antenor margin widely emarginate, the front of the face flat, the median segment compressed at the sides, subconvex, nearly level above, posteriorly emarginate, legs with the tarsi spinose, the spines stout and scattered, claws bind, abdomen pseudosessile Black, covered with a dense silvery-grey pile, the black colour showing through on the vertex of the head, as a broad interrupted subapical fascia on the posterior border of the pronotum, and as bands on the posterior margins of the segments of the abdomen, wings fusco-hyaline, with a broad apical fuscous margin, the disc yellowish, the nervures and tegulæ testaceous, the intermediate femora narrowly close to the apex, and the apex of the posterior femora and tibæ blood-red

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim, extending to Sumatra Q.

Length 10-13, exp 22-24 mm.

337. Pompilus cameronii, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, p 378, pl 1, fig 6
Ferreola fenestrata, Bingh (nec Smith) Jour Bomb N H Soc v, 1890, p 239, & J, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 460

Prumose, the head convex in front, the clypeus oval, its sides oblique, its anterior margin transverse in the middle, pro-



Fig 37 — Pompilus cameronii, 3 }

thorax long, anteriorly sharply truncate, its posterior margin transverse above, median segment with the middle and sides raised, sulcated between the raised portions and also bearing a medial longitudinally impressed line, its posterior margin deeply emarginate, the emargination longitudinally striate, legs with the tibiæ and tarsi slightly spinose, abdomen smooth, pruinose Black, an abbreviated line along the inner orbits of the eyes yellow, the pro- and mesonotim brick-red, the median segment, legs, and abdo-

men with a beautiful iridescent pile, vivid purple and blue in certain lights, wings fuscous, the base of the fore wing and the hind wing for more than half its length hyaline

of similar, but with the anterior margin of the clypeus broadly

yellow

Hab Burma (Rangoon, Pegu), Tenasserim Q Length 17, exp 26 mm & Length 11, exp 17 mm

Pompilus circe, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 457
 Ferreola fenestrata, Smith, Cat 111, p 169, Q (nec Smith, Pompilus fenestratus, Cat 111, p 144)

P Head, thorax, and abdomen prumose, head sessile, convex in front, concave posteriorly, clypeus small, almost crescentic, the base of the antennæ very low down on the face immediately above the clypeus, the flagellum thick, subfusiform, porrect, pronotum very long, cylindrical, its posterior margin transverse, scutellum large and prominent, median segment long, the sides flattened above, nearly level, only slightly convex, the apex depressed and deeply concave, the sides forming tubercular projections, legs with the tibiæ and tarsi slightly prumose, abdomen vertically flattened Black, the thorax posteriorly and the abdomen with obscure purple tints in certain lights, the clypeus and front with silvery pile the pronotum ferruginous red wings ligaline at base for half their length, beyond fuscous, with a purple effulgence

o similar but smaller, and with the prothorax and median

segment longer in proportion

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 13 exp 20 mm & Length 11, exp. 20 mm

POMPILUS 171

339 Pompilus ilus, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, p 378, pl 1, tg 7 Ferreola fasciata, Bingh (nec Smith) Jour Bomb N H Soc v, 1890, p 241 Pompilus fasciatus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891,

Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, but very sparsely punctured and slightly prumose, clypeus subtriangular, widely emarginate anteriorly, the sides rounded, the median segment compressed at the sides, subconvey, almost level above, its posterior face deeply concave, with the sides produced into sharp tubercles, legs with the tibine and tarsi having only a very few minute spines, abdomen pseudosessile Black, the abdomen with a purple bloom and bands of silvery pile on the posterior margins of the 1st-4th segments wings hyaline for half their length, the apical half tuscous, nervures and tegulæ black

Hub Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 27, exp 3 much smaller and slighter Length 15, exp 27 mm

340 Pompilus dimidiatipennis

Ferreola dimidiatipennis, Sauss Hym d Nov Reise, p 46, Q Ferreola greenii, Bingh Jour Bom N H Soc 1890, p 240, Q Pompilus dimidiatipennis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv. 1891, p 458

Prumose, the head small, sessile with the thorax, clypeus vertical, nearly flat anteriorly, semicircular, pronotum short, its anterior and posterior margins both nearly transverse, scutellum large, prominent, laterally compressed, median segment flattish above, concave posteriorly, the sides produced backwards, legs short, stout, with a few irregular spines, abdomen vertically compressed, longer than the head and thorax together Black or rather obscure deep blue, the head, the pronotum, mesonotum, scutellum, and a line on the postscutellum covered with silvery pile, the median segment and abdomen with a rich dark violet pile wings silvery hyaline for half their length from base, the apical halt dark fuscous, with a brilliant purple effulgence, nervures and tegulæ black A variety (greeni, Bingh) has the front over the base of the antennæ strikingly tuberculate

Hab Ceylon \(\text{\$\superpressure Length 17-20} \), exp 29 mm

- 341 Pompilus hecate, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, pp 458 & 462, pl 111, fig 8
- Black, plumose, the face densely covered with a silvery pile, the wings hyaline, the apex infuscated Eyes broadly arcuate, a little converging beneath, ocelli large, almost forming a triangle, the posterior separated from each other by a greater distance than they are from the eyes Clypeus short, transverse, the sides rounded Head behind very little developed and almost Prothorax not much longer than the head, almost transverse behind, not much narrowed in front Median part of

scutellum narrowed distinctly towards the apex, median segment longer than the mesothorax, depressed in the middle at apex, the laterally produced angles broad, short—Abdominal segments with a broad belt of silvery prumose pubescence—Legs moderately long, the hinder tibiæ with few spines—longish and black—The transverse basal nervure is not interstitial

"Length 7 mm

" Hab Barrackpore"

The type and only specimen in Mr Rothney's collection is now without a head and otherwise damaged, I have therefore quoted Mr Cameron's original description in full

342 Pompilus mirandus

Ferreola miranda, Sauss Noiaia Reisc, Hym p 49, fig 30, Q Pompilus miranda, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1891, p 459

Head broader than the thorax, smooth, clypeus transverse, anteriorly concavo-truncate, pronotum transverse, broadly square, angularly emarginate posterioily, scutellum somewhat compressed in the middle, inedian segment long, the apex slightly nairowed, roundly truncate, above transversely streate and turrowed, posteriorly above emarginate, the lateral angles produced, abdomen compressed, long, longer than the head and thorax united, legs slender, the intermediate and posterior tibia armed with a few Blackish plumbeous, with a silvery pile wings hyalme, nervures fuscous, the apex beyond the radial cell in fore wing infuscate, iadial cell short beneath, the radial nervuie almost concave in the middle, base and apex acutely angled, 2nd cubital cell broad, oblique on the inner side, 3rd cubital cell much smaller, much arched outwardly at base and apex, 2nd cubital cell receives the 1st, and the 3rd cubital cell the 2nd recurrent nervure in the middle respectively, both cubital and discoidal nervures stop short of the margin of the wing

Hab Trincomali, Ceylon Q Length 5, wing 4 mm

343 Pompilus myrmecoides, n sp

Q Very ant-like in shape and appearance, head and thorax in front strongly accoulate, median segment finely rugulose, abdomen smooth and shining, very finely and only partially accoulate, head strongly convex in tront, the occiput concave, the antennæ planted very low down on the front, the pronotum very long, the sides parallel and anteriorly suddenly narrowed towards the head, posterior margin transverse, mesonotum and scutellum very short, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a short longitudinal furrow at base, legs short, the coxæ and temora remarkably stout, tibiæ and tarsi with very minute spines, abdomen long, cylindrical, slightly curved downwards. Dull opaque black, the apical segment of the abdomen, the joints of the tarsi at apex, and the tibial calcaria testaceous wings dark fuscous, fore wing, a spot in the medial cell, a transverse fascia from the apex of the

1st cubital cell, and a subapical spot beyond the radial cell lacteous white, hind wing clear hyaline

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 11, eap 20 mm 3 unknown Type in British Museum

344 Pompilus lusciosus, n sp

Head and thorax in front strongly aciculate, scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment transversely striate, abdomen smooth and shining, head convex anteriorly, the occiput markedly concave, the clypeus transverse, very narrow, antennæ stout, their bases low down just above the clypeus, vertex very slightly arched, nearly flat, the ocelli particularly small and inconspicuous, pronotum and median segment both much lengthened, subcylindrical, the former rounded and narrowed towards the head, the latter abruptly rounded at apex, legs stoutish, the tibix and tarsi with minute spines, abdomen long, as long as the head and thorax together, pseudosessile, subcylindrical, the apical segment long and acute at apex Head and abdomen black, thorax dull red, the scape, the basal four joints of the flagellum of each antenna, and the legs fuscous red, the tibial spurs testaceous wings fuscous, fore wing with a large spot in the medial cell, an oblique fiscia crossing from the base of the stigma to the posterior margin, and the apex of the wing milky white, hind wing lighter fuscous, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Ceylon Q Length 7, eap 12 mm

This well-marked little species is a typical Ferreola, a genus which merges into Pompilus

Genus CEROPALES

Evania, pt, Fabr Syst Ent p 345 (1775) Ceropales, Latr Piéc caract gen Ins p 123 (1796), Fabi Syst Piez p 185 (1804), Smith, Cat in, p 177 (1855), Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 51

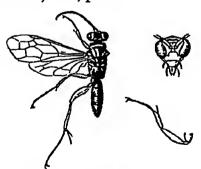


Fig 38 - Ceropales permix, d

Type, C maculata, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head with the labrum exserted beneath the clypeus eyes reaching up to the base of the mandibles antennæ in the 2 like

those of the 3, never convolute. Fore wing with the basal nervure interstitial, three cubital cells, the 2nd receiving the 1st recurrent nervure before the middle, the 3rd the 2nd recurrent nervure after the middle, the cubital and discordal nervures both, as a rule, reaching the margin of the wing, legs long, the posterior pair often remarkably so, arinature feeble of wanting, the fore tibue and tarsi not ciliated, abdomen short, 2nd ventral segment without a transverse furrow, the sting-sheath in the 2 sometimes exserted

Nothing, so far as I know, has been ascertained about the habits of the species of this genus. They are exceedingly rare in India and Burma, where I have collected

Key to the Species

- A Wings fuscous or fusco-hvaline a Abd men yellow, basal margins of segments fuscous or ferruginous C ornata, p 174 basal segment b Abdomen ferruginous, black C fuscipennis, p 174 B Wings flavo-hyaline, apex fuscous a Abdomen reddish yellow, with rufo-fuscous transverse bands C flavo-picta, p 175 b Abdomen yellow, with black transverse bands C annulitar sis, p 175 C Wings hyaline Head, thorax, and abdomen testaceous yellow, markings brighter yellow
 Head and thorax black C pernu, p 176 a' Markings on clypeus, sides of face, pronotum, and median segment white C alborariegata, p 176 Markings on clypeus, sides of face, and pronotum clear yellow C claripennis, p 176
- 345 Ceropales ornata, Smith, Cat m, p 179, 2, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) w, 1891, p 434
- "? Length $3\frac{1}{2}$ lines" (8 mm) "Head yellow, with a transverse fuscous line on the vertex Thorax yellow, the mesothorax and base of the metathorax black or fuscous, the former has a yellow spot in the middle, the legs yellow, variegated with ferruginous stains, the wings fusco-hyaline Abdomen yellow, the basal margins of the segments ferruginous, beneath pale ferruginous, sometimes the basal margins are fuscous, in other examples fusco-ferruginous
 - ' Ĥab India (coll W W Saunders)"
- 346 Ceropales fuscipennis, Smith, Cat 111, p 179, \$\rightarrow\$, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 17, 1891, p 432
- "? Length 4 lines" (9 mm) "Black, the orbits of the eyes slightly interrupted at their vertex, the clypeus, mandibles, and scape in front yellow the basal half of the flagellum fulvous beneath Thorax, the prothorax above, the tegulæ, and legs ferruginous, the coxe and trochanters black, the apical joints of the

intermediate and posterior tarsi fuscous, wings subfuscous, nervures fuscous Abdomen ferruginous, the basal segment black "Hab India (coll W W Saunders)"

- 347 Ceropales flavo-picta, Smith, Cat 111, p 178, 5, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1v, 1891, p 434
- "d Length 6 lines" (13 mm) "Head yellow, having a ferruginous stain on the vertex and a fuscous spot before the ocelli, the autennæ terruginous, their apex fuscous above, tips of the mandibles ferruginous Thorax beneath and also the sides black, above reddish yellow, the anterior margin of the prothorax and a stripe passing over the tegulæ fuscous, the lateral margins of the metathorax fuscous, wings yellow, their extreme apex slightly fuscous, the legs pale ferruginous, the coxæ and trochanters fuscous Abdomen reddish-yellow, the apical margins of the segments having rufo-fuscous fasciæ

"Hab India (coll W W Saunders) *"

- *348. Ceropales annulitarsis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 434
- "Yellow, a stripe across the vertex behind the eyes, a broad one leading down from it on the front, with a small yellow mark on its centre, a broad band in front of the pronotum, from which au oblique one runs up the pleuræ, the mesonotum except along the sides, and a large squarish mark in the centre, this latter having a large black triangular mark in the centre, the mesonotum, a large oblique mark on the base of the mesopleuræ, the base of the scutellum, and the metanotum black, the greater part of the meso- and metapleuræ and the median segment reddish Abdomen yellow the 1st segment black at base and apex, the centre reddish, the 2nd segment black and red at apex, the 3rd broadly black. the 4th black at the apex, the black in the middle being continued to the base of the segment, the 5th black at the base, the black being continued in the middle to the apex, the ventral segments Legs ferruginous, the core yellow and red, the trochanters blackish, the apex of the hinder tibiæ and of the four hinder taisal joints black. Wings yellowish hyaline, the apex of both wings infuscated, the 2nd cellule (cubital?) at the top and bottom longer than the 3rd, the 2nd and 3rd transverse cubital nervures elbowed at the nuddle, thus narrowing the 2nd cubital cellule at the top, the 1st recurrent nervure is received in the apical third, the 2nd a little before the middle Antennæ ferruginous, longish, the joints curved, the 3rd and 4th joints subequal Apex of clypeus bluntly rounded, the sides rounded pronotum, and median segments bearing long white hairs

"Long 14 mm "Hab Poons"

^{*} Whilst these pages have been passing through the press, I have, through the kindness of Prof Poulton, been able to examine the types of C ornata, C fusiformis, and C flavo-picta, all now in the Hope Museum, Oxford

349 Ceropales permix, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 425

d Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, slightly shining, head broad, broader than the thorax, labrum exserted, clypeus transverse anteriorly, slightly convex, antennæ stout, porrect, eyes convergent below, a deeply impressed vertical line from the anterior occilius to between the base of the antennæ, pronotum short, its posterior margin widely arched, mesonotum with two parallel, medial, longitudinally impressed furrows, median segment long, rounded posteriorly, with a steep slope to its apex; legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi unarmed, nearly smooth, abdomen about as long as the thorax, slightly compressed laterally. Light testaceous brown, the clypeus, the inner margin of the eyes broadly, and the posterior margin of the pronotum pale yellow wings hyaline and beautifully indescent, the cubital and discoidal nervures produced to the apical margin of the fore wing, the transverse basal nervures interstitial, the tegulæ, stigma, and nervures brown.

Hab Tenasserim. & Length 8, exp. 15 mm

350 Ceropales albovariegata, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

d Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, head broad, the front only slightly convex, and the vertex nearly flat, the occiput transverse, a remarkable subcordate projection on the front above the base of the antennæ, the projection grooved down the middle or bilobed, mesonotum with two parallel well-inarked longitudinal furrows, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a somewhat steep slope to the apex and a medial longitudinal furrow, abdomen short, slightly laterally compressed Testaceous yellow, the head, pro- and mesonotum black, the clypeus, the sides of the face broadly, the projection above the base of the antenna, the niner and outer orbits, the inferior lateral angles and posterior margin of the pronotum, three irregular spots beneath the wing on the pleuræ, a spot above the tegulæ, and the inferior apical lateral angles of the median segment, white, the scape in front testaceous yellow, the basal three joints of the flagellum of the antenna beneath fulvous, wings hyaline and iridescent, the nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Ceylon 2 Length 9, exp 17 mm

*351 Ceropales claripennis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1891, p 433

"Black, shining, the mandibles, clypeus, face, orbits, except narrowly interrupted at the top, a line on the pronotum behind, the angles in front, a broad line at the apex of the mesonotum, a line on the scutellium, the metanotum, a narrow line down the middle of the median segment, the propleure beneath, a broad oblique line on the mesopleure above and two smaller ones on the lower half, and two large marks on the metapleure, clear yellow. Abdomen ferruginous, the extreme base black. Legs reddish, the fore coxe yellow, with a black

mark behind, the four hinder coxe black, yellow and red beneath, the tarsi black, the spurs pale, the hinder about two-thirds of the length of the metatarsus Wings clear hyaline, the second cellule half the length of the third above and beneath, the 1st recurrent nervure received slightly past, the 2nd slightly in front of the middle of the cellules Antennæ moderately thick, brownish beneath at the base, the third and fourth joints subequal with a distinct curve at the top, distinctly converging at the apex, they being there separated by a little more than half the length Clypeus with the sides oblique, the apex they are at the top Ocelli in a triangle, separated from the eyes by twice transverse the length they are from each other Pronotum semi-transverse, behind quadrate, the sides at the base projecting into triangular Mesonotum flattish, with two longitudinal furrows; the furrow on the mesopleuræ narrow, metanotum gibbous, median segment with a gradual slope Except on the median segment the body is almost glabrous

"Length 8-9 mm

"Hab Poona (Wroughton)" Unknown to me

Genus APORUS

Aporus, Spinola, Ins. Lig. 11, p. 35 (1808), Smith, Cat. 111, p. 174 (1855) Pompilus, pt, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges. Wien, 1884, p. 52 et seg

Type, A unicolor, Spin
Range Both hemispheres

Head subglobose, about as wide as the thorax, ocelli in a



Fig 39
Aporus cotesi,

triangle on the vertex, antennæ inserted about the middle of the face, not so long as the head and thorax united, filiform, slightly curved after death in the female, labrum concealed, clypeus subporrect, thorax convex above, scutellum minute, depressed below the level of the mesonotum, for the rest, the characters are those of *Pompilus*, except that in the fore wing there are only two cubital cells and that the anterior tarsi are not ciliated. The 2nd cubital cell receives both recurrent nervures

Note —Kohl (loc cit) considers that the species of this genus are derived directly from Pompilus by the loss, in the fore wing, of the 2nd trans-

verse cubital nervure, and that Aporus cannot be kept distinct from Pompilus It is quite probable that the one genus has been evolved from the other in the way indicated by Kobl still, as the distinctive character of two cubital cells in the fore wing seems to be constant, and generic distinction is a matter of convenience, I see no reason why Aporus should not be kept separate from Pompilus, so long as it is placed next to that genus and the relationship between the two is clearly understood

Key to the Species

A Abdomen black

a Fore wing hyaline, apex fuscescent

A bengalensis, p 178

b Fore wing fuscous, the basal, 1st cubital, 1st and base of 2nd discordal cells with a narrow subapical band hyaline

A orientalis, p 178

B Abdomen pale red, the apical segment fuscous

A cotesi, p 178

352 Aporus bengalensis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1V, 1891, p 478

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen prumose the head convex in front, remarkably concave behind, pronotum long, its posterior margin transverse, median segment long with a rounded gradual slope, the apex obscurely longitudinally striated, legs with the tibize and tarsi very sparsely spinose, abdomen pseudosessile Black, with obscure silvery pile, most dense on the clypeus and front and forming apical bands on the 1st and 2nd segments of the abdomen, wings hyaline, the fore wing lightly fuscous beyond the 2nd cubital cell, this latter is nairowed at the top and receives below both recurrent nervures

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 6, exp 10 mm

353 Aporus orientalis

Planiceps orientalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 477, pl iii, fig 1

P Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the clypeus slightly convex, its anterior margin oblique at the sides, transverse in the middle, front flat, the ocelli widely separated, a short longitudinal notch behind the two posterior ocelli pronotum rounded, two obscure tubercles in the middle anteriorly, the posterior margin regularly but very slightly arched the scutellum very prominent, the median segment short, somewhat flat, the sides vertical, the apox steeply sloped, legs stout, the tibix and tarsi with thick short spines, abdomen pseudosessile, sharply acuminate at apex Black, wings fuscous, in the fore wing the basal, the 1st cubital, 1st discoidal, base of 2nd discoidal, and a narrow band beyond the 3rd cubital and 2nd discoidal cells hyaline, in the hind wing the basal two-thirds are hyaline

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 15, exp 27 mm

354 Aporus cotesi, Cam Mem Manch L I'h Soc (4) iv, 1891, p 478, pl 111, fig 2

Q Head, thorax, and legs densely prumose, abdomen smooth, clypeus narrow, transverse, slightly convex, its anterior margin arched, front broad, with an abbreviated vertically impressed line above the base of the antennæ, pronotum rounded in front, narrowed towards the head, widely arched posteriorly, median segment long, smooth, rounded above, with a medial longitudinal shallow turrow, legs slender the tarsi spinose, the tibiæ with very minute spines, abdomen long, as long as the head and

thorax together, subpetiolate, cylindrical, abruptly tapering at Head and thorax black, covered with a dense hoary silvery pile, particularly dense on the clypeus, on the apex of the median segment, and legs, abdomen pale red, the apical segment fuscous, wings hyaline and iridescent, the fore wing fuscous at apex, the 1st recurrent nervure received just before the middle, and the 2nd recurrent nervure close to the apex of the 2nd cubital cell, nervures and tegulæ testaceous brown

Barrackpore, Bengal, Ahmedabad, Western India. Length 9, eap 17 mm & unknown Type in collection

Rothney

Family SPHEGIDÆ

The pronotum transverse, its lateral angles not prolonged back to the base of the wrugs

The above is the sole constant character that separates this rather heterogeneous family from the other families of the Fossorial

Hymenoptera

In a limited fauna as that of Great Britain, for instance, it is possible to divide the Fossores into fairly well-marked groups, which can be conveniently regarded as forming families or subtamilies, but all such limitations break down when exotic species are taken into consideration. It is therefore now generally held that the burrowing wasps with short prothoraces form only one family, containing genera, many of which have a tendency to form natural groups, while others stand more or less isolated

Key to the Genera

A Fore wing with one cubital cell

a Cubital cell confluent with 2nd discoidal

b Cubital cell not confluent with 2nd discoidal

B Fore wing with two or three cubital cells

a Abdomen pseudosessile, or if petiolate, petiole formed by the narrowing of both ventral and doisal plates of first segment

a' Radial cell of fore wing appendiculate

a- Prothona very long, with posterior portion raised in the middle, leaving sides beneath narrowly projecting

b2 Prothorax not so raised, pronotum short

and transverse

a Mandables incised on their outer margins at Fore wing with three cubital cells a' Posterior femora with a hook or

spine of tubercle at base

OLYBFLUS, p 314

CRABRO, p 321

AMPULFA, p 253

PIAGFTIA p 210

b ⁵ Posterior femora simple a ⁶ Ocelli three, complete, round a ⁷ Base of 1st abdominal segment narrowed, subpetiolate b ⁷ Base of 1st abdominal segment not narrowed, preudosessile a ⁹ Margins of abdominal segments constricted b ⁶ Margins of abdominal seg-	Lyroda, p 208 Palarus, p 213
ments not constricted a' Eyes with their inner margins arched out- wards b' Eyes with their inner margins not arched, straight, converging to- wards the vertex	[p 212 Lianthrena, Astata, p 182
 be Ocelli more or less distorted and incomplete a⁷ Pygridial area bare, not pubescent a⁸ Pronotum posteriorly on a level with mesonotum be Pronotum depressed beneath 	Larra, p 195 [p 192
the level of mesonotum b ⁷ Pygidial area pubescent a ⁸ Median segment much longer than mesonotum b ⁶ Median segment equal in length to mesonotum, or shorter	TACHYSPHEX, [p 201 NOTOGONIA, TACHYTIS, p 185
b4 Fore wing with two cubital cells b3 Mandibles not incised on their outer margins a4 Pygidial area pubescent b4 Pygidial area not pubescent b6 Radial cell of fore wing not appendiculate a2 Fore wing with two cubital cells	GASTROSERICUS, [p 216 Liris, p 205 PARALIRIS, p 208 [p 215
 a³ Inner orbits not emarginate b³ Inner orbits emarginate a¹ Outer nervures of 2nd (prop 3rd) cubital cell distinct b¹ Outer nervures of 2nd cubital cell so fine as only to be made out with some difficulty 	Miscophus, Pison pt, p 217 [p 222 Tripolilon,
b ² Fore wing with three cubital cells a ³ Inner orbits emarginate b ³ Inner orbits not emarginate a ⁴ Median segment long, flat above, with several longitudinal carine a ⁵ Median segment above not broad-	Pison pt , p 217
ened laterally, colour black b' Median segment above broadened out laterally, colour deep cærulean blue	TRIROGNA, p 260

SPHEGLDÆ

b' Median segment not particularly long, not flat above nor carnated a' Labrum very much lengthened and exserted beneath clypeus a' Labrum sharply acute at apex, 10striform b' Labrum short, not or very inconspicuously exserted beneath clypeus a' The 2nd cubital cell receiving both recurrent nervures a' The 2nd cubital cell petiolate, median segment with lateral tubercles or spines b' The 2nd cubital cell not petiolate, median segment without lateral tubercles or spines b' The 2nd cubital cell receiving the list, the 2nd cubital cell the 2nd recurrent nervure c' The 2nd cubital cell receiving the list, the 3rd cubital cell the 2nd recurrent nervure c' The 2nd cubital cell petiolate b' 2nd cubital cell petiolate b' 2nd cubital cell petiolate b' 2nd cubital cell not petiolate c' Intermediate tibie with two apical spirs a' Intermediate tibie with two apical spirs a' Second and third cubital cells in fore wing each receiving a recurrent nervure b' Second cubital cell in fore wing receiving both recurrent nervures a' Anterior tarsi ciliated exteriorly b' Intermediate tabie with one apical spir a- Three cubital cells in fore wing c' Two cubital cells in fore wing a' With one recurrent nervure in fore wing a' With one recurrent nervure in fore wing a' Petiole long, longer than succeeding abdominal segment b' Petiole short, shorter than succeeding abdominal segment	Benber, p 284 Stizls, p 276 Nysson, p 268 Gorites, p 271 Ip 270 Helioricites, Cerceris, p 299 Philanthus,
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Genus ASTATA

Astatus, Latr Précis Caract Gen Ins p 114 (1796) Astata, Lati Hist Nat Crust et Ins t 111, p 336 (1802) Dimorpha, Panz Krit Revis Faun Deutschl 11, p 126 (1806) Dryudella, pt, Spin Ann Soc Ent Fr 1843, t 1, p 135

Type, A boops, Schrank Runge Both hemispheres

Head wider than the thorax, mandibles not emarginate or incised on their outer margins, bluntly toothed on the inner side close to the apex, eyes very large, strongly convergent at top, in the 3 meeting on the central line of the vertex, occlli complete, round, placed in a triangle below the vertex, antennæ fil-



Fig 40 —Artata
agilis, & 3

form, inserted low down on the front, just above the clypeus, pronotum depressed below the level of the mesonotum, legs thick, the tibue and taisi (2) thickly, (3) less densely spinose, intermediate tibue with two apical spins, abdomen short, somewhat cordate or coincal in shape, in the 3 flattened above. Wings with one radial and three cubital cells the former long, narrow, roundly fruncate at apex and appendiculate, the 1st cubital cell obliquely oral, divided transversely by an obsolete or nearly obsolete nervine, 2nd cubital cell sub-

triangular, receiving both recurrent nervines, 3rd obliquely quid-

rate, the opposite sides nearly parallel

The large eyes and short conical abdomen of these insects make them closely resemble, in form, certain kinds of Diptera. Astata is eminently a sand-wasp, burrowing in hard sandy banks and storing its nests with larvæ of various species of Hemiptera, and the late Mi F Smith records having seen the English species of A boops conveying to its nest specimens of an allied hymenopterous insect, Orybelus

Key to the Species

A Abdomen wholly black A myricans, p 183 B Abdomen red and black a Of comparatively large size (L 10-13 mm). mesonotum anteriorly carnated and fur-A orientalis, p 183 10% cd b Smaller (L 7-10 mm), mesonotum simple a' Median segment above enclosed by A maculifrons, p 183 lateral convergent furrows b' Median segment not furrowed laterally Median segment long, finely longi-A agrhs, p 184 tudinally ieticulate b' Median segment comparatively short, coarsely reticulate . A tarda, p 184

ASTATA 183

- 355 Astata nigricans, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 151, d
- denser on the sides of the face and sides and apex of the median segment, eyes strongly convergent and meeting on the veitex, the front convex, punctured, the anterior occllus large, twice the size of the posterior ones, on the front beneath it an obscure T-shaped furrow, pio- and mesonotum, scutellum, and post-scutellum rather closely punctured, the disc of the scutellum smooth and shining, median segment long, slightly narrowed and sloping posteriorly, the apex truncate, above coarsely reticulate, with a medial longitudinal carina, abdomen shining, minutely punctured, the margins of the segments slightly depressed Black, the pubescence hoary white, silvery on the sides of the face, the tarsi and the posterior margins of the basal five segments bronzy testaceous, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures pale testaceous, tegulæ black

Hab Poona, Bombay Presidency. 3 Length 8-9, exp 16 mm

Type in coll Rothney

- 356 Astata orientalis, Smith, Cat 11, p 310, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Suc (4) 11, 1889, p 150
- d. Head above the base of the antennæ coarsely rugose and covered with thin long pubescence, the cheeks and occiput smooth, with soft thin pubescence, mesonotum, scutellum, and post-scutellum very minutely and closely punctured, the mesonotum anteriorly with two parallel, abbieviated, longitudinal carinæ, terminating posteriorly in minute tubercles, and two parallel abbreviated, longitudinally impressed lines in the space between the carinæ, scutellum impunctate, smooth, and shining in the middle, median segment long, rounded at the sides, concavo-tiuncate posteriorly, the truncation punctured, above coarsely reticulate, abdomen smooth, opaque, the basal segment at apex strongly constricted. Black, the posterior maight of the 1st and 2nd abdominal segments entirely ferruginous, wings flavo-hyaline, sometimes entirely hyaline.

Van With the basal two and basal half of the 3rd segment red Hab. Nishchindeepore, Bengal, Tenasserim & Length 10-13, erp 18-23 mm

- 357 Astata maculifrons, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 149, 3
- depressed at the sides, front convex, punctured, the punctures close above the ocelli, eyes strongly obliquely convergent, meeting above on the vertex, cheeks smooth, slining, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum shining, spaningly punctured, inedian segment as long as the rest of the thorax, truncate posteriorly, rounded towards the sides, above divided off by two deep furrows

184 SPHEGIDÆ

one on each side, meeting below the edge of the truncation in a small depression, the enclosed space corraceous, with a medial longitudinal faintly-marked carina, the sides and truncated portion of the segment rugose-punctate, abdomen smooth, shining, with a few scattered delicate punctures. Black, the front below the occili with a transverse yellow mark rounded at the sides, emarginate in the middle anteriorly, abdomen with the basal three segments and sides of the 4th red above, the head, thorax, and abdomen covered with a very spare, soft, erect fuscous pubescence, wings hyaline, the fore wing anteriorly light fuscescent, nervures testaceous, tegulæ yellow.

Hab Mussooree & Length 9, exp 17 mm Type in coll Rothney This is the Eastern representative of the British

A sirgma

358 Astata agilis, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 39, Q, Kohl, Veih

zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 447, Cam Mem Manch L Ph

Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 150

Q Head—the clypeus, the cheek and occiput, the pronotum, the sides and apex of the median segment, the coxe and femora of the legs, and the base of the abdomen covered with a long thin soft pubescence, the head in front closely punctured and bearing a medial short vertical furrow in front of the anterior occilius, pro- and mesonotum less closely punctured, the scutellum large, prominent, smooth and shining, the median segment long, truncate at apex, above and at base longitudinally reticulate, and bearing a fine medial longitudinal carina, abdomen broad, short (very short and subcordate in shape in the 3), acutely pointed at apex, very minutely and closely punctured at the bases of the segments Black, the apical margin of the 1st, the whole of the 2nd, and the base narrowly of the 3rd abdominal segment red, wings hyaline, with a faint fuscous cloud beyond the stigma, the apex pale, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of similar but smaller, more pubescent

Var The fore wing flavo-hyaline from base to apex of radial cell, byaline beyond

Hab Nishchindeepore; Tirhoot, Poona, Sikhim, Tenasserim 2 Length 7½-9, exp 14 mm & Length 7-8, exp 14 mm

359 Astata tarda, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xl (1897)

Closely resembles A agilis, Smith, from which it can be distinguished by being much more finely and closely punctured and larger. Head in front, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and post-scutellum finely and closely punctured, median segment coarsely reticulate, above the apex truncate, the head in front, the pronotum, apex of the median segment, and base of abdomen covered with a soft long thin silvery pubescence. Black, the apical margin of the 1st, the whole of the 2nd, and the basal half of the 3rd abdominal segment red, wings hyaline, very faintly fuscous on the apical margin, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

Hub Ceylon & Length 10, exp 18 mm. Type in coll Rothney

TACHYTES 185

Genus TACHYTES

Sphen, pt, Tabr Lnt Syst 11, p 215 (1793)
Pompilus, pt Fabr Lnt Syst Suppl p 251 (1798)
Larra, pt, Tabr Syst Piez p 221 (1804)
Tachytes, Panz Krit Revis Faun Doutschl 11, p 129 (1806)
Lyrops, pt, Latr Gen Crust Ins 11, p 71 (1809)

Type, T pompiliformis, Panz Range Both hemispheres

Head wider than the thorax, mandibles with a narrow incision on their outer margin close to the middle, the inner margin bidentate, clypeus and face always densely pilose or pubescent,



Fig 41
Tachyles saundersii, Q

antennæ stout, and gener ille shorter than in the genus Tachyspher, eyes, especially in the &, strongly convergent towards the vertex, but never quite meeting as in the & of Astata, the ocelli are placed on a converty on the front, the anterior ocellus round the posterior elongate, almost reniform slanting, flit, and less distinct pronotum depressed beneath the level of the mesonotum,

pygidual area distinct, in the Ω triangular, in the δ generally trapezium-shaped, but in both always pubescent, in the Ω set with dense, short, stiff hairs, in the δ with sparser pubescence Wings stout, ample, fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell lengthened and acute at apex, and only feebly truncate, showing in consequence only an indistinct appendicular cell. Legs—the tibix and tarsi of all the legs more or less spinose, the tarsal combs altogether much shorter and stouter than in Tachyspher

Tachytes contains some of the most beautiful of the species of sand-wasps. Many of the Oriental forms are black, or black and red, richly decked with golden or silvery pubescence and pile. All the Indian species whose habits I have been able to investigate nest in the ground, and store their nests with the larvæ of Orthoptera

Key to the Species

A Abdomen red, or red and black

Transverse pilose bands on abdomen golden
 Fore wing with a subapical fuscous fascia

b' Fore wing with no subapical fascia

b Transverse pilose bands on abdomen silvery
a' Fore wing with apex bloadly dark
fuscous

b' Fore wing with no apical fuscous border
 a' Femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of legs red
 b' Femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of legs black

T yerburyı, p 186 T fervida, p 186

T conspicua, p 187

T erythropoda, p 187 T tarsata, p 188 B Abdomen black T monetaria, p 188 a Pile on abdomen golden b Pile on abdomen silvery a' Of comparatively large size over 16 mm m length a2 Thorax with fuscous or rufo-fuscous T saundersu, p 189 pubescence b2 Thorax with yellow or golden pu-T sinensis, p 189 bescence b' Of comparatively small size under 15 mm in length a2 Legs more or less testaceous red as Form short, robust, all tibiæ and tarsı testaceous red T modesta, p 190 b3 Form more slender, tibiæ and tarsi of anterior and tarsi only of intermediate and posterior lega testaceous T ornatipes, p 190 b² Legs black a³ Pygadial area covered with black pubescence T nitidula, p 190 b3 Pygndial area covered with silvery pubescence a Length 13-14 mm T vicina, p 191 b4 Length 7-9 mm T vishnu, p 191

360 Tachytes yerburyı, n sp

d Clypeus, the region of the ocelli, and the vertex of the head finely and closely punctured, the interior margin of the clypeus narrowly smooth and recurved eyes strongly convergent above, nearly meeting, the front and clypeus densely pubescent, thorax finely and closely punctured, and with the abdomen above thinly pubescent, median segment short, rounded posteriorly, the apex steeply sloped, a medial longitudinally impressed line widening on the verge of the posterior slope into an oval force. Black, the mandibles at base, the apex of the clypeus, the scape and basal eight joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, the legs except the base of the coxe, and the basal four or five segments of the abdomen, light testaceous red, the pubescence rich golden, forming shining transverse bands on the margins of segments 1-6 of the abdomen above, wings fulvo-hyaline, the apical and posterior margins lighter, in the fore wing a dark fuscous cloud occupies the iadial, descending slightly into the 2nd and 3id cubital cells

Hab Cevlon & Length 17, eap 32 mm Q uuknown Type

in British Museum

361 Tachytes fervida, Smith, Cat 11, p 298, Q

Q Closely allied to and resembling T tarsata, Smith, but is a broader, stouter-built insect, the median segment proportionately not so long, the apical margin of the clypeus is narrowly depressed and rounded, the head above is not turrowed, and the eyes are slightly more convergent towards the vertex Head, thorax,

median segment, and apical three segments of the abdomen black, the tegulæ of the wings, the legs, and the basal three abdominal segments red, the whole insect covered with a rich glittering golden pile, forming tesselated transverse bands on the apical margins of the abdominal segments, wings light flavo-hyaline, nervures testaceous

Hab India (Smith) Q Length 14, evp 26 mm.

362 Tachytes conspicua

Larrada conspicua, Smith, Cat iv, p 276, Q Larra conspicua, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 242, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 125

Q Head and thorax prunose, abdomen smooth, dull and opaque, the clypeus rounded in front, the extreme anterior margin narrowly smooth, the front with a medially impressed line leading down from the anterior ocellus, two slight lateral hollows, one on each side of the line, and a shallow pit behind the posterior ocelli, median segment long, rather compressed, steeply sloped posteriorly, above transversely striate and covered with soft, short, thin pubescence, abdomen narrow, the apical segments narrowing acutely to the apex Black, the mandibles, the scape of the antennæ in front, the temora, tiblæ, and tarsi of all the legs, the basal two and the apical segments of the abdomen red, the clypeus and front, and the posterior margins of abdominal segments 1-5 clothed with dense silvery pile, the pigidial area studded with a thin yellowish pubescence, wings hyaline, yellow at base, broadly pubescent along the apical margins

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal (Smith) Q Length 13, exp

22 mm

This is quite an aberrant species, having affinities to Larra and Tachyspher, it has the front and the median segment of the former, while the armature of the fore tarsi is that of Tachysphex, but the pygidial area is pubescent and the general appearance that of a Tachytes

- 363 Tachytes erythropoda, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 135, Q
- Q Head broader than the thorax, sparsely punctured, thorax and abdomen smooth and shiming, the vertex sparsely, the clypeus, front, cheeks, sides of the thorax, the median segment above and on the sides and apex, and the abdomen densely pubescent, clypeus transverse, its anterior margin slightly recurved, vertex marked with a shallow V-shaped turrow, mesonotum anteriorly with two parallel abbreviated impressed lines, median segment above indistinctly transversely striate, the sides obliquely Black, the mandibles, the femora, tibue and tarsi of the legs, and the basal three segments of the abdomen red, the pubescence glittering silvery white, forming transverse bands on the apical margins of the abdominal segments, pygidial area clothed with

dense short fulvous pubescence, wings hyaline, very slightly fuscescent towards the apex, nervuies and tegulæ pale testaceous Hab Mussooree Q Length 8, e.p 16 mm

- 364 Tachytes tarsata, Smith, Cat 1v, p 297, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 141, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Gis Wien, 1884, p 409
 Lurada vestita, Smith, A M N H (4) x11, 1873, p 293, Q
 Tachytes basalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 142
- Head and thorax closely and finely punctured and pubesient, the pubescence dense on the clypeus, the mesonotum, postscutellum, and the sides and apex of the median segment (in some specimens, e g the type, the pubescence is very dense, in others, e g type of T basalis, thin and sparse), front of head with a medial broad shallow furrow meeting a deep A-shaped furrow behind the ocelli, median segment rounded above, truncate posterioily, the face of the truncation obscurely transversely striate and bearing a medial, short, vertical furrow Black, the basal three, sometimes four segments of the abdomen red, the pubescence shining silvery, the apical margins of segments 1-5 with bands of glittering silvery pile having more or less of a tesselated appearance in certain lights, the pygidial area covered with a stiff short ferruginous, sometimes golden pubescence, wings clear hyaline, in a few specimens tinged with a very light yellow, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous The colour of the legs varies from fuscous to black

d similar, the pubescence on the pygidium silvery

Hab North-West Provinces, Tirhoot, Barrackpore Q

Length 15, esp 27 mm d Length 12 esp 23 mm

- 365 Tachytes monetaria, Smith, Cat iv, p 298, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 136, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 404
 Tachytes velox, Smith, Cat iv, p 301, 3
- Q Head and thorax very finely and closely punctured, the punctures on the median segment above with a tendency to run into transverse strix, head in front and on the clypeus and cheeks densely pubescent, inedian segment clothed sparingly with short soft hairs, legs pruinose, abdomen with a dense matting of sericeous pile, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a medial longitudinal furrow reaching the apex and anteriorly continued obscurely over the scutellum and postscutellum. Black, the pubescence silvery, on the abdomen a rich ferruginous golden having a beautiful tesselated appearance in certain lights, the basal two-thirds of the 1st segment of the abdomen black, wings fusco-hyaline, darker along the apical margin.

o similar, but much smaller, the wings with a distinct yellow

tint, the posterior pair hyaline

Hab Throughout India, and extending eastwards to Africa as

TACHYTES 189

far as the Gambia Q Length 20, exp 32 mm & Length 16, exp 32 mm

366 Tachytes saunders11, n sp

Head—the eyes strongly convergent above, the front and clypeus densely, the base of the mandibles and the cheeks thinly pubescent, the vertex punctured, divided by a conspicuously impressed longitudinal line ending in a deep semicircular furrow behind the posterior ocelli, thorax with a short, moderately dense pubescence, the surface underneath very minutely and closely punctured, giving it an opaque velvety appearance median segment slightly more coarsely punctured, with a medial longitudinally impressed line from base ending in a shining subtriangular foves on the verge of the rounded posterior portion of the segment, legs densely pilose, abdomen shining, the dorsal surface obscurely acculate, the posterior margins of abdominal segments 1-4 above with transverse broad bands of silky pile, pygidial area large, clothed with dense stiff pubescence Intense black, the pubescence on the head and the dense pile on the tibiæ and tars of the legs of a rich glittering golden colour, on the thorax and median segment it is fuscous black, with a rufous tint in certain lights, the bands on the abdomen are silvery and the stiff hair on the pygidial area, with the tibial calcaria and spines on the legs, ferruginous, wings flavo-hyaline, with a rich golden effulgence in certain lights

d similar but smaller, the tibiæ and tarsi of the anterior and intermediate legs, and the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the posterior legs reddish, the pubescence on the pygidial area silvery

Var The legs entirely black

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 20, exp 41 mm & Length 15-17, exp 32-35 mm

367 Tachytes sinensis, Smith, Cat iv, p 299, Q, Kohl, Verh zoolbot Ges Wien, 1884, p 407 Tachytes rothneyi, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 139

A Head and thorax densely pubescent, the pubescence long and silky on the clypeus, the face in front, and the median segment, short, thick, and close on the pro- and mesonotum the pleuræ, and legs, on the scutellum, which is large and prominent, it is rather thin and fine, the surface of the head and thorax under the pubescence closely and finely punctured, median segment short, abruptly and steeply rounded posteriorly, with a fine medial longitudinal turrow at apex not extending to the base of the segment, abdomen smooth and shining, with transverse pilose bands, which widen laterally on the apical margins of the basal 3 (sometimes basal 4) segments, pygidial area large, densely pubescent Black, the spines, calcaria, and claws of the legs pale ferruginous, the pubescence on the head and thorax golden yellow, the transverse bands on the basal segments of the abdomen silvery, the short stiff pubescence on the pygidial area ferruginous, wings flavo-byaline, nervures and tegulæ rufo-testaceous

Va: The mandibles, and the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs rufo-testaceous, the pubescence on the head and thorax rich ferruginous, wings with a deep golden tint

of similar, but the pygidial area covered with short silvery

pubescence

Hab Sikhim, Barrackpore, Tenasserim, North China Q. Length 17-19, exp 35-39 mm & Length 18, exp 36 mm

368 Tachytes modesta, Smith, Cat iv, p 299, Q Kohl, Verk zoolbot Ges Wien, 1884, p 404 Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 136

Q of Head—the vertex with some shallow scattered punctures, thorax very finely and closely punctured, abdomen shining, the clypeus, face in front, the cheeks behind the eyes, the pronotum, sides and apex of the mesonotum, postscutellum, and median



Fig 42 — Tachytes modesta, 3 3

segment with more or less dense pubescence, long and very close on the clypeus and the sides of the median segment, abdomen thinly pubescent, with transverse bands of glittering pile on the apical margins of the basal four segments, pygidial area covered with dense and stiff (2) or sparse (3) pubescence. Black, the pubescence on the head and thorax pale golden, the transverse bands on the abdomen and the stiff hairs on the pygidial area silvery, the apical half of the femora, the tibia and tarsi testaceous red, wings byaline, with a

faint yellow tinge

Hab Mussooree (NWP), Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim,

China 2 & Length 11-15, eap 23-28 mm

369 Tachytes ornatipes, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) n, 1889, p 137

d Very closely allied to *T modestus*, Smith, differs in the body, especially the abdomen, being longer and more slender, in the colour of the legs, which are black, the tibiæ and tarsi of the anterior and the tarsi of the intermediate legs only being testaceous, and the tibiæ of the intermediate and the tibiæ and tarsi of the posterior legs fusco-testaceous, the wings in *T ornatipes*, too, are, on the whole, somewhat lighter in colour than in *T modestus*

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal J. Length 12, eap 22 mm

Type in coll Rothney

370 Tachytes nitidula
Crabro nitidulus, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 294
Tachytes nitidula, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 470, 5, Kohl, Verh
zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 404
Tachytes nitidulus, Smith, Cat 11, p 298, Cam Mem Manch L
Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 141

9 Head opaque, the vertex sparsely punctured, a deep

A-shaped narrow groove behind the ocelli, thorax finely and very closely punctured, the head and thorax pubescent, densely so on the clypeus and front of the face and on the median segment laterally and at apex, the last somewhat more coarsely punctured than the mesonotum, abdomen with the surface finely acculate (pilose in some specimens), and dense pubescent bands on the apical margins of segments 1-4 Black, the pubescence soft and silvery, that on the pygidial area black and stiff, wings hyaline, with a very light yellowish tinge, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of similar, but the pubescence brighter, and the bands on the

abdomen broader

Hab Punjab, Delhi, Allahabad. Barrackpore, Madras, Burma, Tenasserim & Length 12-14 exp 22-26 mm

- 371 Tachytes vicina, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 140, 3
- Head and thorax closely and finely punctured, prumose, median segment opaque, the punctures dense with a tendency to run into transverse strim, especially at the apex, the segment is about the length of the mesonotum and is roundly truncate posteriorly, with a shining central oval fovea at the verge of the truncation above, abdomen prumose, with dense pilose transverse bands on the posterior margins of the 1st to 4th segments above, the pygidial area densely pubescent. Black, the pubescence on the head and face, the median segment, and legs soft whitish grev, slightly fuscous on the vertex of the head, on the clypeus, on the sides and apex of the mesonotum, and on the apical bands of the abdominal segments it is silvery, wings flavo-hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

2 similar slightly larger

Hab Tirhoot Bengal, Burma Q Length 15, exp 28 mm & Length 13, exp 25 mm

372 Tachytes vishnu

Tachytes virchu (laps cal), Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 138, c

Head thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, very minutely and closely punctured under the pubescence, clypeus with the anterior margin depressed, nariowly smooth and shining, vertex with a shallow depression, the occilar region raised slightly, with a fine vertical furrow continued down the front from the anterior occilius, median segment not so long as the mesonotum narrow posteriorly, the apex truncate, with a shining vertical furiow, the sides, top, and face of the truncated apex finely transversely striate. Black, dull and opaque, the posterior femora red, the posterior tibiæ rufo-fuscous, the pubescence on the front and the clypeus silvery with a distinct fulvous tint, that on the thorax hoary white, on the abdomen the pubescence forms broad silvery bands on the apical half of the segments, the base of the 2nd segment with a very thin short pubescence having a reddish tint

192 SPHEGIDÆ

in certain lights, pygidial area short, truncate posteriorly, and covered with a thin short silvery pubescence wings hyaline, obscurely fuscescent towards the apex, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Mussooree & Length 8, erp 16 mm Q unknown Type in coll Rothney

Genus TACHYSPHEX

Sphex, pt, Linn Syst Nat ed x, 1, p 569 (1758) Lyrops, pt, Lati Ger Crust Ins 1v, p 71 (1809) Tachytes, pt, Shuch Ess Ind Foss Hym p 89 (1837) Tachysphex, Kohl, Deutsch ent Zeit xxvii, 1883, p 166

Type, T filicornis, Kohl Range Both hemispheres

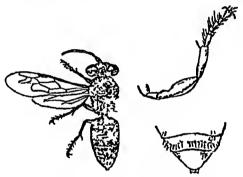


Fig 43 - Tachysphex testacerpes, &

Of longer, slighter shape than Tachytes, head not much broader than the thorax, the mandibles with an incision on their outer margin, the inner maigin bidentate, the clypeus and the face partially with golden or silvery pubescence or pile, antennæ filiform, eyes convergent at top, ocelli placed on a convexity, the anterior ocellus round, the hinder two lengthened, nearly remitorm, placed obliquely, flat and undefined, pronotum depressed below the level of the mesonotum, its posterior margin transverse, the apical abdominal segment with a pygidial area, triangular in the 2, trapeziform in the o, either entirely bare, or with only a thin covering of hair allowing the sculpture to be plainly seen Wings -the fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell usually more truncate at apex than in Tachytes, with a broader appendicular cell, cubital cells as in Tachytes, the 2nd receiving both recurrent nervures Tibie and tarsi of all the legs spinose, anterior femora in & emarginate on the underside at base, anterior tarsi (2) with a prominent, long, soft fringe of spines on the outer side, intermediate tibie with one apical spur

Nothing much is known about the habits of the insects belonging to this genus, but they are probably similar to those of *Tachytes*

Key to the Species

A Head, thorax, and abdomen entirely black

a Tarsı blackb Tarsı bright testaceous

B Head, thorax, and apical segments of abdomen black, basal two or more segments

a Pubescence on the head and face golden b Pubescence on the head and face silvery

a' Median segment punctured

a² A medial longitudinal furrow from base to apex of median segment

b2 Median segment furrowed only at the apex

b' Median segment transversely striate above, obliquely striate on the sides

T bengalensis p 193 T testacerpes, p 193

T au iceps, p 194.

T argyreus, p 194

T erythrogaster, p 195

T rufo-niger, p 195

373 Tachysphex bengalensis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11 1889, p 144, ♀

Head and thorax closely punctured, median segment above somewhat coarsely reticulate, abdomen smooth, dull, and opaque, head with the front, clypeus, and cheeks densely pilose, a Ashaped groove behind the ocelli, with a narrow impressed line or furrow running from it to the anterior ocellus, clypeus raised in the middle, with the anterior margin narrowly transversely depressed, smooth and shining, median segment short, broad, with a steep slope posteriorly, almost truncate, covered with a thin soft pubescence, abdomen with the posterior margins of the 1st to 5th segments with broad transverse bands of fine silky pile, pygidial area bare, shining, sparsely punctured pubescence white, the dense pile on the tront and cheeks, and the transverse bands on the margins of the abdominal segments silvery in certain lights, wings hyaline, the apical margins narrowly pubescent

Hab Tirhoot, Bengal, Tenasserim Q Length 8-10, exp 15-

18 mm d unknown

374 Tachysphex testacerpes, n sp.

d Head with the front, base of the clypeus, and the cheeks clypeus lightly punctured anteriorly, the densely pubescent margin slightly arched, the vertex punctured, a deep A-shaped furrow behind the pad of the ocelli, thorax and median segment with a thin soft short pubescence, the former closely punctured. the scutellum prominent and shining, median segment truncate posteriorly, above and at apex coarsely reticulate, punctured on the sides, abdomen as long as the head and thorax united. massive, the posterior margins of the 1st to 5th segments with broad transverse bands of silky pile Black, with a hoary appearance from the thin, short, white pubescence on the thorax VOL I

and the transverse pilose bands on the abdomen, these latter and the pubescence on the front of the head and clypeus brilliantly silvery in certain lights, legs black, the tarsi and tabual calcaria testaceous, in marked contrast with the upper part of the legs, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Tenasserin & Length 7-9, exp 11-14 mm Type in

the British Museum

A true Tachyspher, the anterior femora conspicuously emarginate at base

375 Tachysphex auriceps, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 145, Q d

- Q Head densely, thorax more sparsely pubescent, the pubescence longer and most dense on the clypeus, the front and sides of the median segment, head and thorax finely and closely punctured, ocellar area raised, longitudinally furrowed, the furrow produced backward on to the vertex and forward on the front, behind the ocelli there is also a well-marked Λ-shaped furrow, clypeus slightly produced anteriorly, arched median segment punctured, rugose, the apex transversely striate Black, the pubescence golden, the apex of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi, and the basal two segments of the abdomen red, the apical margins of the 1st to 5th segments with transverse medially interrupted bands of glittering silvery pile, wings light flavo-hyaline, tegulæ and nervures testaceous
- 3 similar, the pubescence more dense, the eyes above more convergent, the basal segments of the abdomen shaded with black

Hab Bombav, Bangalore, Ceylon Q Length 11-12, exp 21-23 mm d Length 9-10; exp. 20 mm

376 Tachysphex argyreus

Larrada argyrea, Smith, Cat, iv, p 276, 3 (non Q)
Tachysphex argyrea, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) ii, 1889, p 143

Q Head and thorax pubescent, finely and closely punctured under the pubescence, the eyes strongly convergent at the vertex, clypeus with the anterior margin broadly rounded, median segment very closely and minutely punctured, roundly truncate posteriorly, bearing above an abbreviated medial longitudinal groove not reaching the base, but continued over the truncate posterior face of the segment nearly to the apex, legs with long thin pubescence, abdomen dull and opaque, the surface above finely accoulate Black, the pubescence silvery white, mandibles ferruginous legs with the tibiæ and tarsi rufo-testaceous, abdomen red, the maigins of the segments with broad obscure bands (interrupted along the median line) of silvery pile, wings hyaline, iridescent.

Var With the clypeus reddish, the 3rd-5th segments posteriorly fuscous

d similar, but with the pubescence and silvery pile more dense, the eyes more convergent at the vertex, and only the basal three and the abical abdominal segments red

Hab North-West Provinces. Mussocree, 7000 ft 2 Length

12, evp 22 mm & Length 9, exp 14 mm

- 377 Tachysphex erythrogaster, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 143, Q
- Q Head and thorax pubescent, rugosely punctured underneath the pubescence, clypeus truncate anteriorly, the sides oblique, labrum nucised, ocellar area raised, broadly furrowed down the middle, median segment with a furrow at apex abdomen with transverse bands of silky pile on the apical margins of the 1st-5th segments above Black, the head and thorax covered with dense silvery pubescence, the scape of the antennæ, the clypeus, legs, and the abdomen red, the transverse pilose bands on the last silvery, wings hyaline, nervures brown, tegulæ pale reddish

Hab Bombay, Bangalore Q Length 13, erp 25 mm

378 Tachysphex rufo-niger, n sp

Q Head and thorax closely and very minutely punctured, the face, clypeus, and cheeks more or less densely pilose, the vertex with a A-shaped furiow behind the posterior ocelli, the mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum slightly shiming; the median segment above finely and transversely and on the sides obliquely striate, the apex roundly truncate and with the sides slightly pubescent, abdomen long, longer than the head and thorax united, segments 1-5 with transverse bands of silky pile on their posterior margins, pygidial area large, bare, and sparsely punctured Black, the basal three abdominal segments red, the apical third of the 3rd segment with a fuscous band, the 4th and 5th with their apical margins narrowly testaceous, legs black, with the apical three joints of the tarsi reddish, the silky pile on the head and on the abdomen has a silvery lustre in certain lights, wings very light fusco-hyaline

Hab North-West Provinces Q. Length 9-10, exp 16 mm.

& unknown Type in British Museum

Genus LARRA

Larra, Lati Précis Caract Gen Ins p 116, 17 gen (1796) Lins, Illing Edit Faun Etrusc 11, p 101 (1807) Tachytes, pt, Lepel Hym 111, p 239 (1845) Larrada, pt, Smith, Cat 1v, p 274 (1856) Larra, Kohl, Verh 2001-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 65

Type, L anathema, Rossi Range Both hemispheres Head very little wider than the thorax, mandibles emarginate near the middle of the outer margin, apex of the mandibles simple, not dentate, eyes slightly convergent towards the vertex, ocelli irregular, the anterior being normal, the posterior two



Fig 44 Larra carbonaria, Q

more or less ill-formed or obsolete, pronotum transverse posteriorly, not, or scarcely at all, depressed below the level of the mesonotum, fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell appendiculated the first cubital cell equal in length to the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd and 3rd much narrowed above towards the radial cell, 2nd often almost triangular, the 3rd elongate, rather tongueshaped, legs short and stout, the

Larra carbonaria, \$\Pm\$ 1 shaped. legs short and stout, the intermediate tibus with one spur, the claws not particularly slender or long, abdomeu with the 2nd ventral segment normal, not convexly raised in the middle, the pygidial area well-marked, bare, without pubescence, punctured.

Key to the Species

A Abdomen more or less red a Front of head with a prominent raised transverse margin or ridge	L fuscipennis, p 197
b Front sulcate without any transverse	
margin	
a' Median segment very finely and densely punctured, the punctures running into	
etries posterior wing clear hyaline	
along its posterior margin	L sumatrana, p 198
b' Median segment not so densely punc-	22 community p 200
tured, posterior margin of hind wing	
fuscous	L simillima, p 199
B Abdomen entirely black	,
a Median segment coarsely reticulate	
a' Of small size (L 7 mm)	L tisiphone, p 198
b' Of much larger size (L 22 mm)	L carbonaria, p 198.
b Median segment punctured or striate	_ ,,,
a' Legs more or less red	
a ² Posterior femora only red	
a^2 . Median segment closely and finely	
punctured, the punctures running	
into strue above, hand wang	
much lighter in colour than fore	100
wing	L erratica, p 199
b Median segment not so finely punc-	
tured, narrowly reticulate along	T
bese	L maura, p 199
b ² All the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of legs red	L rufipes, p 200

b' Legs black

a² Form very slender, abdomen much longer than head and thorax united, median segment coarsely transversely striate length 18 mm

b² Form not particularly slender, abdomen not remarkably long, median segment finely transversely striate length 10 mm

a³ Anterior ocellus normal, round

b³ Anterior ocellus elongate, pointed in front and back

L elegans, p 197

L nana, p 200

L mgriventris, p 201

379 Larra elegans, n sp

Q Closely resembles Notogonia laboriosa, Smith (p 204), in



Fig 45
Larra elegans, Q

coloration, but the pile on the face and thorax is more dense, and the bands on the abdomen brighter and more silvery, wings without the fuscous apical margins. In form and sculpture it is of course very different. Long and slender, the abdomen elongate, about one-quarter of its own length, longer than the head and thorax united, the pronotum not depressed, the median segment coarsely transversely striate, a medial longitudinal carina from base to verge of the truncated portion

of the segment; pygidial area bare, without pubescence, punctured

Hab Tenasserim Q. Length 18; exp. 22 mm. d un-known

- 380. Larra fuscipennis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) ii, 1889, p 126
- densely punctured, the punctures much finer on the scutellum and post-scutellum, clypeus and front to above the base of the antennæ densely pubescent, the front above transversely margined, the sides above the margin next the inner orbits raised, a deep transverse sulcation behind the ocellar region; median segment longer than the mesonotum, posteriorly truncate, finely punctured, and thinly pubescent, abdomen smooth, the posterior margins of the basal six segments with transverse thin pilose bands, the pygidial area thinly pubescent. Black, the basal two abdominal segments red, with the centre above black, the margins of the basal six segments testaceous, the pubescence white, the transverse bands on the abdomen silvery; wings light fuscous, the basal cell of the fore, and the base of the hind wing clear hyaline

Hab Tirhoot, Bengal & Length 13, exp 25 mm. Type in

coll Rothney.

381 Larra tisiphone

Larrada tisiphone, Smith, Jour Luin Soc 1858, p 103, Q. Larra tisiphone, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 248, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 125 Notogonia tisiphone, Bingh P Z S 1896, p 442

Q. Head and thorax in front very minutely and closely punctured, opaque, the scutellum and postscutellum more widely punctured, head in front and clypens densely prunose, median segment somewhat coarsely reticulate, steeply sloped posteriorly, almost truncate, with a medial narrow furrow down the middle of the steeply sloped portion; abdomen smooth and shining, the basal four segments with transverse prunose bands on their posterior margins. Jet-black, the clypeus, face in front, the cheeks, sides of the median segment, the legs, and the transverse abdominal bands covered with silvery pile, wings light fusco-hyaline and indescent.

Hab Ceylon, Tenasserim, Borneo Q. Length 7, exp 14 mm of unknown

- 382. Larra sumatrana, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1883, p 354, Cam Mem Munch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 126
- Q. Head on the vertex above, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and postscutellum very finely and closely punctured, the front above the antennæ with three deep sulcations, very smooth and shining; median segment more densely and closely punctured than the rest of the thorax, the punctures running almost into transverse striæ; posteriorly the median segment is truncate, with the edge of the truncation above somewhat rounded, the sides of the segment are slightly compressed towards the base, abdomen smooth, polished, pygidial area triangular, sparsely punctured Black, the basal four segments of the abdomen dark red, the 5th and 6th black, sometimes slightly reddish, wings dark dull fuscous, the hind wing clear hyaline along its posterior margin.

Hab Sumatra (Kohl); Tenasserim Q. Length 18-20, exp

32–36 mm of unknown

383 Larra carbonaria.

Larrada carbonaria, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 102, Q. Larra carbonaria, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 242, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 125

Q. Head smooth and sparsely, thorax closely and very finely and evenly punctured; abdomen impunctate, highly polished and shining; median segment about as long as the rest of the thorax, narrowed slightly and abruptly truncate posteriorly, the edge of the truncation above rounded, the dorsal surface of the segment somewhat coarsely reticulate, the face of the truncated apex coarsely transversely striate, a much abbreviated but marked

LARRA. 199

medial longitudinal carina at the hase, and the truncated portion with a deep vertical furrow. Intense black, wings dark fuscous brown, suffused with a rich purple effulgence.

Hab Tenasserim, Singapore. 2 Length 22, exp 36 mm

Rare in Tenasserim

384 Larra erratica, n sp

Q Head and thorax finely and very closely punctured, the clypeus transverse, much broader than long, its anterior margin boldly arched, median segment long, as long as the head and rest of thorax united, truncate posteriorly, above and on the sides closely punctured, the punctures above running into transverse strice, the face of the truncation divided by a vertical turrow, abdomen smooth, shining, and impunctate. Intense black, the posterior femora blood-red, wings fuscous, the hind wing clearer, especially at base, the fore wing with a brilliant coppery effulgence.

of similar, but smaller, the face in front with dense silvery pile, the median segment with coarser punctures and a short longitudinal medial carina at base above

Hab Ceylon, Tenasserim Q Length 15-19, cap 24-

32 mm 3 Length 17, exp 28 mm

Resembles L glabrata, Smith, from Celebes, which, however, is more coarsely punctured and has all the femora red

385 Larra sımıllıma

Larrada sımıllıma, Smith, Cat iv, p 275, Q Larra simillima, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 247, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) ii, 1889, p 125

Q Head and thorax closely and strongly punctured, thinly pubescent, clypeus much broader than long, its anterior margin arched, very slightly emarginate on either side of the middle, median segment long, very little more coarsely punctured than the mesonotum, concavo-truncate posteriorly, slightly constricted at base, and gradually but perceptibly widening to the truncated apex, abdomen longer than the head and thorax together, obscurely pruinose, pygidial area bare, with fine lateral grooves and a few scattered punctures Black, the basal four segments of the abdomen red, wings dark fuscous with a slight purplish effulgence

Hab India, Africa (Smith), Tirhoot, Bengal (Rothney coll)

Q Length 20, exp 28 mm

386 Larra maura.

Spher maura, Fabr Ent Syst u, p 212
Pompilus maurus, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 247
Liris maura, Fabr Syst Piez p 230
Larrada maura, Smith, Cat ix, p 277
Larra maura Rohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 245, Cam
Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) n, 1889, p 125

Q Head and thorax minutely and closely punctured and thinly pubescent, head shining, clypeus much broader than long, its anterior margin widely arched, median segment truncate, posteriorly closely but rather more coarsely punctured, at base nairowly reticulate, and bearing a medial longitudinal shallow furrow with, in the middle, a carina along its length up to the verge of the truncate posterior portion, abdomen smooth and shining, with transverse bands of silky pile, which are broadened laterally on the posterior margins of the 1st-5th segments above, these bands being only visible in certain lights. Black, the pubescence and pile silvery white, the mandibles and the scape of the antennæ in front rufo-fuscous, the posterior femora bright red, wings very light fusco-hyaline.

Hab Tranquebar (Fabr), Northern India 2. Length 15,

exp 24 mm

It is with some doubt that I identify one specimen contained in the collection at South Kensington with this species. Of the 4 specimens labelled Larrada maura in the Museum, three are without doubt Notegonia subtessellata, Smith, having the pronotum depressed below the level of the mesonotum, the pygidial area pubescent, and the claws of the tarsi rather long, the 4th is a true Larra, with the pronotum not or scarcely depressed, the pygidial area bare and punctured, and claws of the tarsi short. It resembles Larra glabrata, Smith, but is quite distinct from it, and possibly is the species described by Fabricius.

387 Larra nana, n sp

Q Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and postscutellum smooth, opaque, the surface only finely acculate, median segment finely transversely striate, head broader than the thorax, the eyes convergent towards the vertex, the front sulcate, the clypeus densely pilose, the median segment as long as the pro- and mesonotum united, the sides densely pilose, abdomen prunose, with indistinct transverse bands visible only in certain lights on the posterior margins of the 1st-5th segments, pygidial area large, bare, sparsely punctured, and with a shallow fuirow along the lateral margins not reaching the apex of the segment Jet-black, with silvery pile, wings hyaline with a yellowish tinge, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Tenasserim 2. Length 10, exp 16 mm & unknown

Type in the British Museum

388 Larra rufipes Larrada rufipes, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1859, p 17, Q Larra rufipes, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 247

P Head, thorax, and abdomen prumose, and very muntely and closely punctured, clypeus much broader than long, trans-

verse, anterior and basal margins parallel and boldly arched; median segment above finely transversely striate, on the sides smooth, abdomen long, slender, with the pygidial area bare and punctured, the basal ventral segment longitudinally carinated and with some coarse strize on the margin, tarsal claws long and slender. Black, the head and clypeus in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, and broad transverse bands on the apical margins of the 1st-5th segments of the abdomen bright silvery; the legs, except the coxe and trochanters, red.

Var With anterior legs above and the base of the femora of

all the legs dusky black

of similar, but smaller

Hab Celebes, Tenasserim. Q. Length 13; exp 18 mm. Length 10, exp 15 mm.

389 Larra nigriventris, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 127

Head, thorax, and abdomen pilose; clypeus short, broad, slightly projecting in the middle at apex and carmated, vertex depressed, a wide furrow along the inner orbits, a medial shallow furrow on the front, bifurcating at the anterior ocellus; posterior ocelli obsolete, anterior ocellus pointed anteriorly; median segment above opaque, sides and apex striate, abdomen long, slender, pygidial area bare, with very fine punctures Black, the clypeus with dense silvery pubescence; the rest of the head, the thorax, and abdomen with silky short silvery pile, seen only in certain lights, the pile on the abdomen denser on the apical margins of the 1st-5th segments, forming transverse glittering bands wings light flavo-hyaline, broadly fuscous along the apical margins; nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of similar, but with the median segment more coarsely stricte. Hab Barrackpore, Tirhoot, North-West Provinces, Poona; Bombay, Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim 2. Length 10-12, exp 18-20 mm & Length 9-10; exp 17-20 mm

Genu. NOTOGONIA.

Tachytes, pt, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 468 (1845) Larrada, pt, Smith, Cat 1v, p 274 (1856) Notogonia, Costa, Ann Mus Zool Univ Napoli, 1v, pp 80, 82 (1867)

Type, N nigra, Van d Lind. Range Both hemispheres.

Head wider than the thorax; mandibles incised on the outer margin near the middle, and with one blunt tooth on the inner margin nearer the base, eyes convergent at vertex, especially so in the male, the pronotum small and depressed below and under the level of the mesonotum; fore wing as in Larra, with one radial 202 SPHEGIDÆ

and three cubital cells, the radial cell truncate at apex and appendiculate, the cubital cells similar in size and form to those in the



Fig 46 Notogonia suhtessellata, Q

fore wing of Laria, legs longer than in that genus, with the claws of the tarsi more slender and much longer, the intermediate tibix with one apical spur, abdomen long, the 2nd ventral segment with a marked convexity near its base, the pigidial area, especially in the female, covered with a dense short pubescence

Notogonia, like Larra and the majority of the other allied genera,

is predatory on various species of crickets. I have often seen N. subtessellata, Smith, dragging, with immense labour and pains, a half-paralyzed cricket twice or three times as big as itself to its nest-hole.

Key to the Species

A Legs more or less red a Posterior femora only red, pile on the head, thorax, and abdomen silvery L 11-13 mm. N subtessellata, p 202 b Posterior femora black, pile on the head, thorax, and abdomen golden L 17-20 mm N devlanata, v 203 B Legs entirely black
a Pile on head, thorax, and legs golden
b Pile on head, thorax, and abdomen N deplanata (vor), [p 203 silvery a' Wings light fusco-hyaline, with no tange of yellow sides of median segment obliquely stricte N laboriosa, p 204 b' Wings hyaline, with a decided tinge of yellow. a² Sides of median segment transversely striate L 12-14 mm N jaculatrix, p 203 b^2 Sides of median segment coarsely reticulate L 8-11 mm N tristis, p 204.

390. Notogonia subtessellata.

Larrada subtessellata, Smith, Cat iv, p 277, Q
Notogonia subtessellata, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11,
1889, p 130
Larrada exilipes, Smith, Cat iv, p 278, 5.

Q. Head and thorax very minutely and closely punctured, prumose; scutellum bare, shining; median segment finely rugose above, with a medial longitudinal carina not reaching the apex, the sides and the face of the posterior truncation at the lateral margins transversely striate and densely prumose, abdomen dull,

opaque, the margins of segments 1-5 above with broad transverse bands of thin sericeous pile; the pygidial area on the apical segment covered with short dense pubescence. Dull black, the pile on the clypeus, front, sides, and apex of the median segment, and on the abdomen silvery; on the lateral margins of the proand mesonotum it has a golden tinge; the short pubescence on the pygidial area yellowish, posterior femora blood-red: wings in the type specimen subhyaline, ordinarily, however, hyaline and indescent

d similar, but slighter and smaller, with the median segment

more coarsely rugose and transversely structe on the sides

Hab Northern India, Barrackpore; Poona; Burma, Tenasserm, Ceylon Q. Length 11-13, exp 20-24 mm. J. Length 3; exp 16 mm

- 391. Notogonia deplanata, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1883, p 358, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 130 Lans hæmorrhoidelis, Bingh (nec Fabr) P Z S 1896, p 443
- 2. Head, thorax, and abdomen more or less densely prunose; the head, pro- and mesonotum underneath the pile very minutely and closely punctured; median segment long, as long as the head and thorax united, finely transversely rugose, the strie slightly oblique at the base, from which a short medial longitudinal carina extends halfway down the length of the median segment; abdomen smooth underneath the pile, with exceedingly minute close punctures. Black, the head, thorax, median segment on the sides, the legs, and the abdomen covered with dense golden pile; the tibize and tarsi ferruginous red, wings flavo-hyaline, the apical margins broadly fuscous.

Var The tibiæ and tarsi concolorous with the rest of the body, the wings not infuscated at apex.

d similar but smaller

Hab Sikhim, Tenasserim, Ceylon Q. Length 17-20; exp. 32-36 mm 3. Length 17; exp 32 mm

392 Notogonia jaculatrix.

Larrada jaculator, Smith, Cat iv, p 279, Q. Notogonia jaculator, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) ii, 1889, p 129

2. Head, thorax, and abdomen prumose; the clypeus, face in front, and the cheeks behind the eyes densely so; the head, pro- and mesonotum very minutely and closely punctured; median segment subcylindrical above, posteriorly truncate, transversely and finely striate and prumose on the sides; abdomen dull and opaque, segments 1-4 prumose, with the base of the 1st segment broadly, and large posteriorly rounded lateral spots on the segments 2-4 smooth not prumose, the 5th segment with a narrow

medial longitudinal streak, and the apical margin narrowly prunose; apical segment with the pygidial area set with short stiff hairs. Black with silvery pile, the pygidial area with silvery pubescence, which in certain lights has a golden tint, wings flavo-byaline, darker towards the base and along the costal margin of the tore wing; the apical margins faintly fuscescent

Hab Barrackpore; Mussooree, Poona, Pegu Hills, Burma,

Tenasserim 2 of Length 12-14; exp 22-26 mm

393. Notogoma laboriosa

Larrada laborisa, Smith, Cat iv, p 278, Q

Q. Head and thorax very closely and minutely punctured, the clypeus and face in front lightly prumose, scatellum impunctate, polished, and shining, median segment slightly narrowed posteriorly, truncate at apex, above transversely and on the sides delicately obliquely striate, from the base a slight longitudinal carina extends down the middle above, not reaching the edge of the truncation, this last with a conspicuous central vertical furrow, abdomen smooth and shining, the apical margins of segments 1-4 with broad slightly prumose bands, these bands boldly arched anteriorly, almost subtriangular. Black, with cinereous pile, which on the face and clypeus has in certain lights a silvery tint; pygidial area covered with stiff black pubescence, wings light fusco-hyaline, darkening at the apical margin.

Hab The Philippine Islands; Tenasserim. Q Length 12-13,

exp 24-26 mm. of slightly smaller.

394. Notogonia tristis

Larrada tristis, Smith, Cat iv, p 277, Q Larra tristis, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 248

Q. Head and thorax in front very minutely and closely punctured, opaque; median segment as long as the rest of the thorax, slightly narrowed posteriorly, the apex abruptly truncate, above and on the sides reticulate, the apex coarsely rugose and slightly pubescent; a medial, longitudinal, very fine and obscure carma from base, not quite reaching the verge of the truncation, the face of the latter with a fine medial vertical furrow, abdomen pruinose, dull and opaque, the surface finely acculate, legs with a short, rather thick pile on the coxæ, femora, and tabæ Jetblack, the pubescence silvery, the clypeus and front of the face, and along the posterior margins of abdominal segments 1-4 covered with silvery pile; wings flavo-hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous.

Hab. Tenasserim, extending into the Malay region and Borneo

2. Length 8-11; exp. 17-20 mm.

LIBIS. 205

Genus LIRIS.

Liris, Fabr Syst Piez p 227 (1804) Tachytes, Lepel Hym ii, p 239 (1845)

Type, L aurata, Fabr Range Both hemispheres



Fig 47 — Laris ducalis, Q. 1.

Head a little wider than the thorax; mandibles with no excision on their outer margins, the inner margin bidentate close to the base, face more or less richly pubescent. the convergence of the eyes as in the genus Notogonia; the front puckered along the inner orbits and broadly furrowed; ocelli-the anterior ocellus round, of ordinary form, complete, the hinder two lengthened, flat, hardly observable, and lying considerably to the rear of the anterior one, the pronotum depressed beneath the level of the mesonotum, its posterior margin not transverse, but coming to a point in the middle, wings-fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, of the same form and shape as those m the genus Larra, legs, on the whole, a little longer than in Larra, and nearly as long as in Notogonia; the armsture of the legs in general well-developed; intermediate tibiæ with one apical spur, claws lengthened; the median segment and the 2nd ventral segment similar to those of Larra; the anal segment with a pygidial area covered with short stiff pubescence

These insects, like most of the allies of Larra, make their nest-holes in the ground, providing as food for their future brood Orthopterous insects of various kinds L aurata may, like Notogonia subtessellata, commonly be seen stringgling with a paralyzed cricket three or four times its own weight and size

Key to the Species.

a Wings dark fuscous, suffused more or less with a purple effulgence 'a' Robustly, stoutly made, of compara-

'a' Robustly, stoutly made, of comparatively large size L 24-30 mm L. ducaks, p 207.

h' More slenderly made, of comparatively L 16-18 mm. small size

b Wings flavo-hyaline, spex fuscous

c Wings fusco-hyaline, fore wing much darker than hind wing

L nigripennis, $_{
m D}$ 206 L hæniorrhoidalis, p 207

L aurata, p 206.

395 Liris aurata

Spher surata, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 213 Pompilus auratus, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 250
Laris aurata, Fabr Syst Piez p 228, Rohl, Verh zool-bot Ges
Wien, 1884, p 241, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, Tachytes opulenta, Lepel Hym 111, p 246, 2 & Larrada aurulenta, Smith, Cat 1v, p 276, pl. vii, fig 5

2. Head and thorax densely prumose above, abdomen dull and opaque, with wide transverse pruinose bands on the posterior margins of segments 1-5 above; head, pro- and mesonotum very minutely and closely punctured, median segment long, as long as the rest of the thorax and the head united, transversely striate, and with a fine medial longitudinal carina not reaching tne verge of the truncated posterior portion, the face of the truncation itself with a short medial vertical carina, broad at top Black, the scape and basal joint of the flagellum of the antenux. and the apical half or two-thirds of the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs a pale orange-red; the silky pile on the face, pro- and mesonotum dense and golden ferruginous, on the sides of the scatellum, postscutellum, and median segment yellowish, the transverse bands on the abdomen thin and of a cinereous silvery colour, wings fusco-hyaline, suffused with a purplish fint, the posterior wings lighter

Hab Africa, the Cape, and Gambia, throughout India, Burma, Tenasserum, and Ceylon, Borneo; Java, Sumatra, Celebes, China; Japan 2. Length 17-21, exp 30-36 mm

15-19, exp 28-31 mm

396. Liris nigripennis, Cam Mem Manch. L Ph Soc. (4) n, 1889, р 131, 2 с

2. Head and thorax dull, opaque, very minutely punctured, and densely prumose, less so on the vertex and disc of the mesonotum; median segment as long as the rest of the thorax, subcylindrical above, narrowing and abruptly truncate posteriorly, very finely transversely strute, and delicately pruinose, the truncated apex with a deep vertical furrow, abdomen long, the posterior margins of regments 1-4 broadly transversely Black, the head and thorax with golden pile, the delicate pile on the median segment and the bands on the posterior margins of the abdominal segments white, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence, conspicuously paler across the cubital cells

Hab Sikhim; Bangalore Poona, Tenasserim 16-18, exp. 29-34 mm. d. Length 12-15; exp 24-28 mm LIRIS 207

397 Liris ducalis
Larrada ducalis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1861, p 84, Q.
Larra (Liris) ducalis, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884,
p 243

Q Head dull and opaque on the vertex; on the clypeus, front, sides of the face, cheeks, and occiput densely prumose; thorax, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and postscutellum smooth and shining, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the lateral and apical margins of the mesonotum, and the sides of the scutellum and postscutellum densely prumose, median segment long, narrowed posteriorly, the apex abruptly truncate, above obliquely striate, with a medial longitudinal carina from the base of the segment continued over the face of the truncation to the apex; legs short, stout, spinose, the anterior femora beneath prumose; abdomen smooth, not very shining, basal segment at base vertical, nearly truncate, pygidial area set with stiff short hairs. Jet-black, with brilliant shining golden pile, the pygidium with black or fulvous red hairs, wings dark brown, with a rich purple effulgence.

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, Celebes Q. Length

24-30, evp 42-48 mm

398 Little hæmorrhoidalis (Pl II, fig 2)
Pompilus hæmorrhoidalis, Fabr Syst Piez p 198
Little savignyi, Spin Ann Soc Ent Fr 1838, p 476
Lyrops hæmorrhoidalis, Guér Cuo Icon Regn Anim, Ins p 439, \$\big2\$
Lyrops aureiventris, Guér t c p 440, pl kx, fig 9, \$\delta\$
Little orichalcea, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 135, \$\delta\$
Little savignyi, Dahlb t c 1, p 471, \$\delta\$ \$\big2\$
Tachytes illudens, Lepel Hym 111, p 249, \$\big2\$
Larrada hæmorrhoidalis, Smith, Cat 1v, p 280
Little hæmorrhoidalis, Kohl, Verh 2001-bot Ges Wien, 1884, pp 244, 256

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen covered with a dense, short, silky pile above and on the sides, beneath and the legs bare; median segment long, longer than the rest of the thorax, rugose above underneath the pubescence, obscurely transversely striate, on the sides it is finely and obliquely striate. Black, the base of the mandible, the scape and basal two or three joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, the tegulæ, the legs except the coxæ, trochanters, and sometimes the base of the femora, and the apical margins of the 4th and 5th abdominal segments above pale rufous, the dense golden silky pile has a tesselated appearance on the abdomen, and is paler and longer on the median segment, wings flavo-hyaline, the apical margins fuscescent

of similar, slightly smaller, the 2nd joint of the posterior tarsi

a little dilated

Hab Spain; Sicily, Egypt; Senegal, Syria, Aden, Western India, Punjab 2. Length 17-24, exp 32-42 mm 3. Length 15-20, exp 27-35 mm

208 SPHEGIDÆ

Genus PARALIRIS.

Paraliris, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1883, p 361, id 1884, p 259

Type, P. kriechbaumeri, Kohl Range Africa; Burma and Tenasserim

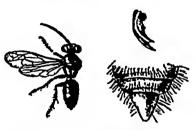


Fig 48 -Paraliris faceta, Q. ?

Characters nearly those of *Liris*, Fabr, but the whole body covered with soft thin pubescence, never with close pile, pygidial area bare and punctured, as in *Laria*, 2nd ventral segment without the marked convexity occurring in *Liris*

I know of only one species found within our limits

399 Paralırıs faceta, n. sp

Q. J. Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and abdomen sparingly punctured, the punctures on the abdomen beneath coarser and more scattered, clypeus with the anterior margin produced in the middle, transverse at apex, the sides conspicuously emarginate; front and base of clypeus with long and thin pubescence, median segment above slightly flat, finely transversely striate, the striae waved, posteriorly rounded, with a steep slope to the apex, the sides sparsely but regularly punctured and thinly pubescent, from the base a fine longitudinal carina runs down the middle of the segment, not quite reaching the edge of the rounded posterior slope; abdomen shining, the apical margins of segments 1-5 very slightly but perceptibly constricted. Black, the pubescence hoary white; wings fusco-hyaline, suffused with a purplish tint.

Hab Burma; Tenasserim Q. Length 18-19, exp 28-32 mm

d.-Length 15-17, exp 27-29 mm

Genus LYRODA.

Lyroda, Say, Jour Nat Hist Bost 1, p 372 (1837) Morphota, Smith, Cat 1v, p 293 (1856)

Type, L subita, Say.

Range The Nearctic, Neotropic, and Oriental regions.

LYRODA 209

Head wider than the thorax, mandibles incised on their outer side, eyes not convergent, the inner orbits nearly parallel, ocelli complete and fully formed, placed in a wide triangle on the vertex, pronotum long, not much depressed beneath the level of the mesonotum, median segment short, about as long as the mesonotum, above rounded posteriorly, with a steep slope to the apex, abdomen subpetiolate in the Oriental species, longish, acuminate at

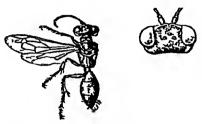


Fig 49 -Lyroda formosa, Q

apex, pygidial area in the female covered with short hairs, wing with the radial cell truncate at apex and appendiculate, three cubital cells, the 1st equal in length, measured on the cubital nervure, to the 2nd and 3rd united, 2nd subtriangular or trapezoidal, 3rd oblique, wider below than above

Nothing is on record of the habits Only two species are

known from India, but no doubt others exist

Key to the Species

a Basal two segments of abdomen red
b Abdomen entirely black

1889, p 151 (var)

L formosa, p 209 L venusta, p 210

400 Lyroda formosa
Morphota formosa, Smith, Jow Linn Soc 1859, p 17, Q
Lyroda formosa, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 267
? Astata argenteofacialis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11,

Q Head and thorax opaque velvety, densely prumose on the front of the head, clypeus, cheeks, pronotum, apex and sides of the mesonotum, and apex and sides of the median segment, front with an impressed line from the anterior occilius reaching up to the base of the antenne, mesonotum with a wide medial depression anteriorly, median segment finely rugose, with a medial longitudinal fine carina from base not reaching the apex of the segment, abdomen slightly curved, subpetiolate, the margins of segments 1-4 above with broad transverse prumose bands Black, the basal two abdominal segments red, the clypeus, front, cheeks, pronotum, apex and sides of the mesonotum, and apex and sides of the median segment with dense silvery pile, having

210 SPHEGIDÆ

a golden-yellow tint, bands on the abdomen pure silvery; wings hyaline and iridescent

Hab Celebes; Tenasserim, Barrackpore, Sikhim Q. Length

9-11, exp 15-18 mm

401 Lyroda venusta, n sp

Q Closely resembles L formosa, Smith, and like that species is black, with dense silvery pile on the front, the clypeus, cheeks, pronotum, sides and apex of the mesonotum, sides and apex of the median segment, and the posterior margins of the 1st-4th abdominal segments above, but the median segment is somewhat coarsely reticulate, not finely rugose, and the abdomen has not the two basal segments red, but is entirely black. This species is also slighter and smaller than L formosa

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 7-8, exp 12-15 mm & Length

6-7, exp 12 mm

Genus PIAGETIA.

Piagetia, Rits Ent Month Mag 1x, p 121 (1872).

Type, P_ritsemæ, Rits

Range Ethiopian and Oriental regions

Head a little broader than the thorax, mandibles incised on their

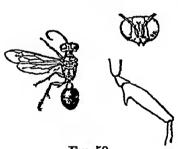


Fig 50
Pragetia fasciatipennis, o

outer margin, eyes moderately convergent towards the vertex, anterior occllus complete, round, normal, posterior occlli flat and indistinctly formed as in Tachytes, Tachysphex, &c., pronotum depressed below the level of the mesonotum, lengthened into a collar anteriorly, middle segment about as long as the mesonotum, or a little shorter, narrowed posteriorly and roundly truncate, fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell broad and

broadly truncate at apex, appendiculate, 1st cubital cell as long as the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd trapeziform, receiving both recurrent nervires, legs with tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the front tarsi ciliated, the cilia short and feeble, intermediate tibiæ with one apical spur, posterior femora in the male with a strong curved spine or hook on the underside, in the female merely thickened, sometimes with an indication of a curved spine, abdomen with the basal segment clavate, slightly curved, the anal segment with a well-marked pygidial area, in the female triangular and nearly flat

Nothing is on record as to the habits of the species of this genus, of which, so far as I know, only five have been described There is in the collection of the British Museum a sixth undescribed form from Natal, received in the Museum in 1855, from Dr Gueinzius, and as one specimen, a female, is pinned above a cricket, as if in the act of carrying it, I presume it was so engaged at the time of capture. It is highly probable that all the species of this genus are, like the rest of the closely allied Larrid genera, predatory on Orthoptera.

Key to the Species

a Clypeus (Ω) with a medial carina, transverse or incised at apex, antennæ entirely red

b Clypeus (2) anteriorly with two teeth, scape of antennæ only red

P ruficornis, p 211.

P fasciatipennis, p 211

402 Piagetia ruficornis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 133, Q

Head, thorax, and abdomen opaque, the head and thorax very minutely and closely punctured, the surface of the abdomen above aciculate. clypeus broad, transverse anteriorly, the sides oblique, the disc having a medial short vertical carina, the front with a medial vertical furrow, and a broader curved shallow furrow on each side, median segment with an indistinct carina down the middle, the apex of the segment strongly parrowed and truncate, an oval, rather deep fovea on the posterior face of the truncation, abdomen about the length of the thorax, the pygidial area bare, distantly punctured Black, the base of the mandibles, the clypeus, antennæ, pronotum, sides of the mesonotum anteriorly. sides and apex of the median segment broadly, the legs, and petiole of the abdomen dull reddish, the apical two joints of the antennæ, the coxæ of all the legs, and the femora and tibiæ of the intermediate and posterior pair more or less marked with fuscous black, the clypeus and front and base of the median segment with dense silvery pile, wings hyaline and indescent, with a fuscous subapical fascia from the base of the radial to the apex of the 2nd discoidal cell, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Calcutta, Poona Q. Length 9-10, eap 16-18 mm. of unknown

403 Piagetia fasciatipennis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4), 11, 1889, p 16, c

Q Closely allied to and resembling *P ruficornis*, Cam, differs in the clypeus having two strong teeth anteriorly, in the median segment being broader at the apex, and the femoral tooth, which in *ruficornis* forms a mere tubercle at the base below of the posterior femora, being developed into a small but distinctly

212 SPHEGIDÆ

curved tooth In colour *P* fascatepenns differs in having the red confined on the head and thorax to the base of the mandibles, the clypeus, scape of the antennæ, pronotum, the anterior lateral angles narrowly of the mesonotum, and the extreme of the median segment, on the abdomen the red extends on to the base of the 2nd segment, and the whole anal segment is red

d similar but smaller, with the femoral tooth very large, curved, and strong Wings in both sexes similar to those of *P ruficorms*

Hab Calcutta, Rangoon, Burma, Tenasserim, Cevlon Q Length 8-10, exp 16-20 mm & Length 7-9, exp 16-18 mm

Genus LIANTHRENA, gen nov

Type, L kohlu, Bingh. Range Punjab, India

Allied to Palarus, Latr Head transverse, a little wider than the thorax, emarginate posteriorly; eyes large, ovate, reaching the base of the mandibles below, their inner orbits convergent towards the vertex, but not oblique, widely arched outwards in the middle.

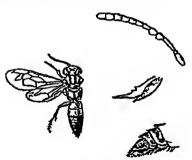


Fig 51 Leanthrena kohles, Q

mandibles incised on their outer margin, the apex simple, the inner margin with two blunt teeth about the middle, clypeus large, its anterior margin arched, antenna with the flagellum slightly but distinct incrassate, front above the base of the antenna convexly raised, gibbous, ocell complete, round and subequal, the anterior ocellus being only very slightly larger than either of the posterior ones, the three placed in a broad triangle just above the frontal convex area, pronotum

depressed below the level of the mesonotum, scutellum and postscutellum large, slightly convex, median segment about the length
of the mesonotum, subcylindrical, and abruptly truncate posteriorly,
the episternal suture of the mesopleuræ distinct. Legs short, the
anterior femora not emarginate at base below, the anterior tarsi
ciliated, the intermediate coxæ moderately separate, the intermediate tibiæ with one apical spine, the posterior four tibiæ and tarsi
spinose, claws simple. Wings, especially the hind wing, broad and
ample, the fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial
cell acutely, diagonally truncate at apex, appendiculate, the cubital
cells subequal measured on the cubital nervure, at top the 1st and
2nd united a little longer than the 3rd, the second cubital cell
receives both recurrent nervures, the humili on the hind wing

ranged in one unbroken row Abdomen about as long as the head and thorax united, the 1st segment concavo-truncate at base the 2nd ventral segment not converly raised, normal, pygidial area (2 and 3) bare, punctured, laterally ciliated with fine long hairs.

404 Lanthrena kohlu, n sp

Q d. Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the vertex of the head, the mesonotum anteriorly, and the pygidial area on the apical abdominal segment more or less punctured, the convex raised space on the front above the base of the antennæ marked with a brief medial longitudinal furrow, antennæ—the flagellum in the male with the apices of the 3rd and 4th joints dilated beneath, median segment above very indistinctly but finely reticulate rugose, the sides smooth, a fine medial longitudinally-impressed live from the base of the segment continued over the margin of the truncate portion but not reaching the apex Pale yellow, the apex of the mandibles ferruginous, the apical ten joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, a spot on the front above their base, two transverse spots above that, the region of the ocelli, a line behind the eyes, three parallel broad lines on the mesonotum, a T-shaped mark on the median segment above, a spot near the apex of the same, the sternum, the base of the coxe, and the apical two, sometimes three or four, segments of the abdomen, black, the last sometimes also shaded with rusty red or fulvous; a little line silvery pile on the clypeus and sides and apex of the median segment, wings hyaline, nervures pale testaceous, tegulæ ferruginous

Hab The Punjab & J Length 8-9, exp 17-18 mm.

Genus PALARUS

Crabio, pt, Fabr Spec Ins 1, p 470 (1781) Philanthus, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 304 (1804) Palarus, Latr Hist Nat Ins 111, p 336 (1802) Gomus, Jurine, Hym p 205 (1807)

Type, P flavipes, Fabr Range Palæarctic, Ethiopian, and Oriental regions



Fig 52 -Palarus fore wing

Head about as broad as the thorax, eyes large, their inner orbits as a rule strongly convergent towards the vertex, ocellic complete, the anterior ocellus round, large and distinct, the

214 SPREGIDÆ

posterior two oval or elongate, sometimes (as in the only Indian species as yet known) round, antennæ short, flagellum cylindrical. mandibles incised in the middle of their outer margin, generally dentate in the middle on their inner side Thorax broadly oval. pronotum small, not nearly so broad as the mesonotum, transverse, median segment short, roundly truncate posteriorly, with a wellmarked space at base enclosed by convergent carinæ Legs stout. spinose, anterior tarsi ciliated, intermediate tibiæ with one apical spine, intermediate and posterior tibiæ strongly spinose, claws simple. Fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell broadly obliquely truncate and with an appendicular cell, the 1st cubital cell long, in all the species known to me longer than the 2nd and 3rd cubital cells united, the 2nd cubital cell broadly triangular, very often petiolate, receiving both recurrent nervures, the 3rd much broader on the radial than on the cubital nervure, the lower apical angle of the cell generally rounded, the cubital nervure not continued beyond the apex of the cell Abdomen never petiolate, elongately conical, the margins of the segments broadly depressed and constricted, the end segment with a well-developed pygidial area bare and punctured, the 2nd ventral segment obtusely produced in the middle

The European species P flavipes, Fabr, is said to provision its nest with various species of hymenopterous insects. Dufour gives a list of 18 genera, species of which were found among the victims

of P flavipes

*405 Palarus orientalis, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 422, of Palarus interruptus, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 468, \$\Q225\$

"d Length 8 mm Black, head and thorax variegated-with pale yellow Abdomen above, the apical segment excepted, with Legs for the pale yellow, slightly interrupted transverse bands great part yellow Wings hyaline The front wide, strongly convex, the distance between the eyes nearly equal to the length of the 2nd-6th joints of the flagellum of the antennæ The 2nd and somewhat thick, the joints beneath not produced 3rd joints of the flagellum equal, half as long again as the 1st The posterior ocelli normal, round, not flattened, the anterior ocellus slightly smaller, the distance between the ocelli and the eyes not greater than between the ocelli themselves Median segment legs normal Mesonotum shining, punctured The 3rd ventral distinctly punctured, with a broad medial groove segment without any gibbosity The apical abdominal segment with an acute spine on each side, pygidial area distinct, somewhat flat, in part lugosely punctured, and slightly carinated medially

" ♀ unknown
" Hab Cowlon " Unknown

[&]quot;Hab Ceylon" Unknown to me

Genus MISCOPHUS

Miscophus, Jurine, Hym p 205 (1807)

Type, M bicolor, Jur

Range Palæarctie, Neotropical, and Oriental regions

All the known species are of small size, 3-10 mm in length,



Fig 53 Miscophus rothneyn, Ç 🕏

and have the general facies of Larra and allied genera. The mandibles with an incision on the outer margin close to the middle, the inner margin not toothed, the apex simple, base of the antennæ low down on the front, the flagellum filiform, eyes very slightly convergent towards the vertex, ocelli complete, round, and placed in a somewhat long triangle just below the vertex, vertex broad, transverse, pronotum

scarcely at all depressed beneath the level of the mesonotum, median segment as long as the mesonotum or slightly longer, the apex more or less truncate, legs longish, stout, the intermediate tibix with two apical spines. Wings ample, the fore wing with one radial and two cubital cells, the radial cell not appendiculate, the 1st cubital cell large, receiving the 1st recurrent nervire near the apex, the 2nd cubital cell triangular, petiolate, receiving the 2nd recurrent nervire almost at the apex Abdomen pseudosessile, the apical segment without a pygidial area, conical

Only one species is, as yet, known from India it is in the collection of Mr G A James-Rothney, and was placed in the collection above the label *Notogonia pulchripennis** by Mr Cameron (probably overlooked) The European species are said to provision their nests with spiders

406. Miscophus rothneyi, n sp

Q Herd, thorax, and abdomen opaque, very densely prumose, clypeus transverse, its anterior margin very widely arched, pronotum in front with three or four transverse striæ, median segment long, as long as the rest of the thorax, flat above, somewhat compressed at the sides, the apex truncate, a faint medial longitudinally impressed line from base not reaching the verge of the truncation, with a broad vertical furrow on the latter; legs

^{*} The description of Notogonia pulchripenris, Cam, would, in part, answer for the insect I have described above, which is a Miscophus, and not a Notogonia. I have failed to identify Mr Cameron's N pulchripenris

216 SPHEGIDÆ

moderately stout and long, slightly spinose and shining, abdomen about the length of the thorax and head together. Head, thorax, and base of the coxe of the legs black, the apex of the coxe, the trochanters, femora, tibre, and tarsi, and the abdomen pale red, the mandibles, palpi, anterior margin of the clypeus, scape and basal joint of the flagellum of the antennæ reddish testaceous, the whole insect except on the legs covered with a glittering silvery pile, giving it a curious frosted look, wings hyaline, apex of the fore wing very broadly dark fuscous and effulgent, nervures and the tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Jeypore Q Length 8, exp 15 mm Type in coll Rothney

Genus GASTROSERICUS

Gastiosericus, Spin Ann Soc Ent Fr 1838, p 480, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 467 (1845), Smith, Cat 1v, p 308 (1856), Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 408

Type, G walthi

Range Palæarctic and Oriental regions

Head a little wider than the thorax, mandibles incised in the middle of their outer margins, eyes only slightly conve gent towards the vertex, antennæ in the male straight, not convolute, anterior ocellus normally formed, round, the posterior two ocelli lengthened, flat, and placed on a convexity behind which the vertex and front are punctured, pronotum depressed below the level of the mesonotum, median segment formed as in the species of Tachysphex, steeply sloped posteriorly with the sides perpendicular, and nowhere is its area divided by impressed lines or folds. Wings—fore wing with one radial and only two cubital cells; the radial cell broadly truncate at apex, the appendix slight, 1st cubital cell very long, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure towards its apex, the 2nd trapeziform, nearly triangular, receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure about the middle Legs with the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, anterior tarsi ciliated, the cilia moderately long, but fine and soft, intermediate tibiæ with one apical spur, the posterior margin of the abdominal segments with transverse pilose bands, anal segment with the pygidial area well-developed in the female, subtriangular and set with stiff hairs

Key to the Species

a Abdomen wholly black
b Abdomen, basal two segments red

G rothneys, p 216 G wroughtons, p 217

407 Gastrosericus rothneyi, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1, 1889, p 147

2 Vertex of the head and thorax very minutely and closely punctured, abdomen prunose, the surface finely longitudinally

aciculate, clypeus broad, produced anteriorly in the middle, the apex transverse, the front and clypeus densely pubescent, the eyes parallel, the ocellar region raised, median segment with a very slight slope from base and slightly narrowed posteriorly, the apex truncate, above finely transversely striate, the sides densely pubescent, abdomen with the posterior margins of segments 1-5 with transverse pubescent bands, the pygidial area densely Black, the tubercles, the knees, a line on the tibiæ behind, with the apical joint of the tarsi, white pubescence glittering silvery, with in some lights a golden tint, wings hyaline, very faintly fuscescent at apex

Var The apex of the scape and the whole of the tibiæ and tars: white In one specimen the neuration is aberrant, a portion of the radial nervure being obsolete, the 1st cubital and radial cells

are merged in one

♀ Length 6-7, Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Tenasserim exp 11-13 mm

*408 Gastrosericus wroughtoni, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) и, 1889, р 147

Head wider than the thorax, pubescent, thorax punctured and densely pubescent, abdomen longer than the thorax, the surface finely aciculate; clypeus anteriorly truncate, vertex of head indistinctly furrowed, ocelli surrounded by a deep groove, median segment steeply sloped posteriorly, almost truncate, above and on the sides finely rugose, pygidial area bare, punctured Black, the pubescence white, getting greyish on the thorax, the clypeus, the face in front, the cheeks, legs, and posterior margins of segments 1-5 with silvery pile, the tegulæ, the anterior tibiæ and tars, and the basal two segments of the abdomen red, wings hyalıne

None given, but probably Poona, Bombay Presidency. Hab

Q? d? Length 11 mm Unknown to me

Genus PISON.

Pison, Spin Ins Lig 11, fasc 4, p 255 (1808)
fachybulus, Latr Gen Crust et Ins 1v, p 75 (1809)
Nephridea, Brullé, Ann Soc Ent Fr 11, p 408 (1833)
Pisonitus, Shuch Tr Ent Soc 11, p 79 (1837)
Pisonoides, pt., Smith, Join Linn Soc 11, p 104 (1858)
Parapison, pt , Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1869, p 298, pl vi, fig 6

Type, P ater, Spin Range Both hemispheres

Head as wide as the thorax or wider, mandibles without an incision on their outer margins, small, when closed concealed beneath the margin of the clypeus, eyes convergent anteriorly, their inner orbits emarginate; ocelli complete, round; pronotum level with the mesonotum or depressed below it; median segment

truncate at apex or steeply sloped, legs simple, intermediate tibiæ



Fig 54—Pison argentatum,

with one apical spur. Neuration of the wings variable*—fore wing with one radial cell not appendiculate, three or, by the obliteration of the 2nd transverse cubital nervure, two cubital cells (Smith's genus *Parapison*). when three cubital cells are present, the 1st receives the 1st recurrent nervure near or at the extreme apex, the 2nd cell receives the 2nd recurrent nervure in the middle, or near or at the extreme apex, sometimes the 2nd recurrent nervure is received near the base of the 3rd

cubital cell, when only two cubital cells are present each receives a recurrent nervure, the lat cell at the apex, the 2nd at or near the base. Abdomen pseudosessile, with the margins of the basal two or three segments constricted above.

Key to the Species

A Fore wing with three cubital cells a Head, thorax, and abdomen with silvery Median segment posteriorly truncate or concavo-truncate a² Basal abdominal segment closely, remainder sparsely punctured P. rugosum, p 218 Abdomen with only a few scattered P suspiciosum, p 219 punctures c² Abdomen impunctate, smooth and P punctifrons, p 219 abınıng b' Median segment rounded postenorly. not truncate a² Median segment with a vide medial longitudinal furrow bearing a carina P argentatum, p 220 down the middle b² Median segment with no furrow, coarsely obliquely stricte P striolatum, p 220 b Head, thorax, and abdomen with golden P hohlu, p 220 pile B Fore wing with two cubital cells P erythropus, p 221 a Legs conspicuously red b Legs piceous brown. a' Scutellum and postscutellum longitudinally furrowed L 9-10 mm P agrle, p 222 P rothneyr, p 221 Scutellum not furrowed L 7 mm P obliteratum, p 222 c Legs black, no tint of red or brown

Division A -Fore wing with three cubital cel's

409 Pison rugosum, Smith, Cat iv, p 313, Q. Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 188, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 118

^{*} I have taken specimens of Pison with three cubital cells in one fore wing, only two in the other. Such seems also to be the case with the allied genus Taranga, Kirby Kohl unites Taranga to Pison, but from a careful examination of the type, I have come to the conclusion that they are distinct

- Q d Head and thorax thinly pubescent, abdomen smooth and shining, with the base of the 1st and the apical margins of the basal four segments thinly pubescent, head in front rather closely and coarsely punctured, a transverse obscure furiow on the vertex behind the ocelli, mesonotum in front, scutellum and postscutellum more sparsely punctured, shining, median segment at base coarsely and obliquely striate, the apex concavo-truncate, a medial longitudinal turrow from base to verge of truncation, the furrow and the truncation transversely striate, abdomen with the basal segment strongly, the others sparingly punctured Black, the pubescence silvery, dense on the clypeus, front, sides and apex of the median segment, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous, the 2nd recurrent nervure received in the middle of the 2nd cubital cell
- Hab Mainpuri, NWP, Calcutta, Poona, Burma, Tenasserim Length 9-10, exp 16 mm 5. Length 8, exp 16 mm
- 410. Pison suspiciosum, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 104, Q, id Trans Ent Soc 1869, p 291, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 188, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 118
- Q & Very closely allied to P rugosum, Smith, and resembling it, but differing from that species in the shape of the median segment which is roundly truncate with a medial longitudinal furrow, the furrow smooth and shining, not transversely striate, in the abdomen having only a few scattered delicate punctures, with the base of the 2nd segment always transversely striate, and in the neuration of the wings, the 2nd recurrent nervure being received at the apex and not in the middle of the 2nd cubital cell. These differences seem constant.

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, Singapore Q & Length 8-9, exp 16-17 mm

- 411 Pison punctifrons, Shuck Trans Ent Soc 11, 1837, p 77, Q, Smith, Cat 1v, p 313, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 188, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 118
- Q & Head and thorax coarsely and closely punctured, the latter especially more so than in the closely allied species P rugosum, a deep transverse furrow on the vertex behind the ocelli, median segment coarsely obliquely striate, the apex truncate, the truncation transversely striate, a medial longitudinally impressed thin line from base to apex of segment, widening on the verge of the truncated portion into a shining fover, the clypeus the front, sides and apex of the median segment with thin long soft pubescence, abdomen smooth and shining, the sides of the segments posteriorly broadly pilose—Black, the pubescence silvery, the wings hyaline, their apical margins narrowly fuscescent, the recurrent nervures interstitial with 1st and 2nd transverse cubital nervures

Hab North-West Provinces, Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim Q. Length 10-12, exp. 18-23 mm

412 Pison argentatum

Pisonitus argentatus, Shuck Trans Ent Soc 11 (1837), p 79, Q Pison argentatus, Smith, Cat 1v, p 314 Pison argentatum, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 186

P Densely prumose, the clypeus, sides of the face and of the median segment pubescent, the head, thorax, and median segment very minutely and closely punctured, scutellum large and promment, a narrow rectangular depressed space at its base deeply and coarsely longitudinally striate, median segment short, rounded posteriorly, and steep, with a wide medial longitudinal furrow having a fine carina down the middle, the sides of the furrow obscurely obliquely stricte, abdomen shining, the posterior margins of the basal four segments with broad transverse pilose bands, the basal with its apical margin deeply, the 2nd segment with its apical margin slightly depressed and constricted Jet-black, the pubescence on the clypeus, face in front, and sides of the median segment silvery, the rest of the head and thorax covered with a thin silvery pile, the transverse bands on the abdomen very brilliant silvery, wings hyaline, the apical margins broadly fuscescent

Hab Mauritius, Bombay, Bangalore, Tenasserim 2 Length

8, exp. 15 mm & somewhat smaller

413 Pison striolatum, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc vii (1897)

d Head closely punctured, a small space beneath the anterior occilius smooth, the clypeus and sides of the face densely pruinose, the anterior maigin of the clypeus produced in the middle, emarginate at the sides, thorax closely and coarsely punctured, median segment roundly truncate posteriorly, coarsely obliquely striate and rugose, abdomen impunctate, shining, slightly pruinose, the base of segments 2-4 constricted Black, the flagellum of the antenne, the anterior tibic and tarsi, the intermediate and posterior tirsi, and the apical two or three segments of the abdomen obscurely pieceous

Hab Mussooree & Length 8, evp 14 mm Type in coll.

Rothney

414 Pison kohlii, n sp

Q Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and postscutellum very finely and closely punctured, the clypeus and front as far as the sinus of the eyes, the cheeks, a line on the pronotum, the sides and apex of the mesonotum, the apex of the median segment, and the posterior margins of the basal four segments of the abdomen densely pilose or pubescent, the median segment short, roundly concavo-truncate posteriorly, above with coarse longitudinal strice and a medial longitudinal fossulet, continued over the verge of the truncation transversely striate, abdomen long, massive, a little

PISON 221

longer than the head and thorax together Black, the pubescence on the clypeus and apex of the median segment, and the silky pile on the head, the thorax, and on the margins of the abdominal segments shining golden, wings hyaline, the apical margins narrowly fuscescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 11, exp 20 mm Allied to but quite distinct from P aurifex, Smith, and other related Australian

species

Division B.—Fore wing with two cubital cells

415 Pison erythropus

Parapison rufipes, Smith (nec Pisonitus (=Pison) rufipes, Shuck Trans Ent Soc 11, p 79), Trans Ent Soc 1869, p 299, Q Pison erythropus, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 186, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 117

Q & Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured and shining, the clypeus, front of the face, emargination of the eyes, occiput, cheeks, a line on the posterior border of the pronotum, the sides of the median segment, and distinct moderately broad transverse fasciae on the posterior margins of abdominal segments 1-4 above pubescent or pilose, the clypeus and front boldly convex, the median segment rounded, posteriorly divided by a medial longitudinal deep furrow, the base of the segment with a row of short longitudinal striæ, the abdomen pseudosessile, about the length of the head and thorax together, the apical margins of the basal three segments constricted. Black, the pubescence and pile silvery, the trochanters, femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs red, the posterior margins of the basal five segments of the abdomen testaceous, the wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab North-West Provinces 2 & Length 8-9, eap 14-17 min

416 Pison rothneyi, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen shining, very closely punctured, the punctures minute and very shallow, the clypeus denselv, the rest of the head, the thorax, and abdomen thinly pruinose, median segment with a medial longitudinal furrow from base not quite reaching the apex of the segment, which latter is slightly concave and densely pubescent, abdomen with the base of the 2nd strongly, of the 3rd segment slightly constricted Black, the apical four joints of the flagellum of the antennæ and the legs more or less obscurely piceous, the posterior margins of segments 1−5 of the abdomen narrowly shining testaceous, the clypeus with silvery pile, the pubescence on the apex of the median segment fuscous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 7, eap 14 mm Type

in coll Rothney

417 Pison agile

Parapison agilis, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1869, p 300, Q Pison agile, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 186, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 117

Closely resembles P erythropus, Kohl, but is a larger, more stoutly built insect, with the legs piceous brown, not red, and differs also in the eyes being more convergent at top, the scutellum and postscutellum being divided by a medial longitudinal very shallow furrow, the median segment is slender, with a steeper slope to the apex, and the abdomen is much larger and broader

Hab Ceylon Q Length 9-10, exp 11-20 mm

smaller

418 Pison obliteratum

Pisonoides obliteratus, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 104, Q Parapison obliteratus, Smith, Tr Ent Soc 1869 p 299 Pison obliteratum, Rohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 187, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 117

Head, thorax, and median segment finely but not very closely punctured; abdomen highly polished, shining, the



literatum, Q

whole head, thorax, and abdomen covered with a thin erect pubescence, the clypeus, the emargination of the eyes, and transverse bands on the posterior margins of abdominal segments 2-4 with dense silky pile, the last only observable in certain lights, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a steep slope to the apex, a triangular depressed space at base, bearing coarse Fig 55 -Pison ob. oblique striations, from which a deep furrow runs to the apex of the segment, the furrow with a few coarse transverse strae, abdomen with the

base of the 1st segment narrowed, almost petiolate, the apex deeply constricted Black, the abdomen with an obscure chalybeous tint, the apical margins of segments 2-4 testaceous, the thin erect pubescence whitish, the pile on the clypeus and abdominal bands silvery, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ brownish testaceous

Hab Kumaun, North India, Maulmain, Tenasserim, Borneo 2 d Length 8-9, exp. 15-16 mm

Genus TRYPOXYLON.

Sphex, pt, Lann Syst Nat ed x, t 1, p 569 (1758) Trypoxylon, Latr Prices Caract Gen Ins p 121 (1796) Apius, Jurine, Hym 1, p 140 (1807)

Type, T figulus (Lann) Range Both hemispheres

Read as wide as the thorax or a little wider, mandibles small, when closed concealed beneath the clypeus, their outer margin not incised, eyes more or less convergent below, their

inner orbits with a deep indentation or sinus, front and vertex often raised and produced in various ways, shield-shaped, strongly convex, &c, ocelli three, complete, round, pronotum on a level with or depressed beneath the mesonotum; median segment never truncate posteriorly, usually with a more or less steep slope at apex, legs short, simple, or very feebly spined, intermediate tibiæ with one apical spur Wings usually short in proportion to length of body, the row of hooklets on the costal margin of the posterior



Fig 56 - Trypoxylon fore wing

wing interrupted in the middle, fore wing with one radial cell not truncate at apex nor appendiculate, and two cubital cells, but the 2nd almost obsolete, defined by such faint nervures that it is somewhat difficult to detect except in a strong light abdomen elongate, basal segment formed into a slender petiole, 2nd segment petiolate at base, usually very slightly increasing in thickness towards the apex, 3rd a little thicker, 4th and 5th subequal, apical segment in female conical acute, in male arched or truncate

The species of this genus construct their nests of clay, making delicate little shells, granular on the outside and somewhat lengthened in shape, these they store with minute spiders as food for their larvæ Horne found their nests built on straws, I

have only once found a nest so built

Trypozylon pileatum, which is very common in Burma, usually selects the folds of an unopened newspaper lying on the table in the verandah, or the ends of a closed book, on which to construct its fragile little nests I have also seen T bicolor carrying clay to an old nail- or screw-hole in the walls or doors of the house

Key to the Species

A Median segment with a medial longitudinal furrow, and two lateral convergent furrows enclosing a triangular space at base of seg-

a Head produced into a shield-shaped prominence on front

b Front with a more or less marked furrow down the middle

a' Triangular space at base obscurely transversely striate

 b' Triangular space at base smooth
 a Medial furrow broad, transversely striate, continued down to spex of segment

b2 Medial furrow comparatively narrower, interrupted about middle of the segment by a transverse hollow

T pileatum, p 224

T vatrudens, p 224

T canaliculatum, p 225

T buddha, p 225

B Median segment with a medial longitudinal but no lateral furrows

a Stoutly made and densely pubescent, pubescence and pile on head and thorax golden

b More slenderly made, pubescence not so dense, pubescence and pile on head and thorax silvery

a' Front above base of antennæ with a small tubercle

b'. Front with a carina between base of antennæ

a2 Legs wholly black

b² Legs black, variegated with rufotestaceous

a³ Abdomen black, 2nd and 3rd segments red

b³ Abdomen red, basal segment (petiole) only black T coloratum, p 226

T obsonator, p 226

T rejector, p 226

T bicoloi, p 227

T gracilescens, p 227

419. Trypoxylon pileatum, Smith, Cat iv, p 377, Q, Kohl, Verh
zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 206, Cam Mem Manch L Ph
Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 119
Trypoxylon nigricans, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889,
p 119

Pd Head—the clypeus densely pilose, the front above the antennæ produced into a shield-shaped form rounded above, triangular, and running into a sharp carmated point below between

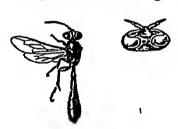


Fig 57 — Trypoxylon pileatum, Q

the bases of the antennæ, from the lateral angles of the shield a short carina runs into the emargination of the eyes, beneath which on each side the face is hollowed and smooth, the anterior ocellus is placed in the top of the shield, the posterior two ocelli above it; mesonotum, scutellum, and post-scutellum smooth and shining, median segment with an enclosed subtriangular space at base, the enclosure with a medial transversely striate furrow

continued down from the apex of the enclosed space to the apex of the segment, pleuræ, sides and apex of the median segment pilose, abdomen smooth, more than twice the length of the head and thorax united Black, with glittering silvery pile, wings hyaline, nervures testaceous

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Madras, Ceylon; Burma, Tenas-

serim 2 d. Length 9-12, exp. 14-16 mm

420 Trypoxylon intrudens, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, 1872, p 188, 2, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Gcs Wien, 1884, p 205, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) ii, 1889, p 119

Q d Head minutely and somewhat closely punctured, the

punctures shallow, the clypeus, front up to the emargination of the eyes, and cheeks delicately pilose, a shallow vertical furrow from the anterior ocellus meeting a short carina running up from between the base of the antennæ, thorax smooth, shining, and sparsely punctured, a line on the pronotum, the sides and apex of the mesonotum, the pleure, and the sides and apex of the median segment pilose, median segment long, steeply sloped at apex, a transversely structe and medially furrowed triangular space at base enclosed by deep posteriorly convergent furrows, the obliquely truncated portion also with a medial furrow, abdomen long, about twice the length of the head and thorax united Black, with glittering silvery pile, the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments red, shaded with fuscous above, legs testaceous, variegated with black, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab North-West Provinces, India, Ceylon, Burma Q & Length 9-10, exp 12-15 mm

- 421 Trypoxylon canaliculatum, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, pp 118, 122
- Q Closely allied to and resembling T intrudens, Smith, but the eyes beneath are closer, the clypeus is bluntly carinated in the middle, the apex recurved, the median segment has a more gradual slope and the enclosed triangular space at its base is smooth, the medial and lateral furrows only being transversely striate

Hab Barrackpore, Turhoot, Mussooree Q Length 8-10, exp 12-13 mm

- 422 Trypoxylon buddha, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, pp 118, 119
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen shining, covered all over with a very thin short pubescence, clypeus and the emargination of the eyes densely pilose, the front raised, convex, divided by a deep furrow which joins on below to a prominent carina above the bases of the antennæ, the front covered with coarse punctures, median segment coarsely transversely striate, a subtriangular space at base enclosed by deep convergent furrows meeting about midway down the slope of the segment, the enclosed space with a medial broad furrow, beyond the apex of which the segment is transversely excavated, abdomen long, curved, the apex of the petiole swollen, larger than the apex of the 2nd segment. Jet-black, the thin short pubescence hoary white, the pile on the clypeus and face shuing silvery, wings hyaline and beautifully indescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous brown

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 9, exp 12 mm d unknown Type in coll Rothney

AOF I

- 423 Trypoxylon coloratum, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 106, d, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 203, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 1, 1889, p 118
- Not so slenderly made as the majority of the species of this genus Head, thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, the pubescence long and soft on the clypeus, the front cheeks behind the eyes, on the pronotum, the front, sides, and apex of the mesonotum. the scutellum, postscutellum, median segment, and pleuræ, shorter and less dense on the abdomen, the legs pilose, the head and thorax underneath the pubescence moderately punctured, the disc of the mesonotum and the middle of the median segment smooth and shining, the latter long, with a gradual slope to the apex, and a short medial longitudinal groove widening about midway into a deep shining broad hollow, and another longer wider fovea on the slope of the segment, clypeus long, subtriangular, convex, the apex broadly rounded, the front with a small tubercle above the base of the antennæ Black, the pubescence golden. the mandibles, the apical margin of the clypeus, the scape and basal four joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercles, the petiole of the abdomen beneath, the base of the 2nd and 3rd, and the apical margins of the 3rd, 4th, and 5th segments above pale testaceous red, the legs testaceous, variegated with black, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

d similar, the abdomen more or less rufo-fuscous with the apex

pale

Hab Tenasserim, Borneo Q Length 20, exp 28 mm & slightly smaller Type in the British Museum

- 424 Trypoxylon obsonator, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1873, p 194, 2 d, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 205
- Q Closely resembles T bicolor, but is constantly larger, the front above the base of the antennæ bears a small tub relembered of a carma, the medial turrow on the median segment is broader and not interrupted in the middle, and the head and thorax are more densely pubescent and pilose

d Differs from the female in baving the antennæ black beneath, not rufo-fulvous, and a fuscous patch at the base of the 2nd

abdominal segment above

Hab Tenasserim, Japan. 2 & Length 15-18, exp 26-28 mm

*425 Trypoxylon rejector, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 189, Q. pl xxi, fig 4 a, Kohl, Veih zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884, p 206, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 119

"Q Length 51 lines (11 mm) Black, with the 2nd and

3rd segments of the abdomen red, the legs black

"Head, the clypeus, and the emargination of the eyes silvery, tips of the mandibles ferruginous, the palpi pale testaceous, an impressed line in front of the anterior occilius, terminating at an

elevated carina just before the insertion of the antennæ Thorax smooth and shining on the disc, the sides of the metathorax with silvery pubescence, and a smooth enclosed space at its base divided by a central channel, beyond the enclosure it divides into a deep and wide fossulet, wings subhyaline, their apical margins clouded and beautifully iridescent, legs entirely black Abdomen with a long petiole, smooth and shining, the second and third segments red, their apical margins more or less fuscous

" Hab Mainpuri, North-West Provinces

"This species was bred from cells constructed by Pterochilus pulchellus"

- 426 Trypoxylon bicolor (Pl II, fig 5)

 Smith, Cat iv, p 377, Ω, Kohl, Verh zool-bot Ges Wien, 1884,
 p 203, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 118

 Trypoxylon accumulator, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 38, Ω

 Trypoxylon tinctipennis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889,
 pp 119 & 121
- 2 d Ch peus, the front above the antennæ, the emargination of the eves, the cheeks, the pronotum in front, the sides and apex of the mesonotum, the sides of the median segment, and the pleura pubescent, the pubescence or pile dense on the clypeus. the cheeks, pleure, and sides of the median segment, the front and vertex of the head minutely and closely punctured, somewhat opaque, the antennal carma short, prominent the front vertically furrowed, the pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment smooth and shining in the middle, the last with a subinterrupted medial longitudinal furrow, broadening above and below the posterior slope of the segment, abdomen smooth and shining, obscurely pilose Black, the pubescence silvery the mandibles, the anterior tibiæ in front, the tarsi, the base of the intermediate and posterior tibiæ and tarsi rufo-testaceous, the apex of the petiole and the 2nd and 3rd segments of the abdomen ferruginous red, wings hyaline and indescent, the nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Singapore, Java Q o

Length 12-15, exp 18-23 mm

427 Trypoxylon gracilescens, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1861, p 85, Q

Q Clypeus, front to a little above the base of the antennæ, the sinus of the eyes, the inner narrowly and the outer orbits broadly, a line on the pronotum, the sides and apex of the mesonotum and of the median segment densely pilose, the rest of the head and thorax smooth and shining, the front divided by a vertical furrow, on each side of which the face is convexly raised, median segment with a medial longitudinal slight furrow from base to verge of oblique portion of segment, thence to apex broadly channelled, abdomen smooth Head, thorax, and petiole of abdomen black, the apex of the clypeus, the scape of the antennæ,

and the legs, except the bases of all the coxe and the posterior femora in the middle, testaceous, mandibles ferruginous, flagellum of the antennæ piceous, 2nd and succeeding segments of the abdomen red, the pile on the head and thorax bright silvery, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures brown, tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Not uncommon in Southern Tenasserim, described originally from Makassar in Celebes Q Length 13, exp 20 mm

o unknown

Genus AMMOPHILA.

Sphex, pt, Linn Faun Suec p 411 (1761)
Pompilus, pt, Fabr Lnt Syst Supp p 246 (1798)
Pelopœus, pt, Pepsis, pt, Fabr Syst Piez pp 202 & 207 (1804)
Ammophila, Kn by, Trans Linn Soc 1v, p 195 (1804)
Psammophila, pt, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 431 (1845)
Parapsammophila, pt, Taschenb Zeitschr ges Nat Sachs Thur
XXXIV, p 429 (1869)

Type, A sabulosa, Linn
Range Over both hemispheres

In the fore wing the 2nd cubital cell receives both recurrent



Fig 58 Ammophila atripes, Q

nervures, the third cubital is subtriangular, much narrowed towards the radial cell. The fore tarsi (2) strongly, (3) feebly ciliated on the outer side, with stiff hairs and spines. Body lengthened and slender, more slender than in Sceliphron—The female makes burrows in the ground and stores her nest with either caterpillars or spiders.

Key to the Species

A Petiole of abdomen two-jointed

a Pro- and mesonotum, and the median segment striate

a' Legs red

a² Median segment above reticulate, not striate, along the middle

b² Median segment above transversely striate along the middle

as The middle portion of the median segment at base above raised into a V-form

b³ The middle portion of the median segment at base above not raised, rounded

a⁴ P10- and mesonotum marked with red
 b⁴ Pro- and mesonotum black

b' Legs black

a² Median segment above reticulate

a² Median segment above reticulate, not striate, along the middle A atripes 2, p 229

A humbertiana, p 230

A dimidiata, p 230 A basalis, p 231

A atripes o, p 229

b2 Median segment above transversely or obliquely striate along the middle a3 Mesonotum raised in the middle, with a longitudinal furrow on

each side b3 Mesonotum not raised in the

middle nor sulcate

b Pro- and mesonotum punctured, not strate, medien segment only striate

a' Legs red

a² Posterior tibiæ and tarsi black b2 Posterior tibiæ and tarsi red

a3 Abdomen wholly red, or red with all the segments above fuscous black

b3 Abdomen with segments 5 and 6 always entuely black

b' Legs black

a² Abdomen massive, broad slightly flat, median segment not carmated

Abdomen more or less cylindrical, acutely pointed at the apex, not flat, median segment with a marked medial longitudinal carina A punctata, p 233

B Petiole of abdomen one-jointed

a Tarsal claws unidentate a' Legs and petiole red

b' Legs and petrole black

a2 Median segment punctured, not

b2 Median segment obliquely striate, with a medial longitudinal furrow bearing a carina down the middle

c2 Median segment transverely striate above and on the sides and not furrowed

a3 Abdomen red and black, wings hyaline

Abdomen wholly black, wings dark fusco-hyaline

b Tarsal claws bidentate

A vayabunda, p 231

A nigripes, p 231

A længata, p 231

A elegans, p 232

A smithu, p 232

A brevipennis, p 232

A fuscipennis, p 233

A læta, p 234

A huticeps, p 234

A apicata, p 234

A mandibulata, p 234 A erythrocephala, p 235

A Petrole of abdomen two-jointed

428 Ammophila atripes, Smith, A M N H (2) 17, 1852, p 46, id Cat 17, p 217, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 93

Ammophila simillima, Smith, Cat 1v, p 217 Ammophila pulchella, Smith, Cat 1v, p 218

Ammophila longiventris, Sauss Novara-Reise, Hym p 24'd Ammophila spinosa, Smith, A. M. N. H. (4) vii, 1873, p. 259, Q. Ammophila buddha, Cam. Mem. Manch. L. Ph. Soc. (4) 11, 1889, pp 93 & 94

P Head, legs, and abdomen smooth and shining; pronotum,

mesonotum anteriorly, and the sides of the median segment transversely striate, the scutellum and postscutellum longitudinally striate, the middle of the median segment above finely reticulate, clypeus subtriangular, slightly convex, its anterior margin arched, front at the base of the antennæ concave Black, the femora, tibiæ, basal two joints of the tarsi, the petiole, and bisal segment (2nd joint of petiole) of the abdomen red, rest of the abdomen blue-black, which colour extends more or less on to the basal segment above, the scape and basal joint of the flagellum of the antennæ dull red, the apical joints of the tarsi black, wings light fusco-hyaline with a yellowish tinge

3 Similar in colour and sculpture, but with the petiole-of the abdomen, the legs, and the scape and basal joint of the antenna also black, the petiole only being slightly reddish beneath, the

abdomen covered with a short fine silvery pile

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, China 2 Length 18-30, erp 36-40 mm & Length 23-27, erp 30-33 mm

I have carefully examined the types of A similima, pulchella, and spinosa, all in the British Museum, and compared them with the type of atripes, also the type of A buddha, Cam, in Mi Rothney's collection A longiventris, Sauss, I have not seen, but the description exactly corresponds with that of A pulchella, Smith=atripes of

- *429 Ammophila humbertiana, Sauss Novara-Reise, Hym p 25, \$\sqrt{2}\$, Cam Mem Manch I. Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 93
- Q Very closely allied and similar to A atripes, Smith, of which this may only be an extreme form. According to the description it differs in sculpture of the metanotum, which is "postice oblique in V-formam elevato-strigato," and in the colour of the antenna, which have the basal segments of the flagellum red

Hab Ceylon ? Length 28, wing 17 mm

- 430 Ammophila dimidiata, Smith, Cat iv, p 216, 2, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 93
- P Head and thorax pubescent, head very finely punctured, pro- and mesonotum and median segment transversely striate, scutellum and postscutellum longitudinally striate, legs and abdomen smooth Black, the scape, basal two joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, the pronotum, two marks anteriorly on the mesonotum, the apex of the coxæ, the trochanters, tibus and tarsi of legs, and the petiole and the basal segment (2nd joint of the petiole) of the abdomen red, rest of the abdomen bright metallic blue

Var The whole of the mesonotum, the tegulæ, and basal five joints of the flagellum of the antennæ red, wings flavo-hyaline, indescent

Hab Bengal, Madras Q Length 22-28, exp. 31 mm. S unknown. Type in the British Museum

- 431 Ammophila basalis, Smith, Cat iv, p 214, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 93

 Ammophila orientalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, pp 93 & 96
- Q Closely allied to A atripes, Smith, but a much smaller and slighter insect, and differing in having the median segment both at the sides and above very finely transversely striate, not reticulate, and in colour in having the basal segment, and basal half, two-thirds, or whole of the following segment of the abdomen red This coloration is constant in all the specimens I have seen

Hab The Punjab, NW India Q Length 20-22, exp 28-

30 mm o unknown

- 432 Ammophila vagabunda, Smith, Cat iv, p 218, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 94
 Ammophila spinipes, Smith, 2nd Yark Miss, Hym p 16
- Q Head smooth, with a few scattered shallow punctures, the front deeply concave, the clypeus depressed, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and postscutellum strongly punctured, the mesonotum raised in the middle, with a shallow broad furrow on each side and a longitudinally impressed medial line anteriorly, the punctures running into stine in the lateral furrows and at the apex of the mesonotum, median segment transversely striate, abdomen smooth Black, the apical half of the 2nd joint of the petiole and the succeeding abdominal segment red, the rest of the abdomen blue-back, wings light fusco-hvaline and indescent

Hab Northern India, North China, Sumatra 2 Length

22, exp 25 mm

The three specimens, all I have seen, in the British Museum are all iemales. It is possible that A nigripes, Smith, is the male. However, the sculpture of the thorax is sufficiently different to keep them apart for the present

- 433 Ammophila nigripes, Smith, Cat iv, p 215, &, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 93
- d Head smooth, the clypeus and front prunose, the proand mesonotum and median segment transversely striate, the
 sides of the last covered with soft, white, rather thin pubescence,
 scutellum and postscutellum longitudinally striate, the legs and
 abdomen smooth, slightly prunose, the bases of the segments of
 the latter densely so Black, the basal segment of the abdomen
 red, fuscous at base above, the remaining segments blue-black, the
 apical two with a green effulgence, wings hyaline, with a brownish
 ridescent effulgence, the clypeus and face in front with glistening
 silvery pile

Hab Madras, Southern India J. Length 16, exp 24 mm

- 434 Ammophila lævigata, Smith, Cat iv, p 215, \$\times\$, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 93, Bingh P Z \$\times\$ 1896, p 437
 - P Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum

smooth, with a few fine scattered punctures, median segment coarsely punctured, rugose down the middle above, the sides transversely striate, the head in front and the sides of the thorax pruinose, the abdomen smooth, obscurely pruinose. Black, with the clypeus, the sides of the face, the tubercles, and the sides of median segment covered with glistening silvery pile, the legs, the petiole, and basal segment of the abdomen with the basal two-thirds of the 2nd segment red, the covæ and trochanters of all the legs, and the femora above, tibiæ at apex, and tarsi of the posterior legs black, the basal two segments of the abdomen also touched with black, wings hyaline with a yellowish tinge, nervures testaceous, tegulæ reddish

Hab Guzerat, Madras, Bangalore, Ceylon Q Length 20,

exp 24 mm.

435 Ammophila elegans, Smith, Cat iv, p 216, 9 3, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 93

Q Head and thorax densely prumose, legs and abdomen smooth, head, pro- and mesonotum very closely and finely punctured under the thick pilose coating, the median segment finely transversely striolate. Black, the clypeus, apex of the coxæ, the trochanters, femora, and tarsi of the legs, and the abdomen pale red, the head and thorax covered with a dense glistening silvery pile, the posterior coxæ, trochanters, and femora above, the basal segment of the abdomen above, except at apex, and a spot above at the bases of the 2nd and 3rd segments, black, wings clear bysline

of similar, but has the whole abdomen shaded with black spots

above

- Hab Punjab, Bombay 2 Length 22, erp 28 mm of Length 21, exp 26 mm
- *436 Ammophila smithii, Baly, MS teste Smith, Cat iv, p 217, 2, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 94
- Q "Black, the head and thorax covered with silvery pile, which is very dense on the face, cheeks, and thorax beneath, the covæ and sides of the metathorax, the scape, anterior margin of the clypeus, and the mandibles ferruginous, the latter black at their tips, the legs red, the intermediate and posterior tarsi fuscoferruginous. The first joint of the petiole fusco-ferruginous, the second with a black spot at its base above, the abdomen red, the fourth segment having a large black spot in the centre of its apex, and the fifth and sixth segments being entirely black

"Hab India Q Length 10½ lines (=21 mm)"

437 Ammophila brevipennis, n sp

Q Head and thorax in front smooth and shining, the clypeus flat, semicircular, and pilose, the head and thorax sparsely covered with long hairs, the pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, and post-scutellum marked by scattered punctures, mesonotum markedly

elevated in the middle, with a longitudinal broad, rather shallow furrow on each side above the tegulæ, median segment finely transversely striate, petiole short, abdomen broad, somewhat vertically flattened and subfusiform, the basal segment (i e, 2nd joint of the petiole) nearly cylindrical, very little broadened towards the apex, the following segment campanulate. Intensely black, the clypeus with short black pile, the petiole, the basal two segments of the abdomen and the base of the 3rd bright vermilion-red, wings flavo-hyaline, the apical margins beyond the cells broadly fuscescent

Hab Bombay & Length 23; exp 22 mm & unknown. Type in the British Museum

- 438 Ammophila punctata, Smith, Čat, iv, p 218, \$\mathbb{Q}\$, Cam Mem.

 Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 93

 Ammophila vischu (? vishnu), Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, pp 94 & 98
- A Head, pro- and mesonotum punctured, scutellum, post-scutellum, and median segment coarsely rugose, the last transversely striate at the sides and above and with an obscure fine medial longitudinal carina, the face in front, the tubercles, and sides of the thorax with glistening silvery pile, abdomen smooth, opaque Black, the apex of the 1st and the two following segments of the abdomen red wings light fusco-hyaline, with the apical margins slightly darker, nervures testaceous, tegulæ black

of similar, but with the red portion of the abdomen shaded

with black

Hab Northern India, Mussooree; Sikhim, Burma Q Length 18, exp 25 mm & Length 17; exp 26 mm

B Petrole of abdomen one-jointed

- 439 Ammophila fuscipennis, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 187, d, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889 p 93
- d' Head and thorax with a short sparse pubescence, the face in front densely pilose; the clypeus large, subtriangular, with a shallow furrow down the middle, the anterior margin recurved, slightly projecting, transverse in the middle, with the sides oblique, head closely punctured, the pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, post-scutellum, and the enclosed space on the median segment above coarsely and closely punctured, the punctures running into oblique stria at the apex of the mesonotum and into longitudinal striae on the scutellum and postscutellum; the median segment at apex transversely and on the sides finely obliquely striate, petiole and abdomen smooth Black, the scape of the antennae, the trochanters, femora, tibiae, and tarsi (except the apical joint, which is fuscous black) of the legs, and the petiole red, wings fusco-hyaline

Hab North-West Provinces. J. Length 22; exp 34 mm.

2 unknown Type in the British Museum

440. Ammophila læta, n sp

Q Head—the vertex and front coarsely but slightly rugose, clypeus boldly convex, its anterior margin arched, pronotum, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum coarsely punctured, median segment finely and very closely punctured, the punctures running into transverse striæ, petiole and abdomen smooth and shining, the latter subfusiform, acute at apex Black, the basal three segments of the abdomen red, the head and thorax in front covered with sparsely scattered black hairs, the median segment with a soft, yellowish-white, rather thin pubescence, wings tusco-hyaline, the apical margins broadly darker

Hab Chaman, South Afghanistan Q Length 19, exp 28 mm

of unknown Type in the British Museum

*441. Ammophila hirticeps, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, pp 94 & 99

"Q Head and thorax sparsely punctured and densely pubescent, anterior margin of clypeus broadly rounded, almost sinuate in the middle, scutellum indistinctly longitudinally striate, the median segment obliquely striate, with a central longitudinal furrow, which has a carina down the middle, petiole of abdomen pubescent Black, with long black hair and silvery pubescence on the clypeus and face in front, abdomen with segments 2-4 and the base of the 5th red, wings nearly hyaline, the apex infuscate"

Hab Gilgit Q. Length 15 mm Type in the Indian Museum,

Calcutta

442. Ammophila apicata, n sp

Q Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum smooth, shining, with a few scattered fine punctures, head densely pruinose in front and thinly pubescent; median segment finely transversely striate, legs pruinose, abdomen smooth and shining, the apex of the 4th and all the 5th segment above with transverse crenulated folds. Black, the clypeus, face in front, sides of the thorax, and the legs with dense silvery pile, and some long whitish pubescence on the head and thorax, the basal three segments of the abdomen and basal half of the 4th deep red, wings hyaline and indescent, broadly light fuscescent along the apical margin, with a dark fuscous spot at the extreme apex of the front wing, nervures testaceous brown, tegulæ black

Hab Bombay & Length 23, exp 33 mm Type in the

British Museum

443 Ammophila mandibulata, Kuby, Trans Linn Soc v, p 134, pl xiv, fig 18

Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum with a few very fine scattered punctures, median segment delicately transversely striate, abdomen long, polished and impunctate, mandibles

remarkably long and powerful, clypeus convex, arcuate anteriorly, the head, the pronotum in front, and the sides of the median segment slightly pubescent Intensely black, wings fuscous with a slight purple effulgence, the hind wing a little paler; pubescence black

Hab Beluchistan, Afghanistan Q Length 21, exp 28 mm

d unknown Type in the British Museum

414 Ammophila erythrocephala

Spher erythrocephala, Fabr Ent Syst p 204
Pelopœus erythrocephalus, Fabr Syst Piez p 203
Ammophila erythrocephala, Level Hym 111, p 385, Smith, Cat 1v, p 216, Cam Mem Manch L Fh Soc (4) 11, 1889, pp 94 & 100
Ammophila violaceipenius, Cam Mem Manch L Fh Soc (4) 11, 1889, pp 94 & 100 1889, pp 94 & 100, 3

P Head, pronotum, legs, and abdomen smooth and shining mesonotum finely reticulate, scutellum and postscutellum longitudinally striate, median segment coarsely reticulate above along the middle, and transversely striate on the sides, clypeus broader than high, slightly convex, its anterior margin transverse in the middle, oblique at the sides, eyes parallel Black, the head, the pronotum, legs, and petiole of the abdomen red, the abdomen blueblack, the apical half or the flagellum of the antennæ black, the scape and basal halt red, the coxe, trochanters, and apical joint of the tarsi fuscous, wings fuscous with a purple effulgence

d The head from tuscous red to black, the clypeus projecting

a little, the eyes convergent below (var violaceipennis, Cam)

Hab Throughout India except in the extreme South and Q Lingth 32-34, exp 50-52 mm. South-west (Malabar) d Length 29-31, eap 48-51 mm

Genus SCELIPHRON.

Sceliphron, Klug, Neue Schrift d Ges naturf Freunde zu Beil m, p 555 (1801) Pelopœus, Latr Hist Nat Ins xiii, p 294 (1804) Pepsis, pt, Illiy Ld Faun Etrusc 11, p 94 (1807) Chalybion, Dahlb Hym Lur 1, p 21 (1845)



Fig 59 -Sceliphron formosurs, Q

Type, S spirifex, Linn

Range Over both hemispheres

In the fore wing the 2nd cubital cell receives both recurrent nervures, and is narrowed at the top by the convergence of the 1st and 2nd transverse cubital nervures, the 3rd cubital cell also much narrowed at the top by the curving inwards towards the base of the cell of the 3rd transverse cubital nervure. Fore tars not calated. Abdomen with a long, slender, 1-jointed petiole, the remaining segments together abruptly widened, ovate, acute at apex. The 2 makes earthen cells and stores them with spiders.

Key to the Species

A Colours black and vellow a Mesonotum striate a' Median segment with a medial longitudinal broad furrow a² Comparatively large (length 27-80 mm) a Extreme apex of femore and apical half of tibies of posterior legs black Femora and tibiæ of posterior legs entirely yellow b² Comparatively small (length 16-18 Apical two-thirds of femora and of tibiæ of posterior legs black b'. Median segment without a broad medial longitudinal furrow a² Median segment black b' Median segment variegated with yellow a³ Tibiæ of the posterior legs yellow ba Tibiæ of the posterior legs black b Mesonotum punctured, not strate B Colours chestnut-brown and yellow C Colour dark shining cobalt-blue, with glistening

S intrudens, p 236

S spinolæ, p 237

[p 237 S madraspatanum,

[p 238 S coromandelicum,

S solieri, p 238 S bilineatum, p 239.

S javanum, p 239 S for mosum, p 239

S violaceum, p 240

445 Sceliphron intrudens

silvery pubescence

Pelopœus intrudens, Smith, Jour. Linn Soc 1859, p 15, Q

Head and thorax pubescent, clypeus and the face in front

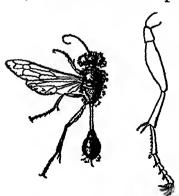


Fig 60 Sceliphron intrudens, P

densely prumose, head, pro- and mesonotum finely and very closely punctured, the punctures running into indistinct strike on the last, scutellum and postscutellum longitudinally, the enclosed raised space at the base of the median segment transversely, and the sides and apex of the same obliquely striate, a medial longitudinal broad furrow on the raised space on the median segment, the petiole and basal two segments of the abdomen smooth and shining, the rest of the segments with minute longitudinal strike Black, with black pubescence, the clypeus and front

with silvery pile, the apex of the femora, the tibiæ and basal joint of the tarsi of the anterior and intermediate legs, the trochanters, femora except at apex, base of the tibim, basal joint of the tarsi of the posterior legs, and petiole of abdomen yellow, wings light flavo-hyaline

& sımılar

Var The posterior tibiæ and tarsi entirely black

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Celebes 2 & Length 27-30, exp 43-45 mm

446 Sceliphron spinolæ

Pelopœus spinolæ, Lepel Hym 111, p 307, Q, Smith, Cat 1v, p 231, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 102

Q Head and thorax pubescent, the head finely but not very closely punctured, the mesonotum finely obliquely striate, scutellum and postscutellum longitudinally striate, median segment long, the enclosed space at the base raised, obliquely striate, with a broad furrow down the middle, the sides of the median segment obliquely striate, petiole and succeeding segment of the abdomen smooth, the rest of the segments with minute longitudinal strice. Black, with black pubescence, the apex of the femora, the tibice, and basal two or three joints of the tarsi of the anterior and intermediate legs reddish yellow, the trochanters, femora, tibice, basal two or three joints of the tarsi of the posterior legs, and the petiole of the abdomen clear straw-yellow, the apical joints of the tarsi fuscous brown or black, wings deep flavo-hyaline at base, clearer towards the apex

of similar, with a longer petiole

Hab Ceylon, Southern India, Bombay, Bengal 2 & Length 27-30, exp 40-14 mm

447 Sceliphron madraspatanum (Pl I, fig 7)
Sphex madraspatanus, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 204
Pelopœus madraspatanus, Fabr Syst Piez p 203, Smith, Cat 1v,
p 231, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 102
Pelopœus separatus, Smith, A M N H (2) 1x, 1852, p 47

Q Head finely and closely punctured, pronotum in front, mesonotum, and median segment finely and transversely, and scutellum and postscutellum longitudinally striate, the pronotum bituberculate and smooth posteriorly, median segment with the enclosed portion at base raised and bearing a broad shallow medial longitudinal furrow, petiole and abdomen smooth. Black, the clypeus and sides of the face in front covered with a short fine silvery pile, a spot on the apex of the scape of the antennæ, a line on the pronotum (often absent), a spot on the tegulæ, another on the postscutellum, the apex of the femora and the tibiæ of the anterior four legs, the trochanters, bases of the femora and of the tibiæ of the posterior legs, and the petiole of the abdomen, yellow, wings hyaline and iridescent, with a brownish tint

of similar but slighter, with comparatively a longer petiole

Var The scutellum and postscutellum both yellow

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Tenasserim, and Ceylon Q Length 20-22, exp 28 mm & Length 16-18, exp 24-27 mm 448. Sceliphron coromandelicum

Pelopœus coromandelicus, Lepel Hym 111, p 306, Q. Smith, Cat 1v, p 231, Cam Mem. Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 101? Pelopœus fuscus, Lepel Hym 111, p 311

Head and thorax pubescent, head with a few very fine punctures, the clypeus, sides of the face, and behind the even pilose . thorax very finely transversely structe, the posterior margin of the pronotium and the scutellum smooth, the latter with indications of fine divergent longitudinal striæ, median segment rounded above, posteriorly steeply sloped, the sides above with well-marked furrows which unite posteriorly and are continued as one furrow almost to the apex of the median segment, petiole and abdomen smooth Black with black pubescence, the pile on the face and cheeks silvery, the basal joints 2-4 of the flagellum of the antennæ and the scape beneath yellowish, in some specimens entirely black, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the apical two-thirds of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi of the four anterior legs, and the whole of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi of the posterior pair, with the petiole of the abdomen, ferruginous yellow, wings light flavo-hyaline, fuscescent at apex, nervures light brown, tegulæ and a spot below them yellow.

o similar, with a longer petiole

Hab Bombay, Central and Southern India, Burma 2 of Length 19-21, exp 32-34 mm.

*449 Sceliphron solieri

Pelopœus solieri, Lepel Hym 111, p 318, Q, Smith, Cat 1v, p 231, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 102

Q "Head black, veiled in front with black pubescence over silvery pile, antennæ black, the first joint yellow Prothorax black with a yellow fascia above. Mesothorax black, a fascia under the wings yellow. Metathorax black, canaliculated on both sides above and with a large yellow spot posteriorly. The scutellum and postscutellum with a vellow fascia. Thorax covered all over with black pubescence. Abdomen with the petiole black, the first segment bearing on the dilated apical portion a yellow bar. Anal segment with black pubescence. Liegs—the four anterior vellow, the coxæ, trochanters, and base of the femora black, the two posterior legs black, the tibiæ and base of the tarsi yellow. Wings rufo-fuscous, the apex darker, the nervures, the stigma, and tubercules fusco-ferruginous, the tegulæ yellow."

Hah India (Smith), Guadeloupe! (Lepel) 2 Length 10 lines

(21 mm)

Unknown to me, but closely allied apparently to S bilineatum, Smith, from which, so far as the description goes, it differs in the colour of the wings and in having a black petiole to the abdomen

450. Sceliphron bilineatum

Pelopœus bilineatus, Smith, A. M. N. H. (2) 1x, 1852, p. 47, Cam. Mem. Manch. L. Ph. Soc. (4) 11, 1889, p. 101? Pelopœus pictus, Smith, Cat. 1v, p. 231

P Head very finely and closely punctured, front and clypeus densely prumose, the former slightly concave, the latter flat, produced anteriorly into two blunt teeth in the middle, pronotum anteriorly, mesonotum and median segment finely transversely striate, the posterior margin of the pronotum, scutellum, postscutellum, the legs, and the abdomen smooth and shining, the apical five segments of the last slightly prumose Black, a spot on the middle of the clypeus, the scape and basal four joints of the flagellum of the antennæ below, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tegulæ, a line beneath the wings, the scutellum and postscutellum in the middle, two large spots laterally at the base and the apical two-thirds of the median segment, the greater part of the femora, the tibiæ and basal three joints of the tarsi of the anterior and intermediate legs, the greater part of the femora and basal two joints of the tarm of the posterior legs. and the petiole, with a large spot above on the succeeding segment of the abdomen, yellow, the black on the median segment produced back in a narrow line almost to the apex of the segment, apical joints of the tarsi reddish, clypeus and front with dense silvery pile, wings flavo-hyaline, nervures yellow, the apex of the wings lightly fuscescent

o similar, with a longer petiole

Var The yellow on the posterior portion of the median segment reduced to two broad lines

Hab Western India Q c. Length 16-19, exp 30-33 mm

451 Sceliphron javanum

Pelopœus javanus, Lepel Hym III, p 309, Q, Smith, Cat IV, p 231, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 101

Q Head, pro- and mesonotum very finely and closely punctured, scutellum and abdomen finely longitudinally striate, the striæ on the latter exceedingly fine and minute, median segment rounded above posteriorly, abruptly sloped to the apex, transversely striate, with a medial longitudinal furrow ending at the margin of the steep slope, head and thorax pubescent. Black, with black pubescence, the anterior four legs yellowish ferruginous, with the coxe, trochanters, and bise of the femora black, the posterior two black, with the trochanters and the basal half of the femora vellow, the petiole of the abdomen vellow; wings fulvo- or rufo-hyaline, the nervures testaceous, the tegulæ black

o similar, with a comparatively longer petiole

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Ceylon, Java 2 & Length 30-36, exp 46-50 mm

452 Sceliphron formosum

Pelopœus formosus, Smith, Cat iv, p 230, Q
Pelopœus deformis, Smith, Cat iv, p 231, Q
Pelopœus curvatus, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 187, Q, Cam
Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) ii, 1889, p 101

2. Head punctured on the front and vertex, densely prunose

on the clypeus and sides of the face, pronotum smooth in front. its posterior margin notched, mesonotum and median segment finely transversely structe, both with a medial longitudinally impressed line, scutellum and postscutellum smooth, with indications of longitudinal striæ, the apex and sides of the median segment with soft sparse pubescence, abdomen smooth typical form of this insect is black, marked with yellow, and is Australian, but the form found within our limits is dark chestnutbrown, a spot on the clypeus, the tront of the scape of the antennæ. the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot on the front of the tegulæ, the tubercles, a short oblique stripe beneath them, a transverse spot pointed at each end on the scutellum, a spot on each side on the median segment at the margin of the steep subapical slope, and the apex, yellow, the legs reddish chestnut, shaded with fuscous black, abdomen with the apical margins of segments 4-6 yellow, wangs light flavo-hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous yellow, the apex of the wings fuscescent

Var The median segment without the subapical spots, sometimes

also without the basal spots

Hab Australia; China, Sikhim, North-West Provinces of India, Burina, Tenasserim Q & Length 18-21, exp 28-30 mm

453 Sceliphron violaceum (Pl I, fig 8)
Sphex violacea, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 201
Pepsis violacea, Fabr Syst Piez p 211
Chalybion violaceum, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 21
Chalybion bengalensis, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 433
Pelopœus violaceus, Lepel Hym 111, p 321
Pelopœus flebelis, Lepel Hym 111, p 321
Pelopœus bengalensis, Smith, Cat 1v, p 230, Horne, Trans Zool
Soc vii, p 163, pl xxi, figs 2, 2 a

A Head punctured, the clypeus, front of the face, and cheeks be and the eyes densely pubescent, a short perpendicular carna on the front between the antennæ, thorax slightly pubescent, shining, the pro- and mesonotum closely punctured, the punctures on the latter, in some specimens, running into transverse striæ, the former bituberculate, the median segment long, convex, transversely striate in some, and only closely punctured in other specimens, the sides above with more or less of a broad shallow longitudinal furrow, petiole and abdomen brilliantly polished, smooth and shining Deep glistening cobalt-blue, the pubescence silvery white, the apical ten joints of the flagellum of the antennæ and the tarsi opaque black; wings hyaline, and from merely fuscescent along the apical margin to dark fusco-violaceous on the apical half or two-tbirds

o similar, but slighter, with a longer petiole

Hab Southern and Eastern Europe, Northern Africa, India; Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, China, Japan, and the Malayan and Australian subregions to Java and the Philippines & Length 15-19, exp 26-32 mm & Length 11-16, exp 22-28 mm

241 SPHEX

Genus SPHEX

Spher, pt, Linn Syst Nat ed vii, p 941 (1767) Drynnus, pt , Pepsis, pt , Chlorion, Fabr Syst Piez pp 200, 207, 217 (1804) Pronœus, Lati Gen Crust Ins 11, p 56 (1809) Enodia, Prionon v., Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 28 (1845)

Harpactopus, Paraspher, Smith, Cat av, pp 264, 267 (1856)

Gistrosphæria Costa Fuun Regn Nap p 10 (1858)
Pseudospher, Taschenberg, Zeitschr ges Naturwiss Halle, xxxiv p 420 (1869)

Isodontia, Patton, Proc Boston Soc Nat Hist vx, p 380 (1881) Sphen, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p 105

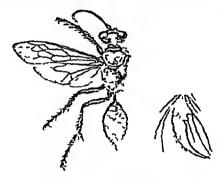


Fig 61 -Sphex umbrosus, Q

Type, S flampennis, Fabr Range Over both hemispheres

The 2nd cubital cell receives the 1st, and the 3rd cubital cellthe 2nd recurrent nervure Legs stout, furnished with spines, the anterior tarsi strongly chated on the outside.

The Oriental species of this genus make burrows in the ground, storing their nests with various species of orthopterous insects

Ken to the Species

meg to the appears	
A Tarsal claws unidentate	
a Head, thorax, and abdomen some shade of	
metallic blue or green 6 Head and thorax red	S lobatus, p 242
 a' Only the pro- and mesothorax red b' The whole thorax including the median 	S regals, p 243
segment red B Tarsal claws bidentate	S splendidus, p 243
D Tarsar claws didentate	
 Scutellum and postscutellum longitudin illy notched 	
a' Wings flavo-hyaline b' Wings clear hyaline	S luterpennis, p 247
 a- Legs and abdomen black b² Legs and abdomen red 	S umbrosus, p 250
c' Wings hyaline and indescent, with a brownish tint	S vicinus, p 245
a ² Pubescence on thorax ferruginous VOL. I.	S aurulentus, p 250

 b². Pubescence on thorax white. a³. Abdomen red, marked with black b³. Abdomen wholly black a'. Wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence. 	S aurulentus (var lineolus), p 251 S nigellus, p 249 S maurus, p 247
b Postscutellum not notched. a'. Wings flavo-hyaline a'. Median segment posteriorly concavo- truncate. b'. Median segment posteriorly rounded. b'. Wings clear hyaline c'. Wings dark fuscous	S ægyptius, p 245 S nigripes, p 248 S nivosus, p 244 JS nigripes (var sia-
 c. Scutellum not notched; postscutellum notched d Both scutellum and postscutellum without notch 	mensis), p 248 [p 244 S fulvo-hirtus,
 a'. Wings flavo-hvaline. a''. Pubescence on front of head and on thorax golden b''. Pubescence on front of head and on thorax silvery b''. Wings hyaline, with a dark apical fuscous spot on fore wing c'. Wings hyaline, shaded with brownish fuscous and with iridescent purple efful- 	S aurifrons, p 247 [p 246 S xanthopterus, S maia, p 249
gence. d'. Wings dark fuscous	S edax, p 25 S morosus, p 246 S viduatus, p 252

(GROUP I. Claws unidentate)

454. Sphex lobatus, Fabr. Syst. Ent p 348; Kohl, Ann. Naturhist.

Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p 177.

Sphex smaragdinus, Drury, Ill Exot Ins iii, p 57, pl 42, fig 2

Sphex cœrulea, Christ, (nec Drury), Naturg. Ins p 308

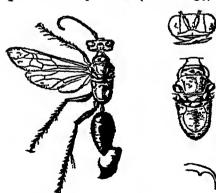




Fig 63
Sphex lobatus, &, head

Fig. 62—Sphex lobatus, Q. 1.

Sphex chrysis, Christ, Naturg. Ins. 310, pl xxx, fig 7. Chlorion lobatum, Fabr. Ent Syst ii, p 206; Smith, Cat iv, p 237 Chlorion azureum, Lepel et Serv Encycl Meth x, p 451

SPHEX 243

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen brilliantly polished, smooth and shining, the head and thorax with a very few, scattered, shallow punctures, clypeus transverse, very much broader than high, convex in the middle, its anterior margin waved and emarginate, the median segment long, cylindrical, not much sloped posteriorly but roundly truncate, everywhere strongly and evenly transversely striate, legs long, slender, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the spines long, abdomen petiolate, the petiole short, about the length of the basal segment. Of a brilliant blue-green, the antennæ, the tibiæ below, and the tarsi opaque black, the clypeus and sides of the face with silvery pile

of similar, smaller, more slender, the clypeus triangular, not transverse, convex in the middle, its anterior margin with a rounded arch. Wings in both sexes hyaline, slightly flavescent, in certain lights iridescent, the apical margin lightly fuscous, nervures

brown, tegulæ brilliant purplish blue

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, extending to China and the Malayan region to the East, and to Africa to the West 2 Length 24-32, erp 52-58 mm & Length 15-26, exp 28-38 mm

- 455 Sphex regalis
 Chlorion regalis, Smith, A. M. N. H. (4) xii, 1873, p. 291
 Sphex regalis, Kohl, Ann. Naturhist Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p. 179,
- Q Head broad, broader than the thorax, somewhat square above, opaque, the face on each side of the base of the antennæ sulcate, and a vertically impressed line before and behind the anterior occilius, pronotum bituberculate, median segment long, posteriorly roundly truncate, transversely striate, abdomen polished and shining. Head, thorax in front, femora, tibiæ and tarsi of the legs dull brick-red, the tarsi somewhat fuscous, median segment, coxæ, trochanters, and the abdomen brilliant effulgent purple; wings dark brown, with a purple effulgence, fore wing broadly fuscous at apex, the apex and posterior margin of the hind wing clear hyaline.

Hab. Karáchi, Sind, extending into Afghanistan and the Transcaspian regions, and in Africa to the Soudan 9 Length 26-34, exp 48-50 mm & Length 24-28, exp 42-46 mm

- 456 Sphex splendidus (Pl I, fig 9)
 Chlorion splendidum, Fabr Syst Piez p 218, Smith, Cat ivi p 238
 Pronœus campbelli, Saund Trans Ent Soc iii, 1841, p 58, pl 5, fig 1
 Sphex pulchra, Lepel Hym iii, p 355, 5
 Chlorion melanosoma, Smith, Cat iv, p 238, Q
 Sphex splendidus, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p 181
 - P Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the

abdomen with a brilliant polish, the head and thorax with a very tew nearly obsolete shallow punctures, head large, much broader than the thorax, the clypeus vertically very nairow, transverse, slightly convex in the middle, the base of the antennæ planted in a deep hollow above the clypeus, above which the front is somewhat closely punctured and studded with some scattered long hairs, pronotum deeply notched in the middle, median segment long, with very little slope posteriorly, the apex roundly truncate, everywhere closely transversely striate, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, the spines short and stout, abdomen petiolate, the petiole short. Head, thorax, and legs dull brick-red, the median segment above with a brilliant golden coppery lustice, the space round the ocelli black, the abdomen brilliant purplish blue, the petiole slightly reddish, wings reddish yellow, the apex of the fore and apex and posterior margin of the hind wing broadly fuscous with a purple effulgence

of similar, but smaller and slighter, the clypeus triangular

Var melanosoma, Smith, is similar in sculpture, but has only the clypers, the mandibles, the scape, and four or five of the basal joints of the flagellum of the antennæ red, or the insect may be wholly black, the wings are also a lighter and brighter yellow

Hab Northern and Western India, extending into Afghanistan, Burma, and Tenasserim in the East 2 Length 24-30, exp 45-

48 mm & Length 18-24, erp 40-46 mm

(GROUP II Claws bidentate)

457 Sphex fulvo-hirtus, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc v, 1890, p 242, Ω, id viii, 1893, p 379, pl i, fig 8, Ω

Q & Head prumose and pubescent anteriorly, vertex and thorax in front very closely and finely punctured, median segment long, roundly truncate posteriorly, and densely pubescent abdomen smooth, opaque, scutellum prominent, with a slight shallow longitudinal furrow, postscutellum bituberculate Black, with black pubescence, the clypeus, face at the sides, and pronotum anteriorly, with silvery pile, median segment above with long, thick, yellow pubescence wings flavo-hyaline, paler along the apical margins, nervures testaceous, tegulæ black

Hab Ceylon, Loo Choo Islands Q Length 27, evp 54 mm

J Length 25, exp 48 mm

458. Sphex nivosus

Harpactopus nivosus, Smith Cat iv, p 265, Q Sphex nivosa, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 106

Q Head, thorax, legs, petrole, and basal segment of abdomen densely priose, second and following segments of the abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus broad, very slightly convex, anterior

245 SPHEX

margin transverse in the middle, oblique, slightly arched at the sides, front with a vertically impressed line, median segment long, roundly truncate posterioily, and rather coarsely transversely stricte under the thick pile. Light terruginous or brownish red, the apex of the mandibles remarkably long, acute, and black, flagellum of antennæ black, abdomen with the apical margins of the 2nd and following segments sorded testaceous white, the head, the thouar, legs, especially the coxe and trochanters, the petiole, and the basal segment of the abdomen with dense glittering, rather long silvery pubesceuce, wings clear hvaline

Hab Northern India 2 Length 29, eap 43 mm

Kohl (l c) unites this species with Spher nigropectinatus, Taschenbg, but the type and only specimen in the British Museum collection does not agree with Taschenberg's description of his species

- 459 Sphex ægyptius Lepel Hym in, p 356, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p 351, Q & Spher soror, Dahlb Hym Lui 1, p 436 Harpactopus crudelis, Smith, Cat iv, p 264 pl vi, fig 4 Spher grandis, Radoszk. Hor Soc Ent Ross vii (1876), p 132
- Head densely pilose, with scattered pubescence, mesonotum punctured, median segment long, cylindrical, transversely striate, with thick long pubescence, its aper posterioily concavely truncate, legs stout, long, thickly spinose, abdomen smooth and shiming, clypeus boldly convey, its anterior margin transverse, depressed, and notched in the middle. Black, with black pubescence, the front of the head and face with dense silvery pile, wings flavo-hyaline, broadly pale, clear hyaline along the apical margin of fore and apical and posterior margin of hind

of similar but smaller, with the clypeus bilobed

Hab Syria, Arabia, Egypt, Abyssinia, Mauritius, Southern India, Madias & Length 26-34, cap 48-52 mm & Length 22-28, eap 42-44 mm.

- 460 Sphex vicinus, Lepel Hym 111 p 343, Q, Smith, Cat 11, p 253, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) n, 1889, p 108, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, 1, 1890, p 454
 Spher rothney1, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) n, 1889, pp 108
- Head, thorax, and the petiole of the abdomen densely prumose, rest of the abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus broad, convex, with an indistinct medial vertical carina, the anterior margin 10unded, pronotum not furrowed, scutellum and postscutellum with slight indications of a medial depression, median segment with coarse broad transverse strie, legs long and spinose; petiole of abdomen short Head, thorax, coxæ, and trochanters

of the legs black, the femora, tibiæ, base of the tarsi of the legs, and the abdomen red, the clypeus, the face in front, and the sides of the mesonotum covered with a dense silvery pile, the median segment at apex and on the sides with longish, soft, white pubescence wings hyaline, slightly indescent, their apex lightly inscessent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous red Varieties have the abdomen above and below variegated with black

Hab Mussooree 2 Length 18-22, eap 35-40 mm

- 461 Sphex xanthopterus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) n, 1889, pp 109 & 113, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p 389, 2 d
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen densely prumose, clypeus convex, higher than broad, its anterior margin rounded, the front sulcate above the antennæ, eyes divergent above, pronotum, scutellum, and postscutellum entire, without any longitudinal sulca, median segment longish, opaque, with a gentle slope posteriorly to the apex, which is rounded, legs long, smooth, the tibiæ and tarsi with fine spines, petiole short, abdomen fusiform above, finely aciculate Black, with a dense but short silky silvery pile, the clypeus, the front, and the sides and apex of the median segment with a rather sparse long silvery pubescence, the pile in certain lights has a golden yellow lustre, wings light flavo-hyaline, apex broadly fuscescent, nervures yellow, tegulæ black

Hab Northern India, Barrackpore, Bengal, Tranquebar, Africa, Zanzibar 2 & Length 15-18, esp 32-36 mm

- 462 Sphex morosus, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1861, p 122, d, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, 1, 1890, p 448
- d Head and thosax in front finely and closely punctured and pubescent, the clypeus and front of the face pilose, the median segment innely rugulose, petiole of abdomen long, slightly curved upwards, abdomen short, broad, subfusiform, clypeus convex, its anterior margin very slightly arched, nearly transverse, pronotum entire, not indented, mesonotum with a central longitudinally impressed line anteriorly, median segment with a gentle rounded slope posteriorly, except at the apex, where it is suddenly steep, legs long, tibiæ and tarsi feebly spinose, abdomen very indistinctly acculate above Black, with black pubescence, the clypeus and the face in front with dense silvery pile, wings fuscous brown with a coppery effulgence, the hind wing much lighter and paler. A variety has the posterior femora below and the inside of the posterior tibiæ red.

Hab Sikhim, Burma Tenasserim, and the Malay region to Celebes of Length 21-23, erg 34-37 mm. Female un-

known

- 463 Sphex maurus, Smith, Cat. iv, p. 255, Q d; Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p. 411, Q d.

 Sphex tyrannica, Bingh (nec Smith) Jour. Bomb N. H. Soc. v 1890, p. 241
- Q &. Head and thorax in front pruinose, and sparsely pubescent, median segment lightly transversely rugulose; abdomen smooth and shining, very finely longitudinally aciculate; clypeus vertically oval, convex, sparsely punctured: a vertically impressed line on the front from between the base of the antennæ to the anterior ocellus; back of the head emarginate; pronotum flat above, slightly indented in the middle; scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment furrowed down the middle; the median segment steeply rounded at apex, almost truncate, the median furrow not reaching the edge of the truncation, but broadening out in spoon-shaped form just before the margin: legs stout, the tabiæ and tarsi spinose; petiole of abdomen short; abdomen broadly subfusiform. Black, with black pubescence: the wings dark fuscous, with a rich purple effulgence; nervures and tegulæ black. Hab Burma, Tenasserim, and the Malayan region as far as

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, and the Malayan region as far as Celebes 2. Length 28-34; exp. 50-58 mm. J. Length 25-28; exp. 48-52 mm.

- 464 Sphex aurifrons, Smith, Jour. Linn. Soc. 1859, p. 157; Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus. Wien, v, 1890, p. 439.
- 2 of Closely resembles S. nigripes, Smith, but is a slighter. more graceful insect; the clypeus is not so convex, and has its anterior margin waved, not arched, with two short blunt teeth in the midde, the head and thorax in front finely and closely punctured; the pronotum with its posterior margin entire, not longitudinally sulcate; the median segment not abruptly truncate or steeply sloped at apex, finely rugulose and covered with a soft thin pubescence; legs long, rather sparsely spinose; petiole of abdomen rather longer than in S. nigripes; abdomen finely aci-Black, the clypeus and sides of the face with a short dense rich golden pile and scattered long fulvous hairs; the pubescence on the thorax fulvous red; legs with the femora, tibiæ, and basal four joints of the tarsi red; abdomen black, with the apical margins of the segments above and below broadly testaceous brown, wings light flavo-hyaline, the apical margins paler; nervures and tegulæ testaceous. Varies in having the abdomen also covered with a thin short fulvous pile.

Hab Sikhim; Aru Islands. Q. Lenyth 21-24; exp. 31-40 mm. of slightly smaller.

- 465 Sphex Interpennis, Moce Magyar Akad. Ert. Term. Kör. xiii (1883), sz. 11, p. 33, φ; Kichl, Ann. Naturhist. Hofmus. Wien, ν, 1890, p. 423.

 Sphex rafipennis, Kohl (nec Fabr.), Term. Füzetek. ix (1885), p. 198, φ σ.
 - 2. Head and thorax in front finely and rather sparsely

punctured, median segment transversely finely rugulose; abdomen smooth, somewhat acculate above, clypeus cone-shaped, its anterior margin arched, narrowly smooth and porrect, studded above with coarse punctures and rather stiff hairs, a deeply impressed line on the front above the base of the antennæ to the ocelli, dividing at the anterior ocellus into two and reaching the vertex, pronotum entire, not longitudinally sulcate; median segment roundly truncate posteriorly, legs stout, the tibia and tarsi spinose; petiole short; abdomen widely fusiform, slightly vertically compressed. Intensely black, with black pubescence on the front and median segment; the sides of the face and the clypeus in certain lights with silvery pile, wings light oily yellow, broadly fuscous along the apical margin, nervures testaceous, tegulæ black

d similar, but the clypeus is longer, more convex, with its anterior margin not so arched and not porrect, the antennæ and petiole of abdomen are longer, and the wings of a more fuscous

yellow.

Hab Sikhim; Bengal; Assam, Burma, and, according to Kohl, Egypt, Zanzibar, Ceylon, and Amboina Q Length 25-32, exp 50-54 mm & Length 22-28, exp 44-50 mm

466 Sphex nigripes, Smith, Cat iv, p 254, Q, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p 421
Sphex namensis, Taschb Zeitschr ges Naturwiss Halle, xxxiv, p 413, Q
Sphex erythropoda, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) n, 1889, pp 108 & 110

Q. Head and thorax prumose, abdomen smooth, finely acculate; clypeus cone-shaped, convex, the centre distinctly raised, its anterior margin arched, narrowly smooth and porrect; pronotum entire, not divided by a longitudinal sulcition, sentellum and postscutellum prominent, with just an indication of a central longitudinal division, median segment finely transversely rugulose, with a steep slope at apex and a well-marked central longitudinal groove, covered with a fine velvety pubescence; legs stout, rather long, the tabiæ and tarsi spinose, petaole of abdomen short; abdomen broadly subfusiform. Opaque black, the sides of the face and the clypeus with a dense silvery pile having a golden tinge in certain lights; the pubescence on the head and median segment black; legs black, the posterior femora and tibiæ red; wings flavo-hyaline, with the apical margin broadly fuscous

of similar, but smaller, with the wings darker, the clypeus longer, and having its anterior margin very slightly arched, almost

truncate

This species is very variable so far as the colour of the wings and legs is concerned. The wings in certain specimens are dark fuscous with a brilliant purple effulgence, and have very little of the yellow tinge on the disc. The femora and tibus of all the legs, or of the intermediate and posterior pair, or of the posterior pair only, may be wholly or partially red.

БРПЕХ. 249

Hab In the Palæarctic region this species is found in Chifu, China, in the Ethiopian region in Ashanti; and in the Oriental in India, Burms, Cevlon, Sumatra, Java 2 Length 24-30, exp 46-50 mm 3 Length 22-25, exp 40-44 mm

467 Sphex maia, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, p 379, Q d.

Q Head and thorax prumose, abdomen smooth, clypeus long, slightly convex, distinctly carinate down the middle, its anterior margin waved, transverse; eyes parallel, inner orbits outwardly arched; occiput transverse, mesonotum indented in the middle anteriorly, postscutellum not indented; median segment rugulose, legs stout, prumose, the tabiæ smooth, the tarsi with fine short spinose hairs, petiole long, curved, rest of the abdomen short, broad, somewhat vertically compressed. Black, the clypeus and sides of the face with dense silvery pile, the thorax with soft scattered greyish pubescence, the inside of the posterior tibiæ with fine silky terruginous pile; the 2nd segment of the abdomen red; the succeeding segments narrowly margined with testaceous, wings hyaline, slightly indescent, the extreme apex of the fore wing fuscous, nervures testaceous, tegulæ black.

d similar, but with the petiole longer and the wings broader Hab Sikhim; Bengal, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 16-18;

eap 26-28 mm 3 Length 16-17, exp 29-30 mm

This species is closely allied to S splendidulus, A Costa, but differs in the form of the clypeus and sculpture of the thorax

468 Sphex nigellus, Smith, Cat iv, p 255, Q J, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p 379, Q J

Q d Head and thorax in front smooth, with scattered punctures, the clypeus and front of the face with dense close



Fig 64. Sphex nigellus, Q

pile and scattered pubescence median segment finely granular, rounded posteriorly, and sparsely pubescent legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, petiole of abdomen long, about as long as the posterior tibiæ, rest of the abdomen short, sul-globular, vertically compressed Black; the petiole and abdomen polished and shining, the clypeus and sides of the face with silvery pile, the pubescence on the thorax greyish; wings subhya-

line, the apical margin fuscescent —The clypeus in the female has its anterior margin waved, almost transverse, with two short teeth in the middle. In the male the clypeus is emarginate anteriorly and destitute of teeth

Hab. Sind; Ahmedabad, Bengal, Burma, Tenasserim; China, Siberia; Swan River, Australia 2. Length 17-19, exp 34-36 mm d. Length 15-18, exp 30-33 mm.

469 Sphex umbrosus.

Sphex umbrosa, Christ, Naturg Ins. p 293, tab xxix, fig 2, Q Sphex ruhpennis, Fabr. Ent. Syst 11, p 200. Sphex argentata, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 200. Sphex albifrons, Fabr. Ent Syst 11, p 200. Sphex albifrons, Lepel. Hym 111, p 337, d Sphex carbonaria, Smith, Cat 112, p 247, Q. Sphex carbonaria, Smith, Cat 114, p 247, Q. Sphex ephippium et opulenta, Smith, Cat. 114, pp 249 & 250, Q d Sphex diabolica, Smith, Jour Lunn Soc 1858, p 100, Q. Sphex plumifera et nigerrima, Costa, Ann. Mur. Zool Univ Nap 1862, p 112

Sphex metallica, Taschenb Zeits. Naturwiss Halle, 1869, p 414, Q d Sphex tuberculata, Smith, A. M. N. H. xii, 1873, p 291

Sphex luterfrons, Grib Ann. Mus. Civ. Gen. (2°) 1, 1884, p 300

Sphex taschenbergi, Magretti, Ann. Mus. Civ. Gen. (2°) 1, 1884, p 581

Sphex umbrosus, Kohl, Ann. Naturhist. Hofmus. Wien, v, 1890, p 400, Q d

Q.d. Head and thorax in front pruinose, very finely and closely punctured; median segment pubescent, finely transversely structe, petiole of abdomen thinly pubescent, rest of the segments broadly subfusiform, closely and innely accoulate at base, finely and sparsely punctured on the apical margins above, slightly shining, clypeus very slightly convex, its auterior margin arched in the Q, transverse, almost emarginate in the d, thickly pilose and pubescent; front (Q) furrowed from the anterior occlius to between the antennæ, flat in the d; scutellum notched in the middle, postscutellum bituberculate; median segment long, narrowed and rounded posteriorly, the apex abruptly steep, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi thickly spinose. Jet-black; the sides of the face and the clypeus with a dense close silvery pubescence, the pubescence on the thorax and petiole soft, thin, and hoary white, wings clear hyaline, lightly and broadly fuscescent at apex

·Var. rufipennis, Fabr, is black with black pubescence, and flavohyaline wings fuscescent at apex. Varieties (tuberculata, Smith, luterfrons, Budos &c.) have the front and clypeus covered with a

deuse golden pile.

Hab. Spread through the Eastern Palæaictic region in China and Japan, in the Oriental, throughout India, Burma, Tenasserum, Ceylon, and the Malayan subregions down to Australia, and in the Ethiopian region, in Lake Nyassa, Transvaal, Congo, Guinea, Senegal, Gambia, Sierra Leone, and Arabia. 2. Length 26-36; exp. 48-52 mm. 6. Length 24-29; exp. 40-46 mm

470. Sphex aurulentus. (Pl. II, fig. 6.)
Sphex aurulentr, Fabr. Mant. Ins 1, p. 274; Kohl, Ann Naturhist
Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p 392, Q d.
Pepsis sericea, Fabr. Syst Piez. p. 211
Sphex fabricii, Dahlb Hym. Lur. i, p. 27, Q.
Sphex ferruginea, Lepel. Hym. iii, p. 345, Q.
Sphex lineola, Lepel. Hym. iii, p. 335, d.

SPREX. 251

Sphex ferox, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1812, p 55, d Sphex lepeletierii, Sauss Noiara-Reise, Hym p 40, Q Sphex godeffroyi, Sauss Stettin ent Zeit xxx (1869), p 57, Q Sphex aurifex, Smith, Cruise Curaçoa, Brenchley, p 460, Q, pl. 44, fig 3

P & Head densely prumose and pubescent, the pubescence long, soft, and rather sparse, pro- and mesonotum densely prumose, scutellum and postscutellum bare, median segment thinly pruinose and pubescent, legs and abdomen bare, smooth, and shining, clypeus slightly convex, its anterior margin rounded, thickly pubescent on the sides, with a subtriangular bare space in the middle anteriorly, scutellum and postscutellum notched in the middle, median segment long, with transverse ridges, posteriorly rounded and abruptly sloped at apex, legs long, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, petiole of the abdomen rather short, remaining segments broadly subfusiform, the apical two lightly punctured above, the whole of the abdomen smooth and shining Head and thorax variegated with red and black, the legs, the petiole, and basal one or two joints of the abdomen red, the head and thorax covered with dense ferruginous-red pile and sparse pubescence of the same colour, the apical segments of the abdomen black, wings hyaline, broadly fuscescent at apex, nervures testaceous, tegulæ red very variable insect

Var ferrugineus, Lepel, has the whole head, thorax, femora, tibiæ, and basal joints of tarsi red, the abdomen black and shining and the dense silky pile and soft sparse pubescence on the

head and thorax of a rich golden ferruginous colour

Var lineolus, Lepel, has the head, thorax, legs, and petiole of the abdomen, except at apex, black, and the remaining segments of the abdomen dark red with black markings above, the pubescence on the head and thorax is silvery white

These are the two commonest varieties of the insect found in

India

Hab India, Burma, Tenasserim; Ceylon; China, and the Malayan subregions as far as North Australia Q Length 20-28; eap 39-48 mm & Length 18-26, exp. 40-46 mm

471. Sphex edax, n sp

Q Head smooth and shining, finely and sparingly punctured, square above and broader than the thorax with the cheeks behind the eyes well developed, clypeus subtriangular, somewhat porrect, its anterior margin arched, front slightly concave, vertex very slightly arched, almost flat, with a shallow abbreviated sulcation behind the ocelli, the sides of the face and the clypeus densely pilose, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and postscutellum finely and sparsely punctured, median segment massive, long, rounded posteriorly, pubescent, shining, and finely and closely punctured, its apex steeply sloped, legs very stout, the femora and tibiæ massive and broad, the tibiæ and the tarsi studded with thick short spines; petiole of the abdomen of medium length, stout, and scarcely

252 SPHLGIDÆ

curved, abdomen broad and massive, thinly prumose Head,



Fig 65 Sphex edax, Q }

thorax, legs, petiole, and basal segment of the abdomen black, the clypeus and sides of the face with dense silvery pile, the back of the head, pronotum anterioly, and median segment with a soft thin greyish pubescence, the posterior margin of the basal segment of the abdomen and the following segments dull red, the mandibles massive, black and shining at base, and their apex dull red in the middle, the wings light fusco-hvaline with a purple effulgence, nervures and tegulæ black

of similar, but with a smaller and less massive head and palei wings, the antemor margin of the clypeus is less arched and armed with six teeth

Hab Sikhim, Tenasserim, Ceylon Q Length 30, erp 50 min

d Length 29, exp 48 mm

This species is allied to Spher umbrosus, Christ, but can be distinguished at once by the sculpture of the median segment, and in the male by the remarkable toothed clypeus

(GROUP III Claws to dentate)

472 Sphex viduatus, Christ, Naturg Ins p 305, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus v, 1890, p 332, 9 & Sphex fervens, Fabr (nec Linné) Syst Ent p 346

P Sphex pubescens, Fabr Eat Syst 11, p 209.
Enodia canescens, Dahlb Hym Lur 1 p 28

Q Head and thorax densely pubescent, punctured under the pubescence, the mesonotum more closely than the head and pronotum, scutellan notched longitudinally, median segment



Fig 66—Sphex viduatus, Q

long, abruptly truncate posteriorly, finely transversely striate, above with a very broad shallow groove from base to margin of truncation, abdomen smooth and shining, curved downwards Head, thorax, legs, and petiole of abdomen black, abdomen red, the pubescence on the head and thorax silvery, the legs obscurely prumose, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ dark, somewhat testaceous brown

d similar, with a longer petiole

Hab Throughout India, Ceylon, China, Syria, Egypt,

Gambia, Sierra Leone, Guinea Q. Length 18-24, esp 38
44 mm d Length 16-20, exp 36-42 mm

AMPULLY 25.3

Genus AMPULEX

Chlorion, pt, Fabi Syst Piez p 217 (1804) Ampulex, Jurine, Hym p 132, pl 14 (1807) Rhinopsis, pt, Westw Arcan Lnt 11, p 68 (1844) Waagenia, pt, Kriechb Stettin ent Zeit xxxx, p 55 (1874)

Type, A compressa, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head flat, eyes with their inner orbits either parallel or convergent towards the vertex of the head, never divergent, antennæ filiform, short, and somewhat stout in proportion in some species;



Fig 67 Ampuler corspressa, Q

front often with carinæ extending upwards from the base of the antennæ, clypeus shaped somewhat like a ploughshare, the medial carina generally large, ending in a tooth or bifurcating towards the apex, mandibles sickle-shaped, simple in the female, dentate in the male. Prothorax elongate, the posterior middle portion raised, the ruised portion narrower than the mesonotum, the posterior angles at a distance from the base of the wings, mesonotum broad, marked with longitudinally impressed furrows, median segment flat above, slightly narrowed towards the apex, and roundly truncate posteriorly, above with several longitudinal carinæ, the space between which is more or less closely trans-

versely striate, the posterior lateral angles of the segment almost always with one or more erect tubercles legs long, stout, the tihue and tarsi slightly spinose, the intermediate coxe separated by a more or less narrow plate which forks posteriorly, intermediate tibiæ with two apical spines, claws toothed Wings rather short, fore wing with one radial and two or three cubital cells, the forms with two cupital cells plainly derived from the form with three cubital cells by the obliteration of the 1st transverse cubital nervure, the beginning of which can be often traced in various two-celled species, when three cubital cells are present, the 1st and 3rd are subequal, each receiving a recurrent nervure, the 2nd small, square, or broadly rectangular. Abdomen pseudo-petiolate, the basal segment never narrowed into an actual petiole as in Sphea, generally roundly steep at base, the apex of the 1st segment in most cases constricted, the apical segments compressed, sometimes extraordinarily so, the 2nd ventral segment produced more or less at a right angle to the plane of the 1st, the joint between the median segment and the abdomen exceedingly flexible, the insect being able to double its abdomen beneath the thorax and protrude its sting between the fore legs in front

These beautiful insects are predatory on cochroaches (Blatta). In Burma I have frequently seen these wasps come into the house and search for their prey under boxes and furniture In the forest once I watched a rather large specimen of A. compressa, Fabr,

254 SPHEGIDÆ

struggling with a huge cockroach; the latter was either paralyzed by a sting or dazed with fear, and was being half dragged by an antenna and fore leg, half hustled and pushed along by the active little wasp

Key to the Species

A Fore wing with three cubital cells A compressa, p 254 B Fore wing with two cubital cells a Abdomen with the basal segment narrowed into a petiole a' Petiole linear at base, nodose at apex A constancer, p 255 b' Petrole gradually widened to the apex, not nodose A ruficornis, p 255 b Abdomen with the basal segment pseudosessile. a' Raised central portion of the pronotum not elevated at back into a tubercle a² Raised central portion of pronotum transversely striate A novaræ, p 256 b2 Raised central portion of pronotum punctured

a Raised central portion of pronotum nearly cubical, as long as it is A latifrons, p 256 b2 Raised central portion of pronotum much broader than long A cognata, p 257 b' Raised central portion of the pronotum elevated posteriorly into a cone or blunt tubercle a² Cheeks well developed, with a blunt A sikkimensis, p 257 rounded projection posteriorly b2 Cheeks scarcely at all developed, straight, with no rounded projection A crudelis, p 258 posteriorly

4.3 Ampulex compressa. Spher compressa, Fabr. Ent Syst u, p 206

Chlorion compressum, Fahr Syst Piez p 219 Ampulex compressa, Jurine, Hym p 184

Q. Head in front coarsely and strongly punctured, pronoting tuberculate at back, the raised portion transversely striate, with a short medial longitudinally-impressed line; mesonotim with one or two coarse punctures, the sides of the thorax more finely and closely punctured, median segment narrowed posteriorly and truncate, a medial short longitudinal carina from base, one cach side of this slightly convergent posteriorly, another outer one on each side forming at apex a continuous loop along the edge of the truncation, a slight indistinct one outside again, and a fourth lateral carina on each side ending in a sharp upturned tubercle at each lateral posterior angle of the segment, the space between the carinæ transversely striate; legs stout, posterior tibus sparsely punctate; abdomen short, broad, the 2nd segment somewhat longer than broad. Brilliant metallic blue, sometimes green, the inter-

mediate and posterior femora deep red; the antennæ filiform, long. the flagellum and also the tarsi of the legs black wangs hyaline slightly fuscescent; fore wing with three cubital cells, the 1st and 3rd subequal each receiving a recurrent nervure, the 2nd small nearly square, the 3rd or onter transverse cubital nervure recent at some distance from the apex of the radial cell.

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Ceylon, extending to Africa

and to China. Q. Length 15-20; exp 22-30 mm.

474. Ampulex constanceæ.

Rhinopsis constancese, Cam Men. Manch L Ph Soc (4) ii, 18% p 192, pl i, fig 6

Q. Head very minutely and closely punctured, giving it ** opaque appearance; pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and po-



Fig. 68 Araprilex constarccz, Q

scutellum with a few scattered punctures, me =" segment coarsely ragose and reticulate, abdosmooth and shining; pronotum with the m portion raised and deeply longitudinally grown mesonotum convex, with four abbreviated le :tudinal grooves not reaching the aper, my segment somewhat flat transversely, strate above with a medial longitudinal carina and two k' = broader ones converging slightly towards thear the apex of the segment rounded, the vertical; abdomen smooth and shining, the N' clavate at apex. Black, the mandibles, chess antennæ, pronotum, the greater part of the rive pleuræ, and mesosternum and aper of the renotum, the tegulæ, the median segment the a m

trochanters, the femora beneath, and tars reddish, the has of the tibize and apex of the femora obscurely rufescent, the has of the 1st petiolate abdominal segment whitish, wings his? - a broad fuscous band from the stigma obliquely across the wargs

Hab. Poona, Bombay Presidency. Q. Length 9; em S ==

Type in coll. Rothney.

475. Ampulex ruficornis.

Rhinopsis raficornis, Cam. Mem Manch L Ph Sec (4) ii. 18 p 115, Ω.

2. Head coarsely, thorax finely punctured; abdomen smootslightly shining; antennæ rather short, shorter than the therax eyes mallel, an indistinct sho. ckeel in front of the anterior occlass press ofure raised in the middle, with a deep longitudinal mesonotum shorter than the pronotum, with two posic vergent, longitudinally impressed lines; scutellum and po smooth; median segment above finely transfersely s ţ teriorly roundly truncate, with a indistinct broad apex; above the segment is flattisl with a posteriorly c

3 1c

 \mathbf{n}



quite reaching the level of the anterior ocellus, the cheeks behind the eyes with a prominent tubercle, pronotum rising into a slight cone-shaped elevation posteriorly, with anteriorly a medial longitudinal furrow and a few obscure transverse wrinkles, median segment from above quadrate, with nine longitudinal carina, the medial and the next on each side not reaching the truncated posterior portion of the segment, the 3rd and 4th carina (counting from the middle on each side) very close together, the space between the carina transversely striate, the tubercles at the lateral posterior angles of the segment small, legs thin and long, the subapical joint of the tarsi short, produced at the sides into angular points, claws unidentate, abdomen smooth, polished; dorsal plate of 2nd segment nearly as wide as long. Metallic blue, in places with a greenish tint, antennæ and tarsi black, posterior femora red, wings hvaline, slightly fuscescent.

Hab Sikhim, Chinese frontier 2 Length 16-17, exp

20 mm

A rare species, two specimens in the British Museum from the Chinese frontier, which I somewhat doubtfully identify as this species, are all I have seen

480 Ampulex crudelis, n sp

A Head nearly smooth, with a few scattered punctures on the front, thouax and abdomen smooth, impunctate, clypeus strongly carinate, the carina reaching nearly to the auterior occilius, at apex the clypeus is dentate on each side of the carina from the base of each antenna an irregular short carina diverging slightly



Fig 69 Ampulex crudelis, Q

outwards goes up as high as about the middle of the inner orbits, the raised portion of the pronotum gibbous at the back and marked with a medial short slight keel, median segment narrowed posteriorly and truncate, with one short longitudinal carina in the middle, two short convergent carina, one on each side of the medial one, two other outer ones running to the lateral angles of an irregularly enclosed space on the verge of the truncation, and three more

on each side beyond these and partially on the fianks of the segment, the space or hollows between these carina with transverse, raised, fine ridges, somewhat obsolete between the 2nd and 3rd carina on each side, posterior lateral angles of the median segment with two small tubercles, one above the other, legs stout, the posterior tibia impunctate, abdomen flat above, the basal segment constricted at apex, the 2nd segment not quite so broad as long, the apical segment strongly compressed. Shining brilliant metallic blue, the anterior tibia and posterior four femora red, antenna and tarsi dull black, wings strongly infuscate on

the disc, fore wing with two cubital cells, the 1st transverse cubital nervure merely indicated, the outer transverse cubital nervure received some distance from the apex of the radial cell

Hab Rangit Valley, Sikhim Q Length 15-18, exp 24-

28 mm

The nearest ally to this species is A erythropus, Kohl, from Java

Genus DOLICHURUS

Pompilus, pt, Spin Ins Lig fasc 2, p 52 (1808) Pison, pt, Latr Gen Crust et Ins 1v, p 57 (1809) Dolichurus, Latr Gen Crust et Ins 1v, p 387 (1809)

Type, D corniculus, Spin Range Both hemispheres

Head subglobose, as wide as or wider than the thorax, a lamellar tubercle above the bases of the antennæ, concave above, eyes large, oval, ocelli complete, round, rather close together, placed in



Fig 70 — Dolichurus bipunctatus, & ?

a triangle on the vertex, antennæ filiform, long, the scape thick, about as long as the 2nd joint of the flagellum, pronotum with the posterior portion raised, quadrate anteriorly, prolonged into a sort of neck, mesonotum very short, its posterior margin nearly in a line with the posterior margin of the tegulæ, scutellum large, median segment flat above, steep at the sides, posteriorly truncate, the upper surface with longitudinal carinæ somewhat as in Ampulex,

legs long and slender, femora flattish Wings—fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell long, narrow, acute at apex, not appendiculate, the 1st cubital cell very little longer than the 2nd, the 2nd nearly half as long again as the 3rd, the 2nd and 3rd narrowed towards the radial cell, the 1st transverse cubital nervure geniculated close to its origin and giving off a subobsolete oblique nervure in the 1st cubital cell. Abdomen pseudosessile, subcylindrical, with the margins of one or more of the basal segments constricted, the terminal segment in the Eastern species acute in the female.

Nothing is on record as to the habits of the Eastern species of this genus

Key to the Species

- a Head and thorax entirely black, lateral angles of pronotum slightly produced, but not tuberculate
- b Head and thorax black, apex of tubercle above base of antennæ and lateral tubercles on pronotum whitish yellow*
- D taprobanæ, p 260.
- D bipunctatus, p 260

- 481. Dolichurus taprobanæ, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1869. p 304, d, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, viii, 1893, p 511
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the front below the anterior occilus rugulose, the mesonotum with a few scattered punctures, clypeus with a well-marked medial carina and covered with long stiffish hairs, lamella above the base of the antennæ concave above, eyes distinctly convergent towards the vertex, pronotum raised in the middle posteriorly, the raised portion with the posterior angles slightly projecting, median segment with four longitudinal carinæ, the outer pair joined by a transverse margin on the verge of the truncated apex of the segment, the space between the carinæ transversely rugose, the posterior lateral margins of the segment with a tubercle, abdomen with the apical margin of the basal segment strongly constricted, the apical segment narrow and very acute, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

of similar, the front longitudinally striate

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon Q Length 10, exp 16 mm. 3. Length 8, exp 16 mm Type in the British Museum.

482 Dolichurus bipunctatus, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 439

Head in front densely punctured, the vertex, occiput, proand mesonotum, and abdomen smooth, head and thorax with a
thin short pubescence, dense only on the clypeus, pronotum with
the back portion raised transversely, the lateral angles strongly
tuberculate, mesonotum with two parallel longitudinal furrows,
median segment, the sides steep, truncate posteriorly, above with
two inner and two outer longer parallel longitudinal carina, the
inner two and outer two joined separately by transverse carina,
the space between the carina transversely rugose, legs stout, nonspinose, the femora flattened, abdomen short, the posterior margins
of the basal two segments strongly constricted, the 1st above and
below, the 2nd only above—Black, the pubescence fulvous white,
the concave projecting plate above the base of the antenna, on
the outer margin, and the tubercles on the lateral angles of the
pronotum whitsh yellow, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures
and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Pegu Hills, Burma &. Length 9, exp 16 mm Q un-

known Type in coll British Museum.

Genus TRIRHOGMA.

Trirogma, Westw Trans Ent Soc 111, p 223 (1841)

Type, T. cærulea, Westw.
Range The Oriental region

Head not quite so wide as the thorax, the vertex broad, the cheeks inoderately well developed, the eyes oval, reaching down

to the base of the mandibles, ocelli complete, round, rather small, placed in a triangle on the vertex, somewhat close to-



Fig 71 Trirhogma cærulea, 🎗 💈

gether, antennæ filiform, inserted beneath a rounded tubercle which is concave above, mandibles broader in the male than in the female, pronotum somewhat as in *Dolichurus*, with its posterior margin transverse and the lateral angles tuberculate, mesonotum short, its posterior margin not extending beyond the posterior margin of the tegulæ, median segment broad, flat above, with broad prominent lateral projections, truncate posteriorly, the sider not coming to a sharp angle and not tuberculate as in *Ampulex*, traversed dorsally and

on the sides above by several longitudinal carna, legs long, slender, the intermediate coxe not very widely separated, the coxe and trochanters of all the legs remarkably long, the femora broad and flattened towards the base, intermediate and posterior tibiæ and tarsi slightly spinose, intermediate tibiæ with two apical spines, anterior tarsi not ciliated, claws unidentate in the middle below Wings rather short, fore wing with the radial cell narrow, acute at apex, three cubital cells, the 1st equal or nearly equal on the cubital nervure to the 2nd and 3rd united, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure very close to or at its apex, the 2nd the smallest, the 1st and 2nd transverse cubital nervures enclosing it. arched outwards, then strongly constricted towards the radial cell, the 2nd recurrent nervure received at its apical third, the 3rd cubital cell broader at apex than at base Abdomen broad. depressed, often with only three visible segments, the apical margins of the basal two strongly constricted

Nothing, so far as I know, is on record as to the habits of the two species of *Trirhogma* found within our limits

Key to the Species

 a Abdomen smooth, mandables black
 b Abdomen delicately punctured, mandables white at base

T cærulea, p 261

T prismatica, p 262

- 483 Trirhogma cærulea, Westw Trans Ent Soc 111, p 225, pl x11, figs 8 3, 3 a to 3 e, Smith, Cat 1v, p 278, Cam Mem Manch. L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 114
- Q Head in front closely and finely punctured, vertex, back of the head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum with a few scattered punctures, abdomen smooth, brilliantly polished and shining, clypeus slightly convex, its anterior margin arched, pronotum rising posteriorly, with the margin behind transverse and its lateral angles tuberculate, median segment broad, with four medial carinæ arranged more or less in W-shape and two outer lateral carinæ, the space between the carinæ reticulate

Dark metallic blue, the head, thorax, and abdomen covered with a thin hoary pubescence, long and somewhat stiff on the clypeus, antennæ and the tarsi piceous black, wings hyaline nervures and tegulæ piceous

of very similar, more slenderly made, the lateral tubercles on the pronotum more prominent, and the scutellum more or less gibbous

Hab Throughout India, Burma, and Tenasserim, but not common of Length 15-21; exp. 26-30 mm of Length 11-14, exp 20-24 mm.

484 Trirhogma prismatica, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 99, d, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, viii, 1893, p 513

o Closely allied to and resembling T cærulea, Westw, differs from the same sex in T cærulea in the mandibles being white at base, the antennæ longer and more filiform, in the mesonotum having two transverse carinæ posteriorly, the space between rugose, the scutellum with an elevated tubercle anteriorly, the wings slightly fuscescent, the abdomen punctured and with violet and purple tints in certain lights

Hab Borneo, Tenasserim of Length 12-13, exp 18 mm.

2 unknown

Genus PSEN

Psen, Latr Précis Caract Gen Ins p 122 (1793)
Sphex, pt, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 243 (1798)
Pelopœus, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 202 (1804)
Trypoxylon, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 182 (1804)
Mimesa, pt, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, Tabl Spheg (1843)
Mesopora, Wesm Bull. Akad Brux xix, pt 1, p 279 (1852)

Type, P ater, Panz Range. Both hemispheres

Head transverse, as wide as the thorax, antennæ inserted in the middle or a little below the middle of the face, the flagellum



Fig 72
Psen pulcherrimus, Q

subclavate, labrum concealed, mandibles acute, the apex bidentate, the inner tooth shorter than the outer, thorax very broad, subovate, proportion transverse. Wings broad, ample, fore wing with the radial cell long, acuminate at apex, three cubital cells, measured on the cubital nervure the 1st about one-fourth longer than the 3rd, the second about half the length of the 3rd, the 2nd cubital cell narrowed towards the radial cell, receiving the 1st recurrent

nervure before the middle, the 3rd cubital cell at aper about twice as broad as it is at base, receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure near its base. Abdomen very long, petiolate, the petiole about the length of the remaining segments, male with an upcurved spine at apex of abdomen, female posterior tibus serrated in the Indian species.

263 PSEN

Four species only are known from India nothing is known The European species, however, are said to about their habits nest in bramble-stems and in the tubes of straw in thatched houses, and to store their nests with Aphides

Key to the Species

a Head and thorax black, variegated with vellow

b Head and thorax entirely black

a' Abdomen black
b' Abdomen more or less red

a² Base of median segment depressed, with a furrow to the apex

b2 Base of median segment not depressed, with one medial and two short lateral carınæ

P pulcherrimus, p 263

P orientalis, p 263

P rufiventris, p 264

P clavatus, p 264

485 Psen pulcherrimus, Bingh. Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 443

9 Head above, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus small, convex, densely pilose, the front between the eyes broad, the flagellum of the antennæ setaceous, ocelli sunk, well separated from each other, the apex of the mesonotum and the sides and apex of the postscutellum with coarse, outwardly oblique stra, median segment long, rounded posteriorly, with a wellmarked medial longitudinal furrow, legs stout, posterior tibiæ minutely spinose, the apices of abdominal segments 2-4 slightly Head and thorax black, abdomen ferruginous constructed red, the scape and basal five joints of the flagellum of the antennæ beneath, a line on the pronotum, a spot in front of the tegulæ, the tegulæ, a large square spot at the apex of the mesonotum, the scutellum and postscutellum, two large oblong spots at the apex of the median segment, the apex of the core, the trochanters, femora, tibiæ and tarsi of the legs, and the petiole of the abdomen yellow, the posterior femora, tibiæ, and tarsi with a fuscous stain, the apex of the petiole below black, wings hyaline and beautifully indescent, nervures testaceous

Hab Tenasserim Length 7, exp 12 mm d unknown Type in coll British Museum

486 Psen orientalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) m 1890. р 269, 🗜



Fig 73 Psen orientalis, 🗣 Q Closely resembling P rufiventris, Cam, in form, but the clypeus is larger and more convex, the enclosed subtriangular space at base of the median segment is smaller, not depressed, finely not coarsely longitudinally striate, and with a shining broad medial furrow, which is continued beyond the apex of the

enclosed space as a fine carina to the apex of the segment, the

sides of the median segment with some coarse rugose stries. Entirely black, with sparse hoary pubescence on the head, the sides of the thorax, and median segment

Hab Madras, Pundaloya, Ceylon Q Length 11, exp 22 mm

Type in coll Rothney

- 487 Psen rufiventris, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 267, Q
- 2. Head and thorax thinly pubescent and pilose, most dense on the clypeus, the cheeks, the pleuræ, and the sides and aper of the median segment, the vertex of the head, the pronotum, scutellum, postscutellum, sides and apex of the median segment under the pubescence, and the abdomen smooth and shining, the clipeus, the front, and the mesonotum finely and strongly punctured, the clypeus convex, the apex produced, roundly emarginate, the sides oblique, median segment with a large subtriangular depressed space at base, coarsely longitudinally striate, and produced at apex into a broad deep furrow running to the apex of the segment, abdomen, the petiole as long as the head and thorax united, the rest of the abdomen slightly longer, the 5th segment with a Black, the clypeus and cheeks marked construction near its base with golden and the thorax with silvery pile, the mandibles, antennæ beneath, and the greater part of the legs testaceous, the 2nd and following abdominal segments more or less red shaded with fuscous black, wings hyaline and pubescent, nervures and tegulæ dark brown, nearly black

Hab Madras Q Length 9, exp 18 mm & unknown

Type in coll Rothney

- *488 Psen clavatus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 268, Q
- Q "Smaller than P rufiventris (8 mm only), differing from it in the eyes being rounded in front, diverging at apex, in the antennæ being distinctly clavate, with the 3rd joint not twice the length of the 2nd (in rufiventris it is three times) and not much longer than the 4th, in the 3rd joint being nearly twice the length of the penultimate, in there being no furrow behind the ocelli, in the base of the median segment not being depressed and with three keels down the central part—one central and two lateral keels, the abdomen apart from the black petiole is entirely rufous, the 2nd cubital cellule is narrowed almost to a point at the top, the head and thorax are more distinctly acculate, and there are two shallow furrows on the mesonotum, only the four anterior knees, tibiæ, and tarsi are testaceous, this being also the case with the hinder"

Hab Poons

Genus PEMPHREDON.

Crabro, pt, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 293 (1793)
Pemphredon, Latr Préc Caract Gen Ins p 128 (1796)
Cemonus, Junne, Hym p 214, pl v1, gen 28 (1807)
Ceratophorus, pt, Shuch Foss Hym p 198 (1837)
Diphlebus, pt, Westw Intr Classif Ins 11, Syn Gen p 81 (1840)
Chevrieria, Kohl, Mitth Schweiz ent Ges v1, Heft 10, p 658 (1883)

Type, P lugubris, Fabr

Range Palmarctic region, and high elevations in the Oriental

region

Head large, subquadrate, eyes prominent, ovate, antennæ rather widely separated, inserted at the base of the clypeus, transverse, labrum small and triangular, mandibles stout, their apex dentate thorax broadly oval, the mesonotum and median segment strongly convex, gibbous, wings with one radial and two cubital cells, the radial and 1st cubital cells subequal, but the latter oblong, the 2nd cubital cell nearly square, about half the length of the 1st cubital cell, each of the cubital cells receives a recurrent nervure, legs moderately long, slender, spinose; abdomen with the ventral plate of the basal segment forming a long slightly curved petiole, which is longer than the 2nd abdominal segment, the rest of the abdomen lanceolate, the apex of the abdomen with a single spine (3) or canaliculate (2)

The only Indian species at present known comes from an elevation of 7000 ft in the Himalayas, and nothing is on record about its habits, which, however, probably resemble those of the European species The latter nest in holes in old posts and rails,

and provision their larvæ with Aphides

489 Pemphredon fuscipennis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Q. Head and thorax sparsely, sides and apex of the median segment and the petiole of the abdomen above closely and rather coarsely punctured, abdomen smooth and shining, head, from above, subquadrate, broad, much broader than the thorax, median segment above smooth, with a semicircle of longitudinal short carina at its base. Black, the clypeus with silvery pile at the sides, and a fringe of long silvery hair at apex, the rest of the head, thorax, and abdomen with a very thin covering of short fuscous hairs—wings hyaline, shaded with fuscous on their apical balves, nervures brown, tegulæ black

Hab Mussooree, Northern India 2 Length 8-9, exp 17 mm

Type in coll Rothney.

Genus STIGMUS

Stigmus, Ju me, Hym p 139, pl m, gen 7 (1807)

Type, S pendulus, Panz Range Both hemispheres

Head subquadrate, a little wider than the thorax, antennæ



Fig 74
Stigmus congruus,
Q 4

inserted at the base of the clypeus, labrum concealed, mandibles dentate I horax ovate, median segment roundly truncate, longer than the mesonotum wings proportionately large, fore wing with the stigma very large and conspicuous, one radial and two cubital cells, the radial cell acute at apex, the 1st cubital nearly twice the length of the 2nd, receiving the single recurrent nervure beyond the middle, the 2nd cubital cell nearly square legs simple or very minutely spinose. Abdomen petiolate, petiole longer than the 2nd segment, the rest of the abdomen narrowly ovate, pointed at apex.

The species of this genus are minute and easily overlooked S congruus, Walk, I found hovering about and settling in some numbers on a hard bank of earth, underneath a rock, on the higher hills in Tenasserim, in April, but whether the minute holes in the bank were tunnels made by them I cannot venture to say

Key to the Species

a Clypeus subtriangular, not dentate nor porrect, legs testaceous

S congruus, p 266

6 Clypeus transverse, subporrert, projecting at apex, with a minute tooth on each side, legs with anterior intermediate tarsi only testaceous

S niger, p 267

490 Stigmus congruus, Walk A M N H (3) v, 1860, p 304, Q,

Motsch Bull Soc Imp Nat Mosc xxxvi, pt 2, 1863, p 23,

Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p 63

Q Vertex of the head, pronotum, mesonotum anteriorly, scutellum, postscutellum, and abdomen smooth, polished and shining, clypeus subtriangular, slightly convex, surface minutely accounted, anterior margin widely arched, front slightly hollowed, with very fine divergent striæ, the orbits marked off by a deep furrow consisting of a series of very close punctures, the posterior margin of the mesonotum with coarse longitudinal and rather deeply marked striæ, median segment coarsely reticulate, with a short deep groove on its posterior slope. Black, the mandibles except at apex, the scape, and basal three joints of the flagellum of the antennæ beneath, the nervures and tegulæ of the wings, and the legs testaceous, the tubercles white, wings hyaline

Hab Sikhim; Tenasserim, Ceylon 2. Length 75; exp

12 mm

- 491 Stigmus niger, Motsch Bull Soc Nat Mosc 1863, p 23 Stigmus congruus, Kohl, Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, v, 1890, p 63 (nec Walk)
- Closely allied to and resembling S congruus, Walk, but the clypeus is markedly subporrect, projecting at the apex, with a blunt tooth at each side, and smooth, polished, and shining, not aciculate, the median segment is somewhat shorter and more steeply sloped, the base strongly coarsely striate, with a triangular space enclosed by convergent turrows continued from the apex of the enclosure to the apex of the segment as a deep medial furiow, the sides are coarsely reticulate, with a large oval smooth space in Black and shining, the mandibles in the middle, the the middle scape of the antennæ, and the tibiæ and tarsi of the anterior and intermediate legs only testaceous

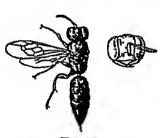
2 Length 6, exp 11 mm Hab Cevlon o unknown Kohl (1 c) joins these two species, but the specimens I have seen differ as above, and I have kept them separate

Genus PASSALŒCUS.

Pemphredon, pt, Van d Lind Mem Acad & Belg v, p 78 (1829) Diodonotus, pt, Curtis, Brit Ent iv, pl 496 (1835) Passalcecus, Shuck Foss Hym p 188 (1837)

Type, P insignis, Van d Lind Range Palæarctic and Oriental regions

Head subquadrate, wider than the thorax, eyes ovate, reaching



1

Fig 75 Passalæcus levipes, Q

down to the base of the mandibles, their inner orbits slightly convergent towards the clypeus, clypeus transverse, the labrum slightly exserted, entire, thorax elongate oval, pronotum transversely linear, mesonotum convex, gibbous anteriorly, median segment elongate, sloping posteriorly, not truncate Wings -tore wing with one radial and two cubital cells, radial cell long, its apex acute, 1st cubital cell long, three times the length of the 2nd, which is con-

stricted above towards the radial cell, the 1st cubital cell receives the 1st, the 2nd cubital cell the 2nd recurrent nervure Legs short, slender, destitute of spines Abdomen elongate, cylindrical, the ventral plate of the basal segment formed into a short petiole, the 2nd segment constricted at base

So far as I know, only the one species described below has as yet been recorded from the Oriental region The European species

make their nests in rose-stems, old palings, &c

492 Passalœcus levipes, n sp

Q Head, thorax in front, and abdomen smooth, median segment coarsely transversely striate, clypeus subtriangular, transverse, front of the face and head strongly concave, the cheeks behind the eyes widened, median segment subcylindrical with the apex truncate, a wide shallow median longitudinal furrow from base to aper of truncation, face of truncation smooth and shining, abdomen longer than the head and thorax together, petiole short. Dark obscure green, the mandibles at base, the scape and basal three joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, the trochauters, base and apex of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi of the posterior legs, yellow, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous yellow.

Hab Karennee, 4000 ft, Tenasserim 2 Length 8, exp 15 mm

d unknown Type in the British Museum

Genus NYSSON

Mellinus, pt, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 285 (1793) Nysson Latr Piecis Caract Gen Ins p 125 (1796) Pompilus, pt, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 246 (1798) Ceropales, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 185 (1804) Oxybelus, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 316 (1804)

Type, N spinosus, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head transverse, as wide as the thorax or a little narrower,



Fig 76 Nysson erythropoda, Q

eyes ovate ocelli in a triangle on the vertex, antennæ inseited at the base of the clypeus, the scape short, wider at apex than at base, flagellium slightly incrassate, clypeus wider than high, rounded anteriorly, mandibles undentate. Thorax ovate, the pronotum transverse, median segment roundly truncate, with a stout spine on the posterior lateral angles, legs slender, simple, slightly pubescent.

Wings broad fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell long, the apex acute, stretching beyond the cubital cells, 1st cubital cell longer than the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd petiolate, receiving both recurrent nervures, the 3rd equal to the 2nd, strongly constricted at top. Abdomen pseudosessile, the apex more or less curved downwards, 2nd vential segment produced almost at right angles to the plane of the 1st segment.

Key to the Species.

a Abdomen, basal segments red with lateral yellow spots

b Abdomen, basal segments black with lateral yellow spots

a' Wings hyaline, with a vellow stripe on the pronotum, legs red

b' Wings fusco-hyaline, no yellow stripe on the pronotum, legs black N erythropoda, p 269

N basalis, p 269

493 Nysson rugosus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 242, pl 1x, fig 13 & 13a

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen coarsely rugose punctate, cly peus with the apex bidentate, a prominent wedge-shaped projection on the front above the base of the antennæ, median segment steeply sloped and concavo-truncate posteriorly, mesopleuræ prominent, punctured but not carnate beneath near the sternum Black, a spot on the scape in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a short transverse line at the base of the scutellum, the anterior and intermediate coxæ in front, and elongated lateral spots on the posterior margins of the basal four abdominal segments, yellow, the spots on the 3rd and 4th segments small, the basal segment above, the basal two segments beneath, and the legs variegated with red, the face in front, the vertex and cheeks, and the sides of the thorax with silky silvery pile inclining to golden in certain lights, wings fusco-hyaline

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 7; exp 13 mm Type

m coll Rothney

- 494. Nysson erythropoda, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 242, pl 1x, figs 18 & 18 a
- Q Clypeus porrect, finely punctured, the apex truncate, the front and vertex of the head, the scutellum, and postscutellum very coarsely and strongly punctured, rugose, the middle of the pronotum, the mesonotum, and the abdomen above less coarsely and more widely punctured, the punctures on the abdomen finer and shallower, median segment coarsely roughly reticulate, the apex concavo-truncate, its upper lateral angles tuberculate, mesopleuræ bulging, prominent, coarsely punctured, the angle below keeled, the metapleuræ smooth, the sides of the median segment coarsely punctured. Black, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot at the base of the scutellum, and lateral elongate spots on the basal two abdominal segments yellow, the mandibles, the tegulæ of the wings, and the legs red, the antennæ rufo-fuscous, the sides of the thorax and the coxæ and femora of the legs covered with glittering silvery pile, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures testaceous

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal \mathcal{Q} Length $6\frac{1}{2}$, exp 12 mm

d unknown Type in coll Rothney

- *495 Nysson basalis, Smith, Cat iv, p 355, d, Handl Sitzungsb Alad Wiss Wien, xcv, 1887, p 401, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 241
 - d. "Length 4 lines (85 mm) -Black, the face thinly covered

with silvery pubescence; the apical joint of the antennæ rufotestaceous, the head and thorax rugose, the posterior angles of the metathorax covered with silvery pubescence, the wings fuscohyaline. The base of the abdomen covered with silvery pile, at the lateral apical margins of the basal four segments an elongate subovate yellowish-white macula, each in succession smaller than on the basal segment, sometimes a minute one on the 5th segment, the lateral apical margins of the 6th and 7th segments produced into acute spines, the apical margin of the 7th rounded

"Hab. India (coll. W. W Saunders)"

Genus HELIORYCTES.

Helioryctes, Smith, Cat 1v, p 358

Type, H melanopyrus, Smith

Range Africa (West Coast), India, Burma

"Head transverse, about the width of the thorax, eyes oval, converging at the vertex, the stemmata placed in a triangle towards



Fig 77 Helioryctes assimilis, Q 🕴

the vertex, antennæ short, subfiliform, slightly thickened in the middle, pointed at the apex, the scape short, thick, and cylindrical, the first joint of the flagellum short, about half the length of the second, the rest of about equal length, mandibles toothed within, with a dentate process beneath towards the base, the labrum concealed Thorax rotundate, the

collar narrow, transverse, the scutellum transverse, oblongquadrate, the metathorax truncated, with a mucro at the sides and about the middle of the truncation, the superior wings with one marginal (radial) and three submarginal (cubital) cells, the marginal cell elongate, rounded at the apex, slightly appendiculate, the first submarginal cell elongate, twice the length of the second and third united, the second submarginal cell petiolated, the third oblique, of nearly equal width, the first recurrent rervure received by the first submarginal cell near its apex, the second recurrent nervure entering the second submarginal cell near its apex, the legs stout, the anterior tarsi ciliated outside, the intermediate and posterior tibize spinose, the claws simple, having a pulvillus in their fork Abdomen ovatoconic, truncated at the base, the apex acute "—Smith

To Mr Smith's accurate and full description I have to add an important particular—a detail of character which seems to have been overlooked The posterior coxæ are armed at their apex, in both Q and d, with a long acute spine pointing backwards. In the type of the genus, the posterior coxa of which is figured above, this is very prominent, but in the Indian species described below the spine is reduced to an obscure tubercle on the underside of

the coxa

H. melanopyrus, on which this genus was founded, is from the

Gambia district in West Africa From West Africa also there is in the collection of the British Museum one specimen of a third species of this genus, possessing the characters as given by Smith, and also the coxal spines In the collection it stands as Paranysson abdominale, Guérin, and answers well enough to Guérin's brief description so far as this goes. The genus Paranysson was indicated (scarcely diagnosed) by Guérin in his 'Iconographie du Règne Animal de G Cuvier Insectes,' p 441, but the description was so slight and incomplete that in my opinion Smith's name for the genus must stand. I may further note that Handlirsch (Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, 1887, p 282) unites Paranysson with Nysson.

496 Helioryctes assimilis, n sp

Q of Head, the clypeus and front to a little above the base of the antennæ, the cheeks, and the sides and apex of the mesonotum and of the median segment densely pilose, the front above, the pro- and mesonotum, scutellum and postscutellum finely and closely punctured, the vertex of the head more sparingly punctured, median segment with a large triangular space at base enclosed by fine convergent carinæ, coarsely reticulate, the sides under the pile smooth, abdomen broad, as long nearly as the head and thorax together, subcordate, smooth and shining, the base slightly concave—Black, the abdomen dark red, the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs piceous, the dense pile on the head and thorax silvery, wings hyaline, lightly but broadly fuscous on their apical margins, nervures and tegulæ fuscous brown

Hab Sikhim, Tenasserim 2 & Length 6-7, eap 10 mm

Genus GORYTES

Crabro, pt, Fabr Syst Ent p 373 (1775)
Mellinus, pt, Fabr Ent Syst ii, p 285 (1793)
Pompilus, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 187 (1804)
Ceropales, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 185 (1804)
Gorytes, Latr Hist Nat Xiii, p 308 (1805).
Arpactus, Jurine, Hym p 192 (1807)
Hoplisus, Euspongus Lestiforus, Psammoecius, Lepel Ann Soc Ent Fi i, p 56 (1832)
Megalomma, pt, Smith, A M N H (4) Xiii, p 405 (1873)

Type, G mystaceus, Linn. Range Both hemispheres

Head transverse, eyes oval, the inner orbits convergent towards the clypeus or parallel, sometimes convergent in the female, parallel in the male; shape of clypeus dependent on convergence or otherwise of the eyes below, mandibles bidentate. labrum exserted and fringed with long setæ; antennæ inserted just above the base of the clypeus, the flagellum slightly incrassate or filiform, occili in a curve placed well forward on or just below the vertex Thorax ovate, the pronotum transverse; the scutellum transverse,

rather long, median segment rounded, sometimes gibbous poste-



Fig 78
Gorytes alipes, Q

riorly, a small triangular space at base enclosed by furrows always present, legs of moderate length, stout, the trochanters two-jointed, anterior tarsiciliated, the intermediate tabia with two apical spines. Wings somewhat broad in proportion fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell elongate; the 1st cubital cell on the cubital nervure about the same length

as the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd strongly narrowed towards the radial, receiving both recurrent nervires, the 3rd quadrangular and oblique. Abdomen ovato-conic, curved at apex, the basal segment often narrowed or subpetiolate campanuliform, or even produced into a lengthened somewhat slender petiole, the 2nd ventral segment in some species suddenly produced at right angles with the plane of the 1st segment.

Key to the Species.

A. Eyes convergent below a Basal abdominal segment black a' Fore wing fasciated Length, 2 5-6 G ornatus, p 272. Fore wing not fasciated Length, 2 9-13 mm G alipes, p 273 G amatorius Q, p 273 b Basal abdominal segment red B Lies not convergent below, inner orbits parallel a Brank segment formed into a long petiole. G greenn, p 274 b Basal segment not formed into a petiole, but attenuated at base a' Head and thorax black G amatorius 3,p 273 Basal abdominal segment red b² Basal abdominal segment black a³ Clypeus, 2, entirely yellow b³ Clypeus black, with a short yellow G impiger, p 274 streak on each side at base G politus, p 275 b' Head and thorax entirely red variegated with yellow, or red variegated G pictus, p 275 with yellow and a little black

497. Gorytes ornatus

Harpactus ornatus, Smith, Cat iv, p 371, Q, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, xcvii, 1888, p 443, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Suc (4) 111, 1890, p 239

Q Head and thorax and 2nd abdominal segment very sparsely punctured, rest of abdomen smooth and shining, head broad, eyes distinctly divergent at vertex, a deep furrow between the mesonotum and scutellum, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment rugose Black, the scape in front, the clypeus, a line along the inner orbits of the eyes, the labrum, palpi, and mandibles yellow; a ferruginous stain along the eyes at top and behind the

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vertex; the thorax red, the abdomen with a narrow transverse band on the apical margin of the 2nd segment white, the band broadening on the side of the segment into a large orate macula, the 5th segment white above, legs black, variegated with rufous, wings hyaline, with a faint subapical cloud crossing the front wing Hab Northern India, Burma Q Length 5-6, exp 11 mm

498 Gorytes alipes, n sp

Head, thorax, and abdomen obscurely prumose, eyes strongly convergent below, clypeus narrowly triangular, convex, its anterior margin transverse, front with a vertically impressed line, median segment slightly compressed laterally, roundly truncate posteriorly a triangular space at base smooth and shining, enclosed by shallow convergent furrows, which, after junction, are continued as a single furrow to the apex of the segment, abdomen with the basal segment forming a stout petiole clypeus, scape of the antennæ, a line on the pronotum posteriorly. a line on the anterior lateral margins of the mesonotum, the postscutellum, the anterior and intermediate femora, tibiæ, and tarsi, the posterior tibiæ and tarsi, and the apical margins broadly of the basal four segments of the abdomen yellow the intermediate femora and the posterior tibiæ black above, the transverse band on the basal abdominal segment emarginate in the middle, and the bands on the remaining segments very wide laterally, clypous covered with a dense silvery pile, flagellum of antennæ beneath fulvous wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Bombay, Malabar coast, Tenasserim 2 Length 9-13,

exp 17-25 mm & slightly smaller

499 Gorytes amatorius, Smith, Ti Ent Soc 1875, p 39, Q,
Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, acvii, 1888, p 536, Cam
Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 240, pl 1x, fig 15

2 Vertex of the head and thorax coarsely punctured, the punctures sparser and coarser on the thorax than on the head. the median segment and abdomen smooth, shining, almost impunctate, the eyes strongly convergent below, clypeus narrow laterally, almost twice as high as it is broad, front above the antennæ slightly concave, with a medial vertically-impressed line, median segment roundly truncate posteriorly Black, the clypeus with thick silvery pile, the apex and sides of the median segment with a thin, short, hoary pubescence, the scape of the antennæ, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot above the tegulæ, the postscutellum, a broad transverse band (sometimes interrupted) at the aper of the basal abdominal segment, and narrower transverse anteriorly bi-emarginate lines on the posterior margins of the succeeding four segments white, the basal abdominal segment and the coxe, femora and the tibiæ anteriorly ferruginous, the tibiæ posteriorly and the tarsi white, the apical joint of the posterior tarsı black, wmgs hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of similar differs in having the inner orbits of the eves nearly

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parallel, not strongly convergent towards the clypeus, the clypeus in consequence much broader, rounded anteriorly, black, not vellow, the legs more reddish, and the wings hyaline, with a subapical fuscous spot on the fore wing.

Hab Barrackpore, Bombay & Length 6, exp 14 mm Length 7. exp 14 mm

It is with some hesitation I have assigned a d from Bombay to the Q type of this species from Barrackpore; but the sculpture and markings are identical almost, notwithstanding the parallel non-convergent eyes and the maculated fore wing

500. Gorytes green, Bingh P Z S 1896, p 444, Ω, pl xv, fig 8

Head not so broad as the thorax, smooth, the front concave, medially finely furrowed, and with a few scattered fine punctures, obscurely pilose, clypeus transversely oval, slightly pubescent, pronotum and abdomen smooth and shining, mesonotum very finely, rather irregularly, longitudinally striate, scutellum, postscutellum, and the enclosed triangular space at the base of the median segment more coarsely longitudinally striate, sides and apex of the median segment pubescent, irregularly reticulate beneath the pubescence, pro- and mesopleura with obscure longitudinal fine striæ Brownish red, the abdomen, except at base and apex of petiole and base of 2nd segment, much darker, almost black, the scape, a narrow line not reaching the vertex on the inner orbits, the base of the mandibles, a broad stripe on the posterior margin of the pronotum, the scutellum, a fine line posteriorly on the postscutellum, a broad band on the apical margin of the 2nd abdominal segment, a narrower, rather obscure line on the apical margins of the 3rd and 4th, and a broader one on the apical margin of the 5th, yellow, wings light flavo-hyaline and iridescent, the fore wing with a subapical large brown macula on the costal margin, tegulæ and stigma testaceous, nervures brown

2 Length 14, erp 32 mm Hab Cevlon The figure in the plate of the P Z S has the petiole a trifle This species belongs to the section separated by Smith as Megalomma

501 Gorytes impiger, n sp



Fig 79 -- Gorytes ampiger, 🔉

9 Head and thorax rather coarsely and abdomen at the bases of the segments rather finely punctured, the margins of the segments smooth, clypeus transverse, the front with a faintly impressed vertical line, the enclosed triangular space at the base of the median segment coarsely longitudinally striate, with the limiting furrows well marked Dull dark brown, the mandibles, the clypeus, a broad line on the inner orbits about balfway up the front, a very fine line in the middle of the outer orbits, the scape

of the antennæ, a broad line on the posterior margins of the

GORYTES 275

pronotum and of the scutellum, the tubercles, a spot behind them, the anterior and intermediate femora, tibiæ, and taisi, and broad transverse fasciæ on the posterior margins of the 1st-4th segments of the abdomen above yellow, the flagellum of the antennæ, the anterior and intermediate femora beneath, and the posterior femora, tibiæ, and tarsi light ferruginous yellow, wings hyaline, the nervures and tegulæ testaceous yellow, the radial, the 2nd cubital, and the upper half of the 3rd cubital cell in the fore wing clouded with fuscous brown

Hab Tenasserim 2 Length 9, exp 17 mm 3 unknown

Type in the British Museum

502 Gorytes politus, n sp

Q. Head and thorax closely and finely punctured, the sides of the face and the clypeus densely and the abdomen lightly prumose, clypeus subtriangular, interior orbits of the eyes parallel, the enclosed triangular space at the base of the median segment with the limiting furrows well-marked, the entire median segment posteriorly longitudinally striate. Black, the clypeus and sides of the face with dense silvery pile, an abbreviated yellow line on the upper lateral margins of the clypeus, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a broad line on the scutellum, and broad subapical transverse fasciæ on the 1st-4th segments of the abdomen above yellow, the margins of the segments narrowly testaceous brown, the flagellum of the antennæ beneath and at base above and the legs fusco-ferruginous, wings hyaline, the nervures and tegulæ testaceous, the costal margin of the fore wing at base narrowly and at apex broadly fuscous

Hab Bombay, Western India Q Length 11, exp 22 mm

d unknown Type in the British Museum

503 Gorytes pictus, Smith, Cat iv, p 365, Q, Handl Sitzingsb
Ahad Wiss Wien, xcvii, 1888, p 537, Cam Mem Manch L
Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 240
Gorytes tricolor, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 40, Q 3

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen with a few shallow scattered punctures, almost smooth, head about as wide as the thorax, face and front slightly concave, eyes not convergent below, clypeus transverse, slightly convex, median segment compressed, rounded posteriorly, almost truncate, the enclosed triangular space at base longitudinally striate. Head black, thorax and abdomen reddish, the base of the mandibles, the upper two-thirds of the clypeus, an elongate spot on the unner orbits above the base of the antennæ, a spot in front on the apex of the scape, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a broad stripe posteriorly on the scutellum, and a medially-interrupted obscure line on the posterior margin of the basal abdominal segment, yellow, the pronotum in front, the base of the scutellum, the postscutellum, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment, the base broadly of the 2nd abdominal segment, narrowly of the 3rd and 4th, and the whole

of the apical two segments black, the apical margin narrowly of the 2nd segment and broadly of the 3rd and 4th fulvous brown, the antennæ and legs pale reddish, wings hyaline, with a large

fuscous subapical spot on the fore wing

Var The black on the thorax and abdomen replaced by red, and the fulvous brown on the 2nd-4th abdominal segments replaced by bright yellow, some specimens with the red colouring have the bases of the 2nd-4th abdominal segments black, as in the typical specimens

of similar, but the clypeus and face up to the base of the

antennæ entirely yellow

Hab Barrackpore, Calcutta, Madras Q Length 7-9, exp

Genus STIZUS

Sphex, pt, Fabr Syst Ent p 346 (1775)
Crabro, pt, Fabr Syst Ent p 373 (1775)
Larra, pt, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 220 (1793)
Stizus, Latr Hist Nat 111, p 344 (1802), Handl Sitzungsb Akad
Wiss Wien, c1, 1892, p 26
Larra, Smith, Cat 1v, p 337 (1856)

Type, S ruficornis, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head subglobose, generally not so wide as the thorax, front slightly concave, occili placed in a triangle on the vertex, eyes large, ovate, their inner orbits parallel, often slightly convergent towards the clypeus, clypeus transverse, broader than long, labrum exserted, but not so markedly as in *Bembex*, its anterior margin rounded, mandibles not dentate within nor incised on their outer margin, antennæ more or less filiform, in the male the apical joints often abnormal, spined, curved, &c, thorax stout, the pronotum transverse, the median segment of varying form, generally short, truncate posteriorly, sometimes concavo-truncate with the sides

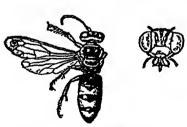


Fig 80 - Stesus rufescens, Q }

compressed and produced, legs moderately long, the anterior tarsi in the female ciliated with long spines, the cone massive, the intermediate tibie with two apical spines; the intermediate and posterior tibies and tarsi moderately spinose, claws simple wings of moderate length, fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell short, the 1st cubital cell, measured on

the cubital nervure, equal to the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd cubital cell strongly constricted towards the radial, sometimes petiolate, receiving both recurrent nervures, 3rd cubital cell oblique, wider on the cubital than on the radial nervure, the outer transverse cubital nervure curved inwards towards the

STIZUS 277

radial cell abdomen elongate, massive, the 1st segment never petiolate or narrowed, its base generally truncate or steeply sloped, no furrow between the 1st and 2nd ventral segments, pygidium

bare, convey, the apex rounded, margined

Very little is known of the habits of the species of this genus. In Burma S rufescens, Smith, was common in the hot weather on the sandy banks of rivers, sitting on the damp sand in company with Megachile, Nomia, Bembex, &c I never found its nest, but once caught a 2 carrying a small Crouda

Key to the Species

Ley to the Species	
A Wings fuscous a Wings not hyaline at base or apex b Wings hyaline at base and at apex c' Association and the second at apex	S vespiformis, p 277
a' Apical three segments of abdomen red b' 2nd and 3id and base of 4th segment	S calopteryr, p 278.
of abdomen only red	S cornutus, p 278
c Wings hyaline at apex of fore wing only	S blandinus, p 279
B Wings flavo-hyaline	
a Median segment striate at apex 6 Median segment not striate	S melleus, p 280
a' Eyes with the inner orbits parallel Length 20–25 mm b' Eyes with the inner orbits divergent	S rufescens, p 280
towards the apex Length 14-20 mm	S dichpeatus, p 279
C Wings clear hyaline a Head yellow, vertex only black Length 13 mm b Head black, the clypeus, a line along the	S melanoranthus, p 283
unner orbit, and the scape of the antennæ only yellow Length 7~10 mm a' Vertex around the ocelli punctured, mesonotum antenorly with two parallel longitudinally impressed	
hnes b. Vertex and mesonotum smooth a² The yellow markings on the thorax	S receisus, p 281
and abdomen large, conspicuous b. The jelion markings on the thorax and abdomen small and not con-	S lateralis, p 281
spicuous	S prismaticus, p 282.
504 Stizus vespiformis Sphex vespiformis, Fabr Spec Ins 1, p Stizus vespiformis, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 245. Hand	154 Cam Mem Manch

2 Head, pronotum, and abdomen smooth and shining, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment with

L Ph Soc (4) m, 1890, p 245, Handl Sitzingsb Akad Wiss Wien, ci, 1892, p 147 very minute and close but shallow punctures, head not quite so wide as the thorax, the clypeus broad anteriorly, broadly but not deeply emarginate, the sides oblique, the front flat, the anterior occllus in a slight hollow, mesonotum anteriorly with a short, shallow, medial longitudinal furrow, median segment with a semicircular fine furrow about midway, abdomen stout, broad, much longer than the head and thorax united. Head, pronotum, anterior temora at apex, the tibiæ, tarsi, and 2nd and following segments of the abdomen red, the thorax and basal abdominal segment black, the clypeus covered with a thin silvery pile, wings fuscous, with a purple effulgence

of similar, but the base of the clypeus, the vertex and head posteriorly, and the base of the 2nd segment of the abdomen black

Hab Punjab, North-West Provinces, Madras Q Length 22-25, exp 40-45 mm & Length 17-20, exp. 40-43 mm

505. Stizus calopteryx.

Larra fasciata, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 253 (nec Bembex (recte Stizus) fasciata, Fabr Spec Ins 1, p 458), Smith, Cat 1v, p 342 Stizus fasciatus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 244

Stizus calopteryx, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, ci, 1892, p 110

Q Head, pronotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and base of median segment rather sparsely but finely, mesonotum and abdomen more closely punctured, clypeus convex, almost transversely rectangular, its anterior border very slightly emarginate, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment shining, rather sparsely but strongly punctured, with a trace of a medial longitudinal furrow which is continued down to the apex of the segment. Light red, the posterior face of the median segment and the basal three abdominal segments black, wings fuscous, with a brilliant purple effulgence, broadly hyaline at base and apex

of similar, more slender, light red, the front and vertex of the head more or less, the mesonotum except a broad line laterally, the scutellum, postscutellum, median segment, basal three abdo-

minal segments and basal half of the 4th black

Hab Sikhim, Barrackpore, Bangalore Q Length 16-20, exp. 30-36 mm & Length 13, exp 26 mm

506 Stizus cornutus

Laira cornuta, Smith, A M N H (4) xii, 1873, p 403, Q Stizus cornutus, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, ci, 1892, p 112, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 244

P Head opaque, densely pilose on the front, the pile thin and sparse on the vertex and cheeks, pronotum smooth, mesonotum and scutellum densely prunose, with a medial longitudinally impressed line on the disc of the former, and two other lateral parallel extremely short lines closer to the tegulæ, postscutellum, the base narrowly and the sides more broadly of the median

STIZUE. 279

segment closely and finely punctured, the posterior half of the segment densely pulsescent, abdomen smooth, slightly shining, the base densely pilose, the apical segment above with short stiff hairs. Black, the pile on the head and at the base of the abdomen, and the long pubescence on the median segment silvery, the 2nd, 3rd, and base of the 4th abdominal segment red wings dark fuscous, with a purple effulgence, silvery hyaline at base up to the line of the basal nervure of fore wing, and at apex of the fore wing from beyond the 3rd cubital cell

Hab Bombay 2 Length 19, exp 36 mm

507 Stizus blandinus.

Larra blandina, Smith, Cat iv, p 840, Q & Stizus blandinus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) in, 1890, p 244, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, ci, 1892, p 107

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen very finely and closely punctured, clypeus convex, broad, the anterior border emarginate in the middle, oblique at the sides, median segment convex medially at base and slightly pubescent. Black, the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen red. wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence, the apex of the fore wing broadly hyaline, the clypeus, front of the face, and legs with silvery pile

d similar, more pubescent, the pubescence silvery on the median segment, fulvous on the apical three abdominal segments

Hab Calcutta, North India (Smith), Allahabad & Length 16-20, exp 35-38 mm

508 Stizus biclipeatus

Vespa biclipeata, Christ, Naturg d Ins p 223, tab xix, fig 6, 2 Larra cingulata, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 253 Larra nubilipeanis, Smith, Cat iv. p 347, 2 Stizus biclipeatus, Handl Sitzungib Akad Wiss Wien, ci, 1892, p 137, pl 11, fig 15

Head and thorax opaque, finely and very closely punctured, the punctures shallow, the clypeus and front above the base of the antennæ thinly pilose, median segment densely pubescent, the front between the antennæ raised, convex, with a medial impressed line running up to the auterior ocellus, eyes moderately divergent at top, median segment short, steeply sloped from base and concavo-truncate at apex, the sides not produced back, abdomen smooth, slightly shining Honey-yellow, a transverse stripe on the vertex between the eyes, a spot surrounding the anterior ocellus, the mesonotum (in the majority of specimens), the mesoand the metapleuræ, a crescentic mark on the median segment above, one or two oblique stripes on the truncated portion, and a transverse band on the apical margins of the basal two abdominal segments black, with some indistinct fuscous and ferruginous marks on the remaining segments, the mesonotum anteriorly with two abbreviated longitudinal lateral stripes yellow, wings fulvohyaline, a subapical fuscous cloud occupying the radial and 2nd and 3rd cubital cells of fore wing.

Var The antennæ, mesonotum, and basal abdominal segment rufo-fulvous, the mesonotum yellow, with three parallel longitudinal black stripes

of similar, but darker on the whole

Hab The Punjab, Ahmedabad, Western India, Allababad, Sikhim, Pegu Hills, Burma Q Length 14-18, exp. 28-34 mm. 3 Length 13-17, exp 26-32 mm

509 Stizus rufescens

Stizus delessertii, Guér Icon Regn Anim. 111, p 439
Larra rufescens, Smith, Cat 1v, p 349, Q
Stizus rufescens, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 245, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, ci, 1892, p 138

Q & Closely allied to and resembling S biclipeatus, but constantly larger. It is a very variable insect, but the type has the head, thorax, and abdomen very minutely punctured, with a very fine short erect hair springing from each puncture, clypeus much broader than high, slightly convex, pointed laterally, widely emaignate in the middle anteriorly, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment semicircular, with a short medial longitudinal furrow continued down the posterior truncated face of the segment to the apex Rufo-fulvous, the base of the mandibles, the labrum, clypeus, antennæ in front, cheeks, pronotum, postscutellum, an arched stripe on the median segment, a large rounded lateral spot on the 2nd, and an elongate lateral spot at the base of the 3rd abdominal segment yellow, legs variegated with yellow, wings deep flavo- or fulvo-hyaline, with a subapical fuscous cloud on the fore wing

Var A broad T-shaped mark on the vertex and front of the head, a broad longitudinal stripe on each side on the mesonotum, joined by a transverse stripe anteriorly, an arched stripe on the median segment, the propleuræ, the mesopleuræ posteriorly, the metapleuræ and sides of the median segment, and broad transverse bands on the basal four segments of the abdomen black Between these two extreme forms numerous variations in the amount and disposition of the yellow and black markings occur

Hab Throughout India south of the Himalayas, not ascending the hills to any height, Ceylon, Burma, China & Length 20-25, exp 40-48 mm

I have wholly failed to make out Guérin's species S delesser in, his description would stand fairly well for one variety of Smith's species.

510 Stizus melleus

Laira mellea, Smith, Cat iv, p 346, \$\times\$ Stizus melleus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Sqc (4) iii, 1890, p 244, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, ci, 1892, p 171
Stizus orientalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 245, \$\times\$

P Head and thorax finely punctured, clypeus convex, widely emarginate anteriorly, the sides oblique, front flat, a V-shaped indistinct furrow from the sides of the ocelli to the base

STIZUS 281

of the antennæ thorax covered with erect soft hairs, median segment short posteriorly, concavo-truncate, the truncation transversely striate, abdomen lightly punctured, plate of 2nd ventral segment simple, pygidial area coarsely punctured, the apex with a few stiff hairs. Yellow, variegated with pale brownish red, the flagellum of the antennæ, an obscure mark on the vertex of the head, three broad parallel longitudinal stripes on the mesonotum, the postscutellum, middle and apex of the median segment, basal and apical margins above of the 1st-5th segments, and the whole of the 6th segment of the abdomen pale brownish red, wings flavohyaline, nervures and tegulæ brown

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 24, exp 45 mm

d unknown

511 Stizus reversus

Larra reversa, Smith, Cat iv, p 349, Q of Stizus reversus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 245, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, ci, 1892, p 56

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, shining, covered with a very short thin pubescence, in certain lights the surface is seen to be covered with obscure, very fine, shallow, close punctures, a large space round the ocelli and on the front coarsely punctured. mesonotum anteriorly with two medial abbreviated parallel longitudinally impressed lines, very smooth and shining, median segment widely and deeply emarginate posteriorly, the lateral posterior margins compressed, abdomen as long as the head and thorax united Black, the clypeus, a spot above it, the scape and basal joint of the antennæ in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot on the tegulæ, a short line in tront and a spot behind them, a spot on each lateral angle of the scutellum, a line on the postscutellum, the posterior lateral angles of the median segment, an interrupted yellow band on the basal segment of the abdomen, an entire one on the 2nd segment. widest laterally, a short transverse line in the middle of the 3id, a narrow band on the 4th, and a spot on each side of the 5th segment yellow, legs variegated with, sometimes almost entirely, yellow, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures dark testaceous

of very similar, but a black spot always at the base of the

labrum and another on the clypeus

Var The posterior margins of abdominal segments 1-5 with

complete yellow transverse bands above

Hab Mussooree, Barrackpore, Sikhim, Central India, Bombay, Burma, Tenasserim, Sumatra. Q & Length 9-10, eap 17-21

512 Stizus lateralis, Cam MS

Q Very similar to some varieties of S reversus, differing chiefly in the greater development of the yellow markings, the clypeus, the space above it, the underside of the scape and flagellum of the antennæ, a broad stripe on the posterior margin

of the pronotum, the tubercles, a large spot beneath them on the pleuræ, a broad stripe across the tegulæ, a large square spot at each lateral angle of the scutellum, the postscutellum, the posterior interal angles broadly of the median segment, the apex of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi of all the legs, a very large oval spot on each side of the basal abdominal segment, and transverse bands, greatly widened at the sides, on the posterior margins of segments 2—5, yellow

Hab Barrackpore Q Length 7, evp 13 mm

513 Stizus prismaticus
Larra prismatica, Smith Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 103, Q d
Stizus prismaticus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890,
p 244, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, ci, 1892, p 55

P of Head, thorax, and abdomen shining, obscurely but very finely and closely punctured, each puncture bearing a fine, very short, recumbent hair, clypeus transverse, the anterior margin depressed, very slightly and widely emarginate, median segment posteriorly deeply excavate, the sides compressed and somewhat Black, suffused with brilliant tints of laminate, not incised purple and blue in certain lights, the clypeus, a triangular spot above it, an abbreviated line at the inner orbits of the eyes, the scape in front and the flagellum beneath, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercles, the outer margins of the tegulæ, an oblique spot on each side of the scutellum, a transverse line on the postscutellum, an elongate spot on the lateral angles of the median segment, an elongate spot on each side of the basal abdominal segment and a fascia on the apical margins of the 2nd-4th segments, with a spot on each side of the 5th segment, yellow, the fascia on the 2nd segment is broadest laterally, the fascia on the 3rd segment abbreviated, legs variegated with yellow, wings hyaline and mdescent

Smith describes the male as having two parallel abbreviated lines on the mesonotum and the tasciæ on the abdomen entire, but in the common Indian and Buimese form the & and Q are precisely similar. I have seen no specimen corresponding in colour with Smith's description, nor with the specimens from Borneo and Celebes in the British Museum. One variety wants the abbreviated fascia on the 3rd abdominal segment, a second form is altogether destitute of the yellow lateral spots on the basal abdominal segment.

Hab Sikhim, Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 9-11, evp 17-20 mm & Length 8-9, evp 17-19 mm

Note—Handlirsch (Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, ci, 1892, pp 43 et seq) has described several closely allied forms more or less resembling S prismaticus, Smith One of these is given from the Andamans, two or three others are stated to occur in the Oriental region—I do not know of the latter having been found within our limits—I append, however, short descriptions, taken from Handlirsch's work

ETIZUE. 283

Stizus magretti, Handlirsch —Black, with strong tints of blue and purple, somewhat thickly pilose and moderately punctured. Wings distinctly fuscous Clypeus, labrum, front below the insertion of the antennæ, inner orbits, a spot on the tegulæ, lateral spots on the basal abdominal segment, a somewhat narrow fascia on the 2nd and 4th, and lateral spots on the ventral segments vellow Antennæ black, beneath ferruginous, scape beneath yellow Legs black, variegated with yellow Length 11–13 mm

Hab Oriental region

Stizus proximus, Handlirsch —Very closely allied to the above, slighter, clypeus black, antennæ beneath yellow, 5th abdominal segment in male with a fascia, in female with a spot on each side Length 9-10 mm

An Oriental species

Stizus pusillus, Handlirsch —Allied to the above and resembling it, but still slighter and smaller, the face below less wide Clypeus in the 3 yellow, in the 2 marked with a large black spot Body more pubescent and the clypeus more densely pilose than in S proximus The 3rd segment with a small yellow spot in the middle Antennæ black, paler beneath, scape beneath yellow Length 7-8 mm

Hab Andamans, Malacca, Java

Stizus semperi, Handlirsch—Closely allied to and resembling the preceding species. Form very slight, black, moderately shining blue, sparsely and finely pilose, and more minutely punctured than in S pusillus. Clypeus, except a large black spot in the middle, the inner orbits, the margin of the pronotum, the tegulæ, lateral spots on the scutellum, a fascia on the metanotum, the non-incised angles of the median segment, and complete fasciæ on the 1st—4th abdominal segments yellow. Wings hyaline, antennæ black, yellow beneath, legs black, variegated with yellow. Length 9 mm

Hab Oriental region

*514 Stizus melanoxanthus

Larra melanovantha, Smith, Cat iv, p 346, & Stizus melanovantha, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 244
Stizus melanovanthus, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, Ci, 1892, p 171

"¿ Length 13 millim—Yellow, the flagellum fulvous, the vertex black, the apical joints of the antennæ fuscous above, the tips of the mandibles rufo-piceous. The mesothorax, the post-scutellum, and two oblique lines on the metatholax uniting at its apex black, the wings hyaline, the marginal cell occupied by a fuscous cloud. The extreme base of the abdomen black, the black colouring produced in the middle into an angular spot which extends down half the length of the segment, the apical margins of the 1st and three following segments black, an angular black spot in the middle of their base, the apical segment ferruginous

"Hab India (coll W W Saunders)"

Genus BEMBEX

Apis, pt, Linn Syst Nat ed 1, p 574 (1758) Bembyr, pt, Fabr Syst Ent p 361 (1775) Bembex, pt, Ohv Enc Méth 1v, p 288 (1789) Bembex, Latr Gen Crust et Ins 1v, p 97 (1809) Monedula, pt, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 492 (1845)

Type, B rostrata, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head broad, as broad as, but not broader than, the thorax, eyes large, ovate, nearly occupying the whole of the sides of the head, and reaching below to the base of the mandibles, their inner orbits generally closest in the middle, very slightly divergent above





and below, ocelli complete, generally round, but small and inconspicuous, antennæ filiform, in the male with the joints of the apical halt often abnormal, spined or excavate beneath, clypeus boldly convex, the anterior margin transverse, appearing emarginate owing to its convexity, mandibles nariow, oblique at apea, with three teeth, the inner two small, the inferior long and very

acute, labrum exserted, very long and convex, pointed, with the mandibles crossing in X-shape over or behind it Thorax broad, slightly vertically flattened, pronotum small, depressed beneath the level of the mesonotum, median segment short, roundly truncate posteriorly wings somewhat short, radial cell of fore wing long and narrow, three cubital cells, the 1st forming a long triangle, equal to or longer than the 2nd and 3rd united, 2nd and 3rd subequal in length, the latter narrower than the 2nd, which latter receives both the recurrent nervures Legs fairly stout, spinose, 1st roint of the anterior trisi always ciliated, ciliæ often of great length, intermediate femora in male generally dentate beneath, intermediate tibiæ with a long apical spine anteriorly and a short one posteriorly, claws simple Abdomen massive, broad, never petiolate, the 1st segment as broad as the 2nd and steep at base, the apical segment laterally often toothed or with a sinuate margin, the apex rounded, truncate or incised, one or more of the ventral segments, in a large majority of species, furnished with carine or tubercles, especially in the male General colour of the insects black or ferruginous, with sinuate lacteous or yellow bands on the abdomen

The habits of these insects are well known, they nest in sandy banks, some of the Indian species (e.g. B. fossorius) gregariously, digging their own tunnels and using their powerful clinted anterior legs, in the manner of a dog digging. The food furnished for the larvæ is always, so far as I know, various species of Diptera, and some of the Indian species certainly do not close their nests, but frequently supply their larvæ with fresh food

Key to the Species

- A Disc of the mesonotum with a U-shaped nıark a Colours terruginous and yellow B lunata, p 285B melancholica, p 286 b Colours black and lacteous yellow c Colours black and bright yellow Q d length over 17 mm a² Wings fuscescent B buddha, p 287 b2 Wings flavo-hyaline B sulphurescens, p 287 Q d length under 17 mm a2 Apical segment 2 3 marked with vellow B trepanda, p 288 b² Apical segment ♀ ♂ entirely black B orientalis, p 289 a3 Apical segment laterally sinuate b3 Apical segment laterally not sinu-B borrer, p 289 ate, straight B Disc of mesonotum without any u-shaped a Joints of anterior tarsi broadly dilated B latitarsus, p 289 b Joints of anterior taisi not dilated a' Colours black and lacteous yellow a² Lacteous yellow bands on the abdo-B pinguis, p 290 men very broad b2 Lacteous yellow bands on the abdo-B fossoria, p 290 men narrow Colours black and more or less bright yellow, not lacteous Abdomen sulphur-yellow with black markings B indica, p 291 Abdomen black with bright yellow markings as Band on 1st segment interrupted in the middle B hesione, p 291. b3 Bands on the three or more basal interrupted in segments middle Males only known a' Intermediate femora dentate beneath B taschenbergu, p 292 b4 Intermediate femora not dentate beneath B ovans, p 292 The basal two segments without bands, with only lateral spots B westonn, p 293 515 Bembex lunata (Pl II, fig 4)
- 515 Bembex lunata (Pl II, fig 4)
 Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 249. Smith, Cat 1v, p 328, Cam Mem
 Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 247, Handl Sitzungsb
 Akad Wiss Wien, C11, 1893, p 777
- Q Clypeus smooth and impunctate, convex, widely emarginate anteriorly, front, vertex of the head, thorax, and abdomen closely and finely punctured, thinly pubescent, the pubescence longish on the front, occiput, and sides of the median segment, inner orbits parallel, vertex slightly concavely depressed Ferruginous, the labrum, mandibles except at base, clypeus, scape and basal joint of the flagellum of the antenne, the inner orbits narrowly up to

286 SPHEGIDE.

the vertex, the outer orbits broadly but not reaching the vertex, the pronotum, a curved broad line on the median segment, the legs, irregular marks on the pro-, meso-, metapleuræ, and posterior angles of the median segment, an elongate patch on each side of the basal three abdominal segments, a broad subapical band on the following two, and a largish spot on the apical segment (sometimes wanting), yellow, the pronotum, coxæ, and femora of the legs have some obscure ferruginous marks, and the 4th and 5th abdominal segments a ferruginous spot on each side on the yellow, the vertex of the head, the front to the base of the antennæ, the occiput, pectus, sides of the thoiax and of the mesonotum, a medial broad line on the last not reaching its posterior margin, the greater part of the median segment, and the bases of the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen (normally not seen) black, wings flavohyaline, nervures and tegulæ yellow

of similar, the 7th abdominal segment ferruginous, with a yellow

medial spot, the sides dentate

Hab Tranquebar, Tirhoot, Calcutta, Bombay Q Length 23-25, exp 36-45 mm & Length 18-24, exp 40-45 mm

516 Bembex melancholica, Smith, Cat iv, p 328, Q J, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 247, Handl Sitzungsb Alad Wiss Wien, cii, 1893, p 783, pl ii, fig 5, pl v, fig 17, pl vii, fig 5

Clypeus and front smooth, the vertex of the head finely punctured, thorax and abdomen more closely punctured than the head, the head above the occuput, thorax, and abdomen pubescent. the pubescence erect, soft, and rather long on the head and on the sides and apex of the median segment, vertex of the head concavely depressed, with a deep groove on each side of the ocellar area, antennæ with the 8th-10th joints spinous below, the 11th and 12th excavate, the 13th truncate at apex, the intermediate femora broad, with a rounded incision close to the apex on the underside, basal ventral segment of abdomen with a prominent tubercle, apical segment dentate laterally, the apex incised Black, the pubescence fuscous on the head above and occiput, whitish on the median segment, the labrum, base of the mandibles, clypeus, sides of the face and front to a little above the base of the antennæ, the scape, the pronotum, a LI-shaped mark and a line above the tegulæ on the mesonotum, a curved band on the scutellum, another on the postscutellum, a triangular mark at the base and the posterior lateral angles and sides of the median segment, the pleuræ, and broad transverse bands, with their posterior borders emarginate in the middle and crenulate, on abdominal segments 1-6, with a triangular spot on the 7th segment, lacteous or livid yellow, the clypeus with two divergent rectangular spots at base, the middle of the pronotum, a few marks on the pleuræ, and an elongate oblique spot on each side above on the yellow bands of the 2nd-6th abdominal segments, black, legs lacteous vellow, variegated with black, wings clear hyaline, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

287

I have not been able to procure a Q, but, according to Smith, the sexes are identical, with of course the exception of the antennæ, femora, and 1st ventral segment; these in the Q would be simple (without spines, teeth, &c)

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Sumatra, and the Indo-Malayan region generally. Q. Length 17-23 mm. 3. Length 18-22, exp

33-41 mm

*517 Bembex buddha, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, cii, 1893, p 782

"Antennæ (d) incrassate, 8-11 joints spined below, 11-12 distinctly excavated below | Femora (d) dentate on the apical Wings distinctly fuscescent, nervures half below. . 9 6th abdominal segment above without a medial area d apex of 7th segment rounded, not angulate laterally, a medial small carina towards the apex of the 2nd ventral segment, a small tubercle on the 6th, and three strongly convergent carna on the Thorax punctured and pubescent Black, the 7th segment orbits of the eyes, the front below, the labrum, the clypeus, with the exception often of two spots, the prothorax, the tubercles, four broad lines on the mesonotum, a fascia on the scutellum and or the metanotum, nearly the whole of the median segment, the greater part of the sides of the thorax, a broad fascia on the 1st abdominal segment, the 2nd segment, excepting the posterior margin and two spots on the disc, broad fasciæ, anteriorly bisinuate, on the following segments, the apex of the apical segment $(\mathcal{S} \& \mathcal{Q})$, and a spot on all the ventral segments yellow black, scape anteriorly yellow, legs yellow, lined towards the base with black"

Hab Barrackpore, Thrhoot, and Madras Length 21-23 mm 'Unknown to me Apparently originally in coll Rothney.

- 518 Bembex sulphurescens, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, pp 180, 491, 3, Smith, Cat 1v, p 328, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 247
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, the pubescence longish, soft, and erect on the vertex and back of the head and on the sides and apex of the median segment, the head smooth, finely and rather closely punctured behind the ocelli, thorax and abdomen with rather close but shallow fine punctures studded with recumbent hairs, vertex concavely depressed, the lateral furrows wide and shallow, ocellar area only slightly raised, eyes very little divergent beneath. Black, the labrum, base of the mandibles clypeus, sides of the face as high nearly as the vertex, a doll-shaped mark on the front, the scape of the antennæ, the outer orbits up to the vertex, the pronotum, a Li-shaped mark on the disc, and the lateral margins of the mesonotum broadly, a broad curved line on the scutellum, another on the postscutellum, a third widest in the middle on the median segment, the posterior

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lateral angles and sides of the last, the pro- and mesopleuræ, and broad transverse bands on the 1st-5th abdominal segments above sulphur-yellow, the band on the basal segment with four deep rounded emarginations anteriorly, and the bands on all the segments bisinuate posteriorly, two small spots on the clypeus, the middle of the pronotum anteriorly, some irregular marks on the sides of the thorax, and lateral spots on the bands of the 2nd-5th abdominal segments black, legs variegated yellow and black, wings slightly flavo-hyaline, nervures brownish, tegulæ yellow

of similar, the 8th-10th joints of the antennæ spinose, and the 11th and 12th excavated beneath, the apical half of the intermediate femora serrate or dentate posteriorly, the apical segment of the abdomen with the lateral margins waved, scarcely dentate (in the 2 these are straight), the 6th abdominal segment with a trans-

verse yellow band

Hab Distributed pretty well throughout India and Burma, but not, so far as I know, yet procured in Western India Q Length 18-20, exp 31-34 mm & Length 18-19, exp 32-36 mm

519. Bembex trepanda. Dahlb Hym Eur 1, pp 181, 490, Smith, Cat 1v, p 328, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 247, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, cil, 1893, p 736

Head and thorax very finely and closely punctured, pubescent. abdomen shining, the surface very finely aciculate the eyes slightly but distinctly divergent below, the apical segment of the abdomen triangular, punctured, the sides sinuated, the apex rounded. with a very slight short medial carina Black, the labrum, the anterior margin broadly of the clypeus, a line behind the eyes, the pronotum, a U-shaped mark on the mesonotum, a line over the tegulæ, a curved line on the scutellum, another shorter one on the postscutellum, a third broader one, produced triangularly back in the middle on the median segment, the posterior lateral angles of the same, and more or less broad transverse bands on the basal four segments of the abdomen, with an oval spot on the sides of the 5th segment, bright yellow, these transverse bands on the abdomen vary in different specimens in width, and in the manner in which their margins are festioned or intruded on by the black ground-colour, but the band on the 2nd segment has always, on the 3rd sometimes, a black obliquely placed spot on each side, legs yellow, variegated with black, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of In the two specimens I have seen the 6th-8th joints of the antennæ are spinose beneath, the 10th-12th joints excavate, and the apical joint curved, the intermediate femora dentate posteriorly, the dorsal plate of the apical segment emarginate at apex, and the clypeus and face to the posterior occllus yellow. Otherwise the

two sexes are similar

Hab Barrackpore; Bombay, Gilgit; Ceylon, extending into the Malayan region Q Length 14-17, exp 24-28 mm 3 Length 14-16, exp 24-28 mm

289

- *520. Bembex orientalis, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, cii, 189 p 737, Q J, pl i, fig 18, pl v, fig 19, pl vi, fig 16
- Q & Closely allied to and resembling B trepanda, Dahlb The male differs in having only the 8th joint of the antenum produced beneath, and the intermediate femora more serrate, and both seves in having the eyes less divergent below

Hub Bengal, the Himalayas, Tenasserim 2'd Length

12-15 mm

- 521 Bembex borrei, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, cii, 1893, p 866, Q 3
- Thorax densely and very finely punctured, the punctures very shallow, head, thorax, and the base of the abdomen covered with a close short erect pubescence, clypeus convex, prominent, the face between the antennæ with a short carina, the antennæ rather long, with in the of the 8th and 9th joints of the flagellum spinose beneath, the 10th-12th excavate, and the apical joint rounded and curved, thorax somewhat elongate, the basal joint of the anterior tarsi ciliated with six spines on the outside, the intermediate femora serrate beneath in the d, abdomen short, the aper conical in the 2 the 6th segment convex, the apex rounded, the sides not sinuate Black, the apex and sides of the clypeus, the labrum and base of the mandibles, a line on the scape of the antennæ, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a LI-shaped mark on the disc of the mesonotum, a transverse stripe on the scutellum, another on the postscutellum, two on the median segment, lateral spots on the pro-, meso-, and metapleure, and very broad transverse bands on segments 1-4 of the abdomen in the 2 and on all the segments in the o, yellow, the band on the 1st segment deeply bisinuate anteriorly, those on the 3rd and 4th with an enclosed black lateral spot, the 5th and 6th segments in the 2 with a yellow lateral spot, legs yellow, the coxe and base of the femora black, the pubescence on the head and thoran griseous, in fresh specimens silvery on the clypeus, wings light fuscohvaline, darker in the 👩 than in the 🔉

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, extending to Java.

\$ d Length 12-16, eap 27-30 mm

- 522 Bembex latitarsus, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, cii, 1893, p 707
- Q & Eyes with their inner orbits distinctly divergent towards the clypeus. Front somewhat narrow, carmated below. In the & the 8th-10th joints of the antennæ spined posteriorly, the 11th joint beneath slightly excavated and dilated, the apical two joints somewhat long. The anterior tarsi (Q &) distinctly slender, intermediate joint a little prominent. In the & the intermediate temora with short teeth on the underside, the apical tibual spine short, barely prominent, metatarsus long and a little dilated. In the & the apical segment above widely triangular, the 2nd ventral

segment tuberculate Black, head and thorax covered with griseous pubescence, the larrum, clypeus, the front below, the interior orbits widely, the exterior narrowly, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot on the sides of the prothorax, mesothorax, and median segment, uninterrupted bisinuate fasciæ on abdominal segments 1–5 above, a cordiform spot on the apical segment, and rather large spots in the middle of the ventral segments pale yellow, legs variegated yellow and black, antennæ black, palish below

 σ has only the labrum yellow, the fascia on the 1st abdominal segment wanting, those on segments 2-4 narrow and interrupted in the middle, and only the scape of the antennæ pale beneath, wings (Q σ) hvaline, barely fuscescent

Hab Himalayas (Handlirsch), Missooree Gilgit 2 Length

17-19, evp 33 mm & Length 15, evp 30 mm

523. Bembex pinguis, Handl Sitzungsb Alad Wiss Wien, cn, 1898, p 784, pl vin, fig 4

Q ♂ Closely allied to and resembling Bember melancholica, Smith, Q ♂ differ in wanting the testaceous yellow □-shaped mark on the mesonotum, ♂ differs further in having the underside of the intermediate femora dentate, and in the 2nd ventral segment bearing a sharp, though small tubercle in the middle

Hab Calcutta, Assam, Tenasserim, Java 23 Length

20-23, erp 36-38 mm

524 Bembex fossoria, Smith, Jour Asiat Soc Beng Alii, pt 2, 1878, p 168, Q, Bingh Jour Bomb Nat Hist Soc v, 1890, p 243, Q, Handl Sitzungsb Alad Wiss Wien, cii, 1893, p 895

Q Clypeus and front smooth, vertex of the head, thorax, and abdomen punctured, thinly pubescent, the punctures very fine, not dense, and rather shallow, closer on the abdomen than on the thorax, clypeus strongly convex, its anterior margin transverse,



Fig 82—Bembex forona, Q 4

depressed at base on both sides of a medial carina running up between the bases of the antennæ, vertex concavely depressed, the ocellar region crossed with a deep groove on each side, occiput slightly emarginate, nearly transverse, antennæ smooth and shining, mesonotum anteriorly with a broad longitudinal depression, and a short carina along the bottom Black, the labrum, base of the mandibles, clypeus, scape of the antennæ, the front to a little above the base of the latter, cheeks, posterior margin of the

pronotum, tubercles, a line over the tegulæ, a parenthesis-shaped mark on each side of the scutellum and along the posterior margin, a crescentic mark on the postscutellum, a similar mark on the median segment, a large irregular mark on its side, a spot on the mesopleuræ above, the greater part of the propleuræ, the legs, and

291

abdominal segments 1-5 above with broad submarginal bisinuate bands, lacteous yellow or white, two spots at the base of the clypeus, the coxe, femora, and tibize of the anterior and intermediate legs posteriorly, and the coxe, femoia, tibiæ, and tarsi of the posterior legs both anteriorly and posteriorly, variegated with black, wings hyaline, nervures brownish yellow, tegulæ black

& similar, but with 9th-11th joints of the antennæ flattened and carmated on the inside, the apical two segments black both sexes the 1st ventral segment is strongly, 2-6 faintly longitudinally carmate, the 2nd vential segment with a small depression

on each side of the medial line

2 & Length 18-20, erp 36-40 mm Hab Burma, Tenasserim

525. Bembex indica

P Bemby v glauca, Fabr Mant Ins 1, p 285

P Vespa glauca, Gm Syst Nat ed xii, p 2769.
P Bember glauca, Fabr Ent Syst n, p 249
Bember indica, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, cii, 1893, p 771, pl 1, fig 33, pl vi, fig 33, Q 3

Clypeus and front of the face smooth, vertex of the head, thorax, and abdomen with fine close but shallow punctures and pubescent, the clypeus strongly convex, its anterior margin nearly transverse, vertex concavely depressed ocellar region slightly Pale sulphur-jellow, two diagonal spots above the base of the antenne, the vertex of the head, the mesonotum, the base of the scutellum, also of the postscutellum and of the median segment, a spot on each side and one on the apex of the last joined by a narrow line, a diagonal spot on each side of abdominal segments 1-5 in the middle above, a pear-shaped spot in the middle of the 2nd ventral segment, and the spots on the following segments black, the mesonotum with two broad lateral lines and an apical transverse line joining them yellow, legs yellow, wings hyaline, nervures testaceous, tegulæ vellow

d similar, with the 7th and 8th joints of the antennæ slightly produced below, the apical segment black with a lateral yellow

mark

Hab Barrackpore, Sikhim, North-West Provinces, Bombay, Ceylon, extending into the Malayan region 2 & Length 17-19, eap 32-35 mm

I have described the common type of this species, varieties have more or less the black markings wider and more distinct

526 Bembex hesione, Bingh Jour Bomb Nat Hist Soc viii, p 381

Clypeus and front smooth, with a few scattered punctures, head above pubescent, the pubescence soft and long, vertex with a deep furrow on each side of the ocellar region, which is raised, thoiax and abdomen very minutely and closely punctured, with a short very fine recumbent hair springing from each puncture, abdomen with the 1st ventral segment tuberculate in the middle, the apical segment rounded posteriorly. Black, the labrum, base of the mandibles, clypeus, sides of the face to a little above the base of the antennæ, a doll-shaped mark in the middle of the front, the scape of the antennæ, the cheeks, pronotum, sides of the thorax, a spot on the tegulæ in front, a spot behind them, a curved broad line on the scutellum, another on the postscutellum, one still broader in the middle and narrowly divided by a median black line on the median segment, the sides and posterior lateral angles of the same, an elongate triangular mark on each side of the 1st segment, and broad posteriorly biarcuate bands at the bases of segments 2–5, yellow or lacteous yellow, two spots at the base of the clypeus, a slight clavate spot on the front above it, the pronotum broadly in the middle, a spot on each tubercle, and an elongate oblique spot on each side above on the yellow abdominal bands black, the legs variegated yellow and black, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

& similar, but with the abdominal bands generally broader, the 7th-10th joints of the antennæ very slightly spinose, and the 11th and 12th excavated beneath, the intermediate femora dentate at apex, lateral margins of the apical abdominal segment waved, scarcely toothed, beneath carinate

Hab Tenasserim, Sumatra, Borneo Q Length 22-24, exp 35-37 mm 3 Length 19-20, exp 36 mm

*527 Bembex taschenbergu, Handl Sitzungsb Akad Wiss Wien, cii, 1883, p 776

"Head and antennæ nearly as in the European B bidentata, Van der Lind, the wings distinctly fuscescent, nervures fuscous

The anterior tarsi of normal form, the metatarsal clia composed of seven spines. The intermediate femora towards the apex furnished with several distinct teeth. Abdomen as in B bidentata, the 2nd and 6th ventral segments simple, the 7th segment with the lateral spines distinct.

'Thorax above very finely and sparsely punctured, and covered

with greyish pubescence

"Black, the orbits of the eyes, clypeus, labrum, the greater portion of the pronotum, the tubercles, the sides of the mesonotum, fasciæ (often obsolete) on the scutellum, metanotum, and median segment, a large spot on the sides of the thorax and of the median segment, bisinuate fasciæ, often interrupted in the middle, on abdominal segments 1-5 above, a spot (often obsolete) on the 6th segment, and lateral spots on the ventral segments yellow. The apex of the abdomen, and sometimes part of the ventral segments, ferruginous Antennæ black, scape pale, legs yellow, variegated with black towards their base

"Hab India, Tenasserim of Length 17-20 mm"

- 528 Bembex ovans, Bungh Jour Bomb Nat Hist Soc viii, p 384,
 - 2 d. Closely allied to and resembling B fossoria, Smith, but

the male has the antennæ cylindrical throughout, the 9th-11th joints not being flattened nor carrinte on the inner side, both seves are slighter and longer, the markings are brighter yellow, not lacteous, and the transverse bands on the basal three abdominal segments are more or less broadly interrupted in the middle

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 22, erp 34 mm & Length 21,

erp 36 mm

- 529 Bembex westonn, Bungh Jour Bomb Nat Hist Soc vin, p 380, Q, pl 1, fig 1
- 2 Clypeus and front smooth, vertex of the head, thorax, and abdomen extremely minutely and closely punctured and pubescent, the pubescence longish on the occiput, vertex of the head, and sides of the median segment, clypeus lunate, conver, widely emarginate anteriorly, depressed at base on either side of a medial raised ridge, which is continued up the front to a little above the base of the antennæ, inner orbits parallel, vertex of the head subconcave, ocellar area raised, with a deep groove on each side, occiput transverse, median segment with a broadly triangular space at base enclosed by lateral convergent grooves, the posterior lateral angles slightly produced and flattened Black, mandibles at base, clypeus, a doll-shaped mirk above it, the inner and outer orbits widely interiupted at the vertex, the scape of the antennæ, pronotum, the tubercles, posterior lateral angles of the median segment, the greater part of the meso- and metapleura, the legs, an irregular elongate mark on each side of the basal three abdominal segments, and a broad biarcuate transverse band on the 4th and 5th above yellow, a spot on each side of the medial line of the clypeus at base, the middle of the pronotum, a spot on the tubercle, the greater part of the cover, a stripe posteriorly and auteriorly on each of the femora, and on the posterior tibiæ above, black, anterior tarsi slightly ferruginous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

of similar, a black spot above the clypeus between the bases of the antennæ, the yellow band on the 4th segment narrowly interrupted in the middle, and a yellow spot on each side of the 6th segment of the abdomen

Hab Tenasserin Q Length 22, erp 39 mm & Length

23, eap 40 mm

Genus PHILANTHUS

Philanthus, pt, Fabi Ent Syst 11, p 288 (1793) Simblephilus, Junne, Hym p 185 (1807) Philanthus, Shuch Indigen Foss Hym p 245 (1837)

Type, P coronatus, Fabr Range Both hemispheres Head large, wider than the thorax, subglobose, eyes emarginate or subemarginate within, in some Oriental species barely so, ocelli



Fig 83
Philanthus avidus,

\$\Pi = \frac{1}{4}\$

in a triangle forward on the vertex, antennæ inserted high up about the middle of the face and wide apart from each other; clypeus broad, with a lobe on each side, mandibles acute, the labrum concealed, thorax ovate, pronotum transverse, median segment obtusely rounded, sometimes steep posteriorly, legs stout, spinose, anterior tarsi (2) strongly ciliated wings of moderate length, fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, radial cell narrow, elongate, and acuminate at apex, the 1st cubital cell

measured on the cubital nervure about twice the width of the 2nd, the 2nd cubital cell narrowed at top, below receiving the 1st recurrent nervure in or a little past the middle, the 3rd cubital cell half the width at top that it is below, receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure near its base, abdomen with the 1st segment normal, or narrowed and subpeticlate at base

Key to the Species

A First segment of the abdomen not narrowed at base into a petiole

 Apical margins of abdominal segments 2-5 broadly depressed and finely transversely structures.

5 Apical margins of the abdominal segments not depressed

a' Clypeus with its anterior margin bi-

sinuate

a² Abdomen for the greater part fer-

ruginous red wings flavo-hyaline b2 Basal segment of abdomen only ferruginous red, wings fuscous

b' Clypeus arched anteriorly

a² Abdomen with transverse yellowishwhite lines on the apical margins of segments 2-4

a⁸ Median segment rounded, with a narrow medial longitudinal furrow

b⁸ Median segment truncate posteriorly, with a broad medial longitudinal furrow

b². Abdomen with large lateral spots on the basal 4 segments

c² Abdomen with the apical margins of the basal 3 segments ferruginous

B First segment of the abdomen narrowed at base into a petiole

a Clypeus carnate down the middle, head and thorax finely punctured Length Q 11-12 mm.

P nigriceps, p 295

P depredator, p 295

P basalis, p 296

P ordinarius, p 296

P avidus, p 297

P elegans, p 297

P sulphureus, p 298

P concinnus, p 298

b Clypeus not carmate, head and thorax antenorly coarsely punctured Length 98 mm

P pulcherrimus, p 299

530 Philanthus nigriceps, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 441

Head finely and closely punctured, thorax smooth and shining, the mesonotum, scutellium, and postscutellium with a few distant punctures, the median segment smooth and impunctate at base and down a medial line to the aper, the apex on each side closely punctured and pubescent, the legs punctured and covered with a thin pubescence, abdomen shining, with the bases of segments 2-5 broadly depressed, the depressed parts forming transverse bands very finely transversely striate, the basal segment, the apical margins of the 2nd-5th and the 6th and 7th segments entirely finely and distantly punctured, the anal segment slightly pubescent above and below A remarkable feature is the clypeus. which is porrect and broadly emarginate in the middle anteriorly. Head and thorax black, abdomen dark chestnut-red, the mandible, except at apex, the clypeus, two spots above it, the inner orbits broadly below diminishing in width upwards, two large spots behind the eyes, a line on the pronotum, a spot before the tegulæ, a line on the postscutellum anteriorly, large triangular subapical spots on abdominal segments 1-4, and an irregular line interrupted in the middle on the 5th segment above yellow, legs rufo-piceous, the anterior femora, tibiæ, and tarsi, and the femora at apex, the tibiæ, and tarsi of the posterior legs with a deep fulvous tinge. wings fusco-hyaline and iridescent, the nervures and tegulæ testaceous, pubescence fulvous

Hab North-West Provinces & Length 13, evp 24 mm

531 Philanthus depredator, Smith, Cat iv p 470, 5, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 248

Head, mesonotum, the pleure, and the basal abdominal segment very closely and somewhat finely punctured, the pronotum, scutellum, postscutellum, median segment, and the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen with a few fine scattered punctures, clypeus broad, anterior and posterior margins deeply bisinuate, the surface very finely and minutely aciculate, median segment shiring, a very short and rather deep, medial, longitudinal furrow at base having a fine carina along the bottom and the space between the carma and the sides of the furrow with a single row of punctures Ferruginous red, the base of the mandibles, the clypeus, a crescentic mark above it, an oval spot above that on the front, the sides of the face to the sinus of the eves, the scape in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tegulæ, a line on the anterior femora and on the intermediate tibiæ beneath, a large spot on each side of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments at base above, a crescentic mark on each

296 SPHEGIDÆ

side near the apex on the 2nd ventral segment, and two triangular lateral spots on the 3rd ventral segment yellow, wings flavohyaline, slightly infuscated at apex, nervures terruginous

d similar, but with the scutellum, postscutellum, and a spot

on each side on the median segment yellow

Var — Q & With the yellow markings more developed, the apical four abdominal segments fusco-ferruginous

Hab Barrackpore, North-West Provinces Q & Length 13-15, exp 23-27 mm

532 Philanthus basalis, Smith, Cat iv, p 473, \$\varphi\$, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 248

Head, thorax (pronotum excepted), and basal segment of abdomen closely and not very coarsely punctured, the pronotum finely transversely structe anteriorly, posteriorly smooth, 2nd and following segments of abdoinen smooth, opaque, clypeus broad, its anterior maigin waved and tringed with stiff hairs, median segment truncate posteriorly, with a fovea at its apex above, pygidial area lightly and finely punctured Black, the clypeus, the sides of the face anteriorly, a spot above the base of each antenna, a short vertical line below the anterior ocellus, a broad line on the cheeks, a very narrow one on the pronotum posteriorly, the postscutellum, a large oval spot on the apical margin of the 1st abdominal segment, a narrow medially-interrupted line on the apical margins of segments 2-4, and two minute spots on the apical margin of the 5th yellowish white, base of the 1st segment red, legs rufo-tuscous, the anterior and intermediate tibic with a stripe of yellow on the outside, wings light fusco-hyaline, the aper of the fore wing slightly more fuscescent, nervures and tegulæ dark tusco-testaceous

Hub Ceylon (Smith) Q Length 12, erp 24 mm & unknown Type in coll British Museum

533 Philanthus ordinarius, Bingh Jow Linn Soc 1896, p 441

Q Head and thorax very finely and closely punctured, abdomen smooth, opaque, head shglitly broader than the thorax, flattened in front, mesonorum convex, smooth and shining in the middle, scutellum large, prominent, impunctate in the middle, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a narrow medial longitudinal furrow, the apex and sides pubescent, legs with the tibia and taisi, especially of the posterior pair, strongly spinose, abdomen broad, about as long as the head and thorax united, the dorsal plate of the anal segment incised at apex. Black, the mandibles, except at the apex, the clypeus, a crescentic spot above it, the inner orbits as high as the emargination of the eves, a line along the outer orbits not reaching the vertex, a line on the pronotum, the tegulæ, a line on the posterior margin of the post-scutellum, two small spots, one on each side, on the median segment, the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the anterior legs, the apex

of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi of the intermediate and posterior legs above, and an irregularly waved subapical line dorsally and ventrally on segments 2-4 of the abdomen pale yellowish white, the base of the 1st segment broadly, and of the 2nd narrowly red, wings hvaline, nervires sorded yellow

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 12, exp 22 mm Type in coll

British Museum

534 Philanthus avidus, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 440

Head very closely and finely, thorax and the posterior margin of the basal abdominal segment more sparsely and coarsely punctured, the base of the 1st, the whole of the 2nd and tollowing segments smooth, head about the width of the thorax, niesonotum strongly convex, median segment short, apex with a steep slope nearly truncate, a medial longitudinal broad but shallow turrow from base to aper of the segment, sides and apex with a thin soft pubescence, the tibiæ and tarsi spinose, posterior margin of the basal abdominal segment constricted, apical segment slightly Black, the mandibles, except at apex, the clypeus, a invon-shaped spot above it, a spot on each side of the face above the base of the antennæ, the scape in front the inner margin of the eyes, a line behind them, a line on the front of the pronotum, the tegulæ, the postscutellum, the tibiæ and tarsi of the legs above. a subapical spot on each side of the basal abdominal segment, and narrow subapical bands on the dorsal and ventral sides of segments 2-5 yellowish white, basal segment, except for a narrow black subapical border above, deep red, wings hyaline, faintly fuscous, and in certain lights iridescent

Hab Tenasseiim Q Length 10, exp 16 mm

535 Philanthus elegans, Smith, A M N H (4) x11, 1873, p 415, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 248

Vertex of the head, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and abdomen coarsely and somewhat sparingly punctured, the abdomen more closely than the other parts, clypeus, front to a little above the base of the antennæ, pronotum, and median segment smooth, the punctures below the ocellu much finer and closer, clypeus strongly arched anteriorly, slightly convex, median segment short, shining, slightly compressed laterally, with a broad oval foven at the apex above, the apex steep, almost truncate, variegated with white, black, and ferruginous, the base of the mandibles, the clypeus, the sides of the face to the emargination of the eyes, the scape, and the basal two joints of the flagellum of the antennæ in front, a kite-shaped mark beneath the anterior ocellus, a curved line on the occiput, the cheeks and back of the head, the pronotum, two medial longitudinal lines on the disc of the mesonotum, two broader stripes in front of the tegulæ, the tegulæ, a spot behind them, the scutellum, postscutellum, sides of the median segment broadly, pro- and mesopleuræ, legs, and large lateral spots on the basal four segments, with the whole of the 6th segment of the abdomen yellowish white, the head above, a spot on the pronotum in front, the mesonotum, and the base and middle of the slope of the median segment black, the legs variegated with pale reddish, and the abdomen except the markings as above ferruginous, somewhat fuscous on the apical half above, wings hyaline, nervures ferruginous

Hab Northern India (Smith). Q Length 10, eap 19 mm

536 Philanthus sulphureus, Smith, Cat 1v, p 469, 5. Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 248

Head above the emargination of the eyes, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, median segment on the sides and at apex, and the abdomen punctured, the punctures finer and closer on the head, coarser on the abdomen, clypeus and front of the face, the cheeks partially, the pronotum, the base of the median segment above, and the legs smooth and shining, anterior margin of clypeus arched and fringed with long stiff hairs, median segment with a fovea at base above, the apex truncate with a medial vertically-impressed line yellow, the clypeus and front beneath and around the base of the antennæ, and the base of the mandibles white, a line round the upper part of the eyes, joined by a curved line over the posterior ocelli, and another on the occiput, the anterior, lateral, and apical maigins of the mesonotum, a medial longitudinal black line over its disc, and a mark produced angularly back in the middle at the base of the median segment black, the apical eight joints of the antennæ, the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-3and basal margin of the 4th obscurely ferruginous, legs yellow, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ yellow

Hab Northern India (Smith) & Length 9, err 17 mm

2 unknown Type in coll British Museum

537 Philanthus concinnus, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 442

A Head and thorax finely and closely punctured, abdomen smooth but not shining, head somewhat broader than the thorax,



Fig 84
Philanthus concurre, 2 4

obscurely subpubescent, clypeus carnate in the middle anteriorly, the apex projecting, mesonotum broad, convex, median segment rounded, with a somewhat steep slope posteriorly, and bearing a medial longitudinal fine furrow, legs stout, the tibie and tarsi of the intermediate and posterior legs thickly spinose, abdomen as long as the head and thorax united, the petiole constricted at apex, anal segment rounded at apex Black, the base of the mandibles, the clypens, a crescentic mark above it, the inner orbits, up to

the emargination of the eyes, a spot on the scape in front, a narrow line sloping obliquely back behind the eyes, an abbreviated

line, broadly interrupted in the middle, on the pronotum, a spot on the tegulæ in front, two minute obliquely placed spots in the middle of the postscutellum, an irregularly waved subapical line on the dorsal and ventral sides of abdominal segments 2—4, and a transverse spot at the apex of the 5th segment yellow, the line on the 2nd segment is narrowly interrupted in the middle, and the base of the same segment is red, legs variegated with yellow; wings light fusco-hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous. The fine rather thin pubescence on the head and on the sides of the median segment white

Var The yellow markings on the postscutellum and on the

abdomen entirely or nearly obsolete

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 11-12, eap 22-24 mm & un-known Type in coll British Museum

538 Philanthus pulcherrimus, Smith, Cat iv, p 469, Q &, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 248

Head above the base of the antennæ, the mesonotum, mesopleuræ, and abdomen rather coarsely punctured, the punctures dense on the head, more distantly placed on the mesonotum, the pleuræ, and abdomen, becoming very sparse on the apical segments of the last, clypeus, the sides of the face as high as the base of the antennæ, the prothorax, the scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment smooth and shining, anterior margin of the clypeus widely triangular, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a deep broad fovea at apex above Black, the face below the antennæ, the clypeus, base of the mandibles, scape and basal three joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, a coronet-shaped spot on the front, a line on the cheeks, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot at the base of the mesopleuræ, the scutellum, postscutellum, two large, oval, lateral spots on the 2nd abdominal segment, and a broad transverse band on the apical margin of the 4th segment yellowish white, a narrow line on the apical margin of the 5th and the 6th segments testaceous, the basal segment bright ferruginous, legs yellowish white, the coxe, trochanters, and femora stained with dusky red, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ yellow

d similar, but the 5th and following abdominal segments black Hab India (Smith) Q Length 8, exp 14 mm d Length 6,

exp 11 mm Type in coll British Museum

Genus CERCERIS

Crabro, pt , Oliv Encycl Méthod v1, p 509 (1791) Philanthus, pt , Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 288 (1793) Cercens, Latr Hist Nat Ins x111, p 315 (1805)

Type, C arenaria, Linn Range Both hemispheres. Head as wide as the thorax or wider, broader than long, subquadrate in some species, seen from above, ocelli in a triangle on the vertex, eyes ovate, not teniform, antennæ very slightly

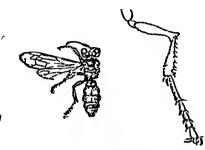


Fig 85 — Cerceris vigilans, Q

clavate, inserted about the middle of the face or a little higher, mandibles stout, simple, unidentate or bidentate, thorax ovate, pronotum transverse, median segment roundly truncate, always with a larger or smuller triangular or condate space at the base enclosed by convergent increws, legs stout, and in both seves strongly spinose, more spinose in the 2 than in the 3, anterior taiss chated, intermediate tible with one apical spur,

posterior tibiæ with two Wings long, ample, fore wing with one radial and three cubital cells, the radial cell oblong, the 1st cubital cell longer than the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd triangular, petiolite, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure about the middle, the 3rd cubital cell receives the 2nd recurrent nervure near its base. Abdoinen oblong, subpetiolate, the petiole formed by the narrowing of the 1st segment, which is sometimes subglobular, the apical margins of the basal five (2), or basal six (3) segments strongly constricted, pygidial area with three planes bordered by carme, the three planes always more or less rugose

The fossonal wasps of this genus are predatory on beetles, the Indian species I have had an opportunity of observing always stole Chrysomelidæ in their nests C elizabethæ I found carrying Downesia biettinghami to her nest. The nests that I have seen have always been dug in level ground, never on a bank-side, and the

tunnels leading to them were from 6 to 12 inches deep

Key to the Species

A Enclosed, triangular, or cordate space at base of median segment smooth
 a Abdomen with the basal segment red
 a' Clypeus transverse anteriorly
 a² Clypeus transverse only in the middle at apex, not dentate

b² Clypeus transverse across the whole apical margin, dentate at the sides

b' Olypeus emarginate anteriorly a² Colouis reddish brown with a few black markings L Q 28-22 mm

b² Colours reddish brown with black and yellow markings L Ω 10– 12 mm

c' Clypeus arched anteriorly
 a- Mesosternum laterally dentate, clypeus not dentate

C olbopicta, p 301

C rothneys, p 302

C orientalis, p 302

C humber trana, p 303

C dentata, p 303

b ² Mesonotum not dentate, apical margin of clypeus with four teeth b Abdomen with the basil segment black, or black variegated with yellow, not red a' Clypeus trunsverse antenorly b' Clypeus arched anteriorly c Abdomen with the basal segment yellow, or yellow with very narrow black markings a' Clypeus porrect, its anterior margin transverse b' Clypeus not porrect, its anterior margin deeply incised B Enclosed triangular or cordate space at been of reading segment punctured	C tetradonta, p 304 C sulphurea P, p 305 C pictiventi is, p 305 C flavopicta, p 306 C wroughtoni, p 306
base of median segment punctured a Abaomen with the basal segment red	
a' Clypeus emarginate anteriorly	
a ² Apical margin of clypeus with two	O materials 1 m 307
teeth b^2 Apical margin of clypeus not dentate	C instabilis 5, p 307 C pulchra, p 308
b' Clypeus truncate anteriorly	C vishnu, p 308
c' Clypeus arched anteriorly	C vigilans, p 308
 Abdomen with the basal segment black, or black variegated with yellow 	•
a' Clypeus emarginate anteriorly	C tristis, p 309
b' Clypeus arched anteriorly	C sulphurea J, p 305
C Enclosed, triangular, or cordate space at base of median segment striate	
a Enclosed space longitudinally striate	
a' Head extraordinarily large, much	
broader than the thorax b' Head not extraordinarily large, not or	C ferox, p 309
little broader than the thorax	
a ² Median segment posteriorly red, the	
enclosed space black b^2 Median segment posteriorly red,	C mastogaster, p 310
marked with yellow, the enclosed	
space black	C instabilis Q, p 307
c ² Median segment black immaculate Length Q 10 mm	C ametacanta n 210
Length 2 15 mm	C unifasciata, p 310 C nebulosa, p 311
d^2 Median segment posteriorly black,	_
marked with yellow e ² Median segment posteriorly entirely	C hilaris, p 311
fulvous	C bifasciata, p 312
b Enclosed space obliquely striate	
a' Mesosternum laterally dentate b' Mesosternum not dentate	C elwabethæ, p 312 C pentadonta, p 312
c Enclosed space transversely striate	C kirbyi, p 313
-	

539 Cerceris albopicta, Smith, A M N H (4) xii, 1873, p 412, Schlett Zool Jahrb 1887, p 485, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 248

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and finely punctured; the clypeus broad, flat, transverse anteriorly in the middle, the sides oblique, antennal carina short, broadening below, the

302 SPREGIDÆ

enclosed space at the base of the median segment small, smooth, shining, a single row of punctures along its sides, a medial slight groove ending beyond the apex in a small depression, beyond which again the furrow is continued to the apex of the segment. abdomen longer than the head and thorax united clypeus and face below the base of the antennæ, the scape of the latter, the antennal carna, a spot behind the eyes (sometimes absent), the pronotum posteriorly, the tegulæ, a cuived medially interrupted line on the scutellum, a transverse line on the postscutellum, two spots, one above the other, on the mesopleuræ, a spot at the base (sometimes absent) and two apical lateral spots on the 2nd abdominal segment, and the whole 3rd and 5th segments above white, the white on the 3rd and 5th segments emarginate anteriorly, basal two segments of the abdomen 1ed, flagellum fulvous, legs white, the intermediate and posterior femora and tibiæ more or less stained with chestnut-red, wings hyaline, fuscescent at apex

Hab Bombay 2 Length 10-11, exp 19 mm

- 540 Cerceris rothneyi, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, pp 250 & 251
- Clypeus and front punctured the punctures very shallow, the clypeus anteriorly transverse, with a minute tooth at the base of the mandible on each side, head above and mesonotum closely and finely punctured, pronotum, scutellum, postscutellum, mediar segment, and abdomen finely but not so closely punctured, the triangular enclosed space at base of median segment smooth and shining, medially furrowed, the furrow continued to the apex of Variegated with black, yellow, and ferruginous, the segment the base of the mandibles, the clypeus and face in front, as high as halfway between the base of the antenue and the antenor ocellus, the scape the tegulæ, the middle of the scutellum and postscutellum, the base of the 2nd, the 3rd, and 5th segments of the abdomen above, yellow, the vertex of the head, the cheeks, and the 4th and 6th abdominal segments black, the rest of the thorax and abdomen ferruginous or chestnut-red, legs yellow, the femora above stamed with dark red, wings hyaline, the apex of the fore wing fuscous

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q. Length 10, exp 20 mm

Type in coll Rothney

- 541. Cerceris orientalis, Smith, Cat p 454, Չ ժ, Schlett Zool Jahrb 1887, p 498, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) ա, 1890, pp 250 & 265, pl x, fig 14
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen strongly but not very closely punctured, clypeus porrect the apex roundly emarginate, beneath with a fringe of long stiff hairs, the sides of the face and front, and the cheeks, pilose, the front from below the anterior occllus to the base of the clypeus with a wide well-marked carina, median segment with a small enclosed space at base smooth, divided by a

medial furrow which is continued down the truncated posterior face of the segment to the apex, the sides of the median segment with long soft pubescence—abdomen longer than the head and thorax united—Reddish brown, the region of the ocelli and transverse narrow bands at the base of abdominal segments 2–5 black, the pile on the face silvery, the pubescence on the median segment white, wings flavo-hyaline, apical margin of the fore and apex of hind wing fuscous

of similar, slightly smaller, with fuscous marks on the thorax Hab North-West Provinces, Barrackpore, Madras Q. Length

18-22, eap 36-44 mm

542 Cerceris humbertiana

? Philanthus interstructus, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 269

P Cerceris interstincta, Smith, Cat iv, p 452

Cerceris humbertiana, Sauss Novara-Reise, Hym p 97, Q, Schlett Zool Jahih 1887, p 494, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) ui, 1890, p 249

Gerceris emortualis, Sauss Novara-Reise, Hym p 98 Gerceris viscosus, Smith, Tr Ent Soc 1875, p 40, Q Gerceris rufinodis, Smith, Tr Ent Soc 1875, p 41, d

Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and not very finely punctured, lamina of clypeus porrect, the apex very slightly emarginate, antennal carina short, pyramidal in form, median segment with triangular enclosed space at base smooth and shining, a very short but deep longitudinal furrow at its apex, the furrow not continued to the apex of the segment abdomen somewhat longer than the head and thorax united Reddish brown, mandibles at base, clypeus, front to a little above the base of the antennæ, the scape of the latter, the antennal carina, a small spot above it, the cheeks, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot on the tegulæ, a spot on the mesopleuræ, another below it on the mesosternum, a small spot at the lateral angles of the scutellum, a line on the postscutellum, a broad elongate mark on the sides of the median segment, and large semicircular spots on the apical margins of abdominal segments 2-1, with the whole of the 5th segment above bright yellow, an elongate spot on the front above the clypeus reaching a little beyond the ocellus, and the bases narrowly of the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen black, wings byaline, the stigma and apex of fore wing fuscous

of similar in shape of the yellow markings, but black, with the basal segment red. In both sexes the legs are vellow, variegated with chestnut-red in the female, black in the male

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Ceylon Q Length 10-12, exp 19-22 mm 3 Length 9-10, exp 15-19 mm

- 543. Cerceris dentata, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, pp 248 & 260, pl x, fig 10
- Q Clypeus broad, depressed, smooth, arched anteriorly, the head above, thorax, and abdomen coarsely punctured, the meso-

304 SPHEGIDÆ

sternum laterally with two teeth, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment smooth and shining, with only one or two large punctures, medially divided by a fine furrow, which is continued to the apex of the segment Black, the base of the mandibles, clypeus, sides of the face broadly, not reaching the vertex, a small balloon-sh-ped mark above the base of the antennæ, a diagonal spot behind the eyes on each side of the vertex, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tegulæ, the tubercles, a spot round the lateral mesosternal teeth, two large spots on the scutellum, a line on the postscutellum, a large oval spot on each side posterioily of the median segment, two minute spots above on the basal, and transverse bands on the apical margins of the 2nd, 3rd, and 5th abdominal segments, yellow, the flagellum of the antennæ, femora and tibiæ of the legs above, and basal abdominal segment ferruginous, the femora and tibiæ beneath and the tarsi yellow, wings hyaline, aper of fore wing with a light fuscous spot, nervures testaceous

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Poona, Bombay Q Length 8-9,

evp 16-17 mm & unknown. Type in coll Rothney

*544 Cerceris tetradonta, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, pp 250, 261, pl x, fig 12

"Black, closely and rather strongly punctured, the clypeus, the cheeks broadly from near to the top of the antennal ridge, scape beneath the base of the mandibles, two small spots behind the ocelli, a large line behind the eyes, a broad line on the side of the pronotum, a mark on the side of the scutellum, metanotum, two large marks on the side of the median segment, tegulæ, tubercles, a small spot below them, the sides of the petiole, and a short line on the edges of the other segments, and on the edges of the 3-5 ventral segments, whitish yellow Flagellum rufous beneath, fuscous above, the 3rd and 4th joints subequal flat, the apex projecting and armed with four stout blunt teeth Pronotum rounded at the sides and with an oblique slope in front Mesopleural furrow indistinct Trigonal area smooth, impunctate, shining, the central furrow narrow, metapleuræ at base strongly strolated, black above, the rest reddish, the extreme apex of the median segment being also reddish Petiole rufous, broader than long, the base oblique The basal ventral segment is entirely rufous, the others are broadly rufous in the middle Wings almost hyaline, the apex infuscated Legs rufous in front, more or less whitish yellow beneath, the hind tibiæ fuscous behind, the hind tarsi for the greater part fuscous

"The or smaller and similarly coloured, but with the yellow marks more reduced, the clypeus slightly convex, the apex transverse except that a short not very distinct tooth projects in the middle. The femora are broadly lined with black laterally and

above, especially the anterior four

"Hab Poons, Bombay Presidency Q Length 6-7 mm"

CERCERIS. 305

- 545 Cerceris sulphin ea, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) in, 1890, pp 250, 261, pl x, fig 11
- 2 Clypeus porrect, the aper transverse, the antennal carina broad beneath, running into a sharp edge at top, veitex of the head closely punctured, the front, thorax, and abdomen more sparsely punctured, the enclosed triangular space at the base of the median segment smooth and shining, abdomen about as long as head and thorax united Black, the base of the mandibles, the clypeus and face to a little above the base of the antennæ, the antennal carina, the cheeks behind the eyes, the pronotum, scutellum, posts utellum, a large oval spot on each side of the median segment, the mesopleuræ, and large lunate spots on both sides of the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5, bright yellow, the legs yellow, marked with ferruginous, the apical segment of the abdomen ferruginous, the flagellum of the entennæ fullous, wings hyaline, the apex of the tore wing fuscous

o similar, but with the trigonal area at base of median seg-

ment punctured, and the mesonotum marked with rufous

Hab Bombay 2 & Length 8, erp 16 mm Type in coll Rothney

- 546 Cerceris pictiventris, Dahlo Hym Zur 1, p 498
 Cerceris novaræ, Sauss Novara-Reise, Hym p 92, pl 1v, fig 54
 Cerceris fervens, Smith, A M N H (4) vn, 1873, p 411
- P Head, thorax and abdomen closely and coarsely punctured, the punctures on the clypeus and face below the base of the antennæ not so deep or close as on the head above, clypeus broad, flat, broadly rounded anteriorly, the lateral angles somewhat produced, antennal carma short, a space round the base of each antenna hollow and smooth, median segment with the enclosed space at base small, triangular, smooth, medially furrowed, the apex of the enclosure and the furrow, which is continued down to the aper of the segment, transversely strute Black, the base of the mandibles, the clypeus, the inner orbits of the eyes broadly to above the base of the antennæ, the antennal carma, the lateral angles of the pronotum, a spot on each of the mesopleuræ below. the outer margins of the tegulæ, a line on the scutellum, the postscutellum, the posterior lateral angles of the median segment, the base of the 2nd abdominal segment and broad anteriorly emargmate transverse bands on the 3rd and 5th segments, yellow, legs yellow, the posterior femora and the apices of the posterior tibiæ on the inside rufo-fuscous; wings by aline, the narrow costal margin of the fore wing and the aper fuscescent

d similar, but the jellow markings not so broad or unid, the anterior and intermediate femora at base and the entire posterior

femora black

Var The clypeus in the centre and the scutellum black of The apical margin of the 6th abdominal segment with a transverse yellow band

- Hab Throughout India, Ceylon, Burma, and Tenasserim Common Q Length 9-11, exp 18-22 mm & Length 8-10, exp 17-20 mm
- 547 Cerceris flavopicta, Smith, Cat iv, p 451, 5 \, 2, Schlett Zool Jahib 1887, p 492, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 249
- Head, thorax, and abdomen rather sparsely and coarsely punctured, on the vertex of the head and the basal portions of the abdominal segments the punctures are somewhat closer, clypeus porrect, its anterior margin transverse, median segment with the enclosed space at base smooth and shining, not divided by the usual medial furrow, which runs from the apex of the enclosed space only to the apex of the segment Yellow, the vertex of the head, with a stripe leading to the base of each antenna, a broad curved stripe on the occiput, the mesonotum, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment, a broad medial stripe down to the aper of the latter, the metapleure, and the base and apical margin very narrowly of abdominal segments 1-5 black, the black at the base and aper of each segment connected by a broad black medial stripe narrowing posteriorly, the flagellum of the antennæ fulvous, the intermediate femora and tibiæ with reddish stains above, wings hyaline, the apex broadly fuscous, nervures pale testaceous, tegulæ yellow

d similar, but the clypeus not porrect, and the medial stripes on the abdominal segments very narrow, obsolete on the 5th segment Hab North-West Provinces, Barrackpore, Tirhoot, Madras, Assam & Length 9-11, erp 18-20 mm Type in coll British Museum

- *548. Cerceris wroughtoni, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 258
- "Black, shining, thorax and head punctured, the abdomen impunctate, smooth, the clypeus, the cheeks to above the base of the antennæ, the antennal ridge, the scape beneath, a large broad line behind the eyes, a line on the pronotum, scutellum, metanotum, two small marks on the middle of the median segment, the petiole except a broad stripe down the centre, the base of the second and third segments all round, the edge of the fourth and a large mark in its centre, a similar mark on the fifth, and the basal three veniral segments for the greater part, clear yellow, the flagellum beneath and a large mark on either side of the median segment rufo-fulyous, legs fulvous, the anterior four in front and the hinder femora in Wings fuscous, the apex much darker, the part pale yellow Clypeus flat, the apex black, roundly and broadly stigma fulvous incised, its sides and the cheeks bearing a silvery pubescence The pubescence on the head is longish and pale, the punctuation moderately strong, and all the punctures deeply separated moderately strongly punctured, covered with a pale pubescence

CERCERIS 307

scutellum sparsely punctured, trigonal area smooth, impunctate, furrowed down the middle Petiole wider than long. bulging out in the centre, sparsely and finely punctured, the fifth segment also sparsely punctured, the others with the surface Hinder tibiæ very stoutly and closely spined male has the face from the top of the antennal ridge entirely yellow, the clypeus flattish, the apex rounded, almost transverse, the lateral plates incised, there is a small yellow mark below the tubercles, there are two large vellow marks on the median segment, the 4th segment is almost entirely yellow, the 5th has a narrow yellow boider on the apex, the 6th is almost entirely yellow, the sides of the apical segment are yellow, the legs are clear yellow, the hinder femora are marked with black, the hind tibiæ are broadly black at the apex, and the hind tarsi are fuscous, otherwise coloured as in the 2 Length 11 mm"

Hab Bombay I have not seen this species

549 Cerceris instabilis, Smith, Cat ix, p 452, Q, Schlett Zool Jahrb 1887, p 494, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 249 Cerceris velox, Smith, Tr Ent Soc 1875, p 41, 3

 $\mathcal{Q}_{\mathcal{S}}$ Head, thorax, and abdomen closely punctured, clypeus broad, incised in the middle, with two prominent but obtuse teeth, median segment with the enclosed triangular space at base equilateral, longitudinally striate in the \mathcal{Q} , punctured in the \mathcal{S} , basal abdominal segment particularly slender and long Reddish brown the region of the ocelli, with a broad patch below stretching laterally to the eyes and downwards to the base of the antennæ,



Fig 86—Cerceris instabilis, Q ?

the pronotum in front, the triangular enclosed space at the base of the median segment, a medial narrow line down to the apex of the latter, and the bases of abdominal segments 2-5 narrowly, black, the clypeus, face in front, antennæ, and legs more or less fulvous, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the scutellum and postscutellum, a curled comma-shaped spot on each side of the apex of the median segment, a subbasal spot on the 2nd abdominal segment above, and the posterior margins of the 3rd and

5th segments broadly, yellow, wings hyaline, their apical margins broadly fuscous

Var a The front above the antennæ, the vertex and occiput black, the last with a curved brownish-red transverse stripe

Var β Similar to Var a, but with no yellow spots on the median segment, the clypeus and face below the antennæ, and scape of the latter bright yellow

Var y The head and thorax black, with the yellow markings

as in the type

Var & Very much larger, head and thorax black, yellow markings as in the type, with the addition of a broad curved

transverse stripe on the occiput, and a geniculated stripe behind

the eyes yellow (Length 14 mm)

Hab Throughout the plains of India, Bombay, Bangalore, Madras, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon & Length 9-11, evp 18-21 mm

- 550 Cerceris pulchra, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, pp 250, 253, pl x, fig 5
 Philanthus dissectus, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 269
- Q of Closely resembling in colour and markings C albopicta (p 301), but constantly smaller, with the parts which in the latter species are white a rich golden yellow, also the spots behind the eyes, on the mesopleure, and on the lateral apical margins of the 2nd abdominal segment wanting, as well as the line on the scutellum, the clypeus is angularly incised in the middle, and the enclosed space at the base of the median segment is punctured, not smooth

This species may be the *Philanthus dissectus* of Fabricius, which I have wholly failed to identify

Hab Sikhim, Barrackpore, North-West Provinces, Bombay Q & Length 7-8, exp 14 mm

- 551 Cerceris vishnu, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) in, 1890, pp 250, 254, Q d, pl x, fig 7*
- Q Lamina of clypeus projecting, incised anteriorly, head and thorax rugose, punctured, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment nearly obsolete, coarsely punctured like the rest of the segment, basal segment of abdomen a little longer than broad Black, the clypeus anteriorly, the antennal carina, the scape of the antennæ, a spot on each cheek, a small mark on each side of the pronotum, the posterior margins of the 3rd and of the 5th abdominal segment in the middle, the anterior and intermediate tibiæ in front, and the bases of the posterior tibiæ yellow, the femora beneath, the posterior coaæ, the basal abdominal segment entirely and the basal half of the 2nd segment rufoferruginous, wings hyaline, apex of fore wing fuscous

of similar, but the clypeus truncate not incised, basal abdominal segment entirely and the basal half of 2nd segment black, and

the posterior margin of the 6th segment yellow

Hub Barrackpore, Bombay 2 Length 8-9, erp 14 mm 3 a little smaller

- 552 Cerceris vigilans, Smith, Cat iv, p 454, 5, Schlett Zool Jahib 1887, p 506, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 250
- Q Clypeus and front to a little above the base of the antennæ smooth, with only a few scattered punctures, head above, the thorax, and abdomer closely and somewhat coarsely punctured, clypeus large, broadly arched anteriorly, the apex slightly produced and armed with three broad teeth, antennal carma short and broad, median segment with the enclosed space at base bounded by converging furrows, continued after their junction as one broad

vertical furrow to the apex of the segment, the enclosed space shining, more sparsely punctured and divided by a medial, longitudinal, short groove, abdomen a little longer than the head and thorax united Black, covered all over with a thin hoary pubescence, a broad line on each side of the face along the inner orbits to a little above the base of the antennæ, a medial line from the anterior occilius broadening on the clypeus, a spot on each cheek close to the vertex, a spot on each side of the pronotum, the tibiæ and basal joints of the tarsi of all the legs above, and two approximate cup-shaped marks at the apex of the basal segment of the abdomen above, yellowish white, abdominal segments 2-4 ferruginous red, the 4th shaded with fuscous black, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence

d similar, but the antennæ ferruginous beneath

Hab Kumaun, Barrackpore Bombay, Madras, Buima, Tenasserim Q Length 12-15, exp. 24-30 mm & Length 9-12, exp 19-25 mm

553 Cerceris tristis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, pp 250, 255, pl x, fig 7

Q & Closely allied to and resembling C pictiventris, differs in the antennæ being inserted comparatively higher up on the front, in the clypeus (&) being subporrect and incised at apex, in the triangular enclosed space at the base of the median segment being punctured, not smooth, and also in this segment wanting the posterior lateral spots so conspicuous in C pictiventris

Hab Barrackpore, Tirhoot Q & Length 7-9, evp 14-17 mm

554 Cerceris ferox, Smith, Cat iv, p 454, Q, Schlett Zool Jahib 1887, p 491, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) in, 1890, p 248

A Head from the front very short and broad, eyes slightly convergent towards the vertex, clypeus deeply and very broadly emarginate anteriorly the front above the base of the antennæ,



Fig 87 — Cerceris ferox, Q }

the thorax, and basal segment of abdomen very closely and finely punctured, the 2nd and following abdominal segments lightly punctured, smooth but opaque, a very fine obscure carina down the front, joining the carina between the antennæ, which is prominent, the enclosed space at base of median segment small, longitudinally and finely striate Black, the carina above the clypeus, the face on both sides, and the sides of the clypeus, the mandibles at base, the scape of the antennæ, an ovate spot behind each eye, two

oblong spots placed obliquely on the vertex, a spot on each side of the pronotum, another beneath the wings, the margins of the tegulæ, the scutellum, postscutellum, a spot on each side of the median segment posteriorly, two minute subapical spots above on the 1st abdominal segment, two on the base of the 2nd, and subapical bands on segments 2-5 yellow, the bands on segments 2-4

widening laterally, legs yellow, a fuscous stripe on each femur above and each of the intermediate and posterior tibiæ behind, the apical joints of the tarsi ferruginous, wings fusco-liyaline, darkest towards the costal margin and the apex of the fore wing

Var wanting the oblique yellow spots on the vertex, the spot beneath the wings, and the subapical spots on the basal abdominal

segment, scutellum and posterior legs black

Hab Tenasserim, Sumatra Q Length 11-14, erp 20-24 mm d unknown

- 555 Cerceris mastogaster, Smith, Cat iv, p 453, Q, Schlett Zool Jahrb 1887, p 496, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 249
- Head thinly pubescent, head, thorax, and abdomen coarsely and closely punctured, the clypeus and front beneath the antennæ and the postscutellum with the punctures sparser, clypeus with its anterior margin very slightly emaiginate, almost transverse, enclosed triangular space at base of median segment smooth and shining, the base longitudinally striate, a series of single punctures along the other two sides of the triangle, the medial furiow narrow, broadening beyond the apex of the triangle and continued to the apex of the segment, abdomen with ventral segments 3-5 having laterally small erect plates, concave within Head and thorax black, the base of the mundibles, the clypeus, the front up to the base of the antennæ, the scape in front, the antennal caima, the lateral angles of the pronotum, the tegulæ, postscutellum, tibiæ and tars of the legs white, the sides of the median segment red, abdomen red, two small spots at the base of the 2nd abdominal segment, two large spots covering the sides of the 3rd, and meeting in a thin line along the margin, and two subtriangular spots laterally on the 5th segment white, the 4th segment laterally, the 5th at its base above, and the apical segment black, wings hyaline, fore wing with a fuscous spot at apex

Hab Madias Q Length 15, eap 27 mm & unknown

Type in coll British Museum

- 556 Cerceris unifasciata, Smith, Cat iv, p 456, d (nee Q), Schlett Zool Jahib 1887, p 505
- d Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and rather coursely punctured, the clypeus convex, its anterior maight rounded, antennal carina short, scarcely produced above the base of the antennæ, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment longitudinally striate. Black, the face below the antennæ, scape in front, mandibles, an obscure line on each lateral angle of the pronotum, a spot on each tegula, one on the postscutellum, a spot on each side at the apex of the median segment, the anterior and intermediate tibiæ and tarsi, a broad band on the apical margin of the 3rd abdominal segment, and the apical margins of ventral segments 2-5, yellow, the apex of the coaæ, the trochanters and tips of the

311 CERCERIS

femora, and the apical margins of abdominal segments 2-5 above narrowly flavo-testaceous, the flagellum of the antennæ tulvous beneath

2 similar, but the 2nd abdominal segment has two spots at its base, and the 4th and 5th as well as the 3rd segment a broad band of yellow on their apical margins

Var The band on the 4th abdominal segment reduced to a fine

line, the spots at the apex of the median segment absent

Hab Sikhim, Upper Burma, Siam frontier of Burma, China 2 Length 11-12, erp 20-23 mm. & Length 8-9, eap 16-19 mm

Note —The type specimen in the British Museum is a male, though described by Smith in the Catalogue as a female

*557 Cerceris nebulosa, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, pp 250, 265

"Eyes slightly diverging beneath Ocelli hardly forming a tri-Clypeus flat, the middle at the apen turned outwardly, widely semi-circularly incised and separated from the lateral pieces by projecting beyond them Head closely rugosely punctured, the cheeks and lateral margins of the clypeus densely covered Mesonotum closely and finely, longituwith silvery white hair dually, rugosely punctured, the pleuræ coarsely rugose, trigonal area finely rugose Abdomen twice the length of the thorax and narrower than it, the petiole not much broader than long, the punctuation of the segments not very strong, the pygidial area closely rugose, hardly narrowed at the base, the apex transverse

The third joint of the autenue longer and thinner than the The cheeks, clypeus, orbits broadly above the base of the auteunæ, a spot behind the eyes near the top, a band on the pronotum, scutellum, postscutellum, a narrow band on the base of the 2nd abdominal segment, the extreme apex of the petiole, the apical half of the 3rd segment, and the extreme apex of the 4th, reddish fulvous Legs black, the anterior tibize and tarsi obscure testaceous

ıu front Length 15 mm

" Hab North Khasi Hills, Assam"

- 558 Cerceris hilaris, Smith, Cat iv, p 452, Q, Schlett Zool Jahib 1887, p 493, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) m, 1890, p 249
- Q of Head above, thorax, and abdomen more or less closely and not very finely punctured, cly peus porrect, deeply incised anteriorly, median segment rather more finely punctured, an enclosed equilaterally triangular space at base finely longitudinally striate, a deep narrow furrow from the apex of the enclosure to the apex of the segment, abdomen long, a little longer than the head and thorax united Black, the base of the mandibles, a transverse spot on the clypeus, the inner orbits to a little above the base of the antennæ, the scape in front, a spot on each side of the vertex behind the eyes, the pronotum posteriorly, a line on the scutellum

312 SPHEGIDÆ

and postscutellum, a large oval spot on each side of the median segment, and transverse bands on the posterior margins of abdominal segments 1-5 yellow, the bands on the 1st bordered posteriorly and on the 2-5 anteriorly with ferruginous, legs ferruginous, wings hyaline, shaded with fuscous, especially on their apical half, nervures testaceous, tegulæ vellow

Hab Northern India (Smith), Madras Q Length 11-13,

exp 23-24 mm & Length 10-11, erp 22-23 mm

- *559 Cerceris bifasciata, Guér Iconog Regn Anim p 443, pl 71, fig 9, Schlett Zool Jahrb 1887, p 487, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 248
- Q (?) "Entirely fulvous, punctured, the front of the head below the insertion of the antennæ, the scape of the latter, the base of the mandibles, the 3rd and 5th abdominal segments yellow Wings with a yellow tint, a small brown spot at apex Length 5 mm"

Hab Bengal I have failed to identify this species in any collection I have examined

530 Cerceris elizabethæ, n sp (Pl II, fig 8)

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen coarsely cribrately punctured, the punctures shallow on the front and clypeus, clypeus with the lamina porrect, its anterior margin transverse; median segment with the enclosed space at base broadly triangular and obliquely striate, the medial furrow indistinct, the mesosternum beneath with two well-marked tubercular short spines, the basal segment of the abdomen slender, subcylindrical, and constricted at its apical margin. Black, the base of the mandibles and an abbreviated line along the inner orbits yellow, basal abdominal segment entirely and basal half of 2nd segment red, antenne, the tibic and tarsi of the legs, and the extreme apex of the abdomen rufotestaceous, wings hyaline, fuscescent along the costal margin and at apex of the fore wing, nervures testaceous, tegulæ black

Hab Thaungym Valley, Tenasserim, extending into Siam Q Length 11, eap 20 mm & unknown Type in coll

British Museum

- 561 Cerceris pentadonta, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, pp 250 & 262, pl x, fig 13
- Q Clypeus and the front of the face, the pronotum and scutellum smooth with a few scattered punctures, the head above, mesonotum, median segment, and abdomen rather closely punctured, clypeus subporrect, the apex slightly produced and incised, and bearing five teeth, median segment with the enclosed space at its base small, very finely obliquely striate, and obscurely channelled down the middle, the channel continued as a broad furrow beyond the apex of the enclosed space to the apex of the

segment, abdomen long, longer than the head and thorax united. Black, a broad short line along the lower part of the inner orbits, the antennal carina, posterior margin of the pronotum, the post-scutellum, and the 3rd abdominal segment and apical margin of the 5th orange-yellow, flagellum of the antennæ beneath fulvous, wings fusco-hyaline, darker along the costal margin of the fore wing, nervures blackish brown, tegulæ black, with the outer margin yellow

Hab Barrackpore 2 Length 8, exp 19 mm & unknown Type in coll Rothney.

562 Cerceris kirbyı, n sp

Front and vertex of the head strongly punctured, therax and abdomen smooth, the surface of the mesonotum and the basal abdominal segments finely longitudinally aciculate, clypeus subtriangular, broad, convex at base, with a subapical transverse depression, the anterior margin arched and narrowly reversed, antennal carina rising from a tubercular prominence below the base of the antennæ, median segment with the enclosed space at base smooth or only obsoletely transversely structe, a medial furrow commencing at the apex of the enclosure and running to the apex of the segment, abdomen with the basal segment long, flattened forming a marked petiole Dark shining brown; the clypeus and front with silvery pile seen only in certain lights, clypeus, the sides of the face, the antennal carina, a transverse line on the occuput continued more broadly over the cheeks, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercles, tegulæ, two spots on the disc of the mesonotum near its apex, a spot on the mesopleuræ, another below it on the mesosternum. the scutellum, postscutellum, sides of the median segment, base and apex of the petiole, basal half of the 2nd abdominal segment. the 3rd segment above, the apical margin of the 4th and more broadly of the 5th segment, pale straw-yellow, the 3rd segment with a transverse oval brown spot at base, apical segment rufotestaceous, legs yellow, the anterior and intermediate coxe and femora at base above, the posterior coxe beneath, and the femora and tibiæ above, with the tarsi, brown, wings hyaline, beautifully iridescent, the costal margin narrowly and the stigma and apex of the fore wing fuscescent, nervures brown, flagellum of the antennæ dark reddish brown

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 8; exp 14 mm & unknown Type in coll British Museum

This pretty and very distinct little species bears a curious resemblance to the savage little social wasp, Icaria flavopicta, Smith

Genus OXYBELUS

Vespa, pt, Linn Syst Nat 1, p 948 (1766) Apis, pt, Nomada, pt, Fabr Mant 1, pp 299 & 306 (1787) Clabio, pt, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 293 (1793) Olybelus, Lati Hist Nat Crust et Ins 2111, p 307 (1805)

Type, O lineatus, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head subglobose, about as wide as the thorax, clypeus transverse, narrow, antennæ filiform or subclavate, thorax short, compact, pro-



Fig 88
Oxybelus tridentatus, & 3

notum transverse posteriorly, linear, scutellum transverse, lumular, having at its lateral angles a projecting squama, median segment truncate posteriorly, with at its base a mucro, which is generally in the shape of a spout, the lateral edges being recurved, sometimes it is flat and lamellar, the apex often incised, legs moderately long and stout, the anterior tarsi strongly chated in the

female, intermediate and posterior tibus spinose, the former with one apical spine or spur, fore wing with the radial cell slightly appendiculate, and one cubital cell which is confluent with the 2nd discoidal cell, abdomen subtruncate at base, coincal, short and broad

Nothing, so far as I know, is on record of the habits of the Eastern species belonging to this genus. The European species form tunnels in sandy ground, and store the nests so formed with Diptera.

Key to the Species

A Mucro lamellar a Mucro bright coppery red \$\mathcal{Q}\$, length 7 mm b Mucro black, apex ferruginous \$\mathcal{Q}\$, length 9 mm	O squamosus, p 315 O robustus, p 315
B Mucro not lamellar, but with the sides curved up a Lateral squame always present	
a' Clypeus carnate	
a ² Carina broad, slightly projecting at apex of clypeus b ² Carina nairow, very prominent and	O sabulosus, p 316
projecting, curved over apex of clypeus b' Clypeus not carmate	O agrlis, p 316
a ² Anterior margin of clypeus tri- dentate	O tridentatus, p 317
 b² Anterior margin of clypeus trans- verse or arched a³ Mucro rounded at apex 	O nanus, p 317

b' Mucro incised at apex

at Enclosed space at base of median segment below mucro smooth

a⁵ Margins of abdominal segments 2-5 with transverse bands of yellow

b⁵ Abdominal segments 1-4 with lateral yellow spots

b⁴ Enclosed space at base of median segment below mucro punctured ^p

c¹ Enclosed space at base of median segment below mucro finely shagreened

d¹ Enclosed space at base of median segment below mucro coarsely lugose

 Enclosed space at base of median segment below mucro widely obliquely striate

& Lateral squamæ obsolete

O ruficornis, p 317

O. æstuosus, p 318

O insularis, p 318.

O flavipes, p 319

O fulvopilosus, p 319

O canescens, p 320 O lewisi, p 320

563 Oxybelus squamosus, Smith, Tr Lnt Soc 1875, p 38, 9, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 276

Head and mesonotum strongly punctured, in certain lights appearing striate, front below the vertex and clypous pubescent, with adpressed hairs, pronotum smooth, scutellum and postscutellum sparsely punctured, the projecting lamina slight, the median mucro large, leaf-like, and deeply incised at apex, median segment short, the apex abruptly truncate, smooth, the sides above with three or four short obscure divergent carinæ, and the upper border of the truncated apex with another bisinuate carina, abdomen finely and closely punctured Black, the scape of the antennæ beneath, a broad line on the pronotum, the tubercles, two lateral spots on the scutellum, and large elongated spots on the sides of abdominal segments 1-4 yellow, the flagellum of the autennæ beneath, the mucro, the auterior tibiæ, the intermediate femora and tibiæ, and the posterior femora bright ferruginous, the anterior femora black with the apices yellow, the posterior tibiæ and all the tarsi fusco-ferruginous, wings hyaline, nervures pale testaceous

Hab Barrackpore, Ceylon Q. Length 7, exp 14 mm

- 564 Oxybelus robustus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 276, pl x, fig 21
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen somewhat closely and finely punctured, clypeus much broader than high, its anterior margin transverse, nearly truncate, scutellum with a very short medial longitudinal carina at its posterior margin continued over the postscutellum, squame subtriangular, arched on the outside, curved inwards on the inside, mucro lamellar, as broad as long, its apex

incised, lateral margins not curved upwards, median segment below the mucro shining, widely reticulate, with an inner and outer carina on each side all converging towards the apex, which is deeply longitudinally furrowed. Black, the clypeus, front, and cheeks with silvery pubescence, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot on the lateral angles of the scutellum, the squame, and an elongate spot widest in the middle on each side of the basal four abdominal segments above, it ory-white, base of the mandibles, antennæ, apex of the mucro, anterior and intermediate femora, tibiæ and tarsi, and posterior femora ferruginous, the antennæ and the outside of the intermediate tibiæ shaded with fuscous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Poona, Bombay Q Length 9, exp 17 mm & un-

known Type in coll Rothney

565 Oxybelus sabulosus, Smith, Cat 1v, p 388, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 276

Q Closely resembles O agilis Differs in the clypeus being broadly not narrowly keeled, the keel not produced, the anterior margin waved, the scutellar squama transparent with a stripe of yellow, the mucro broader, the markings larger, bright yellow not yellowish white, the apex of the femora and the tibix of the anterior and intermediate legs and the basal half of the tibix of the posterior legs bright yellow, the basal and apical two joints of the flagellum of the antennæ and the tarsi ferruginous

Hub India (Smith) Q Length 6, eap 12 mm

566 Oxybelus agilis, Smith, Cat iv, p 387, 3, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 275

Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, scutellum large, prominent, the punctures on it larger and more scattered, clypeus with a prominent narrow sbining keel down the middle, the apex of the keel produced and curved over the apical margin of the clypeus, the scutellum and postscutellum with a medial longitudinal carina, the scutellar squama large, cuived on the outside, the mucro at base of median segment narrow, concave, the sides recurved, the apex slightly incised. median segment beneath coarsely reticulate, with an inner and outer carina on each side all converging towards the apex of the Black, the clypeus and cheeks with silvery pubescence, a medially interrupted line on the pronotum, the tubercles, the scutellar squamæ, the anterior and intermediate femora beneath, the extreme bases of the posterior tibiæ above, and medially interrupted subapical lines on abdominal segments 1-5 above, yellowish white, the flagellum of the antennæ, the anterior and intermediate tibiæ and tarsi, and the posterior tarsi ferruginous, wings hyaline, nervures testaceous

Hab India (Smith) & Length 7, exp. 12 mm

- 567 Oxybelus tridentatus, Smith, Cat iv, p 387, 5, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 276
- Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured, the punctures dense, not very fine on the head and thorax, more minute on the abdomen, clypeus with its anterior margin produced into three prominent teeth, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum with a medial longitudinal carina not quite reaching the anterior margin of the mesonotum, squame transparent on the outer half, mucro at base of median segment arched upwards, concave, the sides recurved, the apex rounded, median segment beneath very smooth and shining in the middle, pubescent and obliquely striate on the Black, the scape of the antennæ, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot on each lateral angle of the scutellum, the inner sides of the squame, the anterior and intermediate tibie in front, the posterior tibiæ at base above, a broad fascia on the basal abdominal segment and a narrow one on the following four segments white or yellow, these fasciæ all more or less broadly interrupted in the middle, the flagellum of the antennæ beneath, the anterior and intermediate tibiæ below, and the taisi ferruginous; wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ dark testaceous

Var with the anterior and intermediate femora more or less marked with yellow

Hab India (Smith), Dawnat Range, Tenasserim & Length 67, exp 12-13 mm & unknown

568 Oxybelus nanus, n sp

Head, thorax and abdomen closely and very finely punctured, the head and thorax having a granular appearance, clypeus anteriorly arched, medial carina on the scutellum and postscutellum indistruct, squamæ large, outwardly transparent, mucro small, much narrowed, the sides much curved over, nearly forming a tube, apex rounded, median segment beneath the mucro reticulate, the space enclosed by the inner carinæ small, shining at apex Black, the clypeus and front with thick glistening silvery pile, a line on the pionotum, the tubercles, a spot at each lateral angle of the scutellum the postscutellum, the squamæ inwardly, the anterior femora, the tibiæ and tarsi of all the legs, the intermediate and posterior femora beneath, a very large subtriangular spot on each side of the basal two abdominal segments. and narrow linear spots on each side of the two following segments yellow, antennæ fulvous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Rangoon, Burma & Length 4, exp 7 mm Qunknown Type in coll British Museum

- 569 Oxybelus ruficornis, Smith, Cat iv, p 388, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph. Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 276
- 9 Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured and pubescent, the scutellum with a medial carina continued over

the postscutellum between the scutellar lateral lamellæ, which are broad, and roundly curved on the outside, the inner sides emarginate, the apex acute, mucro narrow, not dilated at apex, and slightly but widely incised, the median segment beneath truncate, smooth and shining in the middle, the sides obliquely striate. Black, the base of the mandibles, the scape of the antennæ, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, an ovate spot on each side of the scutellum, the scutellar lamellæ, the apex of the mucro, the apices of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi, a large spot on each side of the basal abdominal segment, a line emarginate anteriorly on the margin of the 2nd, and a complete line on the margins of the 3rd and 4th segments, yellow, the antennæ, the coxæ and femora, and a stain on the intermediate and posterior tibiæ in front ferrugincus, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ ferruginous

Hab India (Smith) 2 Length 55, exp 11 mm dunknown

Type in coll British Museum

570 Oxybelus æstuosus, n sp

Head and thorax very closely and coarsely, abdomen much more finely punctured, clypeus very narrow, transverse, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum with a medial longitudinal carina, the apex of the mesonotum, the scutellum, postscutellum, and inside of the mucro except at apex reticulate, median segment broad, the sides above obliquely and widely striate up to a lateral carina, below that nearly smooth, obscurely transversely striate, the enclosed triangular space at base below the mucro, and the apex of the median segment beyond smooth and shining, the squamæ rounded, the apex of the mucro deeply incised, its sides slightly recurved Black, the scape of the antennæ, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercles, squamæ, the anterior and intermediate femora beneath, the tibiæ and tarsi, the posterior tibiæ above and the tarsi, and elongate narrow subapical spots on each side of the basal four abdominal segments, yellow, the clypeus, front, and cheeks with a thin silvery pubescence, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Tenasserim & Length 5.5, exp 10 mm Q unknown

Type in coll British Museum

*571 Oxybelus insularis, Kohl, Termesz Fuzetek 1884, p 109, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 276

Q "Black, mandibles yellow, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot on each side of the scutellum, the internal margin of the squame, and sublinear small spots on the 1-4 abdominal segments laterally, ivory-white Anal segment black Legs black, variegated with red and ivory-white Wings subhyaline Punctures somewhat sparse, denser on the abdomen than in Ovybelus mandibularis Mesothorax shining, sparsely punctured Mucro not dilated at apex and lightly emarginate"

Hab. "Ceylon Q Length 5 mm"

*572 Oxybelus flavipes, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) m, 1890, pp 276 & 277

"Head closely punctured, the face, cheeks, and front densely covered with golden pubescence, the clypeus in the middle and trophi yellow, the tips of the mandibles black, piceous red before the black Thorax punctured closely, covered with pale pubescence, a line on the collar, tubercles, tegulæ, the scutellum, except at the apex, clear strammeous-yellow, the lateral plates Pronotum rounded, the sides of the metinotum pale vellow obliquely truncate, scutellum stoutly keeled down the centre, the central mucor [mucro?] longer than broad, very slightly and gradually dilated towards the apex, which is acutely and somewhat triangularly incised, the lateral plates are large, curved outwardly. and ending in a sharply triangular point, median segment with an oblique slope, finely shagreened, there is a short furrow below the central mucor [mucro?], two keels run from the lateral plates, becoming united near the apex of the segment, and two other keels run from the sides, metapleuræ finely longitudinally shagreened Abdomen shining, closely punctured, a yellow line on the sides of the segments, pygidial area densely covered with stiff depressed golden hairs. Wings clear hyaline, the recurrent nervure quite straight, not oblique, and received before the middle of the radial cellule Length nearly 5 mm"

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Type in coll Rothney

573 Oxybelus fulvopilosus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, pp 276 & 279, pl x, fig 23

Head, thorax, and abdomen mirutely and closely punctured. the punctures on the head very dense and minute, clypeus broad, transverse, its anterior margin arched, not carnate, scutellum posteriorly with a prominent medial longitudinal carina continued over the postscutellum, squame punctured, acute at apex, mucro nairow, the sides recurved, the aper deeply incised, median segment beneath shining, with the usual four convergent carina. the space enclosed by the inner carinæ coarsely rugose at base, the aper with a deep shining forea Black, the clypeus, front and cheeks, and sides of the thorax with a thin silvery pubescence, and the vertex of the head and apical segment of the abdomen above with an obscure fulvous pubescence, the scape in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot on the lateral angles of the scutellum, the squame, the anterior and intermediate femora beneath, the posterior tibiæ above, and large oval spots on both ides of abdominal segments 1-5 above, yellow, the flagellum of the antennæ, the anterior and intermediate tibiæ and tarsi, and the posterior tarsi more or less fulvo-ferruginous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 7, exp 13 mm & un-

known Type in coll Rothney

320 SPHEGIDÆ

574 Oxybelus canescens, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, pp 276 & 278, pl x, fig 22

Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely but not densely punctured, clypeus with its anterior margin arched. scutellum and postscutellum with a medial longitudinal carina. squamæ small, rounded on the outside, mucro long, concave, the sides recurved, the apex deeply incised, median segment beneath shining, an inner and outer carina on each side all converging towards the apex of the segment, the triangular space enclosed by the inner carinæ and the space between the inner and outer carinæ with wide, not conspicuous oblique strie, the apex of the enclosed triangular space very smooth and shining Black, the clypeus. sides of the face, cheeks, and sides of the median segment with a thin silvery pubescence, the scape of the antennæ, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercles, a large spot on each lateral angle of the scutellum, the posiscutellum, squamæ, and aper of the mucro, the anterior and intermediate femora at apex, the tibiæ and tars, a large spot on each side of the basal abdominal segment, a more elongate subtriangular spot nearly meeting in the middle on each side of the 2nd segment, and narrow, anteriorly emarginate, transverse stripes on the 3rd and 4th segments above, ivory-white, the flagellum of the antennæ and a stain beneath on each intermediate and posterior tibia ferruginous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ vellowish white

Hab Barrackpoie, Bengal Q Length 7, erp 12 mm o un-

known Type in coll Rothney

*575 Oxybelus lewisi, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) m, 1890, p 282

"Black, densely covered with a short silvery pubescence, the punctuation close, moderately strong, the manubles, tubercles, tegulæ in part, two elongate marks on the scutellum, metanotum, a line running from the scutellum and metanotum to the wings, a lateral mark on abdominal segments 1-5, and the knees, tibiæ, and tars, in front, yellow; wings clear hyaline, the neivures pale Ocelli in a curve, the hinder separated by the length of the 3rd antennal joint, eyes rounded inwardly, converging beneath, the pubescence on the head in front long and dense, the punctua-Scutellum above flat, laterally obliquely tion finely rugose margined, the apex of the metanotum rounded, without laminæ Median segment above laterally obliquely, below transversely striolate, the striations wide apart and stout, shining, impunctate, metapleuræ finely rugose, obliquely structed, the spine at the base of the median segment stout, acute Abdomen shining, aciculate, densely pilose, pygidial area acutely pointed, the pubescence fulvous, at the apex dense, the base of the petiole depressed, The recurrent nervure is received somewhere beyond striolated the basal third of the radial cellule Length 6 mm "

"Hab Nugata, Ceylon"

321 CRABRO

Genus CRABRO

Sphex, pt, Linn Faun Suec p 411 (1761)
Vespa, pt, Linn Faun Suec p 415 (1761)
Crabro, pt, Fabr Syst Ent p 373 (1775)
Rhopalum, pt, Kirby, Steph Syst Cat p 366 (1829)
Solemus, Blephampus, Ceratocolus, Thyreopus, Crossocerus, Lindenius, Colynopus, Physoscelus, Dasyproctus, Lepel Ann Soc Ent F) 111 (1834), pp 712-804

Entomognathus, Ectemnius, Brachymerus, Megapodium, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, pp 295, 389, & 519 (1845)

Podagritus, Spin Gay, Chile, vi, p 353 (1851)

Type, C cribiarius, Linn Range Both hemispheres

Head large, subrotund or subquadrate, mandibles simple or bidentate, clypeus transverse, nearly always pilose, front often excavate or furrowed, antennæ geniculate, inserted at the base of



Fig 89 - Crabro auricomus, Q

the clypeus, orelli normal, generally placed in the centre of the vertex, thorax ovate, pronotum short transverse, scutellum prominent, lunulate, median segment very short, steeply sloped, sometimes truncate, always with a triangular or subcordate enclosed space at base, front wing with one radial and one cubital cell, radial cell slightly appendiculate, cubital cell receiving the one recurrent nervure towards the apex, legs short, stout, spinose, the tarsi longer than the tibiæ, the

joints of the anterior tarsi in some species dilated in the male, abdomen pseudosessile, subpetiolate or petiolate, in some species the basal abdominal segment is closely applied to the median segment, almost truncate at base, in others it is subclavate, or

again distinctly petiolate, nodose at the apex

Very little is known of the habits of the Oriental forms of this Some of the European species are known to make then burrows in bramble-sticks and decayed wood, and to store Aphidie as food for their larvæ In Burma I once noticed C opifer carrying off Aphida from a lose-tree in my garden, but I could not trace her to her nest

Key to the Species

A Abdomen petrolate

a Petiole long, linear, nodose at aper a' Enclosed space at base of median segment longitudinally striate, sides smooth, abdomen immaculate

b' Enclosed space at base of median segment finely obliquely structe, sides coarsely structe, 2nd and 4th abdominal segments marked with greenish yellow

C opifex, p 323

C brooku, p 323

Enclosed space at base of median segment coar-ely reticulate, 3rd, 4th, and 5th abdominal segments marked with bright yellow

d' Enclosed space at base of median segment consely obliquely structe, sides smooth, 2nd and 4th abdominal segments with oblique spots, 5th with a transverse band greenish yellow

c' Enclosed space at base of median segment very smooth, polished, and shining, sides punctured, 1st, 2nd, 4th, 5th, and 6th abdominal segments marked with yellow

b Petiole short, sub-pyriform, gradually widened from base to apex

a' Basal joint of anterior tarsi twisted, dilated, and dentate at base

b' Basal joint of anterior tais normal, not twisted

B Abdomen non-petiolate

a Mesonotum longitudinally striate

a' Abdomen with the 2nd, 3id, and 4th segments with lateral yellow spots L 10 mm

b' Abdomen, 1st segment with a yellow transverse band emitting a quadrate spot anteriorly, 2nd to 5th segments with transverse yellow fascize L 14 mm

c' Abdomen, segments 1-4 with lateral yellow spots, 5th segment with a transverse yellow band L 7-8 mm

b Mesonotum anteriorly transversely, poste-1101ly obliquely structe

c Mesonotum punctured

Enclosed triangular space at base of

median segment reticulate

Enclosed triangular space at base of median segment longitudinally striate a2 Abdomen with the apical margins of segments 1-5 narrowly reddish, bases of segments 2-5 lined with silvery pile

b² Abdomen with lateral yellow spots

on segments 1-5 r' Enclosed triangular space at base of median segment obliquely striate

a² Mesonotum densely and minutely punctmed, opaque-looking

b2 Mesonotum lightly punctured d Mesonotum with two short, medial, longitudinally-impressed lines anteriorly and a deep round fovea on each side of them

e Mesonotum smooth and shining, not punctured or strate

C buddha, p 323

C or centalis, p 324

C flavopictus, p 324

C odontophorus, p 325

C ardens, p 325

C sodalis, p 326

C msignis, p 326

C spinifrons, p 327

C auricomus, p 327

C quadriceps, p 327

C argentatus, p 328

C bellus, p 328

C palitans, p 329 C fuscipennis, p 329

C nanus, p 330

C mtidus, p 330.

576 Crabro opifex, n sp

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen opaque, with dense, extremely fine punctures, the posterior margin of the mesonotum, posterior margin of the scutellum, and the enclosed portion at the base of the median segment longitudinally striate, the apex of the petiole and extreme base of the 2nd segment of the abdomen polished and shining. Black, the clypeus and the cheeks behind the eyes with silvery pile, the sides and apex of the median segment with soft downy white pubescence, the scape of the antennæ in front, a broad line on the pronotum narrowly interrupted in the middle, the tubercles, two spots on the scutellum laterally, a line on the postscutellum, the anterior tibiæ, the apex of the intermediate tibiæ, and the posterior tibiæ above yellow, the tarsi fuscoferruginous, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 11, exp 20 mm

577 Crabro biookii, Bingh Jour Linn Soc 1896, p 444

A Head, thorax, and abdomen opaque, very finely and densely punctured, head large, square, a little broader than the thorax, with a medial longitudinally impressed line before and behind the



Fig 90 Crabro brooku,

anterior occllus, the enclosed triangular space at the base of the median segment finely obliquely striate, on the posterior face of the median segment the strike become coarser. Black, the clypeus and sides of the face with dense silvery pile, the scape of the antennæ, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot behind the tegula adjoining a lateral spot on the scutellum, the tibiæ and basal joint of the tarsi above, yellow, a lateral diagonal line at the base of the 3rd segment of the abdomen, with a lateral spot at the base of the

4th greenish vellow, the tarsi reddish, wings byahne and iridescent, nervices and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Kumaun, and probably throughout Northern India. 2 Length 12, exp 20 mm

578 Crabro buddha

Rhopalum buddha, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 11, 1889, p 18 Crabro buddha, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 270

d Head moderately finely, closely, and strongly punctured, pro- and mesonotum and scutellum with sparser and shallower punctures, abdomen dull and opaque, the basal half of the petiole and the extreme base of the 2nd segment polished shining, clypeus, the frontal hollow, and the cheeks densely pilose, pro-notum notched in the middle, apex of the mesonotum, posterior margin of scutellum, anterior and posterior margins of post-scutellum, and the sutures between the pleuræ crenulate, median segment with the medial portion up to the apex enclosed by

curved prominent carinæ and coarsely reticulate, sides obliquely striate, abdomen with the apex of the petiole almost clavate, the base of the 2nd segment strongly constricted. Black, the pile on the face silvery, the mandibles except at apex, the scape of the antenne, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercles, a large spot at the lateral angles of the scutellum, with a small spot in front of it, an elongate spot on each side at base of the 3rd segment of the abdomen, a smaller one at base of 4th, and a minute speck at base of the 5th, bright yellow, the legs black variegated with yellow, the greater part of the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi being yellow, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Tuhoot, Bengal, Bombay, Madras & Length 9,

erp 16 mm

579 Crabro orientalis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 272

The clypens, the frontal hollow, and the cheeks densely pilose, the pleuræ, the sides and apex of the median segment thinly pubescent, the head closely and finely punctured, the punctures less dense on the vertex, the clypeus raised and keeled in the middle, the oce is in a wide triangle on the vertex, thorax not so closely punctured as the front, the apical margin of the mesonotum and of the scutellum, and the pleural furrow cienulate, median segment obliquely iugose-striate, bearing a Y-shaped furrow on its posterior face, abdomen dull opaque, obscurely pilose, the petiole swollen and clavate at apex, base of 2nd segment strongly constricted Black, the pile on the head silvery, on the abdomen fuscous, the pubescence on the thorax longish and hoary white, the mandibles at base, the scape of the antennæ, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercles, the scutellum transversely in the middle, a small spot on each side of the petiole at apex, and lateral oval spots on the 2nd, 4th, and 5th segments of the abdomen yellow, the spots on the 5th segment sometimes coalescent and forming a broad transverse yellow band above, legs, the femora at apex, the tibiæ and tarsi of all the legs yellow, stained here and there with ferruginous, sometimes the yellow of the legs is much overlaid with dark ferruginous, wings very light fusco-hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Var With the yellow band on the scutellum reduced to a spot

at each angle, the 3rd segment also with a lateral yellow spot

of similar, but with the 5th abdominal segment smooth and polished and immaculate

Hab Kumaun, Barrackpore, Poona, Tenasserim 25 Length 8-11, erp 14-18 mm Type in coll Rothney

580 Crabro flavopictus, Smith, Cat 1v, p 391, Q, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 270

P Head above closely and finely punctured, the region of the ocelli broad, flat, and with slight shallow hollows in front, beneath the hollows the front is vertical and is divided by a deep but narrow

CRABRO 325

furrow, clypeus and cheeks densely pilose, thorax smooth, with indistinct shallow fine punctures, median segment pubescent and punctured on the sides, the subcordate enclosed space at base very smooth polished and shining, a central longitudinal furrow from base to the apex of the segment, abdomen smooth and shining Black, the mandibles at base, the scape of the antennæ, the pronotism posteriorly, the tubercles, a small spot at the angles of the scutellum, a line on the postscutellum, the petiole of the abdomen, lateral spots on abdominal segments 2-4, the apex in the middle of the 5th, and the apical segment above, yellow, legs variegated with yellow, the petiole with fuscous stains, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Northern India (Smith) Q Length 11, erp 22 mm

- 581 Crabro odontophorus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) m, 1890, pp 270 & 271, pl x, fig 20 a, b
- Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the head and thorax with long spaise scattered pubescence, the clypeus, the front above the antennæ, and the cheeks densely pilose, clypeus subpoirect, the apex broadly rounded and margined front with a shallow vertical furiow, the space on each side slightly raised, median segment with a medial longitudinal furrow, the base and sides very finely rugose, the pleural furrows crenulate, abdomen, the basal segment tormed into a petiole, slightly flattened at base, gradually increasing in width to the apex, base of 2nd segment scarcely constricted, legs stout, the basel joint of the anterior tarsi twisted, dilated at base, the expansion forming a blunt tooth, the intermediate and posterior femora greatly broadened, somewhat laminate Black, the head and thorax with a chaly beons live the dense pile silvery, the pubescence hoary white, mandibles, outer sides (not front) of the scape of the antennæ, a broad posterior margin to the pionotum, the tubercles, a lateral subapical spot on the petiole of the abdomen, and large lateral spots at the base of the 3rd and 4th segments, yellow, the legs variegated with yellow, wings light fireco-hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous blown

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 8, exp 16 mm Type in coll Rothney

- 582 Crabro ardens, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, pp 270 & 273, Q 3
- Q Head and thorax verv finely and closely punctured, the clypeus, the space between the antennæ, and the cheeks densely pilose, clypeus slightly porrect, carinated down the middle, the tront with a medial vertically impressed line from the anterior ocellus to between the antennæ, med an segment with the basil area finely longitudinally structe, bounded by a curved furrow, the apex roundly truncate, bearing a medial broad furrow, abdomen smooth, obscurely pubescent, the pubescence soft, short,

326 SPHEGIDÆ

and thin, only seen in certain lights Black, the sides and apex of the clypeus obscurely, in the male yellow, in the female rufous, the posterior margin of the pronotum bright yellow, the dense pile on the clypeus and cheeks silvery, wings hyaline, neivuies and tegulæ dark testaceous brown. Mr Cameron gives the anterior legs as "brightly broad yellow beneath," but it is not so either in the type or in the only other specimen in Mr Rothney's collection.

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Bombay $Q \circlearrowleft Length 4\frac{1}{2}-5$, exp 9 mm

583 Crabro sodalis, n sp

Q Covered all over with a thin downy white pubescence, head, pronotum scutellum, postscutellum, median segment, and abdomen smooth, polished and shining, mesonotum a little opaque and longitudinally striate, from the apex of the enclosed triangular space at the base of the median segment a vertical furrow, transversely striate inside, runs to the apex of the median segment Black, the clypeus, face, and cheeks behind the eyes with dense silvery pile, the scape of the antennæ, a broad line on the pronotum slightly interrupted in the middle, the tubercles, a spot on the back of the tegulæ, two spots behind it on each side of the scutellum, a line on the postscutellum, the femora at apex, the tibiæ, and basal joint of the taisi of all the legs above, and oval lateral spots on the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th segments of the abdomen, yellow, the posterior margins of all the segments narrowly testaceous, wings hyaline, nervures testaceous brown

Hab Tenasseim Q Length 10, erp 16 mm

*581 Crabro insignis, Smith, Cat iv, p 422, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) iii, 1890, p 270

Black, head opaque, subquadrate, rather wider than the thorax, the stemmata in a curve placed forwards on the vertex, the clupeus covered with pale golden pubescence, antennæ and Thorax opaque, the collar grooved, with the mandibles black anterior angles acute, the mesothorax longitudinally striated, with three abbreviated carine in front, the metathoral with a halfcircular space at base enclosed by a sharp ridge, in the centre of which are two longitudinal carina, on each side it is striate, the sides coarsely rugose, behind transversely striate, the wings fuscohyaline with a violet iridescence, nervures rufo-fuscous, anterior tible ferruginous within, the posterior femora with a yellow stripe above, and the tibiæ with a stripe outside Abdomen shining, the 1st segment with a yellow band in the middle, which emits a quadrate spot in front and has two deep notches behind, the 2-5 segments with a yellow fascia at their basal margins, which are narrowed in the middle, beneath the 2nd and 3rd segments have a yellow spot on each side

"Hab India (Smith) Q Length 14 mm"

585 Crabro spinifrons, n sp

Q d Head and abdomen smooth and shining, mesonotum and scutellum finely and the enclosed space at the base of the median segment coarsely longitudinally striate, the front above the antennæ deeply sulcate, with a pointed lamella projecting from the vertex over the sulcation. Black, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot on each side of the scutellum, a line on the post-scutellum, and lateral diagonally placed spots on segments 1-4 of the abdomen, with a transverse line at the base of the 5th segment, yellow, legs black, variegated with yellow, wings hyaline and nidescent, nervures and tegulæ dark testaceous

Hab Tenasserim & J Length 7-8, eap 11-13 mm

586 Crabio auricomus, n sp

A Head very bload, quadrate, flat above very finely punctured and densely pilose on the clypeus, the front, and behind the eyes, pronotum transverse, smooth and shining, with indications of a medial longitudinal groove, mesonotum anteriorly transversely, posteriorly obliquely striate, the strike very fine and regular, scutellum and postscutellum smooth, slightly punctured, median segment pubescent at the sides and finely transversely striate, the enclosed space reticulate, with faintly marked short longitudinal carnae, legs smooth, the tidike and tarsi with very few spines, abdomen smooth and shining. Black, the base of the mandibles, the flagellum of the antennæ, the scutellum, a line on the post-scutellum, the legs, and broad irregularly margined fasciæ across the middle of abdominal segments 1-5 above, yellow, beneath the 2nd 3rd, and 4th segments are yellow with subapical, lateral, lengthened black spots, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous yellow

Hab Assam Q Length 14, eap 24 mm.

587 Crabio quadriceps, n sp (Pl II, fig. 7)

Head square above, the cheeks behind the eyes remarkably flattened the Aypeus pilose, its auterior margin with a remarkable double 1 sel in the middle, the front, the sides of the head, vertex, and o ciput closely and finely punctured, thorax more coarsely punctured, very sparsely on the scutellum, which is prominent smooth, and shining, median segment short, with a very steep, almost vertical slope to the apex, slightly concave posteriorly and corrsely reticulate, legs short, stout, the tibiæ dilated, the posterior tibiæ with short stout spines on the outer side, abdomen smooth and shining, punctured, the punctures on the basal segment larger and coarser than on the following segments Black, the clypeus and the inner orbits of the eyes with dense silvery pile, the scape and basal two joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, a large spot on each side on the pronotum, the tubercles, the apex of the femore, the tibix and basal joint of the taisi of all the legs, and a lengthened lateral spot in the middle of segments 1-5 of the 328 SPHEGIDÆ

abdomen bright chrome-yellow, the intermediate femora at base and the apical joints of the tarsi reddish blown, wings hyaline with a brownish tint along the costal margins, neivules and tegulæ testaceous

Kumaun, and probably throughout North-west India HabΩ Length 12, evp 20 mm

588 Crabro argentatus

Lindenius aigentatus, Lepel Ann Soc Ent Fi iii (1834), p 792, id Hym iii, p 194, Dahlb Hym Eur 1, p 300

Ciabro argentatus, Smith, Cat iv, p 423, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) in, 1890, p 270

Oxybelus argenteolineatus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, pp 275 & 282

Head, thorax, and abdomen rather coarsely and closely punctured, clypeus nairow, tiansverse anteriorly, with a triple incision, a very short obscure furrow behind the anterior ocellus, and a shining forea on each side of the posterior ocelli, the enclosed space at base of median segment coarsely longitudinally striate, apical margins of segments 1-5 of the abdomen narrowly smooth and shining, the bases of the 2nd to the 5th segment constricted and pubescent, the apical segment densely pubescent line on the pronotum, the tubercles, the postscutellum, the cover beneath, the apex of the anterior femora the tibie and tarsi, and the intermediate and posterior tibiæ and tarsi pale yellow, all the tibiæ with a black elongate spot beneath, the clypeus, sides of the face, cheeks, sides of the median segment, and base of abdominal segments 2-5 with dense short silvery pile, the apical margins of segments 1-5 narrowly obscure reddish, pygidium with dense reddish-brown pubescence, wings hyaline, the apex obscurely fuscescent

9 Length 6, Hab India (Lepeliter), Barrackpore, Bengal

erp 12 mm

This and two other species, C nitidus and C bellus, described by Mr Cameron under the genus Oxybelus are undoubted Crabro, having no lateral squamæ or mucro, and a complete cubital and 2nd discordal cells, separated by a well-marked nervure.

589 Crabro bellus Oxybelus bellus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) m, 1890, pp 276 & 280

d Head, mesonotum, scutellum, median segment, and abdomen coarsely punctured and rugose, the pronotum, tubercles, and postscutellum smooth, impunctate, clypeus slightly convex, transverse, arched anteriorly, frontal hollow deep, densely pubescent; mesonotum with a short central longitudinal carina anteriorly. median segment widely reticulate, the enclosed triangular space at base with a few coarse longitudinal strime Black, the clypeus, front to above the base of the antennæ, and cheeks with dense silvery pile, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercles, a

CRABRO 329

large spot behind them on the mesopleu.æ, a spot on the lateral angles of the scutellum, the postscutellum, and large oval subapical spots on each side of the basil five segments of the abdomen, yellow, legs vellow, the coverabove the bases of the anterior and intermediate temora in front above and all but the apex of the posterior temora black the base of the abdominal segments lined with silvery pile, wings livaling, nervines testaceous, tegulæyellow, with a spot of black in the middle

Hab Poons of Length 8, cap 16 mm 2 unknown Type

in coll Rothney

Mr Cameron in his description notes the markings and legs red, but that colour in the type specimen is without doubt due to potassium cyanide

590 Crabro palitans, Bingh P Z S 1896, p 446, pl 15, fig 6, Q

Head and thorax very finely accoulate, dull and opaque, abdomen very finely and closely punctured, shining and polished, clypeus with an ob-cure vertical carina in the middle, the clypeus and the inner and outer orbits of the eyes, broadly interrupted at vertex, densely pilose, pronotum notched in the middle, mesonotum with a longitudinally impressed medial line anteriorly, median segment short, with a vertical slope to the apex an enclosed tilangular space at its base obliquely structe and medially longitudinally grooved, legs stout, the posterior tibia on the outside slightly spinose abdomen about as long as the head and thorax, fusiform Black the chipeus and the orbits of the eyes with dense silvery pile, the scape of the antennæ, a broad line on the pronotum, a spot behind the tegulæ, the scutellum in the middle, a line on the postscutellum (wanting in some specimens), the aper of the femora, and a more or less lengthened spot on the outer side of all the tibiæ, and lengthened lateral spots at the bases of segments 2-5 of the abdomen, yellow, wings fuscous with a slight purple effulgence nervines and tegulæ testaceous

Hab North-west India, Kumaun, Ceylon Probably will be

found throughout India Q Lingth 11, erp 20 mm

*591 Crabro fuscipennis, Lepel Ann Soc Ent Fr 111 (1834), p 710, and Hym 111, p 113. Smath, Cat 1v, p 422, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) 111, 1890, p 270

Head black mandibles black, with a spot of yellow on the middle Antennæ black, the bisal segment yellow, the apex black. Thorax black, lightly punctured, not shining A reliow interand postscutellum black Metathorax striate, the straightful divergent Abdomen black, shining, the 2nd, in outraidly segments with a line of yellow on each side at bas, and the somewhat obliquely set, the 5th segment margine, posterior with reddish yellow Legs red, the anterior fem, posterior mediate and posterior tilnæ, and the tarsi of all the interior fem, the interior fem, the interior mediate and posterior tilnæ, and the tarsi of all the interior fem, th

330 SPHEGIDÆ

Wings hyaline at base, remainder fuscous, the nervuies, stigma, and tegulæ black

"Hab India" No measurements are given I have failed to identify this species

- 592 Crabro nanus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) m, 1890, pp 270 & 274
- Q Head and thorax minutely but sparsely punctured, shining, clypeus and the sinus of the eyes densely pilose, the front above the base of the antennæ enclosed by two lateral slightly divergent and one transverse furiow midway between the antenor occilius and the base of the antennæ, a minute depression between the posterior occili, mesonotum anteriorly with two medial parallel, longitudinally impressed, short lines, and a deep circular small fovea on each side of them, median segment with a well-marked enclosed triangular space, the apex of the triangle reaching to the apex of the segment, the enclosure rugose, coarsely above and finely at the apex, abdomen smooth, shining, slightly prunose Black, the pile on the clypeus and face silvery, the scape of the antennæ in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tubercies, and the apex of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi of the legs bright yellow, wings hyaline, nervures testaceous

Hab Barrackpoie, Bengal Q Length 31, cip about 6 mm

d unknown Type in coll Rothney

593 Crabio nitidus Oxybelus nitidus Cam Man Mane

Oxybelus nitidus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc (4) ui, 1890, pp 276 & 281

P Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus broadly convex, the front excavate, glabious a shallow depression from the posterior occili to the eyes on each side, eyes hairy, median segment with a few short stout longitudinal carina at base enclosed by two convergent carina, which are continued as a single carina to the apex of the segment, mesopleural furrow crenulate, metapleurae excavate at base. Black, the clypeus and checks covered with dense silvery pile, the thorax and the pygidial area on the apical segment with a thin soft pale pubescence, the mandibles at base, clypeus, scape of the antennae, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, tegulæ, a spot at each lateral angle of the scutellum, a line on the postscutellum, and a lateral spot on the 1st, 2nd, 4th, and 5th abdominal segments yellow, the spots on the 2nd and 4th segments large, legs variegated with yellow, wings hyaline

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 7, exp. 12 mm

of unknown Type in coll Rothney

TRIBE *DIPLOPTERA.

Family EUMENIDÆ

Tongue elongate, projecting beyond the mandibles or folded back against the sternum, the median part bill at apex and with a lateral lamina surmounted by a coineous point at top of each of head variable, wider or narrower than the thorax, the divisions autennæ geniculate or arched, stout or filiform, 12-jointed in the Q, 13 jointed in the d, eyes remiform, the inner orbits having a sinus oi emaigination, thorax broad, more or less square in front, the posterior lateral angles of the pronotum reaching the base of the wings, legs generally slender and feebly armed, the into mediate tibia with one spine at aper, the claws dentate Wings when at 1est with a longitudinal fold, fore wing with one elongate radial cell, and, owing to the extension of the cubital nervine to the margin of the wing, four cubital cells, the 2nd cubital cell receiving both, or the 2nd and 3rd cells each receiving one, of the recurrent nervures, the 1st discordal cell considerably longer than the 1st submedian cell Abdomen very variable

Key to the Genera

A First abdominal segment long and narrowed into a petiole

 Petiols broad and flattened in the middle, narrow at base and apex, labril palpi 3-jointed, maxillary palpi 6-jointed

b Petrole not narrowed at apex. labal pripr 4-jointed, maxillary palpr 6-jointed

a' Mandibleslong, pointed, without distinct teeth, antenno inserted high up in the middle of the face

b' Mandibles short, truncate, dentate at apex, antennæ inserted verv low down on the face

c Petrole gradually widening to apex, labral palpi 3-jointed, maxillary palpi 5-jointed, mandibles moderately long

B First abdominal segment not narrowed into a long petiole cither pseudosessile or only slightly narrowed

a Second cubital cell not petiolate

a' Labial palpi 4-jointed, not plumed
a- Apical 3 joints of maxillary palpi
yery small united, equal in length
to the 3rd joint

Zетні**s**, р 332

Euvenes, p 333

Labis p 348

MONTI / UVIA, p 349

Reinchium, p 351

^{*} The 3rd and following abdominal segments in the Diploptera are stretrictile and often withdrawn after death within the 2nd segment, the insure greater accuracy, all meas rements of length are from the fibead to the posterior margin of the 2nd abdominal segment

b² Apical 3 joints of maxillary palpi very small, united, distinctly longer than the 3rd joint b' Labial palpi 3-jointed, plumed b Second cubital cell petiolate

Odinfrus, p 300 Ptfrochilus, p 373 Alastor, p 374

Genus ZETHUS

Vespa, pt, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 263 (1798) Zethus, Fabr Syst Piez p 282 (1804) Eumenes, pt Latr Hist Nat VIII, p 344 (1805) Epipona, pt, Spin Gay, Chile, VI, p 248 (1851) Calligaster, Sauss Mon Guíp Sol p 22 (1852)

Type, Z cæruleopennis, Fabr Range Neotropical and Oriental regions

Head somewhat wider than the thorax, emarginate posteriorly, mandibles oblique at the apex, with large terminal teeth, short,

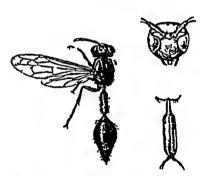


Fig 91—Zethus dolosus, Q

scarcely forming a beak, the apices slightly crossing one over the other, antenna inserted about the middle of the face, massive, the middle joints of the flagellim the thickest, clypeus broader than high, ocelliplaced in a triangle somewhat anteriorly on the vertex 'Thorax oval, pronotum anteriorly truncate, the median segment posteriorly steeply sloped, legs slight, short Wings rather long and narrow, radial cell of fore wing short, not reaching beyond the apex

of the 3rd cubital cell, shortly appendiculate, 1st cubital cell equal to the 2nd and 3rd united on the cubital nervure, 2nd cubital cell at top about one-fourth of its length measured on the cubital nervure, 3rd broader at top than it is on the cubital nervure Abdomen the 1st segment produced into a petiole, which is attenuate at base and apex, broad and vertically flattened in the middle, base of 2nd segment shortly petiolate, remaining segments forming with the 2nd a broad oval, rarely withdrawn inside it

I have always found the species of this genus solitary, but have never come across the nest Foibes ('A Naturalist's Wanderings in the Eastern Archipelago,' p 72) states that the Javan species, Z cyanopterus, makes a large communal nest like the social wasps

Key to the Species

a Legs bright ferruginous b Legs black . . .

Z ceylonicus, p 33 3 Z dolosus, p 333.

594 Zethus ceylonicus, Sauss Novara Reise, Hym p 5

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and somewhat coarsely punctured and pubescent, the pubescence short, not very dense, rather sparse and thin on the scape of the antennæ, the thorax, and legs mesonotum with two longitudinal divergent grooves, anteriorly slightly widening and not quite reaching the margin, median segment almost vertically under the postscutellum, with a broad shallow median groove, hiving a narrow impressed line down the middle, and transversely striate, abdomen—the petiole long, grooved above, the rest of the segments subglobose Black and shining, the pubescence fuscous, a narrow line on the posterior angles of the pronotum not continued to the front, a minute spot under it, the tegulæ and costal and medial nervure of the fore wing at base, and the trochanters, femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of all the legs bright ferruginous, wings fusco-hyaline with a purple effulgence

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Ceylon Q Length 17, exp 28 mm

595 Zethus dolosus, n sp Zethus cyanopterus, Bingh (nec Sauss) Jour Bomb λ H Soc 1, p 244, \$\Q\$

Head, thorax, and abdomen shining, punctured, thinly pubescent, clypeus broad, convex, arched anteriorly, the punctures fine and shallow, front and vertex more coarsely punctured, the tegulæ and sides of the median segment glabrous, mesonotum with two parallel impressed lines on the disc, scutellum medially longitudinally grooved, median segment with a medial broad sulcatron, which within is finely reticulate and bears a longitudinal carma along the middle, the aper with two obtuse teeth, petiole densely punctured on the broadened portion and bearing an obscure medial longitudinal carina above, 2nd abdominal segment finely and sparsely punctured, 3rd broadly smooth and impunctate at base and nairowly along its apical margin, the iniddle finely and closely punctured, remaining segments with a few scattered punctures Black, the pubescence fuscous, the flagellum of the antennæ dull opaque black wings fusco-hyaline, darker along the costal margin of the fore wing

Hab Burma (Pegu Hills), Tenasserim Q Length 15-16,

eιρ 28 mm – σ unknown

Genus EUMENES

Vespa, pt, Lunn Faun Suec p 415 (1761) Sphex, pt, Christ, Naturg Ins p 315 (1791) Eumenes, Lati Hist Nat Ins xiii, p 344 (1805)

Type, E coarctata, Linn Range Both hemispheres

Head flat, eyes large, prominent, the sinus in their inner orbits nairow, ocelli in a broad triangle on the vertex, antennæ of moderate length, the scape long, the flagellum incrassate in the female, the apex in the male hooked, curved or spirally rolled, inserted in

334 EUMENIDÆ

the middle of the face, clypeus of variable shape, generally pyriform or subpyriform and longer than broad, mandibles long, flat, pointed, forming by their junction a more or less acute beak, or crossing one over the other, maxillary palpi with six, labial

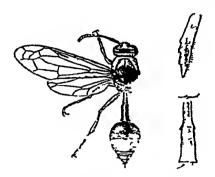


Fig 92—Eumenes petiolata, Q



Fig 93—Eumenes petiolata, d Head and antenna

palpi with four joints. Thorax a little longer than broad, sub-globose, median segment short, nearly vertical, divided medially by a broad and at apex deep groove, legs slender, the apex of posterior pair not reaching the apex of the abdomen. Wings—the indial cell of the fore wing reaching well out towards the apex of the wing, the 1st cubital cell on the cubital nervure equal to or longer than the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd strongly narrowed towards the top, the 2nd transverse cubital nervure oblique, waved, the cubital nervure extended to the margin of the wing Abdomen—the 1st segment extremely narrowed, forming a lengthened petiole, the 2nd sometimes narrowed at base, the 2nd and following segments united, pyriform

Most if not all of the species of this genus make little rounded cells of clay for nests, provisioning these with caterpillars as food for their larvæ Eumenes conica, flavopicia, and arcuata are very bold insects, coming into houses and constructing their nests on the walls, against the punkah, on the legs and bottom of chairs, tables, &c, and permitting close inspection of their nest-building

operations without showing any alarm or irritation

Key to the Species

A Median segment oblique, not vertical, grooved down the middle, the groove not broadened below

a Apex of median segment quadridentate
 a' Petiole shorter or equal to the thorax and median segment united
 a² Colours black and yellow, petiole of

abdomen sometimes ferruginous

b² Colours ferruginous red and yellow

b' Petiole distinctly longer than thorax

and median segment united

[p 336 E quadrispinosa, E brevirostrata, p 387

E depressa, p 337

b Apex of median segment simple, not dentate

B Median segment convex, vertical, with a slight groove down the middle, groove not or scarcely broadened at apex

a Abdomen up to aper of 2nd segment

punctured and granular in appearance a' Second abdominal segment without a lateral yellow spot

a² Legs black, variegated with yellow

b2 Legs terruginous

b' Second abdominal segment with a lateral yellow spot

b Abdomen smooth, slightly shining

O Median segment convex, vertical, with a well-marked groove down the middle, widening at apex into a deep A-shaped hollow

a Petiole long, gradually widening to the aper, longer, never shorter than the thorax and median segment united, medially with well-developed prominent

lateral tubercles

a' Large, robust, length over 25 mm a² Second and following abdominal segments wholly black above, 2nd segment sometimes with a lateral red spot at base

b2 Second abdominal segment wholly

black, following segments red c2 Second abdominal segment red or blackish at base, apical half and following segments yellow

d² Second abdominal segment red at base, apical half and following

segments black

b' Smaller, more slender, length under 25 mm

a² Second abdominal segment red at base, with a black transverse medial band, the apical third yellow

a³ Sides of the median segment posteriorly red, fore wing always with a subapical fuscous spot

b3 Sides of the median segment yellow posteriorly, fore wing without a subapical fuscous spot

b² Second abdominal segment red at base with a black transverse medial band, apical margin and following

segments red Second abdominal segment red at base with a medial black band, apical margin yellow, following

segments red

E indiana, p 338

E urchitectus, p 339 E humber trana, p 335

E punctata p 339 E affinissima, p 340

E circinalis, p 340

E santhura, p 341

E petiolata, p 341

[p 342 E dimidiatipennis,

E esuriens, p 342

E gracilis, p 343

E conica, p 343

E elegans, p 344

336 EUMENIDÆ

d² Second abdominal segment red at base, no black band, apical half yellow, following segments red

b Petrole very long, half as long again as the thorax and median segment united, narrow linear

a' Large, robust, length over 23 mm
 a² Colour black, with abundant yellow markings

a³ Disc of mesonotum with two yellow hook-like marks back to back

b³ Disc of mesonotum with two short lines and two transverse cuived marks above them yellow

c³ Disc of mesonotum entirely black
b² Colour entirely black, clypeus and space between antennæ in 3 marked with rellow

b' Smaller and very slender, length 12 mm, black with a few yellow markings

D Median segment comparatively longer, not vertical, depressed below the level of the postscutellum, and distinctly laterally compressed, of very small size, length 7-8 mm

L eduardsu, p 344

E flacopicta, p 345

E arcuata, p 346 E blanchardi, p 347

E curvata, p 347

E lenis, p 347

L erigia, p 348

596 Eumenes quadrispinosa, Sauss Mon Guêp Sol Suppl p 134, Q 3, pl vn, figs 2, 2 g, Smith, Cat v, p 23

Q Head and thorax lightly and very sparsely punctured, the punctures on each side of the front somewhat closer, on the thorax very shallow and scattered, abdomen densely prumose and opaque, clypeus broadly pyriform, convex, the apex sharply



Fig 94—Eumenes quadrepinosa,

incised, median segment with a broad medial longitudinal furrow, with two sharp teeth on each side of it at apex, petiole stout, broad at apex, about as long as the remaining abdominal segments the medial tubercles small but distinct and lateral. Black, the head yellow, the mandibles, a transverse line on the vertex, and the apical ten joints of the flagellum of the antennæ black, the last fulvo-ferruginous beneath pronotum yellow, the posterior angles black, the tubercles, a spot at the base of the mesopleuræ, two parallel lines on the disc of the mesonotum, the tegulæ except a spot

on the middle, the lateral angles of the scutellum, a line on the postscutellum, a spot above, and a large spot below on each side on the median segment, two contiguous spots on the apex of the petiole above, a band (emarginate anteriorly) on the posterior half of the 2nd abdominal segment, and the remaining segments yellow, the last black at base when exserted, legs black, variegated with yellow, the petiole of the abdomen ferruginous, wings deep flavo-byaline,

337

with the extreme apex of the fore wings fuscous and the costal border darker in colour. The above is the description of the type specimen. The commoner variety has much less yellow on the head, and the broad band on the posterior half of the 2nd abdominal segment is reduced to an elongate oval spot on each side; the petiole also is black, not ferruginous

EUMENES

d similar, slighter, the scape of the antennæ black with a streak

of vellow anteriorly

Hab. Mussooree, NW Himalayas, Sikhim, Calcutta, Central India, Madras, Burma, Tenusserim Q Length 21-23, exp. 40-43 mm & Length 18-20, exp 34-36 mm

- 597 Eumenes depressa, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 135, 2, Smith, Cat v, p 23
- Vertex and front closely and finely punctured, thorax in front with a few scattered punctures, the postscutellum, median segment, and abdomen smooth and impunctate, the 2nd and following segments of the last densely prunose, clypeus slightly convex, broadly subpyriform in the female, narrower in the male, deeply emarginate anteriorly, median segment posteriorly with a broad medial furrow and four blunt teeth at apex Black, the clypeus, a vertical streak above it, the emargination of the eyes, a line on the inner orbits not reaching the vertex, the cheeks, a broad line on the pronotum, two hook-shaped marks back to back on the disc of the mesonorum, a spot on the mesopleure, the tegulæ, a square spot at each lateral angle of the scutellum, the sides postemorly of the median segment, two elongate spots or streaks on the petiole above, two configuous spots at its aper (these spots bent at right angles and continued along the sides at the apex of the petiole), a large oval spot on each side of the 2nd abdominal segment, and transverse anteriorly emarginate or festioned bands on the apical margins of segments 2-5, yellow, legs black variegated with yellow, a small round black spot on the yellow of the tegulæ, and a larger one on the yellow on each side of the median segment, wings fusco-hyaline with a full ous tinge, slightly purplish along the costal margin of fore wing; the wings in the male piler than in the female

Hab India (Saussure and Smith). Tenasserim Q Length 20, exp 40 mm 3. Length 16, exp 30 mm

- 598 Eumenes brevirostrata, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 136, pl vu, fig 1, 2 d, Smith, Cat v, p 23
- Q. Hend, thorax, and abdomen nearly smooth, the few punctures on them widely scattered, clypeus oval raised flat above the anterior margin, with two projecting teeth, front between the antenna subtuberculate, with an elongate narrow depression above, median segment quadridentate at apex, medially furrowed, postscutellum subangular posteriorly, petiole not particularly long, broad at apex. Red, the clypeus, an irregular mark on the front,

338 EUMENIDÆ

extending to the sinus of the eyes and emitting a streak along the orbits towards the vertex, the cheeks and back of the head, the pionotum anteriorly, two parallel longitudinal lines on the disc of the mesonotum, a spot at the lateral angles of the scutellum, and the posterior half of the 2nd and following abdominal segments, yellow, legs variegated with yellow, wings flavo-hyaline, dull not indescent

d similar, smaller and slighter, the apex of the median segment

sometimes yellow

Hab Sikhun, Calcutta Madras Q Length 18–20, exp 42 mm 3 Length 17, exp 40 mm

- 599 Eumenes indiana, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 136, 9, pl vii, fig 3, Smith, Cat v, p 23
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen sparsely punctured, shining, clypeus large, rearly hexagonal, slightly convex, its anterior margin incised, thorax depressed, median segment with a medial longitudinal furrow posteriorly, the sides obliquely truncate, smooth, petiole of abdomen with an obscure tubercle on each side of the middle underneath. Jet-black, a spot on the front, another above the base of the mandibles, the scape of the antennæ anteriorly, and transverse bands on the posterior margins of the basal two abdominal segments yellow, the band on the basal segment or petiole interrupted in the middle, that on the 2nd interrupted on each side above, apex of the mandibles the tegulæ, and knees fulvous red, wings fusco-hyaline, suffused with violet

of similar, smaller the clypeus, a spot above it, a line in the emargination of the eyes, a line behind the eyes at top, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot on the tegulæ posteriorly, another on each lateral angle of the postscutellum, and a third on either side at the extreme apex of the median segment, yellow, the transverse bands on the posterior margins of the basal two segments

complete, legs variegated with yellow

Hab India or Africa? (Saussure), Tenasserim Q. Length 145, exp 28 mm & Length 12, exp 24 mm

- 600 Eumenes humbertiana, Sauss Novara-Reise, Hym p 6, 2 d
- Q Vertex of the head, the thorax, petiole and 2nd segment of the abdomen somewhat strongly and closely punctured, the clypeus and the 3rd and following abdominal segments smooth, the clypeus broader below than at base and with its apex ending in two blunt teeth, the mandibles long and slender, the thorax globose, nearly as wide as long, the petiole of the abdomen long, slender at base, widened, with the sides nearly parallel from beyond the middle Black the extreme apex of the clypeus, the apical half of the mandibles, the tegulæ, and the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs ferruginous, the apex of the posterior tibiæ and the tarsi fuscous; a narrow twice-interrupted line on the margin of the pronotum, a spot under each wing, two contiguous spots on the postscutellum, a spot on each side of the median segment at base, sometimes another

on each side of the apex, and the margin of the petiole posteriorly yellow, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence

& similar, the clypeus emarginate at apex, not bidentate Hab Pundaloya (Green), Ceylon. Q Length 15. erp 28 mm d slightly smaller

601 Eumenes architectus, Smith, Jour Linn Soc in (1859), p 20, ያ ፈ

2 d Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and densely punctured, obscurely pubescent, clypeus convex, broader below than above, the apex deeply, the sides slightly emarginate; the median segment rounded posteriorly and bulging, petiole of abdomen long, subcylindrical, longer than the head and thorax united, the 2nd segment large and very broad Black, clypeus in the male yellow, in the female black, a clarate spot between the antennæ, an obscure very short line behind the eyes at top, a narrow line on the pronotum, another, medially interrupted, on the postscutellum, a spot on each side behind the tegulæ, and a narrow line on the apical margins of the petiole and of the 2nd segment of the abdomen, yellow, legs black variegated with yellow, wings fuscohyaline with a coppery effulgence

Var The yellow markings entirely wanting
Hab Tenasserim. Celebes Q & Length 11-12, exp 23 mm The type from Celebes has more yellow about it, but many of the co-types from Celebes are like the Indian form described above

602 Eumenes punctata, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 37, Q d, Smith, Cat 1, p 24

Head and thorax punctured, thinly pubescent, abdomen

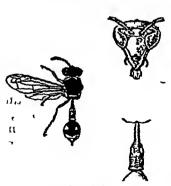


Fig 95 Eumenes punctata, Q

more densely punctured, granular, clypeus coffin-shaped, apex depressed and deeply incised, antennal carina short, clavate, median segment roundly truncate posteriorly, with slight medial vertical sulcation. Black, the pubescence on the head and thorax short, soft, fuscous, two spots at the base of the clypeus, the antennal carina, the posterior margin of the pronotum broadly, the tegulæ, postscutellum, the apices of the femora. the tibiæ and tarsi, the posterior margins of the petiole and of succeeding four segments of the abdomen, and

spot on each side of the 2nd segment, yellow, the yellow band on the petiole and on the 2nd segment deeply emarginate anteriorly; wings hyaline suffused with brown

d similar, only the petiole of the abdomen granular, 2nd and

succeeding segments punctured, shiming, clypeus entirely yellow, the yellow band on the pronotum narrow

Hab Kumaun, Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 13,

exp 26 mm J. Length 11, exp 20 mm

603 Eumenes affinissima, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 37, 5, Smith, Cat v, p 21
Eumenes mainpuriensis, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 189, 5, pl xx, figs 3, 3 a

Q & Head, thorax, and petiole of abdomen coarsely punctured, rugulose, clypeus coffin-shaped, the apex deeply incised, the antennal carina short, the front with an indistinct furrow below the anterior occilius, median segment roundly truncate posteriorly, deeply furrowed down the middle—Black, the clypeus, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the tegulæ, the postscutellum, the apices of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi of the legs, a transverse band on the posterior margins of abdominal segments 1–5 in female, 1–6 in male, and a spot on each side of the 2nd segment, yellow, wings hyaline, lightly fuscescent along the costal margin of the fore wing

Var A line on the cheeks behind the eyes at the top, two spots on each side of the median segment, and a spot on each side of the

petiole in the middle vellow

Hab Mainpuri, NWP (Horne), Tenasserim Q Length 10-11, exp 20-22 mm & Length 10 exp 19-mm I have followed Saussure in separating this species from the European E pomiformus, but the two are very closely allied, if not identical

- 604 Eumenes circinalis, Fabr Syst Piez p 286, Sauss Mon Guêp Sol p 47, pl x, fig 7, 2 3, Smith, Cat v, p 22
- Q Head and thorax closely punctured, abdomen smooth, the petiole shining, clypeus long, pyrifoim, lightly emarginate at apex, antennal carina well-marked, branching into a narrow fork above the base of the antennæ, median segment furrowed down the middle, the furrow broad at apex, petiole not particularly long, the medial lateral tubercles well developed, almost spinose Black, the clypeus, the inner orbits, the antennæ, the pronotum except its posterior angles, two oval spots on the mesonotum anteriorly, a spot on the mesopleuræ at base, the sides of the median segment, a V-shaped mark on the petiole, the sides of the petiole at apex, and the apical four ventral segments, red, legs ied variegated with black, wings deep flavo- or fulvo-hyaline, darkening towards the base

& sımılar, clypeus yellow

Var The petiole, except for a subapical band, and a spot on each side of the base of the 2nd segment red

Hab India (Saussure and Smith), Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 25, exp 50 mm & Length 23, exp 45 mm EUMENES 341

605 Eumenes xanthura, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 46, Q, Smith, Cat v, p 21

Q Head and thorax pubescent, abdomen densely prumose, the clypeus convex, subovate, the sides anteriorly roundly emarginate, the apex in the middle truncate, median segment with a medial vertically-impressed line ending in a deep triangular hollow petiole of abdomen suddenly widened from the middle to the apex, the medial tubercles beneath large and well-developed. Black, the pubescence fuscous, two broad lines on the clypeus, an abbreviated line along the inner orbits below the emargination of the eyes, the scape, and basal three or four joints of the flagellum of the antennæ above, a spot between their bases, a line behind the eyes, a large patch on each side of the pronotum, the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs, the petiole of the abdomen, except a narrow subapical band above, and the apical four segments red, wings fulvous, hyaline

of similar, the clypeus is shorter and narrower, the sides and apex as well being deeply emarginate, the clypeus is also wholly red, the line on the inner orbits yellow, the petiole of the abdomen is more shaded with black, and the basal three ventral segments

have their apical margins narrowly red

Hab India (Saussure and Smith) Q Length 25-27, exp 45 mm & Length 23, exp 45 mm I have seen no Indian specimen of this species, those in the British Museum are labelled "New Caledonia"

606 Eumenes petiolata

Vespa petiolata, Fabr Sp Ins 1, p 467, Ent Syst 11, p 278 Eumenes petiolata, Fabr Syst Piez p 284, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 47, Q d, Smith, Cat v, p 26

Q Head and thorax with close shallow punctures, petiole smooth, the rest of the abdomen with the surface finely longitudinally aciculate, clypeus pyriform, its apex truncate, pronotum anteriorly transverse median segment with a medial longitudinal furrow, petiole broadening towards the apex, slightly flattened Head yellow, a broad black band between the eyes on the vertex, antennæ reddish brown, pronotum and mesonotum anteriorly yellow, the latter posteriorly black, scutellum and postscutellum reddish brown, sides of the thorax and legs black variegated with reddish brown, median segment reddish brown, with a narrow medial vertical black line, the sutures between the scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment black, petiole and basal third of the 2nd abdominal segment reddish brown, the former black at base and with a subapical black band, the middle of the latter black its posterior third and the remaining abdominal segments yellow, wings deep flavo- or fusco-hyaline

of similar, but slighter and generally darker, the 5th and 6th abdominal segments at base and the whole of the anal segment black.

A variety, which is most common, has the posterior portion of

the mesonotum and the flanks and legs reddish brown, with some

black markings

Hab Throughout India, not ascending the hills above 2000 feet, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, China, the Malayan subregion Q Length 25-27, exp 24-58 mm & Length 23-25, exp 46-49 mm

607. Eumenes dimidiatipennis, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 51, 9 3, Smith, Cat v, p 25

A Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus oval, convex, anterior margin transverse, antennal carina large,



Fig 96—Eumenes dimidiatipennis, 2 }

very short, with a very short fork above the base of the antennæ, scutellum with a short medial longitudinal carina at base, and the median segment with a medial longitudinal furrow, indistinct at base, widening and deepening into a triangular hollow at apex. Obscure dull red, the vertex, the apex of the antennæ, a mark on each side, and another at the apex of the mesonotum, the base of the petiole, and the apical half of the 2nd and the whole of the following abdominal segments black, wings ferruginous, with nearly the apical half of the fore wing fuscous, having a purple effulgence

of similar, but smaller and slighter, the head black, the orbits of the eyes red, mesonotum black, a black spot on the mesopleure.

Var 2 Entirely red, with no black markings

Hab Bombay, Malabar, Karáchi, Ahmadabad, Punjab, extending into Arabia and Africa Q. Length 24-27, exp 52 mm. Length 22-25, exp. 46-50 mm.

608 Eumenes esuriens

Vespa esuriens, Fabr Mant Ins 1, p 293 Eumenes esuriens, Fabr Syst Piez p 286, Sauss Mon Gulp Sol p 56, Q J, Smith, Cat v, p 22

Q. Clypeus and the cheeks behind the eyes smooth, front and vertex of the head and the thorax with close fine but shallow punctures, abdomen smooth, slightly shining, mandibles long, having a tooth at apex, and more or less toothed on the inner side, clypeus strongly convey, but flattened in the centre, its anterior margin transversely truncate at the apex, oblique at the sides, the front between the antennæ raised and prominent, with a broad short furrow at the base of the prominence, mesonotum anteriorly with a medial longitudinal fine carina, interrupted at the apex, but continued over the scutellum, median segment with a medial furrow broadening and deepening rapidly at apex, petiole as long as the head and thorax united, broadening at apex, beneath with two small tubercles in the middle and small depressions and

EUMENES 343

grooves at apex Head yellow, a broad band between the tops of the eyes across the vertex black, antennæ light reddish, pronotum, pro- and mesopleuræ, and postscutellum yellow, mesonotum for the most part black, scutellum, median segment, and legs light reddish, the anterior tibiæ and tarsi yellow, petiole of abdomen and base of the 2nd abdominal segment light reddish, the petiole and 2nd segment with a subapical band black, followed by a band of yellow, the yellow on the latter occupying the apical half of the segment, remaining segments yellow, with their bases (when drawn out) black, wings flavo-hyaline, with their apical margins broadly light tuscous, and a narrow subapical spot on the fore wing dark fuscous, nervures and tegulæ yellow

of similar, but more slender, anal segment, two spots on the

2nd ventral segment, and the posterior legs black

Var The head, except the black transverse band on the vertex,

and the mesonotum light reddish

Hab Throughout India generally, Burma and Tenasserim Q. Length 18-20, exp 34-37 mm & Length 16-18, exp 28-32 mm

609 Eumenes gracilis, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 57, 9 & Eumenes esur.ens, Smith (nec Fabr), Cat v, p 22, pt.

Q Closely allied to and resembling E esuriens, Fabr, but constantly more slightly built, with comparatively a broader clypeus, a



Fig 97
Eumenes gracilis,
P }

longer petiole, and darker wings. In colour it differs considerably, and is very constant to type I have seen no specimens that could be said to form links between the two species. Black, the clypeus and front up to the sinus of the eyes, a line on the cheeks, the pronotum, a large spot on the mesopleure, the postscutellum, the sides of the median segment posteriorly, a narrow subapical band on the petiole, and the posterior margins of the 2nd and following abdominal segments broadly yellow; the scutellum and the remaining parts of the petiole and 2nd segment

red, the scutellum sometimes yellow, a band on the petiole and on the middle of the 2nd segment, with the bases of the remaining segments, black; antennæ and legs reddish, each of the former with a spot of black at its apex

of similar but slighter, anal segment black.

Hab Egypt, Senegal (Sauss), Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 17-19, exp 32-36 mm & Length 16-18, exp 28-30 mm

- 610. Eumenes conica (Pl II, fig 9)
 Vespa conica, Fabr Mant Ins 1, p 293, Ent Syst 11, p 278
 Eumenes conica, Fabr Syst Piez p 285, Sauss Mon Guép Sol
 p 52, Q d, Smith, Cat v, p 22
 - 2. Head, above the antennæ, and thorax closely and lightly

punctured, abdomen smooth and shining, with the surface minutely aciculate, clypeus pyriform, its apex truncate, the space between the antennæ raised and parting into two divergent carinæ towards the ocelli, pronotum transverse anteriorly, median segment with a medial vertically-impressed line, widening at the apex of the segment into a deep hollow, petiole subcylindrical, considerably thickened towards the apex, 2nd segment of the abdomen constricted at base, and having a wide, somewhat deep channel on its ventral side Head yellow, the mandibles and antennæ reddish, a broad transverse band across the apex between the tops of the eyes black, thorax and abdomen dark red, the legs paler (sometimes yellowish), a medial longitudinal line on the mesonotum anteriorly, a transveise narrow line at its apex, the base of the 2nd abdominal segment, and a short transverse medially interrupted band on its middle above, black, wing dark flavo- or fuscohyaline, with a slight purplish effulgence

of similar, but smaller and slighter, the apex of the clypeus emaiginate, the scape of the antennæ in front yellow, the cheeks black, with a narrow yellow line next the outer orbits, the base in the middle above of abdominal segments 3-5 and the anal segment

black

Hab Throughout the plains of India, Burma, and Ceylon, extending to China and the Malayan region Q Length 23-25;

exp 40-44 mm & Length 18-20, exp 38-40 mm

E saundersu, Nietn, from the brief notice given of it in the Trans Ent Soc 1834, pp 60-62, I take to be the above species

611 Eumenes elegans, Sauss Mon Guêp Sol p 58, 2, Smith, Cat v, p 25

Q Head and thorax thinly pubescent, clypeus shining, anteriorly emarginate. Ferruginous a band between the eyes on the vertex, the mesonotum, the base of the petiole, and a broad band on the 2nd abdominal segment black, the posterior angles of the petiole and a band on the apical margin of the 2nd abbominal segment yellow, legs ferruginous, wings hyaline, ferruginous at their base, brownish tuscous with violet effulgence on their apical two-thirds

Hab Djidda, Arabia, India (Saussure) Q. Length 20, exp

38 mm 👩 unknown

I have not seen this species in any Indian collection, nor is it in either of the two collections I have examined from Aden

612 Eumenes edwardsu, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 60, 2, Smith, Cat v, p 22

2 The vertex of the head and the mesonotum rather closely, pronotum, scutellum, and postscutellum more sparsely punctured,

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345

median segment and abdomen smooth, the former slightly pubes-

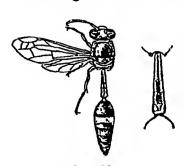


Fig 98 Eumenes edwardsı, Q

cent, clypeus convex, about twice as long as broad, anteriorly emarginate with a small tooth on each side, vertex of head and front rather flat, petiole of abdomen almost linear, without tubercles beneath ginous red, the clypeus, mandibles. and labrum, a short line on the middle of the pronotum, a streak on each side on the middle of the petiole, two subapical spots on the same above, and a broad band on the posterior margin of the 2nd abdominal segment yellow, the clypeus

with silvery pile, the vertex of the head, the mesonotum, and the middle of the petiole above more or less black, legs with a yellow streak on the tibiæ, 3rd and following abdominal segments a brighter ferruginous red than the rest of the body, wings hyaline, lightly ferruginous along the costal margin of the fore wing and with a very faint fuscous spot in the radial cell of the same

d similar, the sinus of the eyes yellow, the mesonotum entirely

black

Hab Bombay, North-West Provinces, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 16, exp 25 mm 3 Length 16, exp 26 mm

- 613 Eumenes flavopicta, Blanch Dict Univ Hist Nat, Ins Hym pl 11, fig 2, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 65, Q, Smith, Cat v,
- Head and thorax with large shallow, rather widely placed punctures, except on the disc of the mesonotum, where they are closer and deeper, with a tendency to run into longitudinal strice, abdomen opaque, the surface finely accoulate, clypeus subpyriform, the apex widely truncate, raised at base and sides and then suddenly flattened and depressed, petiole of abdomen long, gently broadening towards the apex, slightly vertically compressed along Black, shining, the head yellow with a black somewhat cowl-shaped mark on the vertex, or in a common form black with the clypeus, the front, the sinus of the eyes, and a line behind them yellow, thorax with the pronotum in front, the tegulæ (except a spot in the middle, sometimes absent), a small spot before and behind each of them, two scythe-shaped marks back to back on the mesonotum, a transverse rectangular mark on the scutellum, a curved line on the postscutellum, the median segment, and the flanks yellow, the last with a broad oblique line, and the median segment with a medial vertical line broadening above, black, legs yellow and black, abdomen with two spots at the base, two lateral in the middle, and a subapical band on the petiole,

a broad bar with irregular margins at base of 2nd segment, another broad subapical bar on its posterior margin, and broad transverse medially interrupted subapical bands on the remaining segments, yellow, beneath the abdomen is black, the 2nd vential segment with a yellow spot on each side, wings dark flavo-hyaline, with a slightly fuscous tinge and purplish effulgence

d similar, but slighter, with comparatively a longer petiole Hab Sikhim, Bengal, Malabar, Mysore, Madras, Ceylon, Burma, and Tenasserim Q Length 23-25, evp 46-50 mm d Length 19-22, exp 45-48 mm

614 Eumenes arcuata

Vespa alchata, Fabi Syst Ent p 371, id Ent Syst 11, p 276 Enthe nes alchata, Fabi Syst Piez p 287, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 63, Q, Smith, Cat v, p 29

Q Vertex of the head and the thorax with fine but shallow punctures, periole and abdomen smooth, the surface finely accoulate, the clypcus pyritorin, the apex sharply truncate, pronotum anteriorly transverse, the median segment with an impressed

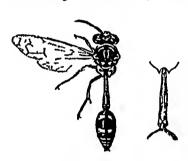


Fig 99 Fumines arcuata, \$

medial vertical line, the petiole long, narrow, only slightly broadening towards the apex, the base of the following abdominal segment constricted. Head and thorax black, the clypeus, the space between the antennæ, a line behind the eyes, the pronotum in front, two curved spots and two parallel longitudinal lines on the disc of the mesonotum, a broad or ter border to the tegulæ, a spot on each side on the scutellum, a broad line on the posterior margin of the postscutellum, and a broad

oblique line on the flanks under the base of each wing yellow, legs black, variegated with yellow, median segment yellow, with a broad medial mark, in the shape of a Maltese cross, black, abdomen black, two small lateral spots at the base of the petiole, and two about the middle, with a subapical band at the apex of the same above, two large pyriform spots near the base of the 2nd segment, and subapical bands on the posterior margins of the 2nd and following segments, yellow, these bands interrupted narrowly above and broadly below the 2nd segment has also two minute lateral spots on the middle beneath, wings very light brownish or fusco-hyaline

d similar, but smaller and slighter, with the anal segment entirely black. The depth of the yellow markings varies in different individuals

Hab Throughout India, Burma, and Ceylon, not extending up the Himalayas to any height, but spread generally through the

347

Indo-Malayan region as far as New Guinea 2. Length 24-26, eap 49-52 mm 3 Length 19-21, eap 36-38 mm

- 615 Eumenes blanchardi, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 66, ♀, Smith, Cat v, p 22
- $\mathfrak Q$ Closely allied to and resembling E arcuata differing chiefly in the head and thorax being totally devoid of the yellow markings present in that species, the clypeus is smaller, its apex angularly emarginate, not truncate, and the petiole more filiform

Hub India, Pondichery (Saussure and Smith) Q Length

23-26, exp 41-44 mm & Length 20-21, exp 36 mm

- 616 Eumenes curvata, Sauss Mon Guêp Sol Suppl p 145, Q, Smith, Cat v p 25
- Q Head and thorax with fine close but shallow punctures, abdomen entirely impunctate, smooth and shining, clypeus oval, strongly convex, widely but only slightly emarginate anteriorly, front between the anterior subtuberculate, with an impressed medial line from the anterior ocellus to the apex of the convexity, median segment with a shallow impressed line from base leading to a deep triangular hollow at the apex, petiole long, fillform, with only an indication of the two tubercles in the middle below Entirely of an intense black, wings dark fuscous, with a beautiful rich purple effulgence

of similar, smaller and slighter, the wings somewhat lighter in colour, in some specimens a broad line down the middle of the

clypeus and a triangular spot above it are yellow

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, the Philippines Q Length 24-26, eap 48-52 mm & Length 20-21, exp 40-45 mm

617 Eumenes lenis, n sp

2 Head, thorax, and petiole of abdomen finely and somewhat closely punctured, 2nd and following segments of the abdomen smooth, highly polished, shining, clypeus scutiform, narrower above than below, the apex slightly emarginate, the sides oblique, the medial furrow on the slope of the median segment obscure, above distinct and widening into a triangular hollow at apex, petiole of abdomen very long, about twice the length of the head and thorax united, filiform, base of 2nd abdomural segment with a short petiole. the medial tubercles on the petiole beneath small, obscure, legs very Black, the clypeus and apex of the median segment with a thin, short, hoary pubescence, the base of the clypeus, a spot above it between the bases of the antennæ, a transverse spot above that, a line on the pronotum, a spot in front of and two spots behind the tegulæ, a spot at the lateral angles of the postscutellum, an elongate spot on each side at the apex of the median segment, the anterior and intermediate tibia, and a narrow subapical line on the posterior margins of the petiole and 2nd segment of the abdomen, yellow.

tars: rufo-fuscous, wings fusco-hyaline, darkest along the costal margin of the fore wing

Hab Rangoon, Burma Q Length 12, erp 19 mm & un-

known

- 618 Eumenes exigua, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 150, 3, Smith, Cat v, p 22
- Head, thorax, and the basal half of the petiole of the abdomen closely and finely punctured, rest of the abdomen smooth, impunctate, but not shining, head remarkably orbicular, clypeus nearly circular, slightly convex, its anterior margin not incised, antennæ inserted low down just above base of clypeus, pronotum transverse, slightly recurved along anterior margin and bearing a spine on the anterior lateral angles, median segment much depressed, with a medial deep longitudinal furrow from base to apex, petiole long, clavate, with a subapical constriction the front, the emargination of the eyes, the clypeus, the pleuræ, and sides and apex of the median segment with short silvery pubescence, the clypeus except a narrow margin anteriorly, a broad line on the pronotum, the margins of the tegulæ, two spots on the apex of the scutellum, the anterior and intermediate tibia and tarsı above, a spot at the base of each posterior tibia above, and narrow transverse bands on the margins of the petiole and of the 2nd abdominal segment, yellow, wings hyaliue, shaded with fuscous

Hab India (Saussure and Smith), Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 8, exp 14 mm & Length 7, exp 13 mm

Genus LABUS.

Labus, Sauss Novara-Reise, Hym p 3 (1867)

Type, L spiniger, Sauss Range The Oriental region

"Mandibles short truncate, apex dentate but not along the inner margin, folded horizontally close to the clypeus, forming a very

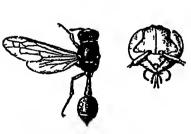


Fig 100 Labus humbertianus, Q

short beak Maxillæ subelongate, palpi with 6 joints Labium subelongate, palpi with 4 joints Pronotum small, wide, anteriorly angular and toothed, posteriorly narrowed and arched Legs slender, tarsi elongate, 1st joint of the tarsi longest Wings normal Second cubital cell not petiolate, but angular towards the radial cell, produced and truncate towards the base of the wing, receiving both recurrent nervures, the 1st re-

current nervure continuous with the lower margin of the cell

Radial cell wide, truncate or bluntly rounded at apex Abdomen with a very long petiole, which is linear, only slightly dilated at the apex" (Sauss)

- 619 Labus humbertianus, Sauss Novara-Reise, Hym p 4, 2 d, pl 1, fig 2 (wing)
- Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, and basal half of the petiole of the abdomen above coarsely and closely, median segment and 2nd abdominal segment very sparsely and finely punctured, the 3rd and following segments of the abdomen smooth, clypeus convex, bidentate anteriorly, median segment with a deep and broad sulcation, bidentate at apex Black, with obscure silvery pile, the pronotum anteriorly, the lateral angles of the scutellum, and the apical margins of the petiole and of the 2nd abdominal segment, vellow, legs, the posterior tibiæ at base yellow, wings fuscohyaline, tegulæ yellow, nervures black

of similar, the scape of the autennæ in front and the middle

of the clypeus yellow

I resembling the of in colouring, the tibiæ of all the legs above vellow

Hab Ceylon, Burina, Tenasserim 2 & Length 8-9 exp $\mathbf{m}\mathbf{m}$

Genus MONTEZUMIA

Eumenes, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 288 (1804) Odynerus, pt, Spin Ann Soc Ent Fr x, p 127 (1841) Montezumia, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 87, pl v, fig 3 (1852)

Type, M morosa, Sauss, and M rufidentata, Sauss

Range Neotropical and Oriental regions

Head large, concave posteriorly, mandibles moderately long, narrow, the teeth on the inner margin rounded, antennæ inserted about the middle of the face; clypeus broadly pyriform



Fig 101 -Montezumia burmanıca, Q

not narrowed anteriorly, truncate, with the head closely approximate, oval postemorly, with a rounded steep slope, legs stout, of moderate length Wings long and broad, radial cell in fore wing deep, the apex acute and on a level with the apex of the 3rd cubital cell, 1st cubital cell one-fourth as long again, measured on the cubital nervure, as the 2nd and 3rd united, 2nd strengly constricted at top, 3rd wider above than on the cubital nervure Abdomen (in the Oriental species) petiolate, the petiole much broadened at the apex, 2nd segment very large, remaining segments

much smaller, often withdrawn telescopically inside the 2nd

Key to the Species

a Head, thorax, and abdomen black, immaculate

M indica, p 350.

 Head, thorax, and abdomen black with yellow markings
 a' Markings few and slight

M burmanica, p 350

a' Markings few and slight, wings dark
 b Markings numerous and moderately broad, wings light brownish hyaline

M impavida, p 351

620 Montezumia indica (Pl II, fig 10)
Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 167, Q, pl 1x, fig 4, Smith, Cat
v, p 41

A Head, thorax, and abdomen finely punctured, the vertex and front with rather a coarse granular appearance, the thorax and abdomen more sparsely punctured than the head, clypeus flat, anteriorly truncate, the margin transverse, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a medial deep longitudinal groove, the apex emarginate on each side, petiole of abdomen flat in the middle, coarsely longitudinally striate. Jet-black and shining, the clypeus in the middle, a line on the scape of the antennæ in front, the apex of the median segment on each side, and a spot on the apical joint of all the tarsi, orange, wings deep fuscous brown, with a coppery and purple effulgence

Hab Sikhim (raie), Java Q Length 23-25, exp 50-54 mm

621 Montezumia burmanica, n sp

Q Closely allied to and resembling M indica, Saussure, but smaller, different in sculpture, and with a few slight vellow markings Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured, the punctures on the head finer and closer than on the thorax, those on the abdomen widely spaced and confined to the basal two segments and apical margins of the 3rd and 4th, the bases of these two segments and the 5th and 6th smooth, clypeus large, convex, the apex depressed and emarginate, the front between the antenna subtuberculate, scutellum large, with a broad, smooth, shining, medial longitudinal carina, median segment finely rugose, the sides obliquely truncate, smooth, with a few indistinct oblique striæ, a wide, deep, medial longitudinal furrow runs from base to apex of the segment, petiole with an obtuse tubercle on each side beneath close to the middle, and a medial longitudinal furrow on the apical Jet-black, a minute spot between the bases of the half above antennæ, another behind the eyes, an abbreviated narrow line on the posterior margin of the pronotum in the middle, and a transverse narrow line on the posterior margin of the basal two abdominal segments, yellow; the line on the basal segment interrupted in the middle, that on the 2nd segment interrupted broadly on each side, legs black, a yellow line on the anterior tibia above, and the knees and apical joint of the tarsus obscurely fulvous red, wings fuscous with a purple effulgence, the posterior wing hyaline at base

d similar, but smaller, a triangular spot at the base of the clypeus, another above it, and a minute spot in the emargination of the eyes yellow, the yellow markings on the anterior tibiæ and on the abdomen absent

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 16, evp 30 mm & Length 12, exp 24 mm

622 Montezumia impavida, n sp

Head thorax, and abdomen punctured, the punctures fine, sparse and shallow on the head and thorax, somewhat denser and deeper on the abdomen, clypeus broadly pyriform, convex, flat in the middle, the apex lightly emarginate, mesonotum with a longitudinally-impressed line on the disc, median segment divided down the middle by a broad furrow, petiole of abdomen with a medial shallow furrow on its apical half Black, shining, a spot at the base of the mandibles, the clypeus, a wedge-shaped spot above it, the scape of the antennæ in front, a line on the inner orbits entering the emargination of the eyes and running to the vertex, a broad line behind the eyes not reaching the vertex, the sides of the pronotum broadly but not reaching the posterior angles, a spot at the base of the mesopleure, the tegule, a spot in front and another behind them, two parallel longitudinal lines on the mesonotum, the lateral angles of the scutellum, a line on the postscutellum, the apical half of the median segment, a transverse band on the apical margin of the petiole, a much broader band, deeply emarginate in the middle anteriorly, on the 2nd addominal segment, a narrow band on the apical margin of the 3rd segment, this band with a small incision anteriorly on each side, and a square mark in the middle of the apical margins of the 4th and 5th segments, yellow, legs black, variegated with reddish vellow wings brownish hyaline, darker along the costal margin. nervures dark brown, tegulæ with a spot of black in the middle

Hab Burma (Pegu Hills), Tenasserim Q Length 14;

erp 27 mm

Genus RHYNCHIUM.

Vespa, pt, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 265 (1793) Polistes, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 273 (1804) Rygchium, Spinola, Ins Lig 1, p 84 (1806) Odvnerus, pt, Guér Voy Bélanger, Zool p 503 (1834) Rhynchium, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 170 (1854)

Type, R oculatum, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head variable, generally as broad as the thorax, eves reniform, the inner orbits being deeply emarginate, clypeus pyriform, longer than broad mandibles long, somewhat narrow, inner margin oblique, with blunt teeth, labial palpi thick, of four joints, the apical joint very small, maxillary palpi of six joints, basal joint somewhat thick, the rest slender, basal three subequal, apical three

united about equal in length to the third joint, antennæ filiform, ocelli three, complete, round, placed in a broad triangle on the vertex

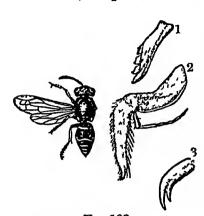


Fig 102
Rhynchium flavolineatum, Q †
1, mandible, 2, maxilla, 3, claw

Thorax ovate, pronotum short in front, the lateral angles carried posteriorly to the base of the wings, mesonotum large, generally broadly egg-shaped, posteriorly broader than in front, postscutellum prominent as a rule; median segment vertical, depressed beneath the postscutellum, the sides bulging, often produced posteriorly and dentate, the apex of the segment generally concavo-truncate, legs slender, short, the intermediate tibiæ with one apical spine, the claws unidentate beneath Wings long, broad, and ample, fore wing with the radial cell moderately large, slightly appendiculate, three

cubital cells, the 1st, measured on the cubital nervure, as long as or longer than the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd irregularly triangular, with the apex of the triangle truncate, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure before and the 2nd recurrent nervure after the middle, 3rd cubital cell quadrate Abdomen pseudosessile, never petiolate, basal segment cup-shaped, or only slightly constricted and narrowed

The species of this genus are solitary or in pairs, never in social communities. The Indian species come freely into houses, building little round shells of clay for nests, and provisioning these with caterpillars. Occasionally an already existing cavity is made use of, and the aperture closed with a clay lid

Key to the Species

- A Basal segment of abdomen slightly constricted, the apex distinctly narrower than the base of the 2nd segment
 - a Clypeus nearly as bload at apex as at base, not marked with yellow
 - a' Legs black, intermediate and posterior femora blood-red, wings hyaline at base
 b' Legs orange-brown, femora concolorous,
 - wings not hyaline at base

 6 Clypeus much narrower at apex than at base,
- marked with yellow (2)

 B Basal segment of abdomen cup-shaped, not constricted ror distinctly narrower than the base of the 2nd segment
 - a Wings deep ferruginous yellow
 a' Wings fuscous brown for one-third or more of their length from base, basal segment of abdomen entirely black

- R erythropus, p 353
- R mollers, p 354
- R cuprespenne, [p 354

a2 Second and following segments of abdomen broadly bordered posterioily with reddish brown b2 Second and following segments of abdomen entirely black

6' Wings only slightly fuscous at base, basal segment of abdomen entirely reduish brown or black at base, broadly bordered with reddish brown

b Wings fuscous or fusco-hyaline

Wings entirely deep fuscous brown with a purple effulgence, abdomen without yellow transverse bands

a2 Abdomen dull orange-brown

a³ Basal abdominal segment black b3 Basal abdominal segment orangebrown, with a transverse black marginal band

b2 Abdomen entirely black

c' Abdomen black, sides of segments 3-5

marked with orange-red

b' Wings fuscous along the costal margin of fore wing, hyaline or fusco-hyaline posteriorly, abdomen black

a² Median segment with the sides produced posteriorly, angular and dentate

b2 Median segment with the sides rounded posteriorly, not angular

Winge fusco-hyaline, abdomen black with transverse yellow bands 2 only known

a2 Clypeus black, basal two abdominal segments with narrow yellow medially interrupted bands

b2 Clypeus yellow, abdominal segments 1-5 with broader yellow bands not medially interrupted

fp 354 $oldsymbol{R}$ hæmorrhoidale,

R alrum, p 355

R bi unneum, p 355

R. melly1, p 356

 $oldsymbol{R}$ abdominale, p 357 R argentatum,

[p 358 R bengalense, p 359

R miidulum, p 357

R metallicum, p 358

[p 359 R flavomar ginatum,

[p 360 $oldsymbol{R}$ flavolineatum,

623 Rhynchium erythropus, n sp

Head, thorax, and abdomen shining, very closely, evenly, and somewhat coarsely punctured, the bases (ordinarily not seen) of the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen broadly smooth, clypeus shield-shaped raised, broadly flat down the middle, broadly truncate and slightly emarginate anteriorly, a very short trident-shaped carina between the antennæ, abdomen with the basal segment distinctly narrower than the 2nd Intense black, two small spots immediately above the base of the antennæ, a line on the outer side of the scape of the latter, and the apical joint of the fore tarsi above, yellow, the intermediate and posterior femora blood-red, the sides and the truncated apex of the median segment with a little thin short hoary pubescence wings fusco-hyaline with a rich purple effulgence, the base clear hyaline

Hab Tenasserim Length 14, exp. 34 mm Type in the

British Museum

624. Rhynchium molleri, n sp (Pl II, fig 11)

Head, thorax, and abdomen densely punctured, the punctures shallow and not so well marked at the bases of the abdominal segments, which when drawn out have the extreme base smooth. clypeus slightly raised, broad, wedge-shaped, the apex transverse, slightly and widely emarginate, antennal carina short, very fine and narrow, postscutchlum not very prominent, median segment depressed beneath it, vertical, concavo-truncate posteriorly, with a medial vertical carina and faint oblique strice on the face of the truncation, the sides not angularly produced back, abdomen with the basal segment distinctly narrower than the 2nd, its apical margin slightly constructed Head black, the clypous fulvous red, two spots between the antenno yellow, the antenno and the greater part of the thorax and median segment brownish red, the mesonotum anteriorly, a broad arregular U-shaped mark on its disc, the sutures between the scutellum, the postscutellum, and median segment, with the sides of the thorax, except the tubercles, black, legs red, wings light cupreous brown and indescent

Hab Sikhim Q Length 14-16, evp. 30-33 mm & un-

known Type in coll British Museum

625. Rhynchium cupreipenne, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc vin, p 387, Ω, pl 1, hg 3

Head, thorax, and abdomen coarsely and very closely punctured, the punctures with a tendency to run into strice on the thorax, clypeus pyriform, truncate anteriorly, with two minute teeth, postscutellum prominent, median segment depressed vertically under the postscutellum, concavo-truncate, the sides produced and sharply angular, the truncation with a medial vertical carma and fine oblique striw, abdomen with the basal segment narrower than the 2nd, the latter both long and broad, the posterior margins of all the segments narrowly smooth Black, the clypeus, except a black mark in the middle, a large round spot above it on the front, the antennæ, a broad stripe behind the eyes, the apex of the antonion femora, the tibic and tarsi, the inner side of the intermediate and posterior femora, and the last joints of the tarsi orange-yellow, the ruside of the tibic and tarsi of the posterior legs clothed with rich golden pubescence, wings cupicous brown with bright iridescent tints in certain lights, nervures and tegulo black

Hab Tavoy, South Tenasserim , Q Length 11, exp 34 mm & unknown Type in coll British Museum

626 Rhynchium hæmoirhoidale

Vespa hæmorrhoidalis, Fabi Syst Ent p 366
Odynerus dimidiatus, Guli Voy Bélanger, Zool p 503, Atlas,
Ins pl 1v, fig 4
Rygchium hæmorrhoidale, Sauss Mon Gulp Sol p 109
Rygchium parentissimum, Sauss Mon Gulp Sol p 111
Rhynchium hæmorrhoidale, Sauss Mon Gulp Sol Suppl p 172,

Smith, Cat v, p 44

Q Head and thorax very finely and closely punctured, abdomen more coarsely punctured, especially along the posterior portions of the segments, clypeus raised, somewhat flat above, pyriform, ending anteriorly in a narrow point, which is lightly emarginate postscutellum prominent, projecting posteriorly, median segment depressed vertically beneath the postscutellum, concavo-truncate posteriorly, the sides bulging and angularly produced, the punctures on them running into transverse striæ, the truncation finely, transversely striate, abdomen with the basal segment not narrowed Black, the clypeus, the front except a black triangular mark, the prothorax, the tegulæ, and the posterior margins narrowly of the 1st and more broadly of the 2nd and following abdominal segment deep brownish red, antennæ and legs black, sometimes more or less brownish red, wings deep yellow, brownish fuscous for nearly half their length from base

& similar, but the clypeus and a transverse spot above it yellow, the antennæ and anterior tibiæ and tarsi fulvous or

orange-red

The above are the common forms, but the amount of red and

black varies greatly in specimens from different localities

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Madras, Bangalore, Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserim, Java, Cape of Good Hope (Smith) Q Length 16-18, exp 40-44 mm & Length 12-14, exp 28-31 mm

627 Rhynchium atrum

Rygchium atrum, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 109, 2 & Rhynchium atrum, Smith, Cat v, p 44

Q Closely resembles some varieties of R hamorihoidale, but is always darker, and the posterior margin of the mesonotum and the scutellum are always impunctate and highly polished, the clypeus is grooved longitudinally near the apex, and the wings are sometimes slightly infuscated at apex and not at all at base. Some varieties have the clypeus, a spot between the antenne, and the occiput and cheeks brownish red others are entirely black.

d has the clypeus yellow

Hab India (Saussure and Smith), South Tenasserim, extending into the Malavan region as far south as New Guinea Q Length 18-20, exp 36-42 mm & Length 17, exp 30 mm

628 Rhynchium brunneum

Vespa quinquecincta, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 261
Vespa brunnea, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 264
Vespa carnatica, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 261
Rygchium brunneum et carnaticum, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 112, Q o
Rhynchium brunneum et carnaticum, Smith, Cat v, p 44

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen rather finely and sparsely punctured, the punctures shallow on the bases of the abdominal

segments, coarse and somewhat more dense on the apical margins of segments 2-5 above, clypeus strongly convex, pyriform, the



Fig 103—Rhynchium brunneum, \$\Pmathbb{Q}\$ \frac{1}{4}

apical third with a broad medial vertical groove, the extreme apex truncate or lightly incised, the scutellum and postscutellum smooth and shining, the latter gibbous, oblique and narrow, the median segment very short, depressed below the postscutellum, concavotruncate posteriorly, the sides rounded, not angularly produced back, face of the truncation lightly transversely striate. Brownish red, a spot between the antennæ, a vertical line on the front, a large triangular spot on the mesonotum in front, a line along its apex, the median segment in the middle posteriorly, the

basal half of the legs, the basal two-thirds of the 1st, and the basal half of the 2nd abdominal segment black, wings ferrugineo-

hyaline, deeper and darker towards the base

d similar, the median segment more deeply concavo-truncate, the sides produced posteriorly and armed with two stout spines, the apical margins of abdominal segments 2-5 much more coarsely punctured, the clypeus and scape in front from a light fulvous red to a bright yellow

Varieties have the black markings more or less developed, or

even altogether wanting (var carnaticum)

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Tenasserim, and Ceylon, extending to Malacca, Sumatra, and Boineo to the South-east, and to Afghanistan and Persia to the North-west Q Length 17-20, exp 37-41 mm & Length 12-15, exp 26-28 mm

629. Rhynchium mellyi.

Rygchium mellyi, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 116, Q Rhynchium mellyi, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 172, &, Smith, Cat v, p 45

A Head and thorax closely and strongly, abdomen more finely and sparsely punctured, the punctures on the abdomen shallow, clypeus broadly pyriform, the apex with a short medial groove and two teeth, postscutellum prominent, projecting posteriorly, with the margin roughened and irregular, median segment vertical, concavo-truncate posteriorly, the truncation with a medial vertical groove impunctate but finely obliquely striate, abdomen with the basal segment not narrowed. Black, a spot between the antenna and a line on the scape in front yellow, the apex of the flagellum beneath and the apical joints of all the tarsi fulvous red, the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen obscure orange-red, sometimes the apical margin of the 1st segment narrowly orange-ied, or the base of the 2nd segment black, wings fuscous with a purple effulgence

of similar, the clypeus and the front half of the scape of the

356 EUMENIDÆ

segments, coarse and somewhat more dense on the apical margins of segments 2-5 above, clypeus strongly convex, pyriform, the



Fig 103—Rhynchium brunncum, Q {

apical third with a broad medial vertical groove, the extreme apex truncate or lightly incised, the scutellum and postscutellum smooth and shining, the latter gibbous, oblique and narrow, the median segment very short, depressed below the postscutellum, concavotruncate posteriorly, the sides rounded, not angularly produced back, face of the truncation lightly transversely striate. Brownish red, a spot between the antennæ, a vertical line on the front, a large triangular spot on the mesonotum in front, a line along its apex, the median segment in the middle posteriorly, the

basal half of the legs, the basal two-thirds of the 1st, and the basal half of the 2nd abdominal segment black, wings ferrugineo-

byaline, deeper and darker towards the base

of similar, the median segment more deeply concavo-truncate, the sides produced posteriorly and armed with two stout spines, the apical margins of abdominal segments 2-5 much more coarsely punctured, the clypeus and scape in front from a light fulvous red to a bright yellow

Varieties have the black markings more or less developed, or

even altogether wanting (var carnaticum)

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Tenasseum, and Ceylon, extending to Malacca, Sumatra, and Boineo to the South-east, and to Afghanistan and Persia to the North-west 2 Length 17-20, exp 37-41 mm 3 Length 12-15, exp 26-28 mm

629. Rhynchium mellyi

Rygchium mellyi, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 116, Q Rhynchium mellyi, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 172, d, Smith, Cat v, p 45

P Head and thorax closely and strongly, abdomen more finely and sparsely punctured, the punctures on the abdomen shallow, clypeus broadly pyriform, the apex with a short medial groove and two teeth, postscutellum prominent, projecting posteriorly, with the margin roughened and irregular, median segment vertical, concavo-truncate posteriorly, the truncation with a medial vertical groove impunctate but finely obliquely striate, abdomen with the basal segment not narrowed. Black, a spot between the antenno and a line on the scape in front yellow, the apex of the flagellum beneath and the apical joints of all the tarsi fulvous red, the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen obscure orange-red, sometimes the apical margin of the 1st segment narrowly orange-ied, or the base of the 2nd segment black, wings fuscous with a purple effulgence.

d similar, the clypeus and the front half of the scape of the

antennæ bright yellow, the legs somewhat lighter in colour, the abdomen in some specimens with a band of dusky stains down the middle of the 2nd and following segments

Hab Allahabad, Barrackpore, Pegu Hills, Burma, China Length 17-19, exp 37-40 mm & Length 14-16, exp

34 mm

630 Rhynchium abdominale

Vespa abdominalis, Illiq Mag Ins 1, p 192 Vespa transversa, Fabr Syst Piez p 257 Rygchium dichotomum, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 116, Q & Rygchium transversum, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 117, Q Rhynchium abdominale, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 172 Rhynchium dichotoum, Smith, Cat v, p 45

Q Head and thorax densely punctured, granular, abdomen opaque, impunctate except for an irregular subapical band of coarse punctures on the posterior margins above of the 2nd-5th segments, clypeus convex, very broadly pyriform, the apex with two short acute teeth, postscutellum and median segment posteriorly truncate, the latter vertical, the sides bulging, the lateral lower angles dentate posteriorly, the basal segment of the abdomen cup-shaped, not narrowed. Head and thorax black, abdomen a dull orange-red, the basal segment with a transverse black apical band above, the 2nd segment with or without a transverse black spot in the middle of its apical margin above, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence.

d similar, smaller, the clypeus and sometimes a line on the front of the scape of the antennæ yellow, all the segments of the abdomen more or less dull black in the middle of their apical

margins

Hab Throughout India, not ascending the hills to any elevation; Pegu, Burma & Length 15-17, eap 33-37 mm & Length 12-14, eap 29 mm

631 Rhynchium nitidulum.

Vespa mitidula, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 262 Rygchium mitidulum, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 105, Q o Rhynchium mitidulum, Smith, Cat v, p 43

Q Head and thorax very coarsely and closely punctured; abdomen smooth and satiny, with a few scattered shallow punctures and a subapical transverse line of the same, but somewhat coarser on the 2nd and 3rd segments, beyond the row of punctures the apical margins of the segments are depressed, smooth and shining, clypeus pyriform, the apex angularly incised, the sides on either side of the apex oblique and emarginate, scutellum and postscutellum gibbous, median segment strongly ridged along the sides, the sides flat, obliquely finely striate, the posterior face of the segment strongly concavo-truncate, with the sides produced back and spined Black, somewhat thickly covered with silvery pile, which is very dense on the clypeus, the face in front, the

sides of the thorax, and on the abdomen, wings deep fuscous. with a purple effulgence broadly along the costal margin of the fore wing, the rest fusco-hyaline

d similar, the base of the clypeus yellow

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Burma Q. Length 13-14, evp 27-29 mm d Length 13, evp 27 mm

632 Rhynchium metallicum

Rygchium metallicum, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 114, Q d. Rhynchium metallicum, Smith, Cat v, p 45

Head and thorax coarsely and closely punctured, abdomen satiny, smooth, and with sparse, fine shallow punctures, clypeus



Fig 104 Rhynchium metallicum, 9 4

broadly pyriform, the apex truncate and slightly emarginate, scutellum and postscutellum slightly sloped, not oblique, the latter not gibbous, median segment short, concavely truncate posteriorly, the sides not produced, rounded Black, covered with more or less of a thin silvery pile, especially on the clypeus, the front, cheeks, sides of the thorax, the

median segment, the legs, and the sides of the abdomen, wings fusco-hyaline, broadly dark fuscous with purplish effulgence along the costal margin of the fore wing

of similar, but with two oblique yellow spots sometimes joining

and forming a band along the base of the clypeus

Hab Barrackpoie, Rangit Valley, Sikhim, Calcutta, Madras, Pegu Hills, Buima, Tenasserim 2 Length 12-13, exp 25d Length 10-11, eap 25 mm 26 mm

Rhynchium argentatum * 633

Vespa argentata, Fabr Syst Pre. p 260 Rygchiam aigentatum, Sauss Mon Guip Sol p 115, Q d Rhynchium aigentatum, Smith, Cat v, p 45

 $Q \in Closely$ allied to and resembling R metallicum, but constantly larger, the median segment slightly more rounded poste-1101ly, the silvery pile entirely absent, and the wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence, not fusco-hyaline on the posterior half In the d the entire clypeus and the scape in front is yellow

Hab Sikhim, Malabai, Shevaioy Hills, Madias 2 Length

14-15, erp 28-32 mm & slightly smaller

^{*} The following species is described by Saussure from "Tranquebar," but has not, so far as I know, been procured of late years, and it may not be Indian

R CARBONARIUM, Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1857, p 317 "Sat parvium, nigrum, depressum, ubique dense punctatum, elypeo truncato, postscutello liaud crenato, metanoto valde bispinoso, supra canthis nullis, abdomen concum, basi valde truncatum, suturâ indistinctă, ala nigro-violacea "Longueur totale 13 mm, aile 10 mm"

634 Rhynchium bengalense, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 176, pl 1x, hg 8, 5, Smith, Cut v, p 44

Q Head and thorax finely and closely punctured, abdomen smooth and satiny, clypeus strongly convex, broadly pyriform, with two short parallel carinæ on the anterior third, ending in two teeth at the apex, scutellum and postscutellum oblique, the former with a longitudinally impressed medial smooth line, the latter gibbous, median segment concavo-truncate posteriorly, a medial broad space, closely transversely striate, and divided by a narrow vertical furrow. Jet-black, the apical margins laterally of the 2nd-5th abdominal segments orange, on the 2nd segment the orange colour is continued along the sides of the dorsal plate forward, wings dark fuscous with a violet effulgence.

of similar, but the clypeus not cannate anteriorly, the apex emarginate, the clypeus and front of the scape of the antennæ yellowish white, the apical joint of the flagellum fei ruginous

Var The orange markings on the 4th and 5th abdominal

segments more or less obsolete

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Allahahad, NWP, and probably through Central India Q Length 15-17, exp 34-36 mm J. Length 12-14, exp 32-33 mm

635. Rhynchium flavomarginatum, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1852, p 35, d, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 177 Odyncius nigrifrons, Smith, Cat v, p 62 Rhynchium basimacula, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli (1897)

9 Head and thorax somewhat coarsely and very closely, abdomen more finely and sparsely punctured, the punctures on



Fig 105 Rhynchium flavomarginatum, 9 }

the 2nd-5th segments coarser posteriorly, forming a distinct subapical band above, clypeus broadly pyriform, the apex with a medial vertical short groove and ending in two prominent teeth, antennal carina short but distinct, post-scutellum gibbous, projecting posteriorly, the margin roughened, median segment vertical, concavo-truncate posteriorly, abdomen with the basal segment not narrowed Black, a spot between the antennæ, a line on the front of the scape, an interrupted line (sometimes absent) on

the pronotum, a spot on each side of the median segment posteriorly (absent in the type specimen), and a broadly interrupted narrow subapical line on the poster or margins of the 1st and 2nd abdominal segments above yellow or yellowish white, the apical joint of the anterior tarsi fulvous, the femora at apex more or less terruginous, wings fusco-hyaline, beautifully indescent in certain lights

of similar, the greater part of the clypeus and a line on the anterior tibis above yellowish white

Hab Sikhim, Mussooree, NW Himalayas, China Q. Length 13-17, exp 34-40 mm 5. Length 13-14; exp 33-36 mm.

636 Rhynchium flavolineatum Odyneius flavolineatus, Smith, Cat v, p 60, Q

Head, thorax, and abdomen closely punctured, the punctures on the pro- and mesonotum fine and dense, giving them a granular appearance, on the posterior margins of the segments they are somewhat coarser, clypeus convex, broadly pyriform, nearly pentagonal, the apex slightly emarginate, postscutchlum and median segment roundly truncate posteriorly, the latter depressed vertically beneath the former, the sides bulging laterally and minutely dentate, the truncation with a carina down the middle and faint transverse strix, abdomen with the basal segment cup-shaped, not Black, the clypeus, a spot above it and one in the emargination of the eyes, a line behind them, the scape in front, the pronotum anteriorly, the tubercles, a spot on the mesopleura, the tegulæ and a spot behind them, two abbreviated lines on the mesonotum posteriorly, the postscutellum, a large subovate spot on the sides of the median segment, a spot on the intermediate and posterior coxe, a broad stripe on the anterior and intermediate femora in front, the tibize on the outside, the claw-joint of the anterior tarsi, and the posterior margins of the 1st-5th addominal segments, yellow, wings fusco-hyaline, the costal margin of the fore wing dark fuscous

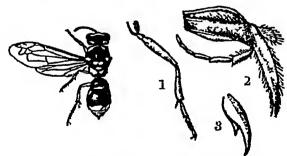
Var The abbreviated lines on the mesonotum and the spots on

the intermediate and posterior coxe absent

Hab Rangit Valley, Sikhim, Tenasserim, Java Q Length 13-15, exp 30-34 mm & unknown

Genus ODYNERUS.

Vespa, pt, Linn Syst Nat 1, p 948 (1767) Epipona, Latr Hist Nat Ins xiii, p 349 (1805) Odynerus, Latr Hist Nat Ins xiii, p 344 (1805) Symmorphus, Wesm Mon Odyn Belg p iii (1833) Ancistrocerus, Wesm t c p iv (1833) Oplopus, Wesm t c p iv (1833)



106 - Odynerus diffinis, Q 4 1, hind leg, 2, maxilla, 3, claw

Type, O parietum, Linn
Range All parts of the world
Head very variable, generally more or less flat in front, the

parts also variable the antennæ in the majority of species rather short, filiform, the apical joints in the male with a small hook, or spirally rolled, mandibles blunt with blunt teeth, never long as in Eumenes, labial palpi stout, 4-jointed, and covered with stiff haus, maxillary palpi 6-jointed, diminishing in length to the apical joint, which, however, is sometimes longer than the 5th joint, the apical three joints united, distinctly longer than the 3rd rounded or truncate both auteriorly and posteriorly, in a few species emarginate posteriorly, legs short, somewhat feeble and slender, intermediate tibiæ with one apical spine, claws dentate Wings in the fore wing the form and proportions of the radial and cubital cells are variable, in general, however, the radial cell is widely subtriangular, the apex acute, or slightly truncate and appendiculate; three cubital cells, the 2nd receiving both recur-Abdomen of variable shape, the basal segment rent nervures often parrowed, but never fashioned into a long petiole as in Eumenes, always more or less covering over the base of the 2nd segment

The genera Rhynchium and Odynerus are only clearly separable by an examination of the mouth-parts, as noted in the key to the genera Externally the two genera resemble each other and grade one into the other astonishingly Roughly, however, the species of Rhynchium are larger, heavier built insects than the species of Odynerus Both genera can at once be distinguished from Eumenes by the form of the basal abdominal segment, which is never narrowed into an elongate petiole, but, though often constricted and narrower than the 2nd segment, always receives and more or less

covers over the base of the latter

The species of Odyneri make sometimes little thin clay shells for nests, but more often make use of crevices and holes for their nurseries, storing as food for their larvæ the caterpillars of various species of small moths. I have never found them attacking or storing spiders or other prey

Key to the Species

A First abdominal segment with one, sometimes two transverse sutures near the base

a Colours black and red

b Colours black and yellowish white

c Colours vellow and ferruginous brown

B First abdominal segment without a suture

a Colours reddish or ferruginous and yellow a' Margins of all the abdominal segments more or less yellowish

b' Second to fourth abdominal segments yellow

c' Second abdominal segment only yellow, rest reddish brown

b Colours black and yellow, or black and yellow and red O sikhimensis, p 363

O sichelii, p 363 O amadanensis, p 364

O ornatus, p 364 [p 365

O punctatipennis,

O punctum, p 365

 α'. Second abdominal segment with a lateral free round spot at base, yellow α² Base of 1st abdominal segment red α³ Abdomen petiolate b³ Abdomen not petiolate b² Base of 1st abdominal segment black α³ A lateral round yellow spot at base of 1st abdominal segment 	O miniatus, p 366 O diffinis, p 366
a Median segment rounded pos- teriorly 6 Median segment emarginate pos- teriorly 6 No lateral yellow spot at base of	O fraternus, p 366 O confluentus, p 367
lst segment a ⁴ First abdominal segment much narrowed, subpetiolate b ⁴ First abdominal segment not nar- rowed, broader than long a ⁵ Apical maigins of abdominal	O fiagulis, p 367
segments 1–5 with complete transverse yellow bands above 5 Apical margins of 1st and 2nd abdominal segments only with complete transverse yellow	O multipictus, p 368
bands above a ⁰ Head, thorax, and basal three segments of the abdomen coarsely punctured b ⁰ Head, thorax, and abdomen with much finer punctures	O ceylonicus, p 368 O bipustulatus,
b' Second abdominal segment with the yellow transverse band at its apical margin widening laterally and joining on to the lateral yellow spot at its base a ² Head emarginate posteriorly, cheeks	
not much developed b ² Head transverse posteriorly, cheeks considerably developed c' Second abdominal segment without a yellow lateral spot	O oralis, p 369 O guttatus, p 370
 a² Median segment deeply emarginate posteriorly, the sides produced backwards b² Median segment not emarginate posteriorly 	O fisiulosus, p 370
 a³ Second abdominal segment subtuberculate near the base, and on each side near the margin above b³ Second abdominal segment not tuberculate above a⁴ Third abdominal segment with a 	O humber tranus, [p 371
transverse yellow fascia on the middle of its posterior margin above	O burmantcus, p 371

b4 Third abdominal segment without any yellow border

a' First abdominal segment petro-

b⁵ First abdominal segment not petiolate

α⁶ Wings blackish
 δ⁸ Wings cinereous

O tinctipennis, p 372 O intendens, p 373

O rearrordes, p 372.

637 Odynerus sikhimensis, n sp (PI II, fig 12)

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured and thinly pubescent, the punctures rather coarse and closely set on the head and thorax, more sparse and shallow on the abdomen, clypeus very convex and broadly pyriform, the apex emarginate, the post-scutellum transverse posteriorly, not projecting, the median segment depressed vertically below it and slightly concave-truncate, the angle between the sides and the truncation with a vertical carina, basal segment of abdomen only very slightly narrowed, steeply sloped or truncate anteriorly. Black, the pubescence fuscous, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, the apical margin of the 1st abdominal segment above and of the 2nd above and below deep brick-red, wings very long and ample, light fuscous with a purple effulgence, the base of the hind wing hyaline

Hab Rangit Valley, Sikhim, 1000 ft 2 Length 9-11. exp

28 mm of unknown Type in the coll British Museum

638 Odynerus sichelii, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 206, 2, pl z, fig 6, Smith, Cat v, p 58

Head and abdomen finely and rather sparsely punctured, the head pilose in front, the vertex smooth, the punctures shallow, thorax much more closely and strongly punctured, granular, clypeus very broadly pyriform, the apex with two distinct short longitudinal carine, torming slightly projecting teeth, scutellum and postscutellum long, declivous, median segment long, truncate posteriorly, 1st abdominal segment compressed, narrowed, campanulate, bearing two transverse distinct sutures close to its base above, 2nd segment long, raised, and subtuberculate in the middle Black, shining, a curved line on the clypeus at at base above base, a spot between the antennæ, a line on the scape of the same, a minute spot, sometimes absent, behind the eyes, a transverse band on the apical margin of the 1st abdominal segment above, and a slightly broader one on the apical margin of the 2nd above and below, white, legs black, with a few white marks, wings clear hyaline

Hab Sikhim, Bariackpore; Mussooree, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 8, evp 16 mm I have not seen a specimen of the

male

- 639. Odynerus amadanensis, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 214, pl xii, fig 9, 3
- $Q \in C$ Closely allied to and resembling O ovalis (p. 369), differs primarily in belonging to the subgenus Ancistroceius, Wesm, with a transverse suture on the basal abdominal segment, not Lionotus, Sauss, which has the 1st abdominal segment rounded and steep at base, it differs also considerably in markings thorax, and abdomen closely and somewhat coarsely punctured, on the abdomen, except along the margins of segments 1-4, the punctures are rather shallow, clypeus small, pentagonal, apex transverse or slightly emarginate, median segment not depressed vertically beneath the postscutellum, slightly sloping, the sides posteriorly rounded, with a rather deep medial longitudinal furrow, basal segment of abdomen narrowed and with a prominent transverse suture at base Yellow, a large triangular spot on the vertex of the head, the mesonotum anteriorly and along the sides broadly, all the sutures between the parts of the thorax, an irregular spot at the base of the 1st abdominal segment, and a transverse band at the base of the 2nd segment, giving out a large square wedge-shaped mark in the middle posteriorly, and prolonged back on each side along the lateral margins of the segment, black or rusty sufescent black, wings clear hyaline

Hab Persia, Kaiachi, the Punjab 2 3 Length 7-8, eap

16-18 mm

Mr Cumming, who was kind enough to send me a small collection of hymenopterous insects from Persia, had a note to the effect that this species was a regular nuisance, coming into the house and stopping up keyholes etc with clay

*640 Odynerus ornatus

Ancistrocerus ornatus, Smith, A M N H (2) ix (1852), p 49, d

"\$\delta\$. Length 4\frac{1}{2}\$ lines (=10 mm) Ferruginous, the clypeus and face as high as the top of the notch in the eyes, the scape of the antennæ in front, the mandibles and cheeks yellow, the stemmata are enclosed in a black coronet-shaped spot on the vertex, the margin of the prothorax, the tegulæ and posterior portion of the tubercles, the anterior and intermediate tibiæ and tarsi, also their coxæ in front yellow, the lateral margins of the scutellum and postscutellum, and also the margins of the collar stained more or less with yellow—all the impressed divisions of the thorax are stained more or less black, a dark fuscous spot occupies the marginal cell, extending a little beyond, abdomen, the apical margine of the segments are more or less of a yellowish tinge, as is also the 2nd segment beneath, the 2nd and 3rd segments above are black at their basal margins"

Hab Bombay (Smith)

641 Odynerus punctum

Polistes punctum, Fabr Syst Piez p 273 Odynerus punctum, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 209, pl xix, fig 2, Smith, Cat v, p 59

P Head and thorax coarsely, abdomen more finely and sparsely



Fig 107
Odynerus punctum,

punctured, clypeus broadly pyriform, convex, emarginate at apex, postscutellum very prominent and raised, median segment bulging laterally, rounded posteriorly, abdomen with the basal segment not narrowed Brownish red, the antennæ obscurely orange-yellew, 2nd abdominal segment brighter yellow, the space between the ocelli, a narrow line on the apex of the mesonotum (sometimes absent), the base of the 2nd segment of the abdomen above broadly, and of the 3rd narrowly, black, wings hyaline, slightly ferruginous, with a fuscous

subapical spot on the costal margin of the fore wing, 2nd cubital

cell nearly triangular

of similar, the clypeus, the front as high as the emargination of the eyes, a line on the scape in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum in the middle, the tegulæ, the lateral angles of the scutellum, the postscutellum obscurely, and the anterior and intermediate tarsi in front, bright yellow, the 2nd abdominal segment fully ous posteriorly

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Allahabad, Bangalore, Bombay Length 10-11, exp 23 mm & Length 9-10, exp 22 mm.

642 Odynerus punctatipennis, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 210, Q, Smith, Cat v, p 59
Odynerus intricatus, Smith, Cat v, p 59, &

Q Closely allied to and resembling O punctum, differs from it chiefly and constantly in colour, and in the head and thorax being more coarsely punctured. Ferruginous brown, the head in front and the antennæ more or less orange-yellow, vertex with a A-shaped black mark truncated above, the pronotum anteriorly, the tegulæ, postscutellum, the legs, and the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments yellow, the 2nd segment black at base, and with a large transverse spot, widest in the middle, ferruginous brown, wings flavo-hyaline, with a large subapical fuscous cloud in the tore wing

d similar, but the black mark on the vertex larger, a transverse band on the apical margins of the 1st and 2nd segments of the abdomen and the whole of the visible portion of the following segments yellow, the band on the 2nd segment much enlarged

laterally and with a black stain on its apical margin

Var 23 The yellow markings much reduced or replaced with orange-brown.

Hab Sikhim, Allahabad, Delhi, Bombay Q Length 11-13, exp 23-25 mm & Length 9, exp 23 mm

- *643 Odynerus miniatus, Sauss Mon Guép Sol. Suppl p 249, pl xi, fig 6, \(\rightarrow \), Dall Torr Cat 1x, p 79
- "2 Clypeus pyriform, transverse anteriorly, with two longitudinal caring, the space between them punctured Ocelli placed in Metathorax convex, with an outwardly divergent carina on Head and thorax punctured Abdomen subpetiolate. the 1st segment elongate, bell-shaped, prominent above, about half the width of the 2nd segment, the latter swollen and tuber-Black, the mandibles, a spot between the antennæ. the scape in front, the flagellum beneath, the outer orbits, a spot in the sinus of each eye, the clypeus (except an oval black spot in the middle), two spots on the prothorax, its entire margin, a spot under the base of the wings, the tegulæ (except a spot of red in the centre), the lateral angles of the scutellum and of the postscutellum, the apical margin of the 1st and 2nd abdominal segments, and a free, round, lateral spot on the last, yellow, the base of the abdomen red, the anal segment brownish, legs red, femora and tarsi yellow, wings hyaline

"Hab India (coll F Smith) Q Length 65, exp 125 mm"

- 644 Odynerus diffinis, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 274, pl xiv, fig 2, Smith, Cat v, p 59
- Q & Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, the thorax granular, the abdomen slightly slining, clypeus subpyriform, the apex incised, postscutellum slightly prominent, transverse posteriorly, median segment depressed beneath it, vertical, the sides rounded, a broad medial longitudinal furrow with a narrow carina down it, abdomen oval, the 2nd segment not rarrowed, cup-shaped Black, the mandibles, clypeus, a broad Y-shaped mark above it, the sinus of the eyes, a broad stripe behind them, the scape of the antennæ, a broad stripe on the pronotum, the tubercles, the tegulæ, the scutellum, postscutellum, a large spot on each side of the median segment, another on each side at base of the 2nd abdominal segment, and the posterior margins of all the segments, bright yellow, the base of the 1st segment broadly deep red, legs yellow, the coxæ black, the femora, tibiæ, and tarsi touched with reddish ferruginous, wings light flavo-byaline, with a brownish tint along the costal margin of the fore wing, and the apical two-thirds of the radial cell fuscous

Var The red on the basal segment of the abdomen reduced to a large patch on each side. Other specimens have the red spreading on to the sides of the median segment.

Hab Sikhim, Barrackpore, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length

8-9, exp 18-20 mm J. Length 8, exp. 17 mm

645 Odynerus fraternus, n sp

Q Closely allied to and resembling O confluentus, differs in having the abdomen very sparsely punctured, nearly glabrous, the punctures fine and shallow, the clypeus very broad, grooved

at apex and ending in two distinct teeth; median segment more sloping, less concave posteriorly, the sides rounded, in colour O fraternus differs in having a large black spot on the clypeus, no medial stripes on the mesonotum, and a free spot on each side of the basal abdominal segment

Hab Tenasserum Q Length 10; exp 24 mm. 3 unknown

Type in the coll British Museum

646 Odynerus confluentus, Smith, Cat v, p 60, Q

2. Head, thorax, and abdomen covered with elongate confluent punctures running into longitudinal strice on the abdomen above, clypeus pyriform, raised, flat along the middle, the apex broad, transverse, the scutellum gibbous, its sides rounded, the median segment vertical, depressed underneath the postscutellum, concavo-truncate down the middle posteriorly, with a medial carma, the apical lateral angles of the segment acute, abdomen with the basal segment narrower than the 2nd, the posterior margins of all the segments narrowly smooth and shining the clypeus, a spot above it, the emargination of the eyes, a stripe behind them, a squarish spot on each side of the pronotum nearly meeting in the middle, the tubercles, a spot on the mesopleura, two parallel abbreviated lines on the mesonotum, the tegulæ, a spot at the lateral angles of the scutellum, the postscutellum, the median segment except a broad medial vertical black line, narrow subapical transverse bands on the margins of abdominal segments 1-5 above, an oblong spot along the sides of the basal and a round spot on the sides of the 2nd segment, vellow, legs yellow variegated with ferruginous, wings hyaline, fuscous along the costal margin, nervures fuscous, tegulæ with a fuscous spot

Hab Tenasserim, Sumatra ? Length 12-14, exp 28-30 mm.

d unknown

647 Odynerus fragilis, Smith, Cat v, p 61, 3

Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen somewhat closely and coarsely punctured; clypeus broadly pyriform, its apex incised post-scutelium not or barely gibbous, median segment posteriorly with a deepish hollow traversed by a medial vertical carina; the basal abdominal segment much narrowed, very little more than half the breadth of the 2nd segment Black; the clypeus except a waved transverse band across it, a spot above it, the emargination of the eyes, a line behind them, the scape of the antennæ in front, two large spots on the posterior margin of the pronotum not meeting in the middle, the tubercles, a spot on each side of the scutellum, another on each side of the postscutellum, a third larger and oval on the sides of the median segment posteriorly, the apical margins of the basal two abdominal segments, and a medial spot on the posterior margins of the apical two segments, yellow; the 2nd segment with a large round spot on each side at

368 EUMENIDÆ.

its base. legs yellow, stanied with ferruginous red, wings hyaline, with a fuscous subapical spot

o similar, the yellow markings slightly broader, the flagellum

of the antennæ fulvous beneath

2. Length 6-7, exp 16-Hab Burma, Tenasserim, Borneo 18 mm J Length 5-6, exp 16 mm

648 Odvnerus multipictus (Pl II, fig 13) Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 112

Head and thorax with coarse confluent punctures, abdomen impunctate, opaque, smooth, not shining, clypeus slightly convex, flask-shaped, the apex truncate, narrow, the sides roundly emarginate, scutellum and postscutellum rather long, declivous, median segment truncate posteriorly, the sides rounded, not produced nor dentate 1st abdominal segment not narrowed, cup-shaped Black, the mandibles at base, the clypeus except a black central spot, a line from the anterior ocellus to between the bases of the antennæ, clavate below, a line on the front of the scape of the antennæ, the whole emargination of the eyes, a line behind them, a short oblique line on each side of the posterior ocelli, the pronotum in front, two fine abbreviated parallel lines on the disc of the mesonotum, the tegulæ the tubercles, two spots often coalescing on the scutellum, the posterior lateral angles of the median segment, the legs, and a transverse band on the basal five segments of the abdomen, yellow. the legs variegated with black, the inside of the femora and tibiæ of the posterior legs ferruginous, wings subhyaline and iridescent, a subapical cloud and the costal margin of the fore wing fuscous

Var The two parallel yellow lines on the mesonofum absent Hab Dehra Dun, Sikhim Terai, Burma, Tenasserim, Borneo.

2 Length 9-10, exp 22-23 mm d unknown

649 Odynerus ceylonicus, Sauss Novara-Reise, Hym p 12, 2 d

The Odynerus which I have, after careful comparison, identified, though with some doubt, as this species closely resembles O hipustulatus, but is slightly smaller and has the basal abdominal segment narrower in proportion, the head, thorax, and abdomen are more coarsely punctured, the apical three segments of the latter being smooth Black, with cinereous pile in certain lights, the mandibles, a spot on the front, the emargination of the eyes, a line behind them, a line on the scape of the antennæ in front, the base and margins of the clypeus, a spot on each side of the pronotum, a spot on the mesopleuræ, the tegulæ, a spot on each lateral angle of both scutellum and postscutellum, an abbreviated line on each side of the median segment posteriorly, a line on the posterior margins of the 1st, 2nd, and 4th segments of the abdomen, a spot in the middle of the apical margin of the 5th and a medial spot on the 6th scgment, yellow; legs variegated with yellow, tarsi rufescent, wings hyaline, with a submarginal fuscous spot in the fore wing

Hab Ceylon (Saussure); Rangit Valley, Sikhim (Moller), Burma & Length 8-9, evp 18 mm I have not seen a male

650 Odynerus bipustulatus, Sauss Mon Guép Sol Suppl p 277, Q J, pl xii, fig 10

A Head and thorax finely and densely, abdomen more sparsely punctured, the punctures shallow and large towards the posterior margins of the segments, clypeus nearly as broad as long, incised at apex, scutellum and postscutellum declivous, the latter not truncate, median segment depressed vertically beneath the post-



Fig 108—Odynerus bipustulatus, Q $\frac{2}{1}$

scutellum, truncate posteriorly, not concave, the sides rounded, transversely striate, abdonen with the basal segment not narrowed, cupshaped Black, a spot on each side of the base of the clypeus, a spot above it, another in the sinus of each eye, a line behind them, the scape of the antennæ in front a large spot on each side of the pronotty. In front, the tegulæ except a black spot, the middle, the tubercles, a spot on each side of the post-scutellum, another on each ide of the post-scutellum, a line on each ide of the median segment, a complete transverse band on the

segment, a complete trasverse band on the apical maigins of the basal two abdom, it segments above, and a medial spot on the apical margins, the 4th and sometimes on the 5th and 6th segments also, vilow, legs black variegated with yellow, the anterior tibie and arsi with ferruginous, wings hyaline, narrowly dark fuscous along the costal margin of the fore wing

Jamilar, the clypeus entrely yellow

Hab Delhi, Allahabad Agra, Bairackpore, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 6-7 , exp 16-17 mm J Length 6, exp 17 mm.

651 Odynerus oralis, Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 215, 3, Smith, Cat

Q o' Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and somewhat coarsely punctured, the punctures at the bases of the abdominal segments slightly finer than along their apical margins, clypeus convex, subtriangular, scarcely pyriform, the apex truncate or very slightly emarginate, scutellum and postscutellum oblique, the latter not dentate or spined at the lateral angles, median segment rounded at the sides posteriorly, concavo-truncate down the middle to the apex, and bearing a vertically-impressed medial line, 1st abdominal segment steeply rounded at base, not narrowed Black (rarely reddish), the mandibles except at apex, the clypeus, the emargination of the eyes, a triangular spot on the front above the base of the antennæ, the scape of the latter, a line behind the eyes, the sides of the pronotum not reaching the posterior angles,

the tubercles, a large spot below each of them, the tegulæ, the scutellum, postscutellum, and sides of the median segment broadly, and transverse bands on the posterior innigins of all the abdominal segments, yellow, on the basal two segments the transverse band joins on laterally to large roundish yellow spots, in some specimens these spots are tree, not joined to the transverse band, legs yellow, the cox and base of the femora black wings hyaline and indescent, slightly fuscescent along the costal margin and in the apex of the radial cell of the fore wing, 2nd cubital cell much harrowed at top and produced into an extremely acute angle towards the base of the wing below

Voy With the yellow markings not so broad

Hab Throughout the plans of India, Punjab, Bombay, the Deccan, Madras & & Length 6-9, exp 13-17 mm

652 Otynerus guttatus

Anastrocercus guttatus, Smith, A M N H ser 2, ix (1852) p 49

Q Close, allied to and resembling O oralis. The type specimen in the Litish Museum, which is the only one I have seen, differs from O valis in having the occiput and cheeks more developed posterily, the occiput especially being transverse, not roundly emarginate in ovalis. Black, the base of the mandibles, the inner orbits joining spot in the emargination of the eyes, the scape of the antenne, a brad line behind the eyes, a large spot on each side of the pronotum meeting in the middle, the tegulæ, spot on each side of the media, segment, a line broadest in the middle on the 1st abdomnial segment, a line broadest in the broadly of the 2nd-4th segments, and a square spot in the middle of the 2nd segment, joined by a nairow ne to the band on its maight, legs yellow, the cove, trochanters, and base of the femora black, wings hyaline, brownish yellow along the costal margin of the fore wing, and with a fuscous cloud in the radial cell.

Hab Bombay 2 Length 8, exp 20 mm, o unknown

653 Odynerus fistulosus, Sauss. Notara-Reise, Hym p 11, Q

A Head and thorax coarsely punctured, the punctures running into reticulations on the median segment, on the front and clypeus they are rather shallow, abdomen more sparsely and finely punctured, clypeus at apex slightly bidentate, scutellum with a medial longitudinal broad furrow, postscutellum not truncate posteriorly, median segment deeply emarginate posteriorly, the sides produced obtusely, the truncation smooth and finely, obliquely striate. Black, the abdomen in certain lights with a cinereous silvery pile, the base of the mandibles, a line on each side of the clypeus at base, a spot and a medial vertical line above the base of the antennæ, a spot in the emargination of the eyes, a line behind

them, an interrupted line on the pronotum, the tegulæ, a spot on the mesopleuræ, a submarginal transverse band on abdominal segments 1-5, and lateral spots on the 1st and 2nd ventral segments, yellow, the sides of the median segment posteriorly nurrowly rufescent, legs black variegated with yellow, the tarsi reddish, wings fusco-hyaline and indescent

Var With the yellow markings much reduced and more or less

obsolete, especially on the abdomen

Hob Pundaloya (Green), Ceylon Q. Length 10, exp 22 mm of unknown

654 Odynerus humbertianus, Sauss Novara-Reise, Hym p 13, 9 đ

9 Head thorax, and basal three segments of the abdomen coarsely and closely punctured, rest of the abdomen smooth, clypeus very long and pyriform, margined off by a carina on each side and longitudinally rugose striate between the carinæ, median segment with a broad sulcation down the middle which is not smooth but punctured, the apex below with a longish spinous tooth on each side, abdomen with the basal segment narrowed, the 2nd segment with a conspicuous conical elevation close to the base in the middle above, and a smaller one submarginally on each side Black, in certain lights appearing covered with a thin cinereous pile, the base of the mandibles, a line on each side of the clypeus at base. a spot (sometimes a vertical line) above the clypeus, the emargination of the eyes, a line behind them, two contiguous spots on the posterior margin of the pronotum, a spot on the posterior part of the tegulæ, a spot at the lateral angles of the scutellum, sometimes absent, a line on the postscutellum, the apical teeth on the median segment, a transverse band on the apical margins of the basal two abdominal segments with two contiguous spots or an abbreviated line on the posterior margins of the 4th and 5th segments in the middle above, yellow, legs reddish or black variegated with yellow, wings hyaline and iridescent.

of similar, clypeus without carinæ, bidentate at apex and yellow,

6th segment also with an interrupted marginal yellow line *

Hab Udagama, Ceylon (Green), Sikhim (Moller), Burma, Tenasserim A common species Q Length 8-10, exp 18-22 mm & Length 7-8, exp 16-19 mm

655 Odynerus burmanıcus, n sp

Q Form stouter and broader in proportion to length than any Odyneius known to me Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured, closely and coarsely so on the head and thorax, more sparsely with the punctures more shallow on the bases of the abdominal

"Hab Pondicher Long 7 mm"—Ann Soc Ent Fr 1882, Bull p xx, 2 o

^{*} Maindron describes a species unknown to me briefly as follows —
"Odynerus pontuceranus Niger, mitidus, grossis punctis, toto corpore corrugito Alis hydinis Abdominis segmentis primo atque secundo tenuis vittis flaviscentibus marginalis

segments, apical segment dull, opaque, impunctate, clypeus convex, as broad as long, with the base transverse, the apex narrowed and emarginate, scutellum and postscutellum large and prominent, the latter projecting posteriorly, median segment very broad, truncate posteriorly, with the sides rounded, abdomen short, stout, massive, the basal segment cup-shaped Black, the basal half of the clypeus, a spot above it, a spot in the emargination of the eyes, an obscure spot behind them, a medially interrupted line on the pronotum, the tegulæ except a transverse testaceous streak in the middle, a spot at each lateral angle of the postscutellum, and a transverse fascia on the apical margins of the basal three segments of the abdomen, yellowish white, legs ferruginous, with the coxe fuscous black and a streak on the outer side of all the tibiæ yellow, wings clear hyaline, very slightly fuscescent in the radial cell of the fore wing

Hab Rangoon, Toungoo, Pegu Q Length 8-10, exp 18-

22 mm o unknown

656 Odynerus icarioides, n sp

Q Head, thorax, and the basal four segments of the abdomen finely and closely punctured, the apical two abdominal segments smooth, dull and opaque, clypeus convex, subtriangular, the apex of the triangle turned downwards and truncate or slightly emarginate, median segment slightly sloped, with a medial deep fuirow, the sides posteriorly on each side of the furrow rounded, abdomen petiolate, the basal segment shaped almost as in *Icaria* Black, the base of the mandibles, a spot on each side at the base and the

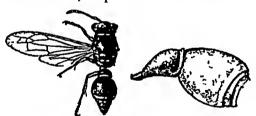


Fig 109 - Odynerus warioides, Q 3

apex of the clypeus, the base of the scape of the antennæ in front, a line on the pronotum, the tegulæ, a spot at each lateral angle of the postscutellum, a line on the fore legs anteriorly, the apex beneath of the intermediate femora, and a transverse band on the posterior margins of the basal two abdominal segments, yellow, wings fusco-hyaline, darkening along the anterior margin of the fore wing

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 11, exp 24 mm

*657 Odynerus tinctipennis, Walk A M N H (3) v, 1860, p 304
Ancistocerus tinctipennis, Motsch Bull Soc Nat Mosc 1863,
p 23

2. "Black, roughly punctured Head with a short yellow line

behind each eye, clypeus finely punctured, with a vellow spot on each side. Prothorax with a transverse attenuated line which is interrupted in the middle. Two yellow dots at the base of each fore wing, the hind one divided. Metathorax with a short transverse yellow line. Abdomen finely punctured hindward, 1st and 2nd segments with yellow hind borders. Anterior femora with a yellow apical stripe on the outer side. Wings blackish, veins and stigma black. Length 5 lines (=11 mm), wings 8 lines (=nearly 18 mm).

Hab Ceylon.

*658 Odynerus intendens, Walker, A. M. N. H. (3) v. (1860) p. 304 Ancistoceius intendens, Motsch Bull. Soc. Nat. Mosc. 1863, p. 23

Q "Black, roughly punctured Head with a red point behind each eye and with another in the notch of each eye, a pale point between the antenne, which are reddish beneath at the tips, clypeus thinly punctured, with a curved transverse piecous line at its base, scape yellow beneath Abdomen smooth towards the tip, 1st and 2nd segments with whitish hind borders. Tibiæ and tarsi beneath and knees reddish, fore tibiæ yellow on the inside Wings cineieous, veins and stigma black. Second submarginal areolet divided by an additional veinlet. Length 4 lines (= about 9 mm), wings 6 lines

Hab Cevion I have failed to identify this species

Genus PTEROCHILUS

Pterochilus, Klug, Beitr z Naturk v Weber und Mohr, 1, p 143 (1805)

Type, P pallasii, Klug Range Both hemispheres

Head slightly concave posteriorly, eyes rather small in proportion, reaching down to the base of the mandibles, ocelli small, placed in a triangle on the summit of the vertex, clypeus roundly

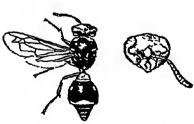


Fig 110
Pterochilus pulchellus, ? ?

angular at base, mandibles large and powerful, crossing each other behind the clypeus, and ciliated on the outer side with fine hairs, labium long, labial palpi longer than the lingua, 3-jointed, the apical two ciliated with long hairs, maxillary palpi of 6 joints. Thorax ovate, somewhat augular in front, the median segment very steeply sloped, but not vertical, the medial

furrow ill-defined, legs long and stout in proportion, intermediate tibiæ with one apical spur wings ample, radial cell of fore wing broad, acute and elongate at apex, 1st cubital cell long, about equal to the 2nd and 3rd united, 2nd subtriangular, the 3rd higher than long, subquadrate Abdomen, the basal segment

subpetiolate, cup-shaped, receiving and covering the base of the

2nd segment, 2nd very large and as broad as it is long

I know of only one species of *Pterochilus* occurring in India, *P pulchellus*, Smith, the habits of which have been well described by Horne (Trans Zool Soc vii, p 168) It builds little cells of finely-worked clay for nests, and fills them with minute spiders

659 Pterochilus pulchellus, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 190, pl xxi, figs 8, 8 a (nest), & 8 b

Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured, the punctures on the head and thorax close and fine, the surface with a granular look, on the abdomen the punctures are shallow, clypeus convex, subtriangular, the apex produced and rounded, thorax ovate, deep, the scutellum and postscutellum not particularly prominent, the median segment with a steep slope, but not vertical, its sides compressed, posteriorly with a lateral edge or angle and a medial somewhat broad furrow, basal abdominal segment narrowed, sub-Black, the basal abdominal segment light terruginous red, the clypeus, except a fuscous streak down the middle, a spot above it, another in the emaigination of the eves, a line behind them, the front of the pronotum, the tegulæ, a spot on the mesopleuie, the lateral angles of the scutellum and postscutellum, a transverse band on the apical margins of the 1st and 2nd abdominal segments, a round spot on each side near the base of the latter, and elongate transverse spots on the apical margins of the 4th and 5th segments, with a spot in the middle of the apical segment above, yellow, legs yellow, with slight ferruginous stains, wings hyaline and iridescent

of similar, clypeus immaculate, the lateral spots on the 2nd

abdominal segment wanting

Hab Mainpuii, Allahabad, NW Provinces Q. Length 7-8, evp 11 mm & Length 6, exp 11 mm

Genus ALASTOR

Odynerus, pt, Guér Voy Coq, Zool 11, pt 2, p 266 (1838) Alastor, Lepel Hym 11, p 668 (1841), Sauss Mon Guép Sol p 249, pl v1, fig 4a, 4b, 4c, & pl v11, fig 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d



Fig 111—Alastor variolosus, P ?

Types, A clotho and A atropos, Lepel Range South America, Australia, Ceylon Characters those of Odynerus, except the following —labium with the median lobe divided, labial palpi of four joints, the 1st inflated at the end, the 4th very minute, maxillary palpi with six joints, the 1st thickened, the others slender, mandibles acute, with four lateral teeth, fore wing with the 2nd cubital cell petiolate

Only one species is known within our limits,

and that is from Ceylon

VESPIDÆ 375

660 Alastor variolosus, n sp

d Head, thorax, and basal three abdominal segments strongly and very coarsely punctured, clupeus tiansverse, its anterior margin waved, antennæ inserted lather low down, just above the base of the clypeus, pronotum truncate anteriorly, the anterior lateral angles tuberculate, median segment roundly concavo-truncate posteriorly, divided by a medial longitudinal deep broad furrow, the posterior angles at apex with an upcurved tubercular spine, basal segment of abdomen cup-shaped, about half the length of the 2nd, which is deeply constricted at base, the constriction smooth and shining, apical four segments smooth, dull Black, the clypeus, a line on the scape of the antennæ in front, a spot in the emargination of the eyes, a spot on each side of the middle of the pronotum posteriorly, the lateral angles of the postscutellum, and a narrow line on the apical margins of the basal two abdominal segments, yellow, legs variegated with yellow and rufous, wings by aline, the radial cell slightly fuscescent, the nervures dark testaceous, the tegulæ very large, blick, smooth and shining

Hab Trincomali, Ceylon & Length 7, exp 12 mm 2 un-

known

Family VESPIDÆ.

Labium short, quadrilobed, the divisions corneous at apex, labial palpi with three or four, maxillary palpi with six, sometimes only five, joints Maudibles, as a rule, short, armed with terminal teeth, except in the genus Ischnogaster, which has the mandibles long and not dentate, antennæ geniculate, arched, in Ischnogaster subclavate, of 12 joints in the 2, 13 in the 3, clypeus pentagonal or square, in Ischnogaster elongate, when pentagonal or lengthened ending in a point, when square, anteriorly emarginate, sometimes bilobed, eyes not always reaching down to the base of the mandibles, the inner orbits with a sinus or emargination variable, the posterior angles of the pronotum reaching back to the base of the wings, median segment always more or less convex, legs with the tibiæ armed at apex with two spines, claws simple * Wings when in repose with a longitudinal fold; fore wing with one radial and two, three, or four cubital cells, the 2nd cubital cell, without exception, receiving both recurrent nervures, 1st discordal cell considerably longer than the 1st submedial cell Abdomen variable

^{*} Ischnogaster, which seems to me a link between the Eumenidæ and Vespid both in structure and habits, has two apical tibial spines, but the claws are unidentate at base below

Key to the Genera

A First abdominal segment narrowed into a petiole

a Fore wing with 3 or 4 cubital cells

a' Petiole much longer than the rest of the abdomen

a² Mandihles and clypeus long beakshaped, the former not dentate

52 Mandibles and clypeus short, the former with teeth at apex, the latter pentagonal

b' Petiole shorter than or equal in length to the rest of the abdomen

a² Median segment not steeply sloped, compressed towards the apex, mandihles with four teeth, all nearly equal in size

b² Median segment somewhat steeply sloped, not compressed towards the apex, mandibles with four teeth at apex, the inmost one smaller than the rest, acute

b Fore wing with only two cubital cells

B First abdominal segment not narrowed into a petiole, pseudosessile

a Median segment always transversely striate, 1st abdominal segment fusiform towards the base

b Median segment never transversely striate, 1st abdominal segment steep or roundly truncate at base ISCHNOGASTER, p 376

BELONOGASTPR, p 381

POLYBIA, p 382

ICARIA, p 385 Paraicaria, p 392

Polistes, p 393

VESPA, p 399

Genus ISCHNOGASTER

Ischnogaster, Guer Voy Coq, Zool 11, pt 2, p 269 (1838)

Type, I fulgipennis, Guér

Range Neotropical, Oriental, and Australian regions 1

Head flat, eyes large, very prominent, the inner orbits on their upper halt with a sinus, the sinus small and narrowed in the larger, deeper and broader in the smaller species, mandibles long and



Fig 112—Ischnogaster micans, Q

pointed, simple, without teeth, nearly always covered by the long acutely pointed clypeus, antennæ subclavate, the apical joint (2) acutely conical, in the male forming a very small crotchet or hook applied closely against the 12th joint, their insertion high up just on a level, or a little below the sinus of the eyes Thorax very short, globular, prochorax truncate anteriorly, not prolonged into a collar or neck, scutellum, postscutellum, and

median segment forming a rounded, very steep, nearly vertical slope,

legs slender, nearly smooth, the intermediate tibiæ with a short anterior and very long posterior slender apical spine, tarsal claws unidentate in the middle below Wings long, ample, radial cell of the tore wing long, narrow, acute at the apex, which reaches very nearly to the apex of the wing, four cubital cells, the 1st and 2nd subequal on the cubital nervure, the 2nd nearly forming a rightangled parallelogram, the 3rd square or nearly square, shorter than the 2nd, the 4th small, irregular, continued to the apex of the wing, the 2nd cubital cell receives both recurrent nervures close to its base and its apex respectively Abdomen remarkable tor its long thin petiole, which is nearly cylindrical with the apex suddenly clavate, in some species the base of the 2nd segment is also distinctly petiolate, in all it is attenuate, smaller than the aper of the first segment, 3rd and following abdominal segments forming a more or less acute cone

The species of this genus seem to me to form the links between the Solitary and Social Wasps, as they not only combine the structural characters of the two families of the Diploptera, but different sections of the genus have different nesting-habits—the larger species making, as a rule, solitary nests constructed by one pair, d and Q, the smaller species living in a many-celled social nest in tiers constructed by the community. In the 'Journal of the Bombay Natural History Society' for 1890, vol v, I figured the two nests

Key to the Species

A Colours black, with yellow or red markings α Head and thoiax black, with yellow markings

a' Clypeus yellow, with an irregular square medial space black, not reaching its apex, median segment with a reversed T-shaped yellow mark on each side

b' Clypeus yellow, without a black medial space, median segment with a yellow spot on each side at apex

c' Clypeus black, with a small central yellow spot, median segment black immaculate

b Head and thorax black with red markings

B Colours rufescent brown or ferruginous with yellow markings

a Median segment very finely transversely striate

b Median segment smooth

a' Median segment with a verticallyimpressed medial line, of comparatively small size Length 12 mm

b' Median segment without a verticallyimpressed medial line, of comparatively large size Length 17–18 mm I micans, p 378

I fraterna, p 378

I scitula, p 379

I rufomaculata, p 379

I nigrifrons, p 379

I nitidipennis, p 380

I eximia, p 380

- 661 Isehnogaster micans (Pl III, fig 1)

 Sauss Ann Soc Ent Fr 1852, p 24, Mon Guép Soc p 8,

 Smith, Cat v, p 92

 Ischnogaster hauxwelli, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc viii (1893)

 p 386, pl 1, fig 4
- Head, pro- and mesonotum finely and closely punctured, with a slightly granular appearance, scutellum, postscutellum, median segment, and abdomen smooth and shining, eyes distinctly divergent towards the vertex, front with a slight medial longitudinal carina, median segment convex, posteriorly with rather a steep slope Black, the apical half of the clypeus, a broad stripe on each side on the upper half continued on the inner margin of the eyes up to the base of the antennæ, a spot in the emargination of the eyes, a spot above each antenna, another on each side of the vertex, the posterior margin of the pronotum broadly interrupted in the middle, an oval spot beneath the base of the wings, and a broad curved one beneath that, the inner half of the tegulæ, the lateral angles of the scutellum, a posteriorly emarginate line on the postscutellum, a reversed broad T-shaped mark on each side of the median segment, a spot on each side at the apex of the petiole of the abdomen, a large oval lateral spot near the base of the 2nd segment, a broad stripe at the base of the 3rd, a large lateral spot transversely along the bases of the 3rd and 4th segments, an elongate spot on each side in the middle of the 2nd ventral segment, and a round one on each side in the middle of the 3rd segment, yellow, the markings at the bases of segments 2-4 generally hidden, front legs yellow variegated with black, intermediate and posterior legs black, yellow on the cove posteriorly and reddish fulvous at the knees, wings hyaline, fuscescent towards the apex and beautifully indescent

of similar, the wings slightly darker, and the yellow markings

broader and more conspicuous

Hab Rangit valley, 1000 ft, Sikhim, Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim, Java, Borneo. Q & Length 16-18, exp 30-33 mm

662 Ischnogaster fraterna, n sp

Q &. Closely allied to and resembling I micans, Sauss Differs in having the head and thorax more coarsely punctured, the clypeus not so long, it differs also constantly in the markings Black, the clypeus except a narrow margin anteriorly and laterally, two oblique spots on the face below the antenne, the posterior margin of the pronotum, a round spot under the base of the wing, a lunate spot under that, the lateral angles of the scutellum, a line on the postscutellum, a spot on each side at the apex of the median segment, the base of the 2nd abdominal segment, and a transverse band near the base of the 3rd, with a triangular submarginal spot on each side on its ventral surface, bright yellow, legs black or rufo-fuscous, the outside of the femora and the tibia above of the anterior legs yellow, wings fusco-hyaline, darker than in I micans, and indescent

Hab Tenasserim Q & Length 17-18, exp 30-32 mm.

663. Ischnogaster scitula, n sp

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen with a fine, very short, soft pubescence, noticeable on the vertex and front of the head, the sides of the median segment, and on the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen, head, pronotum, mesonotum, scutellum, and post-scutellum coarsely and closely punctured, remainder of the body smooth, median segment convex posteriorly, with a distinct medially-impressed line. Black, shining, the pubescence silvery, a small spot on the clypeus, a line on the posterior margin of the pronotum in the middle, a small spot on the mesosternum, and the base of the 3rd abdominal segment above (generally hidden) yellow, the joints of the legs and the petiole of the abdomen dark rufo-fuscous, wings fusco-hyaline and indescent.

Hab Rangit Valley, Sikhim, Margherita, Assam (Doherty)

2 Length 16-17, exp 30-33 mm

664 Ischnogaster rufomaculata, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc vin, 1893, p 385, Ω

 $\mathfrak P$ $\mathfrak G$ Closely allied to and resembling I micans and I frateria (ante) differs in the clypeus being longer and much narrower and having a medial vertical carina at apex, the median segment is broader, less steep, and furnished with a small tooth on each side of the apex. The markings on the head and thorax are similar to those on the head and thorax of I micans, but are red not yellow in all the specimens I have seen, while the markings on the abdomen are precisely similar to those of I micans and like them bright yellow

Hab Tenasserim. 2 & Length 19, exp 32 mm

665 Ischnogaster nigrifrons, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 113, 2

Q Head, pro- and mesonotum, and scutellum closely punctured and finely granular, postscutellum and abdomen smooth, shining, median segment with a distinct but narrow medial vertical furrow, the sides posteriorly on each side of the furrow very finely obliquely striate, clypeus pentagonal, the apex produced and narrowed into a tooth. Dark ferruginous brown, the front and clypeus with rich golden pile, the base of the mandibles, the scape of the antennæ in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, an

oblique spot on each side of the mesonotum anteriorly, a large square spot at its apex (absent in the type specimen), a round spot at each lateral angle of the scutellum, the postscutellum, a largish spot on each side at the apex of the median seg-



ment, two spots one above the other on the mesopleuræ, another at the base of the metapleuræ, two contiguous lines at the base of the node of the petiole beneath, the lateral margins of the 2nd abdominal seg-

380 VESPIDÆ

ment, two oblique lines towards its apex beneath, a transverse band broadly interrupted in the middle at the base of the 3rd segment, a square spot on each side of the 3rd and 4th ventral segments, and the whole of the 6th ventral segment yellow, legs feiruginous brown variegated with yellow, wings hyaline, with a slightly brownish tinge and beautifully iridescent

Var The clypeus with a large cordate yellow spot, the anterior oblique and apical square spots on the mesonotum wanting, the

intermediate and posterior coxe yellow posteriorly

Hab Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim, Borneo Q or &? Length 11-12, exp 19-22 mm I have seen no & of this species Common all over Tenasserim, makes a social nest (Jour. Bomb Nat Hist Soc 1890, pl to paper on Hymenoptera, pp 233-252)

- 666 Ischnogaster nitidipennis, Sauss Mon Guip Soc p 10, pl xxxiv, fig 4, d
- P Head, thorax, and abdomen thinly pubescent, clypeus nearly pentagonal, the apex lengthened and ending in a tooth, mesonotum nearly circular, scutellum and postscutellum prominent, raised, median segment convex posteriorly, nearly vertical, with a well-marked but fine and narrow medial longitudinal groove, petiole of the abdomen with the apex swollen, ellipsoidal, not gradually thickened, base of 2nd segment shortly petiolate Ferruginous brown, the clypeus, a spot under the antennæ, the scape in front, the posterior margin of the pronotum, the anterior lateral angles of the scutellum, the postscutellum, a large spot on each side of the apex of the median segment, a spot at the base of the mesopleuræ, another at the base of the metapleuræ, a curved spot on the mesosternum, irregular marks on the sides of the median segment, two spots, one slightly above and in front of the other, on each side at base of the 2nd abdominal segment, two more elongate ones on its ventral side, a transverse band interrupted in the middle at the bases of the 3rd, 4th, and 5th segments, and the whole of the apical segment beneath, pale yellow, legs pale ferruginous variegated with yellow, wings clear hyaline, remarkably iridescent

Var A spot on the middle of the clypeus ferruginous brown, a spot on each side of the vertex of the head and a line behind the eyes yellowish, antennæ fulvous at their apex

Hab Cayenne?, Tenasserim Q Length 12, exp 20 mm

- 667 Ischnogaster eximia, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc v, 1890, p 244, pl —, fig 7, nest
- d Head, thorax, and abdomen thinly pubescent, the head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum, very minutely punctured, clypeus very long, anteriorly carnate down the middle, median segment nearly vertical, smooth Dark rufoferruginous, the mandibles, clypeus, face as high as the base of the antennæ, the scape of the latter, a broad stripe on the posterior

margin of the pronotum, a spot beneath the base of each wing, a lunate spot below that, the tegulæ, the lateral angles of the scutellum, the postscutellum, a broad stripe on each side of the median segment, the legs, the petiole of the abdomen, the base of the 2nd, a medially interrupted band at the bases of the 3rd and 4th, and the whole of the 5th and following segments above testaceous yellow, beneath, the 2nd ventral segment has an elongate yellow spot on each side close to the base, and the 3rd ventral segment a large irregular lateral spot, the yellow markings on the abdomen are densely covered with golden pile, wings flavo-hyaline, darker along the costal margin of the fore wing

Q similar, but darker, the yellow markings narrower Hab Ceylon (Green). Q & Length 17-18, exp 31-33 mm

Genus BELONOGASTER

Vespa, part, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 279 (1793) Zethus, part, Fabr Syst Prez p 282 (1804) Rhaphigaster, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 12 (1853) (nec Lap Hémipt 1833) Belonogaster, Sauss Mon Guép Soc, App p 235 (1858)

Type, B juncea, Fabr.
Range Africa and India

Head flat, eyes lengthened, each with a sinus on its inner margin above the middle, below their margin not reaching the base of the mandibles, occili in a long triangle on the vertex, the posterior occili close together, antennæ stout, filiform in the male, the apical three joints suddenly attenuate and convolute, clypeus wedge-

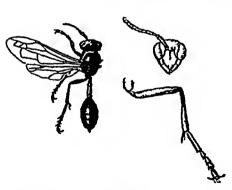


Fig 114 -Belonogaster indica, Q

shaped, the apex pointed, mandibles short, not forming a lengthened beak when closed, obliquely truncate at apex and armed with four Thorax compressed, rather deeper than long, more narrowed posteriorly than anteriorly, median segment sloping, without a medial furrow, legs very long, moderately stout, tarsi longer than the tibiæ, the 1st joint equal in length to the apical four, intermediate tibiæ with two spines at apex, the claws

simple Wings—fore wing with the radial cell elongate, very nearly attaining the apex of the wing, three cubital cells, the cubital nervure only faintly continued to the apex of the wing, the 1st cubital cell long, much longer than the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd the smallest, receiving both recurrent nervures and strongly constricted towards the radial cell, the 3rd forming a slightly

382 VESPIDÆ

elongate parallelogram, abdomen—basal segment lengthened into a petiole, with a strong tooth on each side in the middle and slightly thickening and depressed towards the apex, 2nd segment with the base petiolate, posteriorly campanulate, 3rd and following segments decreasing somewhat regularly in breadth and length

668 Belonogaster indica

Raphigaster indicus, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 17, Q Belonogaster indicus, Smith, Cut v, p 94.

Q & Head, thorax, and abdomen more or less prunose, with a thin short silky pile, the head and thorax covered with evenly regular, sparse, and somewhat shallow punctures, eyes slightly divergent towards the vertex, scutellum and postscutellum prominent, the former square, the latter with a broad triangular hollow below it Dark ferruginous brown, the 2nd abdominal segment with a yellow medially interrupted band on the margin of the 2nd segment continued entire beneath, 3rd and 4th segments blackish with their margins ferruginous brown, apical segments ferruginous brown, wings brownish hyaline with iridescent effulgence

Var Entirely ferruginous brown, no yellow border to the 2nd

abdominal segment

Hab India (Smith), Bombay (Saussure), Madras. Q & Length 18-24, exp 38-49 mm

Genus POLYBIA

Polybia, Lepel Hym 1, p 533 (1836) Rhopalidia, pt, Lepel t c p 538 Myrapetra, pt, White, A M N H vii, p 320 (1841)

Type, P indica Sauss *

Range North and South America, Africa, and the Oriental region

Head flat, eyes elongate, the sinus on the inner orbits wide, the

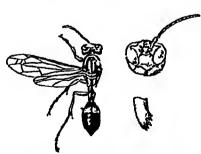


Fig 115 -Polybia indica, Q

orbits below not reaching the base of the mandibles, antenne long, filiform, inserted high up on the front, clypeus pentagonal, the apex ending in a tooth, mandibles with their apex nearly square, four large terminal teeth slightly slanting, ocelli complete, round, set in a triangle on the vertex. Thorax variable, in all the Indian species—compressed, especially the median segment, which is generally more sloping

and less vertical than in any species of Icama, rounded posteriorly and furrowed down the middle, legs long, slender, the intermediate

^{*} This is the type of the species found in the Old World, subgenus Para-polyhia. Sauss

POLYBIA 383

tibize with two spines at apex, the claws simple Wings long, fore wing with the radial cell both broad and long, the apex sharply acute and reaching very nearly to the apex of the wing, the cubital nervure continued to the margin of the wing, hence four cubital cells—the 1st very large, about equal to the 3rd and 4th united, the 2nd very small, constricted towards the radial cell, receiving both recurrent nervures, the 3rd cubital cell a little larger than the 2nd and a little wider at apex than at base, the 4th a little smaller than the 1st Abdomen petiolate, the petiole cylindrical at base, swollen and spherical at apex above, 2nd segment generally shortly petiolate at base, increasing in width to the apex, remaining segments gradually smaller, closing into the 2nd telescopically

It is difficult to distinguish the insects belonging to this genus from those coming under the genus *Icana* So far, however, as the Indian species are concerned, they are slighter, more slenderly

built than any of the Icarra

Key to the Species

a Mesonotum with two distinct parallel longitudinal stripes

a' Of comparatively large size \$\,\ \text{length} \\ 11-12 \text{ mm}

b' Of comparatively small size &, length

b Meconotum without marks, or markings indistinct

a' 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments with large lateral yellow spots, remaining segments immaculate

b' 2nd to 5th abdominal segments with transverse narrow yellow bands above P orientalis, p 383

P stigma, p 384

P indica, p 384

P sumatrensis, p 385

669 Polybia orientalis, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 209, &, pl xxvi, fig 2, Smith, Cat v, p 133

& Closely allied to P indica, and resembling it greatly, but



Fig 116 — Polybia orientalis, Q 4

lighter in colour and with the yellow markings brighter and more profuse, Porentalis is also constantly smaller Light rufescent brown, the mandibles, the clipeus except a reddish-brown cloud in the middle, the space between the base of the antennæ, the sinus of the eyes and the inner and outer orbits broadly, a spot in front of the antennæ in front, the apical joints of the latter above, the prothorax except for a transverse streak in front and another on each side, two medial longitudinal parallel lines on the mesonotum, the scutellum, postscutellum, sides of the thorax,

and median segment except in the sutures, two broad vertical

384 YESPIDÆ.

parallel streaks on the latter posteriorly, the legs except the base of the tibiæ above and the tarsi, a streak on each side of the petiole at base, and large lateral maculæ at the bases of the remaining abdominal segments, yellow, the spots on the 2nd segment with the middle reddish brown, wings hyaline, very slightly shaded with yellow on the costal margin of the fore wing

Q similar, very much larger, the abdomen very dark brown or black, with large lateral maculæ on the 2nd segment only, the median segment on the sides and posteriorly finely transversely

striate

Hab Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim, China & Length 11-12, exp 26-28 mm & Length 20, exp 40 mm

670 Polybia stigma, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 114, & Polybia decorata, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 114, \$\rightarrow\$

Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured and slightly pubescent, the punctures fine, shallow, and scattered, margin of the pronotum slightly recurved, scutellum and postscutellum prominent and raised, median segment moderately steeply sloped, the medial furrow narrow, petiole of abdomen short, subapically Dark brown or black, the mandibles, clypeus, spherical above sinus of the eyes and the inner orbits, a spot on the front below the anterior ocellus, the cheeks, a transverse stripe on the vertex, the scape of the antennæ in front, the pronotum except the posterior lateral angles, two stripes on the mesonotum, the tegulæ and a spot on their inner side, the scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment, except a medial longitudinal line on the scutellum and the median segment, the sides of the thorax, except the sutures broadly, a line on each side of the petiole broadening towards but not reaching the apex, a large spot on each side of the base of the 2nd abdominal segment, the apical margins broadly of segments 2-5, and the whole of the 6th segment, yellow, beneath, the petiole and all the ventral segments entirely yellow, legs yellow variegated with brown, wings hyaline, the costal margin of the fore wing narrowly and the radial cell light fuscous

2 of Differ only in being larger and in having the yellow marks

narrower

Hab Pegu Hills, Rangoon, Burma, throughout Tenasserim, Malacca, Sumatra, Borneo & Length 7, exp 17 mm & Length 10, exp 20 mm & Length 9, exp 18 mm

671 Polybia indica, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 207, 2, pl xxvi, fig 3, Smith, Cat v, p 133

Qor & Head, thosax, and abdomen very minutely and closely accoulate, making the surface dull and opaque looking; median segment with a steep slope posteriorly, medial furrow on it deep and opening above into a short transverse furrow below the post-scutellum, the medial furrow itself obscurely transversely striate, the sides of the median segment smooth, compressed posteriorly,

rounded and bulging, petiole of abdomen subapically spherical above, the base of the 2nd segment shortly petiolate, the remaining segments depressed, the petiole not quite so long as the rest of the abdomen Rufescent brown, the mandibles, the clypeus, except a brown vertical streak, a line on the scape of the antennæ in tront, the anterior and posterior margins narrowly of the pronotum, the postscutellum, a spot on the tegulæ, two medial broad lines on the median segment, the sides of the latter, a spot at the base and an irregular mark on the lower half of the mesopleuræ, the coxe and the femora beneath, the apical half of the tibiæ, and the apical joint of the tarsi with the claws, a line on each side of the petiole at base, and a large spot on each side of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments, yellow, the spots on the 2nd segment about the middle, those on the 3rd segment at the base and very often hidden by the margin of the 2nd segment, wings hyaline, iridescent, brownish along the costal margin of the

Hab Burma, Tenasserim; China & Length 13-14 exp

30-32 mm

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672 Polybia sumatrensis, Sauss Rev et Mag Zool 1855, p 374

Very slender, the median segment with a less steep slope than in the other Oriental species, the medial groove broad and more shallow, finely transversely striate, antennæ and legs proportionately longer. Very dark brown or black, the mandibles, clypeus, the inner orbits of the eyes and the sinus, the lower half of the cheeks, anterior and posterior margins of the prothorax narrowly, the tegulæ, the anterior margins of the scutellum and postscutellum, two broad parallel stripes on the median segment, an irregular mark on the mesopleuræ, the metapleuræ, a streak on each side of the median segment, and the apical margins above of the petiole and following three segments of the abdomen, yellow, legs yellow, the intermediate and posterior pair variegated with brown above and with the apical four joints of the tarsi entirely brown, wings hyaline, the costal margin of the fore wing lightly yellow

Hab Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim, Sumatra & Length

11-12, exp 30 mm

Genus ICARIA

Vespa, pt, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 253 (1793) Polistes, pt, Fabr Syst Piez p 269 (1804) Epipona, Lepel (nec Latr) Hym 1, p 540 (1836) Rhopalidia, pt, Guér Voy Coq, Zool 11, pt 2, p 266 (1838) Anthreneida, pt, White, A M N H vii, p 321 (184) Icaria, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 22 (1853)

Type, I maculiventris (Guér)
Range Africa, Asia, and Australia
Vol. 1

386 VLSPIDÆ

Head flat, the clypeus pentagonal, the apex obtuse, eyes pro-



Fig 117
Icaria guttatipennis, 2

portionately small, below not reaching the base of the mandibles, the inner orbits with a wide emargination or sinus, antennæ short, the flagellum slightly thickened beyond the basal portion of the second joint, ocelli small, complete, round, placed in a triangle on the vertex. Thorax deep, the prothorax square in tront, the scutellum and postscutellum rather prominent, the median segment depressed almost vertically beneath

the postscutellum legs stout, long, the tibiæ smooth, the intermediate pair with two spines at apex the claws simple. Wings moderately long, fore wing with the radial cell very broadly subtriangular, three complete cubital cells, the 1st large, larger than the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd very small, the 3id often broader at apex than at base, the 2nd cubital cell receives both recurrent nervures. Abdomen the 1st segment narrowed into a petiole, linear at base, curved, and then swollen at apex, the 2nd segment very large, bell-shaped, the 3rd and following segments folding into it telescope fashion. In one species the 2nd abdominal segment has its apical margin studded with spines.

The wasps belonging to this genus make, as a rule, small nests of from 5 or 6 to 40 cells, attached by a strong stout pedicel to twigs, the underside of leaves, rocks, walls of houses, and once I found a nest commenced on the corner of a paue of glass in a window, unfortunately, for some reason or other, the wasp

(I varuegata) deserted this after completing only two cells

Key to the Species

A Reddish or ferruginous brown, with yellow markings

a Second abdominal segment with no transverse yellow band on its apical margin

b Second abdominal segment with its apical half yellow

c Second abdominal segment with a narrow yellow band on its apical margin above

yellow band on its apical margin above
a' Base of 2nd abdominal segment without
lateral yellow spots

b' A yellow spot on each side at base of 2nd abdominal segment

a^{2'} Petiole of abdomen swollen and globular above near apex.

b² Petiole of abdomen not swollen and globular above near apex

B Black, with red or yellow markings
a Black, with petiole of abdomen red

I guttatipennis, p 387

I ferruginea, p 387

I marginata, p 388

I varregata, p 388

1 artifex, p 389

a' Second abdominal segment ciliated I sumatiæ, p 389 with spines along its apical margin Second abdominal segment not so ciliated a² Wings hvaline, fore wing with a fuscous cloud in radial cell I speciosa, p 390 b' Wings fuscous for half their length from base, flavo-hyalme on apical I unquiata, p 391 b Black, with petiole of abdomen black a' Second abdominal segment with a yellow transverse band on its apical I anistociatica, p 391 b' Second abdominal segment without any yellow band a^2 Third to fifth abdominal segments I aberrans, p 391 vellow. b2 Third to fifth abdominal segments I scitula, p 392 black C Entirely black, without markings of any other colour I formosa, p 392

673 Icaria guttatipennis (Pl III, fig 2)

Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 40, & or Q, pl v, fig 8 Smith, Cat
v, p 97

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely punctured and slightly pubescent, the vertex, the pro- and mesonotum granular, the abdomen with a smooth silky look, clypeus pentagonal anteriorly, with a fringe of fine, rather short liairs, médian segment roundly sloping, with a carina on each side leading from the angle of the postscutellum, the two converging elightly towards the apex of the segment, the space between the carinæ slightly concave, medially furrowed down its lower half. Reddish brown, a line at the base of the mandibles and the anterior margin of the clypeus narrowly bright yellow, the metatarsi of the intermediate and posterior legs more or less yellowish, wings flavo-hyaline, with a broad subapical fuscous cloud on the fore wing, the whole insect covered with a thin silvery pile, only visible in certain lights

Var The abdomen very dark, nearly black, the apical margin of the petiole narrowly, and the basal two or three joints of the

intermediate and posterior tarsi yellow

💆 sımılar, smaller

Hab Rangoon, Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim Senegal, Port Natal, the Gambia Q Length 18-19, exp 30-33 mm & Length 12-13, exp 22 mm

Vespa ferruginea, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 280
Polistes ferruginea, Fabr Syst Piez p 277
Icaria ferruginea, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 38, pl v, fig 6,
Smith, Cat v, p 97

P Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured and thinly finely 2 c 2

388 YESPIDÆ.

pubescent, pronotum with the afferior margin recurved and raised, median segment steeply sloped, furrowed narrowly down



Fig 118—Icaria feiruginea, & 4

the middle, with a fine carina on each side running from the lateral angle of the post-scutellum, the two converging slightly towards the apex of the segment, the 1st abdominal segment petiolate, the petiole at apex spherical Rufescent brown, the pubescence white, the apical margin of the clypeus, the postscutellum, a spot on each side at the apex of the median segment, a line (sometimes absent) on the posterior metatarsus above, a narrow transverse band on the apex of the petiole, and the posterior half of the 2nd abdominal segment above yellow,

this last marking concave anteriorly and with a shading of black on the segment in front of it, wings flavo-hyaline, with a brownish tint and a subapical fuscous cloud on the fore wing

\$\times\$ similar, the posterior margin of the pronotum sometimes

narrowly yellow

Hab Barrackpore, Rangit Valley, Sikhim, Allahabad, Bombay, Poona, Madras, Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserin Q Length 14-15, exp 24-25 mm \(\) Length 11-13, exp 22-23 mm

675 Icarıa margınata

Epipona marginata, Lepel Hym 1, p 541 Icaria marginata, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 237, &, Smith, Cat v, p 97

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely punctured and slightly pubescent, the vertex of the head, the pro- and mesonotum with a slight granular appearance, the abdomen smooth, silky, median segment with two convergent carine posteriorly, the space between them deeply furrowed down the middle and obscurely transversely striate. Light ferruginous brown all over, the 2nd abdominal segment darker and more obscure in the middle above, with a transverse band of yellow on the apical margin, all individuals have more or less the scutellum, postecutellum, and two marks close to the apex of the median segment yellow, in some these yellow markings are more decided than in others, wings flavohyaline, with a subapical fuscous cloud on the fore wing

& similar, much smaller, usually without the yellow apical band on the 2nd abdominal segment, and always wanting the

carınæ on the median segment

Hab Bangalore, Madras, Ceylon (Green) Q Length 15, exp 26 mm & Length 9-10, exp 18 mm

676 Icarıa varıegata

Epipona variegata, Smith, A. M. N. H. (2) ix (1852) p. 48 Icaria variegata, Sauss Mon. Guép Soc. p. 237, Smith, Cat. v, p. 97 Icaria picta, Sauss Mon. Guép Soc. p. 238

Icaria pendula, Smith, Cat v, p 98, Q

Q & Very closely allied to I marginata, of which the present may be an extreme variety, it differs only in colour as follows ferruginous brown, the base of the mandibles, the clypeus, a spot between the base of the antennæ, the inner orbits and the sinus of the eyes, a line behind the eyes, the anterior and posterior margins of the prothorax, the tegulæ, the scutellum anteriorly, the postscutellum, two large oval marks on the median segment posteriorly, a spot beneath the base of each wing, the posterior margin of the petiole and of the 2nd abdominal segment, and a large spot on each side of the base of the last, yellow, legs ferruginous variegated with yellow, wings hyaline, with a small subapical cloud on the fore wing

on the fore wing

Hab Poons, Bombay, Bangalore, Tenasserim Q Length

9-10, exp 20 mm \ \ \ Length 5-6, exp 13 mm

677 Icaria artifex, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 236 Smith, Cat v, p 98 Icaria variegata, Sauss (nec Smith) Mon Guép Soc p 25, pl 1v, fig 3, \u2209

Head, thorax, and abdomen obscurely pubescent, the head, pro- and mesonotum, and scutellum finely granular, median segment glabrous, with a medial longitudinal furrow, vertical or very slightly sloped, petiole of abdomen gradually thickened to the apex, the latter not spherical Black or rutescent brown, clypeus except a long, medial, vertical fuscous spot, the mandibles, a line on the front of the scape of the antennæ, a line on the posterior margin of the pronotum, sometimes the anterior also, the tegulæ, the scutellum and postscutellum, and a broad stripe down the middle of the median segment divided in two by the groove (sometimes an outer yellow longitudinal stripe also), a line on each side at the base of the petiole, a transverse line on its apex (sometimes obsolete), a large spot on each side at the base of the 2nd abdominal segment, and a transverse band on its apex yellow, the antennæ and the 3rd and apical segments of the abdomen ferruginous, legs reddish brown or black, the intermediate and posterior coxe behind and the knees yellow, wings hyaline yellowish, with the stigma yellow along the costal margin of the fore wing, and a subapical fuscous cloud in the radial cell

Var The yellow markings more or less obsolete or replaced by

fulvous or ferruginous

Hab Siklim, Barrackpore, Dehra Dun, Mussooree, Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasseriin, Java 2 Length 12-13, exp 25 mm 4. Length 10, exp 20 mm

678 Icaria sumatræ

Vespa sumatræ, Weber, Observ Ent p 103
Anthreneida coronata, White, A M N H vii (1841) p 321, footnote, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 246, 2, Smith, Cat v, p 100

2 or 2 Very like I speciesa, Sauss Head, thorax, and abdomen very coarsely punctured, with a rugose granular appear-

390 VESPIDÆ.

ance, clypeus pubescent, flattish, somewhat longer than broad, pentagonal, median segment very steeply sloped, with a medial sulcation very wide at the top, bounded by a carina on each



Fig 119 —Icaria sumatræ, Ç ?

side, starting from the lateral angles of the postscutellum and converging towards the apex, the
sulcation with a medial deeply impressed line,
the sides beyond the carinæ on each side obscurely rugose, petiole of abdomen as in I
speciosa; 2nd abdominal segment campanulate,
the 3rd and following segments telescopically
closing into it, from beneath the posterior margin of the 2nd segment a fringe of strong spines
about 2 mm in length projects over the base of
the 3rd segment Velvety black, the clypeus
brownish with a whitish pile, the petiole of the

abdomen red black at base, the entire insect covered with a fine silky pile, looking golden in certain lights, the spines fringing the 2nd abdominal segment yellow, wings hyaline the costal margin of the fore wing fuscous, and with a large fuscous subapical cloud from the radial cell to a little below the cubital cells

The type specimen of White's insect has the 2nd cubital cell very slightly petiolate towards the radial cell, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure about the middle, the 5rd cubital cell receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure near its base, but I am convinced this is only an individual variation—the specimens I procured in Tenasserim have the 2nd cubital cell as in I speciosa, receiving both recurrent nervures

Hab Tenasserim & Length 11-12, exp 19-23 mm.

The genus Anthreneida was founded by White on a single specimen without locality

679. Icaria speciosa, Sauss Rev & Mag Zool 1855, p 374, Smith, Cat v, p 98

Head, thorax, and abdomen finely punctured, densely prunose, with a soft velvety appearance, clypeus convex, pentagonal,



Fig 120—Icoria speciosa, § 3

the apex ending in an obtuse angle, pronotum anteriorly rounded and distinctly narrowed towards the head median segment vertical, with a wide, deep, medial vertical hollow, the sides rounded, smooth, petiole of abdomen spherical at apex, base of 2nd segment shortly petiolate. Intense black, the petiole orange-red, slightly fuscous at base, a spot at the base of the mandibles and the anterior margin of the clypeus narrowly white, wings light fusco-hyaline, darker along the costal margin of the fore wing, and

with a fuscous subapical cloud.

Hab. Pegu Hills, Burma; Tenasserim; Malacca, Sumatra,
Borneo (A Wallace) §. Length 10-11, exp 22-24 mm.

680 Icaria ungulata, n sp

Elosely alhed to I speciosa and resembling it, but smaller, more coarsely punctured, and with the wings of a different colour. Head, thorax, and abdomen rather coarsely but regularly punctured, densely primose, with a velvety appearance, clypeus convex, pentagonal, somewhat broader than long, the apex obtusely angled, pronotum auteriorly slightly rounded, not transverse, and distinctly narrowed towards the head, inedian segment vertical, furrowed down the middle, and obliquely coarsely striate, petiole with the apex spherical, the base of the 2nd abdominal segment shortly petiolate. Intense black, the petiole orange-red in its apical two-thirds, the antennæ beneath fulvous, the apical joints of all the tarsi, with the claws and pulvilli, and the margins of the 3rd and following abdominal segments bright testaceous, wings light fusco-hyaline for a little more than half their length from base, bright fulvous yellow beyond

Hab Tenasserim \(\text{\tength} \) Length 8-9, exp 20 mm

681 Icaria aristocratica, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 37, &, Smith, Cat 1, 97

Be Head, thorax, and abdomen with very fine punctures, the surface not granular, finely silky and shining, clypeus pentagonal, apex with a strong downward bent tooth, pronotum wide, and with its anterior margin prominently recurved, median segment convex, petiole of abdomen shoit. Black, a line on the mandibles, the anterior margin of the clypeus, the inner orbits obscurely, a fine line along the anterior margin of the pronotum, a short line under the base of the wings, the postscutellum, the apical margin, and two obscure small spots on the petiole, and a broader transverse line on the posterior margin of the 2nd abdominal segment yellow, legs black, with a line of yellow on the posterior femora, wings hyaline, the radial cell of the fore wing entirely dark fuscous

Hab India (Saussure), Tenasserim, Pulo Penang & Length 7-8, exp 16-19 mm

*682 Icaria aberrans, Grib Bull Soc Ent Ital 1891, p 246, Q, Dall Tour Cat ix, p 117

"? Head lightly, thorax and abdomen closely and coarsely punctured, head flat, subtriangular, as wide as the thorax, clypeus small, narrow, higher than broad, anteriorly widely arched, almost truncate, median segment subconcave posteriorly, petiole of abdomen slightly flat. Fuscous black, the anterior margin of the clypeus, the inner orbits below the sinus of the eyes, and abdominal segments 3-5 citron-yellow, the underside of the antennæ and all the legs ferruginous, wings hyaline, obsoletely lacteous, base and costal margin dailening to fuscous

"Hab India Q Length 8 mm"

392 VESPIDÆ

683 Icaria scitula, n sp

Head, thorax, and abdomen finely shagreened, prunose, with a silky lustre, clypeus large, slightly convex, with a minute tooth at apex, pronotum with its anterior margin sharply transverse and very narrowly recurved, median segment steeply sloped, nearly vertical, with a deep wide furrow down the middle, and the sides rounded, petiole of the abdomen not spherical at apex, base of the 2nd segment not petiolate. Intense black, a broad line on the pronotum reaching back nearly to the tegulæ, the scutellum and postscutellum bright red, the clypeus and sides of the median segment with a hoary whitish pile seen only in certain lights, the claws and the pulvilli of the tarsi testaceous, wings hyaline, the fore wing fuscous along its anterior margin, with a fuscous cloud in the radial cell

Hab Rangit Valley, Sikhim \ \ Length 8, evp 20 mm

684 Icaria formosa, Sauss Mon Guêp Soc p 37, Q, Smith, Cat v, p 98

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and finely punctured and pilose, the punctures somewhat coarse and with a tendency to appear like strike on the large 2nd abdominal segment, median segment with a broad deep longitudinal furrow which is bordered by a sharp edge on each side, 2nd abdominal segment very long, and with a transverse depression along its posterior margin Fuscous black, covered all over by a greyish pile, visible clearly in certain lights, wings fusco-hyaline, obscurely brownish along the costal margin of the fore wing

Hab India (Smith) 2 Length 19, exp 37 mm The type

and only specimen I have seen is in the British Museum

Genus PARAICARIA.



Fig 121 —Paraicaria bicolor,

Paraicaria, Gribodo, Bull Soc Ent Ital 1891, p 248

Type, P bicolor, Grib Range Burma

Of small size, in form closely allied to Icaria, with the same characters, except the neuration of the fore wing, which has only two cubital cells, the 2nd receiving both recurrent nervures

685 Paraicaria bicolor, Gib Bull Soc Ent Ital 1891, p 249

Q or & Closely resembles Icaria scitula, from Sikhim, in appearance, but smaller and not quite so closely punctured, the apex of the clypeus more produced, and the head broader in proportion Black, the pronotum, scutellum, and postscutellum red, the clypeus narrowly along its anterior margin, the inner orbits to as high as the base of the antennæ, and the anterior tible and

tars: sometimes obscurely fulvous white or testaceous, wings slightly fusco-hyaline and iridescent

Hab Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim (common) Q or &

Length 7-8, exp 16-17 mm

This species makes a very large Polybia-like nest. It is common on the sand-banks in the rivers in the hottest time of the day, sitting basking and sucking in the moisture

Genus POLISTES.

Vespa, pt, Linn Faun Suec p 418 (1761)
Polistes, Latr Hist Nat Ins xiv, p 348 (1805)
Cyclostoma, Kirby & Spence, Introd Ent 1st ed in, p 633 (1826)
Gyrostoma, Kirby & Spence, Introd Ent 5th ed in, p 631 (1828)

Type, P gallicus, Linn Range Both hemispheres

Head flat in front, vertex not or scarcely arched, eyes remiform, rather small, not reaching the base of the mandibles, ocelli placed



Fig 122 —Polistes sagittarius, &

on the vertex in a long triangle, the posterior two rather close together, antennæ hliform, in the male arched at the apex, clypeus pentagonal, its anterior margin often roundly angular in the middle, mandibles short, nearly square, terminated by 4 teeth, the inner one often obtuse and somewhat apart from the others. Thorax elongate, the median segment oblique, flat posteriorly, and more often than not in the Eastern species.

transversely striate, sometimes broadly but deeply grooved down the middle, legs stout, moderately long, intermediate tibize with two spines at apex, claws simple. Wings long, ample, fore wing with a narrow radial cell acuminate at base and apex, three cubital cells—the 1st very long, the 2nd the smallest, receiving both recurrent nervures and strongly constricted towards the radial cell, the 3rd obliquely quadrate, the 2nd and 3rd transverse cubital nervures waved. Abdomen pseudosessile, the basal segment narrowed at base, but never transformed into a lengthened petiole as in *Icaria*, *Polybia*, &c.

Key to the Species

A Mesonotum unmarked

a Abdomen plain, not banded with red or yellow

yellow
a' Ot large size Q Length 27-30 mm
Q Length 21-24 mm Head, thorax,
and abdomen plain chestnut-brown

P schach, p 394

b' Smaller Q Length 19-20 mm Q Length 17-19 mm Head, thorax, and abdomen chestnut-brown, the greater part of the thorax variegated with black

b Abdomen with the 2nd segment orangeyellow on the apical two-thirds or half a' Thorax very coarsely rugose Q

Length 23 mm

b' Thorax not so coarsely rugose Q

Length 16-18 mm

c Abdomen with the apical and lateral margins of the 1st and apical margins broadly of the 3rd and 4th segments yellow

d Abdomen with the apical margins of segments 1-5 somewhat narrowly yellow

e Abdomen with the apical margins of segments 2-5 with broad anteriorly arched sublunate marks

f Abdomen with the apical margins of segments 1-5 daik red

B Mesonotum with two yellow parallel lines, 2nd abdominal segment with a bisinuate black line across the middle always present P sulcatus, p 395

P hophtes, p 895

P sagittarius, p 395

P stigma, p 396

P maculipennis, p 396

P assamensis, p 397

P adustus, p 397

P hebræus, p 398

686 Polistes schach

Vespa schach, Fabr Spec Ins 1, p 461
Polistes schach, Fabr Syst Piez p 270, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 50, Smith, Cat v, p 105
Cyclostoma orientalis, Kirby & Spence, Introd Ent 111, p 633 (ed 1)
Polistes orientalis, Lep Hym 1, p 519, Smith, Cat v, p 102
Polistes gyrostoma, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 104
Polistes confusus, Smith, Cat v p 102

Q & Head and thorax closely and somewhat coarsely punctured, the punctures on the pronotum running into transverse striæ, abdomen smooth, dull and opaque, the median segment with a broad shallow furrow near the apex, transversely striate, the striæ coarse and somewhat prominent Entirely of a dull chestnutbrown, shaded with fuscous on the thorax above and on the bases of the abdominal segments, usings brown, subhyaline, with in some specimens a purplish effulgence

of similar, the eyes very small, separated from the base of the mandibles by more than two-thirds of their own length, the mandibles very large, arched, the apex with two strong teeth, the clipeus nearly square, very obtusely angled in the middle anteriorly, the head and thorax more spaisely punctured than in the Q or \(\tilde{\beta}\), the apical joint of the flagellum of the antenna flattened, cornute

So far as size is concerned this species varies a good deal, but it seems pretty constant in coloration

395

- Hab India (Smith), Sikhim (Moller), China (Larling) Q. Length 27-30, exp 65 mm & Length 30-37; exp 68-88 mm & I igth 21-24, exp 62-65 mm
- 687 Polistes sulcatus (Pl III, fig 3)

 Smith, Trans Ent Soc new ser 11, 1852, p 38, Sauss Mon
 Guép Soc p 59, Q &
- Q $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensurem$

of similar, the clypeus and inner orbits yellowish

Hab Raugit Valley, Sikhim, China Q Length 19-20, exp 48 mm \(\rightarrow\) Length 17-19, exp 42-45 mm

- 688 Polistes hoplites, Sauss Mon Guép Soc pp 55 & 255, Smith, Cat v, p 102
- Q Closely resembling P sagittarius, but constantly larger and the thorax much more coarsely punctured and rugose. I know no other distinction, and it is quite possible that P sagittarius is but a smaller form of P hophies. This latter is a rare insect, I have only seen one or two specimens of it

Hab India (Saussure, Smith), Burma Q Length 23-24,

eap 54-56 mm

- 689 Polistes sagittarius, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 56, Smith, Cat v, p 102
- Q or & Head, pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, pro-, meso-, and metapleuræ rugosely punctured, granular, in certain lights looking as if irregularly striate, median segment transversely striate, coarsely on the sides and posterior angles and fine in the middle, down which there is a broad sulcation, abdomen pruinose, with a silky appearance. Black or deep reddish brown the black varieties have the scape and flagellum of the antennæ beneath and the apex of the clypeus, the cheeks, the pronotum anteriorly, and the scutellum reddish brown, the reddish-brown varieties have the scape of the antennæ lighter, the flagellum very dark almost black, a transverse stripe between the eyes on the vertex, the mesonotum except a reddish-brown oval patch anteriorly, the median segment, and intermediate and posterior legs black, abdomen in both varieties with the basal two (sometimes only the 2nd) segments yellow, the 1st segment more or less black at base, wings brown, ferruginous on their apical margins.

396 Vespidæ

Hab Probably throughout the greater part of India, Burma, Tenasserim, China Q. Length 18, exp 44 mm & Length 16, exp 40 mm

690 Polistes stigma

Vespa stigma, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 275 Vespa tamula, Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 263 Polistes tamula, Fabr Syst Piez p 274 Polistes stigma, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 64, pl vi, fig 3, Smith, Cat v, p 102

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, head and thorax opaque, abdomen slightly shining, median segment with the medial groove barely marked. Dull ferruginous brown, the clypeus, mandibles, inner orbit to the sinus, the lower half of the cheeks, and a narrow line along the outer orbit above, the anterior and posterior inargins of the prothorax very narrowly, the mesopleuræ except for a medial irregular reddish-brown mark, the postscitellum, two broad longitudinal and apically slightly convergent streaks on the median segment posteriorly, the anterior and intermediate coxæ in front and the posterior coxæ behind, the 1st abdominal segment except an oval reddish-brown mark in the middle above, and broad transverse bands on the posterior margins of the 3rd and 4th segments, yellow, wings light ferruginous, the fore wing with a broad subapical fuscous cloud

Var The wings similarly marked, but clear hyaline

d similar, the vertex blackish, the 4th abdominal segment entirely yellow

\$\times \text{similar, smaller, the bases of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments black}

Var. a The two streaks on the median segment absent

Var β The whole insect velvety black, the clypeus and scutellum fulvous red, the yellow markings on the head and face and on the mesopleuræ and coxæ wanting; abdomen black, with the posterior and lateral margins of the 1st and the posterior margin of the 4th segment only yellow, the posterior temora dull red, wings hyaline, with the usual subapical fuscous cloud on the fore wing

Hab Simla, Delhi, Allahabad, Barrackpoie, Bombay, Bangalore, Madras, Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserim, extending to the Malayan region 2 Length 13-14, eap 32 mm & Length

11, exp 28 mm & Length 10-11, exp 24 mm

691 Polistes maculipennis, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 61, pl vi, fig 4, Smith, Cat v, p 103

Example 2 Head above, the pro- and mesonotum, and scutellum finely punctured, with a granular appearance, clypeus with only a few scattered punctures, median segment with a medial broad groove slightly transversely striate, shining, abdomen smooth and silky Head, the mesonotum, median segment, pectus, sides of the thorax, and base of the abdomen black, the mandibles, the clypeus in the middle, the cheeks, the pronotum, scutellum, legs, and abdomen

397 POLISTES.

bright reddish brown, the margins of the clypeus, the inner orbits up to the sinus of the eyes, the anterior and posterior margins of the pronotum narrowly, the tegulæ, three spots on the pleuræ, the scutellum and postscutellum anteriorly, two rather broad vertical streaks on the median segment posteriorly, and the posterior margins somewhat broadly of the 1st-5th abdominal segments vellow, wings light brownish hyaline, the subapical fuscous spot in the fore wing in all the specimens I have seen either absent or faintly marked

Var Some specimens are darker, with the ground-colour dark brown or fuscous black

Hab Sikhim, Assam, Tenasserim, Java Ŭ Length 11-13: exp 26-31 mm Saussure gives the Javan & -Length 16, exp 38 mm, the Indian forms seem to me much smaller.

692 Polistes assamensis, n sp

Head and abdomen finely silky, impunctate, except on the clypeus, where there are a few fine scattered punctures, pronotum, mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum closely, finely punctured, granular, median segment vertical, with a broad furrow down the middle, and rather coarsely transversely and regularly striate Reddish brown, the anterior and lateral margins narrowly, the posterior margin broadly, and a line down the middle of the mesonotum, the anterior margin narrowly of the median segment, and a broad medial irregular streak on the mesopleure, the metapleure and sides of the median segment, the anterior coxe behind, the intermediate coxe, trochanters and bases of the femora, the posterior coxe, trochanters, femora, tibiæ, and base of the 1st joint of the tarsi, the base of the 1st abdominal segment broadly and of the 2nd narrowly, black, the lateral posterior margins of the pronotum very narrowly, the tegulæ, the tars of the legs, and broad anteriorly arched sublunate marks in the middle of the posterior margins of the 2nd-5th abdominal segments, dull yellow, getting brighter towards the apex of the abdomen; the apical segment entirely yellow, wings deep ferruginous hyaline

Var The abdomen entirely reddish brown.

Hab Margherita, Assam (Doherty), Sikhim ♥. Length 12-14: exp. 26-28 mm

693 Polistes adustus, n sp

Head and thorax finely and closely, abdomen more sparsely punctured, the punctures on the head and abdomen shallow, and indistinct on the thorax, in front deeper, giving the surface a granular look, median segment sulcated down the middle, on the sides and posteriorly coarsely transversely striate; clypeus strongly convex, pentagonal, the apex bent downwards; scutellum and postscutellum transversely rectangular, prominent, the latter somewhat broader in the middle Black, the clypeus, the scape of the antennæ, an abbreviated line behind the eyes near the vertex, the pronotum, except a large triangular patch on the sides, the tubercles. 398 VESPIDÆ.

the tegulæ, the scutellum, a square spot at each lateral angle of the postscutellum, the femora above and the tibiæ of the legs, transverse broad bands on the apical margins of the 1st-5th abdominal segments above and beneath, and the whole of the 6th segment above, dark red, the 5 or 6 apical joints of the flagellum of the autennæ with a line of orange beneath, wings fullo-hyaline, broadly tuscescent towards their apical margins

Var The clypeus black on its basal half, the scape black with a line of red anteriorly, the flagellum entirely black, only the margins of the pronotion and broadly of the basal two abdominal segments red, the scutellum and postscutellum entirely black, the legs black for the greater part, shaded with red on the femora beneath and the base of the tibiæ above, wings fusco-hyaline

Hab Sikhim, up to 6000 feet \ Length 10-12, exp.

24-30 mm

694 Polistes hebræus

Vespa hebræa, Fabr Mant Ins 1, p 292 Polistes hebræa, Fabr Syst Piez p 273 Polistes macaensis, Fabr Syst Piez p 272 Vespa undata, Oliv Encyl Meth vi, p 684 Polistes hebræus, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 53, Smith, Cat v, p 101

Q or & Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, opaque, sometimes slightly shiring, mesonotum with two short, parallel, longitudinally



Fig 123 —Polistes hebræus, \$\rightarrow\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$

impressed lines on its posterior portion, medial groove on the median segment well-marked, very broad in some specimens, the transverse striations sometimes faint. From bright yellow to fulvous brown. The bright yellow forms have all the sutures on the head, thorax, and abdomen lined with black, a curved line on the vertex behind the ocelli, a transverse streak on the prothorax in front, a medial and two shorter side-streaks on the disc of the mesonotum, a transverse streak on the middle of the basal abdominal segments, and fine sinuate lines on

the middle of the remaining segments black. The fulvois-brown forms have a broad band between the eyes on the vertex black, the disc of the mesonotum with one medial and two outer shorter stripes fuscous or black, the median segment black, with a spot of yellow on the sides and two parallel yellow stripes down the middle, the basal abdominal segment black, with the apical margin more or less broadly yellow, the base of the 2nd segment black, the black produced angularly back in the middle, and a transverse sinuate black line on the middle of the segment, sometimes on the 3rd to the 5th segment also, the legs have the apical four joints of the tarsi always bright yellow. Wings in both forms ferruginous or fulvo-hyaline. This species is exceedingly variable, but can be recognized by the sinuate line, which is always present, at any rate on the 2nd if not on the 3rd and following abdominal seg-

ments In a few specimens I have found the line faintly marked, and then only as a darker sinuate line on the rufescent brown base of the 2nd and following segments

Hab Throughout India, Burma, and Tenasserim, Persia, Arabia, Egypt, Isle of France Q Length 20-24, exp 46-48

mm & Length 13-16, evp 36-40 mm

Genus VESPA.

Vespa, pt, Lum Syst Nat 1, p 948 (1767) Crabro, pt, Christ, Natura Ins p 217 (1791) Vespa, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 110 (1853-58)

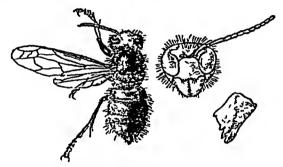


Fig 124 — Vespa magnifica, & 1

Type, V vulgaris, Linn

Range All parts of the world

Head concave posteriorly, the cheeks often much developed. eyes variable, sometimes with a considerable distance between them and the base of the mandibles, in a few cases extending down to the latter, ocelli small as a rule, in one species very large, placed in a broad triangle on the vertex, antennæ filiform, in the male elongate, simple, clypeus not terminated by a tooth, generally square, its anterior margin transverse, slightly emarginate, in a few cases bilobed, mandibles very broad, terminated by 4 strong Thorax deep cubical, sometimes globose, median segment vertical, rounded, smooth, legs stout, rather short, the claws simple wings long, the fore wing with the radial cell elongate, the 1st cubital cell the longest, the 2nd constricted towards the radial cell, receiving both recurrent nervures, the 3rd obliquely quadrate, the radial cell obliquely or straightly truncate at apex, not acutely rounded as in Polistes, Icaria, &c Abdomen massive. cylindrical, suddenly and acutely pointed at the apex, the 1st segment never narrowed at base as in Polistes, or petiolate as in Icaria, but vertical anteriorly

The species of this genus seem to be cosmopolitan. They make large nests of papery stuff, placed in trees, or in the ground, generally at the foot of a tree, or often, in India and Burma, attached to the beams under the eaves of the houses. Many species are exceedingly irritable and fierce, resenting any intrusion, even at a

400 VESPIDÆ

good distance from their nests Their stings are always painful, and very often dangerous

Key to the Species

- A P over 30 mm, & over 22 mm in length a Abdomen entirely dark brown, with narrow transverse apical yellow bands on 1st-5th V magnifica, p 401 segments, 6th segment entirely yellow b Abdomen with the basal two segments V ducalis, p 401 ochreous yellow B 2 not over 25 mm, & not over 22 mm in a Head, thorax, and abdomen pale honeyyellow V dorylloides, p 400 b Head, thorax, and abdomen some shade of black, brown, 1eddish-brown, or sulphuryellow, variegated with ferruginous or bright vellow a' Second abdominal segment, sometimes the 1st segment also, bright or orange-yellow V cincta, p 402 b' Second abdominal segment entirely light chestnut-red V orientalis, p 403 c' Second abdominal segment entirely brown or black V basalis, p 403 d' Second abdominal segment with a broad transverse apical band yellow a2 Median segment yellow, with a Y-shaped black mark V bicolor, p 404 62 Median segment black as Head narrower than the thorax V structor, p 404 b^3 Head as wide as the thorax V relutina, p 405 c2 Median segment dull yellow, the middle suffused with black V analis, p 405 e' Second abdominal segment with a narrow transverse apical band yellow a² Mesonotum black, unmarked Length 11-12 mm, & Length 9–10 mm V flaviceps, p 406 b³ Q unknown, & Length 18-20 mm b² Mesonotum black, marked by a U-shaped V vivaz, p 406 yellow mark & Length 15-17 mm V auraria, p 407
- 695 Vespa dorylloides (Pl III, fig 5)
 Vespa anomala, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 112, pl xiv, fig 2
 Vespa dorylloides, Sauss Mon Guép Soc (Errata), p 256, Smith,
 Cat v, p 120
- Q & Head, thorax, and abdomen impunctate, silky, somewhat densely villose, head as broad as the thorax, short, the cheeks not much developed, the vertex narrowed, the eyes very nearly reaching the base of the mandibles below, the clypeus large, square, anteriorly bilobed, antennæ stout, long, filiform, occili large and very prominent, thorax and abdomen depressed, the latter very long and narrow Pale honey-yellow, the antennæ, the emar-

YESPA. 401

gination of the eyes, the posterior margins of abdominal segments 1-3, and the whole of the apical three above, darker brownish yellow, the vertex black, wings hyaline, the radial cell in the fore wing brownish yellow

Var Some specimens are paler, others are darker than the

above

Hab Dehra Dun Saháranpur, Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Java, Sumatra & Length 14-15, exp 42 mm & Length 11-12, exp 33-36 mm

This is a common species in Burma and Tenasserim

- 696 Vespa magnifica, Smith, Trans Ent Soc new ser 11, 18-2, p 45, id Cat v, p 119, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 155, pl xiii, hg 3, Q
- Head above smooth, shining, with one or two scattere punctures, clypeus coarsely punctured, thorax and abdome smooth, with a fine silky lustre, herd as wide as the thorix rather long, compressed anteriorly, the occiput concile scutellum and postscutellum large, prominent, the former with a medial deeply-impressed line, the latter bulging and overhanging the median segment beneath the postscutelluin is a transverse hollow produced triangularly down from the middle, and continued as a medial furrow to the apex of the median segment. Very dark brown with a golden tint in certain lights, head and scape of the antennæ orange the sides of the pronotum, two large marks on the mesonotum anteriorly, and a spot under each wing lighter brown, abdomen prumose, the margins of the segments 1-5 and the whole of the 6th yellow legs covered with a glistening golden ferruginous pile, the anterior tibiæ ferruginous in front wings dark fuscous brown

Var a The whole of the thorse light brown with a silky golden ferruginous pile the base of the 1st abdominal segment dull yellow, with a medial vertical brown streak wings much lighter forces former.

lighter fusco-ferruginous

Var β The thorax entirely dark brown without any of the

lighter marks on the pronotum, &c

& Exactly similar, but much smaller the wings slightly lighter in tint

Hab The Himshaus from Simh to Darpling the hills of Assam, Burma and Tenasserim Q Length 30-35, exp 66-80 mm & Length 23, exp 60 mm

- 697 Vespaducalis Sruth, Trans Ent Soc, newsor ii 1852, p. 39 Q. Sruts Mon Guép Soc p. 151, Q & 3, Sruth, Cat v. p. 121
- I Herd (except the cirpeus and mandibles) thorax and aldomed smooth clypeus and mandibles rugosely purctured hard terr large the cheeks in some specimens enormously dilated, mesonatum proportionately rather small, scutellum large and terr produment. Dull ochreous yellow, the space round the oceili, you is

402 VESPIDÆ.

a line on the scape of the antennæ above, the mesonotum, the thorax beneath, the coxe and femora beneath, a medially interrupted line on the 1st abdominal segment, and a doubly interrupted line on the 2nd, with the apical four segments entirely, dark brown or black, wings brownish hyaline, darker towards the base and along the costal margin of the fore wing, the thorax and abdomen, and especially the tibiæ and tarsi of the legs, with golden pile in certain lights

& similar, the pronotum, tegulæ, tibiæ, and tarsi yellowish red, the posterior margins of the basal two segments, sometimes

also the 3rd, with a transverse band of bright yellow

o similar, head ferruginous, the posterior margin of the pronotum, two large marks on the mesonotum anteriorly, a spot on the tegulæ, the posterior half of the scutellum, the anterior tibiæ above, and the basal two segments of the abdomen ferruginous, a spot on each side beneath the scutellum, the posterior margin of the 2nd segment of the abdomen, and the 3rd and 4th segments entirely yellow, the 2nd segment with a line of black in front of the yellow

Hab Nepal, Shillong, Assam 2 Length 40; exp 82 mm

& Length 29, exp. 76 mm & Length 30, exp 76 mm

698. Vespa cincta, Fubr Syst Ent p 362, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 152, Smith, Cat v, p 118 Sphex tiopica, Sulz Abgel Gesch Ins pl xxvii, fig 5 Vespa unifasciata, Oliv Encycl Meth vi, p 677 Crabro tenebrionis, Christ, Naturg Ins p 216 Vespa affinis, Fabr Mant Ins 1, p 287, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 154, Smith, Cat v, p 118

or & Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured, with erect stiff hairs springing from the punctures, the clypeus nearly square, emarginate anteriorly, closely and strongly punctured, the punctures on the rest of the head, on the thorax and abdomen, few and



Fig 125 Vespa cincta, Ş

scattered, median segment entirely smooth, impunctate, the medial groove short, deep at base, barely continued to the apex of the segment. Head, the pronotum, tegulæ, and scutellum brownish red, the 2nd abdominal segment bright yellow, with its base narrowly black, the rest of the thorax and abdomen black, legs black, getting reddish brown towards the tarsi, and in certain lights covered with a ferruginous golden pile, wings dark fuscous—brown, paler along their apical margins

Var (a) Basal abdominal segment reddish, with an obscure clouding of yellow

on the sides, wings ferruginous

Var (b) Head, thorax, and abdomen, except the 2nd segment, entirely black, the 2nd segment deep yellow.

VESPA. 403

Var (c) The 1st segment also yellow above, more or less clouded with fuscous black on the middle and sides

Var (d) The yellow on the 2nd segment shaded with fuscous

black, especially on the sides

Var (e) The basal three segments more or less yellow

Var (f) The head, thorax, and abdomen reddish brown, very

fine and silky, the 2nd abdominal segment pale yellow.

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, extending into the Malayan region Q Length 28-32, exp 62-70 mm

\(\text{Length 22-25} \), exp 60-64 mm

After comparison of a large series of all the forms, I am unable to find any constant structural or colour difference between V cincta and V affinis. The latter varies as to size but the measurements of a large number of neuters give —Length 17-23, exp 54-62 mm

699 Vespa orientalis (Pl III fig 4)

Linn Syst Nat, Mant p 540, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 132,

Smith, Cat v, p 117

Vespa turcica, Drury, Ill Erot Ins 11, t 39, fig 1

Crabro fusca, Christ, Naturg Ins p 216

Vespa ægyptiaca, Vallot, Tabl de Réaum p 170

Vespa nilotica, Vallot, Tabl de Réaum p 170

Q or \(\beta\) Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, the clypeus with regular but sparse and very fine shallow punctures, bilobed or emarginate anteriorly, scutellum and postscutellum prominent, but not overhanging the median segment. Light chestnut-red, the clypeus dull orange-yellow (\(\beta\)), brighter sulphur-yellow (\(\beta\)); a line on the scape in front, the apical margin of the 1st abdominal segment narrowly above, and the 3rd and 4th segments pale sulphur-yellow, the yellow on the 1st segment emarginate anteriorly, the extreme base of the 'rd and 4th segments with a small spot on each side above reddish brown, wings flavo-hyaline

Hab South of Europe, Greece, Turkey, Egypt, the Punjab, North-West Provinces Q Length 22-25, exp 54-58 mm

\(\text{Length 17-22}, \exp 47-51 mm

Vespa basalıs, Smith, Trans Ent Soc new ser 11, 1852, p 46, Q,
 Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 148, Smith, Cat v, p 119
 Vespa obliterata, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1852, p 47, Z, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 149, Smith, Cat v, p 119

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, with a fine silky lustre, clypeus broader than long, deeply bilobed anteriorly, mesonotum with a medial longitudinally impressed line anteriorly, scutellum and postscutellum prominent, the former with a fine medial longitudinal carina, the latter bulging, overhanging the median segment, which is concavo-truncate posteriorly. Head, thorax legs, and the basal abdominal segment a sort of dull testaceous yellow, clouded irregularly with dark brown, and covered with a golden pile, which in tresh specimens is remarkably brilliant and glistening;

2 g 2

404 VESPIDÆ

the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen very dark brown or black, the basal segment with a short subapical transverse black band in the middle above, and some irregular black spots on each side near the base, wings flavo-hyaline, the costal and upper part of the medial cell in the fore wing deep yellowish brown

ĕ similar, the mesonotum and basal segment of the abdomen brown or black

Var The whole insect dull testaceous yellow, with a very

brilliant golden pile in certain lights

Hab Sikhim at low elevations, Northern India, China, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, Malabar Q Length 20-23, exp 50-52 mm & Length 17-19, exp 44-46 mm

701 Vespa bicolor, Fabr Mant Ins 1, p 288, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 143, Smith, Cat v, p 118

Q or \(\times\) Slightly pubescent, with fine, rather stiff erect hairs, smooth and impunctate, the vertex of the head and the mesonotum only sparsely and finely punctured. Light sulphur-yellow, the front from a little above the base of the antennæ, the vertex and occiput of the head, the scape above and the flagellum of the antennæ, a medial longitudinal black line on the scutellum and postscutellum not reaching the apex of the latter, a Y-shaped mark on the median segment posteriorly, the base and sometimes the apex also of the 2nd abdominal segment, and the apical segment generally black, basal and apical three abdominal segments, and the femora and tibiæ of the legs above, occasionally shaded with rufous brown, wings light flavo-hyaline, darker along the costal margin of the fore wing

Hab Sikhim, Kumaun, Sadiya, Assam (Doherty) Q Length

19-21, evp 40-42 mm \(\times\) Length 15-16, exp 34 mm

702 Vespa structor, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 191, pl xxi, fig 12, &

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen covered with rather long erect hairs, which are most dense on the vertex of the head, sides of the scutellum, sides of the median segment, and apical margins of abdominal segments 4–6, clypeus convex, rectangular, the middle anteriorly broadly produced and transverse, the head small, much narrower than the thorax, the eyes long, reaching very nearly down to the base of the mandibles, the scutellum very large, transverse, and gibbose, the postscutellum and median segment vertical, entirely hidden under the prominence of the scutellum. Head and abdomen yellow, the thorax black, the vertex and front with a blackish fuscous cloud, the anterior and posterior margins of the pronotum, the tegulæ, the lateral angles of the scutellum, the postscutellum, and the legs yellow, the bases of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments black, the black produced angularly back in the middle on the segments, the femora

VESPA. 405

anteriorly with a broad streak from base black; wings brownish hyaline

& similar, but with the femora at apex, tibize, and tarsi only yellow, abdomen reddish yellow, with the basal margins of all the segments black, the black bands narrow, produced angularly back in the middle, and irregularly notched on their posterior margins

o Very similar to the \(\Delta\), but the thorax entirely intense black, only the posterior margins of the pronotum bright yellow, a black elongate spot on each side of abdominal segments 2-5 above,

antennæ very long

exp 40 mm & Length 10-11, exp 32 mm & Length 13, exp 32 mm

703 Vespa velutina, Lepel Hym 1, p 507, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 144, Q, Smith, Cat v, p 119

Q or \(\xi\) Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, with soft erect hairs, longer on the head and thorax than on the abdomen, this last having a soft velvety appearance, clypeus lightly convex, slightly produced and transverse anterioily, the sides oblique, the margin in the middle and on the sides waved, scutellium with a medial longitudinally impressed line, convex and somewhat prominent, the postscutellium and median segment vertical. Dark velvety brown or black, the clypeus, inner and outer orbits broadly interrupted above, and the front of the scape of the antennæ orange, the posterior margin of the 1st abdominal segment narrowly, the anterior tibiæ on the inside and all the tarsi bright yellow, the posterior margins of abdominal segments 2-4 broadly ferruginous yellow, broadening still more on the sides, the 5th and 6th segments ferruginous brown, the apical margin of the 5th slightly lighter brown, wings brownish by aline

Var The colours in some specimens brighter, in others much

duller

Hab Kumaun (Miss A Brook); Sikhim (Moller), Burma, Tenasserim, China, Java Q Length 16-18, eap 40-42 mm Q Length 14-17, eap 40 mm

704 Vespa analis, Fabr Syst Ent p 363, Lepel Hym 1, p 508, Sauss Mon Guép Soc p 152, Smith, Cat v, p 118

Q or \(\neq \text{Clypeus coarsely and closely punctured, square, emarginate anteriorly, head above and the thorax in front more finely and sparsely punctured, abdomen smooth, hinely silky, scutellum much raised and longitudinally grooved. Head, thorax, 1st abdominal segment, and basal half of the 2nd brownish yellow, the rest of the abdomen dark brown, the same colour suffuses the apex of the mesonotum, the median segment posteriorly, and the legs, the head and thorax with erect black hairs. rather

406 VESPIDÆ

dense on the posterior lateral margins of the median segment, the posterior margin broadly of the 2nd abdominal segment and very narrowly of segments 3-5, the whole of the 6th and a spot on each side above on segments 2-5, yellow, the spots on the 2nd segment opening anteriorly into the brownish-yellow band at the base, wings flavo-hyaline, brownish along the costal margin as far as the base of the 1st cubital cell in the fore wing

Var With the clypeus and face between the antennæ, the thorax, and abdomen brown or reddish brown, the vertex and cheeks, some indistinct shadings on the pro- and mesonotum, the scutellum, and base of the 1st abdominal segment yellow, abdominal

segments 2-5 with a yellow spot on each side above

Hab India (Smith), Kumaun (Miss A Brook) Q Length 25, exp 56 mm & Length 20, exp 50 mm

705 Vespa flaviceps, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 191, Q & Ş, pl xxi, fig 10 Q, 11 Ş

- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, with erect black hairs, densest on the front and vertex of the head and apex and sides of the median segment, clypeus slightly convex, short, rounded above and on the sides, slightly produced anteriorly, the apex transverse, the scutellum only slightly raised, abdomen broad, suddenly acute at apex Black, the head except the flagellum of the antennæ and a square spot enclosing the ocelli, the margins of the pronotum, of the scutellum and postscutellum anteriorly, a spot on each side of the apex of the median segment, a spot on each side under the wings, a transverse band on the basal three abdominal segments, and all the 4th and 5th, except an ovate black spot on each side, yellow, legs yellow, variegated with ferruginous, wings flavo-hyaline
- If similar, smaller, differs in having the scape of the antenne yellow only on the front, the black more extended on the vertex of the head, and the whole of the abdominal segments with broad transverse yellow bands on their apical margins, sometimes also an interrupted yellow line at the base of the 1st abdominal segment, wings clear hyaline

Hab Binsur, Kumaun, Sikhim at low elevations, Tenasserim (rare) 2. Length 11-12, exp 28-30 mm \ \mathfrak{\mathfrak{Z}}{\text{Length}} \ 8-9,

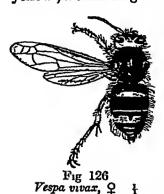
erp 24 mm

706. Vespa vivax, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 190, pl xxi, fig 9, \u03c3

Head, thorax, and abdomen covered with long, erect, somewhat thickly-set black hairs, beneath this covering the head smooth but not shining, the thorax and abdomen densely pruinose Black, the head, the apex of the femora, the tibise and tarsi, a broad band on the posterior margins of the 1st and 3rd abdominal segments, a very narrow one on the posterior margins of the 2nd, 4th, and 5th segments, and the whole of the 6th segment

VESPA. 407

yellow; a black ring-like mark on the front of the head, broad where



it passes over the ocelli, slightly extended into the emargination of the eyes laterally, and reduced to a fine line above the base of the clypeus, the scape and basal joint of the flagellum of the antennæ beneath yellow, the broad yellow band on the margin of the 3rd abdominal segment is broadly emarginate on each side on its anterior border and has a narrow triangular incision in the middle, wings brownish hyaline

Hab Binsur, Kumaun, Northern India; Sikhim, 8000 feet (rare) \(\mathbf{Y} \) Length

18-20, exp 50-52 mm

707. Vespa auraria, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1852, p 46, pl vin, fig 8, Q, Sauss Mori Guép Soc p 147, Smith, Cat v, p 119

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, with a fine silky appearance and sparsely scattered erect hairs, the vertex and front of the head and mesonotum sparsely punctured. Golden brown with, in certain lights, a rich glistening pile, the head, pronotum, and scutellum reddish brown, mesonotum a darker brown with a U-shaped mark on the disc, posteriorly touching the scutellum, of brighter golden brown; the bases of the 1st and 2nd abdominal segments brown, their margins and the visible part of the remaining segments covered with a rich golden pile, wings brownish hyaline

It very similar, smaller the posterior margins of the 1st and 2nd abdominal segments narrowly yellow the 3rd yellow, with an irregular mark at base above, nearly reaching the posterior margin in the middle, brown, the 4th entirely yellow except for a very narrow medial longitudinal brown line, the 5th yellow at base, irregularly festioned with brown along the posterior margin, the 6th entirely brown

Hab Northern India (Smith), Kumaun (Miss A Brook), Tenasserim Q Length 21, exp 40 mm & Length 15-17, exp 36-38 mm

TRIBE ANTHOPHILA.

Family COLLETIDÆ

Non-social bees usually of small size Head elongate or sub-triangular, the tongue short, broad, obtuse and emarginate at aper, thorax and abdomen ovate

No parasitic forms are known in this family, of which only two genera are found within our limits

Key to the Genera

a Fore wing with three cubital cells b Fore wing with two cubital cells

Colletes, p 408 Prosopis, p 409

Genus COLLETES.

Colletes, Latr Hist Nat Ins 111, p 372 (1802) Evodia, Panz Krit Reis Faun Deutschl 11, p 207 (1806)

Type, C succencta, Lann Range Both hemispheres

Head from front subtriangular, ocelli arranged in a slightly curved line nearly straight on the vertex, antennæ filiform, tongue broad, slightly emarginate at apex; the labial palpi 4-jointed, each joint slightly thickened at apex, maxillary palpi 6-jointed, nearly equal Thorax steep or truncate posteriorly, with

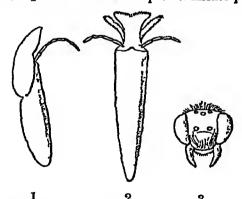


Fig 127 - Colletes 1, maxilla, 2, labium, 3, face from front

the basal space more or less rugose fore wings with one radial and three cubital cells, the 1st cubital nearly equal in length on the cubital nervure to the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd slightly narrowed towards the radial cell, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure near the middle the 3rd cubital cell restricted above towards the radial, about half as wide above as below, receiving the 2nd recurrent neivure in its apical half, legs of moderate size, pubescent, the

tibial calcaria of the posterior legs subequal, about half the length of the basal point of the tarsi Abdomen broadly ovato-pyriform

The insects belonging to this species make their burrows in hard sand or in the mortar between the stones in old walls No species, I believe, has hitherto been recorded from India The one described below I found tunnelling into the hard earth of a cutting on the road along the Rangit stream leading to Killimpong in Sikhim, in April 1894

708 Colletes dudgeonu, n sp

9 Head above on the vertex with a few fine punctures, the thorax somewhat coarsely and closely punctured, abdomen smooth, opaque, clypeus rounded anteriorly and narrowed, convex, eyes



Fig 128 — Colletes dudgconu, Q

convergent beneath, median segment truncate posteriorly, coarsely longitudinally rugose at base, with a medial furrow to the apex, the posterior face on each side of the turrow and below the rugose space at base smooth the clypeus, front, region of the ocelli, cheeks, and posterior face and sides of the median segment with long, white pubescence, the mesonotum and scutellum with scattered black erect hairs, the legs covered with a soft white down. somewhat long on the femora, the posterior margins of segments 1-5 of the abdomen with

transverse bands of dense short white pubescence, the bases of the 4th and 5th segments and the pygidium covered with longish black hairs, wings hyaline, slightly fuscescent, nervures dark brown, tegulæ black

Hab Rangit Valley, 4000 ft, Sikhim Q Length 12, exp 24 mm

Genus PROSOPIS

Prosopis, Tabi Syst Piez p 293 (1804), Smith, Cat 1, p 18 (1853) Type, P communis, Nvl

Range Both hemispheres

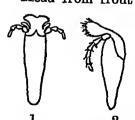


Fig 129 -- Prosopis 1, labium, 2, maxilla much enlarged (Smith, Cat 1, pl v1)

Head from front elongate, flat, as wide as the thorax, ocelli in a triangle on the vertex, the tongue sub-emarginate at the apex, labial palpi 4-jointed, maxillary palpi 6-jointed, eyes more or less convergent beneath Thorax oval, the median segment with a cordiform or triangular space at base, generally more or less rugose, legs slight, short wings ample, fore wing with the radial cell broad at base, acutely pointed at apex, two cubital cells receiving the two recurrent nervures, the shape of the cubital cells and the points at which the recurrent nervures

are received varying considerably

Nothing is on record of the habits of the Indian species. The European species bore holes for their nests in bramble-sticks, and in the holes construct cells lined with a thin transparent membrane calculated to retain the honey with which they fill the cells

Key to the Species

A Joints of antennæ not distinct	
a Enclosed space at base of median segment	
finely rugose	
a' Front with a Y-shaped carina .	P mixta, p 410.
b Front not carmate	
a ² Median segment posteriorly with a	
medial longitudinal carina	P strenua, p 411
b ² Median segment not carinate	P mustela, p 411
b Enclosed space at base of median segment	· -
coarsely rugose, sometimes reticulate	
a' Head finely punctured a² Tarsı black	
a ² Tarsı black	P fear, p 411.
b ² Taisi yellow	
a ³ No yellow mark on clypeus	P fervida, p 412
b ³ An oblong yellow spot on clypeus.	P scutula, p 412
b' Head coarsely punctured	
a ² . A spot on each side of basal abdo-	
minal segment covered with grey	
pubescence	P absoluta, p 412
b ³ Basal abdominal segment with no	
pubescent spot	P bellicosa, p 413
B Joints of antennæ distinct, moniliform	P monthcornis, p 413
•	

709 Prosopis mixta, Smith, A M N H (2) 1x, 1852, p 50, \$\big2\$, id.

Cat 1, p 30

Prosopis leucotarsis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, a few scattered punctures on the apical margins of the 2nd and following segments, face slightly elongate, clypeus flat, produced anteriorly, front



Fig 130—Prosopis mixta, Q 4

above it carmate, the carma forking below the anterior occllus, the lateral branches running one on each side up to the posterior occlli, a deep hollow round the base of each antenna, median segment roundly steep at the sides and posteriorly, the enclosed space at base above slightly concave, finely rugose Black, shining, the clypeus, the face just above it, and the tubercles yellow, the apical four joints of the tarsi and the apical margins of abdominal segments 2-5 rufo-testaceous, the tibiæ and tarsi,

the apical half of the 2nd, and the whole of the following abdominal segments clothed thinly with pale glittering hairs, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ very pale testaceous.

Hab India (Smith) Q. Length 5, exp 9 mm

- 710. Prosopis strenua, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897.
- Q. Head and thorax somewhat coarsely and closely, abdomen more sparsely and shallowly punctured, head with the front and the ocellar region raised, the raised portion narrowing between the bases of the antennæ, the median segment with the middle raised, the raised portion forming a triangle, rugose, and bordered by a smooth space, rounded at the apex, beyond which is a stout keel, the apex of the median segment concavo-truncate Black and shining, a large spot on the apex of the clypeus, a broad line on the inner orbits not reaching the vertex, a line interrupted in the middle on the pronotum, the tubercles, the anterior tibiæ in fi ontand the tarsi, the intermediate and posterior tibiæ at base and the tarsi, yellow, antennæ fulvous beneath, wings hyaline, nervures brown Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 6, crp 12 mm

711 Prosopis mustela, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2a) xiv, 1891, p 446, Q

P Head lightly punctured, thorax and abdomen nearly impunctate, clypeus slightly convex, depressed and lightly emarginate at apex, median segment with a somewhat steep slope posteriorly, the sides very finely rugose, opaque, the space at base cordiform and obsoletely very slightly scabrous. Black, shining and smooth, a spot near the apex of the clypeus, a subtriangular elongate spot on each side of it, an interrupted line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot on the tegulæ anteriorly, the anterior tibiæ above, the posterior tibiæ, and the base of the tarsi yellow, flagellum of the antennæ testaceous towards the apex, wings hyaline

Hab Karen Hills, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 4-5, exp

9 mm

712 Prosopis feai, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2ª) xiv, 1894, p 444,

Q o
Prosopis striatifrons, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

P Head and thorax closely, finely, and evenly punctured, abdomen shining, much more finely and sparsely punctured, the



Fig 131 — Prosopis feat, & ?

punctures also much more superficial head almost subtriangular, narrowed anteriorly, with the eyes distinctly convergent below, median segment roundly steep posteriorly, the sides compressed, a Y-shaped furrow on the posterior face of the segment, the space enclosed between the base of the segment and the lateral branches of the Y somewhat coarsely reticulate and rugose Jet-black, the clypeus, the face on each side as high as the base of the antennae, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot on the anterior tibue, and an annulus on the base of

the posterior tibiæ, yellow, antennæ black, the flagellum sometimes obscurely fulvescent beneath, wings hyaline, nervures piceous

d similar, more slender, the eyes somewhat large in proportion and more strongly convergent beneath, the antennæ longer, the flagellum dull castaneous brown beneath

Var With the yellow markings on the head and legs sometimes

more, sometimes less developed

Hab Upper and Lower Burma, Tenasserim, Sikhim Q Length 5-7, exp 14-15 mm & Length 65, exp 13 mm

*713 Prosopis fervida, Smith, 2nd Yark Miss, Hym p 1, 2

"? Black the head closely and finely punctured, a yellow line on each side of the face along the margin of the eyes, the flagellum of the antennæ fulvous, slightly fuscous above. Thorax punctured above and shining, the metathorax rugose in the middle of its base, the collar, tubercles, tegulæ, the anterior tibæ and tarsi, the intermediate and posterior tibæ at their base and their tarsi yellow, the wings hyaline and indescent, their nervines towards their base pale testaceous, beyond fuscous. Abdomen shining, very finely and closely punctured, the apical margins of the segments rufo-testaceous. Female, length, 23 lines (=about 6 mm.)

"Hab Sind Valley, Kashmir"

714 Prosopis scutula, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2n) xiv, 1894, p 446, 2

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, the last shining, the punctures very minute and shallow, head very little produced anteriorly, scarcely triangular, the eyes strongly convergent below, median segment truncate posteriorly, the sides somewhat rounded, the posterior face of the truncation bearing a Y-shaped furrow, the space between the base of the segment and the lateral branches of the furrow coarsely reticulate, abdomen broadly oval Black, an oblong mark on the clypeus, an elongate triangular mark on each side of the latter, the pronotum, the tubercles, the knees, the base broadly of the tibiæ and the tarsi, yellow, wings hyaline, nei vures pale testaceous yellow, tegulæ black, sometimes bordered anteriorly with yellow

Hab Shwègu, Upper Buima, Thaungyin Valley, Tenasserim

 \bigcirc Length 55, exp 10 mm

715 Prosopis absoluta, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc ali, 1897

Q Head and mesonotum closely and somewhat coarsely punctured, the punctures running into indistinct strime, the scutellum and postscutellum sparsely, the sides of the median segment closely and finely punctured, a large triangular space at base coarsely transversely rugose, the apex of the segment truncate, with a broad smooth furrow running from the apex of the enclosed space to the apex of the segment, abdomen with the basal segment smooth and shining, the 2nd and apical segments finely punctured Black, a spot at the apex and a lunate spot at the

PROSOPIS 413

base of the clypeus, a line broadest in the middle along the inner orbits, another line on the pronotum, the tubercles, the tegulæ, the auterior tibiæ above and the posterior tibiæ at base, yellow, the antennæ fulvous beneath, the basal segment of the abdomen with a lateral elongated spot of greyish pubescence, wings hyaline, nervures pale testaceous

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal Q Length 5, evp 9 mm Type

in coll Rothney

716 Prosopis bellicosa Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

d Head and the sides of the median segment coarsely and closely, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and abdomen more finely punctured, the last slightly pubescent, the punctures on the head running into striæ, median segment with a subtriangular space at base coarsely transversely rugose, with posteriorly and on the sides an impunctate smooth area bordered by a well-marked V-shaped turrow, continued from the angle of the V in a median line to the apex of the segment Black, a pyramidal spot at the apex of the clypeus, a line on the inner orbits broadest in the middle and slightly emarginate above the base of the antennæ, a line interrupted in the middle on the pronotum, the tubercle, and the tegulæ yellow, the legs variegated brownish ferriginous and yellow, the antennæ beneath, the raised portion at the base of the median segment, and the truncated apex of the latter obscurely piceous brown, wings hyaline, nervures dark brown

Hab Barrackpore of Length 6, evp 11 mm Type in coll

Rothney

*717 Prosopis monilicornis

Hyleus monilicornis, Motsch Bull Soc Nat Mosc xxxvi, pt 2, 1863, p 24

Prosopis monilicornis, Dall Torr Cat x, p 27

"Elongate, punctured, shining, black, abdomen subæneous, the palpi and tarsi rufescent, the front and sides of the thorax and the tibiæ with cinereous pile, head orbicular, depressed, densely punctured, anteriorly rugose, the front subconcave, eyes large, oval above, slightly narrowed below, antennæ about half the length of the body, incrassate, the joints subquadrate, slightly moniliform, head about as wide as the thorax, the latter subconvex, triangular, punctured, narrowed posteriorly and arched abdomen narrowed than the head, oblong, shining, sparsely pubescent, the basal segment lightly rugulose Length 2 lines (=about 5 mm)"

Hab Ceylon

Family APIDÆ.

This family contains both social and non-social bees, and is distinguished by having the tongue acute at the apex, never emarginate, generally narrow and sometimes remarkably long. In form and in the amount and character of the pubescent covering the genera vary considerably.

Key to the Genera

A Fore wing with three cubital cells a Maxillary palpi 6-jointed a' Posterior tibiæ densely pubescent u² Ocelli in a curve on vertex a3 Abdomen with an anal longitudinal rima (2), clypeus and face elongate (3) Halictus, p 419 b^3 Abdomen without any anal rima (Q), clypeus and face not elongate (d) a4 Labrum barely exserted . **Поміа, р** 447 b4 Labrum much exserted, prominent. Tetralonia, p 520 b² Ocelli in a triangle on vertex a³ Labrum much exserted, prominent a4 First recurrent nervure in fore wing received at apex of 2nd cubital cell, interstitial with 2nd transverse cubital nervure HABROPODA, p 521 First recurrent nervure in fore wing received at middle of 2nd cubital [p 523 ANTHOPHORA, cell 63 Labrum only slightly exserted, not prominent a4 Second cubital cell in fore wing subquadrate Andrena, p 440 Second cubital cell elongate subtriangular, the inner angle pro-XYLOCOPA, p 533. duced b' Posterior tibiæ not densely pubescent a² Abdomen much narrowed at base, sub-Nomada, p 463 petiolate, and clavate Abdomen pseudosessile, not narrowed much towards base a³ Ocelli in a curve on vertex, 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments more or less Systropha, p 466 laterally produced b3 Ocelli in a triangle on vertex, 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments not laterally produced Colour generally black and red, 2nd cubital cell in fore wing sub-SPHECODES, p 416 quadrate b4. Colour generally metallic blue or green, or black with yellow mark-ings, 2nd cubital cell in fore wing CFRATINA, p 499 in shape of a truncate triangle MELECTA, p 515. b Maxillary palpi 5-jointed

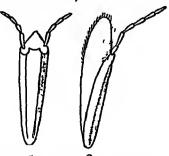
c Maxillary palpi 2-jointed	
a' Pubescence on head, thorax, and abdomen	
very short, thick, and close . b' Pubescence on head, thorax and abdomen	CROCIBA, p 515
b' Pubescence on head, thorax, and abdomen very long and dense	
a ² Posterior tibim bare, concave on outside,	
and fringed with long curled hairs	Bombus, p 544
b2 Posterior tibie densely pubescent and	DOMESON, P. ORE
convex on outside, the fringe of hairs	
short not curled .	Paithyrus, p 555
d Maxillary palpi 1-jointed	Apis, p 556
B Fore wing with two cubital cells	
a Scutellum armed with a lateral tooth pos-	~ ~~
b Scutellum not so armed	CŒLIOXYS, p 508
a' Abdomen (2) furnished with a ventral	
scopa or pollen-brush, (d) dentate at	
apex	
a ² Abdomen long, narrow, subcylindrical	
and curved	
as Apex of abdomen (2) simple, (3)	77
armed with two teeth	Heriades, p 507
63. Apex with a median longitudinal carina and a tooth on each side (6)	En 467
2 unknown	[p 467. Thaumatosoma,
δ ² Abdomen convex above, not cylindrical	THRUMATUSUMA,
nor curved	
as Maxillary palpi'2-jointed	
a Second recurrent nervure received	
distinctly beyond apex of 2nd cubital cell	A
b' Second recurrent nervure received	Anthidium, p 490
at or within spex of 2nd cubital	
cell	Megachile, p 470
63 Maxillary palpi 4-jointed	
a. Front between bases of antennæ	
tuberculate	Lithungus, p 469
L' Front between bases of antennæ not tuberculate	000
c ³ Maxillary palpi 6-jointed	Овміа, р 468
a' Inner tibial spur on posterior leg	
(x) bent, lunate, with a row of	
nne minute teeth on inside, an-	_ [p 461
tennæ in both sexes simple	CTENOPLECTRA,
Inner tibial spur on posterior leg	
(2) simple, antennæ (3) with apical two joints dilated, flat	[p 460
O Abdomen, Y without a ventral score	Steganomus,
d rounded at apex, in one genus tri-	
dentate	
a ² Maxillary palpi 6-jointed	Allodape, p 505
b' Maxillary palpi 2-jointed	• •
a Aper of abdomen, 2 subangular,	Commercial and a
b's Apex of abdomen, 2 incised, o tri-	Stelis, p 496
dentate	Parevaspis, p 496
C Fore wing with one complete cubital cell or	
none	MELIPONA p 559
	учит р 000

Genus SPHECODES

Sphecodes. Latr Hist Nat xiii, p 368 (1805).

Type, S gibbus, Linn Range Both hemispheres

Head as wide as the thorax, body nearly without pubescence: front broad, inner orbits wide apart, parallel, ocelli in a broad



2, maxilla much enlarged (Smith, Cat 1, pl 111)

triangle on the vertex, tongue acute. short, not folded, labial palpi 4jointed, the 1st joint nearly as long as the following two, apical joint minute, paraglossæ very small, maxillary palpi 6-jointed, basal joint short. about half the length of the 2nd. apical four joints shorter than the 2nd, subequal Thorax short, broadly ovate, legs moderately stout, almost without pubescence wings mode-Fig 132 - Sphecodes 1, labium, rately broad and long, radial cell acutely pointed at apex, three cubital cells, the 1st largest, 2nd subquadrate,

narrow, 3rd slightly restricted towards the radial cell, the 2nd and 3rd cubital cells receive the 1st and 2nd recurrent nervures at their apices respectively Abdomen elongate ovate, massive, the margins of the segments often constricted

Nothing is as yet known of the nesting-habits of the few Indian species hitherto recorded The European species were at one time supposed to be parasitic on the Halicti Mr F Smith. however, after careful observations, seems to have come to the conclusion that Sphecodes makes burrows like Halictus

Key to the Species

a Legs entirely black a' Wings fuscous

r a² Apical margin of basal abdominal segment only constricted

a³ Clypeus with a medial vertical groove b3 Clypeus without any groove

Apical margin of abdominal segments 1-5 constructed

b' Wings hyaline

 a^2 Length 8-9 mm . b^2 Length 5-6 mm

a Head and thorax regularly and strongly punctured

b3 Head and thorax smooth, with fine scattered punctures

b Legs red, covæ only black -

S amcatus, p 416 S fumipennis, p 417

S albifrons, p 417

S montanus, p 418

S crassicoinis, p 418

S widipennis, p 418 S rubripes, p 419

718 Sphecodes apicatus, Smith, Cat 1, p 36, Q, Dall Torr Cat.

2. Head and thorax closely and coarsely, abdomen very finely

and more sparsely punctured, the punctures closer along the bases



Fig 133
Sphirodes apicatus, P i

of the segments, the apical maigins nearly impunctate, clipeus subtriangular, very convex, the antenor maigin transverse, a deep medial vertical groove anteriorly, not reaching the base of the clypeus, median segment truncate posteriorly, with the space at base concave, coarsely longitudinally striate and strongly punctured between the strice, abdomen shining, the apicar margin of the basal segment constricted. Head, thorax, legs, and apical abdominal segment black, bisal five segments blood-red, sides of the face

and the clypeus with silvery pubescence, thin and sparse on the latter, anteunæ piceous beneath, wings light fuscous, slightly hvalue towards the base

Hab India (Smith), Pegu Hills, Burma Q Length S-9,

erp 17-18 mm

719 Sphecodes famipennis (Pl III, fig 6) Smith, Cat 1, p 36, 2, Dall Tori Cat 1, p 4

Q Head and thorax densely coarsely cribrate, abdomen shining, much more finely and sparsely punctured, clypeus convex, transverse anteriorly, the margin hidden by a fringe of stiff hairs, median segment truncate posteriorly, with the deep cribrate punctures confluent and larger than on the mesonotum, the space at base very coarsely longitudinally rugose, apical margin of basal abdominal segment constricted. Head, thorax, and legs with the apical two segments of the abdomen sometimes black, rest of the abdomen, generally the entire abdomen, ferruginous red, the clypeus, the sides of the face, the cheeks, and the legs with sparse silvery white pubescence, wings fuscous, slightly paler towards the base

d precisely similar, the punctures on the head and thorax deeper, closer, and coarser

Hab Northern India, Assam Q & Length 11-12, erp 22-23 mm

720 Sphecodes albifrons, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 27, Dall Foir Cat x, p 1

of Head, mesonotum, and scutellum closely and regularly, but not coarsely punctured, shining, postscutellum and the lunate space at the base of the median segment, which is remarkable in being prominent and iaised, coarsely longitudinally rugose, rest of the median segment reticulate, the face truncate posteriorly, abdomen, except the apical margins of segments 2-6, finely, regularly, and closely punctured, the apical margins of the same segments narrowly smooth and of segments 1-5 strongly constricted Head, thorax, and legs black, abdomen shining ferruginous, the clypeus and face in front covered with dense short You'i

418 APIDÆ.

white pubescence, the clypeus transverse anteriorly, the antennæ submoniliform, piceous black

Hab Western India. J. Length 11-12, evp 20 mm. Q unknown

721. Sphecodes montanus, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 27, 9 d, Dall Tor Cat x, p 8

Q Head very finely and closely, thorax more strongly and coarsely punctured, the punctures on the latter beneath and on the sides confluent, abdomen smooth and shining, with very minute punctures at the base of the 2nd and 3rd segments, clypeus transverse anteriorly, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment subtriangular, projecting backwards and longitudinally rugose, beneath, the segment is truncate posteriorly and coarsely punctured. Head, thorax, and apical half of the 3rd and following abdominal segments black, the basal two segments and base of the 3rd rich ferruginous red, the flagellum of the antennæ at apex beneath piceous, clypeus and legs with a very thin silvery-white glittering pubescence, wings hyaline and indescent

of similar, the head and the disc of the mesonotum especially much less closely punctured, the antennæ moniliform and, with the apex of the median segment, dull castaneous, legs castaneous brown, apical half of the 5th, the whole 6th and 7th abdominal

segments black, the rest of the abdomen ferruginous red

Hab Northern India, Mussocree 25 Length 8-9, exp. 16 mm.

722 Sphecodes crassicornis, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 28, 5, Dall Torr Cat x, p 2 Sphecodes sodalis, Smith, t c p 28, 5

Head and thorax regularly and strongly, abdomen very minutely and densely punctured, the head very flat, transverse, the vertex above coming almost to a sharp transverse ridge, clypeus transverse, emarginate anteriorly, median segment shining truncate posteriorly, with a medial vertical carina, the space a base concave, coarsely longitudinally striate, and punctate between the strice. Head, thorax, basal two-thirds of the 1st abdomina segment and the whole of the apical three black, the apical margin of the 1st and the whole of segments 2-4 ferruginous red, clypeus and face with dense white pubescence, the antenne and legs obscurely rufo-piceous, wings hyaline and indescent, the nervures terruginous, the tegulæ pale rufo-testaceous

Hab Calcutta o. Length 6, exp 11 mm Q unknown

723 Sphecodes iridipennis, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 27, \(\text{P}, \) Dall Torr Cat \(\text{x}, \text{p} \) 7

4 Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, brilliantly polished and shining, the head and thorax finely and not very closely punctured, the front very broad proportionately, the clypeus convex, trans-

verse anteriorly, median segment truncate posteriorly, coarsely rugose and punctured, the space at base concave and longitudinally striate. Head and thorax black, abdomen ferruginous, base and apex of the 2nd and base of the 3rd segment above fuscous, the apex broadly of the 3rd and the whole of the following segments black, the antennæ and legs piceous, wings hyaline and splendidly indescent

Hab. Northern India 2 Length 5, erp 9 mm & unknown

*724 Sphecodes rubripes, Spm Ann Soc Ent Fr 1838, p 512, id op at 1843, p 438, Dall Torr Cat x, p 1

"Antennæ, coxæ, head, and thorax black, abdomen, the legs (coxæ excepted), and the tegulæ of the wings red P bescence corresponding to the colour of the part it is growing on Head and thorax strongly punctured, the punctures close but distinct Disc of the metathorax more strongly punctured than the rest of the thorax, the punctures confluent, forming longitudinal stræ"

Hab. Egypt, Bombay, Western India

Genus HALICTUS.

Halictus, Lati Hist Nat Ins xiu, p 364 (1805) Lasioglossum, Curtis, Brit Ent x, pl 448 (1834) Nomioides, pt, Schenck, Berl ent Zeit x, p 333 (1866)

Type, H sev-cinctus, Fabr Runge Both hemispheres

Head subtriangular, the ocelli in a curve on the vertex, the

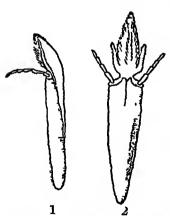


Fig 134—Halictus 1, manila, 2, labium (much enlarged)

scape of the intennæ about as long as half the flagellum, the latter filiform. the clypeus more or less produced, the tongue acute, the labral palpi 4jointed, the basal joint as long as the following two, the apical three gradually decreasing in length, the maxillary palpi 6-jointed, the basal joint the shortest, the following joints gradually decreasing in length to the apical one, the labrum (2) transverse, with a carina in front densely fringed Thorax ovate, the with pubescence median segment short, generally steeply sloped or truncate, and with a subtriangular lunate or corda o space at base above generally concave and punctured, striate or reticulate,

sometimes pubescent, legs moderately long, the posterior legs with a floccus of long hair on the coxe and trochanters, and a dense polliniferous scopa on the tibiæ. Wings fairly ample, the radial cell narrowing towards the apex, which is sharply acute,

2 E 2

420 APIDÆ

three cubital cells, the 1st about as long as the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd small, subquadrate, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure near its apex, the 3rd strongly restricted above towards the radial cell, receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure in its apical third. Abdomen ovate, the apical segment with a longitudinal lima

The nale differs in having the antennæ elongate, sometimes longer than the head and thorax united, the clypeus frequently much produced, the abdomen subcylindrical and proportionately

much longer than in the female

Very little, so far as I know, is on record about the liabits of the Oriental species of this genus Mr E E Green of Pundalova. Ceylon, found Halictus ducalis tunnelling into a hard bank of earth in April In the nest lie found beside the Halicti a specimen of the parasitic bee Nomada adusta, Smith Of the habits of the Euglish species, H morro, Fabr, Smith records -"Early in April the females appeared, and continued in numbers to the end of June. not a single male was to be found at any time, during the month of July scarcely an individual could be found, a solitary female now and then might be seen, but the spring bees had almost dis-About the middle of August the males began to come forth, and by the end of the month abounded, the females succeeded the males in their appearance about ten or twelve days These industrious creatures immediately began the task assigned to them, burrowing and forming their nests, one of their little tunnels had usually others running into it, so that a single common entrance served as a passage to several cells, in each of which a little ball of pollen was formed and a single egg deposited thereon The larvæ were ten or twelve days consuming it, by which time they were fully fed, in this state they lay until they changed to the pupa state, when they very shortly became matured"

Key to the Species

A Enclosed space at base of median segment with oblique divergent strice

a Head and thorax black, sometimes with a chalybeous or castaneous tint

a' Abdonien impunctate-glabrous
a' Base of 2nd abdoninal segment

constricted b². Base of 2nd abdominal segment

not constricted

 a³ Second abdominal segment with a subapical transverse groove
 b⁸ Second abdominal segment with-

out any transverse groove

a' Median segment with a short

vertical carria posteriorly
b' Median segment not carriate

b' Basal abdominal segment glabrous, remainder punctured.

H splendidulus, p 423

H albescens, p 423

H tristis, p 424 H semicerinus, p. 424

H catullus, p 424.

 c' Abdomen densely punctured a² Mesonotum glabious b² Mesonotum closely punctured b Head and thorax obscure blue c Head and thorax metallic green a' Length 9-10 mm b' Length 37-4 mm 	H tardus, p 425 H dasygaster, p 425 H alphenus, p 426 H grandiceps, p 426 H vachalu, p 420
B Enclosed space at base of median seg- ment with transverse strice	H discursus, p 427
C Enclosed space at base of median segment with longitudinal stree a Head and thorax black a' Abdomen more or less punctured a² Bases of abdominal segments 2-6 constricted b² Bases of abdominal segments not constricted a³ Bases of segments 2-4 with pubescent bands	H pulchmentru, p 427
a ⁴ Front with a vertically impressed line b ⁴ Front without a vertically	H proteus, p 428
impressed line or groove	H subopacus, p 428
 3 Margins of abdominal segments 1-5 with pubescent bands c³ Abdominal segments nearly bare, 	H taprobana, p 428
apical segments with a few decumbent hairs d ³ Second and following abdominal segments covered with short fine	H lucidiusculus, p 429
pubescence not forming trans- verse bands	H agrester, p 429
b' Abdomen impunctate a ² Basal two abdominal segments with a faint but distinct transverse	7,2
impressed line 6° Basal two abdominal segments without any transverse impressed	H timidus, p 429
lines	H gutturosus, p 430
b Head and thorax metallic green	H propinquus, p 430
c Head and thorax metallic blue	H vernalis, p 430
D Enclosed space at base of median segment punctured	,,
a Head and thorax æneous or metallic green a' Bise of 2nd abdominal segment strongly depressed and constricted	H buccinus, p 431
b' Buse of 2nd abdominal segment not constructed	
b Head and thorax black, often with a castaneous or chaly beous line, or black and red	H ricinus, p 431
a' Abdomen smooth, impunctate	
a. Abdomen entuely black	H spodiozonius, p 43]

b' Basal three abdominal segments red,	
apical three black	
a ³ Apex of clypeus, labrum, and	
mandibles black	H cameronu, p 432
b ³ Apex of clypeus, labrum, and	
	H xanthognathus, p 432
mandibles yellow	m xuningnatius, p 452
b' Abdomen more or less punctured	
a ² One or more of the abdominal seg-	
ments red or rufo-fuscous	
a ³ Basal abdominal segment im-	77 3.
punctate, highly polished	$m{H}$ wroughtom, p 432
b ³ Basal abdominal segment punc-	
tured	H invidus, p 433
b^2 Abdominal segments wholly black	
a ³ Apical margins of segments with	
pubescent bands	
a ⁴ Front below ocelli with a	
vertical medial carina	H fear, p 433
b4 Front not carmated	- J, P 200
a° Length 11 mm	H fimbriatus, p 433.
b' Length 7 mm .	H namely a 121
b Bases of abdominal segments 2-5	H garrulus, p 434
with pubescent bands, apical	***
margins bare	H constructus, p 434
c3 Abdominal segments without	
pubescent bands	
a4 Apex of median segment	
roundly truncate	H fimbriatellus, p 434
b' Aper of median segment	, ,
sharply abruptly truncate	H ducalis, p 435
E. Enclosed space at base of median segment	—, р
reticulate	
a Head and thorax brassy green	TI Insurance m 195
h Hand and theres were amount and	H lucidipennis, p 435
b Head and thorax nigro-æneous, median	TT .7 4. 400
segment black	H. rugolatus, p 436
c Black, with an obscure greenish tint in	
certain lights	H cuniculus, p 436
d Entirely black, with a castaneous or	
chalybeous fint sometimes	
a' Abdomen punctured	
a ² Median segment reticulate on the	
sides and apex	
a ³ Scutellum and postscutellum	
reticulate	H funebis, p 486
b ³ Scutellum and postscutellum not	
reticulate	
a4 Second abdominal segment	
constricted at base	H ciris, p 436
b4. Second abdominal segment not	ar outer h roo
	TT annima to 197
constricted at base	H vishnu, p 437.
b- Median segment not reticulate at	
sides and apex	
a³ Basal abdominal segment gla-	77 111 497
brous	H salutator, p 437
b ³ Basal abdominal segment not	TT 1 127 40h
glabrous .	H buddha, p 437

b' Abdomen impunctate a² Clypeus with a median vertical carina a³ Median segment truncate and margined at apex H intricatus, p 438 63 Median segment truncate but not margined at apex H reticulatus, p 438 b² Clypeus not carmate a Basal two abdominal segments with transverse narrow furrows H senescens, p 438 63 Basal abdominal segment only with transverse furrow H xystonotus, p 439 c3 None of the abdominal segments transversely furrowed a4 From above base of antennæ striate H amitimis, p 439 64 Front striate a' Median segment vertically camnate H rufozonatus, p 439 35 Median segment not carmate a Mesonotum reticulate H liodomus, p 440 b Mesonotum not reticulate punctured a Legs covered hoary pubescence H dissimulandus, p 440 b7 Legs covered with golden yellow pubes-H serenus, p 440

725 Halictus splendidulus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xiv, 1894, p 432, Q d

Q. Head in front closely punctured, opaque and slightly pubescent, thorax and abdomen smooth, brilliantly polished and sliming, the mesonotum with fine regular, not very close punctures, postscutellum covered with a short pubescence, median segment narrowed posteriorly, the apex transversely truncate and margined above, the space at base with outwardly radiating fine striæ, abdomen with the base of the 2nd segment slightly constricted Dark castaneous brown, nearly black, the legs with a glistening pale golden pubescence, the bases of segments 2-5 with traces of transverse fasciæ, broadest at the sides, of pale pubescence, wings hydine and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

ර similar, but with the clypeus much produced Hab Karen Hills, Burma ඉ Length 5, exp 9 mm ර slightly smaller

726 Halictus albescens, Smith, Cat 1, p 61, 2 of Halictus albozonatus, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 32, 2

A Head closely and finely, thorax more sparsely punctured, median segment at the sides and apex and the abdomen smooth, shining, front flattish, not carmate, elongate; eyes distinctly convergent below, median segment with the sides compressed, the apex concave-truncate, with a medial vertical carma, lunate space at base restricted, with outwardly divergent striæ, 1st and 2nd

424 APID #

abdominal segments with a distinct transverse groove across the middle Black, the abdomen obscurely chalybeous, the face, the sides of the thorax, and median segment with thin white pubescence, the postscutellum, a broadly interrupted band at the base of the 1st abdominal segment, and entire regular transverse bands at the base of segments 2-5 covered with snow-white pubescence, the legs with pale glittering pubescence, the tarsi and anal rima fulvous, wings hyaline and indescent, nervices ferruginous

o similar, more elongate, antennæ rufo-piceous, the whole

thorax and abdomen with a chalybeous tinge

Hab Punjab Q Length 9-11, eap 16-18 mm & Length 7,

erp 12 mm

The types of both H albescens and H albescens are in the Bitish Museum, the latter was described from a fresh, the former from a faded specimen. I cannot find any structural differences between the two

727 Halietus tristis, Vachal, Ann Mus Cn Gen (2°) xiv, 1894, p 438, Q

Q Head and thorax minutely and closely punctured, abdomen glabrous and shining, head in front very slightly elongate, eyes not convergent below, the face above the clypeus convex, with a medial vertical carina between the bases of the antennæ, median segment quadrate, posteriorly truncate and slightly compressed, a medial vertical carina down the posterior face of the truncated portion, the space at base with outwardly divergent strike. Black, the clypeus and front with sparse, the pronotum, sides of the thorax and median segment, and base of the abdomen with thicker white pubescence, the postscutellum covered with the same, legs with long white pubescence, and transverse bands of white pubescence along the bases of abdominal segments 2-4, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

Hab Karen Hills, Burma Q Length 7, exp 14 mm

- 728. Halictus semiærinus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) ui, 1894, p 443, Q
- Q Head densely, thorax more sparsely punctured, abdomen smooth and shining face elongate above, the clypeus convex, with a vertical short carina, median segment truncate posteriorly, the sides and the apex above margined, the lunate space at base with outwardly divergent striæ, abdomen broadly oval Black, the mesonotum having an æneous tint in certain lights, the legs covered with pale glittering hairs, the tarsi and the anal rima info-testaceous, the postscutellum with dense sordid white pubescence, wings hyaline, slightly dusky, neivures testaceous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma Q Length 5 erp 11 mm

- 729. Halictus catullus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xiv, 1894, p 437, ♀
 - 9 Head and thorax densely and finely punctured, abdomen

smooth, the basal segment polished, the apical segments with close, minute, superficial punctures, head distinctly narrowed, and eyes convergent below, front not carnate, median segment truncate posteriorly, the sides rounded, the lunate space at base with coarse outwardly divergent strix. Black, the head and thorax with an obscure chalybeous, the abdomen with a chestnut-brown tint, the clypeus and front, the cheeks and sides of the thorax, and median segment with soft greyish tomentum, the postscutellum densely covered with the same, the legs with long pale pubescence, turning yellowish on the tarsi, a spot on each side at the base of the 1st abdominal segment, and transverse bands at the bases of segments 2-5 of greyish pubescence, wings hyaline with a brownish tint, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

of similar, more slender, the median segment compressed posteriorly and narrowed, the margins of the abdominal segments constricted, the apex of the clypeus, the tibiæ and tarsi of the anterior legs and the apex of the femora, the base and apex of the tibiæ, and the tarsi of the intermediate and posterior legs testareous white

Hab Upper and Lower Burma in the plains, Tenasserim 2 Length 5-6, exp 10 mm. 3 Length 7, exp 11 mm

730 Halictus tardus, Cam Mem Manch 7, Ph Soc xl1, 1897

d Head and the abdomen at the base of the segments above very closely and minutely punctured, mesonotum and scutellum smooth, shining, with a few scattered small punctures, median segment abruptly truncate at apex, punctured on the sides, with the enclosed space at base obliquely striate, abdomen broad the base and apex of segments 2-5 slightly constricted, whole head, thorax, and abdomen with a soft thin pubescence, denser on the face in front and forming transverse bands at the base of segments 2-4 of the abdomen Shining brownish black, the pubescence greyish white, wings hyaline, nervices dark brown, tegulæ black Hab Mussooree & Leagth 9, exp 18 mm Type in coll Rothney

731 Halictus dasygaster (Pl III, fig 7) Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xiv, 1894, p 435, 2

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen shining, finely, regularly, and somewhat closely punctured, the punctures rather shallow and finer at the base of the abdominal segments, head nearly transverse, not much elongated, clypeus very slightly convex, eyes not or barely convergent below, mesonotum broad, slightly convex, median segment roundly steep posteriorly, the lunate space at base with outwardly divergent striæ, abdomen with a subapical transversely impressed line on the basal two segments. Black, the clypeus and front, a line on the pronotum broadening at the sides, the sides of the thorax and of the median segment with hoary pubescence, the postscutellum and transverse bands at the base of abdominal segments 2—1 with yellowish pubescence, the

426 APIDÆ

pubescence on the legs faintly golden, on the underside of the tibix white analrima testaceous, wings hyaline, nervures piceous Hab Karen Hills, Burma, Tenasserim generally & Length 8-9, erp 18 mm

732 Halictus alphenus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc ali, 1897

d Head and thorax sparsely punctured, abdomen impunctate, smooth and shining, except the apical two segments which are pubescent, the clypeus and scape of the antennæ, the back of the head, pronotum, sides of the thorax and median segment, the postscutellum and legs covered with a soft thin pubescence, long in some places as on the scape of the antennæ, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment concave, obscurely obliquely striolate, the striæ very short, not reaching the posterior margins of the enclosed space. Head and thorax dark obscure blue, the antennæ and the abdomen black, the trochanters, femora, tibiæ, and tarsi of the legs castaneous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ dark testaceous brown

Hab Mussociee & Length 7, exp 13 mm

733 Halictus grandiceps, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc vii, 1897

Q Closely allied to *H propinquus* (p 430) differs in being larger and more stoutly built, with comparatively a larger head, the median segment is proportionally smaller than in *H propinquus* and has the apex more truncate, the enclosed space at the base is narrower and much more finely punctured, the punctures running into oblique striæ. Like *H propinquus* it is of a bronze-green colour, with white pubescent transverse fasciæ on the apical margins of segments 1–5, the apical segment with thick fulvous-white pubescence on each side of the anal rima, wings hyaline, saturated with yellowish towards the base, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Mussooree Q Length 9-10, exp 18 mm Type in coll Rothney

734 Halictus vachalii, nom nov Nomioides fcai, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xiv, p 447, Q (nec Halictus feai, t c p 440)

A Head, thorax, and abdomen having an opaque appearance from the very minute and close puncturing, head transverse, clypeus much broader than long, the antenna inserted low down on the face, median segment rounded at the sides, truncate at apex, with a broad basal area above finely and obliquely striate and rugose. Black, the head and the mesonotum with a brilliant metallic green lustre, the mandibles, labrum, clypeus, scape of the antenna in front, the pronotum, the tubercles, tegular, post-scutellum, and the apical margin of the 1st abdominal segment yellow, the legs black variegated with yellow, the anterior tibra and taisi entirely yellow, the apical margins of abdominal segments 2-5 piceous above, the legs and the apical three segments with sordid white pubescence, wings hyaline and iridescent.

o (?) similar, smaller and slighter, the head nairower, the clypeus strongly convex, subtriangular, anteriorly transverse, the median segment longer, the space at base above slightly concave and very finely obliquely striate. Black, the head and mesonotum with an obscure metallic bluish-green lustice, the labrum, mandibles, clypeus, scape of the antennæ in front, pronotum, tubercles, the postscutellum, the apices of the femora, the tibue and tarsi of all the legs, and broad transverse bands on the apical margins of the basal three abdominal segments yellow, the flagellum of the antennæ deep reddish brown, the posterior tibue with a nigro-rutous stain near the apex above, wings hyaline and indescent

Hab Thagata (L Fea), Attaran Valley (Bingham), Tenasserim Q Length 37-4, exp 7 mm & Length 4, exp 7 mm

735 Halictus discursus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc ali, 1897

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, brilliantly polished and shining, the legs thickly pubescent, the mesonotum anteriorly with a wide shallow longitudinal furrow having a carina down its middle, scutellum longitudinally furrowed, median segment with the enclosed space at base above transversely striate, the clypeus and the apicul two segments of the abdomen thinly pubescent Dark shining green, the pubescence fullous white, the tibiæ and tarsi of the legs pale testaceous yellow, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Mussooree, Northern India 2 Length 4, exp 9 mm

Type in coll Rothney

736 Halictus pulchriventris, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc Ali, 1897

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen very finely and closely punctured, the face in front below the anterior occilus, the cheeks and occiput, a line on the pronotum down to the tubercles, the lateral and posterior margins of the mesonotum, the postscutellum, the median segment except on the semicircular enclosed space at base, the legs, the base of the abdomen, and transverse bands on the posterior margins of the segments, more or less densely pubescent, median segment short, posteriorly rounded, the enclosed space at base rugose, abdomen with the base of the 2nd segment strongly and of the other segments slightly constricted. Black the pubescence yellow, the antennæ reddish brown, the 2nd joint of the fligellum beneath, the underside of the tibiæ, and the tarsi testaceous yellow, wings light flavo-hyaline, the apical margins broadly fuscous, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of similar but with the basal segment of the abdomen narrowed at its base, almost petiolate, the wings with scarcely any tint of

yellow, and the legs of a lighter colour

Hab Mussoovee, Northern India, Karennee, Tenasserung Length 10, esp 21 mm & Length 9-10, esp 21 mm Type (d) in coll Rothney

428 APIDÆ

737 Halictus proteus, Vachal, Ann Mus Cw Gen (2°) xiv, 1894, p 438, Q o (°)

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen very minutely and closely punctured, the punctures on the basal abdominal segment somewhat sparser, the segment highly polished, glabrous, head transverse, the front slightly elongate, flat, an impressed vertical line from the anterior occilius to between the bases of the antenna, median segment truncate posteriorly, the sides convergent, margined above, the lunate space at base rugose. Black, with an obscure greenish tint in certain lights, the pubescence very pale fulvous, the clypeus and front, the pronotum and sides of the thorax sparsely pubescent, the postscutellum and transverse bands at the base of abdominal segments 2-4 covered with dense pubescence, legs with a long soft covering of pale glittering pubescence, anal rima testaceous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of (?) The face densely covered with fulvous pubescence, the apical half of each femur, the tibiæ and tarsi, and the apex of the clypeus yellow, the base of segments 2-4 of the abdomen with lateral maculæ of fulvous pubescence, the wings hyaline and

vividly iridescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 7, exp 12 mm & Length 75, exp 13 mm

738 Halictus subopacus, Smith, Cat 1, p 63, Q

P Head, thorax, and abdomen densely and finely punctured,

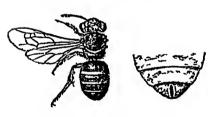


Fig 135 Halictus subopacus, 9

granular in appearance and opaque, head in front elongate, front not carmate, eyes distinctly convergent below, clypeus very convex, its anterior margin transverse and with some coarse punctures, median segment roundly steep at the sides, truncate in the middle posteriorly, the space at base rugose Black, the sides of the thorax, the sides and apex

of the median segment, and the upper half of the legs with pale fulvous pubescence, the tibiæ and tarsi with rich golden falvous pubescence, the base of the abdomen and the base of segments 2-4 with fulvous-white pubescence, anal rima fulvous, wings pale flavo-hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Sikhim, Upper Burma, China Q Length 10-11, exp

20 mm

739 Halictus taprobanæ, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xh, 1897

of Closely allied to and resembling H garrulus (p 434) differs in having the vertex of the head flatter above, the thorax longer, not so compact, the enclosed space at the base of the median

segment not pubescent, coarsely longitudinally striate, the striae in the middle not reaching the apex of the enclosed space, the abdomen is longer and not so broad, the wings are slightly fuscous at the apical margins, and though the tibiæ and tarsi, as in H gain ulus, are for the most part testaceous, the basal joint of the tarsi is conspicuously white

Hab Ceylon. d Length 6, erp 13 mm Type in coll

Rothney

- 740 Halictus lucidiusculus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xiv, 1894, p 441, \$\rightarrow\$ 3
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen shining, extremely minutely punctured, the punctures sparse but regular, face slightly elongate, the front above the clypeus convex, medially carinate, the carina not extending much above the base of the antennæ, the median segment roundly steep and vertical at the sides and posteriorly, the base above concave and finely longitudinally sugose. Jetblack, almost without pubescence, the three or four apical abdominal segments with decumbent sparse hairs, legs with dense light brown pubescence, anal rima brownish testaceous, wings dusky hyaline, nervures piceous

d very similar, elongate, the base of the abdomen obscurely

piceous, the tarsi testaceous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma Q Length 6, erp 12 mm & Length 65, erp 125 mm

- *741 Halictus agrestis, Smith, Cat 1, p 61, 2, Dall Torr Cat x, p 52
- Q "Length 3 lines (= about 7 mm) Black, head above the insertion of the antennæ closely and finely punctured, the clypeus produced, shining, having a few deep punctures on each side, the face is roughly sculptured, the antennæ beneath testaceous. The disk of the thorax strongly punctured, at the base of the metathorax (i.e. median segment) is a narrow arched space which is longitudinally rugose, reaching on each side nearly to the base of the hind wings, the sides of the metathorax (median segment) have a longitudinal ridge, wings hyaline, nervures ferruginous, stigma palest; abdomen very finely punctured and very highly polished at the base, the following segments covered with a short griseous pubescence more or less obliterated on the 2nd segment

"Hab Northern India (coll J S Baly, Esq)'

742 Halictus timidus, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 31, 9?

d Head finely longitudinally striate in front, thorax sparsely punctured, abdomen impunctate, head orbicular, clypeus not much produced, front very broad, flattish, with a short indistinct carina above the base of the antennæ, eyes very slightly convergent below, median segment roundly steep, convex posteriorly, compressed at apex, not vertical, lunate space at base small, longitudinally striate, basal two abdominal segments with a faint but

quite discernible transverse impressed line. Head and thorax black, legs and abdomen rufo-testaceous, the apical five segments of the latter shading into fuscous brown towards the apex, head, pronotum, sides of the thorax, legs, apical five abdominal segments above, and all the ventral segments covered with pale glittering hairs, postscutellum densely pubescent, wings hyaline and irredescent, nervures and tegulæ rufo-testaceous

Hab Ceylon (Smith) Length 6, exp 10 mm

743. Halictus gutturosus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xiv, 1894, p 489, 3

3. Head and thorax finely but not closely punctured, shining, abdomen smooth, the basal segment highly polished, head slightly elongate in front, the eyes very slightly convergent below, median segment roundly truncate posteriorly, the lunate space at base small, rugose Black, with an obscure chalybeous tint in certain lights, the clypeus and front, the pronotum, sides of the thorax, and the abdomen beneath covered with a thin, the postscutellum with a dense greyish-white pubescence, wings hyaline, indescent, nervures piceous

Hab Bhamo, Upper Burma & Length 65, exp 12 mm.

744 Halictus propinquus, Smith, Cat 1, p 60, d Halictus alexis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen very finely and densely punctured, covered sparingly with a thin soft pubescence, more dense on the sides of the face in front and sides of the median segment and forming more or less conspicuous bands on the apical margins of the abdominal segments, median segment with the enclosed semicircular depressed space at base longitudinally rugose, abdomen with the 2nd segment constricted at base. Bright bronzy-green, the pubescence hoary, the apex of the clypeus black, the apical 7-8 joints of the flagellum of the antennæ fulvous, the tibiæ and tarsi of the legs yellow, the intermediate and posterior tibiæ with a greenish stam above, wings hyaline, indescent, the nervures and tegulæ light testaceous yellow

of similar, but smaller and slighter, segments 2-4 of the abdomen constricted, the head more densely pubescent, the apex of the

clypeus yellow

Hab Mussooree. Q Length 7, eap 12 mm J. Length 6, exp 11 mm

745 Halictus vernalis, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 30, Q

Q Head and thorax shining, punctured, with the punctures running into irregular striæ, abdomen smooth, head orbicular, eyes not convergent below, clypeus slightly produced, with a few large punctures at apex, front not carinated; median segment rounded posteriorly and at the sides, smooth and shining, the lunate space at base finely longitudinally striate, abdomen comparatively large, broad and massive. Bright metallic blue, the apex of the clypeus and the abdomen with purple tints, the apex of the latter,

431

the anal rima, the tibiæ and tarsi pubescent, testaceous, wings hyaline and indescent, nervires and tegulæ testaceous

of similar, slighter, the clypeus more produced

Hab Ceylon, Tenasserim Q Length 55, exp 10 mm & slightly smaller

746 Halictus buccinus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2ª) xiv, 1894, p 443, S

d Head and thorax very minutely granular, opaque, abdomen smooth and shining, head orbicular, slightly produced below, eyes strongly convergent beneath, front not carnate, median segment roundly steep posteriorly and at the sides, compressed, the space at base above very finely and closely punctured, abdomen elongate, the base of the 2nd segment strongly depressed Metallic green; legs with the apex of the tibiæ and tarsi testaceous, the abdomen black, with a purple tint in certain lights, wings hyaline, nervures piceous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma & Length 45, exp 10 mm This, as Vachal himself suggests, may be the male of H fraternus, Smith,

described from Makassar

747 Halictus vicinus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (22) xiv, 1894, p 431, Q

Q Head quadrate beneath, slightly narrowed, clypeus barely prominent, its anterior margin transverse and fringed with stiff hairs, head, thorax, and abdomen minutely and closely punctured, the punctures on the clypeus larger and wider apait, median segment roundly truncate posteriorly, the enclosed space at base lunate, slightly concave, densely punctured, the punctures with a tendency to form radiating striæ, abdomen massive and broad Dull æneous green, the head and face with thin, the legs with dense fullous pubescence, abdomen with the base of segments 2–5 having transverse bands, broad at the sides, sub-interrupted in the middle, of similar pubescence, 6th segment with the sides of the rima covered with thick fulvous pubescence, wings hyaline, nervures testaceous, tegulæ brownish

Hab Bhamo, Upper Burma Q Length nearly 8, eap 15 mm

- 748 Halictus spodiozonius, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2a) xiv, 1894, p 432, Q
- Q Head in front thickly studded with short hairs and closely punctured, thorax shining, punctured, the punctures on the mesonotum fine and rather sparse, abdomen broad, massive and smooth, clypeus rather coarsely punctured, its anterior margin transverse and fringed with hairs, postscutellum covered with close and thick, the pleuræ with somewhat less dense pubescence, median segment roundly truncate, the space at base above narrow, slightly concave, rugosely punctate, abdomen with the apical margins of the basal four segments broadly depressed, the anterior margin of the depressed border waved, the posterior margin with a subapical rather broad band of thin short pubescence. Black, the

APIDÆ 432

pubescence sordid white, on the posterior legs fulvous, wings fusco-hyaline, nervures and tegulæ castaneous brown.

Hab Karen Hills Q Length 8, eap 15 mm

- 749 Halictus cameronii, nom nov Halictus decorus, Cam (nec Walk) Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli. 1897
- Head and thorax thinly pubescent, finely punctured, abdomen impunctate, with a thin fine pubescence, especially on the apical segments, median segment short, the enclosed semicircular space at base punctured, the aper truncate, slightly rugose, with an obscure abbieviated vertical carina, abdomen broad, subcordate. the basal segments smooth and polished Black, the basal three segments of the abdomen 1ed, legs dark fuscous red, autennæ fulvous at apex below, pubescence on the head, thorax, and abdomen glittering white, wings hyaline, nervines brown, tegulæ light testaceous

Q Length 5, exp 11 mm Hab Mussooree

- *750 Halictus xanthognathus, Smith, Cat 1, p 62, &, Dall Toil Cat x, p 91
- "3 Length 3½ lines (=about 8 mm) Head and thorax black, very closely and moderately punctured, the face thickly covered with short white pubescence, the apex of the clypeus, the labrum, mandibles, palpi, and flagellum beneath yellow, the tubercles, tegulæ, tibiæ and taisi yellow, the posterior and intermediate tibiæ have a feiruginous stain in front, wings subhyaline, nervures pale ferruginous, the three basal segments of the abdomen red, the 1st segment is black at the sides of the extreme base, and has two fuscous spots above, the 2nd and 3rd segments at the sides have a black spot, the 4th and following segments black, the apical margins pale testaceous, each successive one more broadly so

"Hab Northern India (coll J S Baly)" Unknown to me, but, to judge by the description, closely resem-

bling some species of Nomia

751 Halictus wroughtoni, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc ali, 1897

Head, thorax, and basal segment of abdomen pubescent, the



Fig 136 Halictus wroughtoni,

back of the head and thorax densely so, the pubescence on the head short, on the thorax and basal segment of the abdomen soft and long, head, where the surface is visible under the pubescence, sparsely, and the thorax more closely punctured, base of the median seg-ment finely punctured, abdomen with the basal segments glabrous Black, the aper of the clypeus, the apical joints of the tarsi, and the posterior margins of abdominal segments 1-4 whitish with a testaceous tinge, basal segment and basal half of the 2nd segment of the abdomen red,

HALICTUS 433

legs except at the apex black, with dense white pubescence, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Bengal, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 8-9, exp 19 mm.

Type in coll Wroughton

752 Halictus invidus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc vli, 1897

d Head and thorax densely and coarsely, abdomen more finely and as closely punctured, the margins of the segments impunctate, smooth and highly polished, the face in front thickly, the thorax and abdomen thinly pubescent, median segment posteriorly above shining, the enclosed semicircular space at base cribrate, abdomen subcordate, broad, slightly vertically compressed. Black, the apical joints of the tarsi pale testaceous, the apical third of the 1st and the whole of the 2nd abdominal segment ruto-fuscous, wings hyaline, broadly but lightly fuscescent on the apical margin, nervures and tegulæ testaceous.

Hab Mussooree & Length 7, exp 14 mm Type in coll

Rothney

753 Halictus feai, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xix, 1894, p 440, ♀ ♂

- Q Head and thorax finely and very closely punctured, the punctures sparser and larger on the clypeus base of the abdomen smooth shining, impunctate, the est very minutely and somewhat closely punctured, clypeus convex, front slightly concave, with a medial fine vertical carina, median segment truncate posteriorly, the sides rounded, the face of the truncation smooth, the rest of the segment coarsely cribrate, the apical margin of the 1st abdominal segment very slightly constricted. Jet-black, very slightly pubescent, the pubescence whitish on the clypeus and front, the sides of the thorax, and along the apical margin of the basal two segments of the abdomen, turning to golden ferruginous on the 3rd and following segments, postscutellum bare, punctured, legs with pale glittering pubescence, anal rima black, fringed with golden ferruginous pile, wings fusco-hyaline, vividly indescent
- o similar, elongate, the eyes obsoletely emarginate on the inner orbits, strongly convergent below, the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 slightly constricted, the clypeus with its apical margin broadly orange, the apical half of the wings fuscous with a purple and iridescent effulgence

Hab Karen Hills, Burma Q Length 85, exp 20 mm & Length 9, exp 22 mm

*754 Halictus fimbriatus, Smith, Cat 1, p 63, 3

"d Length 5 lines (10 mm) Black, distinctly and not very closely punctured, the clypeus much produced and coarsely punctured, antennæ as long as the head and thorax, the joints subarcuate, rufo-piceous beneath. The sides of the thorax and beneath covered with long white pubescence, the legs have a clothing of vol 1 2 F

134 APIDÆ

similar but shorter pubescence, the anterior tibix in front the intermediate pair at their apex beneath, and the claw-joint of the tarsi ferruginous wings subhvalue, the apical margins clouded, nervires ferruginous. Abdomen elongate the apical margins of the segments have a fringe of white pubescence, more or less interrupted in the middle, the apical segment has laterally a tuft of fuscous pubescence, beneath, all the margins tringed with short white pubescence

"Hab Northern India (coll J S. Baly, Esq)"

755 Halictus garrulus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc ali, 1897

d Head and thorax finely and closely, and abdomen sparsely punctured, the clypeus and front of the face densely and the thorax more sparsely pubescent, abdomen with the posterior margins of segments 1-6 with a transverse pubescent band (in the type more or less completely abraded), the head from the front almost circular, the thorax very compact, globular, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment pubescent, coarsely punctured. Black, the pubescence white with a fullyous tint, the flagellum of the antennæ beneath castaneous, the tibic and tirsi and the posterior margins of the abdominal segments under the pubescent bands testaceous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous.

Hab Mussooree & Length 7, exp 14 mm Type in coll Rothney

756 Halictus constitctus, Smith, Cat 1, p 63, &

d Head, thorax, and abdomen very closely and finely punctured. on the scutellum the punctures are somewhat sparse, and on the abdomen very shallow, head in front elongate, clypeus much produced, truncate anteriorly, eyes wide apart, the inner orbits nearly parallel, front not carmate, antennæ massive, as long as head and thorax united, median segment roundly fruncate posteriorly, the lunate concavity as well as the sides punctured, with a granular appearance, abdomen elongate, longer than the head and Black, the pubescence on the head and thorax thorax united white, tinged with fulvous, on the legs pale and glittering, the tibie and tarsi of the anterior, and the apices of the tibie and tars of the intermediate and posterior legs fulvo-ferruginous, the base of abdominal segments 2-5 with narrow transverse bands of white pubescence, wings broad and ample, hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulædark testaceous

Hab Northern India (Smith) & Length 7-8, exp 20 mm

- 757 Halictus fimbriatellus, Vachal, Ann Mus Cu Gen (2°) xu, 1894, p 429, Q
- Q Head and thorax minutely and somewhat closely, abdomen more sparsely punctured, the basal segment smooth and shining,

HALICTUS 435

clypeus lightly convex, elongate, anteriorly fringed with stiffish hairs, postscutellum densely pubescent, median segment roundly truncate at apex above, slightly concave, finely rugose, punctate with a granular appearance. Dark castaneous brown, the tegulæ and posterior margins of the segments palei, the latter lightly fringed with whitish down, the pubescence on the postscutellum fulvous, on the clypeus and face sparse and white, wings hyaline, nervures and stigma testaceous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 6, exp.

12 nm

758 Halictus ducalis

Halictus amœnus, Bingh (nec Spin) P Z S 1896, p 451, Q

2 The head, thorax, and abdomen (except its basal segment)



Fig 137 Halictus ducalis, Q §

at the bases of the segments finely and closely punctured, clypeus broad, anteriorly fringed with long stiff bairs, the antennal carina well-marked, mesonotum marked with a short longitudinally-impressed line on each side close to the tegulæ, median segment compressed at the sides, truncate posteriorly, the space at base closely punctured, basal segment of abdomen entirely, and the margins of the others broadly glabrous Black, the head, mesonotum, and basal abdominal segment

piceous, the head and thorax covered with a thin fulvous pubescence, the legs testaceous brown, covered with a rich fulvous glistening pubescence, the anal rima testaceous, the wings sorded hyaline, tegulæ and nervures testaceous brown

Hab Sikhim, Ceylon, Tenasserim Q Length 8, exp 14 mm

*759 Halictus lucidipennis, Smith, Cat 1, p 62, Q

- "9 Length 2½ lines (45 mm) Brassy green, head and thorax closely and finely punctured, antennæ wanting, the face covered with short white pubescence, and the clypeus ciliated with white hairs. Thorax—the postscutellum covered with a short downy white pubescence, on the sides it is longer but of the same colour, the enclosed space at the base of the metathorax finely reticulate, the sides smooth and shining, wings clear hyaline and beautifully indescent, nervures and tegulæ very pale testaceous, legs rufo-testaceous, the anterior tibiæ and the intermediate and posterior tarsi pale rufo-testaceous, their pubescence white Abdomen ovate, finely punctured, the apical margins narrowly testaceous and having pale marginal fasciæ, the anal rima slightly fulvous, beneath testaceous
- "& Sculptured and coloured as in the female, the antennæ pale fulvous, about the length of the head and thorax, fuscous above, all the tibiæ pale and the margins of the abdominal segments much depressed

"Hab Northern India (coll J S Baly, Esq)"

436 APIDÆ

- *760 Halictus rugolatus, Smith, Cat 1, p 62, ♀
- "Q Length 3\frac{3}{4} lines (75 mm) The head and disk of the thorax nigro-zeneous, the metathorax black, head closely and finely punctured, the clypeus black, shining and irregularly deeply punctured. Thorax more strongly punctured than the head, the metathorax truncate and roughly sculptured, the sides and beneath rugose, the tibize and tarsi above clothed with pale fulvous pubescence, that beneath is deeper in colour, the wings subhyaline, indescent, the nervices rufo-testaceous. Abdomen elongate-ovate, the basal segment very smooth and shining, the rest delicately punctured, the apical margins smooth, shining, and rufo-testaceous, at the basal margins of the second and third segments laterally a patch of white pubescence, on the fourth a more or less interrupted fascia, the apex covered with fulyous pubescence

"Hab Northern India (coll W W Saunders, Esq)"

- 761 Halictus cuniculus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2º) xiv, 1894, p 437, Q
- Q Head and thorax finely and closely punctured, the abdomen smooth and shining, with minute shallow punctures on the apical segments, head slightly narrowed, and eyes slightly convergent below, front with a very short medial vertical carina below the anterior ocellus, median segment truncate posteriorly, the sides obliquely convergent, the space at base coarsely reticulate and margined, abdomen short and broadly oval. Black, with an obscure greenish tint in certain lights, the clypeus and front, the cheeks, pronotum, sides of the thorax, postscutellum, and legs covered with a more or less dense boary pubescence, the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments with a spot on each side and an obscure fimbria on the margins of the segments of white pubescence, anal rima black, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervines and tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 6, evp 11 mm

762 Halictus funebris, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc 11, 1897

d Head and thorax finely and closely and the abdomen more minutely punctured, median segment short, truucate at apex, rounded at the sides, the enclosed space at its base, the scutellum, and postscutellum reticulate, abdomen long, broadening towards the apex, head, thorax above and on the sides somewhat thickly pubescent. Jet-black and shining, the pubescence fuscous, wings hyaline, the nervures and tegulæ dark brownish black

Hab Mussooree, Northern India of Length 9, exp 18 mm

Type in coll Rothney

763 Halictus ciris, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc vli, 1897

d Head, thorax, and abdomen minutely and closely punctured, median segment with the enclosed space at base, the sides posteriorly, and the apex reticulate, abdomen with the base of the

2nd segment strongly constricted Jet-black and shining, the apex of the clypeus, the labrum, palpi, apices of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi testaceous, the tibiæ with a brownish stain anteriorly, the flagellum of the antennæ fulvous beneath, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

HALICTUS

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal & Length 5, exp 9 mm Type

in coll Rothney

764 Halictus vishnu, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

of Head, thorax, and abdomen minutely punctured, the last with the posterior margins of the segments smooth and impunctate, the head in front, the apex of the median segment, and the abdomen pubescent, the pubescence forming slight transverse bands at the bases of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment and the apex with coarse widely-spaced reticulations. Black, the apex of the clypeus, the tibus and tarsi, and the nervures and tegulæ of the wing pale testaceous, wings hyaline and indescent.

Hab Mussooree & Length 4, eap 7 mm. Type in coll Rothney

765 Halictus salutator, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc vl., 1897

Q of Head, thorax, and abdomen very minutely and closely punctured and covered with a thin soft short pubescence, the punctures on the front and vertex of the head running into longitudinal strix, the pubescence on the abdomen more sparse than on the head and thorax, and confined chiefly to the apical three segments, median segment concave above, the enclosed space at base finely reticulate, the basal segment of the abdomen glabrous Black, the pubescence whitish, fuscous on the upper part of the face and on the postscutellum, legs with the tarsi whitish, the posterior margins of segments 1—4 narrowly testaceous, wings hyaline and slightly indescent, herefore and tegulæ dark brown

o slightly smaller, with a comparatively longer head

Hab Mussooree 2 Length 8, exp 17 mm Type in coll Rothney

766 Halictus buddha, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Resembles H salutator, but is smaller, the head and thorax are more closely punctured, giving the parts an opaque look, the basal segment of the abdomen is not glabrous, and the posterior margins of the segments are strongly constricted. In colour it agrees with H salutator in having the base of the tibiæ and the entire tarsi white, but the anterior tibiæ are entirely white and the intermediate tibiæ white on the underside, the apex of the clypeus is testaceous vellow, the flagellum of the antennæ beneath fulvous, and the posterior margins of the abdominal segments are black, not testaceous

Hab Mussooree & Length 5, exp 10 mm Type in coll Rothney

- 767 Halictus intricatus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xiv, 1894, p 433, Q
- Q Head finely and very closely, thorax much more coarsely punctured, abdomen shining impunctate, clypeus and front pubescent, a distinct, medial, vertical, short carina on the latter, median segment rounded at the sides, abruptly truncate and margined above, the basal area coarsely reticulate above, the sides smooth, the apical margin of the basal abdominal segment constricted Black or dark chalybeous brown, the pubescence hoary white, thin and soft on the face, dense on the postscutellum and legs, abdomen with transverse bands at the bases of the 2nd and 3rd segments of hoary white pubescence, the band on the 2nd segment very fine and narrow in the middle, broadening considerably at the sides, that on the 3rd segment evenly wide at the sides and the middle, tarsi of the legs testaceous, wings hyaline, nervures piceous

Hab Palon (Fea), Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length

6-75, exp 12 mm

- 768 Halictus reticulatus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xiv, 1894, p 434, Q d
- Q Closely resembling *H* intricatus the head is broader below, the mesonotum more finely punctured, the upper basal portion of the median segment broader and not margined, the apex not so abruptly truncate, the pubescence is more fullous, and the transverse bands at the base of abdominal segments 2-4 less clearly defined
- 3 The head scarcely as wide proportionately as in the 2, the antennæ shorter, the mesonotum more finely punctured, the posterior legs stouter, with the tibiæ beneath produced slightly into an angle

Hab Karen Hills, Momeit, Upper Burma Q Length 65,

erp 13 mm & Length 5, erp 12 mm

- 769 Halictus senescens, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 30, 2
- Q Head and thorax sparsely punctured, abdomen smooth and somewhat shining, head transverse, flat in front, eyes distinctly convergent beneath, clypeus slightly convex at base, front without a carina, median segment rounded at the apex, the sides vertical, the lunate flat space at base reticulate 1st and 2nd abdominal segments with a medial, transverse, slight but distinct furrow above Black or chalybeous brown, the clypeus, front, and back of the head, sides of the thorax, legs, base of the abdomen, and the ventral segments thinly covered with hoary pubescence, the post-scutellum and transverse bands, broadest laterally, at the bases of the abdominal segments 2-4 clothed with dense white pubescence, tarsi and apical two segments, with the anal rima, testaceous, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ piceous

Hab Bombay, Allahabad, Sikhim, Burnia Q Length 8-85,

exp 14-15 mm

- 770 Halictus xystonotus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2°) xiv, 1894, p 436, Q
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen glabrous, with a very few scattered punctures, head broad, front slightly concave not carinate, the punctures on it closer and finer, eyes not convergent below, mesonotum broad, convex, bearing a conspicuous medial fine longitudinally-impressed line and another short parallel line on each side, median segment truncate posteriorly, the sides rounded, the linate space at base coarsely reticulate, the basal segment only with a transverse subapical impressed line. Black, shining, the sides of the pronotum and the postscutellum covered densely with tulvous pubescence, legs with black pubescence above and ferruginous beneath, abdomen with a fulvous-yellow pubescent spot on each side of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments at base, anal rima feiruginous, wings hyaline, slightly fuscescent, nervures piceous

Hab Palon, near Rangoon, Burma Q Length 8, eap 17 mm.

- 771 Halictus amitinus, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2ª) xiv, 1894, p 442, Q
- Q. Head and thorax sparsely, the front above the antennæ more closely punctured, the punctures here running into oblique inwardly directed striæ, abdomen smooth, shining, and somewhat long and cylindrical, eyes not convergent below, face above the clypeus convex, median segment broadly truncate posteriorly, the sides slightly convergent, the space at base above coarsely reticulate and margined Black, the sides of the thorax and apex of the median segment with sordid white pubescence, the clypeus fringed and the legs densely covered with ferruginous pubescence, the margins of the abdominal segments above densely testaceous, beneath fringed with ferruginous hairs, anal rima tulvo-ferruginous, wings dusky hyaline, nervures piceous

Hab Karen Hills, Burma 2 Length 9, exp 15 mm

- 772 Halictus rufo-zonatus, Vachal, Ann Mus Cw Gen (2ª) xiv, 1894, p 442, Q
- Q Head above and thorax with fine scattered punctures, on the tront beneath the ocelli the punctures are somewhat closer, front slightly elongate, the eyes not convergent beneath, median segment abruptly truncate posteriorly, the sides as well as the apex above margined, the face of the truncation with a short medial vertical carina, the lunate space at base coarsely reticulate, abdomen broadly oval, smooth and shining Black, the apical margins of the basal two abdominal segments broadly rufo-testreous, the head, thorax, and abdomen covered with a thin and short and the legs with a dense long pale pubescence, anal rima fulvous, wings hyaline, slightly fuscescent, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Bhámo, Upper Burma Q Length 85-9, esp 15 mm

- 773 Halictus liodomus, Vachal, Ann Mus Cu Gen (2°) xii, 1894, p 435, \$\Qquad \text{1894}\$
- Q Head smooth, slightly shining, with only a few stattered punctures, mesonotum rugose, with shallow fine reticulations, abdomen smooth, the basal segment highly polished and shining, front not carinate, flattish, narrowed interiorly, the eyes distinctly convergent below, mesonotum broad, barely convex, scutellum slightly prominent, median segment rounded at the sides, truncate posteriorly, the lunate space at base coarsely rugose. Black, the clypeus, back of the head, sides of the thorax and of the median segment with a thin hoary pubescence, legs covered with a fuscous brown, the underside of the femora and tibiæ with a brighter brown pubescence, abdomen with narrow transverse bands of white pubescence at the base of segments 2-4, wings hyaline, slightly fuscescent, nervures dark brown

Hab Bhamo, Upper Buima; Karen Hills 2 Length 6-7,

evp 13 mm

- 774 Halictus dissimulandus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xh, 1897
- d Head and thorax pubescent, densely punctured, the median segment short, posteriorly rounded, the apex sharply truncate, the truncation smooth, the enclosed space at the base coarsely reticulate, the strix diverging outwards, abdomen smooth and shining. Head and thorax black, abdomen castaneous, the 1st to the 4th segment above stained with fuscous, the 5th and apical segments above black, the basal segments beneath and the legs dark testaceous brown, the clypeus densely, the thorax and legs lightly covered with a hoary pubescence, wings hyaline and indescent, the nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous.

Hab Mussooree & Length 6, esp. 12 mm

775 Halictus serenus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

d Head and thorax somewhat thickly pubescent, beneath the pubescence opaque, abdomen smooth, slightly shining, median segment with the enclosed semicircular space at base large and coarsely reticulate, the rest of the segment above and on the sides slightly punctured and pubescent, abdomen subcordate, the segments above, in a strong light, appear to be very finely and closely punctured Black, the pubescence white, golden yellow on the legs, the basal segment of the abdomen rufo-fuscous, with a fuscous transverse stripe above, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Mussooree & Length 5, exp 12 mm

Genus ANDRENA

Andrena, pt, Fabi Syst Ent p 376 (1775) Melitta, Kuby, Mon Apum Angl 1, p 130 (1802)

Type, A cinei aria, Fabr Range Both hemispheres Head (2) as wide as or (in 3 generally) wider than the thorax, eyes oval, large, ocelli in a triangle on the vertex. antennæ filiform, basal joint of flagellum longest, labial palpi 4-jointed, basal joint longest, the following joints successively shorter, maxillary palpi 6-jointed, the 2nd longest Thorax broadly

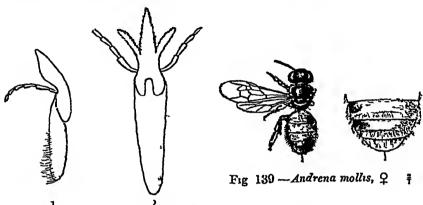


Fig 138 _Andrena 1, maxilla, 2, labium

ovate, fore wing with the marginal cell long and lanceolate, three cubital cells, the 2nd and 3rd each receiving a recurrent nervure, legs moderately long, the posterior trochanters with a long floccus of soft hairs, posterior tibiæ and tarsi densely pubescent on the outer side. Abdomen somewhat elongate and massive, apical margin of 5th segment and the 6th segment (2) furnished with a dense pubescent fimbria, in the males the abdomen is markedly narrower and longer in proportion.

The nesting-habits of the few Indian species of this genus that I have had an opportunity of watching resemble those of their European allies I have found Nomada adusta, Smith, frequently about the entrances to the nest-holes of Andrena mollis in the hills

ın Burma

Key to the Species

A Enclosed space at base of median segment punctured

a A medial vertical furrow from apex of enclosed space to apex of median segment

a' Apical half of 1st to base narrowly of 6th abdominal segment reddish

b' Basal two abdominal segments honeyyellow, remainder black

b Median segment without a medial vertical

a' Apical half of 1st, all 2nd and 3rd (or only basal margin of 3rd) abdominal segments reddish

b' Apical margin of 1st with basal and apical margins of abdominal segments 2-4 narrowly honey-yellow A torrida, p 442

A rothneys, p 443

A communis, p 443

[p 443 A. mephistophelica, B Enclosed space at base of median segment finely obliquely striate A gracillima, p 444 C Enclosed space at base of median segment reticulate a Clypeus black, with a broad triangular brown macula A anonyma, p 444 b Clypeus black, immaculate a' Length 8-9 mm a² Apical margins of abdominal segments rufo-testaceous A floridula, p 444 b^2 Apical margins of abdominal segments black A phædia, p 444 b' Length 12-13 mm a² Median segment obscurely transversely striate A morosa, p 445 b2 Median segment not transversely striate a Median segment with a small smooth triangular space beneath enclosed reticulate space at base A sacrissima, p 445 b' Median regment concavo-truncate posteriorly, without such triangular A reticulata, p 445 D Enclosed space at base of median segment longitudinally rugose a Abdomen nearly bare or with very short A mollis, p 446 b Abdomen with stiff, somewhat dense pubescence on apical three segments A harrieta, p 446

776 Andrena torrida, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 50, \$\rightarrow\$ of, Dall Torr Cat x, p 156

P Head, pronotum, and mesonotum shining, rather closely punctured, median segment and abdomen smooth, with only a few scattered punctures, clypeus broad, anteriorly margined and fimbriated with stiff hairs, a fine Y-shaped groove on the median segment, the space enclosed by the tork of the Y under a high magnifying-power appears very minutely and densely punctured, abdomen oval Black, the apical half of the 1st to the base narrowly of the 6th abdominal segment red, the clypeus and lower half of the face the thorax and abdomen sparsely covered with soft pale pubescence, slightly fuscous on the median segment and spex of the abdomen, and white and glittering on the legs, the apical joint of the flagellum of the antennæ and the posterior femora beneath obscurely rufo-testaceous, wings fusco-hyaline, with a purple effulgence paler at base

of similar, slighter, abdomen broader posteriorly than at base, the basal two-thirds of the 1st segment, the middle above of the 4th, and the apical two segments black, the pubescence on the face fulvous, white on the abdomen, forming subapical transverse

bands on the apical four segments

Hab Central and Western India 2 & Length 12-13; exp 23-25 mm.

777 Andrena rothneyi (Pl III, fig 8) Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Q Head in front and on the occiput, thorax on the sides, the legs, and apical three segments of the abdomen with longish soft pubescence, head and thorax under the pubescence closely and inely punctured, abdomen smooth, opaque, median segment with a large triangular depressed space at base finely rugulose, and bearing a short medial longitudinal furrow. Black, the basal two segments of the abdomen honey-yellow, antennæ obscurely alutaceous beneath, the pubescence on the head and thorax tuscous the posterior femora and tibiæ each with a dense floccus of whitish golden bairs, the apical segments of the abdomen, especially on the sides, with fimbliæ of whitish pubescence, wings hyrline, nervures and tegulæ dark testaceous

Hab Mussooree Length 10-11, eap 20 mm

778 Andrena communis, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 50, Q, Dall Ton Cat v, p 130 Andrena maligna, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc vii, 1897

Q Head closely, thorax more sparsely punctured, the punctures running into fine obscure stine on the front of the head, abdomen very minutely and closely punctured, head transverse, flat, and slightly emarginate posteriorly clypeus slightly convex, almost circular, median segment depressed, rounded at apex the enclosed space at base bread, concave, densely and finely punctured, abdomen broad, depressed, and oval Black the apical margin narrowly of the 1st, the whole of the 2nd, and the basal margin of the 3rd segment red, the antennæ and legs obscurely piceous, the pubescence on the head and the marginal fimbriæ on abdominal segments 2-4 white, the sides of the thorax, the median segment at the sides and densely at apex, the legs, and apical two abdominal segments with longish fuscous pubescence, wings hyaline and indescent

Hab Mussooree, 7000 feet Q Length 9, exp 17 mm

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779 Andrena mephistophelica, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xh. 1897

Q Head and thorax densely, abdomen more thinly pubescent median segment with thick long tufts of hair on the sides head about the ocelli and vertex longitudinally striate, mesonotim, scutellum, and postscutellum under the pubescence spar-cli, and median segment densely punctured; the enclosed triangular space at the base not well-defined in the Q, coarsely punctured in the d, abdomen, where devoid of pubescence, smooth, finely, not very closely punctured. Black, the pubescence whitish yellow, the posterior margin of the bisal abdominal segment and the basal and apical margins of segments 2-4 narrowly honey-yellow, the margins of the segments fringed with whitish hairs, wings hyaline, lightly fuscescent, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

Hab Mussooree 2 & Length 9-12, exp 20-22 mm

780. Andrena gracillima, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Q Head in front sparsely, thorax, median segment, and abdomen densely pubescent, the head about the ocelli and vertex longitudinally striate, the thorax, median segment, and abdomen under the pubescence finely but somewhat sparingly punctured, the enclosed triangular space at the base of the median segment finely and obliquely striate. Black, the head in front with fuscous, the thorax, median segment, base of the abdomen, the coxe, trochanters, and femora of the legs with long fulvous, and the tibiæ and tarsi, apical half of the 1st and remaining abdominal segments above with sooty-black pubescence, the apical margins of segments 2—4 above fringed with a mixture of white and fuscous hairs, wings hyaline, fuscescent towards the apex, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Mussooiee Q Length 15; exp 28 mm

781 Andrena anonyma, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Resembles A morosa, but the punctures on the mesonotum are more widely spaced, the clypeus is subporrect, its anterior margin rugose, the base with coarser punctures, the median segment finely rugulose, the enclosed reticulate space at the base nairower, the abdomen smooth and shining Pubescence thinner, not so abundant but of the same colour and disposed as in A morosa Black, the apex of the clypeus with a broad triangular mark and the mandibles castaneous red thorax and abdomen entirely black, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Mussooree Q Length 10-12, exp 20 mm Type in coll Rothney

*782 Andrena floridula, Smith, 2nd Yark Miss, Hym p 2, pl --, fig 4

"3 Black, the head, thorax, and legs with long, thin, cinereous pubescence, the flagellum of the antennæ fulvous beneath, the mandibles ferruginous at their apex. Thorax—the wings hyaline and iridescent, the nervures and stigma rufo-testaceous, the legs dark rufo-piceous, the posterior tabiæ and tarsi tulvous and clothed with silvery pubescence. Abdomen oblong ovate, the apical margins of the segments testaceous and with a thin fringe of whitish pubescence, the apex fulvo-testaceous. Male, length 4 lines (=about 9 imm)

"Hab Drás, Kárgil, and Leh, all in Ladák"

783 Andrena phædra, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

d Head and thorax with long thick pubescence, the head and median segment closely and coarsely punctured, the pro- and mesonotum, scutellum, and postscutellum with large, somewhat widely spaced punctures under the pubescence, median segment with the enclosed space at base reticulate, beneath this a small triangular space smooth and shining, abdomen finely and closely

445

punctured and thinly pubescent, the pubescence forming narrow transverse bands on the posterior margins of segments 2-6 above Black, the pubescence on the front of the head and on the thorax above cinereous with a fulvous tinge, on the head and thorax beneath and on the legs white, the bands on the margins of the abdominal segments white, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

ANDRENA

2 similar, but the smooth triangular space on the median

segment is smaller

ţ

Hab Mussooree & Length 8, exp 17 mm Q Length 8-9, exp 16 mm Types in coll Rothney

784 Andrena sacrissima, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

c Closely resembles A phædra, but is a larger and stouter insect, the pro- and mesonotum are more closely punctured, the enclosed space at the base of the median segment more coarsely reticulate, the sides and apex being smooth and shining, and the abdomen shining with very minute and dense punctures Pubescence as in A phædra, but scantier, shorter, and on the thorax more fuscous

Hab Mussooree 3. Length 12, exp 24 mm Type in coll Rothney

785 Andrena morosa, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Sec xli, 1897

Lead above the bases of the antennæ longitudinally striate, clypeus large, with distant punctures, thorax finely and not very closely punctured, median segment obscurely transversely striate, the enclosed space at base very narrow, reticulate, abdomen smooth and shining, head, thorax, and abdomen covered with a thin pubescence, slightly more dense and long on the sides of the thorax, the sides and apex of the median segment, and on the legs on the abdomen the pubescence forms transverse bands, more or less obliterated in the middle, on the posterior margins of segments 2 i Black, the pubescence cinereous, the apical margins of the 1st and 2nd abdominal segments above bright, 3rd and 4th dark obscure testaceous brown, apical segment thickly studded with fuscous hairs, wings hyaline with a slight fuscous tinge, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Mussooree Q Length 12-13, exp 19 mm Type in

coll Rothney

786 Andrena reticulata, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc. xli, 1897

P Head and thorax coarsely, abdomen finely punctured, the head and thorax somewhat thinly, the median segment densely pubescent, abdomen with transverse narrow pubescent bands above, at the base of the 2nd segment and the posterior margins of segments 2-5, median segment remarkably short, concavo-truncate posteriorly, the enclosed space at base coarsely reticulate; legs stout, the posterior femora and tibiæ with a thick floccus of soft hairs Black, the pubescence fulvous, whitish beneath the head, on the

anterior and intermediate legs and pectus, the transverse bands on the abdomen white, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Mussooree Q Length 12, exp 22 mm Type in coll

Rothney

This species is a broader stouter insect with more ample wings than the majority of the species of Andrena

787 Andrena mollis, Sm. th, New Sp Hym B M p 50, Q, Dall Tor Cat x, p 138

Q of Somewhat resembling A torrida, but the puncturing on the head and thorax very much finer and closer, median segment without the Y-shaped furiow, a deep broad groove at base above longitudinally rugose, the apex truncate, the sides rounded and highly polished, the apex with longish pubescence, the abdomen shorter, more broadly oval Black, the legs and abdomen pale honeyvellow, the coxe, trochanters, and femora at base of the anterior and intermediate legs, with the apex of the intermediate this also, and the posterior coxe, trochanters, femora above, and base of the tibie fuscous brack, the 1st and 2nd abnomina segments with lateral black maculæ, the 3rd segment with a transverse broad fascia in the middle above, and the 4th and following segments black, pubescence as in A torrida, but fulvous golden, wings hyaline, very slightly fuscescent

Var With a lateral black macula on the 2nd abdominal segment only, the 3rd and 4th segments with transverse black bands in the middle, the 5th and apical segments with a greenish tint, of the 2nd and 3rd segments with lateral black maculæ, the 4th with a transverse black band at base, the following segments greenish, or the legs and abdomen entirely honey-yellow, the 2nd and 3rd segments with lateral maculæ, and the 5th with a transverse band

at base black

Hab Bombay, Assam, Burma, Tenasserim & Length 8-10, eap 15-19 mm

788 Andrena harrietæ, n sp

2 Head, thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, the vertex of the head, the 1st abdominal segment and base of the 2nd



Fig 140—Andrena harrietæ, Q 3

punctured and covered with only a few scattered hairs, head subtriangular, the inner orbits parallel, eyes narrowly oval, the ocell large, prominent, in a curve on the vertex Head, thoiax, and abdomen under the pubescence black, the clypeus, front, thorax anteriorly, and sides and apex of the median segment clothed with long fuscous grey pubescence, the posterior half of the mesonotum, the scutellum, postscutellum, the legs except

the apical four joints of the tarsi, and the basal two abdominal

segments above covered with black, the 3rd and following abdominal segments with ferruginous-red pubescence, the antennæ piceous, the apical four joints of the tarsi without pubescence, testaceous, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

Hub Rangit Valley, Sikhim, 1000 feet Q Length 14, exp.

26 mm Type in coll British Museum

Genus NOMIA

Nomia, Lati Hist Nat Ins xin, p 369 (1805)

Type, N cur upes, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head transverse, clypeus not produced as in Halictus, eyes more or less convergent beneath, occili arranged in a curve on the vertex, antennæ filiform, geniculated, mandibles grooved above, the apex with two teeth, the inner very much shorter than the outer, labial palpi 4-jointed, the tongue short trifid and plumed, maxillary palpi 6-jointed, the joints subclavate, the apical lobe of the maxilla very short, very much shorter than the basilar portion. Thorax subglobose, median segment very short, depressed, generally vertical, a narrow space at base usually

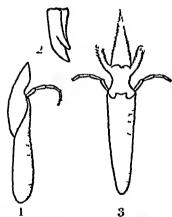


Fig 141—Nomic 1, maxilla, 2, mandible, 3, labium (Much enlarged)

differently sculptured from the rest of the egment, very often depressed, concide, legs stout each posterior temur (in females) with a floccus of long hairs, and the tibiæ densely pubescent, in the male the posterior temora and tibiæ, with a few exceptions, more or less thickened, the inner apical angle of the tibiæ produced, often remarkably Wings short and broad, the radial cell in the fore wing rounded at apex, the apex closely approximate to the costal margin, three cubital cells, the 3rd the longest, the 2nd generally square, receiving the recurrent nervure past the middle, the 3rd cubital cell strongly constricted towards the marginal cell,

at top about one-third as wide as at bottom, receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure past the middle. Abdomen broad, as broad as the thorax, often broader, oval elliptical, or with the basal segment sometimes narrowed

The species of this genus that I have observed make their nests in the hard earth of banks, sometimes on the flat ground beneath the pile-raised houses in Burma, storing pollen as food for their larvæ, the pollen, as I have often noticed, is carried on the hairy posterior femora and tibiæ

448

Key to the Species

APIDÆ

A Abdomen with non-pubescent transverse fasciæ a Postscutellum armed with two spines or teeth posteriorly Abdomen beneath and posterior legs N elliotii, p 449 black length 11-13 mm Abdomen beneath and posterior legs N westwoods, p 449 rufo-testaceous length 8 mm b Postscutellum unarmed posteriorly a' Thorax with more or less fulvous pubescence a^2 Legs rufo-fulvous or ferruginous First abdominal argment without a transverse fascia N chalybeata, p 450 b3 First abdominal segment with a transverse fascia N curvipes, p 450 b2 Legs fuscous black, sometimes piceous a³ Mesonotum above with dense short rufo-fulvous pubescence N thoracica, p 451 Mesonotum above without or at most with very pale fulvous pubescence N formosa, p 451 b' Thorax with griseous or white pubesa² Enclosed space at base of median segment longitudinally rugose a³ Clypeus with a medial vertical N nidescens, p 452 carina N aloofasciata, p 452 b3 Clypeus not carmate b² Enclosed space at base of median segment coarsely punctured N carınata, p 453 B Abdomen with pubescent transverse fasciæ a Fasciæ at bases of abdominal segments N basalis, p 453 Fascize on margins of abdominal segments only Abdomen black with base red a² Abdominal fasciæ pale fulvous N floralis, p 453 b2 Abdominal fasciæ silvery white N pilipes, p 454 Aboomen except fasciæ unicolorous Abdominal fasciæ golden or some shade of yellow a³ Enclosed space at base of median segment longitudinally striate or rugose N antennata, p 454 a4 Length 14-15 mm bi Length 8-10 mm N aurifrons, p 455 Enclosed space at base of median segment punctured a Length 5 mm N capitata, p 455 b Length over 8 mm N combusta, p 456 a⁵ Clypeus rounded anteriorly Clypeus transverse, somewhat N clypeata, p 456 produced anteriorly c⁵ Enclosed space at base of median N fervida, p 456 segment coarsely reticulate

b2 Abdominal fasciæ white

a³ Enclosed space at base of median segment with a single row of coarse punctures

b3 Enclosed space at base of median segment obscurely transversely strute

c2 Abdominal fasciæ cinereous

a³ Third cubital cell of fore wing less than twice length of 2nd

63 Third cubital cell of fore wing more than twice as long as 2nd

at Thorax above with dense infofulvous pubescence

of Thorax above with thin cinereous pubescence

C Abdomen without transverse fasciæ

a Clypeus with a medial vertical carina

b Clypeus not carmated

N oxybelordes, p 457

N rustica, p 457

N vincta, p 458

N scutellata, p 458

N au ata, p 458

N terminata, p 459 N fuscipennis, p 459

789 Nomia elliotii, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 44, Q 3, Dall Torr Cat x, p 166

Q Head and thorax closely and finely punctured, more sparsely and coarsely on the scutellum, abdomen smooth, opaque, the bases of the segments only punctured, clypeus flat, carnate down the middle, transverse anteriorly, the scutellum with a more



Fig 142 -Nomia elliotii, o

or less deep notch, or bituberculate posteriorly the postscutellum with two teeth or spines in the middle posteriorly, the space at the base of the median segment finely punctured, the basal four abdominal segments with transverse impressed lines across the middle Black, the head and thorax with a white somewhat griseous thin pubescence, the legs with pale glittering

dense pubescence, the teeth on the postscutellum dark chestnutbrown, the basal four abdominal segments with bright emeraldgreen transverse fasciæ on their apical margins, wings hyahne, slightly fuscescent along their apical margins

of similar, the tubercles at the lateral angles of the scutellum and the medial spines on the postscutellum more prominent, the posterior femora greatly swollen, the tibiæ flattened, the apex on the inner side produced into a blunt testaceous process

Hab The plains of India generally, Burma, Tenasserim 2 Length 11-12, erp 22-23 mm & slightly smaller

790 Nomia westwoodii, Gribodo, Bull Soc Ent Ital 1894, p 128, Dall Ton. Cat x, p 170
Nomia similima, Smith, Trans Ent. Soc 1875, p 44, S, pl 11, fig 4 (nec Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1863, p 46)
VOL 1

of This is closely allied to *N elhotn*, and like that species has the posterior lateral angles of the scutellum tuberculate and the postscutellum armed with two teeth, but it is constantly smaller, the posterior femora and tibine are proportionately not so swollen and thick, and the inner angle of the apex of the latter is produced and rounded, not forming a flat sharply truncate piocess as in *N elhotn* In colour, too, *N westwoodn* differs in having the abdomen beneath and the posterior legs pale rufo-testaceous

Hab Bengal & Length 8, exp 15 mm

791 Nomia chalybeata, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 59, Q d, pl 11, fig 5, d, Dall Torr Cut x, p 165

Q Head above, thorax, and abdomen very finely and closely punctured, clypeus more coarsely rugose, convex, transverse anteriorly, with a medial vertical carina, median segment very short, vertical, and rounded posteriorly, a hollow space along the base, above coarsely longitudinally lugose. Black, the legs and the apical ten joints of the flagellum of the antennæ beneath rufofulvous, the pubescence on the face and cheeks griseous with a vellowish tant, on the thorax and legs rich rufo-fulvous, on the abdomen above very sparse, erect, and black, on the abdomen beneath more or less fulvous, abdominal segments 2-4 with broad blue-green fasciæ on their apical margins

d'similar, abdominal segments 2-5 with blue-green fasciæ, the posterior femora incrassate, the tibiæ curved and produced at their apices into blunt, apically-truncated, thin processes of a pale testaceous colour. Wings in both sexes flavo-hyaline, very slightly

fuscous along their apical margins

Hab China, Tenasserim Q & Length 12-15, exp 24-28 mm

- 792 Nomia curvipes, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 310, 3, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 42, Q 3, pl 1, hg 8, Dall Tori. Cat x, p 165
- Q. Head and abdomen lightly but closely, thorax densely and more coarsely punctured, clypeus slightly convex, transverse anteriorly, median segment somewhat coarsely punctured, rounded at the sides, the apex concavo-truncate, the narrow space along the base coarsely longitudinally striate. Black, the antenne and legs testaceous brown, the scape of the former pale, the front and legs covered with pale glittering pubescence, the thorax and median segment with dense fulvo-ferruginous pubescence, the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-4 bright greenish vellow, smooth and shining, wings fulvo-hyaline, fuscous along their apical margins, nervures and tegulæ rufo-piceous

of similar, the posterior temora immensely swollen, the tibiae broadened towards the inner side, produced into an acute angle, abdomen with the apical margin of the 5th segment also broadly

NOM14 451

vellow, apical lialies of the femora, the tibiæ, and tarsi yellow, the core trochinters, and bise of the femora black

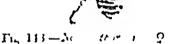
Hab The Punjah, Bengal, Upper Burma 2 o. Length 11-

12, etp 22 mm *

793 Nomia thoracies, Smit. Trans Int Sec 1875, p. 15, Q &, pl. 1, for 10, D Il Torr Cat x, p. 170

Q Head thorax, and logs densely pulsecent, median segment posteriorly here and is well is the abdomen very closely and finely punctured, clupens convex, in only transver an interiorly, median segment vertical, the groove along has above longitudinally rugos. Blill, the logs underneath the pulsecince fuscous abdomen with the opted margins of the hard four segments acrowly whate the pulses need on the hard somewhat thin and emission the mesonotian and scutching dense, short, and rich rufofulvous on the postscutching sides of the thorax, and logs puls







Ing 111 -An all raids

2 g 2

and glittering on the abdomen much sparser and black, usings hadine with a slight vellow tint, nervures and tegule test iceous brown

of smaller, the legs black, only thinly published each of the posterior coxe with a small tubercle, the posterior femora and tiling greatly swollen, the apices of the latter whitish and trangularly produced beneath, abdomen as in the Q, but with no white fascia on the apical margin of the 1st segment

Hab Bari icknore, Buriua, Tenisserim, China 9 of Length

11-13, exp 22-25 mm

791 Nomia formosa, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1859, p 5, \$25, Dall Inn Cet x, p 167

Q He id and thorax minutely and densely, abdomen more lightly and spursely punctured, clypeus slightly convex and rused, transverse interiorly, with a medial longitudinal curin median segment opique, transate posteriorly, with in observe slight medial carma, space it base very slight and narrow, closely and finely punctured, abdomen broudly oval. Black, the antenne and legs piceous, the head and face with thin white pubescence a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, the sides of the thorax, and the post-

^{*} Nomia strigata, Indr. given by that author as from India, is a Javan species, and N indica, Lepel, is probably identical with it

scutellum densely pubescent, the sides and apex of the median segment and the legs covered with fulvous pubescence, the abdomen obscurely chalybeous, the apical margins of segments 1-4 above nariowly greenish blue, wings subhyaline with a fulvous tint

& similar, the legs black, covered with pale glittering pubescence, the posterior temora swollen, the posterior tibiæ dilated, subtriangular, the 5th abdominal segment with a greenish-blue transverse fascia

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, Sumatra (Dr Martin), Celebes Q Length 11-12, exp 20-22 mm & Length 11, exp 22 mm.

795 Nomia iridescens (Pl III, fig 9)
Smith, Jour Linn Soc 11, 1858, p 43, Q, Dall Torr Cat x, p 167

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen very minutely and densely punctured, clypeus convex, with coarser punctures, and a medial sharp vertical carina, its anterior margin transverse, mesonotum broad, slightly convex, and in certain lights showing several fine abbreviated longitudinally-impressed parallel lines on the disc, enclosed space at base of median segment longitudinally rugose Black, the head and thorax opaque, the abdomen shining, indescent in certain lights, segments 2-4 with transverse bright green or blue fascize on their apical margins, the pubescence on the head and thorax and legs griseous with a fulvous tint most dense on the sides of the face, the cheeks, and the sides of the median segment, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of similar, the pubescence on the face more dense, the legs longer with more sparse pubescence, the posterior femora and tibia only slightly swollen, abdominal segments 2-5 with bright green or blue fasciæ, the whole abdomen more cylindrical, not so broad as in the female

 $\it Hab$ Burma, Tenasserim, Singapore 2 $\it J$ $\it Length$ 8-10, $\it evp$ 17-20 mm

796 Nomia albofasciata, Sinith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 57, Q, Dall Toir Cat x, p 163

Q Head and the mesonotum densely and finely, abdomen more minutely punctured, scutellum large, prominent, shining, nearly impunctate, median segment covered with a short, somewhat fine pubescence, the space at base concave and coarsely longitudinally rugose. Black the face, the cheeks, the postscutellum, and nodian segment covered with white pubescence, dense only on the postscutellum, the legs rufo-piceous, all the tarsi and the posterior tibize on the inside ferruginous with pale glittering pubescence, abdomen shining, the apical margins of the basal four segments narrowly white, the flagellum of each antenna, except the basal two joints, tulvo-testaceous, wings hyaline and indescent, the nervures and tegulæ testaceous.

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, Java Q. Length 8-10, exp 16-

17 mm. 🛭 d unknown.

NOMIA 453

- 797 Nomia carinata, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 57, Q, Dall Torr Cat x, p 164
- Q Head and thorax (except the scutellum) closely and finely, and the abdomen most minutely and densely punctured, scutellum smooth, with a few scattered coarse punctures, the front flat, a short carina between the bases of the antennæ, the clypeus transverse anteriorly, a broad depressed transverse band at the base of the median segment, above coarsely punctured. Black, the antennæ beneath and the legs rufo-fuscous, the posterior tibiæ and tarsi interiorly bright testaceous, the head and thorax with sparse griseous pubescence, the postscutellum covered with a dense pad of pale pubescence, the pubescence on the legs dense, pale, and glittering, the apical maigins of abdominal segments 1—4 with greenish-white narrow transverse fasciæ, wings hyaline and irridescent, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

of similar the abdomen narrower and more cylindrical, segments 2-5 with narrow greenish-white fasciæ, the posterior femora and tibiæ swollen and much curved, the inner apex of each tibia produced into a curved claw of a pale testaceous white colour

Hab Rangit Valley, Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon. 2 & Length 9-10, evp 18-20 mm

- 798 Nomia basalis, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 55, 9, Dall Forr Cat x, p 164
- Q Head, median segment, and abdomen finely and closely, mesonotum and scutellum coarsely and sparsely punctured, clypeus flat, rounded anteriorly, the median segment very short, vertical and rounded posteriorly, abdomen short and very broad Chestnut-brown, the face on each side, the sides of the pronotum, the postscutellum, and transverse bands at the base of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments covered with dense white pubescence, the legs and a transverse band at the base of the 4th segment with falvous pubescence, wings hyaline and indescent

Hab India (Smith) Q Length 9, eap 17 mm

- 799 Nomia floralis, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 58, \$\times\$, Dall To r Cat \$\times\$, p 166
- Q. Head somewhat finely and sparsely, thorax for the greater part and abdomen more densely punctured, on the last the punctures very minute, clypeus flat, produced at apex into a medial tooth and two other very short teeth close to the latter, scutellum prominent, smooth, shining, with only a few scattered punctures, median segment short, vertical posteriorly, with a medial vertical carina, the space at bise slightly concave, densely punctured Black, the basal abdominal segment and apical half of the 2nd pale red, the pubescence on the face, cheeks, and occiput fuscous, on the mesonotum and postscutellum pale fulvous, legs rufopiceous, the taisi palei, the pubescence very pale glittering fulvous, the apical margins of the 2nd and following segments with pale fulvous transverse pubescent fasciæ

Var The red on the basal two segments reduced to transverse elongate marks in the middle of the segments or in some specimens eovering the whole of the two segments

Hab China (Smith), Rangoon, Burma, Tenasserim & Length

85-9, exp 17 mm

- 800 Nomia pilipes, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 56, 2, Dall Torr Cat x, p 169
- Hend and thorax densely pubescent, closely punctured under the pubescence, abdomen slightly shining, with a few scattered punctures at the bases of the segments clypcus slightly rounded anteriorly, nearly transverse, inclian segment truncate. pubescent posteriorly, on the sides bare, in the middle, which is smooth, almost impunctate, the space at base concave and very eoarsely punctured, abdomen broad, convex Black, the basal two abdominal segments and bus if two-thirds of the 3rd pale red. the antennæ beneath and the legs under the pubescence dull ferriginous brown, the head, the sides of the thorax and of the median segment, the legs, and broad transverse bands on the anical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 with glittering silverywhite pubescence, very long and full on the legs, forming a long scopa on each posterior femile, mesonotum, scutellium, and postscutellum covered with dense golden-jellow pile wings hyaline, nervires and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Northern India (Smith) Q Length 10, exp 19 mm

- 801 Nomia antennata, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 46, \$\varphi\$, pl 1, figs 9, 9 a, Dall Tor Cat x, p 163

 ? Nomia sykesiana, Westw Trans Lnt Soc 1875, p 211, pl 1v, fig 2, 3
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen very minutely and closely punctured, clypeus subtrangular, transverse auteriorly, median segment short, rounded at the sides, truncate posteriorly, the



Fig 145 Nomia antennata, J

narrow transverse groove along its base longitudinally striate, the apical margins of the basal four abdominal segments broadly subdepressed and pubescent. Black, the face in front and the postscutellum densely and the transverse marginal bands on the basal four abdominal segments less thickly covered with pale yellow pubescence, having a golden lustre in certain lights, the thorax anteriorly above covered with a very short fulvous-red, and the sides and legs with pale somewhat longer pubescence, the 5th abdominal segment with black and

the pygidium with short yellow pubescence, wings flavo-hyaline, their apical margins broadly dark fuscous

3 similar a deep constriction above between the 1st and 2nd abdominal segments, the antennæ testaceous, the apical joint dilated, round and flat, the posterior femora and tibre incrassate, the latter curved on the inside and each bearing at apex a blunt recurved tooth

Hab Bombay Q d Length 14-15, exp 22-23 mm

I have been unable to find any difference, except in the colour of the pubescence, between N antennata and N sylesiana, there is only one specimen labelled "sykesiana" in the British Museum, and that is so old and taded that it is impossible to make out whether the original colour of the pubescence was fullious or white

- 802 Nomia aurifrons, Smith, Trans Lnt Soc 1875, p 43, Q, Dall Ton Cat x, p 164
- Q Head densely and finely, thorax minutely punctured, abdomen almost impunctate, slightly slining, clypeus transverse, convex, broadly arched anteriorly, median segment very short, broad and steep, the space at base very narrow, coarsely longitudinally rugose, abdomen oval, massive, convex above Blick, the legs testaceous, the coxe and femora often rufo-testaceous, the clypeus, front, cheeks, and occiput with pale golden pubescence, the thorax, legs, and apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 with pale yellowish pubescence, very bright and glittering on the legs, the margins of the segments under the pubescence pale testaceous, the flagellum of each antenna beneath and at apex fulvous, wings hyaline, sometimes light flavo-hyaline, with a very pale fuscescent cloud at apex of the fore wing

Hab Bengal, Sylhet, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 8-10,

exp 19-20 mm

- 803 Nomia capitata, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 54, d, Dall Tori Cat x, p 164
- d Head, thorax, and abdomen somewhat closely and finely punctured, pubescent, clypeus subporrect, very widely emarginate, median segment rather long, rounded, and steeply sloped posterioily, the space at base coarsely punctured, abdomen ovate, the apical margin of the basal segment slightly constricted Black, the head in front, the thorax on the sides and on the scutellum, and transverse fasciæ on the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 with pale fulvous pubescence, the pubescence on the median segment and beneath cinercous, the mandibles, the flagellum of the antennæ, and the legs pale ferruginous, the apex of the flagellum rufo-piceous, the posterior femora not swollen, the inner sides of the posterior tibiæ at apex only slightly produced, wings hyaline and indescent

Hab Northern India, Ceylon (Green) & Length 5, exp

- Nomia combusta, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 56, pl u, ing 9, 3 leg, Dall Torr Cat x, p 155
- d Head above coarsely and closely punctured, thorax covered with a very short dense pubescence, abdominal segments 1-5 bare and opaque in the middle, with a few fine punctures, clypeus rounded anteriorly, median segment truncate posteriorly, the sides rounded, slightly convergent posteriorly, and punctured, the space at base concave and punctured, abdomen narrowed towards Intense black, the antennæ and legs rufo-testaceous, the posterior femora greatly swollen and toothed at the apex internally, each tibia broadened towards apex, the inner augle at apex produced, the clypeus and front, the cheeks, the pronotum posteriorly, a spot behind each of the tegulæ, the postscutellum, the sides of the thorax and of the median segment, and the broad apical margins of abdominal segments 1-6 covered with dense short glistening golden pubescence, the scutellum and the bases of abdominal segments 1-3 covered with dense ferruginous pile, the pubescence on the legs sparse, forming a broad pale fringe to the anterior tarsi, wings fulvo-hyaline, nervures ruto-testaceous

Hab Bombay of Length 11-13, eap 21-22 mm

- 805 Nomia clypeata, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 54, d, pl n, fig 18, Dall Torr Cat x, p 165
- d Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, clypeus slightly produced, transverse anteriorly, median segment rounded and steep posteriorly, depressed much below the level of the postscutellum, the space at base very wide, concave, and very coarsely punctured, the apical margins of the segments of the abdomen depressed Black, the apex of the clypeus, the mandibles, and flagellum of the antennæ ferruginous, the apical margins of the abdominal segments ruto-piceous, the face below the antennæ and the postscutellum covered with white pubescence, the mesonotum and transverse fasciæ on the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 and the whole of the 6th segment above covered with pale fulvous pubescence, the posterior femora slightly swollen; the posterior tibiæ subtriangular, the apex of each on the inside slightly produced and rounded, wings hyaline and irr-descent, nervures and tegulæ rufo-piceous

Hab Bengal, Burma of Longth 8, exp 15 mm

- 806 Nomia fervida, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 55, d, pl n, ing 12, Dall Tor Cat x, p 166
- d Head on the vertex, thorax, and abdomen closely and finely punctured, opaque, clypeus very slightly convex, rounded anteriorly, median segment truncate posteriorly, the sides slightly compressed, the space at base moderately wide, coarsely reticulate Black, the antennæ fulvous; the femora beneath, the tibiæ and tarsi yellow, the clypeus and front up to the anterior occllus, the

cheeks, a broad transverse band on the mesonotum anteriorly, a fine line over the tegulæ, the postscutclinm, the sides of the thorax and of the median segment, and broad transverse bands on the apical margins of the 1st-oth abdominal segments covered with dense very short pale fulvous pubescence, the posterior temora and tiblæ swollen and incrassate, the former each with a tooth on the miside, the latter each with a castaneous spot on the outer and inner side near the base, wings hyaline, slightly fuscescent

Hab The Dece in, India of Length 10, exp 18 mm Q un-

known

- 807 Nomia oxybeloides, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 42, Q d, pl 1, fig. 6, 6a, Dall Iorr Cat 2, p 168
- It is densely and finely, thorax more spirsely and coarsely punctured abdomen shiring clypeus anteriorly slightly arched, that, tegulæ very large, longer than broad, median segment rounded it the sides, steeply truncate posteriorly and more closely punctured than the mesonotum, the space at base very narrow, with a row of single deep coarse punctures, each of the bisal three abdominal segments above with an obscure transversely impressed line. Black, the apical joints of the tarsi and sometimes the whole of the posterior tibre and tarsi testaceous, the clypeus and head in front, the legs on the outside, a line on the pronotum the postsentellum, and the margins of the abdominal segments with glittering silvery-white pubescence, the pubescence on the thorax often furyous
- d similar, smaller, the pubescence with a fulvous that, the posterior teniors and tibre much swollen, the inferior apical angle of each of the latter produced into a flat, long process, testaceous white in colour, rounded on the outside, the inner border straight, wings in both sever hadine, nervices and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Bengal, Bombay, Punjab Karachi, extending to Aden

Q & Longth 6 5-8, erp 14-16 mm

- 808 Nomia rustica, Westw Trans Lnt Soc 1875, p 214, 3, Dall Toti Cat N, p 169
- d Head finely, thorax minutely and delicately punctured, abdomen nearly smooth, the base of the 2nd segment slightly depressed, very minutely panetured, followed by a row of scattered coarser punctures, clypeus subconvex, transverse anteriorly, median segment rounded posteriorly, with a slight medial carina, dividing above and enclosing a space at the base which is obscurely transversely striate. Black, the face and cheeks with a thin white pubescence, the flagellum of the antennæ castaneous brown, the thorax above with short griseous pubescence, the posterior temora slightly swollen, each posterior tibia subtriangular, the inner angle of the apex slightly produced, the apical margins of abdominal segments 2-5 narrowly whitish, wings flavo-hyahine, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

Hab. Ceylon. d Length 8, exp 15 mm

- *809 Nomia vincta, Walker, A M N H (3) v, 1860, p 305, 2,

 Dall Torr Cat x, p 170
- "? Black, dull, broad, thick, very closely and minutely punctured, with cinereous pubescence. Mouth testaceous, black at the base, antennæ subclavate, as long as the head, abdomen elliptical, shining, very finely punctured, a little longer and broader than the thorax, with three bands of cinereous tomentum, tarsi pale beneath, wings cinereous, veins and stigma black, third cubital areolet much less than twice the length of the second

"Length of the body $3\frac{1}{4}$ lines (= about 8 mm), of the wings

6 lines (= about 13 mm)

Hab Ceylon Unknown to me Possibly a Halictus

- 810 Nomia scutellata, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 45, \$\rightarrow\$, Dall Tori Cat x, p 109
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely, densely, but lightly punctured, clypeus somewhat produced, arched anteriorly, median segment rounded posteriorly, the middle narrowly truncate, the space at base concave and transversely finely strate, abdomen with the margins of the segments subdepressed Black, the clypeus and front, the cheeks, sides of the thorax, legs, and transverse broad bands on the posterior margins of abdominal segments 1–5 with cinereous pubescence, inclining to yellowish on the clypeus and front, and fulvous about the base of the antennæ, the thorax above and base of abdomen with rufo-fulvous pubescence, dense on the scutellum and postscutellum, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Calcutta, Burma Q. Length 7-8, ecp 14-16 mm

& unknown

811 Nomia aurata, n sp

Q Head and thorax somewhat coarsely and closely, abdomen more minutely and very densely punctured, clypeus not carnate, flat, transverse anteriorly, median segment concavo-truncate posteriorly, the space at base finely reticulate. Black, the flagellum of the antennæ at apex beneath, the legs, and the apical margins broadly of the ventral abdominal segments rufo-testaceous, the clypeus, face cheeks, sides of the thorax and of the median segment, the postscutellum, and the apical margins narrowly of abdominal segments 2-4 covered with cinereous pubescence, the legs with pale glittering pubescence, wings hyaline and indescent

of similar, smaller, the clypeus and front with rich golden pubescence, the basal three ventral segments pale testaceous red, the posterior femora and tibiæ swollen, the inner apical angle of the latter produced into a claw-like process, the legs black, the anterior tarsi, the basal and apical joints of the intermediate and posterior tarsi, and the produced claw-like process at apex of the posterior tibiæ pale testaceous, the apical margin of the 1st abdominal segment constricted, the following four segments with

a narrow transverse white fascia at apest

Hab Tchasserim Q Length 9-10; exp 19-20 mm & Length 8, exp 17 mm .
A very distinct species

812 Nomia terminata, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 56, &, Dall Torr Cat x, p 170

The head, thorax, the basal half or two-thirds of abdominal

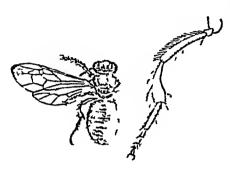


Fig 146 - Nomia terminata, o 3

segments 1-5 and the whole of the 6th segment above very minutely and densely punctured, the punctures at the base of the scutellum corrser and more sparse the clypeus broad, convex somewhat roundly truncite anteriorly, with a slight but distinguishable medial vertical carina in narrow furrow along the base of the median segment longitudinally striate Dark castaneous brown, the

clypeus and sides of the face, the sides of the thorax and of the median segment, the sides of the scutellum the postscutellum the legs, the base and sides above and the ventral segments of the abdomen with glistening fulvous golden pubescence, very dense and shining on the legs and on the abdomen beneath, the apical three segments above with a thin covering of soft fuscous black hairs, wings flavo-hyaline, fore wing with a fuscous cloud at apex, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of similar, narrower in form the scutellum tuberculate at its lateral angles posterior tibix strongly curved flattened and broad inwardly at apex.**

Hab Silhim, Burma, Tennsserim 2 & Lingth 12-13 exp 26 mm

813 Nomia fuscipennis, Smith Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 57 Q

A Head above and thorse moderately, finely, and closely, 2nd and following abdominal segments more finely punctured, clypous very coarsely but superficially rugose punctate, its anterior margin transverse, median segment vertical rounded posteriorly, the middle slightly flat, a deep groove along the base, above longitudinally rugose, the basel abdominal segment entirely and the apical margins of segments 2-4 broadly smooth, impunctate, shining Black, with a deep castaneous line in certain lights—the flagellum of the antenne at apex beneath and the tibre obscurely fulso-piecous, the bead in front and beneath, the sides of the

^{*}A b adla Westw (Trans Fnt Soc 1875 p 209 pl 1v, fg 1 d), of which the habitat is given as 'India orientalis,' should, I think, be deleted from the Indian list it is, I believe, African

thorax, and legs with a pale brownish pubescence the posterior femora each with a long curled floccus of pale hairs, the inside of the posterior tibiæ and tarsi densely pubescent, the pubescence with a lich golden sheen in certain lights, wings brownish fuscous, with a darker cloud at the apex of the fore wing

Hab Sumatra, Sikhim 2 Length 13, eap 26 mm

Genus STEGANOMUS

Steganomus, Rits Tijd v Ent viii, 1873, p 224 Cyathocera, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 47

Type, S javanus, Rits Range The Oriental region

Head subovate, as wide as the thorax, the ocelli in a curve on



Fig 147
Steganomus nodicornis, & \(\frac{2}{2}\)

the vertex, eyes slightly convergent beneath, antennæ short, filiform in the female, longer, with the apical two segments in the male dilated, spatulate and discoid at apex, mandibles bidentate in the female, simple and acute at apex in the male, labial palpi 4-jointed, maxillary palpi 6-jointed, the latter decreasing sensibly both in width and length from base to apex. Thorax ovate, the posterior femora (2) with a floccus of long hair, in of swollen, the posterior tibue also dilated towards the apex, the inferior apical angle produced wings with the radial cell somewhat narrow, oblong, two cubital cells, the 2nd receiv-

ing both recurrent nervures, and narrowed above by the convergence of the 1st and 2nd transverse cubital nervures. Abdomen subovate

- Steganomus nodicornis, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 47, \bigcirc d, pl 1, figs 5, 5 a, 5 b
- Head, the clypcus with a few coarse large punctures, vertex more closely punctured, thorax and abdomen smooth, but opaque, the clypeus nearly transverse, anteriorly flat, median segment short, very steeply rounded at the sides, the middle truncate, abdomen ovate, the apical margins of segments 1-5 slightly but broadly depressed Head, thorax, coxe, and the basal margins of abdominal segments 3-5 above black, the antennæ and the iest of the legs and of the abdomen ferruginous red, the face as high as the ocelli, the cheeks, and the apital margins broadly of the 3rd (sometimes the 4th) and following abdominal segments covered with rich golden pubescence, the pronotum, a narrow hie at the base of the scutellum, the postscutellum, the sides of the median segment, and the legs with yellow pubescence, very glittering and bright on the legs, the 2nd to 4th abdominal segments with lateral oblong spots of white pubescence, generally more or less abraded, wings subhyaline, broadly dark fuscous along the apical margin, nervuies pale testaceous, tegulæ remarkably large, shining ferruginous

of similar, the vertex of the head finely, the abdominal segments

where not covered by the pubescence densely and somewhat coarsely punctured, antenne very much longer, the spatulate apical two segments black; the posterior femora swollen, the posterior tibiæ dilated at their apical half, the apex on the underside compressed into a thin round flat plate

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal, Lucknow, Allahabad 2 &

Length 8-9, exp 16-17 mm

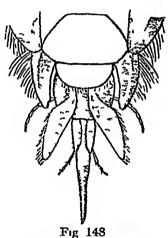
Genus CTENOPLECTRA

Ctenoplectra, Smith, Jour Lann Soc 1858, p 44

Type, C chalybea, Smith

Range Burma, the Malayan subregion, and South and East Africa

Head transverse, antennæ inserted about the middle of the face, short, filiform, 2nd joint of the flagellum of the antennæ constricted at the base, ocelli placed in a curve forward on the vertex, labrum



Ctenoplectra apicalis, of (Mouth-parts, much enlarged)

prominent, rounded, labial palpi 4jointed, the basal two joints stout, subequal, apical two shorter and more slender, maxillary palpi 6-jointed, basal three joints stout and of equal length, apical joints more slender, each decreasing in length from the preceding one Thorax large and ovate wings—the radial cell in the fore wing acute at apex, two cubital cells, the 2nd strongly narrowed above towards the radial, receiving both recurrent nervures legs with the femora broad and compressed, the inner calcar of the posterior tibiæ (Ω) lunate in shape and finely toothed on the inside, the posterior tibiæ and basal joint of the tarsi clothed with dense long pubescence Abdomen broad, subovate, truncate at base, the

apical segment in the male trilobed

I found C chalybea, Smith, collecting clay at muddy pools in the road, and once or twice saw it conveying pieces of circularly cut leaves to a hole in the wooden walls of a house in the Tenasserim forests

Key to the Species

- a Abdomen metallic blue
 - a Apical margins broadly of basal two segments of abdomen shining castineous brown
 - b' Apical margins of basal two abdominal segments not castaneous brown, abdomen entirely deep blue
- b Abdomen black, not metallic blue

C apicalis, p 462

)

C chalybea, p 462 C cornuta, p 462

815 Ctenoplectra apicalis, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 57, &,
Dall Torr Cat x, p 195

d Head, thorax, and the bases broadly of the abdominal segments above finely and closely punctured, the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-6 smooth, clypeus slightly emarginate anteriorly, vertically carnate medially, the labrum beneath arched anteriorly, median segment short, vertical, indistinctly raised but not carnate down the middle, apical abdominal segment broad, trilobed, bent downwards, and then recuived. Head, thorax, and legs dark castaneous brown, the median segment with short fuscous, the legs with black pubescence, dense and long on the outside of the posterior tibiæ and tarsi, abdomen brilliant metallic blue, highly polished and shining, the apical margins of the basal two segments broadly, and of the 3rd narrowly castaneous brown, wings subhyaline with a smoky tint

Hab Burma & Length 145, eap 26 mm

816 Ctenoplectia chalybea, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 45, 9, Dall Tori Cat 1, p 195

2 Head above and thorax very minute and closely punctured,



Fig 149 — Ctenoplectra chalybea, Q 3

shining, the clypeus and the scutellum more sparsely and coarsely punctured, abdomen brilliantly polished and shining, the clypeus broad, convex, transverse anteriorly, median segment steeply sloped, slightly truncate and flat in the middle posteriorly Black, the abdomen deep shining metallic blue—the face on each side and the median segment with a little white pubescence, the pubescence on the legs black, the ventral segments with a number of thread-like black

bristles, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ black

Hab Pegu hills, Burma, Tenasserim, extending to Malacca and
Celebes Q Length 10-13, exp 22-25 mm

*817 Ctenoplectra cornuta, Gilbodo, Bull Soc Ent Ital xxiii, 1891, p 102, 2, Dall Toil Cat x, p 195

"2, of rather small size, intensely black in colour all over, head and thorax moderately, abdomen remarkably shining and polished, head as wide as the thorax, densely punctured, especially on the clypeus, and covered with sparse grey pubescence, furnished at the sides of the clypeus with two prominent horn-like projections, thorax smoky black, somewhat closely and finely punctured, the lines of articulation between the paits very minutely punctured, the upper horizontal parts of the median segment very densely subrugosely, and the vertical portion sparsely punctured and shining, basal three abdominal segments above subglabrous,

impunctate, 5th segment lightly but closely punctured, opaque, with a fuscous fimbria of pubescence on its apical margin, epipygium covered with dense fuscous pubescence, the apex of the triangular pygidial area produced, the base broadly carnate, the ventral segments ciliated with fuscous hairs, the legs smoky black with stiff hairs or pubescence, the scopa somewhat dense, fuscous black, wings hyaline, sometimes infuscate, nervures fuscous

"Hab The Shan hills, Upper Burma Q Length 9 mm"

Genus NOMADA

Nomada, Scop Ann Hist Not 1v, p 44 (1770)

Type, N fabriciana, Linn Range Both hemispheres

Head transverse, not as wide as the thorax, eyes comparatively large, front broad, the inner orbits wide apart and slightly arched outwards, antennæ filiform, geniculate, odelli in a triangle

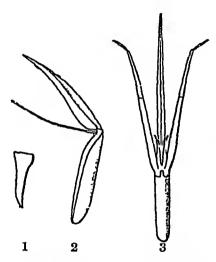


Fig 150 — Nomada 1, mandible, 2, maxilla, 3, labium (Much enlarged)

on the vertex, clypeus slightly porrect in all the Indian species, labrum transverse, rounded anteriorly, the tongue long and acute, labral palpi 4-jointed, basal joint about equal in length to the apical three united, maxıllaı y palpı 6-jointed, basal joint short, subclavate, 2nd longest, 3rd slightly shorter than the 2nd, remainder decreasing in length to the apical joint Thorax ovate, fore wing with the radial cell narrowed in its apical half, the apex acute, three cubital cells, the 1st equal in length to the 2nd and 3rd united, the latter both constricted strongly towards the radial cell by the curving towards each other of the 2nd and 3rd transverse cubital ner-

vures, the 2nd cell receives the 1st recurrent nervure about the middle, the 3rd cell the 2nd recurrent nervure a little beyond the middle, legs stout, naked, abdomen subclavate, more or less narrowed towards the base, sometimes subpetiolate

Of the Indian species, Nomada lusca, Smith, has been observed by Mr E E Green, of Pundalova, Ceylon, parasitic in the nests of Halictus ducalis, Bingh Smith, in his Catalogue of British Hymenoptera in the Coll British Museum, has a most interesting account of the habits of the British species

Key to the Species

a Median segment with an oblong yellow spot on each side

N decorata, p 464

b Median segment immaculate

a' Apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 broadly depressed, smooth, and shining

N solitaria, p 464

b' Apical margins of abdominal segments not depressed

N lusca, p 465

a² Whole abdomen smooth, impunctate
 b² Basal abdominal segment smooth, remainder closely and finely punctured along bases of segments

N adusta, p 465

*818 Nomada decorata, Smith, Cat n, p 243, Q, Dall Torr Cat x, p 342

Length 4½ lines (=about 10-11 mm) Head and thorax black, the anterior margin of the clypeus, sides of the face, orbits of the eyes, slightly interrupted at their vertex, the labrum, mandibles, and scape in front orange-yellow, the flagellum beneath and its apical joint ferruginous, otherwise fuscous above The collar, tubercles, scutellum, postscutellum, and an oblong macula on each side of the metathorax yellow, having more or less of a ferruginous stain, legs vellow varied with ferruginous, the coxe and trochanters above, the posterior femora beneath, and the basal joint of the posterior tarsi above, black wings sublivaline, slightly clouded at their apical margins, their nervires feiriginous The basal segment of the abdomen black above, having a broad yellow fascia, its apical margin ferruginous, the test of the abdomen ferruginous, each segment having a broad yellow band, that on the 2nd segment attenuated in the middle, the fascia continued beneath the abdomen

"Hab Northern India (coll J S Baly, Esq)"

819 Nomada solitaria, Smith, Cat 11, p 243, 5, Dall Torr Cat x, p 369

densely punctured and shining, clypeus subtriangular, convex, transverse anteriorly, labrum large, bent at an angle to the clypeus, median segment slightly convex, with a medial vertically impressed line, on each side of which at the junction of the sides with the posterior face of the segment is a carna obliquely diverging upwards, abdomen with the margins of segments 1–5 broadly depressed, smooth and impunctate Black, the apical margin of the clypeus, the labrum, mandibles, sides of the face below the antenuæ, the scape of the last in front, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, a spot on the tegulæ, two large square contiguous spots on the scutellum, the apex of the femora, the tibiæ and tarsi of the anterior legs, the apex of both femora and the tibiæ of the intermediate legs, the apex of both femora

NOMADA 465

and tibiæ inside of the posterior legs, and subapical transverse bands on abdominal segments 1-6 yellow, the clypeus, face, cheeks, sides of the median segment, and the coxæ covered with a short silvery-white pubescence, antennæ fulvous beneath, wings hyaline and iridescent

Hab Northern India of Length 12, exp 22 mm

820 Nomada lusca, Smith, Cat 11, p 243, Q, Dall Ton Cat x, p 356, Bingh P Z S 1896, p 455

Q Head and thorax finely and very densely punctured, abdomen smooth and shining, clypeus flat, transverse anteriorly, median segment depressed, not very steeply sloped, the space at base obliquely striate. Ferruginous brown, the basal abdominal segment subpetiolate, with a black spot on each side, wings fuscohyaline, darkest along their apical margins.

Var A transverse yellow band or two contiguous yellow spots across the middle of the 1st and along the basal margin of the

2nd abdominal segment

Hab Sikhim, Tenasserim, Ceylon, Philippines Q Length 7, exp 14 mm The variety described above is the common Indian form, and seems to be the link between the unicolorous Philippine insect and the Indian N whista, Smith

821 Nomada adusta, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 50, \$\rm \cdot \cdot, Dall Tori Cat x, p 335
Nomada subpetiolata, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 99, \$\rm \cdot \cdo \cdot \cdo

Q Head and thorax densely punctured, giving them a granular appearance, basal abdominal segment smooth and polished, 2nd and following segments minutely and densely punctured, broadly along their base, the clypeus flat, transverse anteriorly, the sides rounded, an obscure short medial vertical carria beween the bases of the antennæ, median segment rounded posteriorly and steep, the space at base densely and somewhat coarsely punctured, the punc-

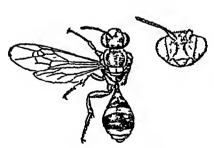


Fig 151 -Nomada adusta, 3

tures running into oblique striæ
Ferruginous, the clypeus and
sides of the face nearly to the
top of the eyes, the scape of
the antennæ in front, a line on
the collar, the tubercles, tegulæ,
scutellum, postscutellum, a
large spot on each side at base
of 2nd abdominal segment,
sometimes forming a subinterrupted broad fascia, a fascia at
base of 3rd, and two contiguous
spots at base of 4th segment,

yellow, the basal abdominal segment with a black spot on each side, the face, sides of the thorax and of the median segment, and the 6th abdominal segment with a thin silvery-white pubescence, wings hyaline, fuscous at their apical margins

YOL I

Var A broad medial longitudinal stripe having a depressed, grooved appearance, on the mesonotum, the intermediate and posterior femora at base, and the apical margius of abdominal segments 1-3 black

of similar; slightly smaller and altogether darker

Hab Western India, Ceylon, Barrackpore, Bengal, Tenasserim Q. Length 7-8, exp 16 mm & Length 6, exp 14 mm

Genus SYSTROPHA

Systropha, Klug, Illig Mag Ins v, p 146 (1805)

Type, S curvicoi nis, Scop

Range Europe, Asia Minor, Egypt, Burma, Tenasserim

Head not so broad as the thorax, front broad, the eyes small, their inner orbits parallel, ocelli placed in a curve on the anterior verge of the vertex, antennæ filiform, the flagellum of the female



Fig 15° Systropha diffor , s, 5° ?

slightly thickened, the apical three joints in the male curved and forming an equilateral triangle, labial palpi 4-jointed, maxillary palpi 6-jointed Thorax orbicular, short, median segment rounded posteriorly, legs stout, the posterior tibia in males incrassate wings broad, ample, fore wing with the radial cell broad at base, subacute at apex, which is approximate to the costal margin, three cubital cells, the 1st cell the largest,

the 2nd narrowed and angular at base, the 3rd strongly narrowed towards the radial cell Abdomen large and comparatively broad, the 2nd and 3rd segments produced laterally, almost tuberculate the 2nd ventral segment with a prominent wedge-shaped tubercle beneath

Nothing has been recorded of the habits of the only Indian species known I found the males frequenting the flowers of what looked like a species of spurge in the beds of dry streams in Tenasserim I never came across the female.

822. Systropha difformis, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 60, d, Dall Torr Cat x, p 192

d Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, and finely but somewhat sparsely punctured, clypeus transverse, much broader than high, rounded anteriorly, and cliated with soft hairs, the front from the anterior occilius to the base of the clypeus raised into a broad but not very prominent vertical ridge, median segment with a sublunate depressed space at base, abdomen with a marked subapical constriction transversely across the middle of each of the basal three segments, the sides of the 2nd prominently produced, of the 3rd segment more slightly, nearly forming lateral tubercles, the 2nd ventral segment with a remarkable wedge-

shaped projection which is narrowed at base and obliquely concave at apex Jet-black and shining, the apical three joints of the flagellum of the antennæ light testaceous, the whole head, thorax, and abdomen covered with a thin soft hoary pubescence, wings hyaline, lightly fuscescent

Hab Burma, Tenasserim. J Length 10-12, exp 21-23 min

♀ unknown

Genus THAUMATOSOMA

Thaumatosoma, Smith, Trans Ent Soc ser 3, vol 11, 1865, p 394

Type, T duboulan, Smith Range Australia, Burma

d Head orbicular, about as wide as the thorax, ocelli in a broad triangle, nearly in a curve, on the vertex, labial palpi 4-jointed, basal two joints subequal, elongate, the apical two minute, placed at an angle near the apex of the 2nd joint, maxillary palpi



Fig 153 - Thaumatosoma burmanicum, & ?

2-jointed, minute, basal joint stout, apical thinner, pointed at apex, the apical lobe of the maxilla twice the length of the basal lobe, antenne with the scape short, thick, the flagellum with the apical joint dilated, flat and thin, the rest of the joints either all slender, filiform and elongate, or the basal seven normal and the subapical four suddenly attenuated and filiform. Thorax ovate, legs moderately stout the

fore wing with the radial cell narrow, rounded at base and apex, two cubital cells, the 2nd receiving both recurrent nervures, the 1st near the base, the 2nd near the apex. Abdomen cylindrical, the apical segments curved downwards, the 7th segment medially strongly carnate, the carina ending in a blunt spine, the sides of the segment also produced and forming incurving blunt teeth on each side, basal segment beneath produced and having a strong blunt tooth on each side

In the paper in the Trans Ent Soc containing a diagnosis of the genus Thaumatosoma, Smith also described an insect from South America under the name Eucera mirabilis, the antennæ of which still more closely resemble those of the insect described below. No specimen of this so-called Eucera is in the British Museum, but I have little doubt that it also agrees best, as does the Burman insect, with the characters, especially of the mouth-parts, of the genus Thaumatosoma

823 Thaumatosoma burmanicum, n sp

d Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured and more or less pubescent, the head in front densely so, median segment short, truncate posteriorly, the sides rounded Black, the

pubescence on the head in front and the thorax white, slightly fulvous, the scape, the basal two and subapical four filiform joints of the flagellum of the antennæ, and the femora above and them of the anterior and intermediate legs testaceous red, the rest of the antennæ and legs nigro-piceous, the pubescence on the legs and transverse bands, widening laterally on the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5, greyish white, wings fusco-hyaline, nervures and tegulæ dark piceous brown

Hab Rangoon, Lower Burma, Tenasserim & Length 9,

eap. 17 mm

Genus OSMIA.

Osmia, Panz Krit Revis Faun Deutschl ii, p 230 (1806) Amblys et Hoplitis, Klug, Illig Mag Ins vi, pp 225 & 226 (1807)

Type, O rufa, Linn Range Both hemispheres

Head not quite so wide as the thorax, subglobose, ocelli placed

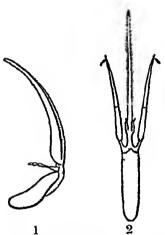


Fig 154 — Osmia 1, maxilla, 2, labium (Much enlarged)

in a curve on the vertex, antenna filiform, the scape slightly incrassate, the mandibles stout, with teeth at apex; labrum oblong, tongue elongate. labral palpi 4-jointed, the 1st joint shorter than the 2nd, the apical two minute, maxillary palpi 4-jointed, basal joint stout, 2nd longer than the 1st, 2nd and 3rd subclavate, apical Thorax short, fore minute wing with the radial cell acute at apex and slightly appendiculate, cubital cells, the 2nd receiving the 1st recurrent nervure between base and middle, the 2nd near the apex, legs moderately stout and long Abdomen oblong, convex above, densely pubescent beneath in the temale, in the male the apical segment dentate

Nothing is known of the habits of

the sole species of Osmia as yet known from India The European species construct their nests variously in the earth of banks, in diy bramble branches, in old posts and railings, in snail-shells, &c

824 Osmia adæ, n sp (Pl III, fig 10)

Head, thorax, and abdomen very finely and closely punctured, granular, the abdomen shining, the margins of segments 1-5 slightly constricted, clypeus slightly convex, rounded anteriorly, median segment concavo-truncate posteriorly, the apical segment of the abdomen bidentate. Dark shining metallic blue, the mandibles, antennæ, and tarsi piceous black, the clypeus and front, the cheeks and occiput, and the sides of the thorax and of

the median segment covered with long soft white pubescence; the legs and sides and apex of the abdomen with shorter, more sparse glustening silvery pubescence, wings hyaline, nervures piceous

Hab Kumaun, NW Himalayas (Miss Ada Brook) d Length

10, eap 18 mm

Genus LITHURGUS

Lithuigus, Lati Fam Nat du Regne Anim p 463 (1825)

Type, L connutus, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head as broad as the thorax, the inner orbits of the eyes parallel



Fig 155
Lithurgus atratus, Q ?

of Megachile

or very slightly convergent below, mandibles narrow, thick, not flattened as in Megachile, tridentate at apex, labial palpi 4-jointed, maxillary palpi 4-jointed, face between the antennæ tuberculate, vertex rounded, the ocelli placed in a triangle on the front below it thoiax as in Megachile, legs stouter, generally with longer pubescence in

the female, wings exactly as in Megachile abdomen broad, flattened and depressed above, more convex beneath than in Megachile The habits of one of the Indian species, L dentipes, Smith, are said by Horne (Trans Zool Soc vii, p 175) to be similar to those

Key to the Species

a Posterior tibiæ coarsely rugose on outer side L atratus, p 469 b Posterior tibiæ finely punctured on outer side L dentipes, p 470

825 Lithurgus atratus, Smith, Cat 1, p 145, Q, Dall Ton Cat τ, p 415

Head and thorax transversely rugose, abdomen shining, sparsely punctured, the punctures shallow, clypeus strongly punctured, produced into a triangular prominent tubercle at base, arched anteriorly, and fringed with a thick tuft of pubescence, the posterior tibiæ coarsely rugose above, the 2nd abdominal segment constricted at base, the apical margins of segments 2-5 narrowly Jet-black, the apex of the clypeus, the face on subdepressed both sides the pronotum, the sides and apex of the median segment, and base of the abdomen with a thin soft white pubescence. the legs black with black pubescence, the apical margins of segments 1-5 fringed with white pubescence, on the basal segment this is broadly interrupted in the middle, the apical segment with black pubescence above, the pollen-brush thin, from a brownish red to blick in different specimens, wings fusco-hyaline, with a slight purple effulgence

Hab Allahabad, Dehra Dun, Karachi, Bangalore, Ceylon

Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 11-13, erp 20-24 mm

826 Lithurgus dentipes, Smith, Cat 1, p 146, &, Dall Torr Cat 2, p 416

Allied to and closely resembling L atratus, but a narrower, somewhat smaller species, the punctures on the head and thorax and on the outside of the tibize are much finer, the abdomen is more convex, not so flat, and above all the legs are very much stouter, the femora and tibize of the intermediate and posterior legs considerably thickened, the former being deeply channelled and bidentate near the apex on the underside. Black, the apical six joints of the antennæ and the abdomen obscurely piceous, the apical margins of segments 1–5 paler, the pubescence white as in L atratus, the 6th segment covered with fuscous-black pubescence, the pollen-brush always black

of similar, the face with pale yellow, the disc of the mesonotum with ochreous pubescence, the apical joints of the taisi rufo-

testaceous

Hab Sikhim, Mainpuri, NWP (Horne), Tenasserim, New Holland (Smith) Q Length 10-12, exp. 20-22 mm. Sughtly smaller

Genus MEGACHILE

Megachile, Latr Hist Nat Ins in, p 382 (1802) Tiachusa, pt, Jurine, Hym p 247 (1807) Chalicodoma, pt, Lepel Hym ii, p 309 (1841)

Type, M centuncularis, Linn Range All parts of the world

Head variable, generally as wide as the thorax, mandibles stout, broad and flattish towards apex, with 4 teeth, the exterior tooth

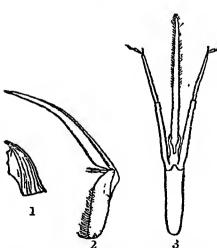


Fig 156 - Megachile 1, mandible 2, maxilla, 3, labium (Much enlarged)

acute, ocelli in a triangle placed for ward on the vertex, antennæ filiform, geniculate, labial palpi 4-jointed, basal two joints elongate, subequal, apical two minute, subclavate, articulated outside near the apea of the 2nd joint, maxillary palpi 2-jointed, short, the basal joint shortest, the apical joint obtuse at the apex and setose, the labrum oblong, with the sides parallel Thorax short, subglobose, the scutellum often projecting posteriorly and overhauging the median segment, legs moderately stout, the posterioi tarsi (2) flattened and clothed on the inner side

with dense short pubescence, the tibise (especially the anterior pair)

and the coxe in the male variable, the latter generally dentate, the former and the basal joint of the anterior tarsi often flattened and produced or otherwise modified. Wings broad, ample, fore wing with the radial cell moderately broad, more or less rounded at apex, two cubital cells, subequal on the cubital nervure, the 2nd cell receiving the two recurrent nervures at base and apex respectively. Abdomen variable, subcordate, oblong or elongate, base concavotruncate, ventral segments (2) furnished with a more or less dense pollen-brush, apical segment (3) notched, often dentate

The species of Megachile, known as "leaf-cutter" bees from their habit of cutting out portions of leaves as lining for their nests, abound in India, many species coming into houses and stuffing up every available hole with clay and the material of their nests. The key-holes of boxes, of drawers in writing-tables, &c, are very favourite nesting-places. Many species dig into the ground, and line the tunnel thus made with neat round portions of leaves. All store pollen as food for their larvæ

Key to the Species

A Abdomen black, with entirely black pubescence above a Wings dark fuscous a' Face with black pubescence b' Face with white pubescence c' Face with golden pubescence M anthracina 9,p 473 M clizabethæ 2, p 474 M carbonaria 3, p 474 b Wings fusco- or flavo-hyaline a' Head and thorax in front with dense fulvous pubescence M semuestita, p 474 b' Head and thorax with black pubesa Clypeus produced and tuberculate ın mıddle M tuberculata, p 475 b² Clypeus not tuberculate in middle a Clypeus emarginate anteriorly M atrata, p 475 b³ Clypeus arched anteriorly M heteroptera, p 475 c Wings hyaline fuscous along apical maigin M anthracma d. p 473 B Abdomen with fulvous or ferruginous-red pubescence above a Clypeus emarginate anteriorly M aidens, p 475 Olypeus arched anteriorly a' Head and thorax with black pubesa² Abdomen cordate Length 12-14 mm M bellula, p 476 b^2 Abdomen elongate Length 8-9 $\mathbf{m}\mathbf{m}$ M stulta, p 476 b' Head and thorax with fulvous pubescence M fulvoiestita, p 477 c Clypeus transverse anteriorly a' Pollen-brush white M bicolor, p 477

 b' Pollen-brush golden-yellow a² Length 17-20 mm b² Length 11-14 mm c' Pollen-brush rich ferruginous red C Abdomen with basal segment clothed with snow-white, sometimes pale yellow long pubescence, rest of abdomen with sparse black pubescence a Pollen-brush entirely bright fulvous b Pollen-brush entirely jet-black c Pollen-brush fulvous in middle, rest black 	M fraterna, p 478 M quartinæ, p 478 M mystacea, p 479 M conjuncta, p 479 M disjuncta, p 480 M relata, p 480
D Abdomen with basal 1, 2, or 3 segments clothed with fulvous pubescence, rest with black a Clypeus tuberculate in middle anteriorly b Clypeus not tuberculate anteriorly a' Head with black pubescence a² Thorax with black or fuscous pubescence b² Thorax with fulvous pubescence b' Herd with fulvous pubescence a² Antennæ and legs fulvous red b² Antennæ and legs black a³ Length 17-18 mm b³ Length 12-13 mm	M monticola, p 480 M badia, p 481 M bhavanæ, p 481 M dimidiata, p 482 M velutina, p 482 M ceylonica, p 482
E Abdomen with basal one or two segments with fulvous pubescence, remainder ciliated or banded with same or with white pubescence a Pubescence rich fulvous red a' Pollen-brush white a² Wings flavo-hyaline, fuscescent along apical margin b² Wings dark fuscous with a rich purple effulgence, base hyaline b' Pollen-brush pale fulvous b' Pubescence pale fulvous a' Length 17 mm b' Length 12 mm c Pubescence bright yellow F Abdomen with transverse bands on all segments above of white pubescence a Pollen-brush white a' Punctures on disc of mesonotum coarse, running into transverse strice a² Head and thorax with white pubescence b' Pinctures on disc running into strice a² Head and thorax with fulvous pubescence b' Pinctures on disc running into strice a² Head and thorax with fulvous pubescence	M lanata, p 483 M umbripennis, p 483 M amputata, p 484 M penetiata Q*, p 484 M buddhæ d*, p 484 M vestita, p 485 M cephalotes, p 485 M faceta, p 486 M griseopicta, p 486

^{*} Probably the two sexes of one species

b2 Head and thorax with white pubescence

a³ Clypeus with a medial vertical carina

b³ Clypeus not carınate a4 Length 8-16 mm

a⁵ Legs entirely black

b⁵ Legs more or less testaceous or orange-yellow

as Pubescence pale yellow 6 Pubescence snow-white b4 Length 65 mm

b Pollen-brush bright fulvous or white at base, fulvous at apex

a' Front above clypeus tuberculate b' Front above clypeus not tuberculate

G Abdomen with segments 3-5 narrowly fringed or ciliated with ferruginous golden pubescence

H Abdomen with black pubescence above, one or two apical segments with pubescence of another colour

a Apical margin of 5th and whole of 6th segment above with dense clay-coloured pubescence

b Apical two segments bright testaceous brown

M pulchripes, p 486

M albifrons, p 487

M femorata, p 488 M vigilans, p 488 M nana, p 487

M hera, p 489 M chlorigaster, p 489

M trancta, p 489

M moellers, p 490

M steloides, p 490

827. Megachile anthracina (Pl III, fig 11) Smith, Cat 1, p 175, Q
Megachile fasciculata, Smith, Cat 1, p 180, 3
Megachile horner, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xl1, 1897 (3)

Head and thorax very closely and finely punctured, the



Fig 157 Megachile anthračina, z

clypeus and front pubescent, abdomen smooth, the margins of the segments lightly depressed, with a few scattered fine punctures, the apical segment above pubescent, clypeus moderately convex, its anterior margin broadly arched, mandibles large, broad at apex and finely Jet-black, with black pubescence, punctured somewhat sooty black and long on the median segment behind, the front above the ocelli, the cheeks, and he thorax above bare, the sides of the abdomen with a little black pubes-

cence, the pollen-brush dense and black, wings dark fuscous with

a purple effulgence

o differs in being smaller, more finely and closely punctured, the pubescence on the clypeus, front, and thorax anteriorly is fulvous white, on the median segment and basal abdominal segment sooty black, the anterior and intermediate legs are rufo-testaceous on the inside, the tarsi of the latter fringed with fuscous hairs, forming a broad fan posteriorly, the apical segment slightly notched in the middle, wings hyaline, broadly fuscescent along their apical margins

Hub Throughout the North-West Provinces and Bengal, not ascending the hills to any height 2 Length 19-21, eap 38-42 mm 3 Length 16-18, exp 30-34 mm

828 Megachile elizabethæ, n sp

Q Head and thorax finely, closely, and regularly, abdomen more sparsely punctured and shining, clypeus broader than high, convex at base, anteriorly widely emarginate, the middle incised, with two slight projecting teeth, mandibles with a longitudinal groove running from the inside of the lower apical tooth, the inner flat broad portion at apex sparsely punctured, head not quite so wide as the thorax, abdomen ovato-conical, the margins of the segments depressed, the depressions medially much broader Black, the sides of the face in front, the cheeks and thorax anteriorly with a soft longish white pubescence, turning to fusco-cinereous between the antennæ and on the median segment posteriorly, the base of the abdomen and the convex pygidium with a thin covering of fuscous hairs, the pollen-brush very dense, black, ferruginous red in the middle, legs with black pubescence, wings fuscous with a purple effulgence

of similar, smaller, the pubescence on the clypeus and cheeks very dense, the base of the 1st segment with a square patch and broadly interrupted transverse bands at the apical margins of segments 2-6 of the abdomen of white pubescence, the bases of the 2nd and following segments strongly constricted, the apex of

the 7th segment notched, wings hyaline at base

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 16-18, eap 34-39 mm & Length 14, eap 29 mm

- *829 Megachile carbonaiia, Smith, Cat i, p 179, &, Dall Torr Cat x, p 423
- "d Length $5\frac{1}{2}$ lines (= ibout 13 mm) Black and shining, the abdomen having in some lights a purple metallic indescence, the face below the insertion of the antennæ densely covered with bright golden pubescence, wings purple-black, sides of the metathorix covered with black pubescence, disc of the thorax and the abdomen above naked, the apical segment has its apex notehed in the middle
 - "Hab Northern India (coll W W Saunders, Esq)"

830 Megachile semivestita

Chalicodoma semivestita, Smith, Cat 1, p 148, &

densely, the legs and abdomen sparsely pubescent, the tibiæ and basal joints of the tarsi of the legs and the abdomen finely and closely punctured, the individual hairs of the sparse pubescence springing from each puncture, mandibles rather coarsely longitudinally striate. Head and thorax covered with fulvous, the median segment broadly on the sides, the legs and abdomen with black pubescence, wings fusco-hyaline, darkening slightly along the costal margin of the fore wing

Hab. India (Smith) & Length 17, exp 32 mm

- 831 Megachile tuberculata, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 46, Q ? Megachile longipalpis, Radoszk Wiadom z nauk Przyrod pt 11 (1882), p 78
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen densely but not coarsely punctured, head as wide as the thorax, mandibles long, curved, somewhat narrow, with a blunt tooth on the inner margin near the base and three apical teeth, clypeus short, broad, produced in the middle into a long prominent tubercle, the vertex behind the ocelli flattish, broad, with an abbreviated medial longitudinal carina Black, with black pubescence, the median segment posteriorly and the basal segment of the abdomen with sooty-brown pubescence, the pollen-brush black, wings fulvo-hyaline, the apical margins light fuscous

Hub Tenasserim, Singapore, Borneo Q Length 22-25,

erp. 44-48 mm

- 832 Megachile atrata, Smith, Cat 1, p 182, Q Megachile fulvipennis, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 68, Q
- A Head in front somewhat coarsely and sparsely punctured, shining, the clypeus short, broad, longitudinally striate, anteriorly broadly emarginate, the emargination square, a medial vertical carina not quite reaching to the apex, thoiax coarsely transversely rugose, abdomen moderately, finely, and densely punctured, segments 1—4 with a transverse nairow subspical groove above Black, with jet-black pubescence, the pollen-brush black, in some specimens slightly reddish along the middle, wings fuscohyaline or fulvo-hyaline, with a broad tuscous margin (the common form)
- o similar, smaller, the apical segment carmate down the middle, the sides broadened and recurved, the apica incised, clypeus with a little dense white pubescence above and anteriorly

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, Nicobars, Philippines Q Length

18-22, evp 40-42 mm & Length 15, erp 28 mm

- *833 Megachile heteroptera, Sich Novara-Reise, Hym p 149 Dall Torr Cat x, p 433
- " \mathcal{Q} closely allied to and resembling M atrata, differs in having the clypeus anteriorly rounded, not emarginate, and in the pollenbrush being reddish in the middle

"d similar to the same sex in M at ata, but the pubescence on

the front and clypeus tulvous red, not white

- "Hab Nicobais Q Length 17-21, wing 11-13 mm (expabout 26-30 mm) & somewhat smaller"
- 834 Megachile ardens, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 67, 2
- Q Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, the head above the ocelli, cheeks, and clypeus bare, very finely and closely punctured, the anterior margin of the last emarginate, with the lateral angles of the emargination dentate and a +-shaped carina at the base Black, the front above the antenne with a little black pubescence,

476 APIDÆ

the thorax covered with a thin fulvous pile, generally somewhat abraded on the disc of the mesonotum, legs with fuscous-black and the abdomen covered with dense rufo-fulvous pubescence above, the pollen-brush fulvous, the anterior tarsi throughout and the intermediate and posterior pairs on the inside with ferruginous pubescence, wings fusco-hyaline, darkening towards their apex

Hab Ceylon Q Length 14, exp 26 mm

835 Megachile bellula, n sp

P Head and thorax sparsely, abdomen densely pubescent, the clypeus, vertex of the head, mesonotum, and scutellum above bare,



Fig. 158 Megachile bellula, J

finely and closely punctured, clypeus broad, convex, its anterior margin boldly arched, scutellum rounded posteriorly, not projecting over the postscutellum and median segment, abdomen subcordate, slightly depressed Black, the pubescence fuscous black on the front and between the antennæ, and white on both sides of the face along the inner oibits, on the sides of the pronotum, of the

scutellum, and of the median segment it is giseous, inside of the tarsi with ferruginous pubescence, abdomen covered with dense short fulvous-red pubescence above on segments 3-5, the basal two segments with transverse fasciæ of a lighter yellow, and the apical segment with a mixture of black and fulvous hairs, pollenbrush golden yellow, wings hyaline, lightly fuscous

of similar, narrower in shape, the clypeus and front covered with a beautiful light golden, the scutellum at the sides and median segment posteriorly with thick long fuscous pubescence, abdomen entirely clothed with rufo-fulvous pubescence, the anterior tarsi

testaceous, the apical segment notched

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, Sumatra Q Length 12-14, exp 22-24 mm & Length 12-13, exp 24 mm

836 Megachile stulta, n sp

Q Head and thorax somewhat coarsely and very closely punctured, with a granular appearance, abdomen pubescent, clypeus convex, broader than high, anteriorly boldly arched, median segment slightly concave posteriorly and smooth, the bases of abdominal segments 1-5 narrowly bare and finely and closely punctured Black, the clypeus and sides of the face, the pronotum, the sutures between the mesonotum, scutellum, post-scutellum, and median segment, the sides of the last, and the legs above covered with a thin soft white down, the inside of the tarsi with a golden fulvous, and the abdomen with a ferruginous-red pubescence, the pollen-brush fulvous golden, wings fusco-hyaline

of similar, the clypeus in front and at base, and the space round each antenna with white pubescence, the pubescence on the thorax fulvous and denser, on the abdomen more sparse than in the female, the apical two bands on the latter whitish, wings deep yellow at base, fusco-hyaline at apex

Hab Sikhim, Bangalore, Southern India (Watson) 9 Length 9,

erp 16 mm & Length 8, eap 16 mm

837 Megachile fulvovestita, Smith, Cat 1, p 176, Qd, Dall Tor Cat 1, p 431

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen covered with dense pubescence above, the pubescence on the legs and beneath sparse, the surface under the pubescence closely and finely punctured, the clypeus widely arched anteriorly and with a medial vertical carina apparent under the pubescence, head flat, transverse, about as broad as the thorax Black, the pubescence rich fulvous, pollen-brush white, wings subhyaline, slightly fuscous towards the apex

of similar, smaller, the head broader in proportion and subquadrate, the anterior tarsi remarkably broad and flat, the basal three joints with broad flat internal lobes, the anterior coxæ have prominent conical tubercles anteriorly Black, the pubescence a more golden fulvous than in the female, the anterior femora, tibiæ.

and tarsi testaceous vellow

Hab Bombay & Length 15, exp 27 mm & Length 13, exp 24 mm

838 Megachile bicolor

Apis bicolor, Fabr Mant Ins 1, p 304
Apis albiventris, Christ, Hym p 171, pl 13, fig 9
Megachile bicolor, Lepel Hym 11, p 342, Smith, Cat 1, p 181

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely punctured, clypeus subtriangular, slightly convex, anteriorly transverse, with a broad medial shallow sulcation not reaching its base, abdomen elongate, cordate Black, the sides of the face and clypeus with rather thick white pubescence, a spot of the same underneath the base of the wings, the median segment and abdomen above with rich fulvous red, the posterior lateral angles of the former with white pubescence, legs black, the pubescence fuscous, fulvous red on the underside of the intermediate and posterior tarsi, polleu-brush white, wings fusco-hyaline

o similar, smaller, head proportionately larger, wings lighter in colour, median segment and the intermediate and posterior tarsi

beneath with golden yellow pubercence

Hab Rangit Valley, Sikhim, Agra, Allababad, Bombay, Bangalore, Burma, China Q Length 14-15, exp 30 mm & Length 12, exp 26 mm

839 Megachile fraterna*, Smith, Cat 1, p 178, Q

P Head and thorax very denselv and somewhat finely punctured, rugose, mandibles very broad at apex, rugosely striate,



Fig 159 Megachile fraterna, Q

with four large strong teeth, and two small protuberances on the inner side, clypeus convex, semicircular, arched above, transverse below, and fringed with stiff bustly hairs, head as wide as the thorax or slightly wider, scutellum more coarsely punctured than the rest of the thorax Head and thorax jet-black, with black pubescence on the front between the antennæ, along the sides of the mesonotum, and on the pleuræ and legs, on the median segment posteriorly the pubescence is fuscous, on the inside of the posterior tibiæ and

tars fulvous, the tibial calcaria of the posterior legs ferruginous, abdomen clothed with dense fulvo-ferruginous pubescence, the pollen-brush golden yellow, wings flavo-hyaline at base, broadly fuscous at apex

Hab India (Smith), Burma, Tenasserim (common) Q Length 17-20, exp 28-32 mm

840 Megachile quartinæ, Gribodo, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2ª) 1, 1884, p 352, Q

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and finely punctured, the punctures on the thorax above running into oblique anteriorly divergent fine strixe clypeus semicircular, anteriorly truncate, the margin obscurely subdentate, abdoinen with the apical maigins of segments 1-5 broadly depressed, the depressions pubescent, punctured under the pubescence and anteriorly arched, the base of the segments smooth, impunctate Black, a little black pubescence on both sides of the face, thorax and abdomen covered more or less densely with a 11ch short ferruginous-red pubescence, which is sparse on the disc of the mesonotum and forms transverse bands on the abdomen, legs nearly bare, the tarsi, especially on the inside, with a thickish covering of short ferruginous pubescence, pollen-brush pale golden yellow, wings bright fulvo-hyaline, broadly fuscescent along their apical margins

Hab Upper Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 11-14 evp 22-

25 mm

The specimens I procured in Tenasserim are darker than those from Upper Burma appear to be from the description

^{*} M gribodes, Radoszkowsky (Wiadom z nauk Przyrod pt 11 (1882), p 80), from Sikhim, seems to me to be a smaller form of this species

841 Megachile mystacea*
Apis mystacea, Fabr Syst Ent p 385 (Apis)
Megachile rufiventris, Guér Voy Bélanger, Zool p 502, Atlas, Ins
pl 4, fig 5, Smith, Cat 1, p 178
Megachile luculenta, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc 1890, p 249, \$\rightarrow\$

Q Head and thorax densely and rather coarsely punctured, clypeus triangular, depressed inwards, its anterior margin transverse, waved, and having in the middle two short teeth, and above near the base a +-shaped carina, mandibles large, powerful, longitudinally rugose. Black, the front between the antennæ with tufts of black pubescence, the sides of the pro- and mesonotum, the meso- and metapleuræ, scutellum, and median segment on both sides with erect fusco-griseous pubescence, legs black with fuscous pubescence, the inside of the posterior pair fulvous, abdomen covered with dense rich ferruginous-red pubescence, very often black on the 1st segment, pollen-brush ferruginous wings dark fuscous to fusco-hyaline, in by far the commonest variety flavo-hyaline, fuscous along theu apical margins

of similar, smaller, with some white pubescence on the front of

the head and clypeus The calcaria in both sexes ied

-Hab India, Isle of France (Smith), Burma, Tenasserim, extending into the Malayan and Australian regions Q Length 15-20, exp 24-40 mm & Length 12-13, exp 22 mm

842 Megachile conjuncta, Smith, Cat 1, p 175, Q &

P Head, thorax, and abdomen very munutely and closely punctured, clypeus more sr rsely punctured, with an impunctate space down the middle, its auterior margin transverse, the front between the antennæ and the base of the clypeus moderately convex, the latter anteriorly depressed, the occiput roundly emarginate, abdominal segments 1-5 with their apical margins very narrowly depressed, the anal segment large, the pygidium convex with a medial longitudinally-impressed line Black, a little fuscous pubescence on the clypeus and apical segment of the abdomen, the depressed margins of segments 2-5 with transverse narrow bands of the same, the sides of the prothorax, the median segment, and the basal segment of the abdomen clothed with white. at the sides of the last sometimes with yellowish pubescence, pollen-brush bright fulvous, wings hyaline, broadly light fuscous towards their apex, legs castaneous brown, covered with glittering pale hairs, the tarsi of the intermediate and posterior legs with ferruginous pubescence

of similar, smaller, with some white pubescence on the front and clypeus

^{*} Radoszkowski (Wiadom z nauk Przyrod pt 11, p 78) describes a species under the name *M sikimi* from Sikhim, which is either identical with the above or closely allied to it *M sikimi* differs principally in having the pubescence on the thorax and basal segment of the abdomen entirely black.

480 APIDÆ.

Hab Bengal (Smith), Sikhim, Burma. Tenasserim; Ceylon Q. Length 14-15, exp 26-28 mm & Length 11, exp 23 mm

843 Megachile disjuncta

Apis disjuncta, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 328 Megachile disjuncta, Lepel Hym 11, p 331, Smith, Cat 1, p 178

Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen densely and somewhat coarsely punctured, the margins of abdominal segments 1-5 broadly depressed, the middle of the 4th just before the depressed portion always, and of the 2nd, 3rd, and 5th segments very often smooth, shining, impunctate, the clypeus from the front subtriangular, its apical margin transverse, mandibles broad at apex, the outer tooth acute, vertex broad, flattish, produced back, the back of the head roundly emarginate. Black, the face and front, the prothorax at the sides and beneath, and the legs on the outside with black pubescence, he pubescence on the inside of the tibiæ and tarsi fuscous, the median segment and the basal segment of the abdomen covered with thick long white to rusty-yellow pubescence, the pollen-brush jet-black, wings hyaline fuscous, for their apical three-fourths with a brilliant purple effulgence

d similar, smaller, the base, sides, and apex of the clypeus with

long white pubescence

Hab Throughout India, Burma, and Tenasserim, Isle of France (Smith) Q Length 16-17; exp 30-32 mm & Length 12, exp 24 mm

844 Megachile relata, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 68, 2

Q Closely allied to and resembling M disjuncta, Fabr, head about as wide as the thorax, but short, not so much produced behind on the occiput and cheeks as in that species, head, thorax, and abdomen more finely punctured, the margins of the segments of the last depressed, but as closely punctured as the base, not smooth, pubescence as in M disjuncta, but the pollen-brush bright fulvous in the middle, the wings lighter in tint, clear byaline at base, only slightly fuscescent towards their apical margins, legs castaneous brown, not black

of smaller, exactly similar except the wings, which are fusces-

cent along their apical margins

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, China ♀ Length 11-12, exp 22-24 mm ♂ Length 9, exp 19 mm

- 845 Megachile monticola, Smith, Cat 1, p 179, Q

 ⁹ Megachile rhinoceros, Mocs Terméz Fuzetek xv, p 181

 ⁹ Megachile felderi, Radoszk Wiadom z nauk Przyrod pt 11, 1882,

 p 79, Q

 Megachile samson, Cam Mein Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897
- In form, in shape of the head, the clypeus, and mandibles precisely like *M* tuberculata, the head above more densely and coarsely, the abdomen more finely punctured, the margins of the

segments slightly depressed, the depressed border arched ante-



Fig 160 Megachile monticola, \$

morly, head, legs, and the 2nd and following abdominal segments jet-black, with black pubescence, the thorax and basal abdominal segment densely clothed with fulvous-red pubescence, wings hyaline, broadly fuscescent along their apical margins and yellowish at base, pollen-brush black

d similar, abdomen narrower head comparatively larger, the apical abdominal segment notched

Sylhet, Assam, Burma, Tenasserim, North China Q Length 26-27, erp 44 mm & Length 23-25, irp 44 mm

846 Megachile badia, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc v, 1890, p 248, 2

P Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, hend about as wide as the thorax, clypeus broader than long, with a T-shaped carina on its disc, mandibles broad, delicately longitudinally striate, abdomen with the base of the 2nd and 3rd segments slightly constricted Black, face up to the anterior ocellus clothed with black pubescence, thorax with brownish-black. soft, rather long hair on the sides and on the median segment, legs black, claws of the tarsı and tibial calcaria castaneous, abdomen covered rather sparingly with black pubescence, the basal two segments with narrow submarginal bands of fulvous-red pubescence above, pollen-brush black, wings fulvo-hyaline, with a broad subfuscous margin

d similar, the clypeus covered with dense white, the face between and below the bases of the antennæ with smoky-white pubescence, the pubescence on the thorax brownish black, with a tinge of pale fulvous, the base of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments more deeply constricted, the anal segment not incised at apex, but denticulate, wings somewhat lighter in colour than in

the female *

Hab Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim \$ Length 17-20, eap 29-33 mm & Length 16, exp 32 mm

847 Megachile bhavanæ, n sp

2. Head, thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, and finely and closely punctured under the pubescence, clypeus slightly convex, subtriangular, the anterior margin slightly arched, nearly transverse, abdomen above depressed, somewhat flat Black, with black pubescence, the thorax and basal two abdominal segments with rich fulvous pubescence, turning paler on the median segment.

^{*} Radoszkowsky (Wiadom z nauk Przyrod pt 11 (1882), p 79) has a M lichtensteins, from Sikhim, which may be identical with the above, in which case his name would have priority, but I have failed to identify his species

482 APIDÆ.

legs black, with black pubescence, no fulvous pubescence on the inside of the tarsi, the pollen-brush black, with the middle pale fulvous, wings flavo-hyaline, broadly fuscous along their apical margins

Hab Rangit Valley, Sikhim Q Length 20, evp 38 mm

848 Megachile dimidiata, Smith, Cat 1, p 174, Q

Q Clypeus and front beneath the ocelli strongly and closely punctured, clypeus wedge-shaped, very slightly convex, its anterior margin arched, a prominent fine vertical carina from the middle of its base reaching nearly but not quite up to its anterior margin. Black, the clypeus and the space below the anterior ocellus nearly bare, remainder of the head and thorax and the basal segment of the abdomen densely covered with rich fulvous pubescence, the antennæ and legs pale fulvous, 2nd and following segments of the abdomen covered with short black pubescence above, the pollen-brush black, in the majority of specimens the 2nd abdominal segment is also thinly covered with fulvous pubescence, wings fulvo-hyaline, broadly fuscescent along their apical margins.

of similar, destitute of course of the pollen-brush, apex of anal

abdominal segment bidentate

Hah India (Smith), Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim 2 Length 13-14, exp 28-30 mm

849 Megachile velutina, Smith, Cat i, p 180, ♀

Q Closely allied to and resembling M dimidiata differs in having the clypeus more convex, shorter, posteriorly transverse, anteriorly less aiched, the pubescence is a richer darker fulvous, and on the abdomen is invariably dense and thick on the basal two segments, the black pubescence on the remaining segments above is also more dense, the pollen-brush is fulvous along the middle, with the margins broadly black, and the antennæ and legs are black, not fulvous red, the latter covered with a thin fulvous pubescence

d similar, with paler pubescence

Mah Northern India (Smith), Tenasserim Q Length 17-18, emp 31-33 mm & Length 14, exp 27 mm

850 Megachile ceylonica, Bingh P Z S 1896, p 453, J, pl xv, fig 9

O Closely allied to and resembling M lanata differs in shape of the clypeus, which is shorter, broader, more strongly convex, and distinctly emarginate anteriorly, and in the abdomen being more cylindrical and very strongly convex above Black, the front above the antennæ, the thorax, and basal three abdominal sagments above covered with short dense fulvous-red pubescence, the clypeus, vertex of the head, the cheeks, and the legs with more sparse and shorter pile of the same colour, the sides of abdominal segments 4-6 and the 5th and 6th segments above also covered with moderately long black pubescence, pollen-brush thin and of

a pale fulvous-red colour, wings flavo-hyaline, with a broad

fuscous apical border

o similar, but the head larger and broader proportionately, the pubescence not so dense, it is white on the clypeus, face, thorax beneath, and legs, olivaceous on the thorax above and the margins of segments 1—1 above; wings darker than in the female

Hab Ceylon, Tenasserim Q Length 12-13, exp 22-23 mm

J Length 11, eap 18 mm

851 Megachile lanata

Apis lanata, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 335 Megachile lanata, Lepel Hym 11, p 342 Smith, Cat 1, p 177 Megachile proxima, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 192, Q o

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured and pubescent, the clypeus sublunate in shape, anteriorly transverse Black, the head, except the clypeus broadly in the middle, the thorax, and basal two abdominal segments above covered with dense, and the legs with thin fulvous-red pubescence, the apical margins of segments 3–5 above with narrow transverse fasciæ of white pubescence, pollen-brush white, antennæ and legs nigro-piceous, wings flavo-hyaline, the apical margin broadly fuscescent

Var The fulvous-red pubescence extending thinly on to the 3rd and 4th abdominal segments, and only the 5th segment with a white fascia, or with the fascia on the 3rd segment red in the middle, white laterally, the apical segment with white pubescence on both sides

of similar, smaller, the pubescence on the clypeus and front

paler, more golden in tint

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Tenasserim, and Ceylon Q Length 14-15, exp 26-28 mm & Length 12-13, exp. 22 mm

852 Megachile umbripennis (Pl III, fig 12) Smith, Cat 1, p 175, Q

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen closely punctured and pubescent, the disc of the clypeus, the vertex except round the ocelli, and the apical two-thirds of the 2nd and following abdominal segments bare, clypeus convex, transverse anteriorly, the margins of abdominal segments 1–5 narrowly depressed Black, front, thorax, basal abdominal segment, and the base narrowly of the 2nd with dense fulvous pubescence, the 3rd segment with a narrow fringe of the same generally much obliterated, 4th and 5th segments with a narrow white lateral fascia; legs with black, the tarsi beneath of the posterior legs with fulvous pubescence; pollenbrush white with the apical portion black, wings hyaline at base, fuscous for the apical four-fifths of their length

Hab Nepal, Sikhim, Tenasserim Q Length 13, exp 27 mm

- 853 Megachile amputata, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1858, p 45, Q ? Megachile fulvo-fasciata, Radoszk Wiadom z nauk Przyrod pt 11 (1882), p 81
- Head (the clypeus excepted), thorax, and basal two segments of the abdomen densely pubescent, the clypeus closely and finely punctured, with a medial vertical smooth space, its anterior margin transverse, roundly and narrowly emarginate in the middle, the sides of the emargination produced into short teeth, the apical four segments of the abdomen closely and very minutely punctured, their bases narrowly smooth and constricted Black, the sides of the face, the front and vertex of the head, the thorax, the basal two abdominal segments, and transverse narrow fascia on segments 3-5 with fulvous-red pubescence, the fascian on the 5th very often absent, the bases of segments 3-5 and the whole of the 6th covered with thin black pubescence, antennæ beneath and legs rufo-testaceous, the latter clothed with a thin fulvous-red pubescence and having the posterior tarsi generally black or rufc-fuscous, pollen-brush pale fulvous, on the apical two segments black, wings fusco- often flavo-hyaline

Hab Sikhim, Tenasserim, Borneo Q. Length 15-17, exp

26-30 mm

854 Megachile penetrata, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 67, Q

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and regularly punctured, the vertex of the head, the mesonotum, and scutellum bare, clypeus slightly convex, subtriangular, its anterior margin lightly emarginate in the middle, abdomen with the bases of segments 2-5 lightly but distinctly constricted Black, the clypeus, front, cheeks, sides of the thorax, the sides and apex of the median segment, the legs, base of the abdomen, and transverse bands on segments 1-5 covered with pale fulvous pubescence, pollen-brush bright fulvous, the pubescence on the cheeks slightly hoary white, wings light flavo-hyaline

Hab Dehra Dun ? Length 17, exp 32 mm.

855 Megachile buddhæ, Dall Torr Cat x, p 423 Megachile rufipes, Smith (nec Fabr), Cat i, p 177, c *

d Head, thorax, and abdomen densely and very finely punctured and pubescent, the head wider than the thorax, large, subquadrate, emarginate posteriorly, eyes with their inner orbits parallel, the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-4 depressed

* The following species, unknown to me, is given by Smith (Cat i, p 177)

as from India with a query

"Megachile imitatrix—Length 8 lines The face, vertex, and metathorax clothed with fulvous pubescence, a fringe of the same colour on the interior femora beneath, that on the cheeks is paler, the thorax beneath, its sides, and also the metathorax and legs black, the abdomen entirely black, pubescent above, very densely so beneath

"Hab India? (coll. W H L Walcott, Esq.)"

and slightly constricted Black, the femora, tibie, and tarsi of the legs, and the apical margins of the abdominal segments narrowly testaceous red, the clypeus, vertex of the head, and bases of segments 1-5 of the abdomen broadly bare, without pubescence, the clypeus anteriorly and at base, the sides of the face in front the sides of the thorax and median segment, and the femora beneath with long sordid white pubescence, the front below the occili, the thorax above, and the margins of the abdominal segments with fulvous pubescence, wings flavo-hyaline, their apical margins broadly fuscescent

Hab The type and only specimen in the British Museum is

labelled India of Length 12, exp 22 mm
This is probably the male of M penetrata

*856 Megachile vestita, Smith, Cat 1, p 176, Q, Dall Torr Cat x, p 452

"Q Length 6 hnes (=about 1314 mm.) Black, the face densely covered with bright yellow pubescence, the mandibles short, stout, longitudinally grooved, and armed with three blunt teeth, pubescent at their base and chiated with bright yellow hairs, the cheeks thickly covered with pale ochraceous pubescence. Thorax—the disc thinly covered with bright yellow pubescence, densely so on the sides, beneath it is cinereous, the legs densely covered with pale yellow pubescence, on the tarsi beneath it is fulvous, the calcaria testaceous, claws ferruginous, their tips black, wings subhyaline. Abdomen short, broad, and pointed at the apex, the base, sides, and margins of the segments have a pale yellow pubescence, beneath the pollen-brush is pale yellow in the middle and bright fulvous at the sides.

"Hab India (coll J S Baly, Esq)"

857 Megachile cephalotes, Smith, Cat 1, p 179, 2 3

2 Head and thorax rather coarsely punctured, the punctures on the disc of the mesonotum running into transverse strice in certain lights the base of abdominal segments 1-5 smooth, the margins depressed, the depressions arched anteriorly in the middle and closely punctured, head subquadrate, broad, broader than the thorax, the front between the antennæ convex, the clypeus short, subtriangular, depressed inwards, its anterior maigin broadly but slightly emarginate, almost transverse, mandibles long, narrow, and curved Black, the abdomen with a metallic tint, a fringe along the apical margin of the clypeus, the face on both sides, the sides of the thorax and median segment, the legs, a square patch on each side at the bise of the 1st abdominal segment, a transverse narrow fascia at the base of the 2nd and 3rd segments above, and an abbreviated line on each side at the base of the 4th and 5th segments, of snow-white pubescence, the pollenbrush white

of similar, smaller; the coxe armed with short teeth; the apical abdominal segment notched in the middle.

Hab Dehra Dun, Ahmedabad (Miss A. Brook) Q Length 11-14, exp. 20-26 mm & Length 9, exp. 19 mm

858 Megachile faceta, n sp

2. Head behind the ocelli, the cheeks, and thorax above



Fig 161 — Megachile faceta, Q 3

densely and somewhat coarsely, and the abdomen more sparsely and finely punctured, the punctures on the head and thorax showing a tendency to run into longitudinal striæ, clypeus subtriangular, flat, its anterior margin transverse, waved, abdomen with broad, smooth, transverse depressed bands on the segments Jet-black; the clypeus with short and thin, the front as high as the ocelli, and the sides of the pronotum with dense and rather long fulvous pubescence; the outer half of the tegulæ ferruginous, the median

half of the tegulæ ferrugmous, the median segment posteriorly, an abbreviated line on each side at the base of abdominal segments 2-5, and a transverse narrow line at the base of the 6th segment clothed with snow-white pubescence; pollen-brush white, wings hyaline at base, dark fuscous, having a purple effulgence from beyond the basal nervure

Hab. Burma, Tenasserim. 2. Length 12-14, evp. 22-23 mm

Type in the British Museum

859. Megachile griseopicta, Radozzk Wiadom z nauk Przyrod pt 11 (1882), p 80, Q, Dall Torr Cat x, p 432

Q. Head and thorax finely punctured, shining; clypeus conxex, triangular, its anterior margin arched. Black, the front of the head, a broad line on the occiput, and the sides of the pro- and mesonotum with fulvous pubescence, the median segment posteriorly, a spot at the base of the 1st abdominal segment, abbreviated narrow fasciæ on each side at the base of the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th, and an entire fascia across the base of the 6th segment covered with white pubescence, wings hyaline at base, fuscous, with a purple effulgence towards apex

Var. The fasciæ at the base of abdominal segments 2-6 wanting Hab. Sikhim (Radoszkowski), Tenasserim Q. Length 12-14;

exp. 24-28 mm.

I am not quite certain whether I have rightly identified this species.

860. Megachile pulchripes, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc. xli, 1897

Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and coarsely punctured, the face in front on both sides of the antennæ, the sides of the thorax and median segment with short pubescence, clypeus transverse anteriorly, almost emarginate, subporrect; a narrow

medial carina up to the base of the antennæ, almost meeting a vertical short broad turrow running down from the anterior occilius, scutellum large, prominent, overhanging the median segment, and with an obtuse tooth on the posterior lateral angles Black, the anterior femora above and in tront, the intermediate femora, and the posterior femora and tibiæ testaceous yellow, the pubescence on the head and thorax and narrow transverse apical pubescent bands on abdominal segments 1–5 white, pollen-brush snow-white, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous.

of similar, smaller, the tibiæ and tarsi of all the legs testaceous vellow, the basal four joints of the anterior tarsi flattened and

lobed exteriorly

Hab Mussooree, Pegu Hills, Tenasserim Q. Length 6, exp 12 mm & Length 5, exp 11 mm

861 Megachile nana, n sp

Q Closely allied to *M pulchripes*, and resembling it, but there is no antennal carina nor groove on the front, the scutellum is not prominent nor does it overhang the median segment, and the latter is rounded posteriorly, head orbicular, inner orbits slightly but distinctly convergent below, the face just above the base of the clypeus has a rounded transverse broad projection, the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th abdominal segments have a marked transverse groove near the base above Black, the clypeus, sides of the face, the cheeks, sides of the thorax, the median segment, and transverse apical moderately broad fasciæ on abdominal segments 1-5 covered with snow-white pubescence, the fascia on the basal segment the narrowest, broadening laterally into a square patch of dense white pubescence, pollen-brush white, legs black with sparse white pubescence, fulvous on the inside of the posterior tarsi, wings hyaline and indescent

3 similar, with a comparatively larger and broader head, covered with slightly fulvous pubescence in front, anterior coxe dentate beneath, only the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments with a transverse groove above, anal segment incised at apex and covered with

dense snow-white pile

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 7-8, exp 15 mm & Length 65, exp 14 mm.

862 Megachile albifrons, Smith, Cat 1, p 180, ♀ ♂, Dall Torr Cat x, p 418

Q Head and thorax in front densely and closely, scutellum more coarsely, and abdomen somewhat sparsely and finely punctured; clypeus slightly convex, anteriorly rounded and hidden under thick pubescence, head large, slightly wider than the thorax, abdomen somewhat elongate, not cordate, the sides parallel, the apex broadly rounded, not acute, the margins of segments 2-4 above depressed Black, the clypeus and front, the pronotum, sides of the thorax, sides of the median segment, a

488 APIDÆ.

broad lateral patch on the basal abdominal segment, and transverse fasciæ on the apical margins of segments 2-4 clothed with dense white pubescence, the fasciæ on the abdomen spreading from the margin of one segment narrowly on to the base of the succeeding segment, legs with fuscous black mixed with hoary pubescence, fulvous on the inside of the posterior tarsi, wings subhyaline, fuscous towards the apex.

d similar, smaller, with a white pubescent band also on the

5th segment of the abdomen

Hab North-West Provinces, Bombay Q Length 16, esp. 30 mm & Length 11-12, exp 22-23 mm

863 Megachile femorata, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 68, 2 &

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured and pubescent, the front and the tibiæ and tarsi of the legs densely so, clypeus slightly convex with a medial smooth longitudinal line, its anterior margin slightly arched, hidden by the dense pubescence, abdomen short, cordate Black, the clypeus and cheeks with white pubescence, on the front of the head, the thorax, tibiæ and tarsi of the legs, and abdomen the pubescence is pale yellowish white, forming transverse bands on the apical margins of abdominal segments 1–5 above, legs with the anterior femora beneath and the intermediate and posterior femora brownish yellow, wings hyaline, sub-fuscescent along their apical margins

of similar, smaller, with the legs in some specimens entirely brownish yellow, in others only the femora, as in the female, of that colour, anal abdominal segment incised at apex, with several

teeth along the margin

Hub Bombay, Almedabad, Allahabad, Barrackpore Q Length 8-9, eap 16-19 mm & Length 7, exp 15 mm

864. Megachile vigilans, Smith, 2nd Yark Miss, Hym p 5, Q ? Megachile albolineata, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xh, 1897

Q Head a little coarsely, thorax and abdomen very finely and closely punctured, head about as wide as the thorax, eyes slightly convergent below, clypeus transverse, convex, anteriorly widely emarginate, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th abdominal segments with a medial narrow but deep transverse groove above Black, the intermediate and posterior femora dull orange-yellow, the sides of the face, the pronotum and sides of the thorax, and narrow transverse fasciæ on the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 with snow-white pubescence, the fasciæ on the abdomen not following the maigins of the segments in the middle but leaving a narrow border bare, pollen-brush white, the posterior tarsi on the inside with fulvous pubescence, wings hyaline, slightly fuscescent towards the apex

3 similar, the head proportionately broader and more square,

the legs entirely black, the pubescence on the clypeus and face dense and slightly fulvous

Hab Ladák, Šikhim, Ceylon; Tenasserim Q & Length 9-11,

exp 18-19 mm

865. Megachile hera, n sp

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen minutely and very closely punctured, head broader than the thorax, flat the cheeks not much developed, clypeus very slightly convex, rounded anteriorly, and with a small tubercle above its base, abdomen cordiform. Black, the sides of the clypeus, the front above the antennæ, the sides of the thorax and the median segment with long soft white pubescence, the legs covered with short sparsely-set glittering white hairs, the base of the abdomen with long white pubescence, and the apical margins of segments 1-5 with a short white fringe of the same, pollen-brush white at base, fulvous on the apical four segments, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous brown

Hab Tenasserim & Length 9, exp 16 mm

This pretty little species has somewhat the facies of a Lithurgus, but the mandibles are flat and quadridentate, and the abdomen shorter than in the species of that genus

866 Megachile chlorigaster, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and rather finely punctured and pubescent clypeus nearly circular, strongly convex, pronotum with its posterior margin transversely grooved, smooth and shining, the scutellum large, boldly arched posteriorly, median segment rounded at the sides, truncate at apex, the face of the truncation smooth, its upper margin, with the sides of the segment also above, coarsely rugose, abdomen with a subapical transverse groove along the margin of the 2nd segment above Black, the pubescence snow-white, the pollen-brush dense and fulvous golden, wings hyaline, nervures dark brown, tegulæblack

Hab Mussooree 2 Length 7, eap 15 mm Type in coll Rothney

867 Megachile tricincta, n sp

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured; head large, transverse, as wide as the thorax, eyes convergent below, clypeus convex, arched anteriorly, abdomen cordiform, depressed above, 2nd and 3rd segments with a transverse furrow above Black, the clypeus and front, sides of the thorax and of the median segment with tufted white, the sides of the scutellum with fuscous pubescence, the tarsi of the legs and a fine narrow

490 APIDÆ

fringe on the 3rd, 4th, and 5th abdominal segments above with glittering ferruginous golden hairs, pollen-brush golden yellow, wings hyaline, tuscescent along their apical margins

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 9-10, exp 17 mm

868 Megachile moelleri, n sp

Head and thorax densely and coarsely punctured, the punctures on the mesonotum and scutellium running into irregular waved, coarse, transverse striæ, clypeus subtriangular, coarsely reticulate, anteriorly transverse in the middle, oblique at the sides. the margin slightly recurved, the disc with a T-shaped carina, mesonotum raised, flat, a deep obliquely diverging smooth groove above the tegulæ on each side, the tegulæ and the median segment posteriorly smooth, abdomen with deep transverse grooves at the base of segments 2-5 above, basal segment very finely and closely punctured, segments 2-5 with their margins broadly depressed, densely and more coarsely punctured, the narrow basal portion between the groove and the depression on the 4th and 5th segments smooth, apical margin of the 5th and the whole of the 6th segment above densely pubescent Black, a little fuscous pubescence between the antennæ and on the sides posteriorly of the median segment, the apical margin of the 5th and the whole of the 6th segment above with dense short claycoloured pubescence pollen-brush ferruginous red, wings hyaline, slightly fuscescent

Hab Rangit Valley, Sikhim, 1000 ft. Q Length 14-15, exp

24 mm

869 Megachile steloides, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc x, 1896, p 198, pl 1, fig 5, Q

Q Head and abdomen finely and closely punctured, the margins of the segments of the latter narrowly smooth and shining, thorax more densely and less finely punctured, and having a granular appearance, clypeus anteriorly very slightly bisinuate, bluntly carinate down the middle, thorax with the scutellum strongly projecting backwards the margin notched, overhanging the metathorax and median segment, abdomen broad, subcordate Black and shining, the tibiæ and tarsi of the legs and the apical two abdominal segments bright testaceous brown, pollen-brush testaceous yellow, with a golden tint in certain lights, wings hyaline, darkening to light fuscous along the apical margins

Hab Rangit Valley, Sikhim Q. Length 13-14, exp 28-

30 mm

Genus ANTHIDIUM

Anthidium, Fabr Syst Piez p 364 (1804)

Type, A manicatum, Fabr.

Range. Both hemispheres

Head nearly as wide as the thorax; ocelli in a triangle on the

vertex; antennæ filiform, the scape subclavate, the basal joint of the flagellum subglobose, labial palpi 4-jointed, the 2nd joint longer than the 1st, the 3rd and 4th minute and articulated below the apex of the 2nd joint, both apical joints subclavate, maxillary palpi 2-jointed, basal joint short, cup-shaped. Thorax subglobose; scutellum produced back, overhanging the median segment, lunate, sometimes wedge-shaped with the posterior margin transverse; legs stout, the posterior tibiæ and tarsi sometimes dilated; wings moderately broad and ample, the radial cell in the fore wing long and narrow, the apex somewhat rounded, not closely approximate

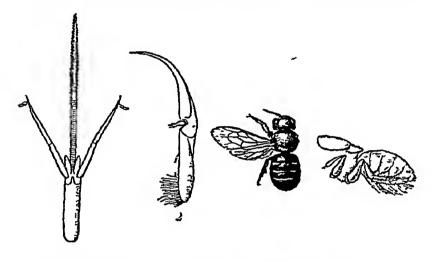


Fig 162—Anthidium 1, labium, Fig 163—Anthidium latipes, Q 2, maxilla. (Much enlarged)

to the costal margin; two cubital cells, the 2nd receiving the 1st recurrent nervure near the base, the 2nd recurrent nervure interstitial with the 2nd transverse cubital nervure, or sometimes received beyond the apex of the 2nd cubital cell. Abdomen oblong, sometimes conical, the base truncate, the apex broadly rounded (2) and furnished with a dense pollen-brush, in the male emarginate, dentate, and spined. The male, contrary to the general rule in hymenopterous insects, nearly always larger than the female

Key to the Species.

A. Scutellum broad wedge-shaped, posterior margin transverse

a Black, with white pubescent spots on abdominal segments

b Black, with yellow non-pubescent spots on abdominal segments

B Scutellum lunate, posterior margin rounded.

a Colours ferruginous and yellow.

[p 492]

A flavomaculatum,

[p 493]

A pulchellum,

Colours black and yellow

a' Abdomen with a series of four yellow spots placed transversely across the segments

a³ Basal and apical segments with only

two yellow spots

b2 Basel segment with four yellow spots a³ Apical segment with two yellow

b3 Apical segment immaculate

b' Abdomen with transverse yellow fasciæ, more or less medially interrupted, or elongate lateral yellow spots

a² Posterior tibiæ and tarsi broadly di-

lated

b² Posterior tibiæ and tarsi not dilated

a³ Head and thorax immaculate b³ Head and thorax variegated with

yellow a Busal two abdominal segments with widely interrupted broad transverse yellow fasciæ, remaining segments with broad lateral yellow spots

b4 All the abdominal segments with more or less narrowly interrupted nari ow transverse yellow fasciæ

A imitator, p 493

A ardens, p 494 A ordinatum, p 494

A latipes, p 495

A fraternum, p 495

A orientale, p 495

A rasorum, p 496

870 Anthidium lachrymosum, Smith, New Sp. Hym B M p 87, Qd, Dall Torr Cat x, p 463

Head and thorax closely, coarsely, and strongly, the base of the abdominal segments broadly, more finely, and lightly punctured, clypeus very slightly convex, transverse anteriorly, scutellum very broad, somewhat wedge-shaped, its posterior margin transverse, abdomen broadly conical Black, the sides of the face, the cheeks, a spot on the mesonotum anteriorly, a patch under the wings, and lateral spots on abdominal segments 1-5 covered with dense, the legs with a thin white pubescence, fore wing dark fuscous, with a hyaline spot beyond the 2nd discoidal cell, hind wing hyaline

d very similar, abdominal segments 3-5 with lateral teeth, the

6th segment with three apical teeth

Length 5-8, Hab Malabai, Bombay, Tenasserim ᡗᢐ erp 14-17 mm

- 871 Anthidium flavomaculatum, Cam Mem. Manch L Ph Soc alı, 1897
- 2. Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, the pronotum and the apical margins of the abdominal segments narrowly smooth and impunctate, the scutellum large, broad, Black, the clypeus, sides of the face transverse posteriorly below the bases of the antennæ broadly, a large spot on the front, a broad line on the cheeks meeting on the vertex above, the

tubercles, the lateral and anterior margins of the mesonotum, widely interrupted on the latter, two diamond-shaped obliquely-placed spots occupying nearly the whole surface of the scutellum, the legs entirely (except the coxæ), and broad linear lateral markings on segments 1-5 of the abdomen yellow, wings hyaline, the fore wing shaded broadly at apex and along the costal and anal margins with fuscous, nervures dark brown, tegulæ yellow

Hab Poons Q Length 5, exp 11 mm Type in coll Rothney

- 872 Anthidium pulchellum, Klug, Symb Phys dec 3, pl xxviii, fig 11, \(\rho \), Dall Torr Cat x, p 468
- Head, thorax, and abdomen somewhat coarsely punctured, giving them a granular appearance, the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 smooth and shining, scutellum convex, its anterior margin rounded and fringed with pubescence, rounded posteriorly, slightly incised or emarginate in the middle, abdomen broad, strongly curved, very convex above; anal segment very broad, nearly transverse posteriorly, the margin slightly recurved. a short carina down the middle ending in a rounded short tooth Ferruginous, the clypeus, a broad stripe on the cheeks, continued along the occiput, a narrow stripe on each side of the mesonotum anteriorly, bent and passing by the tegulæ, a broad stripe on the posterior margin of the scutellum, and the legs pale yellow, the antennæ in front fulvous, the space between them and the clypeus with sparse white pubescence, the legs with pale glittering pubescence, turning to golden on the inside of the posterior tibiæ and tarsı, wings fusco-hyaline, nervures dark brown, tegulæ yellow with a ferruginous spot in the middle

Hab Bombay (Wroughton), Egypt, Nubia, Arabia & Length

9, evp 17 mm

- 873 Anthidium imitator, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 85, 5, Dall Torr Cat x, p 462
- densely but very minutely and densely punctured, opaque; abdomen shining, the surface lightly but very minutely and densely punctured, clypeus very slightly convex, transverse anteriorly; abdomen somewhat elongate, strongly convex above; apical segment trifurcate at extreme apex and with a small lateral tooth Black, the clypeus and front, the pronotum anteriorly, the sides of the thorax and of the median segment with long pale fulvous pubescence, the this and tarsi of the legs with more sparse and brighter pubescence, the clypeus and front below the base of the antenne, the scape of the antenne in front, a minute spot above the eyes, the this and tarsi above, a spot on each side of the basal abdominal segment, two spots (one lateral, one more towards the middle) joined by a narrow line on each side of segments 2-5, and a square spot on each side of the middle of the 6th segment, yellow, wings subhyaline

Hab Punjab & Length 13-15, exp 26 mm

494 APIDÆ

- 874 Anthidium ardens, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 85, Q; Dall Torr Cat x, p 456
- Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and finely punctured: clypeus slightly convex, the apical margin arched; scutellum sublunate, the middle incised posteriorly, abdomen short, convex. Black, the face on each side as high as the base of the antenne. the base of the mandibles, four minute spots on the posterior margin of the vertex, a transverse abbreviated line on each side of the mesonotum anteriorly, another over the tegulæ, the posterior margin of the scutellum, two longitudinal spots on the disc of the mesonotum, a series of four spots in a transverse line across each of abdominal segments 1-5, and two spots medially side by side on the 6th segment, yellow; the inner two spots on the basal segment are minute, and on the 4th and 5th segments are joined to the outer spots by narrow yellow lines, legs with the tarsi pale yellowish, the clypeus sparsely, the front of the head, sides of the thorax, and legs with white pubescence; pollen-brush pale and glittering; wings subhyaline, apical and costal margins of fore wing fuscescent

Hab Western India 2. Length 9; exp 19 mm of un-

known

- 875 Anthidium ordinatum (Pl III, fig 13)
 Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 86, Q J, Dall Torr Cut x, p 467
- Q. Head and thorax finely and very densely punctured, opaque, abdomen shining, minutely punctured, the apical margins of the segments slightly depressed, clypeus transverse anteriorly, scutellum sublunate, slightly convex, rounded posteriorly Black; the base of the mandibles, the sides of the clypeus and face, the outer margins sometimes of the mesonotum anteriorly and on the sides, and of the scutellum posteriorly, and a series of four spots placed transversely across abdominal segments 1—4, pale yellow; the thorax above clothed with fulvous brown, the sides of the thorax, the legs, and sides of the abdomen with white pubescence; the pollen-brush white, the inner spots on the abdominal segments pear-shaped and placed obliquely, wings hyaline, fuscous along the costal and towards the apical margins

of similar; the clypeus and face up to the base of the antenna, an interrupted line on the posterior margin of the vertex, the outer margin of the tegulæ, the lateral angles and posterior margin medially of the scutellum, a line on the anterior and intermediate tibiæ above, a spot at the base of each posterior tibia, four contiguous spots on the 5th abdominal segment and two on the 6th, yellow, the 6th segment furnished laterally with a spine, the 7th segment emarginate at apex and with three spines, the inner spots on the 5th and 6th segments joined to the outer spots by a

narrow line

Hab Poona; Bombay; Karáchi. Q. Length 10-13; evp 20-22 mm. d. Length 14-15; exp. 26 mm.

876 Anthidium latipes, n sp

Head and thorax somewhat coarsely and very closely and strongly punctured, giving them an opaque granular lock, abdomen shining, more lightly and sparsely punctured, clypeus much broader than high, anteriorly arched and margined, scutellum lunate, slightly convex and notched posteriorly in the middle spot at the base of the mandibles, the clypeus except its anterior margin narrowly, and two spots at its base, the face on each side below the base of the antennæ, a line on the cheeks, a line above the tegulæ, a medially interrupted short line on the posterior margin of the scutellium, a square spot on each side of the 1st abdominal segment, an elongate spot on each side of the 2nd, a broadly interrupted transverse fascia across the 3rd and 4th, an entire transverse fascia on the 5th, and the whole of the 6th segment above, bright yellow, legs black, variegated with yellow and ferruginous, the posterior tibiæ and basal joints of the tarsi flattened and covered with glittering golden hairs, pollen-brush golden wings hyaline, faintly fuscescent along the costal margin of the fore wing, nervures testaceous, tegulæ black narrowly edged with yellow

Hab Rangoon, Burma Q Length 9, exp 17 mm

877 Anthidium fraternum, n sp

Q Allied to and resembling A latipes differs in the posterior tibin and basal joint of the tarsi not being dilated and flat; the head and thorax more densely punctured and granular, the abdomen by contrist much more finely punctured and shining, scutellum rounded posteriorly Black, the head, thorax, legs, and basal abdominal segment immaculate, an elongate lateral spot on the 2nd, a transverse band broadly interrupted in the middle on the 3rd, another transverse band narrowly interrupted on the 4th, an entire transverse band on the 5th, and the whole of the 6th segment above, yellow, head in front, the thorax, and legs sparsely covered with silvery pubescence; pollen-brush white, wings light fusco-hyaline, darker along the costal margin of the fore wing

Hab Tenasserim Q Length 9, exp 17 mm Type in the

British Museum

878 Anthidium orientale, n sp

Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and very densely punctured, slightly shining; clypeus anteriorly transverse, fringed with somewhat stiff pubescence, scut.llum rounded posteriorly abdomen slightly curved, strongly convex above Black the base of the mandibles, the clypeus, the face on each side of it, a narrow stripe broadening above along the inner orbits almost to the top of the eyes, a spot below the anterior ocellus, a broad stripe on each cheek, nearly meeting on the posterior margin of the vertex, a stripe on each side of the mesonotum anteriorly, bent almost at a right angle and passing by the tegulæ, a spot on the tegulæ in front, a broad stripe on the posterior margin of the scutellium.

496 APIDÆ.

interrupted in the middle, the apex of the femora beneath, the tibiæ above (in the fore legs the tarsi above also), and broad transverse lateral spots on abdominal segments 1-5, bright yellow, the head, thorax, and abdomen with a sparse glittering pale pubescence, the pollen-brush white, wings hyaline, fuscous along the costal margin

Hab Tenasserim 2 Length 8, exp 16 mm & unknown

879 Anthidium rasorium, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p. 50, Q d,

Dall Torr Cat x, p 469

Anthidium runpes, Smith (nec Fabr), New Sp Hym B M p 85

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, clypeus slightly convex, anteriorly rounded, and densely pubescent, scutellum broadly lunate, almost subtriangular, notched in the middle posteriorly, abdomen convex, strongly curved Black, covered all over with a soft white down, the clypeus and front with dense white pubescence, the legs and abdomen beneath ferruginous, the clypeus, face as high as the base of the antenna, a spot on the mandibles, and a line on the cheeks continued along the margin of the vertex, white, a line on each side of the mesonotum near the tegulæ, joining a line along the posterior margin of the scutellum, and a fascia across the middle of each segment yellow, the fascia on the lst segment reduced to a lateral spot, on the 2nd widely, on the others narrowly interrupted in the middle, basal joint of posterior tais white, wings hyaline and indescent

of similar, but the markings all paler, those on the abdomen forming an entire transverse band on the 1st, narrowly interrupted bands on the 2nd-5th segments, and a lunate spot in the middle of the 6th segment, the 7th segment very broad, transverse apically

and tridentate

Hab Bengal, Central Provinces, Bombay, Bangalore, Burma, Terasserim 2 Length 7, evp 13 mm & Length 8, eap 14 mm

Genus STELIS

Stelis, Panz Krit Revis Faun Deutschl 11, p 246 (1806)

Type, S aterrima, Panz Range Both hemispheres

Head convex anteriorly, transverse posteriorly, cheeks mode-



Fig 164 — Stells cornuta, Q ?.

rately well developed, ocelli in a triangle on vertex, antenne filiform, geniculated, labial palpi 4-jointed, basal two joints the longest, the 1st about two-thirds the length of the 2nd, the 3rd and 4th minute, maxillary palpi 2-jointed, both joints minute. Thorax subglobose, the scutellum more or less produced backwards, fore wing with the radial cell at

apex not approximate to the costal margin, two cubital cells, subequal

STELIS 497

on the cubital nervure, the 2nd cell receiving the 1st recurrent nervure near the base, the 2nd recurrent nervure joining the cubital nervure beyond the apex of the cell legs slight, without pubescence Abdomen broad, very convex above, strongly curved downwards, the female not provided with a pollen-brush

Stells is parasitic on Osmia in Europe Nothing is known of the habits of the two Indian species. One of these, S cornuta, I have placed in the genus Stells with much doubt. In the shape of its head and, above all, in the remarkable horned mandibles it

differs considerably from typical forms of that genus

Key to the Species

a Mandibles normal, not produced at base S parvula, p 497
b Mandibles at base produced into a prominent triangular tooth S cornuta, p 497

880 Stells parvula, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc vli, 1897

dense on the head in tront and the sides and front of the pronotum, mesonotum with an obscure median longitudinal furrow, abdomen longer than the head and thorax, strongly convex above Black, the pubescence hears snow-white on the clypeus and face in front the posterior lateral angles of the scutellum, a spot at the base of all the tibiæ a broad border to the tegulæ, a more or less lengthened spot on each side of all the segments of the abdomen, with a second similar inner spot on the 3rd, 4th, and 5th segments, dull whitish yellow antennæ fulvous brown beneath, wings hyaline, nervures testaceous

Hab Barrackpore of Length 4, erp 8 mm Type in coll.

Rothney

A true Stells, the abdomen not toothed at apex, with the markings of Anthidium

881 Stelis cornuta, n sp

Q Head and thorax finely and very closely, abdomen more minutely and densely punctured, clypeus much broader than high, transverse, its anterior margin straightly truncate, with a square emargination in the middle, mandibles very long, massive, the base with a recurved projecting strong triangular tooth, the apex of the mandible minutely tridentate. Black, the mandibles on the outside except at base and apex, the clypeus broadly along the apical margin, an elongate mark between and a little above the base of the antenne, a broad stripe along the inner orbits reaching very nearly to the top of the eyes, another broad stripe on each cheek continued along the posterior margin of the vertex, a snake-like mark forming a double loop on the mesonotum, the scutellum, an abbreviated stripe on the anterior and intermediate femora behind and on the posterior femora in front, and transverse

2 K

498 APIDÆ

stripes across the middle of the abdominal segments, yellow, the antennæ, the legs, and the black portions of the abdomen more or less piceous, the scape of the antennæ in front fulvous, wings hyaline, bright fulvous along the costal margin

Hab Rangoon, Burma Q Length 10 exp 22 mm The type and only specimen as yet known is in the British Museum

Genus PAREVASPIS

Parevaspis, Ritsema, Tijd v Ent xvii, p lxxi (1874)

Type, P abdominalis, Smith Range Indo-Malayan region

Head transverse, as broad as the thorax, ocelli in a broad curve on the vertex, inner orbits of eyes parallel, clypeus convex, broad, mandibles broad, armed with three teeth, antennæ filform, labial palpi 4-jointed, the basal joint more than twice the length of the 2nd joint, apical two joints minute, articulated to

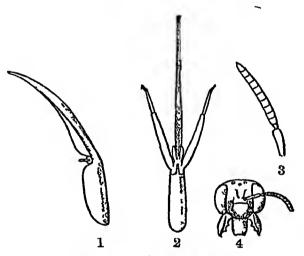


Fig 165 —Parevaspis
1, Maxilla, 2, labium, 3, antenna, 4, face from front (Much enlarged)

the side of the apex of the 2nd joint, maxillary palpi 2-jointed, both joints minute, scutellum broad, flat, horizontal, deeply incised at apex, the sides rounded, legs short, slight, without dense pubescence of scopa. Fore wings with the ladial cell subscute at apex, two cubital cells, the 2nd cubital cell receiving the 1st recurrent nervure near the base, the 2nd recurrent nervure terminating beyond the apex of the cell. Abdomen broad, subovate, convex above, subconcave beneath, the apical segments curved downwards, the anal segment (2) rounded and slightly incised in the middle posteriorly. (3) tridentate posteriorly

This genus is very close to Stelis, but the mouth-parts are different, and the male anal segment in the latter is rounded, not tridentate Parevaspis is parasitic on the leafcutter bees (Mega-chile) I have seen P abdominalis entering the nest of M disjuncta

Key to the Species

a Abdomen red
 b Abdomen black

P abdominalis, p 499 P carbonaria, p 499

882 Parevaspis abdominalis Stelis abdominalis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1859, p 79, & Parevaspis abdominalis, Dall Torr Cat x, p 480

9 Head, thorax, and abdomen closely, evenly, and somewhat

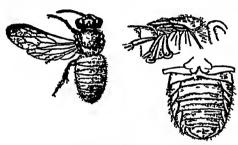


Fig 166 —Parevaspis abdominalis, Q

coarsely punctured, clypeus boldly convex, crossed near the base by a transverse short carna at right angles to a carna between the bases of the antennæ, a short, slightly oblique carna runs also from the base of each antenna up the front, the apical margins of the abdominal segments narrowly smooth,

impunctate Head and thorax black, abdomen ferruginous red, the sides and apex of the clypeus, the sides of the face and the occiput with white pubescence, wings fuscous, with a rich purple effulgence, hyaline towards the base

d similar, somewhat more finely punctured on the head,

mesonotum, and abdomen

Hab Burma, Tenasserin, the Malayan region to Celebes, Japan? Q Length 9-15, exp 18-28 mm & Length 9-10, exp 19-21 mm

883 Parevaspis carbonaria
Stelis carbonaria, Smith, Cat 11, p 275
Parevaspis carbonaria, Dall Torr Cat x, p 480

Q & Closely resembling and allied to P abdominalis, not so coarsely punctured, the front and space between the bases of the antennæ slightly raised, with a medial carina beneath running on to the base of the clypeus. The entire head, thorax, and abdomen black

Hab Bombay, Ahmedabad, the Punjab, Allahabad, Rangoon, Mandalay, Ceylon & Length 8-12 eap 18-25 mm

Genus CERATINA

Ceratina, Latr Hist. Nat Ins xiv, p 50 (1805)

Type, C albilabris, Fabr Range Both hemispheres Head transverse, front flat or with sulcations round the base 2 x 2

APIDÆ 500

of the antennæ, ocelli in a triangle on the vertex, antennæ short.

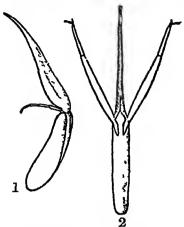


Fig 167 — Ceratina 1 Maxilla, 2 labium (Much enlarged)

nutely punctured

subclavate, mandibles stout, tridentate, labial palpi 4-jointed, basal two joints elongate, apical two minute, maxillary palpi 6-jointed, basal three joints subequal, apical three gradually decreasing in length Thorax ovate fore wing with the radial cell rounded at apex, the apex not approximate to the costal margin, three cubital cells, the 2nd forming a truncated triangle, the 2nd and 3rd cells each receiving a recurrent nervure beyond the middle, legs short, fairly stout, destitute of polliniferous appendages Abdomen slightly narrowed at base.

Of the Indian species I have only observed the nests of C perforatrix, made in the hollow of a dead shoot

of the branching bamboo (Pseudostachyum compactiflorum, Kurz), and of C viridissima, Dall Tori, tunnelled into the dead stems of the common castor-oil plant

Key to the Species

A Metallic green, bluish or bronzed green, with a few yellow markings a Abdomen entirely green C viridissima, p 501 a' Length 8-10 mm b' Length 4-5 mm C propingua, p 501 b Abdomen green, segments 4-6 with square velvety-black lateral spots C sermaculata, p 501 C tapi obanæ, p 502 c Abdomen green, banded with yellow B Head and thorax black, abdomen entirely C picta, p 502 ferruginous red C Black, variegated with yellow a A **1**-shaped yellow macula on clypeus a' Basal three abdominal segments im-C perforativa, p 502 maculate Abdominal segments 1-5 with a yellow C hieroglyphica, p 503 transverse band b Clypeus entirely yellow a'. Apical three abdominal segments black, C moderata, p 504 ımmaculate b' Abdominal segments 1-5 with broad C beata, p 504 entire transverse yellow bands c Clypeus with a transverse yellow line slightly broadened in the middle a' Space at base of median segment with C lepida, p 505 wide reticulations b' Space at base of median segment mi-C simillima, p 505.

884 Ceratina viridissima.

Ceratina viridis, Guer (nec Latr) Icon Règn Anim, Ins p 449, pl 73, fig 6, Smith, Cat 11, p 224
Ceratina viridissima, Dall Tor Cat x, p 201

Q & Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, granular, clypeus elongate triangular, margined all round, and with a medial longitudinal carina, mesonotum convex, with two medial parallel impressed lines, and an abbreviated impressed line on each side of and parallel to them, abdomen with segments 1-5 marked with a short obscure impressed line on each side above, just before the apical margin. Bright green, sometimes blue, metallic and shining, clypeus and a line on all the tibiæ above yellow, mandibles, labrum, antennæ, legs, and the impressed lines on the thorax and abdomen black, the legs sometimes with a greenish or bluish tint and covered with hoary white pubescence, wings hyaline and iridescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous brown

Hab Apparently throughout India, Burma, and Ceylon, Assam, China, Malacca The specimens from the Punjab and Western India have a golden-bronzy tint, those from Ceylon and Burma are darker 2 d Length 8-10, exp 16-17 mm

885 Ceratina propinqua, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc ali, 1897

Q Head coarsely punctured, the front above the clypeus and round the base of the antennæ hollow, the carina thus formed between the lateral hollows forked below the anterior ocellus, the lateral branches running to the posterior ocelli, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and median segment minutely and closely punctured, median segment very short, with a very steep slope posteriorly, the enclosed rugose space at base very small, abdomen closely punctured, the basal two segments minutely punctate, the remainder with gradually coarser punctures towards the apex, the apical three segments thinly pubescent. Dark bluish green, an elongate pyramidal spot on the clypeus, the tubercles, and a stripe on the tibiæ above yellowish white, antennæ, mandibles, and legs piceous, tarsi testaceous, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Mussooree, Northern India 2 Length 4-5, exp 8 mm



Fig 168—Ceratina sexmaculata, 2 3

886 Ceratina sexmaculata, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 92, &, Dall Torr Cat x, p 200

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen closely punctured, with a granular appearance, clypeus impunctate, faintly vertically carinate; median segment very short, not more than 2 mm in length, vertically truncate posteriorly, the edge of the truncation above mar-

gined Bright emerald-green, the clypeus yellow, the antennæ and legs chestnut-brown, the last variegated with yellow, abdominal

502 APIDÆ.

segments 4-6 with a square velvety black spot on each side of the middle above, the spots decreasing in size posteriorly, wings hyaline with a faint yellow tint, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of similar, the apical margin of the 6th segment crenulate and subdentate in the middle, the 7th with a longer acute tooth

medially

Hab. Hong Kong, Upper Burma, Tenasserim, extending to Celebes 2 & Length 7-8, exp 12 mm

887 Ceratina taprobanæ, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Q Head and thorax very minutely and closely punctured, median segment on the sides and at apex very finely striolate, the enclosed space at base rugose, the scutellum and postscutellum fringed with long hairs, the head and abdomen thinly pubescent. Green and shining, the clypeus, labrum, and palpi yellow, the clypeus with two black lines, the scape of the antennæ above and below, the flagellum beneath, a line on the pronotum, and the tubercles yellow, the legs variegated and the abdomen banded with yellow, scutellum dark purple, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ pale testaceous

Hab Ceylon Q. Length 3-4, exp about 6 mm Type in

coll Rothney

888 Ceratina picta, Smith, Cat 11, p 224, Q, Dall Torr Cat x, p 199

Head with a few scattered punctures, mesonotum anteriorly and posteriorly closely and finely punctured, smooth, polished, and shining in the middle, abdomen finely punctured, the punctures more dense on the apical three segments, the margins of segments 2-5 narrowly depressed, clypeus flat, transverse anteriorly, median segment rounded and steep posteriorly, the space at base above flat or slightly depressed, with a medial somewhat obscure longitudinal carina, which runs to the apex of the segment thorax, and legs jet-black, shining, the labrum and base of the mandibles, a line along the apical margin of the clypeus, two very short vertical lines running up from it medially, a line along the inner orbits broadening below, a broader line along the outer orbits, two oblique spots below the anterior occllus, a transverse line on the pronotum, two medial longitudinal parallel lines on the disc of the mesonotum, and two sublunate contiguous spots on the scutellum yellow, the legs black, the tibiæ above and the tarsi obscurely rufo-testaceous, abdomen entirely ferruginous, wings fusco-hyaline and iridescent

Hab Ceylon (Smith) 2 Length 7, exp. 14 mm.

889. Ceratina perforatrix, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 92, d

P Head and face and mesonotum anteriorly sparingly punctured, abdomen somewhat more closely and very finely punctured, head, thorax, and abdomen polished and shining, median segment

503

steeply sloped, rounded posteriorly, with a medially impressed longitudinal line, the bases of the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments deeply



Fig 169 -- Ceratina perforatrix, 2

constricted, their apical margins depressed Black, a broad L-shaped mark on the clypeus, a squarish spot on each side of it, a spot on the labrum, a line on the cheeks, a transverse fascia on the apical margin of the 4th abdominal segment, broadening slightly in the middle, and another on the 5th, broadening considerably in the middle, yellow, the legs black with sparse black hairs, the underside of the tarsi with dense golden pubescence, the wings fusco-hyaline

d Differs in the yellow markings on the face

being broader, the 4th and 5th abdominal segments have a yellow fascia on the apical margins, those on the 4th being interrupted in the middle, the 6th with a medial yellow spot, the legs rufo-piceous, not black

Hab Assam, Pegu Hills, Tenasserim Ω Length 12, exp.

d Length 10, exp 20 mm 22 mm

890. Ceratina hieroglyphica (Pl IV, fig 3)

Smith, Cat u, p 226, Q o, Dall Torr Cat x, p 199
P Ceratina flavopicta, Morawitz (nec Smith), Hor Soc Ent Ross xxiv (1890), p 356

² Ceratina morawitzii, Stadelm Zoolog Jahrb, Syst viii (1894) p 233

9 Head above and the hollow on the front below the ocelli somewhat coarsely, the thorax and abdomen more finely punctured, the punctures on the abdomen emitting short decumbent hairs. the clypeus, disc of the mesonotum, and basal abdominal segment smooth and shining, the clypeus having a few scattered fine punctures, median segment narrowed at apex and rounded posteriorly Black, a 1-shaped mark on the clypeus, a lunate spot above it, a stripe on each side broadened below, a spot above each antenna. a broad stripe on each cheek, another on the pronotum, two parallel longitudinal lines on the mesonotum, another short one on each side over the tegulæ, a broad squarish mark on the middle of the scutellum, the tubercles, the legs except the coxe, trochanters, and femora above, and transverse subapical fasciæ on the segments of the abdomen, yellow, the fascia on the 1st abdominal segment broadened in the middle and roundly incised anteriorly on each side, that on the 2nd broad, laterally attenuated on each side of the middle, the fascia on the 3rd segment broadly interrupted in the middle and widest laterally, on the 4th broadest in the middle where it is narrowly interrupted, the 5th segment with a broad truncate cone-shaped spot in the middle, the 6th segment black; legs slightly pubescent, wings hyaline, more or less fuscescent; nervures and tegulæ testaceous

504 APIDÆ

Var The longitudinal lines on the mesonotum absent, the fascia on the basal abdominal segment not biemarginate anteriorly, but enclosing a black spot on each side

o similar to the 2, but with the yellow markings broader, the

scape of the antennæ in front and the anterior femora yellow

Hab Mussooree, Dehra, Barrackpore, Sikhim, Bangalore, Assam, Burma, Tenasserim, extending into China and the Malayan region 2 & Length 9-11, exp 16-17 mm.

891 Ceratma moderata, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xl1, 1897

Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured, the punctures shallow and somewhat distantly placed, on the front of the head and face slightly closer and stronger, thorax in front and on the sides and apex, and abdomen with a thin soft pubescence, median segment rounded posteriorly, the enclosed space at base concave, very minutely punctured and rugose. Black, the clypeus, a broad triangular spot above it, an irregular line on each side along the lower part of the inner orbits, the tubercles, the anterior tibiæ above, the intermediate and posterior tibiæ in front, lengthened spots on each side of the 2nd and 3rd, and small round lateral spots on the 4th segment of the abdomen, yellow, the tibiæ with some ferruginous stains, and the tarsi fusco-ferruginous, pubescence fuscous, wings hvaline, nervures testaceous

Hab Mussooree Q Length 5, erp 11 mm Type in coll

Rothney

892. Ceratina beata, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Q Head smooth, with a few shallow punctures, mesonotum, scutellum, postscutellum, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, the punctures very shallow, mesonotum with an abbreviated longitudinally impressed median line anteriorly, median segment short, opaque, rounded posteriorly, with almost a vertical slope to the apex, the enclosed space at its base contracted, punctured and rugose Black, the clypeus, a square mark above it, a Y-shaped mark above that, a line on the inner orbits, a transverse line on the occiput, a broad one on each cheek, the prothorax and tubercles, two short inner parallel and two still shorter lateral divergent lines on the mesonotum, the middle of the scutellum and post-scutellum, the mesopleure below, the mesosternum, the legs, and broad transverse bands on the abdomen, yellow, wings hyaline, nervures testaceous, tegulæ yellow

Var a The clypeus and front up to the anterior ocellus

yellow

Var b The mesonotum without the divergent yellow lines on the disc, the yellow bands on the abdomen narrow, widest in the middle

Hab Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 5-7, exp 9-14 mm

- 893 Ceratina lepida, Smith, New Sp. Hym B M p 92, 3, Dall Torr Cat x, p 199
- 2. Head, thorax, and abdomen shiming, punctured, the punctures larger and more sparse on the face in front and the mesonotum, densest on the abdomen, mediau segment with a large lunate concave space at base, widely reticulate Black, a transverse trilobed spot on the clypeus, a wide subtriangular spot above it, a narrow line along the inner orbits not reaching far above the base of the antennæ, and with the apex below curved inwards, two oblique spots below the anterior ocellus, a broad line on the cheeks, a narrow one on the pronotum, the tubercles, a minute line inside the tegulæ, the base of the scutellum, the anterior femora at apex beneath, a line on the anterior tibiæ above, and narrow transverse fasciæ on the apical margin of abdominal segments 2-5, vellow, the fascia on the 2nd and 3rd segments very widely, and on the 4th narrowly interrupted in the middle, on the 5th segment the fascia is entire and broader than the others, tarsi rufotestaceous, wings hyaline and iridescent

d similar, the apical segment produced in the middle into a tooth, and the sides angulate, intermediate and posterior legs

also variegated with yellow

Hab Northern India (Smith), Dibrugarh, Assam 2 Length 10, exp 18 mm & Length 8, exp 16 mm

- 894 Ceratina simillima, Smith, Cat 11, p 225, Dall Torr Cat x, p 200
- Q Resembles C lepida, but is constantly smaller, the head and thorax with much fewer punctures, the lunate space at base of the median segment very finely minutely punctured, opaque-looking, basal segment of abdomen smooth and polished, rest of the segments very finely and densely punctured. The yellow markings are nearly as in C lepida, but there are in addition two short parallel longitudinal yellow lines on the disc of the mesonotum, and a yellow line (sometimes reduced to two spots) on the apical margin of the basal segment of the abdomen, legs testaceous, variegated with yellowish white, wings hyaline and indescent

Hab East Indies (Smith), Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 6,

exp 11 mm & unknown

Genus ALLODAPE

Allodape, Lepel Encycl Meth, Ins x, p 18 (1825)

Type, A rufogastia, Lepel

Range Africa, the Oriental region, Australia

Head transverse, nearly as wide as the thorax, ocelli three, in a tri-

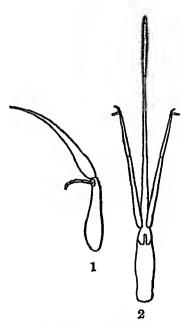


Fig 170 -Allodape (Much 1, maxilla, 2, labium enlarged) After Smith

angle on the vertex, antenna filiform. geniculate, flagellum thickening towards the apex, tongue long, labual palpi 4-jointed, basal two joints clongate, the apical two minute. maxillary palpi 6-jointed, basal joint thick, about as long as the following two, apical three minute, subequal, labrum not notably longer than broad, mandibles narrow, acute Thorax ovate, legs slender, short. wings moderately broad, fore wing with the radial cell constricted towards the apex and appendiculate, two cubital cells, the 1st longer than the 2nd, the 2nd narrowed towards the marginal and receiving both recurrent nervures Abdomen cylindrical, of moderate size

Nothing is known of the nesting habits of the species belonging to this In general appearance they are very like the species of Prosopis, but can be distinguished at once by A cupulitheir elongate tongues fera occurs in company with P fea,

swarming on the wet sands on the banks of streams in Tenasserim

Key to the Species

a Base of 1st abdominal segment depressed in the middle

b Base of 1st abdominal segment not depressed

a' Apical two or three abdominal segments densely punctured

b All the segments of the abdomen smooth, ımpunctate

A cupulifera, p 506

A marginata, p 507.

A parvula, p 507

895 Allodape cupulifera, Vachal, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2*) xiv, 1894, p 447, 3

Head, thorax, and basal abdominal segment smooth and shining, 2nd and following segments punctured, each puncture emitting a short decumbent fuscous hair, labrum slightly exserted, clypeus transverse anteriorly, 1st abdominal segment depressed in the middle, the sides and apical margin narrowly vertically raised Black, the labrum, mandibles, clypeus, a line on the scape of the antennæ in front, and the tubercles yellow, the flagellum of the antennæ piceous, the tegulæ and tarsi flavo-testaceous, wings hyalme

Hab Karen Hills, Burma, Tenasserim & Length 4-5, exp.

 $8 \, \mathrm{mm}$

896 Allodape marginata, Smith, Cat 11, p 230, 2

Q Head with a few scattered punctures, mesonotum smooth, shining, scutellum and median segment delicately punctured, the basal three segments of the abdomen smooth, apical three punctured, the punctures getting more dense towards the apex, clypeus flat, transverse anteriorly Black, a broad nail-shaped spot on the front and clypeus, a line on the pronotum, the tubercles, and the tegulæ of the wings pale cream-colour, the labrum, base of the mandibles, and the apical joints of the tarsi testaceous, the posterior legs covered with a pale glittering pubescence, the apical margins narrowly of segments 1-5 of the abdomen very pale testaceous, wings hyaline and indescent, nervines pale testaceous.

Hab India? (Smith) The type in the British Museum collection is the only specimen I have seen. 2 Length 6; exp.

11 mm.

897. Allodape parvula, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 98. 2

Q. Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth, shining and impunctate; face slightly produced below; clypeus flat, transverse anteriorly; median segment somewhat narrowed and rounded posteriorly, the space at base slightly concave and smooth but opaque, not shining. Black; the face below the base of the antennæ and the clypeus in the middle pale yellow; the labrum, the mandibles, tubercles, apical joints of the tarsi, and the apical margins rather broadly of segments 1-5 rufo-testaceous, the posterior tibiæ and tarsi with pale glittering pubescence, wings hyaline and indescent

Hab Bombay district, probably through a great part of India;

Burma, Tenasserim 2 Length 5-6, exp. 8-11 mm.

Genus HERIADES

Heriades, Spinola, Ins Lig 11, p 7 (1808) Chelostoma, Latr Gen Crust et Ins 17, p 161 (1809) Trypetes, Schenck, Nassau Verein f Naturk, Jah xiv, p 32 (1859) Eriades, Dall Torr & Friese, Entom Nachr xxi, p 69 (1895)

Type, H truncorum, Lann. Range Both hemispheres

Head orbicular, about as wide as the thorax, ocelli in a triangle placed well forward on the vertex, antennæ subclavate, labial palpi 4-jointed, the 1st joint about half the length of the 2nd, the latter acute at apex, the apical two joints minute, at right angles to the 2nd joint, the maxillary palpi 3-jointed, the basal joint short, stout, the 2nd twice as long as the 1st, the 3rd slender, with two setæ at apex, clypeus with the anterior margin generally transverse and bidentate, the labrum beneath anteriorly rounded. Thorax short, broadly oval, fore wing with the radial cell long, subscute at apex, two cubital cells, the 2nd receiving both recurrent nervures, the 1st near its base, the 2nd near its apex. Abdomen elongate, cylindrical, furnished with a dense pollen-brush beneath.

508 APIDÆ

Nothing is known of the habits of the Oriental forms I procured both species on the wet sand by the banks of streams The European species nest in the wood of old posts and rails.

Key to the Species

a 9 length 8-9 mm b 9 length 45-5 mm H aureocincta, p 508 H parvula, p 508

898 Heriades aureocincta, n sp (Pl IV, fig 2)

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and finely punctured, shining, clypeus subtriangular, convex, subemarginate anteriorly, with two not very approximate shining blunt teeth, median segment vertical, rounded posteriorly, not truncate, obscurely medially carnate, the base narrowly impunctate, shining, abdomen with a deep transverse narrow groove close to the base of the 2nd segment Jet-black, the face and legs with a thin covering of pale glittering soft hairs, the scutellum and postscutellum covered with dense fulvo-ferruginous pubescence, and abdominal segments 2–5 with narrow fringes of the same, having a golden lustre, the apical margin of the 1st segment broadly golden testaceous, pollenbrush white, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

Hab Sikhim, 6000 ft, Ta-u plateau, Tenasserim, 4000 ft

Q Length 8-9, exp 16 mm

This species perhaps belongs to the subgenus Chelostoma, Latr

899. Heriades parvula, n sp

Q. Head and thorax coarsely and closely, abdomen more finely punctured, clypeus broad, convex, subtriangular, its anterior margin transverse, median segment longer proportionately than in *H aureometa*, broadly transverse posteriorly, base of the abdomen slightly concave, 2nd segment with a very fine transversely impressed line. Jet-black and shining, the face in front, the thorax on the sides and at the apex of the median segment, and the apical margins of abdominal segments 1–5 covered with white pubescence, forming very fine fringes to the last-named, pollenbrush soft and white, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ very dark brown

Hab. Rangoon, Burma Q. Length 45-5, exp 8 mm

Genus CŒLIOXYS

Cœlioxys, Latr Gen Ciust et Ins. 1v, p 166 (1809) Type, C. conicus, Lann Range. Both hemispheres Head transverse, about as wide as the thorax, or in some





Fig 171 — Calroxys basalis, Q

b2 Front not carmate

species wider, eyes pubescent, ocelli in a triangle on the vertex, antennæ filiform, labial palpi 4-jointed, basal two joints elongate, the 2nd somewhat longer than the 1st, apical two minute, articulated at an angle near aper, maxillary palpi 3-jointed, basal joint shortest, the 2nd thicker, apical joint ovate, labrum elongate, the sides nearly

C capitatus, p 512,

parallel, base broad and produced at the lateral angles. Thorax short, more or less globose, the scutellum with a lateral curved tooth at base, fore wing with an elongate radial cell subscute at apex, two cubital cells subequal in length the 2nd receiving the two recurrent nervures at base and apex respectively; the 1st transverse cubital nervure oblique, the 2nd angled and bent inwards, legs feeble, slight. Abdomen somewhat elongate, conical, the base truncate, acute at apex (2), obtuse dentate (3). The male has also the anterior coxe toothed and the claws bifid

The species of Calibrys are parasitic in the nests of Megachile. I have often watched C basalis alight near the nest of Megachile lanata, while the latter was working, remain perfectly still until the Megachile had gone off to collect fresh pollen, then slip in, turn round, and poke its big head out of the entrance to the nest, which it fairly blocked Sometimes the Calibrys departed before the Megachile had returned, but occasionally remained in the nest with its head blocking up the entrance, and for a long time kept the rightful owner at bay on her return to the nest

Key to the Species

Females

A Ventral plate of apical abdominal segment more or less spoon-shaped a Scutellum long, subangular in middle posteriorly C decipiens, p 510 b Scutellum short, broadly arched in middle posteriorly a' Second and third abdominal segments with deep transverse grooves C fuscipennis, p 511 b' Second and third abdominal segments not grooved C angulatus, p 511 B Ventral plate of apical abdominal segment conical, more or less acutely pointed a Head with rich fulyous pubescence C ducalis, p 512 b Head with snow-white pubescence a' Under 9 mm long a² Front with a medial vertical carina C minutus, p 512

b' Over 11 mm long a² Apical margin of clypeus with fulvous pubescence C basalis, p 513 Apical margin of clypeus with white pubescence

a³ Tarsı with golden pubescence C sexmaculatus, p 513, b3 Tarsı with white pubescence a4 Dorsal and ventual plates of apical abdominal segment equal or nearly equal C cuneatus, p 514. b4 Dorsal plate of apical abdominal segment much shorter than ven-C confusus, p. 514. tral plate

Males

A Apical abdominal segment furnished with	
4 spinous teeth	
a Length 7 mm	C minutus, p 512 C cuneatus, p 514
b Length 11 mm	C cuneatus, p 514
c Length 14 mm	C argentifrons, p 515.
B Apical abdominal segment with 6 spinous	,,,
teeth	
a Scutellum comparatively long, narrowly arched, subangular posteriorly	
arched, subangular posteriorly	C decipiens, p 510
b Scutellum comparatively short, broadly	2 ,1
arched posteriorly	C confusus, p 514
C Apical abdominal segment with 8 spinous teeth	2 72
a Length 65 mm	C capitatus, p 512
b Length 13 mm .	C basalis, p 513

900 Celioxys decipiens (Pl IV, fig 1) Spin Ann Soc Ent Fr vu, 1838, p 532, Q &, Dall Torr Cat. x, p 485 Coelioxys apicata, Smith, Cat 11, p 267

Head and thorax closely and finely, abdomen more minutely and densely punctured, clypeus convex, transverse anteriorly, the lower lateral angles slightly produced, scutellum with a strong triangular lateral tooth, its posterior margin narrowly arched, almost angular in the middle, abdomen with the base of the 2nd and following segments slightly depressed, the dorsal plate of the apical segment constricted towards the apex and sharply carinate down the middle, the ventral plate broad spoon-shaped and rounded at apex, which projects well beyond the apex of the Black, the clypeus, the face to a little above the dorsal plate base of the antennæ, the cheeks and occuput, the sides of the thorax, and the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 narrowly covered with snow-white pubescence, these marginal bands not or scarcely widened laterally, wings hyaline at base, subfuscous for half their length at apex

d similar, smaller, the 3rd abdominal segment above with deeply marked lateral transverse sulcations, the hollows covered with white pile, the apical segment deeply indented at apex and

furnished with six teeth, one on each side at base, thin and acute, four apical, two above and two below, stouter, subequal

Hab Egypt, Aden, Punjab, North-West Provinces, Bengal; Southern India, Burma, Tenasserim, Q Length 11-12, exp. 22-25 mm & Length 10-11, exp 20-22 mm

- 901 Colloxys fuscipennis, Smith, Cat 11, p 266, Q, Dall Torr Cat x, p 487.
- Head and thorax very closely punctured, cribrate, basal abdominal segments finely and closely punctured, 2nd and 3rd segment with a deep transverse groove in the middle above, the sides of the groove smooth and shining, the base of the segments coarsely and the apical margins finely punctured, segments 3-6 finely and closely punctured, clypeus subtriangular, transverse anteriorly, thinly pubescent, scutellum broadly rounded posteriorly, the lateral teeth narrow and acute, apical segment slightly flattened, the dorsal plate subacute, rounded posteriorly, with a medial longitudinal carina, and a broad shallow depression along the lateral and apical margins, ventral plate acutely spoon-shaped, slightly longer than the dorsal plate Black the sides of the face, the front, cheeks, and transverse bands on the apical margins of segments 1-5 of the abdomen with dense, the clypens and legs with thin snow-white pubescence, the transverse bands on the abdomen broadening greatly on the sides and beneath, wings fuscous, subhyaline towards their base

Hab India (Smith), Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 12-13;

exp 21-23 mm & unknown

- 902. Colloxys angulatus, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 192, Q;
 Dall Torr Cat x, p 482
- 2. Head, thorax, and basal abdominal segment strongly and closely, the rest of the abdomen more sparsely and lightly punctured, the punctures on the head and thorax coarse but distinct. not confluent, the apical abdominal segment smooth, almost impunctate above, clypeus broad, transverse anteriorly, the front above the antennæ with a broad but not well-marked vertical carina, the scutellum broadly rounded posteriorly, the lateral teeth acute and bent downwards, abdomen broad, conical, the apical segment comparatively broad, rounded posteriorly; the ventral plate not or scarcely projecting beyond the dorsal plate Black, with white pubescence, dense and shirt on the clypeus anteriorly, the sides of the face, the sides of the thorax, and legs. on the median segment it is slightly longer, abdomen with broad lateral patches of snow-white short pubescence, and fine transverse bands of the same along the apical margins of segments 1-5: wings fusco-hyaline, clearer towards the base

Hab. Mainpuri, NWP 2 Length 11-13, exp. 24 mm

- 903 Colloxys ducalis, Smith, Cat 11, p 267, Q, Dall Torr Cat x, p 485
- Head densely pubescent, thorax very closely and finely punctured, the bases of the abdominal segments, and especially the sides near the base, finely and closely, the apical margins coarsely and more sparsely punctured, the apical segment above dull opaque, very minutely and densely punctured, clypeus subtriangular, its anterior margin widely arched, mesonotum with a medial longitudinal, short and rather obscure carma on the disc posteriorly. an impressed longitudinal line on each side of it and another impressed longitudinal line at both sides near the tegulæ, apical abdominal segment acutely narrowed, the ventral plate longer than the dorsal and chiated on each side with very short stiff hairs, giving it the appearance of being minutely serrate Black, the head covered with a rich fulvous pubescence, slightly fuscous on the posterior margin of the cheeks, antennæ piceous, abdominal segments 2-5 with indications of lateral white pubescent spots at their bases, wings dark fuscous, with a brilliant coppery effulgence

Hab India? (Smith) Q Length 22, exp 39 mm

- 904 Colloxys minutus, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 106, 2, Dall Tori Cat x, p 488
- Q Closely allied to and resembling *C capitatus*, Smith, differs in the head and thorax being more sparsely punctured, the front from beneath the anterior occilius to halfway down the clypeus with a distinct fine carina, the pubescent spots on the mesonotum anteriorly and at the base of the scutellum wanting, the dorsal plate of the apical abdominal segment much shorter than the ventral, both tapering to a point

of similar to the female differs from the male of C capitatus in the apical segment being furnished with only four teeth or

spines and a lateral spine on the 5th ventral segment

Hab Bombay, Malabar, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 75-8, eap 15-16 mm & Length 7, eap 15 mm

- 905 Colloxys capitatus, Smith Cat 11, p 267, \$\rightarrow\$ of , Dall Torr Cat x, p 483
- Q Head and thorax very broad, the former subquadrate, both closely and very coarsely punctured, abdomen acutely conical, more finely punctured, the punctures on the basal segment densest, clypeus flat anteriorly, nearly transverse, scutellum with two minute medial teeth and a large blunt tooth on each side at the lateral angles posteriorly, apical abdominal segment acutely pointed, its dorsal plate medially carinate on its apical half, ventral plate acutely pointed and notched at extreme apex, projecting considerably beyond the dorsal plate Jet-black, the clypeus thinly, the front, cheeks, two spots on the mesonotum anteriorly, two spots at the base of the scutellum, one on each tegula, the sides of the thorax, the legs more or less, and transverse

fasciæ, narrow in the middle, wide laterally, on the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 covered with dense white pile, the legs dark ferruginous, wings hyaline at base, fuscous towards their apical margins

of similar, the legs often black, apical abdominal segment armed with eight spinous teeth, one on each side at base and six

terminal, four above and two below

Hab Northern India, Bengal, Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserim Length 7, exp 13 mm & Length 65, exp 13 mm

- 906 Celioxys basalis, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 48, 3 2, Dall Torr Cat x, p 483
- Head above and thorax closely and finely punctured, with a tendency on the mesonotum to run into irregular striæ, clypeus slightly convex, rounded anteriorly, the space between the antennæ and narrowly up the front to the anterior ocellus raised and medially carinated, scutellum evenly rounded posteriorly, each of its lateral angles furnished with a strong downward-bent toota, abdomen shining, elongate, the base of the segments lightly, the apical half strongly and evenly punctured, the apical segment with its dorsal plate strongly compressed, cylindrical, sparsely and finely punctured, bearing a fine medial longitudinal carina on its apical half, ventral plate also compressed, projecting beyond the dorsal plate, the apex of both dorsal and ventral plates acute Black, the margin of the clypeus with fulvous pubescence, the rest of the clypeus and front, the cheeks, a line over the tegulæ, a tuft behind and beneath them, and the apical margins, slightly widening laterally, of abdominal segments 1-5 covered with snowwhite pubescence the legs with a thin white pile, wings clear hyaline on their basal, dark fuscous with purple effulgence on their apical halves
- o similar, smaller, segments 2-5 of the abdomen with lateral abbreviated transverse grooves near their bases, the apical segment armed with eight teeth, one on each side at base and six terminal, four above and two below, the pubescence on the clypeus entirely white, the pubescent bands on the abdomen widening a good deal laterally

Hab Bengal, Bangalore, Southern India, Burma, Tenasserim. Q Length 15-16, exp 25-26 mm & Length 13, exp 24 mm.

- *907 Colloxys sexmaculatus, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897
- "? Head on the vertex and front, pronotum, mesonotum, scutellum, the basal and the apical segments of the abdomen punctured, coarsely on the mesonotum, more finely and closely on the scutellum, the transverse furrow on the 2nd abdominal segment rugose, the apical segment with a central longitudinal carina, thickening towards the apex, which is depressed on each side of it, the scutellar spines stout Black, the head in front and the sides of the thorax densely covered with snow-white

YOL I. 2 I

pubescence, two spots at the base of the mesonotum, two smaller behind the tegulæ, two at the base of the scutellum, a line on the apical margin of the 1st abdominal segment, a central longitudinal line on its ventral side, and the apical margins of the remaining ventral segments covered with white pubescence, tarsi of the legs with short golden pubescence, wings hyaline at base, fuscous towards the apex

"Hab Barrackpore Q Length 11 mm"

908 Colloxys cuneatus, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 49, Q, Dall. Torr Cat x, p 485

Q. Head and thorax densely and not very coarsely, abdomen more finely and sparsely punctured, punctures on the apical segment above very close and minute, giving it an opaque appearance, clypeus slightly convex and densely pubescent, scutellum short, narrow, very slightly arched posteriorly, nearly transverse, the lateral teeth short and blunt, apical abdominal segment strongly convex for two-thirds of its length from base, the apical third suddenly narrowed, acute at apex and bearing a medial longitudinal carina above, the ventral plate very slightly longer than the dorsal Black, the head in front, clypeus and cheeks, the sides of the thorax, and narrow, transverse, uninterrupted bands on the apical margins of segments 1–5 of the abdomen with dense snowwhite pubescence, wings slightly fuscous, hyaline at base

of similar, the abdomen more densely and finely punctured, the basal three segments with narrow but deep transverse grooves, the apical margins of segments 1-5 narrowly recurved, the apical segment deeply grooved at apex and armed with four teeth, and a

lateral tooth on the 5th ventral segment

Hab Barrackpore, Tenasserim Q Length 11-12, evp. 19-20 mm & Length 11, exp 19 mm

909 Colloxys confusus, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 50, Q, Dall. Torr Cat x, p 484

Q Head and thorax coarsely cribrately punctured, the posterior margin of the scutellum narrowly smooth, abdomen sparsely and finely punctured, the punctures most dense on the basal segment, clypeus slightly convex, very large, transverse anteriorly, scutellum comparatively short, rounded posteriorly, the lateral teeth short and acute, abdomen sharply conical, attenuated at apex, the dorsal plate of the apical segment acute, medially carinated towards apex, with a depression on each side, ventral plate projecting beyond dorsal plate, extremely narrow and fine Black, the clypeus, face, cheeks, sides of the thorax, and legs with a thin white pubescence, a pubescent white spot behind the tegula of each wing and another at the lateral basal angle of the scutellum, wings dark fuscous beyond the 1st cubital cell, hyaline at base

of similar, the apical segment divided by a deep groove at apex and armed with six teeth, the 5th segment with a sharp lateral spine. Hab Lucknow, Barrackpore, Burma, Tenasserim, Cevlon Q. Length 12, exp 22 mm & Length 11, exp 22 mm

- 910. Colloxys argentifrons, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1875, p 48, 3;

 Dall Torr Cat x, p 482
- J. Head, thorax, and abdomen shining, finely punctured, the punctures on the head and thorax very dense and somewhat larger than on the abdomen, the punctures most sparse in the middle of the segments of the latter, clypeus broad, very slightly convex, its anterior margin transverse, scutellum narrowly rounded, almost subangular posteriorly, the lateral teeth broad and blunt, abdomen with segments 2–5 laterally slightly excavated, the hollows transverse and pubescent, the margins of segments 1–5 narrowly smooth, polished, and recurved, the 6th segment produced into two broad teeth with a deep hollow between, the teeth at apex emarginate, the 5th segment with a small lateral tooth beneath Black, the clypeus, face, cheeks, sides of the thorax, sides and apex of the median segment, apical margins and lateral basal hollows of the abdominal segments with snow-white pubescence; wings light fuscous, becoming clear hyaline at base

Hab Barrackpore, Bengal & Length 14, evp 25 mm.

2 unknown

Genus MELECTA.

Melecta, Latr Hist Nat Ins xiv, p 48 (1805) Crocisa, pt, Jurine, Hym p 239 (1807) Symmorpha, Klug, Illig Mag, Ins vi, p 227 (1807)

Type, Melecta luctuosa, Scop Range Both hemispheres

Head transverse, narrower than the thorax, ocelli in a curve on



Fig 172—Melecta himalayana, Q 3

the vertex, antennæ longish, filiform, basal joint of flagellum clavate, labial palpi 4-jointed, basal joint thrice the length of the 2nd, apical two minute, maxillary palpi 5-jointed Thorax subglobose, the scutellum bidentate, fore wing with the marginal cell narrow, rounded both at base and apex, three cubital cells, the 1st the largest, the 2nd very strongly contracted towards the radial, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure past the middle, the 2nd transverse cubital nervure angled and bent inwards, the

3rd cubital cell arched outwards, receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure about the middle, legs moderately long, pubescent, the pubescence dense and short Abdomen conical at apex, truncate at base

So far as I know, no species of *Melecia* has hitherto been recorded from India, and nothing is known of the habits of the one species here described, the European *M luctuosa* is known to be parasitic on *Anthophara*

911. Melecta himalayana, n sp

Q Densely pubescent, the thorax, underneath the pubescence, very closely and finely punctured, the vertex of the head and base of the segments of the abdomen smooth. Head and abdomen, underneath the pubescence, alutaceous, thorax black, the clypeus, the face below the antennæ and along the inner orbits of the eyes, and the thorax covered with long silky pale yellow pubescence, the front below the vertex and a broad transverse stripe between the wings with pale brown pubescence, the antennæ and legs alutaceous, the front of the scape and the outside of the intermediate and posterior legs clothed with brown pubescence, wings hyaline, slightly indescent, with a brownish tint, the nervures and tegulæ brown, abdomen with the base of the 1st and 2nd segments sparsely, their margins and the apical segments densely, clothed with rich ferruginous pubescence

Hab Kumaun, 5000 ft, and probably throughout the Himalayas

at and above that altitude Q Length 14, eap 23 mm

Genus CROCISA.

Crocisa, Jarino, Hym p 239 (1807)

Type, Crocisa histrio, Fabr

Range Europe, Africa, and the Oriental region

Head not so wide as the thorax, transverse, eyes strongly narrowed and contracted above, face below the bases of the antennæ

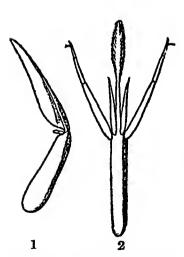


Fig 173 — Crocisa 1, maxilla, 2, labium (Much enlarged)

and the clypeus subporrect, labrum bent downwards at an angle to the margin of the clypeus, mandibles rarrow, simple, acute at apex, mentum and labrum of about equal length, labial palpi 5-jointed, the basal joint elongate, full half the length of the mentum, the 2nd less than half the length of the basal joint, the 3rd half the length of the 2nd, the apical two minute, articulated on one side of apex of 3rd joint, maxillary palpi 2-jointed Thorax short, scutellum flat, produced into a plate posteriorly and emarginate, legs moderately stout wings broad and ample, fore wing with the radial cell narrow, rounded at base and apex, three cubital cells, the 1st measured on the cubital nervure equal in length to the 2nd and 3rd united, the 2nd strongly

constricted towards the radial cell by the very marked curving inwards above of the 2nd transverse cubital nervure, the 3rd subcrescentic, the 3rd transverse cubital nervure having a curve.

CROCISA 517

parallel to the curve of the 2nd transverse cubital nervure, the 2nd and 3rd cubital cells each receive a recurrent nervure past

the middle Abdomen conical, sharply acute at apex

So far as I know, the Indian species of *Crocisa* are parasitic in the nests of *Anthophora* only Though comparatively small, the species are very conspicuous even on the wing, from the blue or white banding or spotting of the abdomen

Key to the Species.

A Fore wing fuscous, with a few hyaline spots on disc

a Scutellum posteriorly with a shallow shaped emargination, pubescence blue

b Scutellum posteriorly with a deep A-shaped emargination, pubescence white

a' Lateral spot on 2nd abdominal segment simple, with no prolongation anteriorly

b' Lateral spot on 2nd abdominal segment with an L-shaped branch prolonged anteriorly

c Scutellum posteriorly with a regular arched and wide emargination

B Fore wing subhyaline, apical margin broadly fuscous

C emarginata, p 517

C histrio, p 518

C ramosa, p 518

C minuta, p 519

C massuru, p 519

- 912 Crocisa emarginata, Lepel Hym 11, p 449, Q & Crocisa decoia, Smith, Trans Int Soc n s 11, 1852, p 41, Q Crocisa elegans, Smith (nec Mocsary), New Sp Hym B M p 107, Q P Crocisa himalay in 115, Rad Bull Soc Nat Mose n s vii, 1894, p 171
- Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured. each puncture, except on the front immediately below the ocelli. emitting a decumbent short hair, often in parts abraded, clypeus slightly convex, the antennal ridge sometimes well developed, sometimes small, the scutellum posteriorly with a --- shaped incision. sometimes deeper, sometimes shallower, but never A-shaped as in Black, the clypeus, the face on each side between and above the bases of the autennæ, the occiput and cheeks, an illdefined spot on each side of the pronotum spreading on to the mesonotum, a medial abbreviated longitudinal streak on the latter, a spot on each side of it, a bent line over the tegulæ (sometimes reduced to a spot) curving round to but not meeting at the apex of the mesonotum, a medial spot above the emargination at the apex of the scutellum, or a spot on each side of the emargination (these spots in the majority of specimens are absent), a large square ill-defined patch under aud a little before the base of the wings, a stripe on each of the tibiæ and tarsi above (the latter stripes very often wanting), two broad lateral spots, emarginate within, on the basal abdominal segment, and elongate maculæ on each

side of the other segments (apical excepted), of dense short pubescence, varying in colour from rich dark blue to pale bluish-white, the inner branches of the emarginations on the 1st abdominal segment often stretching out and forming a continuous broad band at the base of the abdomen, fore wing dark fuscous with a purple effulgence, and a few hyaline spots above the cubital cells, hind wing much paler, sometimes entirely hyaline

of similar, the 6th abdominal segment with or without a

lateral spot of blue pubescence

Hab Sikhim, Calcutta, Bombay, Malabar, Ceylon, Burma, Tenasserim, on the west extending to South Africa, on the east to China and the Malay Archipelago Q Length 10-15, eap 23-28 mm & Length 9-13, eap 24-29 mm

913 Ciocisa histrio

Nomada histrio, Fabr Syst Ent p 388 Crocisa histrio, Dall Torr Cat x, p 320

P Head above the antennæ finely and closely punctured, thorax and abdomen finely and closely accounts, antennal carina prominent, scutellum with a A-shaped incision at apex.



Fig 174 Crocisa histrio, Q

the clypeus thinly, the sides of the face, the cheeks, and a spot on each side on the occiput covered with dense white pubescence, a spot on each side of the pronotum spreading to the mesonotum, a medial short longitudinal line on the latter anteriorly, a spot on each side of it, a spot over each tegula, a spot on it posteriorly, a spot on each side of the mesonotum at apex, a spot beneath the A-shaped incision, a broad

line under the base of the wings reaching posteriorly to the median segment, a broader patch anteriorly on the mesopleuræ, a broad line on the tibiæ and the basal joint of the tarsi above, and lateral spots on abdominal segments 1-5 above, covered with dense snowwhite pubescence, the spot on the 1st segment elongate and produced perpendicularly at its posterior margin, fore wing dark fuscous, with some hyaline spots on the disc, hind wing hyaline, fuscescent at apex

d similar, a lateral spot on the 6th abdominal segment also Hab NW Provinces, Bengal, Southern India 2d Length 15-17, exp 30-34 mm

914 Clocisa ramosa, Lepel Hym 11, p 451, Dall Torr Cat x, p 321

Q & Closely allied to and resembling C histrio, Fabr, but a shorter, broader insect proportionately, the incision on the scutellum posteriorly broader, the face and clypeus more densely pubescent; the lateral spot on the 2nd abdominal segment always produced anteriorly, the wings slightly paler in colour

Hab. Kumaun, Bombay, Madras, Ceylon, Burma Q &. Length 10-13, exp 25-26 mm This is a widespread species, occurring also in Europe, Egypt, Arabia, and South Africa I can find no differences between it and C histrio except those mentioned above, which are constant in a large series examined

- *915 Crocisa minuta, Rad Bull Soc Nat Mosc n s vii, 1894, p 168, Q J, Dall Torn Cat x, p 321
- "? Black Head covered with white pubescence Two large spots on the margin of the thorax, with a longitudinal medial line, two spots on the back and two on the posterior margin, a line bordering the tegulæ, another on the tegulæ, and a third under the wings, all of white pubescence, surface of the scutellum flat, posterior margin widely emarginate Abdomen dull, the posterior margins of the segments with a line of white pubescence interrupted in the middle, on each side of the basal two segments these lines give place to a perpendicular line, the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th ventral segments with, on each side, a spot of white pubescence The tibiæ and two joints of the tarsi above covered with white hairs Anterior wings smoky

"o resembles the female, the 6th abdominal segment with

two white spots

- "Hab Mussooree, NW Provinces, India Q & Length 8 mm"
- 916 Ciocisa massurii, Rad Bull Soc Nat Mosc n s vii, 1894, p 169, Qd, Dall Torr Cat x, p 321
- Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured, pubescent, scutellum with its posterior margin widely and not very deeply emarginate, the emargination forming a perfect arch, in some specimens with a slight further incision in the middle. Black, the head except on the vertex, the pronotum, a line along the sides of the mesonotum passing by the tegulæ and continued along the base of the scutellum a medial line with a spot on each side on the mesonotum anteriorly, a broad band underneath the wings, a broad longitudinal spot on each side of the basal two abdominal segments, each spot on the 1st segment giving out two perpendicular lines not meeting in the middle of the segment above, and that on the 2nd segment giving out one perpendicular line also not meeting above, and elongate spots on each side of the rest of the segments (apical segment excepted) covered with blush-white pubescence, legs variegated on the tibiæ and tarsi above with like pubescence, wings subhyaline, broadly fuscous along their apical margins

d similar, a spot on each side of the 6th segment of bluish-

white pubescence

Hab Mussooree, Kumaun, Sikhim (1800 ft) Q. Length 13; exp 24 mm. & Length 10-115; exp. 21-22 mm

Genus TETRALONIA.

Tetralonia, Spin Ann Soc Ent Fr. vii, p 538 (1838)

Type, T basizona, Spin Range Both hemispheres

Head transverse, not so wide as the thorax, inner orbits of eyes parallel, ocelli almost in a line on the vertex, antennæ filiform, of extraordinary length in the male, clypeus subporrect, labrum prom-



Fig 175 — Tetraloma duvaucelm, & ?

ment, placed at an angle to the clypeus, labial palpi 4-jointed, maxillary palpi 6-jointed. Thorax broad, depressed, fore wing with the marginal cell subacute at apex, the apex not approximate to the costal margin, three cubital cells, the 2nd the smallest, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure near the apex, the 1st transverse cubital nervure oblique, the 2nd almost vertical, the 3rd strongly bent inwards, making the 3rd cubital cell at top about half the length it is below, the 2nd recurrent nervure received very nearly at the

apex of the 3rd cubital cell, legs slight, the posterior tibiæ not so densely pubescent as in the genus Anthophora Abdomen short, broad, depressed, subcordate

Nothing is known of the habits of the two Indian species of

this genus

Key to the Species

a Clypeus yellow ... T duvauceln, p 520 b Clypeus black ... T himalayensis, p 521.

917 Tetralonia duvaucelii, Lepel Hym 11, p 98, o Tetralonia elegans, Snuth, Cat 11, p 302, o, Dall Torr Cat x, p 232

d Head, thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, the clypeus nearly square, very slightly emarginate anteriorly, and very lightly punctured, thorax above under the pubescence closely and more strongly punctured, abdomen with the apical margins of segmen s 1–5 non-pubescent and very finely aciculate. Black; the face below the base of the antennæ, the clypeus, labrum, and mandibles at base yellow, the latter at apex and the 3rd and following joints of the flagellum of the antennæ testaceous red, the face above the bases of the antennæ, the cheeks and occiput, the thorax, and base of the abdomen with pale fulvous-yellow pubescence, that on the legs silvery, base of abdominal segments 2–4 with transverse fasciæ of white, the 5th segment entirely covered with white, and the 6th and apical segments with fuscous pubescence, wings hyaline, faintly clouded at their apical margins

Var The pubescence more or less fulvous

Hab India (Smith), Kumaun (Miss A Biook), Bombay. S. Length 10-11, exp 18 mm Q unknown.

918 Tetralonia himalayensis, n sp

d Head and thorax densely pubescent, abdomen nearly bare (probably due partly to attrition), head and the disc of the mesonotum under the pubescence closely and somewhat coarsely punctured, base of the 1st abdominal segment rather coarsely, of the remaining segments finely and densely punctured, clypeus widely emarginate anteriorly, antennæ moniliform, as long as the thorax and abdomen united Black, the pubescence on the face below the base of the antennæ sordid white, on the head above, thorax, legs, and base of the abdomen fulvous-brown, abdominal segments 2-4 at base above with traces of white pubescent fasciæ, wings hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Kumaun (Miss A Brook) of Length 13; eap 24 mm.

2 unknown Type in the British Museum

Genus HABROPODA

Habrophora, Smith, Cat 11, p 318 (1854) Habropoda, Smith, t c p 320 (note)

Type, H zonatula, Smith Range Both hemispheres

Head transverse, the front below the base of the antennæ and the clypeus raised, subporrect, the labrum bent at an angle to the clypeus, the antennæ filiform, the ocelli in a triangle on the vertex

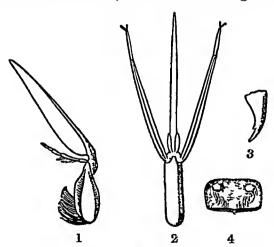


Fig 176—Habropoda 1, Maxilla, 2, labium, 3, mandible 4, labrum (Much enlarged)

eyes in the male proportionately larger and closer together than in the female, labial palpi 4-jointed, the basal joint equal in length to the 2nd, the apical two minute, articulated to the side near the apex of the 2nd joint, maxillary palpi 6-jointed, the basal joint much shorter than the 2nd, the 3rd slightly longer than the 1st,

the apical three joints each in succession shorter than the preceding. Thorax broad, orbicular or ovate, legs stout, in the female the posterior tibiæ flattened with their apex above produced on the inside of the basal joint of tarsi*, in the male posterior femora more or less swollen, posterior tibiæ flattened with their apex beneath produced, fore wing with the radial cell long, the apex acute in females, rounded in the males, three cubital cells, the 2nd and 3rd subequal, the 2nd more or less quadrate, the 1st recurrent nervure interstitial with the 2nd transverse cubital nervure, the 2nd recurrent nervure received very nearly at the apex of the 3rd Abdomen broad at base, acutely conical at apex cubital cell

Nothing is on record of the habits of the Indian species, but

they probably resemble those of Anthophora

Key to the Species †

a Pubescence hoary white, in some specimens fuscous grey

b Pubescence pale fulvous

a' Abdomen entirely pale honey-yellow
b' Abdomen black, margins of segments 1-6 and whole of 7th testaceous

H radoszkowsku, p 522.

H moeller, p 523 H magnettn, p 523

919 Habropoda radoszkowskii

Habropoda montana, Rad (nec Cress) Wradom z nauk Przyrod 1882, pt 11, p 76

Podalirius 1adoszkowskii, Dall Ton Cat v, p 285

Head above, the thorax, and abdomen densely, the face below the base of the antennæ and the clypeus thinly pubescent, the last rugosely punctured, bearing a short medial vertical carina



Fig 177 Habropoda radoszkowsku, D

at base, the apex margined, and just above it in the middle a small bare triangular space, sometimes slightly depressed and often reduced much in size, the posterior tibiæ much flattened, and bare and smooth on the inside, the apex produced over and on the inside of the basal joint of the tarsi, abdomen broad, acutely conical at apex Black, the triangular spot on the clypeus pale yellow, pubescence

from hoary to fuscous-grey, turning to ferrugmous towards the apex of the abdomen above, on the outside of the intermediate and posterior tibiæ and of all the tarsi it is very dense and glittering bright ferruginous, wings fusco-hyaline, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

^{*} I have described the characters as found in the Indian species † A key to the males 'only can be given, as the female of but one species is known

& similar, the legs longer, the yellow spot on the clypeus elongate, becoming almost a medial streak, the apical margins of abdominal segments 1-5 broadly pale testaceous, the posterior femora very slightly swollen, each posterior tibia produced at its inferior apex into a compressed, thin, rounded plate

Hab The Himalayas from Sikhim to Simla, above 4000 feet.

Q ♂ Length 13-16, exp 29-35 mm

920 Habropoda magrettu, n sp (Pl IV, fig 6)

d Head, legs, and abdomen thinly, thorax densely pubescent, the pubescence fine, long and soft on the last, clypeus convex, bell-shaped, margined anteriorly, not carinate down the middle, vertex round the region of the ocelli, the thorax and abdomen underneath the pubescence densely and finely punctured, legs long and stout, posterior femora swollen, posterior tibia flattened, their apex beneath produced and bluntly rounded Black, the clypeus, sides of the face below the base of the antenna, the labrum, and base of the mandibles bright yellow, the scape, the 2nd joint of the flagellum of the intenna, and the legs dark honey-yellow, the basal, the 3rd and following joints of the flagellum fulvous brown, the apical margins broadly of the basal six and the whole of the 7th abdominal segment light pale testaceous, the pubescence entirely very pale fulvous, wings light flavohyaline

Hab Kumaun & Length 13, erp 24 mm Q unknown

921 Habropoda moelleri, n sp

d Head, legs, and abdomen thinly, thorax densely pubescent, the pubescence fine, long and soft on the last, clypeus convex, twice as high as broad, bell-shaped, margined anteriorly and bearing a slight medial vertical carina, vertex of the head shining, somewhat closely punctured round the region of the ocelli; legs stout and long, the posterior femora swollen, the posterior tibia flattened, the apex beneath triangularly produced. The head in front, the clypeus, the scape of the antennæ, the legs, and abdomen honey-yellow, the vertex of the head and the thorax underneath the dense pubescence black, the sides of the face by the clypeus, the labrum, and base of the mandibles pale yellow, the apex of the mandibles castaneous brown the flagellum of the antennæ light fuscous brown, the pubescence entirely pale fulvous, wings light flavo-hyaline

Hab Native Sikhim, above 8000 feet of Length 14; exp.

27 mm 2 unknown

Genus ANTHOPHORA.

Podalirius, Latr (nec Lamarch) Hist Nat Ins in, p 378 (1802) Anthophora, Latr Hist Nat Ins xiv, p 45 (1804)

Type, A pulipes, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head transverse, not quite so wide as the thorax; ocelli in an isosceles triangle on the vertex, antennæ short, the scape shorter

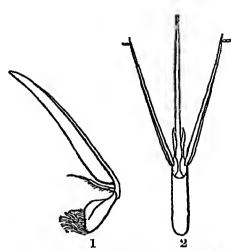


Fig 178 — Anthophora 1, maxilla, 2, labium (Much enlarged)

than the 2nd joint of the flagellum; clypeus strongly produced and convex, labrum subquadrate, anterior margin widely rounded, nearly transverse, tongue elongate, labial palpi 4-jointed, the basal joint three times length of 2nd joint, apical two minute. maxillary palpi 6-jointed, basal joint short, 2nd joint the longest, 3-6 decreasing gradin length, filiform Thorax ovate, fore wing with the radial cell broad, rounded at apex and appendiculate, acute at the inner angle, three cubital cells, the 1st and 3rd subequal, the 2nd narrowed at top, sometimes pentagonal.

receiving the 1st recurrent nervure in the middle, the 3rd cubital cell rounded outwardly and receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure near its apex, legs short, posterior tibiæ and basal joints of the tarsi in the female densely pubescent, intermediate tarsi in some species with tufts of hair on the apical joint above the claws Abdomen broad, slightly ovate, sometimes densely pubescent, sometimes with only pubescent fasciæ on the apical margins of the segments.

The species of Anthophora as a rule make their nests in the ground. I once found a whole colony of A cingulata, Fabr. burrowing into the hard beaten earth under a forest bungalow in

Burma

Key to the Species

A Abdomen with distinct transverse pubescent fasciæ above

a Basal abdominal segment without a fascia

a' Abdominal segments 4 and 5 only with a fascia

b' Abdominal segments 2-5 with a fascia
b Basal abdominal segment with a fascia

a' Fasciæ of metallic blue scale-like

a² Pubescence on thomax above bluish grey

grey
b² Pubescence on thorax dull rufofulvous

b' Fasciæ of white pubercence

a² Abdomen beneath ferruginous

A bicincta, p 525 A crocea, p 526

A cingulata, p 526

A zonata, p 527

A niveocincta, p 527

b² Abdomen beneath black

a' Pubescence on thorax fulvous, or cinereous mixed with black hairs

b3 Pubescence on thor x ochraceous, often griseous

c' Fascae of rich fulvous, ferruginous or fulvous-white pubescence

 a^2 Length 16-17 mm

b2 Length under 12 mm

a³ Abdominal fasciæ fulvous white, length 10-12 mm

b³ Abdominal fasciæ rich fulvous, length 7–8 mm

B Abdomen without distinct transverse pubescent fasciæ above

a Pubescence on abdomen quite or nearly unicolorous

a' Thorax with grey pubescence above

b' Thorax with pile ochraceous, almost white pubescence above

c' Thorax with black or fuscous pubescence above

d' Thorax with fulvous pubescence above

b Pubescence on the abdomen markedly not unicolorous

a' Basal two abdominal segments with fulvous, remaining segments with black pubescence

b' Basal (basal two 6) abdominal segments with pale othraceous or pale golden yellow, remaining segments with flame-red (sometimes yellow) pubescence A confusa, p 528

A fallar, p 528

A insularis, p 529

A. quadrifasciata, p 529

A fraterna, p 529

A fimbriata, p 530

A candida, p 531

A wolacea, p 531

A brookie, p 532

A himalayensis, p 532

A pulcher ma, p 532

922 Anthophora bicincta

Apis bicineta, Fabr Syst Ent 11, p 338 Podalirius bicinetus, Dall Torr Cat x, p 259

P Head, thorax, and abdomen minutely and very densely punctured, clypeus somewhat flat, transverse, and margined



Fig 179—Anthophora bicincta, L

anteriorly Black, the base of the mandibles, the labrum, a broadish transverse submarginal line on the clypens, another vertical medial line at right angles to it, and a transverse broadly triangular spot above its base pale creamy white, the apical margin of the 1st abdominal segment broadly, of the 2nd narrowly rufo-testaceous, the vertex of the head, the thorax above, the anterior legs entirely, the coam, femora, and tibim of the intermediate and posterior legs, and broad

transverse bands on the apical margins of the 4th and 5th abdominal segments, with the sides of the apical segment, covered

526 ATIDÆ

with white pubescence, wings fusco-hyaline, paler towards the

apical margins

3 similar, but the white parts on the clypeus broader, the pubescence slightly fulvous on the thorax, the 6th segment of the abdomen with a transverse pubescent white band on its apical margin, wings paler

Var Q of with a pubescent white lateral spot on abdominal

segments 2 and 3

Hab Allahabad, Calcutta, Bangalore, Madras Q Length 12-13; evp 24 mm & slightly smaller

923. Anthophora crocea, n sp

d. Head and thorax densely pubescent, finely and closely punctured, the scutellum more sparsely punctured, abdomen impunctate. the bases of the segments broadly and more or less densely pubescent. the apical margin of the first segment smooth and shining, of the 2nd to the 5th with broad pubescent bands. Black, the mandibles at base and the labrum pale yellow, the latter with an obscure fuscous spot at each basal lateral angle, clypeus darker yellow, with two divergent abbreviated black lines at base, a transverse triangular spot above the clypeus, and the front of the scape pale yellow; the head and thorax above with dense griseous pubescence. the pubescence on the anterior legs pale ochraceous, on the intermediate and posterior legs and abdomen jet-black, the apical margin of the 1st segment narrowly testaceous, of segments 2-5 with broad transverse bands of fine pale yellowish green scale-like hairs, 6th and apical segments with entirely black pubescence, wings fusco-hyaline

Hab Pegu Hills, Burma. & Length 12, exp 24 mm

924. Anthophora cingulata

Andrena cingulata, Fabr Syst Ent p 378 Podahrus cingulatus, Dall Torr Cat x, p 263

Q of Head and thorax densely, clypeus, face below the antennæ and the bases of the abdominal segments thinly pubescent, the head and thorax finely punctured underneath the pubescence bases of the abdominal segments finely aciculate labrum (except a lateral spot at base and the apical margin very narrowly), a spot at base of the mandibles, a subapical line on the clypeus, a medial line broadening from above downwards at right angles to the subapical line, and a small triangular spot above the base on each side of the clypeus, pale yellowish white, the head and thorax with bluish-grey pubescence having an admixture of black hairs, a tuft of white pubescence on each side of the median segment; the legs covered with bluish-white pubescence above, black beneath, the posterior tibize with long snow-white pubescence above and an abbreviated line of black pubescence above near its base, abdomen clothed with thin black pubescence, the apical margins of segments 1-4(2), 1-5(3) with broad transverse bands of bright metallic blue scale-like hairs, antennæ black, wings light fusco-hyaline, nervures and tegulæ dark brown

Hab Sikhim, Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, the Malayan region to Australia 2 & Length 14-15, exp 25-26 mm

- 925 Anthophora zonata (Pl IV, fig 4) Apis zonata, Linn Syst Nat (ed 10) 1, p 576 Anthophora subcærulea, Lepel Hym 11, p 30, \$\rightarrow\$ of Podalirius zonatus, Dall Torr Cat x, p 296
- Head and thorax densely, clypeus and the bases of the abdominal segments thinly pubescent, the head and thorax finely and closely punctured under the pubescence, the bases broadly of the abdominal segments finely aciculate Black; the labrum, base of the mandibles, sides and apical margin of clypeus, with a narrow medial line on the same, yellowish white, the labrum with a lateral spot and a line along its base black, a small transverse triangular spot above the base of the clypeus and the front of the scape of the antenna pale vellowish white, the front and vertex above the base of the antennæ, and the thorax above clothed with dull rufofulyous pubescence mixed with black hairs and with the apex of many of the other hairs black, legs covered with a thin cinereous pubescence, the cheeks behind the eyes, the head and thorax beneath, and the posterior tibia above with snow-white pubescence, the last with a short line of black hairs at base dividing the white, the pubescence on the abdomen black, the apical margins of segments 1-4 with transverse bands of metallic blue scale-like hairs, wings nearly clear hyaline, sometimes with a fulvous tint, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

of similar, the clypeus entirely yellowish white with two diver-

gent broad curved spots at base black

Var The bands on the abdomen not shiming metallic blue, but

dull and somewhat greyish

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Tenasserim, and Ceylon, extending through the Malay regions to Australia 2 & Length 11-13, exp. 21-25 mm

- *926 Anthophora niveo-cincta, Smith, Cat 11, p 337, Q ? Andrena fasciata, Fabr Syst Ent p 377 Podalirius niveocinctus, Dall Torr Cat x, p 279
- "2 Length 5 lines (= about 11 mm)—Black, a triangular spot above the clypeus, the clypeus, the face on each side, the labrum and mandibles, and a spot on the scape in front yellow; the clypeus has on each side at base an elongate quadrate spot, and its anterior margin narrowly black, the labrum has a fuscous spot on each side at base, the apex of the mandibles and the flagellum ferruginous, the pubescence on the face and che els white, on the vertex and disc of the thorax it is pale fulvous, the tips of the hairs being black, the pubescence on the sides of the thorax beneath, and also on the metathorax, white, the legs ferruginous above, densely covered with white pubescence, beneath it is black. Abdomen, the margins of the segments have a fascia of

white pubescence, the fifth is covered with the same, the apex fuscous, beneath the abdomen is ferruginous

"Hab India (Smith)"

Fabricius's A fasciata so far as the description goes corresponds with the description of the above species, but I have failed to identify either A fasciata or A niveo-cincta

927 Anthophora confusa, Smith, Cat 11, p 337, P

P Anthophora vigilans, Smith, 2nd Yark Miss, Hym p 6, & (nec Smith, Jour Linn Soc 1861, p 92)

Podalirius confusus, Dall Toir Cat x, p 264

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen closely and finely punctured, head above and thorax densely pubescent. Black, the base of the mandibles, and the labrum, except a spot at each basal lateral angle, pale yellowish, clypeus black, a spot on each side, a transverse triangular spot above, and a medial comparatively broad line pale yellowish white, the margin also narrowly white in some specimens, pubescence on the vertex of the head and on the thorax above cinereous, sometimes fulvous, mixed with black hairs, on the cheeks and beneath and on the posterior femora behind white, legs with black pubescence, on the posterior tibile above snowwhite, with an abbreviated black stripe at base, abdomen covered with a thin black pubescence, the apical margins of the basal four segments with fasciae of white pubescence, wings fusco-hyaline

of similar, smaller, the clypeus with broader yellow markings, the 5th abdominal segment with a transverse pubescent fascia on

its apical margin

Hab Barrackpore, Sikhim, Bombay, Burma, Tenasserim, Ladák Q Length 13-15, exp 23-26 mm & Length 11-12, exp 21-23 mm

- 928 Anthophora fallax, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 120, Q of Anthophora lucknoviensis, Rad Windom z nauk Przyrod 1882, 11, p 76
 Podalirius fallax, Dall Torr Cat x, p 267
- Q Head above on the vertex and the clypeus somewhat sparsely and finely punctured, the front, thorax, and transverse bands on the abdomen densely pubescent, the bases of the abdominal segments finely transversely acculate Black, the mandibles at base, labrum, and clypeus pale yellow, the last with two large contiguous quadrate maculæ at base, the front, the vertex, and thorax above with black-tipped ochraceous, very often griseous pubescence, that on the face below the antennæ, on the cheeks, and on the thorax beneath whitish, legs with griseous pubescence on the outside, black on the inside, abdominal segments 1-4 with a transverse pubescent white fascia on the apical margin, apical two segments with black pubescence, wings subhyaline, nervures brown, tegulæ testaceous
- of similar, the front of the scape of the antennæ yellow, the pubescence on the thorax darker ochraceons, abdominal segments 1-6 with transverse pubescent white fasciæ

Hab. Western India; Allahabad, Burma, Tenasserim; Ceylon.

Beyond India in Southern and Western Africa 2 & Length 8-10, crp 17-21 mm

- 929 Anthophora insularis, Smith, Tour Linn Soc 1858, p 48, P Podalirius insularis, Dall Toir Cat x, p 273
- Q Head at the back, the cheeks, thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, the pubescence long and erect on the thorax, short, scale-like, and pilose on the abdomen, the front and vertex of the head with a sparse covering of longish liairs, finely punctured beneath it, clypeus medially carinate. Black, the labrum except a narrow border all round, a L-shaped mark on the clypeus a transverse triangular spot above it, and the scape of the antennæ in front pale yellow, pubescence rich ferruginous, mixed with griseous and black on the head and thorat, the cheeks and the thorax beneath with white, and the posterior tibre and intermediate and posterior tarsi with jet-black pubescence, antennæ piceous, the bases of abdominal segments 2-4 and all the 5th and 6th black, wings flavo-hyaline, fuscescent towards the apical margins.

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, Cevlon, Borneo, spreading down the Malay region 2 Length 16-17, exp 30 mm of unknown

930 Anthophora quadrifasciata

Apis quadrifasciata, Villers, Linn Ent in, p 319 Centris midulans, Fabr Syst Piez p 357 Podahrius quadrifasciatus, Dall Torr Cat x, p 284

A Head, thorax, and abdomen more or less densely pubescent, the labrum, clapeus, front of the head, and the bases of the abdominal segments finely and closely punctured, the punctures shallow Black, the head and front with cineieous, the thorax above and the outside of the posterior tibies with fulvous pubescence, paler on the tibies, the inside of the legs, the base of the basal four abdominal segments, and the whole of the 5th and 6th segments clothed with thin black pubescence, the apical margins of segments 1—4 broadly with pale fulvous-white pubescence, the labrum, the clapeus, and a transverse triangular spot above the latter pale yellowish white, a minute spot at each lateral bisal angle of the labrum, and two large subquadrate contiguous spots at the base of the clapeus black, wings pale fusco-lyaline

of similar, a whitish pubescent fascia on the 5th abdominal

segment

This is the common Indian form, but the species is very variable and the pubescence on the thorax may be any shade from fulvous to grey-blue, and the fasciæ on the abdominal segments are sometimes fulvous

Hab Spread from Central and Southern Europe, through Atrica to India, Burma, and Ceylon Q & Length 10-12, exp 19-22 mm

931 Anthophora fraterna, n sp

of Head on the vertex somewhat coarsely, the thorax and NOL I

abdomen finely punctured, the front between and above the antennæ, the sues of the vertex, the thorax above and on the lides, the basal abdominal segment entirely, and transverse bands on the apical margins of segments 2-6 covered with more or less dense pubescence, legs long, with a thin fine pubescence on the outer side, the intermediate and posterior femora fringed with long hairs, and a brush-like tuft of coarser hairs beneath and spreading out laterally on the apical joint of the intermediate tarsi. Black, the pubescence rich fulvous, golden yellow on the front and pale on the posterior tibiæ, on the anterior and intermediate legs and on the apical joint of the intermediate tarsi jet-black, the base of the mandibles and the labrum pale yellowish white, the clypeus and front of the scape of the antennæ sulphur-yellow, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Tenasserim & Length 7-8, eap 15 mm. Q unknown

932 Anthophora fimbriata, Smith, New Sp. Hym. B. M. p. 122, Q. Podalîrius fimbriatus, Dall. Torr. Cat. x, p. 268

P Head and thorax pubescent, closely and finely punctured under the pubescence, which on the clypeus and front below the



Fig 180 Anthophora fimbriata, P +

antennæ is thin and sparse, and on the vertex of the head and on the thorax dense but not very long, abdomen smooth, dull, the surface minutely acculate, clypeus strongly convex, transverse anteriorly and margined Black, the base of the mandibles, the labrum (except the anterior margin and a large black spot on each side at its base), a spot at each lateral angle of the clypeus joined by a transverse line, an elongate cone-shaped median spot, and

a transverse triangular spot above the base of the clypeus white, the front, vertex of the head, and thorax above with grey, the cheeks, the sides of the thorax in front, the anterior legs, and the median segment with white pubescence, thin and sparse on the legs, dense and long on the median segment, abdomen with a little black pubescence along the sides, and in fresh specimens with a little hoary pile on the apical two segments, intermediate and posterior legs with black pubescence, very dense and long on the outside of the posterior tibiæ and tarsi, wings dark fuscous, with a slight purple effulgence

& similar, the yellow-white on the labrum and clypeus broader, the legs longer, the wings paler, the apical three segments of the

abdomen above with thin white pubescence

Hab Sylhet, Pegu Hills, Burma, Tenasserim Q Length 18-20, exp 36-39 mm & Length 16; exp 34 mm

933 Anthophora candida, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 122, Q Podahrus candidus, Dall Torr Cat x, p 262

Head above the clypeus, the thorax and abdomen covered with dense short pubescence, the disc of the mesonotum under the pubescence closely and irregularly punctate-striate, clypeus and labrum bare, shining, punctured, the punctures fine and very shallow Black, covered with dense short pale ochraceous pubescence, the extreme apex of the abdomen, the intermediate tibiæ and tarsi beneath, and the posterior tibix and tarsi above and below with jet-black pubescence, on the last forming a striking contrast to the othraceous white of the pubescence on the femora. clypeus, labrum, and base of the mandihles pale yellowish white, two large maculæ at the base of the clypeus and a spot at the lateral basal angles of the lahrum fuscous, the apical margin of the clypeus, and also of the labrum, and the apex of the mandibles ferruginous, antennæ piceous, in some specimens there is a broad longitudinal line of pale ferruginous pubescence along the middle of the posterior tibia above, wings vitreous or clear hyaline with a slight milky appearance

of similar, smaller, the legs longer and more slender, the black spots on the clypeus nearly obsolete, no black pubescence at the

apex of the abdomen

Hab The Punjab, Quetta, extending into Persia Q Length 11, exp 22 mm & Length 9, exp 18 mm

934 Anthophora violacea, Lepel Hym 11, p 80, 2 o Podalirius violaceus, Dall Torr Cat x, p 294

Q Clypeus and front below the anterior occilius somewhat coarsely and closely, vertex of the head and the thorax above finely and densely punctured, abdomen smooth, the surface finely aciculate, clypeus convex, transverse and margined anteriorly, and bearing a medial shining carina. Black, the sides of the face, the vertex, the thorax, and median segment above, the legs, and sides of the thorax and of the abdomen covered with fuscous pubescence, on the median segment in some specimens there is an admixture of white hairs in the pubescence, giving it a greyish appearance, wings very dark fuscous, with a rich purple effulgence

3 similar, the clypeus not carnate, a spot on the mandibles at base, the labrum, and clypeus pale creamy white, the anterior, lateral, and basal margins, and the basal angles of the labrum, the anterior margin narrowly of the clypeus, and a broad, somewhat irregular Λ-shaped mark on its disc black, antennæ piceous, posterior margins of the abdominal segments rufo-testaceous, wings

much paler than in the Q

Hab Bengal, NW Provinces, Delhi, Bombay, Central India, Bangalore, Madras, Ceylon Q Length 17-18, exp 35 mm. Length 16, exp 32 mm

- 935 Anthophora brookiæ, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc v, 1890, p 250, Q
- Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and closely punctured and pubescent, the pubescence dense and somewhat long on the head and thorax above, very sparse on the clypeus and front, and very short, fine, pile-like, and thin on the abdomen, clypeus strongly convex, and with a short median longitudinal carina. Black, the base of the mandibles, the labrum, clypeus, and a transverse broadly triangular spot above it pale yellow, the anterior margin and a lateral basal spot on the labrum, and two large quadrate maculæ at the base of the clypeus black, the vertex of the head, the cheeks, and the thorax above with rich fulyous pubescence, the thin pile on the abdomen, and the pubescence on the outside of the legs pale fulvous in some specimens, fading to white on the apical margins of the abdominal segments, the pubescence on the inside of the legs and the antennæ black wings hvaline, fusco-hyaline in some specimens, nervuies and tegulæ testaceous

Hab Kumaun, Karennee, 3000 feet Q Length 15-16, exp 28 mm

- 936 Anthophora himalayensis, Rad Wiadom z nauk Przyrod 1882, pt 11, p 74, Dall Torr Cat x, p 272
- Q Head above and the cheeks, the thorax, and the legs exteriorly densely pubescent, the pubescence on the front and clypeus thin and scanty, the clypeus closely punctured anteriorly, margined, and bearing a medial vertical carina very smooth and shining, basal two abdominal segments covered with a dense short pubescence, apical four segments pruinose velvety, inside of the femora and tibiæ smooth and shining, without pubescence Head and thorax under the pubescence fulvous, the pubescence rich fulvous, legs and abdomen black, the pubescence on the legs outside and on the basal two abdominal segments rich fulvous, antennæ testaceous, wings flavo-hyaline, their apical margins broadly fuscescent

of similar, legs longer and more slender, antennæ longer,

wings more suffused with a fuscescent shade

Hab The Himalayas, from Simla to Sikhim, at low elevations, the hills of Burma and Tenusserim Common Q & Length 16-18, exp 32-35 mm

937. Anthophora pulcherrima, n sp (Pl IV, fig 5)

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen pubescent, finely punctured under the pubescence, abdomen broader and flatter than in the majority of species Black, the front and vertex of the head, the thorax above, the posterior tibue on the outside, and the basal abdominal segment covered with pale golden yellow, the remaining abdominal segments above with rich flame-red pubescence, the pubescence on the thorax and abdomen long, soft, and silky, on

the labrum and front of the face erect and stiff, legs for the most part with pale ochraceous, and the thorax beneath with white pubescence, mandibles, clypeus, labrum, and antennæ black wings hyaline, slightly fuscescent and iridescent towards the apex, nervures and tegulo dark brown

of similar, smaller, the labrum and clypeus pale yellow, the pubescence on the head, thorax, legs, and basal two abdominal

segments pale ochraceous

Var The pubescence much paler, that on the apical three

abdominal segments golden yellow, not red

Q Length 14, exp 27 mm d Length 12. Hab Sikhim ea. 22 mm *

Genus XYLOCOPA.

Xylocopa, Latr Hist Nat Ins 111, p 379 (1802) Mesotricha, Westw Trans Lut Soc u, p 112 (1837) Platynopoda, Westw Nat Libr, Ins vii, p 271 (1840)

Type, X violacea, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head transverse, subrotund, ocelli in a triangle just below the vertex, eyes larger in the male and more closely approximate at vertex than in the female, antennæ geniculate, the scape sometimes dilated or incrassate, the flagellum cylindrical, apical joint obliquely truncate, mandibles short, stout, grooved exteriorly, the aper with two, sometimes three teeth, maxillary palpi † 6-jointed, basal three joints thick, long, apical three slender and short, each in succession decreasing in length, labial palpi 4-jointed, basal joint nearly five times the length of the 2nd joint, apical two minute, inserted in a line with the other joints Thorax short, fore

^{*} The following species described by the late General Radoszkowski in a Polish work I have not been able to identify -

[&]quot;ANTHOPHORA FADDEL

[&]quot;Nigra, clypeo dense punctato linea elevata longitudinali, labro rugoso. capite, thorace antice, sub alis albo-villosis, abdominis segmentis quatuor anticis niveo-fuciatis, fascus omnibus latissime interruptis, pedibus nigro-hirsutis.— Alis fortiter fumntis Femina Long 16 mm Pichpek" (? Himalayas)

[&]quot;ATTHOPHORA INDICA

[&]quot;Nigra, clipeo, labroque eburneis nigro-maculatis, mandibulis eburneomaculatis, abdominis segmentis 1-5 utrinque niveo-maculatis, pedibus nigrohirsutis -Alis fortiter fumatis Mas Long 13 mm. India"

[&]quot;ANTROPHORA NUDA

[&]quot;Nigra, elipeo stramineo nigro-inculato, antennis subtus cinnamonicis, labro stramineo-villoso, thorace Intescenti-villoso, abdominis segmentis 1-2 nudis, luteo-ferrugineis, omnibus strammeo-fasciatis, pedes ochracei lutescentivillosi — Alis subiuscis Fem Long 14 mm Himalayas" Rad Windom z nauk Przyrod, Warszana, n., 1882, pp 74-75

[†] The head from the front, the maxilla, and laboum are figured in the Intro duction

wing with the radial cell elongate, acute at apex; three cubital cells, the 3rd longest, 2nd subtriangular, the inner angle produced, the 1st recurrent nervure interstitial with the 2nd transverse cubital nervure, the 3rd cubital cell receives the 2nd recurrent nervure about the middle; anterior and intermediate tibiæ with one apical spur, flat and obliquely truncate at apex on the anterior tibiæ,



Fig 18] Xylocopa dissimilis, Q

of 1, posterior leg, 2, face from front, 3, mandible

posterior tibie and tarsi always densely pubescent, the former with two simple spines at apex, legs of male generally elongate, the posterior femora sometimes curved and subdentate below. Abdomen either elongate or broad and flat, fringed with long hairs on the

sides of the segments

Several species of Xylocopa are among the commonest insects in India and Burma, often coming into houses with a loud buzzing in thatched houses they frequently bore into the bamboos laid below the thatch, cutting neat round holes as entrances to their nests. Their jaws must be very powerful, as I have seen the iron-wood posts in the veranda of a house in Burma riddled with the holes made by X latipes, the insects were going in and out all day long with pollen. X rufescens is crepuscular, on fine moonlight nights its loud buzzing can be often heard all night long. The males of all the species generally poise themselves on the most conspicuous point of a branch, awaiting the females.

Key to the Species.

F'emales

A With black or sooty-brown pubescence

a Length 30 mm and over

a' Scape of antennæ distinctly flattened and broad at apex

b' Scape of antennæ cylindrical

b Length under 30 mm

a' Wings fuscous with rich coppery bronze effulgence, not blue or green X latipes, p 536 X tenuiscapa, p 537

XTLOCOPA
a ² Abdomen very convex, nearly as X neutrpennis, p 537 broad as long broad as long and broad as long and broad as long and broad as long and broad as long as a suctification of the same as a successful as a s
James very
Abdomen vot so convex, long and broad as long Abdomen not so convex, long and Abdomen not so convex, long and Abdomen not so convex, long and X pictifrons, p 538 Named as long world at base with
b2 Abdom only about hose with
אווויי בייין אווייי אווייים אווייים אווייים אווייים אווייים אוויים אוויי
b' Wings fuscous purple at base with broad as long b' Wings fuscous purple at base with l' Wings fuscous purple at base with l' Wings fuscous purple at turning l' Wings fuscous purple at apex l' Adustion, only another with long fuscous purple at base with long fus
matelilly R
to metallic green to metallic green a Length 23-24 mm b Length 27-29 mm Length 27-29 mm Kings fuscous with dull purple efful X nigrocæi ulea, p 539
a ² Aldomen black mm
Abdomen black Abdomen black Abdomen black Abdomen black Abdomen black Abdomen black X discuss
di Willos then metaling red at aper
d' Wings fuscous, deep reen, follow a fuscous, then metallic green, follow hase, then metallic green, follow hase, then metallic green, follow and black pubescence and black pubescence and black pubescence and black pubescence are assurant, p 540
D With yellow with yellow hard
a Thorax sometimes also purchase also purcha
thought a with Jon
antenuis antenuis
b Occipul, abdominal segment, the sides of thorax under the wings of thorax under the wings of thorax under the sprending to the sides of thorax under the wings of the wings of thorax under the wings of the wings of thorax under the wings of thorax under the wings of the wings
nubeaccus-
With black and white pulsescence With black and white pulsescence Chypeus, front, and face with dense cine— X basalis, P 542 Chypeus, front, and face without or with reous white pulsescence reous white pulsescence To year, and face without or with
a a le dille was a stille was
g yr white pure see Withday
b Clypeus, front, and face without a classification of black pubescent white pubescent X albeformata, P 542 fuscous or black pubescent with white pubescent X albeformata, P 543
Clypeus, front, and face pubescence pubescent X albofasciata, P 542 fuscous or black pubescent white pubescent X albofasciata, P 543 a' Abdomen with white pubes X collars, P 543
fuscous with with the Abdomen with entirely black pubes X collaris, P 543 bi Abdomen with entirely black pubes X collaris, P 543 bi Abdomen with entirely black pubes X rufescens, P 543
bands with entirely b' Abdomen with entirely sometimes rufescent X rufescens, P 548
X carula, P
b' Abdomen with Finance of the Abdomen with Finance of the Conce of th
D With golden pubescence Pubescence With blue and black pubescence Males
- The scence
A With black or souty-brown pubescence A With black or souty-brown pubescence A Length 30 mm and over A Length 30 mm and over A Latipes, p 536
A With black or souty-brown over a Length 30 mm and over a' Scape of antenne flattened and very Aread at apex broad at apex broad at apex Area Cylindrical, only X tenuscapa, p 537
A Vicinity incressate a Length 30 min the flattened at Length 30 min to Scape of antenue flattened at Scape of antenue cylindrical, only b' Scape of antenue cylindrical, only X tenuscapa, p 537 A tenuscapa, p 537
of antenna
b' Scape of antenaste slightly incressate slightly incressate b Length under 30 mm b Length under 30 mm a' Wings fuscous with a rich coppery the or green tible because effulgence, not blue or green tible because effulgence, intermediate
b Length under 30 min a rich coppers b Length under 30 min a rich coppers b Length under 30 min a rich coppers b Wings fuscous with a rich coppers b Wings fuscous with a rich coppers b Wings fuscous with a rich coppers b Volume and intermediate tables b Volume and intermediate golden
b Length discous with not blue or green. a' Wings fuscous, not blue or green. brouze effulgence, not blue or green. brouze effulgence, not blue or green. a' Anterior and intermediate table. a Anterior and tarsi with pale golden. A acutipennus, p 537
Allow Lorge William I
Pubescence

b' Anterior and intermediate tibiæ and tain with black pubescence

b' Wings fuscous, purplish at base, with reddish coppery effulgence, turning to metallic green at apex

 a^2 Length 20–21 mm

b2 Length 25-27 mm

c' Wings fuscous with dull purple effulgence throughout' a² Length 21–22 mm

6- Length 12-14 mm

d' Wings fuscous, deep metallic blue at base, then metallic green followed by deep rosy coppers red at apex

B With ohve-yellow pubescence

a Posterioi tarsi only with brownish pubescence Length 18-20 mm

b All the legs with reddish-yellow pubes-Length 19-22 mm

c Intermediate and posterior tibre and tais with dark fuscous-brown pubes-Length 21-23 mm

d All the legs with fuscous-brown pubescence, the anterior and intermediate tibiæ and tarsi flinged with pale pubescence Length 24-25 nim

C With black and white or black and ochreous pubescence

a Face and front black, covered with dense white pubescence, fulvous on the clypeus

b Face and front more or less yellow, with a little pale ochreous pubescence

D With golden-blown pubescence

E With blue and black pubescence

X pictifions, p 538

X auripennis, p 538 X dissimilis, p 538

X fenestrata, p 539 X amethystina, p 540

X widipennis, p 540

X æstuans, p 540

X verticalis, p 541

X bryorum, p 541

X flavonigiescens, p 544

X basalis, p 512

X collar is, p 543

X rufescens, p 543

X cærulea, p 544

938 Xylocopa latipes (Pl IV, fig 7) Apis latipes, Drury, Ill Erot Ins 11, pl 48, fig 2 Xylocopa latipes, Fabr Syst Piez p 337, Smith, Cat 11, p 353. Dall Torr Cat x, p 213

Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured, the clypeus, mesonotum anteriorly, and abdomen most densely so, front with two deep sulcations from below the base of the antennæ to beyond the posterior ocelli, the division between forming a marked ridge and widening above to receive the anterior ocellus, scape of the antennæ widened towards apex -Black, with black pubescence, thick and velvety on the mesonotion anteriorly, and long and tufted on the lateral margins of the abdominal segments, the pubescence on the posterior tibiæ long, dense, and stiff, wings dark fuscous, with vivid coppery, green, and purple effulgence changing as they catch the light

o similar, the sulcations on the front smaller, the eyes very large, meeting or nearly meeting on the vertex, scape of the antennæ much broadened towards the apex, anterior tibiæ and XYLOCOPA 537

tarsi flattened and yellow, the tibiæ twisted the tibiæ and tarsi fringed anteriorly and posteriorly with long, thick somewhat curied hairs, intermediate and posterior legs longer in proportion, wings much narrower, the apex of the anterior wing acute. Some specimens have the clypeus and face below the antennæ variegated with yellowish white

Hab Sikhim, Barrackpore, Kumaun Terai, Central India, Malabar, Coonoor, Assam, Burma, Tenasserim, extending to China and the Malayan region 2 & Length 32-35, exp 78-

80 mm

939 Xylocopa tenuiscapa, Westw Jard Nat Lib, Ent vii, p 271, pl 23, fig 2, 3, Smith, Cat 11, p 353, Dall Torr Cat x, p 219

Xylocopa viridipennis, Lepel Hym 11, p 205

Q of Closely allied to and resembling X latipes the female differs in being on the whole smaller, the sulcations on the front not extending up to the ocelli, the scape of the antennæ not at all dilated at apex, and the abdomen on the whole less densely punctured. The male differs from that of X latipes in the scape of the antennæ being cylindrical

Hab Madras, Assam, Burma, Ceylon Q Length 30-32,

eap 64-70 mm & Length 30, exp 68 mm

940 Xylocopa acutipennis, Smith, Cat 11, p 355, d, Dall Torr Cat x, p 202

Q Head somewhat sparsely punctured, thorax nearly smooth, with a few very fine scattered punctures along the front and sides of the mesonotum and sides of the scutellum, abdomen finely and densely punctured, clypeus nearly flat, subtriangular, its sides and the front between the base of the antennæ raised into a broad A-shaped carina—Black, the front above the antennæ and the mesonotum anterioily with short dense velvety sooty-brown pubescence, the sides of the thorax, the legs, and the sides of the abdomen with black pubescence, wings narrow and somewhat acute, fuscous with rich metallic coppery, bronze, almost golden tints in certain lights

The mesonotum and scutellum more punctured, the punctures very shallow and fine, the disc of the former smooth and shining Black, the clypeus, a spot at the base of the mandibles, and the scape of the antennæ pale whitish yellow, the pubescence as in the female, with the exception of the anterior tibiæ and tarsi and the intermediate taisi posteriorly, which are clothed with a pale golden pubescence, wings in the type fuscous, with purple and greenish effulgence, more often, however, as in the female but paler, with the golden metallic tints brighter, the fore wing more acute at apex than in the female

Hab Sylhet, Khási Hills, Sikhim, Taoo plateau, 4000 ft, Tenasserim Q Length 26, evp 60 mm & Length 23-24,

eap 56–58 mm

- 941 Xylocopa pictifrons, Smith, Trans Ent Soc n s 11 (1852), p 42, 9,

 Dall Torr Cat x, p 217
- A Head, thorax (except the disc of the mesonotum and the base of the scutellum) finely and closely, abdomen very spaisely punctured, the mesonotum anteriorly and the apical 3 or 4 segments of the abdomen more or less densely pubescent, the anterior maigin of the clypeus somewhat broadly smooth, shining and impunctate, broadly emarginate in the middle, oblique at the sides, thorax more or less globose and rounded posteriorly. Jet-black and shining, with black pubescence, wings brown, with rich coppery and golden tints, purplish or rosy in different lights, in the typical specimens from China more or less hyaline towards the base.

of similar, narrower, with longer legs, the clypeus (except its anterior margin) narrowly, the face on each side to the level of the posterior ocelli, the front below the base of the antennæ, and a lunule on each side of the anterior ocellus bright yellow, the pubescence on the thorax anteriorly and on the sides and back of the median segment sooty brown, on the sides of the thorax anteriorly and on the tubercles brownish white, wings narrower than in the female, with more of a greenish brassy lustre

Hab China, Java, Sikhim, Kumaun & Length 21-23,

eap 48-52 mm & Length 21, exp 46 mm

This beautiful species I found very common at Gnatong in Native Sikhim, 12,500 feet The male attributed to it by Smith belongs, I am certain, to some other species

- 942 Xylocopa auripennis, Lepel Hym 11, p 181, \$\varphi\$ of, Smith, Cat 11, p 356, Dall Torr Cat p 205
- Q Head densely and finely, thotax and abdomen more sparsely punctured, the disc of the mesonotum impunctate, smooth and polished, clypeus with an obscure T-shaped impunctate mark, and a broad carina above it between the bases of the antennæ, the carina bifurcating below and circling round the anterior occilius. Black, the pubescence black, slightly sooty brown and velvety in fresh fine specimens on the mesonotum anteriorly, wings very dark brown, with the most brilliant effulgence of any of the Oriental species of Xylocopa, metallic greenish-blue at base, changing to vivid green with rich golden tints in certain lights towards the apical margins

d similar, differs in being narrower and longer proportionately, the posterior femora incressito with an obscure tooth below

Hab Sikhim, Barrackpore, Calcuta, Burma, Tenasserim, China Q Length 23-25 erp 50-53 mm & Length 20-21, erp 50 mm

- 943 Xylocopa dissimilis, Lepel Hym 11, p 180, 2 &, Smith, Cat 11, p 350, Dall Torr Cat x, p 209
- 2. Head densely, thorax and abdomen sparsely punctured, / the obscure impunctate mark and the frontal carina as in X aure

XYLOCOPA 539

penns, but not so prominent Black, with black pubescence, very dense on the mesonotum anteriorly, on the sides of the thorax beneath the wings, the postscutellum, and on the legs, wings purple at base with reddish coppery tints, becoming metallic green towards the apical margins

d similar, the legs longer, the posterior femora incrassate, the posterior tibiæ with a broad lamellate projection at apex beneath, the clypeus at base sometimes, the sides of the face, and a lumblar mark on each side of the anterior occilius whitish yellow, the thorax anteriorly with a band of whitish-brown pubescence

Hab North-West Provinces; Sikhim, Barrackpore Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon Q Length 27-29, erp 68 mm & Length

25-27, exp 60-64 mm

This species resembles X. auripennis, but it is larger, and the male is easily distinguished by the yellow lumile on each side of the anterior occllus

944 Xylocopa nigrocærulea, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1874, p 279, Q, Dall Torr Cat x, p 215

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen opaque densely and finely punctured all over, even on the disc of the mesonotum, clypeus obscurely medially carinate, the carina continued up the front to the anterior occilius, most prominent between the antenne Head and thorax dull black, abdomen deep obscure bottle-green, pubescence black, dark sooty brown on the mesonotum anteriorly, wings light fuscous brown with a slight purplish lustre, and somewhat paler, almost subhyaline on the disc

Hab Celebes, Cevlon Q Length 22, erp 48 mm

945 Xylocopa fenestrata

Apis fenestrata, Fabi Ent Syst Suppl p 273, & Xylocopa indica, Klug, Mag n Entd ges Neturk, Berlin, 1, 1807, p 264

² Xylocopa lunata, Klug, t c p 264, t vn, fig 2, 2 var

Q Head finely and closely, thorax and abdomen more sparsely punctured, the disc of the mesonotum impunctate, clypeus very slightly convex, nearly flat, widely emarginate anteriorly, front not carriate, mesonotum with three obscure, parallel, longitudinally impressed abbreviated lines. Black, shining, the pubescence black, ferruginous along the apex of the anal abdominal segment, sparse except on the intermediate and posterior legs, where it is dense, long, and of a sooty-black colour, third abdominal segment with, sometimes, a minute spiracular lateral impression near its base covered with short yellow pubescence, wings dark fuscous with a purple and coppery effulgence, and with obscure hyaline lines between the nerviires at base.

of similar, narrower in shape, the wings paler, with the hyaline

lines more clearly defined

Hab Throughout India, most plentiful in the North-West

Provinces, Burma, Tenasserim, Cevlon, Celebes Q Length 22-24, exp 46-50 mm & Length 21-22, exp 44 mm

- 946 Xylocopa amethystina, Fabr Ent Syst 11, p 325, Dall Torn
 Cut x, p 204
 Xylocopa nunuta, Lepel Hym 11, p 190
 Xylocopa ignita, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1874, p 276
- P Head and thorax anteriolly, and on the sides and apex of the mesonotum finely and closely, abdomen sparsely punctured, the last with long soft thin pubescence on the apical three or four segments, clypeus medially obscurely carinate, front between the antennæ with a small but acute and prominent tubercle Black with black pubescence, wings fuscous, with a deep purple lustre

of similar, smaller, the clypeus and sides of the face and aper of the labium yellowish white, the pubescence on the mesonotum anteriorly, on the sides of the thoiax in front, and on the anterior tibiæ and taisi pale brown, almost cinereous on the tarsi, wings paler than in the female, in some specimens hyaline at base

Hab Punjab, North-West Provinces, Kumaun, Bombay, Malabar, Ceylon Q Length 13-17, eap 37-39 mm & Length

12-14, eap 29-32 mm

947 Xylocopa iridipennis, Lepil Hym 11, p 188, Q, Smith, Cat 11, p 353, Dall Tori Cat \, p 213

P Xilocopa chloroptera, Horne (nec Lepel), Trans Zool Soc vii, 1870, p 179

Q & Closely resembling X dissimilis, but longer and narrower in both seves, the puncturings on the head, thorax, and abdomen, especially on the last, finer, closer and deeper, the male with the front entirely black, and with no lateral yellow lunules, the pubescence on the sides of the abdomen longer and more dense than in X dissimilis. The wings are very different, being deep metallic blue at base, turning to greenish and deep rosy coppery red towards the apex of the fore wing

Var A line on the pronotum above and the tubercles covered

with light brown pubescence

Hab North-West Provinces, Bengal, Madras, Bangalore, Burma, Tenasseim, Sumatra, China Q & Length 25-27,

exp 66–69 mm

I am not quite certain whether I have identified this species correctly. The above description is taken from specimens in the British Museum, probably labelled by the late Mr. F. Smith

948 Xylocopa æstuans

Apis æstuans, Linn Syst Nat 1, ed x, p 579, Q Xylocopa æstuans, Lepel Hym 11, p 193, Qd, Smith, Cat 11, p 353, Dall Torr Cat x, p 202

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen finely punctured, the thorax above densely pubescent, the disc of the mesonotum smooth and impunctate under the pubescence, clypeus flat, transverse in

TYLOCOPA 541

the middle anteriorly, the sides oblique, clypeus and front not carmate. Black, the pubescence on the head and face, on the sides of the thorax and beneath, and on the abdomen black, on the thorax above it is bright yellow, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence.

d Black covered all over with a dense olive-yellow pubescence, darker or paler according to locality, those from Sikhim, Burma, and Tenasserim being darker than specimens from the Punjab, NW Provinces, and Bombav, posterior tarsi with brown pubes-

cence, wings hyaline

Hab Throughout India, Assam, Tenasserim, Buima, Ceylon, extending to Africa on the west and to the Malayan region on the east & Length 21-23, exp 41-48 mm & Length 18-20, exp 40-42 mm

- 949 Xylocopa verticalis, Lepel Hym 11, p 195, Q J, Dall Ton Cat x, p 219
- Q 3 Somewhat like the two seves respectively in X actuans the female, however, a more compact insect, with the thorax more globular, the cheeks, occiput, the thorax above and on the sides, and the basal abdominal segment covered with dense yellow pubescence having a soft velvety appearance, legs with a sooty-brown pubescence, turning to ferruginous on the inside of all the tarsi, wings fuscous with a purplish effulgence, subhyaline at base
- σ differs from X astuans σ only in having the legs covered with a rich reddish-yellow, instead of an olive, pubescence

Hab Barrackpore 2 Length 19-24, exp 44-48 mm, of slightly smaller

950 Xylocopa bryorum *

Apis bryorum, Fabr Syst Ent p 381 Xylocopa bryorum, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1874, p 275; Dall Torr Cat'x, p 206

Q Very closely resembling X astuans, but constantly larger, the abdomen more closely punctured, the yellow pubescence of the thorax spreading on to the back of the head and cheeks, and sometimes to the basal abdominal segment, wings variable, but in the majority of specimens lighter in colour

d also larger than X astuans d, the pubescence a darker olive than in that species, the inside of the intermediate and

^{*} Smith in Jour Linn Soc 1864, p 48, describes, from Mysol, Waigiou, &c, a Xylocopa provida, the female of which apparently differs from the female of X estuans in having the thorax only posteriorly covered with vellow pubescence. In the Trans Ent Soc 1874, p 274, Smith adds N India to the localities from which it has been obtained. In the British Museum collection there are, however, only three specimens, all males, of this species, and all are from the Malayan region. So far as these specimens are concerned, I can see no difference between them and the males of X bryorum.

posterior tibiæ and tarsi with fuscous dark brown pubescence,

wings hyaline or fusco-hyaline with a purple effulgence

Hab Sikhim, Malabar, Ceylon, South Tenasserim, through the Malayan region to Australia Q Length 24-27, exp 45-50 mm & Length 21-23, exp 45-48 mm

The two species, X astuans and X bryorum, are so closely allied that I would join them were it not that the distribution of the two forms is not exactly conterminous. In Tenasserim X bryorum occurs commonly about Tavoy and Mergui, but not to the north

951 Xylocopa basalis, Smith, Cat 11, p 355, Q &, Dall Torr Cat x, p 205

Head, thorax, and abdomen finely and somewhat sparsely punctured, the punctures most dense on the cheeks, on the sides of the vertex, and sides of the abdominal segments above, the disc of the mesonotum, base of scutellum, base and aper of 1st abdominal segment and the apices narrowly in the middle of the remaining segments impunctate, smooth and shining, sides of the face and front to just below the vertex depressed, the margin of the depression sharp, transverse, a sharp tubercle below the anterior Black, the clypeus, the face, and front to the margin of ocellus the depressed portion covered densely with cinereous white pubescence, the lateral margins of the basal three abdominal segments and the lateral and apical margins of the remaining segments fringed with long pale yellowish-white pubescence, antennæ bright piceous brown, the intermediate and posterior tibiæ and tars with rufo-fuscous pubescence, wings fuscous with a light purplish lustre, basal half hyaline

d similar, the pubescence on the clypeus fulvous, a tuft of white pubescence on the tubercles, the basal joint of the posterior tarsi incrassate, and with a little white pubescence near the apex of

the tibiæ

Hab Northern India 2 & Length 15-19, erp 34-36 mm

- *952 Xylocopa albofasciata, Sich Novara-Reise, Hym p 154, \$\varphi\$, Dall Torr Cat x, p 204
- Head black, punctured, with sparse black pubescence, antennæ beneath fuscous, mandibles bidentate, clypeus medially subcarreate, eyes not convergent at vertex Thorax black, with black pubescence, deeply but sparsely punctured, scutellum margined posteriorly, emarginate in the middle, metathorax (median segment) abruptly truncate Abdomen black, non-pubescent, opaque, but densely and strongly punctured, base of 1st segment truncate, segments 2-5 with a dense long fimbria of pubescence on each side, segments 1-5 with a narrow basal fascia of short Anal segment and abdomen beneath black, with black white pile Legs black, with black pubescence Wings fuscous, subhyaline, with green and pale coppery and golden lustre, nervures Length 35, wing 26 mm fuscous "Hab Ceylon"

953 Xylocopa collaris, Lepel Hym 11, p 189, Q, Snnth, Cat 11, p 353, Dall Torr Cat x, p 208
Xylocopa dejesiii, Lepel Hym 11, p 209, S

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen punctured, very finely and closely on the head and abdomen, less closely on the disc of the mesonotum and on the scutellum, a distruct fine medial vertical carina from the apex of the clypeus to between the base of the antennæ, continued as a furrow to the anterior ocellus Black, with black pubescence, the pronotum, the sides of the thorax anteriorly, and the front of the mesonotum clothed with erect dense white pubescence, wings dull fuscous, with a moderate purple effulgence

of The trontal carma abbreviated, not coming below the base of the clypeus Black; the clypeus, sides of the face, the front below the anterior ocellus, a broad line by the eyes over the vertex, and the scape of the antennæ pale yellowish white; the pubescence on the vertex, the pronotum, sides of the thorax anteriorly, front of the mesonotum, anterior legs, and the basal one or two segments of the abdomen ochraceous, wings subhyaline, lightly fuscous with

purple effulgence

Var The whole thorax covered with ochraceous pubescence, in some specimens the 3rd abdominal segment also covered with a

thin ochraceous down, very variable in size.

Hab Sikhim, Allahabad, Kumaun, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, extending into the Malayan region and Siam 2 Length 18-19, exp 40-42 mm 3. Length 14-19, exp 32-44 mm

954 Xylocopa rufescens, Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1874, p 271, Q,
Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc viii, 1893, p 388, pl 1, fig 2,
Dall Torr Cat x, p 217



Fig 182 Xylocopa rufescens, & 4

Q Head, thorax, and abdomen more or less densely pubescent and finely and closely punctured under the pubescence Rufo-fuscous, with golden-brown pubescence varying in depth of colour and brightness, antennæ rufous brown, the flagelium paler beneath, wings fulvohyaline, paler along the apical and posterior margins

of similar, with the pubescence paler but brighter and more dense on the abdomen, the clypeus and face yellow *

Hab Sikhim, Burma, Tenasserim, Java Sumatra, Borneo & Length 28-30, exp 57-60 mm

^{*} The following species, described by Lepeletier St-Fargeau from India, I have been wholly unable to identify, so far as I know, it has not been procured of late years, and may not be Indian —

XYLOCOPA FERRUGIAEA — "Antennæ nigræ Caput et thorax nigra, nigro villosa Abdomen nigrum, totum ferrugineo subvillosum margineque ciliatum Pedes nigri, nigro villosi Alæ violaceo fuscæ"—Lepel Hym n, p 187, Q

955 Xylocopa cærulea. (Pl IV, fig 8)
Bombus cæruleus, Fabr Syst Piez p 345
Xylocopa cærulea, Lepel Hym 11, p 200, Smith, Cat 11, p 357,
Dall Torr Cat x, p 207

Q & Head, thorax, and basal abdominal segment densely pubescent, and punctured finely and closely under the pubescence except on the disc of the mesonotum which is smooth. Black, the intermediate and posterior legs and the sides of the apical five abdominal segments with black pubescence, the head, thorax, and anterior tibize with a beautiful blue pubescence, the pubescence on the anterior tarsi black, wings dark fuscous with a purple effulgence

Hab Sikhim, Burma; Tenasserim, extending as far as New Caledonia Q Length 17-19, exp 38-40 min I have not see

the male

- 956 Xylocopa flavonigrescens, Smith, Cat 11, p 354, d, Dall Torr Cut x, p 211
- Head and thorax densely, abdomen sparsely pubescent, the last very finely closely, and regularly punctured, the clypeus, face in front, vertex of the head, thorax, and basal abdominal segment above with bright yellow pubescence. the cheeks behind the eyes, the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen with black pubescence, having an obscure olive tinge on segments 2-4, a very narrow line of bright yellow pubescence slightly interrupted in the middle at the bases of the 4th, 5th, and 6th segments, and the ventral segments fringed with long yellow bairs, antennæ black the scape and apical ten joints of the flagellum testaceous yellow beneath; legs black, with fuscous-brown pubescence the anterior and intermediate tibiæ and tarsi posteriorly, and the apical three joints of the latter anteriorly, also fringed with long pale pubescence, wings fusco-hyaline, with a rich purple effulgence

Fab Sylhet, Southern Tenasserim 3. Length 24-25, exp

54 mm 9 unknown.

Genus BOMBUS.

Bombus, Latr Hist Nat Ins 111, p 385 (1802)

Type, B terrestres, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

The species belonging to this genus are densely pubescent. Head not so wide as the thorax, with front and face frequently elongate, the eyes rather narrow, not reaching down to the base of the mandibles, the ocelli nearly in a straight line on the vertex, the antennæ geniculate, long and filiform in the o; the clypeus convex, generally much longer than broad; labrum ciliated, and in all the Indian species I know incised in the middle, mandibles stout, broad, grooved at their apex, which is rounded, tongue elongate, pubescent; labial palpi 4-jointed, the proportions of the

basal two joints varying in different species, apical two joints always minute, maxillary palpi

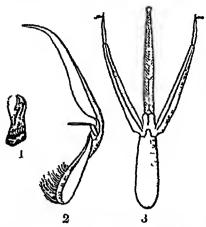


Fig 183 -Bombus 1. mandible. 2, maxilla, 3, labium (Much enlarged)

2-jointed, of variable length Thorax globose wings long. fore wing with the radial cell narrow towards the rounded and slightly appendiculate, three cubital cells, the 2nd cell of very characteristic shape, narrowed, curved, and produced inwards towards the base, receiving the 1st recurrent nervure, in all the Indian species known to me, before the middle, the 3rd cubital ce l narrowed towards the radial. receiving the 2nd recurrent nervure towards the apex, legs stout, the posterior pair in the female smooth, with the tibiæ and tarsi broad and flattened. the former densely fringed with

long curled hair on the outer side, forming a corbicula or pollenbasket, the basal joint of the tarsi oblong, externally concave, its edges fringed with short stiff hairs, the inner surface furnished with a dense brush of short hairs, the joint is notched at base, with a stout external tooth, claws of the tars build, in the male the legs are longer, the posterior tibiæ only slightly widened at apex and convex externally Abdomen always more or less densely pubescent

The Indian species of Bombus occur, so far as I know, only on the higher hills, especially in the Himalayas The habits are very similar to those of their British allies, but no observations have been recorded as to which species are surface-builders and which burrowers-under-ground The female, males, and orkers differ

considerably in size

Key to the Species

A Mesonotum above with a transverse band of pubescence differently coloured to rest of pubescence on thorax

a Pubescence on 2nd abdominal segment

a' Pubescence on 1st abdominal segment hoary white

b' Pubescence on 1st abdominal segment yellow a² D

Pubescence on legs black

b2 Pubescence on legs fulvous

a³ Clypeus much longer than broad b3 Clypeus much broader than long

b Pubescence on 2nd abdominal segment yellow

VOL 1

B rufofusciatus, p 547

B montivagus, p 547

B magrettu, p 548 B channicus, p 548

B trifasciatus, p 548 $2 \, \mathrm{n}$

c Pubescence on 2nd abdominal segment hoary or ochraceous white a' Abdominal segments 3-5 with ochraceous-white pubescence, the bases of segments with transverse black pubescent fasciæ B personatus, p 548 Abdominal segment 3 with black, 4 and 5 with orange-red pubescence B tunicatus, p 549 B Mesonotum without a transverse band of pubescence, differently coloured to rest of pubescence on thomax a Pubescence on head, thorax, and abdomen all of one colour a' Pubescence black B erimins, p 549 b' Pubescence yellow B flavescens, p 550 b Pubescence on head, thorax, and abdomen not all of one colour a' Apical two or more abdominal segments with black pubescence a2 Puhescence on 31d abdominal segment fuscous brown or black a3 Pubescence on thorax yellow. B melanurus, p 550 Pubescence on thorax fuscous brown B assamensis, p 550 b^2 Pubescence on 31 d abdominal segment fulvous B andomanus, p 551. b' Apical two or more abdominal segments with giey or hoary-white pubescence a2 Pubescence on 2nd abdominal segment bright faw n-colour B atrocinctus, p 551 Pubescence on 2nd abdominal segment silvery grey, narrowly black along base B funerarius, p 551 c1 Pubescence on 2nd abdominal segment black. a3 Pubescence on thorax above rich fulvous red B terminalis, p 552 b3 Pubescence on thorax above hoary or ochraceous white a4 Pubescence on 1st abdominal p 552 segment pale yellow B flavothor acrous, Pubescence on 1st abdominal segment black B festivus, p 553 c' Apical two or more abdominal segments with yellow or red pubescence of some p 552 Pubescence on thorax silvery grey B funerarus, var, Pubescence on thorax ochraceous or yellow Pubescence on 3rd abdominal seg-B miniatus, p 553 ment vermilion-red b3 Pubescence on 3rd abdominal seg-B vallestris, p 553. ment blown c² Pubescence on thorax black p 554 a³ Pubescence on 3rd abdominal seg-B. hæmorrhoidalis, ment bright rufo-fulvous

BOMBUS 547

63 Pubescence on 31d abdominal segment black

a* Breal two abdominal segments with black pubescence

b' Basal two abdominal segments
with yellow pubercence

Pubescence on thorax bright fulvous

B simillimus, p 554

B orientalis, p 555
B longiceps, p 555

957 Bombus rufofasciatus, Smith, Trans Ent Soc n s 11, 1852, p 48, Q, Dall Torr Cat 1, p 545

Q Head and face elongate, with long pubescence on the front, between the antennæ and above the clypeus, the clypeus, vertex, and cheeks finely and closely punctured, the thorax and abdomen densely pubescent, the apical segment of the last above without pubescence, convex and punctured. The head, the pronotum the mesonotum posteriorly, the scutellum, the sides of the thorax, the upper part of the legs, and the 2nd abdominal segment with long black pubescence, a band on the mesonotum anteriorly, the median segment the basal and the 4th to 6th abdominal segments with greyish-white, and the 3rd segment with bright full ous-red pubescence, the pubescence short and pale golden on the tibue and tarsi, and bright fullyous at the extreme apex of the anal segment, wings hyaline, lightly fuscescent towards the apical margins.

& similar, smaller, the basal two abdominal segments with pile yellow, the 3rd with black, and the apical three with orange-red

pubescence

Hab Northern India (Smith), Sikhim, 12,500 ft & Length 23, exp 48 mm & Length 15, exp 31 mm

958 Bombus montivagus, Smith, J A S B xlvii, 1878, p 168, Ω,

Dall Too; Cat τ, p 535, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc viii,
p 388, pl 1, fig 12

Q Head and face elongate, only pubescent on the front between the antennæ and on the occiput, the rest smooth shining, with a few minute punctures on the cheeks and vertex, the thorax and abdomen densely pubescent, the apical segment of the latter narrowly bare above, with a short medial furrow. Black, the pubescence on the head, the mesonotum, on the scutellium interiorly, the legs, and on the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments black, on the pronotum, the sides of the thorax, the scutellium posteriorly, the median segment, and on the apical three abdominal segments fulsions red on the basal abdominal segment bright yellow, wings fuscous, dull, with scarcely any effulgence

A similar, smaller a patch of white pubescence beneath the wings and on the sides of the median segment the 2nd to the 4th abdominal segments with black, the apical two segments only

with fulvous-red pubescence

Hab Pegu Hills, Burm, Dawnat Range, 4000 ft, Karennee, 5000 ft & Length 25, esp 50 mm & Length 16, esp 32 mm & unknown

- *959 Bombus magnettn, Grib Bull Soc Ent Ital axin, p 115, Q o, Dall Ton Cat a, p 532
- "Q & Black, the tars sometimes (chiefly the posterior four) more or less rufo-ferruginous, head much lengthened, the clypeus much higher than broad, cheeks broader than the eyes, the apical ventral segment obsoletely canaliculate, head, the disc of the thorax, and the 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments above clothed with black, the rest of the thorax, the legs, and the 4th and following abdominal segments with fulvous pubescence, the tibix and tars, sometimes also the apical abdominal segment, with ferruginous pubescence, the pubescence on the basal abdominal segment yellow, wings subinfuscate

"g Length 14 mm & Length 10-13 mm"

Hab Shan Yoma, Burma

Unknown to me, but closely resembling B montivagus, Smith, differing apparently only in the colour of the legs

- *960 Bombus channicus, Grib Bull Soc Ent Ital xxIII, p 116, Q &, Dall Torr Cat x, p 514
- " Q \(\text{Closely resembling and allied to } B \) magrettn, but the head is shorter the clypeus much broader than high, and the cheeks uniformly in transverse diameter half the width of the eyes—Length, \(\text{Q} \) 19 mm , \(\text{Q} \) 10 mm"

Hab Shan Yoma, Burma

- 961 Bombus trifasciatus, Smith, Trans Ent Soc n s 11,1852, p 43, Q, pl viii, fig 4
 Bombus hæmaturus, Kriechb, var trifasciatus, Handl Ann Naturhist Hofmus Wien, 111 (1888), p 215
- P Herd and face not particularly elongate the front and cheeks with a dense short pile, and on the front tufts of long pubescence, vertex, space between eyes beneath, and base of mandibles hare, polished and shining, the thorax and abdomen densely pubescent, anal segment above bare, finely punctured Head, a broad transverse band on the thorax, the legs, and the 3rd abdominal segment with black pubescence, the thorax anteriorly and posteriorly, and the median segment with pale, and the basal two abdominal segments with brighter yellow pubescence, the fine dense pile on the face and cheeks pale ochraceous, the apical three abdominal segments with rich fulvous-red pubescence, the apex of the tibiæ and the tarsi with ferruginous pile, wings fusco-hyaline

\$ similar, smaller, the transverse black band on the thorax

- broader

 Hab Chusan, China (Smith), Sikhim, 12,500 ft, on the pass
 (Jelap La) into Chumbi Q Length 24-26, exp 52-54 mm

 Length 19, exp 42 mm
- 962 Bombus personatus, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 132, \$\overline{Q}\$, Dall Tor: Cat x, p 540
 - P Head and face narrow, elongate, the vertex, cheeks, and

clypeus bare, finely punctured, the space between the eyes and base of mandibles highly polished, impunctate, shining. Blick, covered with otheraceous white pubescence, a broad transverse band between the tegulæ with dense, and the base of abdominal segments 3-5 with bands of thin, black pubescence, the apital segment with a thin covering of black bairs above, the pubescence on the head and tace sprinkled plentifully with black hairs, and the greater part of the legs covered with short black, the inside of the posterior tars with ferruginous pubescence, wings hyaline, broadly fuscescent along their apical margins

Hab Kunawar District, Northern India 2 Length 22, exp

46 mm and d unknown *

963 Bombus tunicatus (Pl IV, fig 10)
Smith, Trans Ent Soc n s n, 1352, p 43, pl vin, fig 7, Dall
Torr Cat x, p 560

9 Head and face not particularly long, clypeus, cheeks, vertex, and spice between the orbits of the eyes beneath and the base of the mandibles bare, shining, punctured, the front above



Fig 184 — Bombus tunicatus, Q 1

the clypeus, the thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, apical abdominal segment bare above, punctured, not carinate Black, the head, a transverse broad fascia between the wings, the legs, and the 3rd abdominal segment covered with black thorax anteriorly and posteriorly and the basal two abdominal segments with hoary white, and the apical three abdominal segments with bright orangered pubescence, wings fusco-hyaline, darker towards the costal margin

d similar, smaller, the head entirely covered with thin (not dense) rather long fuscous pubescence, the transverse fascia on the mesonotum between the wings narrower, wings somewhat paler

Fresembles the 2, much smaller, the 2nd, sometimes also 1st,

abdominal segment with dull orange-red pubescence

Hab China, Kumaun, Mussooree (Rothney) Q Length 20-22, eip 43-45 mm Q Length 13-15, exp 27-29 mm & Length 17, exp 36 mm

- 964 Bombus eximius, Smith, Trans Ent Soc n s u, 1852, p 47, Q, pl viu, fig 5, Dall Tori Cat x, p 519
- A Head and face not particularly elongate, the clypeus convex, vertex of head, the cheeks, space between the orbits of the eyes beneath and the base of the mandibles, and the clypeus smooth

^{*} B BEI 11003US, Smith, New Sp. Hym. B. M. p. 131, stated to be from "Sumatri or India," is without doubt American, and identical with B thoracius, Sich. (nee Spin.), Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. 1862, p. 121

550 APIDÆ

and shining Black, with long black pubescence; the legs bright testaceous, the wings fulvo-hyaline

of and \square smaller, similar, the of differing only in having longer

legs

Hab Sylhet, Sikhim, 2000-8000 ft, Taoo plateau, 4000 ft, Moolayit, 5000 ft, Tenasserim Q Length 28-31, exp 56-59 mm Q Length 15-21, exp 33-40 mm

965 Bombus flavescens, Smith, Trans Ent Soc n s 11, 1852, p 45, d, Dall Torr Cat x, p 520

Head and face somewhat narrow and elongate, the vertex, the space between the eyes and base of the mandibles (but not the cheeks), and the clypeus bare, smooth and shining, the rest of the head, the thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, the anal segment convex, bare and punctured Head, thorax, and abdomen covered with long bright pale yellow pubescence, the legs bright reddish testaceous, wings hyaline, very slightly fuscescent, and darkening towards the apex

o similar, slightly larger

Hab Chusan, China, Sikhim, above 10,000 ft & Length 12-15, exp 25-28 mm & Length 17, exp 33 mm

Q or Q Head and face elongate, front pubescent, vertex, cheeks, and clypeus finely punctured space between eyes and base of mandibles smooth and polished, thorax and abdomen densely pubescent, apical four segments of the latter more or less bare in the middle above and punctured Black, the pubescence on the head in tront blackish mixed with griseous, on the occiput, thorax, and basal two segments of the abdomen bright yellow, on the legs and apical four segments of the abdomen jet-black, on the tarsi of the legs slightly rufescent, wings fusco-hyaline and violaceous

Hab Syria, Siberia; Pangong Valley, Ladák & Length 12, exp 26 mm I have only seen a single & of this species The Q is said to be 27 mm long

967 Bombus assamensis, n sp

Example 2 Head and face narrow elongate, the vertex, the space between the eyes and the base of the mandibles, and the clypeus bare, smooth, impunctate, the clypeus boldly convex; rest of the head, the thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, and segment above bare and minutely punctured, not carinate Head, pro- and mesonotum, and apical four abdominal segments with fuscousbrown pubescence, reddish in certain lights, the sides of the thorax

with snow-white, the basal two abdominal segments with pale ochraceous pubescence, legs black, with fuscous pubescence, the tibiæ and tarsi dark rufo-testaceous, wings light fuscous, paler towards their apical margins

BOMBUS

of similar, the antennæ and legs only longer proportionately Hab Margherita, Assam & Length 16, exp 34 mm of Length 18, exp 38 mm

*968 Bombus andamanus, Grib Ann Mus Civ Gen xviii (1882), p 268, P & P, Dall Torr Cat x, p 510

No or P "Black, the posterior two tarsi red, clypeus slightly broader than high, cheeks trapezoidal in outline, narrower than the eyes, head and thorax with black pubescence mixed with yellowish hairs, chiefly on the front and on the mesopleuræ, tibiæ and tarsi with reddish pubescence, abdomen, the 1st segment covered with dense yellow, and a little black pubescence on either side of the disc, 2nd segment clothed broadly with fulvous and a basal fascia of jet-black pubescence angularly produced in the middle, 3rd segment covered entirely with fulvous, and apical three segments with black pubescence, beneath, the abdomen has yellow pubescence, wings subfuscous

' & or & Length 17 mm"
Hab The Andamans (Gribodo)

969 Bombus atrocunctus, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 193, d, pl xxi, fig 13, Dall Torr Cat x, p 512

Q or & Head, thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent, the



Fig 185 -Bombus atrocinctus, & }

vertex of the head, and the space between the orbits of the eves beneath and the base of the mandibles non-pubercent, highly polished and shining Clypeus and head in front with pale ochraceous pubescence mixed with long black hairs, thorax and basal two abdominal segments with brightfawn-coloured pubescence of a deeper fulvous tint on the thorax, legs with black pubescence mixed with pale hairs above, and terruginous on the tarsi, 3rd and 4th abdominal segments with black, apical two with hoary

whitish pubescence, wings byshue, broadly fuscescent along the apical margins

of similar, the wings slightly darker, the apical three abdominal segments with griseous pubescence, the pubescence on the tarsi entirely ferruginous

Hab Kumaun, Sikhim Q or & Length 14, exp 34 mm & Length 13, exp 35 mm

970 Bombus funerarius, Smith, Trans Ent Soc n s n, 1852, p 47, pl vin, hg 6, Dall Tori Cat x, p 521

9 Head and face elongate, sparsely pubescent, the vertex,

552 APID T

cheeks, space between eves and base of mandibles, and the clypeus



Hig 186 - Bombus functarius, Q }

bare, highly polished and shining, thorax and abdomen densely pubescent, anal segment of latter above concave and bare, with a medial longitudinal carina. Head, thorax, the whole of the 1st, base narrowly of the 2nd, and the apical three abdominal segments covered with silvery grey pubescence, looking brighter or duller in different lights, and forming a well-marked abbreviated medial longitudinal silvery line on the mesonotum, the pubescence on the upper portion of the legs, on the 2nd abdominal segment posteriorly, and on

the whole of the 3rd segment jet-black, the tars and the extreme apex of the abdomen bright ferruginous wings light fuscous with a purple effulgence

Var The apical three abdominal segments with bright orange-

red, not grey pubescence

Hab Northern India (Smith), Sikhim, 8000 feet Q Length

25, erp 50 mm & and of unknown

The variety with the apical three segments orange-red was the only one I procured in Sikhim

971 Bombus terminalis, Smith, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 193, 5 (nec Smith, Trans Ent Soc 1873, p 206) Bombus hypnorum, var terminalis, Handl Ann Naturkist Hofmus Wien, in (1888), p 217, Dall Tori Cat x, p 526

Q & Clypeus, space between the orbits of the eyes beneath and the mandibles, and the vertex of the head non-pubescent, highly polished and shining, clypeus convex, with a few coarse punctures labrum slightly exserted beneath the clypeus, head, thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent. Head in front, the occiput, the upper part of the legs, the sides of the thorax and of the median segment, and the basal four abdommal segments covered with black pubescence, the thorax and median segment above with long rich fulvous red pubescence, the pubescence on all the tarsi and also on the intermediate tibize towards the apex ferruginous, apical two abdominal segments with dense grevish pubescence, wings fusco-hyaline, with a slight but brilliant purple effulgence.

d similar, the clypeus with fulvous-white pubescence, the apical three abdominal segments with grevish pubescence, wings paler

Hab The Himalayas from Simla to Sikhim Q Length 18, evp 42 mm \(\Delta \) Length 15 evp 34 mm \(\delta \) Length 16, evp 40 mm

972 Bombus flavothoracicus, n sp

Q Head and face not elongate, the clypeus, vertex, cheeks, and space between eves and base of mandibles bare and shining, the clypeus convex, the vertex punctured, the thorax and abdomen densely pubescent, the anal segment bare, not carnate Black,

BOMBUS 553

the pubescence on the head, upper part of the legs, and 2nd and 3rd abdominal segments black, on the head mixed with a little griseous pubescence, the thorax (except the disc of the mesonotum probably through abrasion) covered with pale ochraceous, the basil abdominal segment with pale sulphur-yellow, and the apical three segments with horry white pubescence, the extreme apex of the anal segment with a thick short fulvous-red pile, the antennæ piceous, the tarsi with a thin ferruginous pile, wings light fuscous nervures and tegulæ black

⁹ & similar, smaller, the thorax in front of a line between the tegulæ of the wings and the basal two abdominal segments with bright yellow, the head, the posterior half of the thorax, the legs, and the 3rd and 4th abdominal segments with black pubescence, the pubescence on the head mixed with greyish, that on the apical two abdominal segments hoary white, wings paler than in the female

Hab Siklim, above 10,000 feet Q Length 24-26, ea, 49-

51 mm & Length 14-16, exp 36 mm

I am not certain whether I have correctly identified the & This fine humble-bee was common on the high mountain behind our frontier station of Gnatong (12,500 feet), in Native Sikhim, in May

973 Bombus festivus, Smith, Jour Ent 1, 1861, p 152, Q, Dall
Ton Cat τ, p 520
Bombus mollen, Bingh Jour Bomb N H Soc x, 1896, p 197

Q Clypeus and front smooth, shining, with a few scattered large punctures, clypeus bare, front of the head thinly, the rest of the head, the thorax, and abdomen densely pubescent. Black, with black pubescence, the thorax and the apical two abdominal segments with hoary white pubescence, antennæ and legs piceous, turning to dark testaceous on the inner side of the posterior tibia and tarsi, the anterior and posterior tibiæ and taisi and the intermediate tarsi somewhat rufescent, wings light fuscous, nervures and tegulæ brown

Hab Kumaun, Sikhim above 6000 feet Q Length 25-27,

erp 50 mm

974 Bombus miniatus, n sp

of Somewhat resembling B flavescens (p 550), but the head and face broader, not elongated, the legs black, with ferruginous golden pubescence, the head, thorax, and basal two abdominal segments with long dense dark greenish-yellow, the apical four segments above with rich vermilion-red pubescence, the wings similar to those of B flavescens

Hub Sikhim, over 10,000 feet & Length 16, exp 38 mm 2 and 2 unknown Type in coll British Museum

- 975 Bombus vallestris, Smith, 2nd Yark Miss, Hym p 8, & o, Dall Torr Cat x, p 560
- Q Head and face subrotundate, the vertex, the space between the eyes and the base of the mandibles, and the clypeus bare, impunctate, highly polished, thorax and abdomen densely

554 APIDÆ

pubescent, apical segment of the latter convex, covered with a dense close pile, mixed with long hairs. Head and thorax with pale ochraceous pubescence, thickly sprinkled with long black hairs, the basal two abdominal segments with pale vellow pubescence, brownish ferruginous along the base of the 2nd segment, 3rd segment with brown, the apical three segments above with golden ferruginous pubescence, darkening to brown on the sides of the 4th and 5th segments, legs obscure rufo-testaceous above, bright testaceous on the tibiæ and tarsi, the intermediate trochanters beneath, the tibiæ and tarsi with shining golden-brown pubescence, wings more or less fusco-hyaline

₹ and ♂ similar, smaller, the pubescence on the head and face more densely set with black hairs, and on the apical segments of

the abdomen brighter ferruginous

976 Bombus hæmorrhoidalis, Smith, Trans Ent Soc n s 11, 1852, p 43, Q J & , Dall, Torr Cat 1, p 521

Q Face elongate, clypeus, front above base of antennæ, and the vertex smooth and shining, without pubescence, the clypeus and front with a few scattered large punctures, the sides of the face along the inner orbits finely and closely punctured Black, with black pubescence, on the tarsi slightly rutescent, the pubescence on the basal two abdominal segments bright yellow, on the apical four bright rufo-fulvous, wings dark fuscous

& smaller, but precisely similar in colouring

of similar, the head, thorax, and legs with sooty-black pubescence, mixed with pale hairs on the legs, the apical abdominal segments with paler fullious-red pubescence than in the female, tarsi terruginous

Hab Chusan, China, Northein India, Mussooree (Rothney), Kumaun (Miss A Brook) & Length 22-25, erp 48-50 mm & Length 12-14, erp 36 mm & Length 15-18, erp 38-44 mm

977 Bombus similimus, Smith, Trans Ent Soc n s n, 1852, p 48, Q, Dall Torr Cat 1, p 548

Q Head and face not remarkably elongate, the vertex, cheeks, space between eyes and mandibles, and clypeus bare, finely and sparsely punctured, thorax and abdomen densely pubescent, the anal segment above bare and finely rugose, with a V-shaped hollow Black, with black pubescence, the apical three abdominal segments covered with rich orange-red pubescence, the apical three joints of the tarsi testaceous, the inside of the posterior tarsi with short ferruginous-red pubescence, the calcaria deep red, wings dark fusco-hyaline

 ∀ similar, smaller, wings more hydline.
 Hub Northern India (Smith), China ♀ Length 24, eap 48mm

 ↓ Length 11, eap. 23 mm
 .

BOMBUS 555

978 Bombus orientalis (Pl IV, fig 9)
Smith, Cat 11, p 402, Q Dall Forr Cat x, p 538
Bombus buccinatoris, Smith, New Sp Hym B M p 132, Q
P Bombus simulus, Grib Bull Ent Soc Ital xxiii, 1891, p 114, Q

Q Head and face elongate, only slightly pubescent, the vertex, cheeks, space between eyes and base of mandibles, and the clypeus bare, polished and shining, the clypeus convex and slightly punctured, thorax and abdomen densely pubescent, anal segment narrowly bare above, concave, and bearing two parallel, short, broad, medial longitudinal carine. Head, thorax, upper part of the legs, and the 3rd abdominal segment clothed with black, the basal two segments with pale yellow, and the apical three segments with rich fulvous-red pubescence, tarsi more or less with short ferruginous pubescence, wings dark fuscous with a rich purple effulgence

g similar, smaller, the basal two abdominal segments with

brighter yellow pubescence

Var buccinatoris, Smith—According to the description, with bright yellow pubescence on the median segment also, but not so in the specimen marked as the type, the 4th as well as the 31d abdominal segment with black, the apical two with bright ferruginous pubescence

d similar to the female, smaller, with brighter yellow pubescence on the basal two abdominal segments, and the wings paler

Hab Sikhim, Kunawar Q Length 21-24, exp 50 mm & Length 16-18, exp 34-40 mm & Length 19-20, exp 44 mm One of the commonest species about Darjeeling

- *979 Bombus longiceps, Smith, 2nd Yark Miss, Hym p 8, & 3, Dall Torr Cat x, p 532
- "
 Black, the head elongate, the clypeus smooth and shining, the tips of the mandibles rulo-piceous, the flagellum of the antennæ obscurely fulvous beneath. Thorax above and beneath the wings densely clothed with bright fulvous pubescence, beneath and on the legs it is black, the tour apical joints of the tarsi terruginous, the wings hyaline. Abdomen—the three basal segments with black pubescence, usually more or less abraded towards the base, which is smooth and shining, the apical segment fulvo-ferruginous.

"Length 9 lines (= about 19 mm)
"Hab Dras, Kargil, Leh, in Ladak The male of this species is clothed exactly the same as the female, the face having also black pubescence"

Genus PSITHYRUS

Pathyrus, Lepel Ann Soc Ent Fr 1, p 366 (1832) Apathus, Newman, Ent Mug 11, p 404 (1834)

Type P rupestris, Fabr

Range Probably the same as that of Bombus

Characters those of *Bombus*, except that the posterior tibiæ are convex exteriorly and densely pubescent, not furnished with a corbicula for carrying pollen, the basal joint of the posterior tarsi not toothed at its base above, abdomen incurved slightly at apex,

apical ventral segment with the lateral margins raised, and in the male the posterior tibiæ are only slightly attenuated at the base

The species of this genus are well-known as inquilines, guests or messmates of the Bombi Only one species, so far as I know, has as yet been recorded from within our limits

*980 Psithyrus bellardii, Grib Bull Soc Ent Ital xxiii (1891), p. 108. Q Dall Torr Cat 1, p 566

Of small size, nigro-fuscous, the head, thorax, a transverse fascia between the wings, the 2nd and 3id abdominal segments above and the legs with black pubescence, the extreme aper of the tarsı with reddish hairs, thorax, and the 1st, 4th, and 5th abdominal segments above with dense fulvous pubescence, wings fulvo-hyaline, slightly effulgent with purplish tints, labium as in most species tuberculate, the hypopygium formed as in the European P vestalis

"Hab The Shan Yoma, Upper Burma Q Length 15-19 mm "

Genus APIS

Apis, Linn Syst Nat 1, p 953 (1767)

Type, A mellifera, Linn

Range Indigenous or introduced in all parts of the world

Head * as wide as the thorax, eyes ovate, pubescent, antennæ in a triangle on the vertex, clypeus elongate, the labial palpi 4-jointed, the 2nd joint much shorter than the 1st, apical two minute, maxillary palpi 1-jointed Thorax globular fore wing long, rather narrow, the radial cell long, narrow and rounded



Fig 187 --- Apis florea, Q

at apex, three cubital cells, the 1st and 3rd nearly subequal on the cubital nervure, but slightly varying in different species the 2nd irregularly subtriangular, and nearly twice as long measured on the cubital nervure as either of the other two, the 1st recurrent nervure received before the middle in the 2nd cubital cell, the 2nd recurrent nervure received in the 3rd cubital cell near or at the apex stoutish, the anterior and intermediate tibie with a spine at their apex, the posterior tibiæ

not spined, extremely smooth and shining, the margins tringed with long hair curving inwards and forming the sides of the corbicula, the 1st joint of the tarsi slightly produced at its base above, tringed with long hair, on the inside with rows of stiff Abdomen more or less truncate at base, above convex, subcylindrical, the sting curved

Differs in the head being narrower than the thorax, the posterior tibiæ convex externally and not fringed with hair, the basal joint of the tarsi not produced above and not furnished with the rows of stiff hairs, abdomen proportionately much longer, the sting straight

^{*} An outline figure of the head of Apis showing the mouth parts is given in the Introduction

APIS 557

More stout's built head and thorax more pubescent, eves very large meeting on the vertex, the occili placed on the front above the base of the autenuæ posterior tibiæ smooth and shining externally convex and narrowed at base, the basal joint of the tarsi broad, in one species produced below into a remarkable lobe,

abdomen very wide, cylindrical, obtuse at apex

The communities consist of males, a single female or queen, and The economy of the honey-bee is too well known to the workers need much notice here Within our limits only three species of So far as my observation goes Apis dorsata, true Apris occur Fabr, the largest of the three species, in its wild state builds its combs exclusively more or less in the open—that is to sav, on the undersides of the branches of large trees, in caves or under over-This is the large bee that when lianging rocks, in buildings, &c Aprs indica, on the contrary. disturbed attacks men or animals very frequently chooses hollow trees to build in In Burms, where the houses are built chiefly of wood, I have more than once seen a house rendered nearly uninhabitable by a swarm of Apis indica taking possession of the hollows under the wooden staircases, or between the outer walls when these were built double

The smallest species of the genus in India, Apis florea, is not nearly so plentiful in Burma as are the other two species. I have seen very tew nests one was built in a cane-bush not more than a few inches from the ground, another under the eaves of the roof of a forest bungalow.

No species of honey-bee is domesticated by the Burmans In the Himalayas Apis indica, which is closely allied to A mellifera,

is, I believe, the bee usually kept for its honey and wax

Horne (Trans Zool Soc vii, pp 181–184) gives much interesting information in regard to the three species of bees found in India, their pirasites, habits, &c

Key to the Species

a Of large size & length 16-18 mm	A dorsata, p . 557
b Smaller & length 11-12 mm	A indica, p 558
c Still smaller & length 8 mm	A florea, p 559

981 Apis dorsata (Pl IV, fig 11)

Fubr Ent Syst 11, p 328, Smith, Cat 11, p 415, Horne, Trans

Zool Suc VII, p 181, pl 22, fig 3, Dall Torr Cat x, p 589

Apis bicolor, Kluq Mag n Entd ges Naturk, Berlin, 1 (1807),

p 264, pl VII, fig 3

Apis nigripennis, Lepel Hym 1, p 403

Apis testacea, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 11 (1858), p 49

Apis zonata, Smith (nec Guéi) Jour Linn Soc 111 (1859) p 8

Head, thorax, and abdomen with short pubescence, more or less sparse or dense according to locality, the head and mesonotum finely punctured under the pubescence, a short, medial, vertical groove below the anterior ocellus Head, thorax, legs, and apical three segments of the abdomen black, more or less pale and fuscous on the hinder part of the thorax and on the abdomen.

558

APIDÆ

the basal three segments of the abdomen honev-yellow, pubescence fuscous on the head, thorax in front, legs above, and apical segments of the abdomen, pale ochraceous vellow on the hinder parts of the thorax and at the base of the abdomen, legs beneath, especially the posterior tibiæ and tarsi, with short ferruginous pubescence, wings pale fuscous or fusco-hyaline

Q sımılar, larger and darker

o similar much darker, the eyes very large

Var bicolor, Klug similar but the basal two segments of the abdomen only honey-vellow, the apical black, in strong contrast

Var nigripennis, Latr similar, much darker, with the wings

verv dark fuscous having a purpla effulgence

Var testacea, Smith similar, the entire abdomen pale testaceous

yellow, wings subhyaline

Var zonata, Smith similar, the head, thorax, and abdomen entirely black, with sometimes a transverse band of pale orhraceous pile at the base of abdominal segments 3-5, wings very dark

Hab Throughout India, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon extending into China and the Malavan region to Java Q Length 18—21 exp 36-37 mm & Length 17, exp 32 mm & Length 16-18, exp 30-35 mm

982 Apis indica (Pl IV, fig 12)

Fabr Ent Syst Suppl p 274, Smith, Cat 11, p 416, Dall Toi,

Cat x, p 593

Apis unicolor, Latr Ann Mus Hist. Nat v (1804), p 168 Apis perrottetii, Guer Icon Rèane Anim, Ins p 461 Apis nigrocincts, Smith, Jour Linn Soc v (1861), p 93

We Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, sparsely pubescent, sometimes densely so Head, thorax, and apical abdominal segment black, the scutellium and basal five segments of the abdomen testaceous yellow, legs rufo-fuscous, pubescence cinereous; wings hyaline and indescent

2 sımılar, larger and darker

d similar, stouter built, darker, the thorax densely pubescent Var unwolor, Latr, is entirely deep shining black, with fusco-

cinereous pubescence

Var nigrocincta, Smith, has the head and thorax black, the clypeus, labrum, and mandibles pale ferruginous, the scutellum, legs, and abdomen testaceous, the last with fuscous transverse bands on the apical margins of the segments

Hab Throughout India, Assam, Burma, Tenasserim, and Ceylon, extending through the Malayan region on the east and to Madagascar on the west 2 Length 16, exp 32 mm 3. Length

13 exp 27 mm \(\times \) Length 11-12, exp 21-23 mm

This species merges into the common Apis mellifera, Lann, the honey-bee par excellence of Europe The dark variety unicolor, which is the common form in Ceylon and in Madagascar, has been placed by some naturalists as a variety of Apis mellifera In Burma, nigrocineta is the common form

983 Apis florea, Fabi Mant Ins 1, p 305, Dall Torr Cat x, p 591 Apis lobata, Smith, Cat 11, p 416, 3
Apis andreniformis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 11 (1858), p 49
Apis floralis, Horne, Trans Zool Soc vii, p 181, pi 22, figs 2, 2a

Black, the basal two abdominal segments more or less red, the pubescence on the head and thorax white, on the posterior tarsi ferruginous golden, in fine specimens there are narrow transverse bands of silky white pile at the base of the 2nd to the 5th abdominal segments, wings hyaline and indescent, nervures testaceous, tegulæ black

Q similar, much larger, the anterior and intermediate tarsi, the posterior tibiæ and tarsi, the basal three abdominal segments and the apical margins of the 4th and 5th segments rufo-testaceous, the face and front with silky snow-white pile, the legs covered

with a thin, short, glittering pale pubescence.

d larger, black with dense long cinereous-white pubescence the legs rufo-testaceous, the basal joint of the posterior tarsi swollen, with a remarkable curved lobe at base beneath. This is Apis lobata, Smith

Var andreniformis has only the basal margin of the 2nd abdominal segment reddish, and white pilose transverse bands at

the bases of segments 3-6, the rest of the abdomen black

Hab Kumaun, Sikhim, North-West Provinces, Bengal, Central India, Madras, Bangalore, Malabar, Assam, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon, extending in the Malayan region as far as Java Q Length 13, exp 24 mm & Length 12, exp 24 mm & Length 8, exp 16 mm

Genus MELIPONA

Melipona, Ill Mag Ins v, p 157 (1806) Trigona, Jurine, Hym p 245 (1807)

Type, M favosa, Fabr Range Both hemispheres

Head transverse, flat in front, eyes narrow, consequently forehead and front broad, the orbits below reaching down to the base of the mandibles, ocelli almost in a straight line on the vertex, antennæ stout, geniculate, the flagellum filiform, clypeus subtri-



Fig 188 -Melipona lutea, \$

angular, flat, barely convex, its anterior margin transverse or subemarginate. Thorax globose; pronotum depressed below the level of the mesonotum, mesonotum convex, scutellum subtriangular, margined and projecting over the postscutellum and median segment, separated from the mesonotum by a transverse groove, postscutellum and

verse groove, postscutellum and median segment depressed, the latter rounded posteriorly, legs

stout long, posterior tibia flattened, very broad, oar-shaped, slightly concave in the female and worker on the outside, and fringed with stiff hairs above and below, forming a corbicula or pollen-basket, posterior tarsi also flattened, the first joint very broad, the succeeding ones minute, in the male the posterior tibiae and tarsi are more founded wings long and ample, fore wing with the usual nervures very incomplete, the stigma well marked, the radial cell elongate, reaching to the apex of the wing, one or two cubital cells in the Indian species, more or less obsolete and by the loss of the separating nervures merged into the 2nd and 3rd discoidal cells. Abdomen of variable shape, generally short, broad, somewhat flat, sometimes elongate, with the sides nearly parallel, occasionally narrowed at base, subclavate

The dammar-bees, as the species of this genus are sometimes called, are widely spread, being plentiful in South America and in All the species known to me build their nests the Oriental region in hollows of trees, crevices among rocks, sometimes in holes in Horne (Trans Zool Soc vii, p 185) gives an stone walls interesting account of the finding of the nest of Melipona (Trigona) ruficornis, Smith, and states that the hollow in which it was built was coated all over with a layer of black wax, and that the cells, containing a dark honey of excellent flavour, were globular in shape, pendent side by side from the roof In 'Science Gossip' for 1866, p 198, the Rev C S P Parish, then chaplain of Maulmain. gives an excellent description of the nest of Melipona (Trigona) læviceps, Smith, a fairly common species in Burma He mentions the extraordinary trumpet-shaped structure of resmous wax, which very often forms the entrance to the nests of the dammar-bees. projecting from the hole in the tree for a foot or more resinous product collected and used by the bees in making their nests is called "Pwe-nyet" by the Burmese, and after boiling in water and mixing with earth-oil or petroleum is largely used for the caulking of boats The right of collecting "pwe-nyet" is sold by the Local Government in Burina and Tenasserim yearly. and forms one of the sources of revenue under Minor Forest Products

Key to the Species

A Wings dark blown at base, milk-white or hyaline beyond stigma of fore wing a Legs entirely black M vidua, p 561 b Legs more or less testaceous or piceous a' Face in front and clypeus black, latter with a testaceous spot M collina, p 562 b' Face in front and clypeus entirely pale testaceous M apicalis, p 562 c Anterior legs pale reddish yellow, posterior four except apical joint of tarsi jet-black M atripes, p 561 B Wings hyaline and iridescent M cantions, p 562 a Abdomen entirely black

b Abdomen more or less testaceous

561

a' Basal abdominal segment and abdomen beneath markedly white or testaceous white

M ventialis, p 562

b' Basal abdominal segment not differing markedly in colour from remaining segments

a2 \ ertex of head and front highly polished, shining

b² Vertex of head and front not polished, opaque

M lænceps, p 563

a Legs entirely 1 ufo-testaceous

M smithn, p 563

b³ Legs black, apical 3 or 4 joints of tarsi only testaceous

M ırıdıpennıs, p 563

c³ Legsblack, anterior and intermediate tarsi and posterior tibiæ and tarsi only testaceous

M præterita, p 564

C Wings flavo- or pale fusco-hyaline

a Head, thorax, and abdomen entirely of a pale honey-yellow

M lutea, p 564

b Head, thorax, and abdomen black, a square mark on mesonotum rufo-testaceous

M thoracica, p 564

984 Melipona vidua, Lepel Hym 1, p 429, §, Dall Tori Cat x, p 585



Fig 189 - Melipona vidua, § 3 Black, the face in front with a thin cinereous pile, antennæ and the anterior term front with a thin cinereous pile, antennæ and the anterior tarsi brownish, wings deep brown for more than half their length from base, milky white beyond

Hab India (Smith), Burma, Tenasserim, and the Malayan region to Timor \(\mathbb{U} \) Length 6-7,

exp 14-15 mm

This species is fairly common in the plains and valleys in Burma and Tenasserim, but does

not extend up to the higher hills

985 Melipona atripes

Trigona atripes, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 11 (1858), p 50, & Melipona atripes, Dall Tori Cat x, p 576

Example 2 Head smooth, impunctate, mesonotum and scutellum with a few large coarse punctures, median segment and abdomen smooth and shining, the latter broad at base and somewhat short Pale reddish yellow, the face in front and the sides of the thorax with short pale thin pubescence, the scutellum fringed with fuscous hairs, the basal segments of the abdomen darkening to brown, the anterior legs pale reddish yellow, the posterior four jet-black, the apical joints of their tarsi ferruginous, wings reddish brown, milky-white beyond the stigma

Hab Malacca, Mergui, South Tenasserim & Length 5, exp 11 mm

VOL I

986 Melipona collina Trigona collina, Smith, Jour Linn Soc ii (1858), p 51, & Melipona collina, Dall Torr Cat x, p 577

By Head and thorax opaque, sparsely pubescent, abdomen smooth and shining, broad, short, somewhat flat Head, thorax, and abdomen black, the head in front and clypeus with cineious pile, a spot on the latter, the scape and flagellum of the antennæ beneath, and the legs rufo-testaceous, the basal segment of the abdomen obscurely testaceous, dark brown in some specimens, with a subapical transverse testaceous fascia above, wings dark brown at base, the apex beyond the stigma in the fore wing milk-white

Hab Southern Tenasserim, Malacca & Length 6-7, eap

15-16 mm

987 Melipona apicalis

Trigona apicalis, Smith, Jour Luin Soc 11 (1858), p 51, & Melipona apicalis, Dall Torr Cat x, p 575

Head and thorax opaque, sparsely covered with erect publications, abdomen smooth, shining, very finely accoulate, a very short deep impression below the anterior ocellus, abdomen short, broad, flattish. Head and face in front and clypeus testaceous yellow, covered with a thin cinereous pile, thorax dark brown, the sparse erect pubescence black, legs rufo-piceous, abdomen nigro-piceous, in some specimens black, wings dark brown at base, hyaline beyond the stigma

Var Head and thorax black, antennæ dark brown, apex of

the abdomen testaceous

Hab Burma, Tenasserim, Borneo \$\forall Length 6-7, exp 15-17 mm

This species is the common dammar-bee of Burma and Tenasserim, and varies considerably in different localities. Specimens from South Tenasserim very closely approach the typical form from Borneo, but are not quite so dark

988 Melipona canifrons

Trigona canifrons, Smith, Jour Linn Soc ii (1859), p 51, & Melipona canifrons, Dall Tori Cat x, p 576

Head above and thorax somewhat thickly pubescent (often bare from abrasion), the front on each side of the ocelli with a tew minute scattered punctures, abdomen highly polished and shining. Head, thorax, and abdomen jet-black, the pubescence sooty black, in certain lights the face shows a thin covering of cinereous pile, the antennæ piceous beneath, wings hyaline, sometimes slightly shaded with fuscous, the nervures testaceous

Hab Tenasserim, Sumatra (Martin), Borneo (Smith)

Length 6-8, exp 15-17 mm

989 Melipona ventralis

Trigona ventralis, Smith, Jour Linn Soc ii (1858), p 50, § ? Trigona terminata, Smith, Jour As Soc Beng xlvii, p 169 Melipona ventralis, Dall Torr Cat x, p 580

By Head and thorax extremely minutely and closely punctured, opaque, abdomen smooth, slightly shining, head broader than the thorax, transverse, abdomen narrowed at base, somewhat clavate. Head in front, the margins of the mesonotum and scutellum, the sides of the thorax and of the median segment with short cinereous pubescence, the head and thorax black, the legs, the 2nd and following segments of the abdomen above dark chestnut-brown, basal segment above and the abdomen beneath pale testaceous white, the former sometimes with a brown spot on either side, wings hydine and indescent

Hab Tenasserim Borneo, Malacca & Length 4-5, exp

10 mm

Trigona terminata, Smith, from Tenasserim seems to me only a larger form of this species

990 Melipona læviceps

Trigona læviceps, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 11 (1858), p 51, & Melipona læviceps, Dall Torr Cat x, p 580

By Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the front and vertex and the median segment very highly polished. Head and thorax black, the face and clypeus covered with a thin cinercous pile, the antennæ, the clypeus anteriorly, and the legs sufo-testaceous, the abdomen testaceous, darkening to castaneous brown on the apical three segments above, wings subhyaline, brilhantly indescent

Hab Tenasserim, Singapore & Length 4-5, exp 11 mm A common species builds its nest often in crevices in the

brickwork of the walls of houses

991 Melipona smithii

Trigona ruficornis, Smith (nec Lamarch), Trans Zool Soc vii, p 194, \$\times\$ Mehpona ruficornis, Dall Torr Cat x, p 583

Y Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the head and face in front slightly pubescent Black, the lower margin of the clypeus, the antennæ, legs, and abdomen rufo-testaceous, the antennæ specially bright-coloured, pubescence cinereous, the coxæ and femora of the legs and the abdomen towards the apex shaded with fuscous, wings hyaline and splendidly indescent

Hab Mainpuri, North-West Provinces, Burma, Tenasserim

d Length 3-4, exp 9-10 mm

992 Melipona iridipennis

Trigona iridipennis, Smith, Cat 11, p 413, & Melipona iridipennis, Dall Torr Cat x, p 579
Trigona bengalensis, Cam Mem Manch L Ph Soc xli, 1897

Head, thorax, and abdomen smooth and shining, the face in front, the sides of the thorax and of the median segment with a thick silky pile. Head and thorax black, the pile silvery, the labrum, mandibles, palpi, antennæ, and apical joints of the tarsi testaceous, the sides of the mesonotum and the scutellum fringed

564 APIDÆ

with fuscous pubescence, the abdomen testaceous, darkening towards the apex, wings hyaline and brilliantly iridescent

Hab Barrackpore, Burma, Tenasserim, Ceylon & Length

3-4, erp 7-9 mm

993 Melipona præterita Trigona præterita, Walk A M N H (3) v, p 305 Melipona præterita, Dall Torr Cat x, p 582

Head in front slightly scabrous, with an indistinct abbreviated furiow below the anterior occilius, thorax and abdomen smooth and shining, the lateral margins of the mesonotum and scutellum raised, a deep transverse groove between the two latter Black, the antenna, the anterior and intermediate tarsi, posterior tibia and tarsi, and abdomen testaceous, the base gradually darkening on the apical segments, the antenna above fuscous, the clypeus and front with a thin cinereous pile, wings hyaline and indescent

Hab Burma, Ceylon & Length 5-6, exp 12-13 mm

I am not quite certain whether I have rightly identified this species, but specimens from Rangoon and others collected at Trincomali agree fairly well with Walker's description

994. Melipona lutea, n sp

Mead, thorax, and abdomen smooth, the head and thorax covered with sparse pubescence, the abdomen shining. Pale honey-yellow, somewhat darker and browner on the mesonotum and on the tarsi of the legs, the clypeus and face in front, the cheeks, sides of the thorax and of the median segment, and the coxe and femora of the legs with a thin soft cinereous-white pubescence only visible in certain lights, the head above and behind, the thorax, legs, and apical 2 or 3 segments of the abdomen studded with erect black hairs, wings light flavo-hyaline at base, paler towards their apical margins.

Hab Northern Tenasserim, Karennee 💆 Length 9-10, exp

21-23 mm

995 Melipona thoracica (Pl IV, fig 13)
Trigona thoracica, Smith, Jour Linn Soc 11 (1858), p 50, &
Melipona thoracica, Dall Torr Cat x, p 554

Median segment and abdomen smooth, polished, the latter narrow, oblong, the sides parallel Black, the scape of the antennæ at base, the clypeus, and base of the mandibles more or less ferruginous, the latter two sometimes entirely black, a square mark on the mesonotum obscurely rufo-ferruginous, the legs in the type specimen slightly ferruginous at base, but in the majority black, abdomen black, rufo-testaceous at base, wings flavo-, in some specimens at base fusco-hyaline

Hab Tenasserim, Singapore. \$ Length 7-8, exp. 19-20 mm

ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

albilabris (Pseudagenia), anomala (Vespa), 400 abdominale(Rhynchium), anonyma (Andrena), 444 357 Anoplius, 106, 147 abdominalis (Parevaspis), albiventris (Apis), 477 albofasciata (Nomia), 452 antennata (Mutilla), 49 498, 499 albofasciata (Xylocopa), antennata (Nomia), 454 abdominalis (Stelis), 499 abdominalis (Vespa), 357 Anthidium, 490 aberrans (Icaria), 391 albolineata (Megachile). Anthophila, 408 absoluta (Prosonis), 412 Anthophora, 523 anthracma (Megachile). acceptus (Pompilus), 151 albopicta (Cerceris), 301 accumulator (Trypoxyalbovariegata (Oeropales). 473 lon), 227 176 anthracina (Mygnimia), acer (Salius) 137 albezonatus (Halictus), 126 anthracina (Myzine), 67 423 acricula (Pseudagenia), anthracinus (Salius), 126 119 alexis (Halictus) 430 aliciæ (Pompilus) 168 Anthreneida, 385 acutipennis (Xylocopa), alipes (Gorytes), 273 Apathus, 555 537 apicalis (Ctenoplectra), adæ (Osmia), 468 Allodape, 505 alphenus (Halictus), 426 462 adusta (Nomada), 465 apicalis (Melipona), 562 adustus (Polistes), 397 altaicus (Bombus), 550 ægina (Agenia), 120 amadanensis (Odynerus), apicalis (Trigona), 562 ægina (Pseudagenia), 120 apicata (Ammophila),234 364 amatorius (Gorytes), 273 apicata (Celiovys), 510 ægyptiaca (Vespa), 403 ægyptius (Sphex) 245 apicatus (Sphecodes), 416 Amblys, 468 æstuans (Apis), 540 amethystina (Xylocopa), Apidæ, 414 Apis, 556 astuans (Mutilla), 34 540 æstuans (Xylocopa), 540 amitinus (Halictus), 439 Aprus, 222 æstuosus (Öxybelus), 318 Ammophila, 228 Aporus, 177 amonus (Halictus), 435 Apterogyna, 1 affinis (Vespa), 402 architectus (Eumenes), affinissima (Eumenes), Ampulex, 253 340 amputata (Megachile), 339 Agenia, 106 484 arcuata (Eumenes), 346 agile (Pison), 222 analis (Liacos), 101 arcuata (Vespa), 346 agilis (Astata), 184 ardens (Anthidium), 494 analis (Mutilla), 44 ardens (Crabro), 325 analis (Pompilus), 150 agılıs (Oxybelus), 316 agilis (Parapison), 222 analis (Scolia), 101 ardens (Megachile), 475 agnata (Mutilla), 25 arenaria (Cerceris), 299 analis (Sphex), 150 analis (Vespa), 405 agrestis (Halictus), 429 arenaria (Mutilla), 30 argentata (Sphex), 250 argentata (Vespa), 358 alarıs (Agenia), 117 anathema (Larra), 195 alarıs (Pseudagenia), 117 Ancistrocerus, 360 Alastor, 374 argentatum (Pison), 220 andamanus (Bombus), albescens (Halictus), 423 argentatum(Rhynchium), albicollis (Sphex), 99 andreniformis(Apis),559 358 argentatum (Rygchium), albifrons (Megachile), angulatus (Ochoxys),511 annulata (Elis), 96 argentatus (Crabro), 328 albifrons (Sphecodes), annulata (Scolia), 96 417 argentatus (Lindenius), annulata (Tiphia), 96 albifrons (Sphex), 250 annulitarsis (Ceropales), albilabris (Ceratina), 499 argentatus (Pison), 220 175

argentatus (Pisonitus). 220argenteofacielis (Astata), 209 argenteolineatus (Oxybelus), 328 argenteomaculata (Mutılla), 22 argentifrons (Colloxys), 515 argentifrons (Macromerıs), 106 argentifrons (Paragenia), 105, 106 argentifrons (Spher), 250 argentipes (Mutilla), 42 argyrea (Larrada), 194 argyreus (Tachysphex), 194 ariadne (Pompilus), 159 ariel (Pseudagenia), 112 aristocratica (Icaria), 391 Arpactus, 271 arrogans (Pompilus), 152, 163 artemis (Pseudagemia), 111 artifex (Tenna), 389 asiatica (Elis) 100 assamensis (Bombus), assamensis (Polistes), 397 assimilia (Helioryctes), Astata, 182 Astatus, 182 atalanta (Agenia), 109 atalanta (Pseudagenia), 109 ater (Pison), 217 ater (Psen), 262 aterrima (Stelis), 496 atomus (Mutilla), 37 atrata (Megachile), 475 atratus (Lithurgus), 469 atripes (Ammophila),229 atripes (Melipona), 561 atripes (Pompilus), 163 atripes (Trigona), 561 atrocinctus (Bombus), 551 atropos (Pompilus), 165 atrum (Rhynchium), 355 atrum (Rygchium), 355 audax (Mygnimia), 132 audax (Salius), 132 aulica (Mutilla), 15 auraria (Vespa), 407 aurata (Līris), 205, 206 aurata (Nomia), 458 aurata (Sphex), 206

auratus (Pompilus) 206 aureicollis (Campsomerıs), 99 aureicollis (? Scolia), 99 aureipennis (Scolia), 79 aureiventris (Lyrops), 207 aureocincta (Heriades), 508 aureorubra (Mutilla), 35 aureosericea (Mygnimia), 127 aureosericea (Salius), 127 aureosericcus (Pompilus), 127 aureosericeus (Salius), 127 auriceps (Tachyspher), 194 auricomus (Crabro), 327 aurifer (Mutilla), 34 aurifex (Sphey), 251 aurifrons (Mutilla), 32 aurifrons (Nomia), 455 aurifrons (Sphex), 247 auripennis (Tiphia), 64 auripennis (Aylocopa), 538 auropalliata (Mutilla),39 aurulenta (Larrada), 206 aurulentus (Sphex), 250 avidus (Philanthus), 297 azurea (? Elis), 99 azureum (Chlorion), 242 badia (Megichile), 481 basalis (Ammophila), 231 basalis (Colioxys), 513 basalıs (Nomia) 453 basalıs (Nysson), 269 basalıs (Philanthus), 296 basalıs (Tachytes), 188 basalıs (Vespa), 403 basalis (Xylocepa), 542 basımacula (Rhynchium), 359 basizona (Tetralonia), 520 beata (Ceratina), 504 beatus (Pompilus), 164 belicosus (Salius), 127 bella (Elis), 93 bellardıı (Paithyrus), 556 bellicosa (Mygnimia), 1*2*7 bellicosa (Prosopis), 413 bellicosus (Salius), 127

bellula (Megachile), 476 bellus (Crabro), 328 bellus (Oxybelus), 328 Belonoguster, 381 Beinbyr, 284 bengalense (Rhynchium), 359 bengalensis (Aporus), 178 bengalensis (Chaly bion). 240bengalenas (Mutilla), 15 bengalensis (Pclopœus), 240 bengalensis (Scolia), 79 bengalensis (Tachysphex), 193 bengalensis (Trigona), 563 Betliylus, 56 bhamoensis (Scolia), 80 bhavanæ (Megachile), 481 bicineta (Anthophora), 525 bicincta (Apis), 525 bicineta (Mutilla) 36 (Podalirius), bicinetus 525 biclipenta (Vespa), 279 biclipeatus (Stizus), 279 bicolor (Apis), 477, 557 bicolor (Megachile), 477 bicolor (Methoca), 53 bicolor (Miscophus), 215 bicolor (Paraicaria), 392 bicolor (Salius), 122 bicolor (Trypoxylon), 227 bicolor (Vespa), 404 bifasciata (Cerceris), 312 bilineatum (Sceliphron), 238 bilineatus (Pelopœus), 238 bilunata (Scolia), 79 binotata (Scolia), 84 bioculatus (Pompilus), bipartitus (Calicurgus), 137 bipartitus (Salius), 137 bipennis (Agenia), 116 bipennis (Pseudagenia), 116 bipunctata (? Scolia), 81 bipunctata (Scolia), 84 bipunctatus (Dolichurus), bipustulatus (Odynerus), 369

blanchardı (Eumenes), blanda (Agenia), 114 blanda (Mutilia), 17 blanda (Pseudagenia), blandina (Larra), 279 blandinus (Stizus), 279 blandus (Pompilus), 114 Blepharipus, 321 Bombus 544 boops (Astata), 182 borrei (Bembex), 289 bracatus (Pompilus), 164 Brachymerus, 321 brevipennis (Ammo-pbila), 232 brevirostrata (Eumenes). 337 brookie (Anthophora), 532brookn (Crabro), 323 brunnea (Vesps), 355 brunneum (Rhynchium), 355 brunneum (Rygchium), 355 bryorum (Apis), 541 bryorum (Xylocopa), 541 buccinatoris (Bombus), 555 buddha (Ammophila), 229 230 buddha (Bembex), 287 buddha (Crabro), 323 buddha (Halictus), 437 buddha (Mutilla), 21 buddha (Nomia), 459 buddha (Pompilus), 155 buddha (Rhopalum), 323 buddha (Try powy lon), buddbæ (Megachile), 484 burmanica (Montezumia), burmanica (Myzine), 70 burmanicum (Thauma-tosoma), 467 burmanicus (Odynerus), 371 cærulea (Agenia), 121 cærulea (Pseudagenia), 121 cærulea

(Trirhogma), 260, 261 cærulea (Xylocopa), 544 cærulans (Scolia), 83 cæruleopennis (Mygnimia), 132

ceruleopennis (Salius), 132 cæruleopennis (Zetlius). 332 cæruleus (Pompilus), 121 Calicurgus, 147 Calligaster, 332 callisto (Agenia), 119 callisto (Pseudagenia), 119 calopteryx (Stizus), 278 cameronii (Halictus). 432 cameronu (Pompilus), 170 campbellı (Pronœus), 243 Campsomeris, 89 canaliculatum (Try poxylon) 225 candida (Anthophora). 531 candidus (Podalirius), 531 canescens (Enodia) 252 canescens (Oxybelus), 320 canifrons (Melipona), 562 canifrons (Pompilus), 165 camifrons (Priocnemis), 165 canifrons (Salius), 165 canifrons (Trigona), 562 capitata (Nomia), 455 capitata (Scolia), 76 capitatus (Cœlioxys), 512 capitosus (Pompilus), **โ**53 carbonaria (Larra), 198 carbonaria (Larrada), 198 carbonaria (Megachile), carbonaria (Parevaspis), 499 carbonaria (Pseudagenia), 106 carbonaria (Scolia), 83 carbonaria (Sphex), 250 carbonaria (Stelis), 499 carbonarium (Rhynchium), 358 cariana (Mutilia), 49 carınata (Nomia), 453 carnatica (Vespa), 355 carnaticum (Rhynchium), 355

carnaticum (Rygchium), cassiope (Mutilla), 24 cassione (Tiphia), 59 catulius (Halictus), 424 Cemonus, 265 centuncularis (Megacbile), 470 cephalotes (Megachile), Ceratina, 499 Ceratocolus, 321 Ceratophorus, 265 Cerceris, 299 Ceropales, 173 ceylanensis (Mutilla) 15 ceylonica (Campsomeris), 94 ceylonica (Elis), 94 ceylonica (Megachile), 482cey lonica (Mygnimia), 128 ceylonicus (Odynerus), 368 cevlonicus (Salius), 128 ceylonicus (Zethus), 333 Chalicodoma, 470 chalybea (Ctenoplectra), 461 462 chalybeata (Nomia). 450 Chalybion, 235 channicus (Bombus) 548 Chelostoma 507 Chevrieria, 265 chlorigaster (Megachile), 489 Chlorion, 241, 253 chloroptera (Xylocopa), 540 chrysis (Sphex), 242 chrysophthalma (Mutil-la), 33 cicatrificera (Mutilla), 31 cıncta (Vespa), 402 cineraria (Andrena), 440 cingulata (Andrena), 326 cingulata (Anthophora), cingulata (Larra), 279 cingulatus (Podalirius), 526 circe (Pompilus), 170 circinalis (Eumcnes), 340 cırcumscribenda (Mutilla), 48 ciris (Halictus), 436

claripennis (Ceropales), 176claripennis (Myzine), 68 clavatus (Psen), 264 clypeata (Nomia), 456 clypeata (Pseudagema), Ī14 (Eumenes), coarctata 333 Cœlioxys, 508 cœrulea (Sphex), 242 cœruleus (Bombus), 544 cognata (Ampulex), 257 colabensis (Mutilla), 15 collaris (Campsomeris), 99 collaris (Xylocopa), 543 Colletes, 408 Colletidæ, 408 collina (Melipona), 562 collina (Trigona), 562 coloratum (Trypoxylon), 226 Colpa, 89 combusta (Myzine), 67 combusta (Nomia) 456 communis (Andrena), 443 communis (Prosopis), 409 comottu (Mutilla), 34 compressa (Ampulex), 253, 254 compressa (Sphex), 254 compressa (Tiphia), 59 compressum (Chlorion), 251(Pompilus), comptus 162 concinnus (Philanthus), concolor (Agenia), 112 concolor (Pseudagenia), 112 confluentus (Odynerus), 367 confusa (Anthophora), 528, confusus (Cœlioxys), 514 confusus (Podalirius), 528 confusus (Polistes), 394 congruus (Stigmus), 266 conica (Eumenes), 343 conica (Vespa), 343 conicus (Cœlioxys), 508 conjuncta (Megachile), 479 conjungenda(Mutilla),19 consangumeus (Priocnem18), 138

(Salius). consanguineus 138 conspicua (Larra), 187 conspicua (Larrada). 187 conspicua (Tachytes), 187 constances (Ampulex), 255 constances (Mutilla), 17 constances (Rhinopsis), 255 constrictus (Hahctus), 434 consueta (Tiphia), 61 convexus (Priocnemis), 128 convexus (Salius), 128 corniculus (Dolichurus). 259 cornuta (Ctenoplectra), 462 cornuta (Larra), 278 cornuta (Salis), 497 cornutus (Lithurgus). 469 cornutus (Stizus), 278 coromandelica (Mutilla), კ7 coromandelicum (Sceliphron), 238 coromandelicus (Pelopœas), 238 coronata (Anthreneida), ა89 coronata (Mutilla), 21 coronatus (Philanthus). 293 Corynopus, 321 cotesi (Aporus), 178 cotesi (Mutilla), 23 cotesi (Salius), 146 Crabro, 321 crassicornis (Sphecodes), 418 cribrarius (Crabro), 321 crinitus (Priocnemis), 140 crinitus (Salius), 140 crocea (Anthophora), 526 Ciocisa, 516 Crossocei us, 321 crudchs (Ampuley), 258 crudelis (Harpactopus), 245Ctenoplectra, 461 cucullata (Scolia), 82 cuneatus (Cœlioxys), 514 (Halictus), cuniculus 436

cuprespenne (Rhynchium), 354 cupulifera (Allodape). 506 curvata (Eumenes), 347 curvatus (Pelopœus), curvicornis (Systropha), 466 curvipes (Nomia), 447. 450cyanea (Elis), 100 cyaneus (Anoplius), 114 cyanipennis (Scolia), 82 cyanopterus (Zethus), 332**,** 333 Cyathocera, 460 Cyclostoma, 393 Cyphononyx, 122 dædalus (Pompilus). 165 danae (Pseudagenia), 111 dasy gaster (Halictus), 425 Dasyproctus, 321 deceptor (Pompilus), 110 deceptrix (Pseudagenia), 110 decipiens (Celloxys), 510 decora (Orocisa), 517 decora (Mutilla), 21 decorata (Nomada), 464 decorata (Polybia), 584 decoratus (Pompilus), 152 decorus (Halictus), 432. (Pelopœus), deformis 239 dehliensis (Pompilus), 156 (Xylocopa), dejeann 543 delessertu (? Stizus), 280 dentata (Cerceris), 303 denticollis (Mutilla), 37. dentipes (Lithurgus), 47Ū deplanata (Notogonia), 203 depredator (Philanthus), 295 (Eumenes), depressa 337 desertorum (Mutilla), 30

desidiosa (Scolia), 86 detectus (Pompilus), diabolica (Sphex), 250 dichotomum (Rygchium), 357 dichotoum (Rhynchium), ა57 Dielis, 91 diffinis (Odynerus), 366 difformis (Systropha), 466 dilecta (Mutilla), 49 dimidiata (Ammophila), 230 dımıdıata (Megachıle), 482 dımıdıata (Mutılla), 13 dimidiata (Myzine), 68 dimidiata (Scolia), 101 dimidiaticornis (Myzine), 68 dimidiatipennis (Eumenes), 342 (Ferdimidiatipelinis reola), 171 dimidiatipennis (Pompilus), 171 dimidiatus (Odynerus), 354 Dimorpha, 182 Diodonotus, 267 Diphlebus, 265 Diploptera, 331 Discolia, 71 discreta (Mutilla), 48 (Halictus), discursus 427disjuncta (Apis), 480 disjuncta (Megachile), 480 dissectus (Philanthus), 308 dissimilis (Xylocopa), 538 dissimulanda (Mutilla), dissimulandus (Halictus), diversa (Mutilla), 32 dives (Mutilla), 18, 32 divisus (Pompilus), 163 Dolichurus, 259 dolosus (Zethus), 333 dorsata (Apis), 557 dorylloides (Vespa), 400 Dryinus, 241 Dryudella, 182 duboulan (Thaumatosoma), 467

ALPHABETICAL INDEX ducalis (Celioxys), 512 ducalis (Halictus) 435 ducalis (Larra), 207 ducalis (Larrada), 207 ducalis (Liris), 207 ducalis (Mygnimia), 131 ducalis (Salius), 131 ducalis (Vespa), 401 dudgeonn (Colletes), 4Ŭ9 durga (Mutilla), 18 duvaucelii (Tetralonia), *5*20 Ectemnius, 321 edax (Sphex), 251 edwardsu (Eumenes), 344. egregia (Mutilla), 35] electus (Sahus), 146 elegans (Ammophila), $\bar{2}32$ elegans (Crocisa), 517 elegans (Eumenes), 344 elegans (Larra), 197 elegans (Philanthus). 297 elegans (Pompilus), 151 elegans (Tetralonia), 520 eliformis (Scolia), 89 El18, 89 elizabethæ (Cerceris), 312 elizabethæ (Megachile), 474. elizabethæ (Salius), 128 elizabethæ (Scolia), 78 elliotii (Nomia), 449 emarginata (Crocisa), 517 emergenda (Mutilla), 47 emeryı (Mutilla), 47 emortualis (Cerceris), 303 Enodia, 241 Entomognathus, 321 Entypus, 122 ephippiatus (Pompilus), 16Ū ebprbbrnu (Sphex), 250Epipona, 332, 360, 385 Eriades, 507

erigone (Elis), 92

119

erigone (Pseudagema),

erratica (Larra), 199 erratica (Scolia), 79 erythrocephala (Ammophila), 235 erythrocephala (Scolia), erythrocephala (Sphez), 235 erythrocephalus (Pelopœus), 235 erythrocera (Mutilla), 33 (Tiphia), erythrocera 63 erythrogaster (Tachysphex), 195 erythropoda (Nyeson), 269 erythropoda (Sphex), 248 erythropoda (Tachytes), 187 erythropus (Pison), 221 erythropus (Rhynchium), 353 erythrosoma (Liacos), 101 ery throsoma (Scolia). 101 (Eumenes), esuriens 342, 343 esumens (Vespa), 342 Eumenes, 333 Eumenidæ, 331 europæa (Mutilla), 2 Euspongus, 271 Evodia, 408 exigua (Eumenes), 348 exilipes (Larrada), 202 explipes (Salius), 141 exiloides (Mutilla), 48 eximia (Elis), 94 eximia (Ischnogaster), 380 eximia (Scolia), 94 eximus (Bombus), 549 exortivus (Pompilus), 168 fabriciana (Nomada), 463 fabricii (Sphex), 250 faceta (Megachile), 486 faceta (Paraliris), 208 faddei (Anthophora), 533 fallax (Anthophora), 528 (Podalurus), fallax 528

familiaris (Pompilus), fasciata (Andrena), 527 fasciata (Ferreola), 171 fasciata (Larra), 278 fasciatipennis (Piagetia), 211 fasciato-punctata (Scolia), 84 fasciatus (Iswara), 55 fasciatus (Pompilus), 171 fasciatus (Stiziis), 278 fasciculata (Megachile), 473 favosa (Melipona), 559 feæ (Mutilla), 11 fear (Halictus), 433 fear (Nonnoides) 426 feat (Prosopis), 411 (? Megachile), felderi 480 femorata (Megachile), 488 femorata (Tiphia), 57 fenestrata (Apis), 539 (Ferreola), fenestrata 170 fenestrata (Mygnimia), 132 fenestrata (Xylocopa), 539 fenestratus (Pompilus). 151 fencstratus (Salius), 132 ferox (Cerceris), 309 ferov (Sphex), 251 Ferreola, 147, 169 ferruginea (Icaria), 387 ferruginea (Polistes). 387 ferruginea (Sphex), 250 ferruginea (Vespa), 387 ferrugunea (Xylocopa), 543 fervens (Cerceris), 305 tervens (Sphex), 252 fervida (Mygnimia), 134 fervida (Nomia), 456 tervida (Prosopis), 412 fervida (Scolia), 84 fervida (Tachytes), 186 fervida (Priocnemis), 134 festivus (Bombus), 553 figulus (Trypoxylon), 222

filicornis (Tachysphex), 192fimbriata (Anthophora), 530 fimbriata (Elis), 99 fimbriata (Scolia), 99 fimbriatellus (Halictus), 433 fimbriatus (Halictus), 433 fimbriatus (Podalirius), 530 fistulosus (Odynerus), 370 flava (? Hemipepsis), 128 flava (Mygnimia), 142 flava (Sphex), 142 flavescens (Bombus), 550 flaviceps (Vespa), 406 flavifrons (Scolia), 71 flavifrons (Spher), 99 flavipsnnis (Sphex), 241 flavipsnnis (Tiphia), 59 flavipes (Oxybelus). 319flavipss (Palarus), 213 flavolineatum (Rhynchium), 360 flavolincatus (Odynerus), 360 flavomaculatum (Anthidıum), 492 flavomarginatum (Rbynchium), 359 flavonigrescens (Xylocopa), 544 flavopicta (Ceratina), 503 flavopicta (Cerceris), 306 flavopicta (Coropales), 175 flavopicta (Eumenes), 345 flavopictus (Crabro), 324 flavothoracicus (Bombus) 552 flavus (Pompilus), 142 flavus (Priocnemia), 142 flavus (Salius), 142 flebelis (Pelopœus), 240 floralis (Apis), 559 floralis (Nomia), 453 florea (Apis), 559 floridula (Andrena), 444 floridula (Scolia), 88 formosa (Icaria), 392 formosa (Lyroda) 209 formosa (Morphota), 209

formosa (Nomia), 451 formosum (Scsliphron). 239 formosus (Pelopœus), 239 Fossores, 1 fossoria (Bembsx), 290 fragilis (Odynerus), 367 fraterna (Anthophora). 529 fraterna (Ischnogaster), 378 fraterna (Megachile). 478 fraternum (Anthidium), 495 fraternus (Odynerus). 366 frauenfeldiana (Agenia), 110 frauenfeldiana (Pscudagenia), 110 fulgidipennis (Priocuemis), 138 fulgidipennis (Salius). 138 fulgipennis (Ischnogaster), 376 fulvitrons (Scolia), 81 fulvipennis (Hemipepsis), 129fulvipennis (Megachile), 475 fulvipennis (Pompilus), 129 fulvipennis (Salius), 129 fulvipennis (Sphex), 129 fulvo-fasciata (Megachile), 484 fulvo-hirtus (Sphex), 244 fulvopicta (Liacos) 102 fulvopilosus (Oxybelus), 319 fulvovestita (Megachile), fumipennis (Sphecodes), 417 fumipennis (Tiphia), 58 funebris (Halictus), 436 funcraria (Mutilla), 30 funerarius (Bombus), 551 funestus (Salius), 132 fusca (Crabro), 403 fuscinervis (Tiphia), 63 (Ammofuscipennis phila), 233 fuscipennis (Ceropales), 174 fuscipennis (Cœhoxya), 511

fuscipennis (Crabro), 329
fuscipennis (Larra), 197
fuscipennis (Myzine), 67
fuscipennis (Nomia), 459
fuscipennis (Pemphredon), 265
fuscus (Pelopœus), 238
fuscus (Pompilus), 148

gallicus (Polistes), 393 garrulus (Halictus), 434 Gastrosericus, 216 Gastrosphæria, 241 geminus (Salius), 145 gibbus (Sphecodes), 416 glauca (Bembex), 291 glauca (PBembyx) 291 glauca (9 Vespa), 291 godeffrovi (Sphes), 251 Gonnes, 213 Gorytes, 271 gracilescens (Trypoxylon), 227 gracilis (Eumenes), 343 gracillina (Andrena), grandiceps (Halictus), grandıs (Sphex), 245 grassator (Salius), 143 greem (Gorytes), 274 greenn (Ferreola), 171 gribodei (Megachile) 478 gribodoi (Mutilla), 46 griscopicta (Megachile), 486 grossa (Elis), 97 grossa (Scolia), 97 grossa (Tiphia), 97 guttatipennis (Icaria), 387 guttatus (Ancistrocercus), guttatus (Odynerus), 370 gutturosus (Halictus), 430 Gyrostoma, 393 gyrostoma (Polistes), 394

habrocoma (Elis), 97
habrocoma (Scolia), 97
Habrophora, 521
Habropoda, 521
hematurus (Bomhus), 548
hæmorrhoidale (Rhynchium), 354
hæmorrhoidale (Rygchium), 354

hemorrhoidalis (Bombus), 554 hæmorrhoidalis (Larrada), 207 hemorrhoidalis (Liris). 203, 207 hæmorrhoidalis(Lyrops), hæmorrhoidalis (Pompilus), 207 hæmorrhoidalis (Scolia), hæmorrhoidalis (Vespa), 354 Halictus, 419 handlirschi (Mutilla), 46 Harpactopus, 241 harrietæ (Andrena), 446 hauxwellii (Ischnogaster), 378 hehræa (Polistes) 398 hehræn (Vespn), 398 hebræus (Polistes), 398 hecate (Pompilus), 171 Helioryctes, 270 Hemipepsis, 122 hera (Megachile), 489 herbigradus (Pompilus), hercules (Salius), 127 Herndes, 507 hero (Pompilus), 169 hesione (Bember), 291 heteroptera (Megachile), hexaops (Mutilia), 16 hieroglyphica (Ceratina), 503 hilaris (Cerceris), 311 himalayana (Melecta), himalay ensis (Anthophora), 532 himaliyensis (Orocisa), 517 himalayensis (Tetralonia), 521 Inrsuta (Elis), 98 hirsuta (Tiphia), 63 hirticeps (Amnophila), 234histrio (Crocisa) 516, 518 histrio (Nomada), 518 histrionica (Scolia), 86 Homonotus, 122 honesta (Pseudagenia), 109 honestus (Pompilus). 109 Hoplisius, 271

hoplites (Polistes), 395 Hoplitis, 468 horner (Megachile), 473 humbertiana (Ammophila), 230 humbertiana (Cerceris), 303 humbertiana (Eumenes), 338 humbertians (Mutilla), 35 humbertianus (Labus), 349 numbertianus (Odynerus), 371 humbertianus (Priocnemia), 142 humbertianus (Salius), 142 humeralis (Scolia), 81 hypnorum (Bombus), 552hypsipyle (Pseudagenia), Icama, 385 icamoides (Odynerus), 1chneumoneus (Pompilus), 130 ichneumoneus (Salias), ichneumoniformis (Mygnimia), 131 1chneumonoides (Methoca), 52 ignicolor (Pompilus), 161 ignita (Scolia), 85 ignita (Xylocopa), 540 ignobilis (Pompilus), 166 illudens (Tachytes), 207 ılus (Pompılus), 171 ımıtator (Anthidium), 493 ımıtatrıx (Megachile), 484 ımpavıda (Montezumia), 351 impiger (Gorytes), 274 implicata (Tiphia), 61 incisa (Tiphia), 60 incognitus (Pompilus), 156 ındıana (Eumenes), 338 ındıca (Anthophora), 533 ındıca (Apis), 558 ındıca (Belonogaster), 382 indica (Bembex) 291 indica (Montezumia), *3*50

ındıca (Polybia), 382, 384 ındıca (Scolia), 84 ındıca (Xylocopa), 539 indicus (Belonogaster), 382 ındıcus (Raphigaster), 382 indicus (Salius), 134 ındostana (Mutılla), 47 infestus (Pompilus), 158 msignis (Crabro), 326 (Passalœcus), insignis 267 ınsıgnıs (Scolia), 77 ınstabilis (Cerceris), 307 ınstabilis (Scolia), 79 ınsularıs (Agenia), 113 insularis (Anthophora), 529ınsularıs (Mutılla), 25 ınsularıs (Oxybelus), 318 ınsularıs (Podalirius), 529 insuluris (Pseudagenia), 113 intendens (Ancistocerus), intendens (Odynerus), ıntermedia (Mygnimia), intermedius (Salius), 128 interrupta (Mutilla), 14 interruptus (Palarus), interstincta (? Cerceris), interstinctus (? Philanthus), 303 intricatus (Halictus), 438 ıntrıcatus (Odynerus), 365 ıntrudens (Pelopœus), 236 intrudens (Sceliphron), 236intrudens (Tiphia), 61 intrudens (Trypoxylon), invidus (Halictus), 433 iridescens (Nomia), 452 iridipennis (Macromeris), 105 iridipennis (Melipona), 563 iridipennis (Mygnimia), 139 iridipennis (Salius), 139 indipenus (Sphecodes), 418

rridipsnnis (Trigona), 563 rridipennis (Xylocopa), 540 rris (Colpa), 94 rris (Elis), 94 rris (Scolia), 94 Ischnogaster, 376 Isodontia, 241 Iswara, 54

jaculator (Larrada), 203 naculatrix (Notogonia), 20১ (Sceliphron), javanum 239 javanus (Pelopœus), 239 javanus (Steganomus), 460 Josephi (Mutilla), 45 luncea (Belonogaster), 381 juno (Pseudagenia), 121 iuno (Salins), 121 jurinei (Scolia), 79

kanthelle (Mutilla), 28
kauare (Mutilla), 36
kirbyi (Oerceris), 313
kirbyi (Mutilla), 20
kirbyi (Scolia), 88
kohli (Mutilla), 23
kohli (Mutilla), 23
kohlii (Taanthrena), 212,
213
kohlii (Pison), 220
kriechbaumeri(Paraliris),
208

laboriosa (Larrada), 204 laboriosa (Notogonia), 204Labus, 348 lachesis (Pompilus), 167 lachrymosum (Anthidıum), 492 læta (Ammophila), 234 læta (Myzıne), 70 læta (Salius), 133 læviceps (Melipona), 563 læviceps (Scolia), 82 læviceps (Trigona), 563 (Pseudagenia), lævicula 118 lævigata (Ammophila), $2\overline{3}1$ lamınella (Mutılla), 24 lanata (Apis), 483 lanata (Megachile), 483 Larra, 195 Larrada, 195, 201

lascivus (Pompilus), 161 Lasioglossum, 419 lateralis (Stizus), 281 latifrons (Ampulex), 256 latipes (Anthidium), 495 latipes (Apis), 536 latipes (Lylocopa), 536 latitarsus (Bempex), 289 lenis (Eumenes), 347 lepeletierii (Sphex), 251 lepida (Ceratina), 505 Lestiforus, 271 leucophœus (Pompilus), 160 leucotarsis (Prosopis), levipes (Passalœcus), 268 lewisi (Oxybelus), 320 Liacos, 101 Lianthrena, 212 lichtensteini (Megachile), hlliputiana (Mutilla), 11 limbatus (Pompilus), 160 lindenii (Campsomeris), lındenii (Elis), 96 Lindenius, 321 lineatus (Oxybelus), 314 lineola (Sphex), 250 liodomus (Halictus), 440 Liris, 205 Lithurgus, 469 litigiosa (Elis), 90 litigiosa (Scolia), 90 lobata (Apis) 559 lobatum (Chlorion), 242 lobatus (Sphex), 242 longreeps (Bombus), 555 longipalpis (? Megachile), ngiventris (Ammo-phila), 229, 230 longiventris lucidipennis (Halictus), 435 luoidiusculus (Halictus), 429lucidulus (Homonotus), 156 lucidulus (Pompilus), 156 lucknoviensis (Anthophora), 528 luctuosa (Elis), 95 luctuosa (Melecta), 515 luctuosa (Scolia), 95 luculenta (Megachile), 479

lugubras (Pemphredon)

265

lunarifasciata (Mutilla), 38
lunata (Bembex), 285
lunata (Xylocopa), 539
lusca (Nomada), 465
lusciosus (Pompilus), 173
lutea (Melipona), 564
luteifrons (Sphex), 250
luteipennis (Sphex), 247
luteus (Iswara), 54, 55
lyrata (Tiphia), 60
Lyroda, 208
Lyrops, 185, 192

macaensis (Polistes), 398 Macromeris, 103 maculata (Ceropales), maculiceps (Mutilla), 28 maculifrons (Astata), 183 maculipennis (Polistes). კ96 maculipes (Pompilus) 155 maculiventris (Icaria), 385 maculo-fasciata(Mutilla), madraspatana (Myzine), (Scelımadraspatanum phron), 237 madraspatanus (Pelopœus), 237 madraspatanus (Pompilus), 139 madraspatanus (Salius), 139 madraspatanus (Sphex), magnifica (Vespa), 401 magrettu (Bombus), 548 magrettu (Habropoda), $\bar{623}$ magrettu (Stizus), 283 maia (Sphex), 249 mainpuriensis (Eumenes), **340** maligna (Andrena), 443 mandalensis (Myzine), 66 mandalensis (Plesia), 66 mandı bulata (Ammophila), 234 manicatum (Anthidium), 490 marginata (Allodape), 507 marginata (Epipona),

388

marginata (Icana), 388 massurii (Crocisa), 519 mastogaster (Cerceris). 310 maura (Larra), 199 maura (Larrada), 199 maura (Liris), 199 maura (Sphex), 199 maurus (Pompilus), 199 maurus (Sphex), 247 maximinæ (Mutilla), 10 Megachile, 470 Megalomma, 271 Megapodium, 321 melancholica (Bembex), 286 melanopyrus (Helioryctes), 270 melanosoma (Chlorion), 243 melanoxantha (Larra), 283 melanoxanthus (Stizus), 283 malanurus (Bombus), 550 Melecta, 515 Melipona, 559 Melitta, 440 mellea (Larra), 280 melleus (Stizus), 280 mellifera (Apis), 556 Mellinus, 268, 271 (Rhynchium), mellyr 356 mellyı (Rygchium), 356 mephistophelica (Andrena), 443 Mesopora, 262 Mesotrichs, 533 metallica (Mutilla), 41 metallica (Sphex), 250 metallicum (Rhynchium), metallicum (Rygchium), 358 Methors, 52 micans (Ischnogaster), 378 (Pseudmicromegala agenia), 118 micromegas (Agenia), 118 (Psoudmicromegas agenia), 118 Mimesa, 262 miniatus (Bombus), 553 ministus (Odynerus), 366 minuta (Crocisa), 519 minnta (Xylocopa), 540

minutus (Cælioxys), 512 miranda (Ferreola), 172 miranda (Mutilla), 50 mirandus (Pompilus). 172 mirandus (Salius), 139 Miscophus, 215 mitis (Pompilus), 155 mixta (Prosopis), 410 moderata (Ceratina), modesta (Tachytes), 190 moeilerı (Habropoda), moelleri (Megachile), 490 mæstus (Pompilus), 163 molesta (Scolia), 79 mollen (Bombus), 553 molleri (Rhynchium), mollis (Andrena), 446 momus (Salius), 144 Monedula, 284 monetaria (Tachytes), 188 (Hylæus), monilicornis 413 monilicornis (Prosopis), 413 (Habropoda), montana 522 montanus (Sphecodes), 418 Montezumis, 349 monticola (Megachile), 480 montivagus (Bombus), 547 morawitzii (Ceratina), 503 morosa (Andrena), 445 morosa (Montezumia), morosus (Sphex), 246 Morphota, 208 multipictus (Odynerus), 368 multipictus (Pompilus), 158 mustela (Prosopis), 411 mntabilis (Agenia), 116 mntabilis (Pseudagenia). 116 Mntilla, 2 Mutillidæ, 1 mutilloides (Apterogyna), Mygnimia, 122 Myrapetra, 382 myrmecoides (Pompilus), 172

mystacea (Apis), 479 mystacea (Megachile), 479 mystaceus (Gorytes), 271 Myzine, 64

nana (Agenia), 121 nana (Larra), 200 nana (Megachile), 487 nana (Pseudagenia), 121 nanus (Crabro), 330 nanus (Oxybelus), 317 nebulosa (Cerceris), 311 Nephridea, 217 nicevillii (Sahus), 141 nidulans (Centris), 529 nigellus (Sphex), 219 niger (Stigmus), 267 mgerrima (Sphez), 250 nıgra (Methoca), 61 mgra (Mutilla), 48 nigra (Notogonia), 201 nigricans (Astata), 183 nigricans (Trypoxylon), 224 nigriceps (Philanthus), 295 nigrifrons (Ischnogaster), 379 nigrifrons (Odynerus), 359 nigrigena (Mutilla), 29 nigripennis (Apis), 557 nigripennis (Liris), 206 nigripes (Ammophila), 23 i nigripes (Spbex), 248 nigriventris (Larra), 201 nigrocarulea (Xylocopa), 539 nigrocineta (Apis), 558 nilotica (Vespa), 403 ninnii (Mutilla), 11 nıtıda (Myzıne), 68 nitidipennis (Ischnogaster), 380 (Rygchium), nıtıdula 357 nıtıdula (Tachytes), 190 nitidula (Vespa), 357 nitidulum (Rhynchium), 357 nitidulus (Crabro), 190 nitidus (Crabro), 330 nitidus (Oxybelus), 330 niveocincta (Anthophora) 527 niveocinctus (Podalirius), 527

(Mutilla), niveosignata 13 nivosus (Harpactopus), 244 nivosus (Sphex), 244 nobilis (Mutilla), 24 nobilis (Scolis), 81 nodicornis (Steganomus), 460 Nomada, 463. Nomia, 447 Nomioides, 419 Notogonia, 201 novaræ (Ampulex), 256 novaræ (Cerceris), 305 nubilipennis (Larra), 279 nuda (Anthophora), 533 nudata (Scoha), 74 nudiceps (Mutilla), 33 Nysson, 268

obliterata (Vespa), 403

obliteratum (Pison), 222 obliteratus (Parapison), obliteratus (Pisonoides), 222 obscura (Scolia), 80 obsoleta (Agenia), 113 obsoleta (Pseudagenia), 113 obsonator (Salius), 144 obsonator (Prypoxylon), 226 ocellata (Mutilla), 29 oculatum (Rhynchium), 351 odontophorus (Crabro), 325 Odynerus, 360 olivieri (Apterogyna), I opalina (Scolia), 75 opifex (Crabro), 323 Oplopus, 360 optima (Mutilla), 40 opulenta (Mutilla), 42 opulenta (Sphex), 250 opulenta (Inchytes), 206 ordinarius (Philanthus), 296ordinatum (Anthidium), 494 orichalcea (Liris), 207 (Anthidium), orientale 495 orientalis (Ammophila), 231orientalis (Aporus), 178 orientalis (Astata), 183 orientalis (Bembex), 289

orientalis (Cerceris), 302 orientalis (Ceropales), 157 orientalis (Crabro), 324 orientalis ` (Cyclostoma), 394 orientalis (Elis), 90 orientalis (Methoca), 53 orientalis (Myzine), 69 orientalis (Palarus), 214 orientalis (Planiceps) 178 orientalis (Polistes), 394 orientalis (Polybia), 383 orientalis (Pompilus), 157 orientalis (Psen), 263 orientalis (Stizus), 280 orientalis (Vespa), 403 ornata (Ceropales), 174 ornata (Scolia), 76 ornatipes (Tachytes), 190 ornatus (Ancistrocerus), 364

orientalis (Bombus), 555

364
ornatus (Gorytes), 272
ornatus (Harpactus), 272
ornatus (Odynorus), 364
Osmia, 468
ovalis (Odynorus), 369
ovans (Bembex), 292
oxybeloides (Nomia), 457
Ovybelus, 268, 314

Palarus, 213 palitans (Crabro), 329 pallasıı (Pterochilus), 373 pallida (Myzine), 69 Pallosoma, 122 pandora (Mutilla), 27 Paragema, 105 Paraicaria, 392 Paralırıs, 208 Parapison, 217 Parapolybia 382 Parapsammopbila, 228 Parasphes, 241 parentissimum (Rygchium), 354 Parevaspis, 498 (Odynerus), parietum 360 parthenope (Pompilus), 167 parvula (Allodape), 507 parvula (Heriades), 508 parvula (Stelis), 497 Passalœcus, 267 patricialis (Scolia), 75

(Mupectino spinata tilla), 12 pedalis (Pompilus), 163 pedestris (Pompilus), 169 (Priocnemis), pedestris 169 pedestris (Salius) 169 pedunculata (Mutilla), ħ١ pedunculata (Pseudagema), 112 pedunculatus (Pompilus), 112 pedunculatus (Sahus), 112 Pelonœus, 235 Pemphredon, 265 penangensis (Scolia), 101 pendula (Icaria), 388 pendulus (Stigmus) 266 penetiata (Megachile), 484 pentadonta (Cerceris), 312 Pepsis, 235, 241 peregrinus (Priocnemis), 137 peregrinus (Salius), 137 perelegans (Mutilla), 41 perforatrix (Ceratina), 502 pernix (Ceropales), 176 perplexa (Mygnimia), 130 perplexus (Pompilus), 167 perplexus (Priochemis). 167 perplexus (Sainus), 130, 167 perrottetn (Apis) 558 personata (Scolia), 81 personatus (Bombus), 548 perversa (Mutilla), 50 petiolata (Eumenes), 341 petiolata (Myzine), 70 petiolata (Vespa), 341 phadra (Andrena), 444 phalerata (Elis), 94 Philanthus, 213, 293 Physoscelus, 321 Piagetia, 210 picta (Ceratina), 502 picta (Icaria), 388 picteti (Scolia), 86 pictifrons (Xylocopa), 538 pictiventris (Cerceris), 305

pictus (Gorytes), 275 pictus (Pelopœus), 238 pileatum (Trypoxylon), 223, 224, prlipes (Anthophora), 523 pilipes (Nomis), 454 pilosella (Mutilla), 45 Pilpomus, 106 pinguis (Bembex), 290 Pison, 217 Pisonitus, 217 Pieonoides, 217 placida (Mutilla), 35 placidus (Salius), 136 Platy nopoda, 533 plebeja (Agenia), 114. plebeja (Pseudagenia), 114 Plesia, 64. plumifera (Sphex), 250 Podagritus, 321 Podalimus, 523 policarinata (Tiphia), 62 Polistes, 393 politus (Gorytes), 275 Polybia, 332 Pompilide, 102 pompiliformis(Tachytes), 185 Pompilus, 147 pondicherensis (Mutilla). 18 ponticerianus (Odynerus), 371 poonaensis (Mutilla), 39 præstabilis (Salius), 136 præterita (Melipona), 564 præterita (Trigona), 564. Priocnemis, 122 Priononyz, 241 prismatica (Elis), 98 prismatica (Larra), 282 prismatica (Scolis), 98 prismatica (Trirhogms), 262 prismaticus (Stizus), 282 procer (Scolia), 75 procera (Scolia), 75 Pronœus, 241 properus (Salius), 140 propinqua (Ceratina), (Halictus), propingaus 430 Prosopis, 409 proteus (Halictus), 428 provida (Mutilia), 50 provida (Xylocopa), 541

proxima (Megachile), 483 proximus (Stizus), 283 prunosus (Pompilus). 154 Psammœcius, 271 Psammophila, 228 Psen, 262 Pseudagenia, 106 Pseudosphex, 241 Parthyrus, 555 Pterochilus, 373 pubescens (? Sphex), 252 puerilis (Mutilla), 38 pulchella (Ammophila), 229, 230 pulchellum (Anthidium), 493 pulchellus (Pterochilus), 374 pulcherrima (Anthophora), 532 (Philanpulcherrimus thus), 299 pulcherrimus (Psen), 263 pulchra (Cerceris), 308 pulchra (Scolia), 86 pulchra (Sphex), 243 pulchriceps (Mutilla), 12 pulchrina (Mutilla), 41 pulchrinella (Mutilla), 10 pulchripes (Megachile), 486 puchriventris (Halictus), 427 pulchriventris (Mutilla), 40 pulla (Mutilla), 17 punctata (Ammophila), 233 punctata (Eumenes), 339 punctatipennis (Odynerus), 365 punctifrons (Pison), 213 punctum (Odynerus), 365 punctum (Polistes), 365 pusilla (Mutilla), 33 pusillus (Stizus), 283 quadriceps (Crabro), 327 quadrifasciata (Antho-

phora), 529

quadrifasciata (? Scolia),

quadrifasciatus (Podali-

(Ap18),

quadrifasciata

rius), 529

529

quadriguttulata (Scolia), quadripustulata (Larra), quadripustulata (Scolia), 84 quadriepinosa (Eumenes), 336 (Megachile), quartinæ quinquecincta (Vespa), $35\bar{5}$ radoszkowsku (Habropoda), 522 radoszkowsku (Podalırius), 522 radula (Scolia), 96 radula (Spex), 77 ramosa (Crocisa), 518 (Anthidium), rasorium 496 rava (Pseudagema), 120 redtenbacheri (Scolia), reflexus (Pompilus), 159 regalis (Chlorion), 243 regalis (Sphex), 243 regia (Mutilla), 34 rejector (Trypoxylon), 226 relata (Megachile), 480 remota (Mutilla), 31 repræsentans (Mutilla), 14 reticulata (Andrena), 445 reticulata (Elis), 100 reticulata (Mutilla), 29 reticulatus (Haliotus), 438 reversa (Larra), 281 reversus (Stizus), 281 Rhaphigaster, 381 rhinoceros (? Megachile), 480 Rhmopsis, 253 Rhopalidia, 382, 385 Rhopalum, 321 Rhynchium, 351 ritsemæ (Piagetia), 210 robustus (Oxybelus), 315 rostrata (Bembex), 284 rothneyi (Andrena), 443 rothney: (Cerceris), 302 rothneyı (Gastrosericus), 216 rothneyı (Miscophus), 215 rothneyi (Mutilla), 27 rothneyı (Pıson), 221

rothneyi (Pompilus), 169 rothneyi (Salius), 146 rothneyi (Sphex), 245 rothneyi (Tachytes), 189 rubida (Mygnimia), 130 rubidus (Salius), 130 rubiginosa (Scolia), 76 (Sphecodes), rubripes 419 (Elis), rubro maculata 93 rubro-maculata (Scolia), 93 rufa (Osmia), 468 rufescens (Larra), 280 rufescens (Shzus), 280 rufescens (Xylocopa), 543 ruficeps (Scolia), 76 (Ampulex), \ ruficornis 255 ruficornis (Melpona), 563 ruficornis (Oxybelus), ruficornis (Piagetia), 211 ruficornis (Rhinopsis), 255 ruficornis (Scolia), 79 ruficornis (Stizus), 276 ruficornis (Trigona), 563 ruficrus (Mutilia), 14 rufidentata (Montezumia), 349 rufinodis (Cerceris), 303 rufipennis (Sphex), 247, 250 rufipes (Anthidium). 496 rufipes (Larra), 200 rufipes (Larrada), 200 rufipes (Megachile), 484 rufipes (Parapison), 221 rufipes (Tiphia), 61 rufitarsis (Mutilla), 18 rufiventris (Megachile), 479 rufiventris (Mutilla), 39 rufiventris (Psen), 264 rufo-dorsata (Mutilla), 51 rufo-fasciatus (Bombus), 547 rufo-femorata (Tiphia), 58 rufogastra (Allodape), 505 rufomaculata (Ischnogaster), 379 rufo-niger (Tachysphex), 195

439 rugolatus (Halictus), 436 rugosa (Methoca), 54 rugosa (Mutilla), 15 rugosum (Pison), 218 rugosus (Nysson), 269 rupestris (Pathyrus), **Ā**55 rustica (Nomia), 457 Rygchium, 351 Babulosa (Ammophila), 228 Batulosus (Oxybelus), 316 Bacrissima (Andrena). 445 822V1881MA (Mygnimia), 138 sævissima (Salius), 138 sagittarius (Polistes), 295 Salius, 122 salutator (Halictus), 437 samson (Megachile), 480 Sapvga, 64 satelles (Salius), 127 saundersu (Tachytes) 189 savignyi (Liris), 207 scapulata (Scolia), 81 Sceliphron, 235 schach (Polistes), 394 schach (Vespa), 394 schlettereri (Mutilla), 43 scriula (Icaria), 392 scitula (Ischnogaster), 379 Scolia, 71 Scolndæ, 56 scutellata (Nomia), 438 scutula (Prosopis), 412 sejugoides (Mutilla), 50 Bemiærinus (Halictus), 424 semiaurata (Mutilla), 31 (Chahcodosemivestita ma), 474 semivestita (Megachile), 474 semperi (Stizus), 283 senescens (Halictus), 438 (Pelopœus), separatus 237 serenus (Halictus), 440 sericea (Pepsis), 250 sericosoma (Pompilus), 143 sericosoma (Priocnemis), 143 soricosoma (Salius), 143

rufo-zonatus (Halictus),

serratula (Mutilia), 26 servillu (Campsomeris), severus (Salius), 131 sexcincta (Elis), 89 sexcinctus (Halictus), sexfasciata (Myzine), 64 sexmaculata (Ceratina), 501 (Mutilla), sexmaculata sexmaculatus (Cœlioxys), sexpustulata (Scolia), 84 siamensis (Spher), 248 sichelu (Odynerus), 363 sikhimensis (Odynerus). sikkimensis (Ampulex), sikkimensis (Scolia), 85 sikkimensis (Waagenia), sikkimi (Megachile), 479 Simblephilus, 293 sımıllıma (Ammophila), 229, 230 sımıllıma (Ceratına), 505 simillima (Larra), 199 similima (Larrada), 199 simillima (Nomia), 449 sımıllımus (Bombus). 554 similimus (Pompilus), 166 simulus (Bombus), 555 sinensis (Pompilus), 133 smensis (Salins), 133 sinensis (Tachytes), 189 smaragdinus (Sphex), 242 smithi (Ammophila), 232 smithii (Melipona), 563 smithii (Methoca), 53 smithii (Salius), 134 sodalis (Crabro), 324 sodalis (Sphecodes), 418 Solemus, 321 solieri (Pelopœus), 238 solieri (Sceliphron), 238 solitaria (Nomada), 464 soror (Mutilla), 12 soror (Sphsx), 245 specifica (Scolia), 89 speciosa (Icaria), 390 Sphecodes, 416 Sphegidæ, 179 Sphex, 241 spinifrons (Crabro), 327 T JOY

spiniger (Labus) 348 spinipes (Ammophila), **32**1 spinolæ (Pelopæus), 237 spinolæ (Sceliphron). 237 spinosa (Ammophila), 229, 230 spinosus (Nysson), 268 spirifex (Sceliphron), 235 splendida (Macromeris), 103 splendidulus (Halictus), 423 splendidum (Chlorion), 243 splendidus (Sphex), 243 spodiozonius (Halictus), 431 (Oxybelus). squamosus 315 Steganomus, 460 Stelis, 496 steloides (Megachile), 490 stephani (Mutilla), 43 stigma (Polistes), 396 stigma (Polybia), 384 stigma (Vespa), 396 Stigmus, 266 Stizus, 276 stizus (Scolia), 84 atrenua (Prosopis), 411 striatifrons (Prosopis), 411 striolatum (Pison), 220 structor (Vespa), 401 stulta (Megachile), 476 stulta (Pseudagenia), 115 subanalis (Mutilla), 44 subcarulea (Anthophora), 527 subglabra (Mutilla), 19 subintrans (Mutilla), 15 subita (Lyroda), 208 subopacus (Halictus), 428subpetiolata (Nomada). 465 subsericeus (Pompilus), 154 subtessellata (Larrada), 202 subtessellata (Notogonia), succincta (Colletes), 408 sulcatus (Polistes), 395 sulphurea (Cerceris), 305 sulphurescens (Bembex), 287

sulphureus (Philanthus), 298sumatræ (Icama), 389 sumatræ (Vespa), 389 sumatrana (Larra). 198 sumatrensis (Polybia). 385 suspiciosum (Pison), 219 sycophanta (Hemipepsis), 131 sycophanta (Salius), 131 sykeqiana (! Nomia), 454 Symmorpha, 515 Symmorphus, 360 Systropha, 466 Tachybulus, 217 Tachysphex 192 Tachytes, 185 tamula (Polistes), 396 tamula (Vespa), 396 taprobanæ (Ceratina), 502taprobanæ (Dolichurus), 260 taprobanæ (Halictus), 428taprobanæ (Mutilla !), 18 tarda (Astata), 184 tardus (Halictus), 425 tarsata (Tachytes), 188 taschenbergi (Sphex), 250 taschenbergu (Bembex), 292 taylorı (Mutilla), 42 tornatorei (Mutilla), 45 torrida (Andrena), 442 tenasserimica (Mutilla), 20 tenebrionis (Crabro). 402 tenuiscapa (Xylocopa), 537 Tenygra, 52 terminalis (Bombus), 552 terminata (Nomia), 459 terminata (Trigona). 562 terrenus (Salius), 141 terrestris (Bombus), 544testacea (Apis), 557 testaceipes (Tachyaphex), 193 tetradonta (Cerceris), 304

2 P

Tetralonia, 520 Thaumatosoma, 467 thoracica (Elis), 99 thoracica (Melipona), 564 thoracica (Nomia), 451 thoracica (Scolia), 99 thoracica (Tiphia), 99 thoracica (Trigona). 564 Thynnidæ, 52 Thyreopus, 321 tımıdus (Halıctus), 429 tincta (Agenia), 116 tincta (Pseudagenia). 116 (Ancistotinctipennis cerus), 372 tinctipennis (Odynerus). tinctipennis (Trypoxylon), 227 tinctus (Pompilus), 116 Tiphia, 2, 56 tisiphone (Larra), 198 tisiphone (Larrada), 198 tisiphone (Notogonia), 198 Trachusa, 470 transversa (Vespa), 357 transversum (Rygchium), trepanda (Bembex), 288 trichocondyla (Mutilla), tricincta (Megachile), 489 tricolor (Gorytes), 275 tricolor (Myzine), 66 tridentatus (Oxybelus), 317 tridungulata (Mutilla), 11 Trielis, 90 trifasciatus (Bombus), 548 Trigona, 559 trimaculata (Mutilla), 22 Trirhogma, 260 Tru ogma, 260 Triscolia, 71 tristis (Cerceris), 309 tristis (Elis), 92 tristis (Halictus), 424 tristis (Larra), 204 tristis (Larrada), 204 tristis (Notogonia), 201 tropica (Sphey), 402 truncorum (Hernades), 507

Trypetes, 507
Trypoxylon, 222
tuberculata (Megachile), 475
tuberculata (Sphex), 250
tuberculatus (Cyphonony), 135
tuberculatus (Salius), 135
tunicatus (Bombus), 549
turcica (Vespa), 403
tyrannica (Sphex), 247
tyrianthina (Scolia), 75

umbripennis (Megachile),

483 umbrosus (Sphex), 250 undata (Vespa), 398 ungulata (Icaria), 391 un fascinta (Cerceris), 310 unifasciata (Mutilla), unifasciata (Vespa), 402 unifasciatus (Pompilus), 168 unicolor (Apis), 558 unicolor (Aporus), 177 unimaculata (Scolia). 75 urvillu (Campsomeris), 101

vachalıı (Halıctus), 426 vagabunda (Ammophila), 231 vagabundus (Pompilus), $\bar{1}53$ valentulus (Salius), 145 valida (Mutilla), 16 vallestris (Bombus), 553 variegata (Epipona), 388 variegata (Icaria), 388, 389 variegata (Mutilla), 30 variolosus (Alastor), 375 veda (Mutilla), 37 veda (Pseudagenia), 117 veda (Salius), 133 velox (Cerceris), 307 velox (Tachy tes), 188 velutina (Megachile), 482velutina (Vespr), 405 venatorius (Salius), 136 ventral 18 (Melipona), 562 ventralis (Trigona), 562

venusta (Lyroda), 210 venusta (Scolin), 88 vernalis (Halictus), 430 verticalis (Priocnemia), 144 verticalis (Salius), 144 verticalis (Scolia), 77 verticalis (Xylocops). 541 Vespa, 399 Vespidæ, 375 vespiformis (Sphex), 277 vespiformis (Stizus), 277 vestita (Larrada), 188 vestita (Megachile), 485 vicina (Tachytes), 191 vicina (Tiphia), 62. vicinissima (Mutilla), 13 vicinus (Halictus), 431 vicinus (Sphex), 245 vidua (Melipona), 561 viduatus (Sphex), 252 vigilans (Anthophora), 528 vigilans (Cerceris), 308 vigilans (Megachile), 488 vincta (Nomia), 458 violacea (Anthophora), 531 Atolacea (Macrom iris), 105 violacea (Pepsis), 240 violacea (Sphex), 240 violacea (Aylocopa), 533 violaceipennis (Ammo phila), 235 violaceum (Chalybion), 240 violaceum (Sceliphron), 240 violaceus (Pelopœus), 240violaceus (Podalirius), 531 virchu (Tachytes), 191 viridipennis (Aylocopa), 537 viridis (Ceratina), 501 viridissima (Ceratina), 501 vischnu (Pompilus), 156 (Ammophila), Yischu 233 VISCOSUS (Cerceris), 303 vishnu (Cerceris), 308 vishnu (Halictus), 437

vishnu (Tachytes), 191

vitiosus (Pompilus), 161

vitripennis (Mygnimia), 138 vitripennis (Salius), 138 vivax (Pompilus), 154 vivax (Vespa), 406 vivids (Scolia), 87 vulgaris (Vespa), 399

Waagema, 253
waltin (Gastrosericus),
216
westermanni (Scolia), 77
westonii (Bembex), 293
westwoodii (Nomia),
449
wroughtoni (Cerceris),
306

wroughtoni (Gastrosericus), 217 wroughtoni (Halictus), 432 wroughtoni (Mutilla), 16 wroughtoni (Pompilus), 151

xanthognathus (Haliotus), 432
xanthopterus (Sphex), 246
xanthura (Eumenes), 341
Xylocopa, 533
xystonotus (Halictus), 439

yerburghi (Mutilla), 51 yerburyi (Mutilla), 51 yerburyi (Tachytes), 186

zebra (Pompilus), 162 zelotypus (Salius), 135 Zethus, 332 zeus (Pompilus), 150 zonata (Anthophora), 527 zonata (Apis), 527, 557 zonatula (Habropoda), 521 zonatus (Podalirius 527

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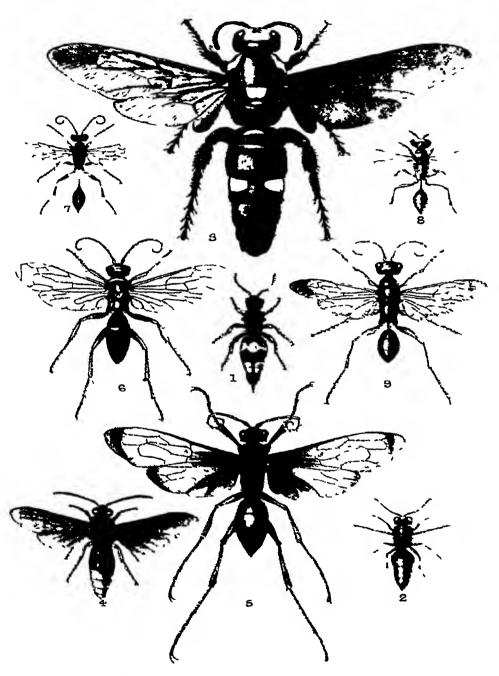
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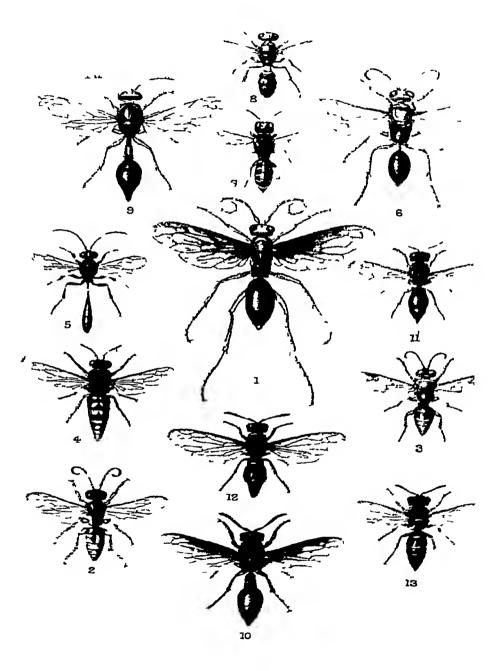


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PLATE II

Fig	1	Salius bipartitus (Lepeletier), 🚶 🕆	p	137
"	2	Larıs hæmorrhoidalış (Fabricius), 🍳 🕆	p	207
,,	3	Tachytes yerburyı, Bıngham, J +	p	186
91	4	Bembex lunata, Fabricius, d 1	p	285
91	5	Trypovylon bicoloi, Smith, Q $\frac{3}{2}$	p	227
"	6	Sphex aurulentus, Fabricius, 2 1	р	250
"	7	Crabro quadruceps, Bingham, Q 3	р	327
"	8	Cerceris elizabethæ, Bingham, 2 3	р	<i>პ</i> 12
"	9	Eumenes conica (Fahricius), 2 +	p	343
12	10	Montezumia indica, Saussure, 9 +	p	3 50
"	11	Rhynchium moellen, Bingham, 9 +	р	354
"	12	Odynerus sikhimensis, Bingham, Q 3	p	363
,,	13	Odynes us multipictus, Sinith, 2 3	p	368

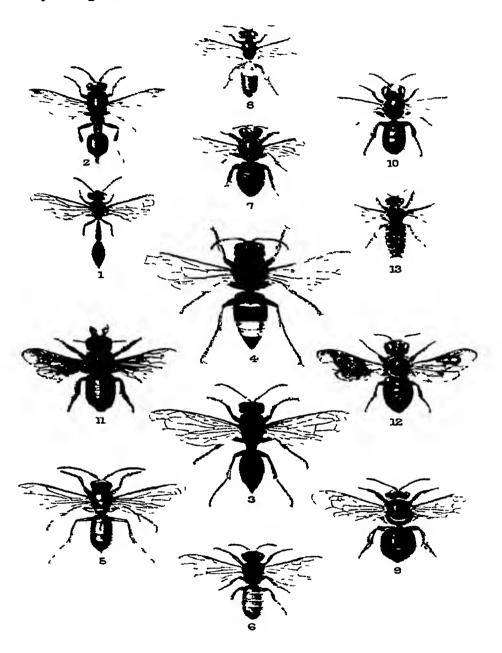


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PLATE III

D	7	Technometer means Sonomen O	n 979
Fig	Τ.	Ischnogaster micans, Saussure, 9	р. 378
"	2	Icaria guttatipennis, Saussure, 🜣 🚶	р 387
,,	3	Polistes sulcatus, Smith, Q 1	p 395
"	4	Vespa orientalis, Linnæus, 🌣 🚶	p 403
"	5	Vespa dorylloides, Saussure, & 1	p 400
"	6	Sphecodes fumipennis, Smith, 2 3	p 417
"	7	Halictus dasygaster, Vachal, Q 2.	p 425
**	8	Andrena 1 othneys, Cameron, 2 2	p 443
77	9	Nomia iridescens, Smith, 9 3	p 452
11	10	Osmia ada, Bingham, o 2	p 468
77	11	Megachile anthracina, Smith, 9 1	p 473.
,	12	Megachile umbripennis, Smith, 2 4	p 483
12	13	Anthidium ordinatum, Smith, d. +	p 494

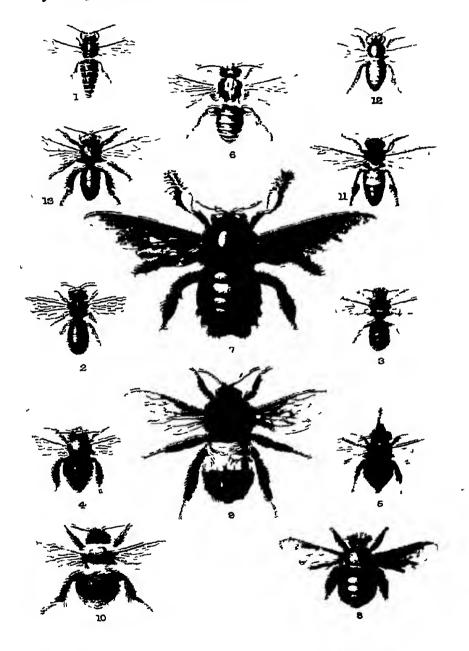


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PLATE IV

Fig	1	Cœhoxys decuprens, Spinola, 2	p	510
"	2	Heriades aureocincta, Bingham, 2 2	p	508
"	3	Ceratina hieroglyphica, Smith, Q 💈	p	503
12	4	Anthophora zonata (Linnæus), Ç 1	p	527
"	5	Anthophora pulcherrima, Bingham, 🤉 🕆	p	532
"	6	Habropoda magrettu, Bingham, d 3	p	52 3
,,	7	Xylocopa latipes (Drury), & 1	p	536
21	8	Xylocopa cærulea (Fabricius), 2 1	p	544
,	9	Bombus orientalis, Smith, Q 1	p	555
,	10	Bombus tunicatus, Smith, P	p	549
"	11	Apıs dorsata, Fabricius, & 1	p	557
"	12	Apis indica, Fabricius, 🌣 🚦	p	558
>>	13	Melipona thoracica (Smith), § 7	p	564



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